雅安市高2022级第二次诊断性考试试题

英　语

全卷共150分，考试时间为120分钟。

注意事项：

1．答卷前，考生务必将自己的姓名，准考证号填写在答题卡规定的位置上。
2．回答选择题时，选出每小题答案后，用2B铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时，将答案写在答题卡规定位置上。写在本试卷上无效。
3．考试结束后，将答题卡交回。

第一部分　听力（共两节，满分30分）

做题时，先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后，你将有两分钟的时间，将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节　（共5小题；每小题1.5分，满分7.5分）

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What does the man want to do?

A. Design an uniform.　　B. Form a team.　　C. Place an order.

2. Where does the conversation probably take place?

A. In a restaurant.　　B. In a market.　　C. At home.

3. How does the woman feel now?

A. Proud.　　B. Exhausted.　　C. Content.

4. What is the probable relationship between the two speakers?

A. Classmates.　　B. Business partners.　　C. Colleagues.

5. What will the speakers do next Friday?

A. Go to the cinema.　　B. Go hiking.　　C. Play football.

第二节　（共15小题；每小题1.5分，满分22.5分）

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题5秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料，回答第6至7题。

6. What does the man think of living in on-campus housing?

A. It is convenient.　　B. It is acceptable.　　C. It is enjoyable.

7. Why will the man need to find a new apartment?

A. For the high rent.　　B. For the noisy environment.　　C. For the end of the contract.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. Which club is the woman thinking about joining at first?

A. The debate club.

B. The photography club.

C. The environmental protection club.

9. Where will the members of the photography club go to take photos?

A. Jiuzhaigou Valley.

B. Huangshan Mountain.

C. Zhangjiajie National Forest Park.

10. When is the sign-up deadline?

A. Wednesday. B. Thursday. C. Friday.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 11 至 13 题。

11. Who is the man?

A. A researcher. B. A student. C. A teacher.

12. Which of the following is a regular activity?

A. Taking care of the paths. B. Guiding the visitors. C. Walking the dog.

13. What does the man prefer to do?

A. Make nesting boxes for birds.

B. Do some research on insects.

C. Identify types of butterflies.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 14 至 16 题。

14. What do the speakers mainly talk about?

A. Environmental problems. B. Green habits. C. Means of transportation.

15. Why is eating less meat helpful to the environment?

A. It reduces the land use. B. It reduces harmful gases. C. It reduces water pollution.

16. What will the woman do to reduce city pollution?

A. Ride a bike. B. Share rides. C. Take public transport.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. What is the purpose of the program?

A. To raise money for the charity.

B. To win city competition awards.

C. To help students start businesses.

18. Who will give suggestions to the top ten teams?

A. Experienced graduates. B. Excellent teachers. C. Professional consultants.

19. Where can students see cool ideas?

A. In Room 305. B. In the library. C. In the school hall.

20. What is key to success according to the speaker?

A. Financial support. B. Experts' help. C. Your idea.

第二部分　阅读理解（共两节，满分 50 分）

第一节　（共 15 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 37.5 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项(A、B、C 和 D)中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

Are you eager for an extraordinary adventure? Look no further! Macao, a lively and unique destination, is calling your name. This blog will take you on a virtual tour of three Macao's top attractions, so you can start planning your dream trip and discover the wonders this city has to offer.

Macao Tower

The 338-meter-tall Macao Tower is the world's 10th highest tower with diverse activities like dining and entertainment. But the real show-stopper is the AJ Hackett Macao Tower Bungee Jump. Standing at a dizzying 233 meters, it holds the Guinness World Record as the highest commercial bungee jump globally. Meanwhile, the 57th-floor skywalk offers an equally amazing experience. It's an absolute must-tick item on your bucket list.

A traditional Portuguese dinner

Portuguese culture is deeply woven into the fabric of Macao and over time, the flavors have been adapted to suit Chinese tastes. Imagine sitting in a cozy restaurant in Macao, the warm light creating a romantic atmosphere. As you take the first bite of the traditional Portuguese dish, the flavors explode in your mouth, a perfect blend of Portuguese and Chinese tastes. It's a dining experience you won't soon forget.

The Macao Grand Prix

The Macao Grand Prix is a high-speed battle on the city's streets. Held annually in November for about four days, this major worldwide car-racing event attracts over 300 top drivers. The Macao Grand Prix circuit is the only street circuit for car and motorcycle races in the world. With fast straights, tight corners, and unforgiving crash barriers, it's one of the most demanding circuits globally. No wonder it draws numerous top Formula One drivers, all competing for the ultimate victory.

21. What can we know about Macao Tower from the passage?

A. Its skywalk is dangerous.　　B. It has different functions.

C. It is 233 meters tall.　　D. It offers the highest bungee jump globally.

22. What is special about the Macao Grand Prix?

A. It is held annually and lasts the longest.

B. It has the most demanding circuit in the world.

C. It attracts the most top drivers from all over the world.

D. It has the unique street circuit for both car and motorcycle races.

23. Where is the passage probably from?

A. A travel brochure.　　B. A website.

C. A textbook.　　D. A science magazine.

B

I was 68 when I first stepped on stage as a standup comedian in 2003. I'd never set foot in a comedy club before. I've always been a performer—I've worked as a singer, actor and musician—but all that came to an end after 9/11. I live in New York, and we watched the twin towers fall from my apartment building. For a year afterwards, nobody wanted to go out or be entertained.

It was then that I started to think about comedy. I realised people needed to laugh, to enjoy themselves again, and thought that with a little training, I could do it. I took a few classes, tried to work out a routine, and finally plucked up the courage to get up on stage. That first time was terrifying. I had no idea what the audience would make of me.

In New York, comedians are typically young men with beards. It's hard enough to break through as a woman, even harder as someone old enough to be their grandmother. As I stepped on stage that first time, people laughed nervously. They were clearly surprised to see me. I introduced myself, stated my age and tried my first joke. There was silence. But by the time I got to the third line, people were properly laughing, and I was addicted.

Now my sets differ. I might be on stage for 10 minutes in front of a dozen people, or my one-woman show is a full hour in front of a crowd of 100. Even today, I'm nervous before I step out. My first line is, "Hello, everybody. I'm 88 and three-quarters years old. I'm telling you that in case I don't make it all the way through the show." Then people laugh and I relax.

After a show, people young and old come up to me, saying what an inspiration I am. They say they want to be as active as me when they reach my age. I'm pleased I can show that as an older person, you don't need to take a back seat in life.

I've no intention of stopping comedy. I'm taking all these pills, trying to stay alive, and I hope to still be performing when I'm 100. My goal is to still be up there making people laugh. It's hard work, but it stops me being bored. I'd only be playing golf otherwise.

24. Why did the writer take up comedy?

A. She wanted to work out a routine.

B. She wanted to overcome her fears.

C. She wanted to brighten others' lives.

D. She was unwilling to quit performing.

25. Why does the writer mention the typical New York comedians in Paragraph 3?

A. To explain her attraction to the job.

B. To illustrate her special advantage.

C. To show the challenge she was facing.

D. To describe her new friends in comedy.

26. How does the writer relax before performances on the stage?

A. She gets familiar with her lines.

B. She remains on the stage for a longer time.

C. She takes a deep breath before performances.

D. She makes a joke of her age to make people laugh.

27. Which is the best title for this passage?

A. Age Is Just a Number

B. Time Heals All Wounds

C. Comedy Makes People Laugh

D. Perseverance Contributes to Success

C

Located in Yixian county, Anhui province, Xidi and Hongcun have a long history of more than 900 years. The original residential styles and features of the Ming and Qing dynasties were preserved perfectly here, so they are reputed as "living ancient residential museums".

Xidi Village, built during the Northern Song dynasty, is one of the most representative scenic spots of ancient Hui architecture. It was originally a community of the families with the surname Hu, and now has 124 old residential houses and three ancestral temples of the Ming and Qing dynasties. Wooden architectures in Xidi are unique and elegant: Prettified walls prevent rain infiltration; black tiles record the history of the town. The village is surrounded by mountains on all sides, and two streams run through the village. The plane (平面) of the village agrees with the mountain shape and follows the terrain(地形), presenting a boat-like shape, which caters to the intention of the Hu family to engage in business trips and set sail on long voyages.

Hongcun Village, 15 km from Xidi and built in the Southern Song dynasty, shares some features with Xidi but stands out for its water system. Ancient villagers were creative, shaping the village like a buffalo and building a bionic-based (仿生的) artificial water system. The water system is designed like a buffalo's body. Small channels carry water to each household, then it flows into a pond for filtering, circles in the village, enters a lake for further filtering, and finally goes into a river. This design precipitates (使沉淀) and filters wastewater, and the purified water can be recycled for irrigation and washing.

During its long-term development, Hongcun has formed its cultural inheritance—a set of water usage and protection rules and customs that are commonly observed by the villagers. This ensures the long-term and stable operation of the wastewater treatment system.

The ancient villages of Xidi and Hongcun remain deeply meaningful to locals who value their cultural roots. Today, the two villages welcome visitors from around the world to admire their beauty. Walking through stone paths beside lotus ponds, people don't just see UNESCO World Heritage sites—they appreciate the great wonder created by people and nature working together.

28. What can we learn about Xidi Village from Paragraph 2?

A. It is famous for wooden temples.

B. It was built like a boat for business trips.

C. It is surrounded by streams and mountains.

D. It was designed based on the natural conditions.

29. What does Paragraph 3 mainly focus on about the water system?

A. Its protection.

B. Its location.

C. Its working principle.

D. Its historical importance.

30. What does the underlined word "This" refer to?

A. The long-term development.　　B. Cultural inheritance.

C. Water usage and protection.　　D. The villagers' observation.

31. What is the writing purpose of the passage?

A. To describe the beauty of Hui architecture.

B. To explain how people live in harmony with nature.

C. To attract tourists to visit cultural heritage sites.

D. To praise the creativity of people in Xidi and Hongcun.

D

Researchers at UC San Francisco have developed a brain-computer interface (BCI) that allows a paralyzed (瘫痪的) man to control a robotic arm using his thoughts. The device, which translates brain signals into computer commands, enabled the participant to grasp, move, and drop objects simply by imagining the actions. Remarkably, the BCI functioned for a record seven months without requiring adjustments, a significant improvement over previous systems that lasted only a day or two.

The breakthrough relies on an AI model that adapts to subtle changes in brain activity as a person repeatedly imagines performing a movement. This adaptability allows the system to better its performance over time. "This blending of learning between humans and AI is the next stage for brain-computer interfaces," said Dr. Karunesh Ganguly, a neurologist at UCSF. "It's what we need to achieve sophisticated, lifelike function."

The study, funded by the National Institutes of Health and published in Cell, focused on understanding how brain activity patterns shift over time. Ganguly and his team discovered that while the brain's representations of movements remain consistent, their locations change slightly from day to day. By programming the AI to account for these shifts, the BCI maintained its functionality for months.

The participant, who was paralyzed by a stroke, had tiny sensors implanted on his brain to detect activity when he imagined moving. Over two weeks, the team trained the AI by having him imagine simple movements, such as moving his fingers or hands. Initially, the robotic arm's movements were imprecise, but after practicing with a virtual arm that provided feedback, the participant improved his control. Once he transitioned to the real robotic arm, he quickly mastered tasks like picking up blocks, opening cupboards, and holding a cup to a water machine. Even months later, he could control the arm after a brief "tune-up" to adjust for changes in his brain activity.

Ganguly is now improving the AI to make the robotic arm faster and smoother, with plans to test the BCI in home settings. For individuals with paralysis, this technology could be life-changing, enabling them to perform everyday tasks independently. "I'm very confident that we've learned how to build the system now, and that we can make this work," Ganguly said.

32. How does the paralyzed man control a robotic arm through the BCI?

A. By using his thoughts.　　B. By adjusting the device.

C. By translating brain signals.　　D. By improving the present system.

33. Which of the following is a feature of the AI model?

A. It requires no training to work effectively.

B. It can shift over time to maintain its function.

C. It needs repeated imaginations to perform a movement.

D. It can adjust to subtle changes in brain activity to improve movements.

34. What helped improve the participant's controlling over the robotic arm?

A. The virtual arm offering feedback.

B. The connection to the real robotic arm.

C. The tiny sensors implanted in his brain.

D. The simple movements imagined by him.

35. What does Dr. Ganguly think of the future of the BCI technology?

A. Changeable. B. Uncertain. C. Promising. D. Limited.

第二节 （共 5 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 12.5 分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Bad thoughts can be a persistent, invisible weight that you carry from day to day. Fortunately, there are strategies you can use to block out or at least minimize negative thoughts so they don't bother you.

Remember that you're not a bad person for having bad thoughts.

Everyone has negative thoughts; that's just how the human brain functions. As you experience life and emotions, various thoughts – good and bad – will pass through your mind.__36__.

Label the negative thought to minimize it and avoid dwelling on（纠结） it.

When a bad thought or image pops into your mind, label it as what it really is – i.e., an argument, an image, or simply a bad thought. __37__. This strategy will train you to acknowledge when you're having a negative thought and avoid thinking about it all the time.

__38__.

You can make yourself feel better and rewire your brain to think more positively by changing negative thoughts whenever they come up. __39__, but if you stick to it, eventually it will feel second nature!

Open up to somesone close about what's weighing on your heart.

Share whatever's on your mind, whether it's a rough day at school or a tough meeting at work. __40__. If your concerns end up being serious, your support system can help you figure out a helpful and actionable solution.

A. Turn the bad thoughts into something positive

B. Express yourself in a way that makes sense to you

C. It allows your thoughts to wander in and out of your mind

D. This technique takes practice and can feel a bit unnatural at first

E. Then immediately return to your current task or think about lighter topics

F. These random thoughts are not real-life actions or reflections of your moral integrity

G. Putting your negative thoughts out can help you acknowledge them from a clearer perspective

第三部分　英语知识运用（共两节，满分 30 分）

第一节　完形填空（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的四个选项（A、B、C 和 D）中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

I was sitting in a chemistry lab class during my first year of university, nervous about the experiment we were to perform. My hands started to __41__ when I grabbed a pipette(吸液管). The experience was __42__. I was hoping to pursue a career in science, but I started to wonder whether that would be __43__.

I was born with brain damage. My family __44__ to find good doctors for me. Shortly after my first birthday, I started walking, and it became clear that my intelligence function was __45__. So, in some sense, I was lucky. Still, both my hands shook, especially when I was nervous or embarrassed. I learned to write and do simple tasks, but it wasn't easy to do anything __46__.

As a teenager, I joined a study group called "The Natural World", which aroused my __47__ about biology. At university, I enjoyed the lectures in my science classes. __48__, many lab tasks proved impossible.

At the end of my second year, I __49__ the professor of the lab to see whether I could work with her. I was afraid to __50__ I couldn't do any lab tasks. To my relief , she was completely __51__. She set me to work performing behavioral experiments for others in the lab with the help of colleagues.

I've come to realize that my hands aren't the __52__ I thought they were. By making use of my abilities and working as part of a __53__ , I've been able to follow my __54__. I may design experiments and interpret results, which __55__ me most in the field of science.

41. A. hurt	B. move	C. wave	D. shake
42. A. frightening	B. disheartening	C. surprising	D. amazing
43. A. available	B. acceptable	C. suitable	D. possible
44. A. failed	B. wanted	C. managed	D. refused
45. A. limited	B. unaffected	C. improved	D. tested
46. A. gradually	B. completely	C. carefully	D. precisely
47. A. curiosity	B. fear	C. confusion	D. regret
48. A. Therefore	B. However	C. Besides	D. Meanwhile
49. A. questioned	B. encountered	C. approached	D. inspired
50. A. admit	B. find	C. pretend	D. deny
51. A. critical	B. indifferent	C. supportive	D. resistant
52. A. tool	B. gift	C. barrier	D. advantage
53. A. family	B. team	C. debate	D. game
54. A. rules	B. habits	C. steps	D. passions
55. A. excited	B. challenged	C. reminded	D. confused

第二节　（共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下面材料，在空白处填入适当的内容（1 个单词）或括号内单词的正确形式。

To let its general audience experience the strong festive atmosphere in the museum, on Feb. 22-23, 2024, the China Arts and Crafts Museum held the "Encounter with Intangible Heritage" event to celebrate the Lantern Festival. Beijing Shadow Play, __56__ (list) as a national intangible cultural heritage in 2008, was showcased.

Chinese Shadow Play, __57__ origins date back to the Han Dynasty, combines light, carving, and music. It flourished in the Tang, __58__(thrive) in the Song and spread to Western Asia and Europe during the Yuan Dynasty. Beijing Shadow Play, known __59__ its elegant models and Beijing opera-style singing, reflects folk artists' __60__(wise).

Artists led by inheritor Lu Baogang performed traditional stories __61__ (use) delicate leather figures. Before performances, they introduced shadow play's history and various crafting __62__ (technique). Figures made from animal skin are controlled behind a screen. The Beijing Shadow Play Troupe, __63__ (original) called "Lu Family Shadow Play", developed unique artistic styles influenced by local opera.

During the event, stories like Fan Lihua and The Tortoise and the Crane __64__(perform). The audience, especially children, engaged closely with the art, experiencing traditional culture through __65__ educational and enjoyable process.

第四部分　写作（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节　（满分 15 分）

假如你是李华，收到英国好友 Jack 的来信，信中提及他本学期参加学校体育社团后成绩下滑，感到很困惑。请你根据以下要点给 Jack 写一封回信。

1. 分析成绩下滑的原因；
2. 给出具体的解决办法。

注意：1. 写作词数为 80 个左右；

2. 信的开头和结尾已经给出，不计入总词数。

Dear Jack,

_____

_____

_____

_____

Yours,

Li Hua

第二节 （满分 25 分）

阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成一篇完整的短文。

The city was vast and unfamiliar, its towering buildings casting long shadows that seemed to swallow her whole. Emma stood at the corner of a bustling street, holding a heavy suitcase in her hands. She had dreamed of this moment—starting fresh, building a new life—but now, surrounded by strangers and endless concrete, she felt small and utterly alone.

Her first week was a blur of missteps. The job she had lined up fell through when the company decided to hire someone with more experience. Her savings were decreasing faster than she had expected, and the rent was due in a week. Everywhere she turned, it felt like the city was pushing her away, as if it didn't have room for one more dreamer.

One rainy evening, when Emma boarded the train from another unsuccessful job interview, she noticed an elderly man sitting across from her. He was dressed in a worn but neatly pressed suit, and his hands rested on a leather briefcase that looked as old as he was. What caught Emma's attention, however, was the book he was reading—*The Great Gatsby*, her favorite novel.

Emma hesitated for a moment before striking up a conversation. "That's a wonderful book," she said, smiling. The man looked up, his eyes bright with surprise and curiosity. "You've read it?" he asked, his voice warm but tinged with a hint of nostalgia. As they began to talk, he put the book into his briefcase and introduced himself as Mr. Bennett, and he had been a literature professor before retiring. He spoke of his travels, his students, and the books that had shaped his life. And Emma also shared her hopeless situation. Listening attentively for a while, Mr Bennett pulled out a pen and a cream-colored card with his wrinkled hands, and quickly wrote something down.

注意：

（1）续写词数应为 150 个左右；

（2）请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

As the train approached Emma's stop, Mr. Bennett reached into his briefcase._____

_____

_____

That evening, as Emma opened the book, a cream-colored card dropped out of it._____

_____

_____