# Revision module A

## Listening

**1** **Listen to the conversations and choose the correct answer.**

**Conversation A**

1 What does John think about fishing?
a) It is fun and exciting. b) It is a weekend hobby. c) It is not interesting.

2 Who caught the most fish in the fishing competition?
a) John. b) John's mother. c) John's father.

3 What did John's mother catch?
a) The smallest fish. b) The nicest fish. c) The biggest fish.

**Conversation B**

4 What is wrong with Tony?
a) He has got a headache. b) He has got a fever. c) He has got a bad cold.

5 What did the doctor say?
a) He had a fever. b) He was all right. c) It was nothing serious.

6 What does Betty advise Tony to do?
a) Drink lots of water. b) Take some medicine. c) Sleep for a day.

**Conversation C**

7 What is the Nature Club going to do?
a) Have a meeting. b) Go on a trip. c) Go to the museum.

8 When are they going to meet?
a) At 7:10. b) At 7:30. c) At 8:10.

9 What does everyone have to bring?
a) Food and drink. b) Water. c) A pair of strong shoes.

**Conversation D**

10 Where does the conversation probably happen?
a) In a shop. b) On a plane. c) At a ticket office.

11 When will the woman leave for London?
a) On 4th May. b) On 5th May. c) On 6th May.

12 What is her flight number?
a) BA727. b) CA757. c) CA737.

**Conversation E**

13 What did Kate ask David to do?
a) Go to the cinema. b) Go over the lessons. c) Work out maths problems.

14 What subject is Kate weak in?
a) English. b) Physics. c) Maths.

15 What did David decide to do in the end?
a) Watch the film with Kate. b) Go to bed earlier. c) Go over his lessons.

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**2** Listen and complete the table.

| | |
|---|---|
| Time when you can buy tickets at the sports centre | |
| Number of tickets you can buy online at a time | |
| People who will go to the concert | |
| Day when they will go to the concert | |
| Time when the concert starts | |
| Time when the concert finishes | |
| Price of each ticket | |

## Vocabulary and grammar

**3** Choose the correct answer.

1 Linda enjoys playing _____ piano, while her parents are interested in listening to _____ music.
a) /; the b) the; / c) /; / d) the; the

2 — Which would you like, coffee or cola?
— _____, thanks. I'd like a cup of tea.
a) Either b) Both c) Neither d) None

3 Tony has read lots of stories by American writers. Now he would like to read _____ stories by writers from _____ countries.
a) other; any b) some; any c) other; some d) some; other

4 — What do you think of the football match?
— Wonderful. Our football team has never played _____.
a) better b) best c) worse d) well

5 Mr Wang lives _____ that building. He lives _____ the sixth floor.
a) on; in b) of; to c) in; on d) to; at

6 — Shall I tell Jim about it?
— No, you _____. I've told him already.
a) needn't b) wouldn't c) mustn't d) shouldn't

7 — You never feel worried before an exam, do you?
— Well, I work hard all the time. I'm _____ any exam.
a) busy with b) afraid of c) ready for d) interested in

8 You _____ walk too close to the edge when you are walking along the Great Wall.
a) wouldn't b) mustn't c) needn't d) won't

# Revision module A

**4 Complete the passage with the correct form of the words in the box.**

dangerous proper safe seldom serious

Many people are afraid of travelling by plane, but flying is the (1) _____ way to travel. Safety is something that pilots take very (2) _____. Before each flight, technicians will carefully check that everything is working (3) _____ on the plane. Because of this, planes (4) _____ have accidents. In fact, travelling by car is (5) _____ than travelling by plane.

## Reading

**5 Complete the passage with the sentences in the box. There is one extra sentence.**

a) Nothing worked.
b) Then I rang my parents and asked them what to do.
c) My classmates could come to help me if I had any problems.
d) I told my classmates what happened.
e) Nothing could go wrong.

My parents were away for a whole week. They were visiting my grandparents in a city almost 200 kilometres away. I was really excited at the thought of being at home alone and doing everything by myself. I can cook and use the washing machine and I told my parents I would remember to lock the door when I went out. (1) _____

But something did! I was watching television one night when the screen suddenly went black. When I checked, I found that the lights would not work either. (2) _____ There was no electricity!

It was too late at night to do anything, so I went to bed and waited till the morning. (3) _____ My mum told me to take the electricity card to the bank and buy some electricity. I did as my mum told me. When I got back home, I put the card into the meter and the electricity started working again.

Although I was a bit worried during the night, especially because there were no lights, I was happy that I could solve the problem in the end. (4) _____ They all said, "Well done!"

## 6 Read the passage and choose the correct answer.

British eating habits are different from those in China. People in the UK do not usually have rice or noodles for breakfast. They eat bread instead. Hot tea, coffee and milk are their usual breakfast drinks.

Lunch is taken later in the UK, at about 1 pm. While Chinese people like a hot, filling lunch, many British people today may just have a sandwich, especially if they work in a busy city like London. There are also differences in the way schoolchildren eat lunch. In the past, British children ate hot lunches at school, as most children in China do now, although the food was different. Today, it is more common for British schoolchildren to bring their own lunches to school. They will usually eat a sandwich and a piece of fruit, and drink fruit juice or other soft drinks. Some children like to buy food from shops outside school, but often this is not allowed.

The evening meal is the most important meal in both countries. In China people have dinner at about 6 pm, and so do many people in the UK. In most families in the UK there's meat with two or three vegetables and then something sweet. But in China people often have more dishes, and usually with some soup.

And of course, in both countries people look forward to their most important festivals: Christmas in the UK, and the Spring Festival in China. Although the food they eat then is different, there is one thing that people in the UK and China share — the happiness of being with their families and loved ones.

1 The best title for this passage is "_____".
   a) Children's food
   b) Christmas and the Spring Festival
   c) Eating habits in the UK and China
   d) People love food

2 In the past, British schoolchildren ate _____ at school.
   a) sandwiches
   b) breakfast
   c) bread
   d) hot lunches

3 A similar thing in the UK and China is that _____.
   a) people have milk in their tea
   b) children have hot school lunches
   c) the evening meal is the most important one
   d) people eat rice and noodles for breakfast



# Revision module A

## 7 Read the passage and match the headings with the paragraphs.

a) A busy street to enjoy yourself ☐
b) A wonderful Shanghai at night ☐
c) East and West side by side ☐
d) Sights from the river ☐

1 Shanghai, a beautiful city during the day, becomes even more beautiful at night. At the end of the day, both the older part of the city around the Bund and the more modern part in Pudong are full of colourful lights. The buildings, both new and old, look very different and exciting.

2 If you look across the Huangpu River, you can see the beautiful Oriental Pearl Radio & TV Tower and the Jin Mao Tower. If you take a boat along the river, you will have a wonderful experience.

3 If you like walking in the streets, try the famous Nanjing Road. There are busy shops and coffee bars, and you'll see thousands of people enjoying themselves. Most of the shops close at 10 pm, but at that time teahouses are still open, where you can meet old friends and make new ones.

4 If you are in Shanghai for the first time, make sure you visit Xintiandi, a very popular area. You can see both Western buildings and Chinese buildings side by side. Most of the buildings are modern and there are shops, restaurants and coffee houses inside.

## 8 Read the passage and complete the notes about Rosie and John.

Sometimes we feel lonely even though there are lots of people around. We spoke to some young people about being lonely to find out what we can do about it.

Rosie left the primary school near her home to live at a high school two hours away by bus. It was the first time she had stayed away from her family. She did not know anyone at her new school, and she was very lonely. We asked her about it and she told us why she felt so lonely. "I was the only person from my village at my new school and I didn't know anyone at all." She explained to us what she did about it. "I decided to join some students' clubs and take part in as many activities as I could. I introduced myself to the other students and tried not to worry. Slowly, I made friends, and now I'm so busy that I'm almost never lonely."

Next, we spoke to John. Last year, his family moved to a new city and he started at a new school. He told us what he did to become part of the new school by being patient when he started to worry or feel sad. "It takes time to make new friends," he said. "At first, it's a bit difficult to trust new people, but after a while, it gets easier."

As these young people found out, there are things you can do to help yourself when you feel lonely. You can change your way of thinking, and you can also change what you do to help yourself.

| | Rosie | John |
|---|---|---|
| Situations: | _____ | _____ |
| | _____ | _____ |
| Solutions: | _____ | _____ |
| | _____ | _____ |
| | _____ | _____ |

## Writing

**9** **Read the notice.**

### Volunteers wanted for the International Teen Games

The International Teen Games are coming! We need some volunteers aged 12 – 16 to help us. Can you speak English well? Are you interested in sports? Are you good at using a computer? Come and join us!!!

Email your information to interteensgames@vitg.com

For more information, please call 88768876.

**Now write an email to introduce yourself. In your email, say:**

- how old you are
- what you like
- what you are good at
- why you want to be a volunteer
- what your email address and phone number are

## Speaking

**10** **Some foreign guests are visiting your school. As a school guide, show them around and introduce your school. Use the following questions to help you.**

1 When was your school built?
2 When does school start and finish?
3 How many subjects do you have? What are they?
4 What kinds of after-school activities do you have?
5 What are your school rules?

**11** **Work in pairs. Role-play a conversation that may happen between a foreign guest and a school guide.**