单元主题 我的一天：张明鸿正在询问佩德罗什么时候起床以及在西班牙什么时候开始上课。埃米和萨拉正在谈论周末。杜姆和次波也在谈论周末。

Unit One



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My day

What do you do on the weekend?
你周末做什么?

I often clean my room and wash my clothes. Sometimes I play ping-pong with Zhang Peng.
我经常打扫我的房间并洗我的衣服。有时候我和张朋一起打乒乓球。

Today is Sunday! What do you do on the weekend?
今天是周日!你周末做什么?

I often go shopping with my mum.
我经常和我的妈妈一起购物。

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A

预习新知：张朋鹏在询问佩德罗上午的课什么时候结束、午饭后什么时候返回学校，在西班牙什么时候吃晚饭。一起看看佩德罗是怎么回答的。

Let's try

听力小提示：重点

Where are Zhang Peng and Pedro? Listen and tick.

听张朋鹏和佩德罗所在的地点。







Let's talk

询问什么时间做某事的问句：When do you...?

答语：We...at...
At...

例子：—When do you go to school?



Zhang Peng: When do you finish class in the morning?

你们什么时候去学校？

Pedro: We finish class at 1 o'clock. Then we eat lunch at home.

吃午饭

—We go to school at 7 o'clock.
我们7点钟去学校。

Zhang Peng: Wow! When do you go back to school after lunch?

返回

Pedro: At 2:30. Classes start at 3 o'clock.

Zhang Peng: When do you usually eat dinner in Spain?

吃晚饭

Pedro: Usually at 9:30 or 10 o'clock.

Zhang Peng: Wow! That's too late!

Role-play.





When do you get up?

I get up at 5 o'clock.



When do you go to bed?

At 6 o'clock in the morning.
I work at night.

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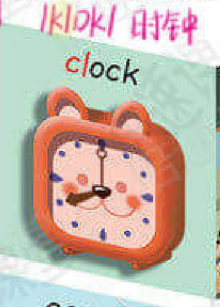
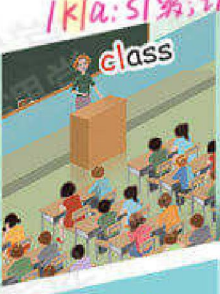
Let's spell

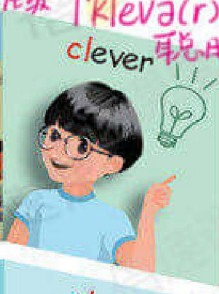
Read, listen and chant.

字母组合cl发/kl/音。



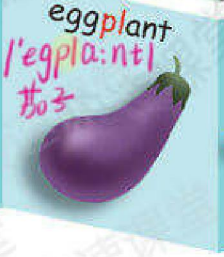


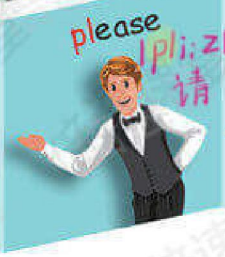




字母组合pl发/pl/音。

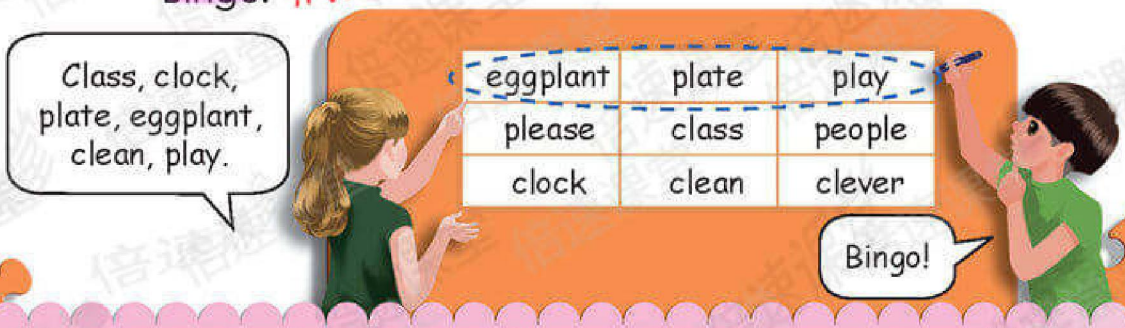








Bingo! 宾戈!



class	eggplant	please	classroom
play	clock	cloudy 多云的	playground
clothes 衣服	plate	clever	uncle
people	player 运动员	clear	clean

Choose, write and say.

1. Clean the plate/classroom/room, please.
2. Put two eggplants/clocks/plates in the playground.

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B

新知预习：萨拉的周末都有什么安排。一起看看吧！

Let's try

听力提示：①先观察右侧图片，弄清图片中的地点。②听清楚录音中Sarah正在做什么。③根据对话内容，判断出Sarah在哪里。



Where is Sarah? Listen and circle.

Let's talk

Shopkeeper: Why are you shopping today?

Sarah: My mum worked last night. So I'm shopping today.

Shopkeeper: Good girl! So what do you do on the weekend?

Sarah: I often watch TV and play ping-pong with my father.

Shopkeeper: That sounds like a lot of fun.

Sarah: Yes, but I'm also hard-working. I usually wash my clothes. Sometimes I cook dinner.

Shopkeeper: You're so busy! You need a robot to help you!



工作 work的过去式

昨天晚上

询问某人周末安排的问句：What do you do on the weekend?

答语：I...

例子：—What do you do on the weekend? 你周末做什么？

—I always read books. 我经常看书。

Ask the question and then pass it on.



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Let's learn

clean my room 打扫我的房间

例: I always clean my room. 我经常打扫我的房间。

例: Sarah and Zhang Peng go for a walk. 萨拉和张朋鹏去散步。

go for a walk 散步

go shopping 去买东西；购物

例: Sarah likes going shopping. 萨拉喜欢购物。

take a dancing class 上舞蹈课

例: Sarah is taking a dancing class. 萨拉正在上舞蹈课。











I often clean my room on Saturdays!

Do a survey

Look, tick and write. What do you do on the weekend?

I sometimes go shopping with my mum on the weekend.



Name: _____

I	always often sometimes	clean my room	with ...	on Saturdays on Sundays on the weekend
		go shopping		
		go for a walk		
		take a dancing class		

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Read and write

Robin's play

Robin is in a play. He is Robinson Crusoe. Here is a letter from him.

住在

My name is Robinson. I live on an island. I always get up early every day. I wash my face, and then I eat breakfast. Sometimes I clean my cave, too.

I often go swimming in the water. In the afternoon, I play sports with my friend. His name is Friday.

Friday is good at sports. He often wins. 擅长



Tick or cross.

Robinson and Friday always get up late in the morning. (X)

Robinson only cleans his cave on Fridays. (X)

Robinson and Friday play sports together in the afternoon. (✓)

Write a letter to Robinson. Tell him what you often do every day.

Dear Robinson,

My name is _____. I live in _____.

I often _____ and _____.

In the afternoon, I _____ with _____.

I hope you can get off your island soon.

离开

Yours,

_____

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Read and write

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Dear Robinson,

My name is _____. I live in _____.

I often _____ and _____.

In the afternoon, I _____ with _____.

I hope you can get off your island soon.

离开

Yours,

_____

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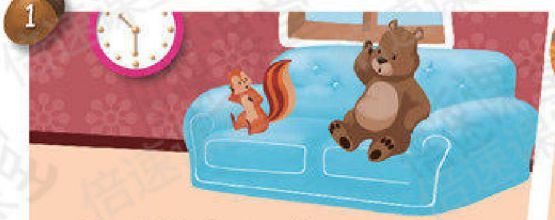
故事会：Zip is always busy.（次次总是很忙。）周一到周三下午，它通常收集坚果。星期四，它晒坚果。星期五，它吃坚果。这个周六12点它有弹琵琶演出。Oh, no!

Story time



Zip: It's Saturday now. Zoom, I'm always very busy.
Zoom: Why?



Zip: Let me see. From Monday to Wednesday, I usually collect nuts in the afternoon.

从……
收集
坚果



Zoom: What else? 还有别的吗？
Zip: On Thursday, I often dry my nuts in the sun.



Zip: On Friday, I eat nuts with my friends.



Zoom: What do you usually do on the weekend?
Zip: I often watch TV, but this weekend I have a show. I'll play the *pipa*.

演出
弹琵琶



Zoom: When?
Zip: Saturday, at 12 o'clock. Oh, no!

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单元主题

我最喜欢的季节：埃米告诉约翰她最喜欢秋天。

Zoom告诉Zip他最喜欢冬天。奥利弗告诉怀特先生，他最喜欢夏天。你最喜欢哪个季节呢？

Unit Two







Which season do you like best?
你最喜欢哪个季节？

Autumn.
秋天。

Why?
为什么？

Because the colours are pretty!
因为颜色很漂亮！

Which season do you like best?
你最喜欢哪个季节？

Winter. I can sleep all day. How about you?
冬天。我可以整天睡觉。你呢？

I like spring best. There are beautiful flowers everywhere.
我最喜欢春天。到处都是漂亮的花。

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My favourite season





看我的画，怀特老师。
Look at my picture, Miss White. I like summer best because of Children's Day.
我最喜欢夏天，因为儿童节。

What do you often do in the summer?
你在夏天经常做什么？

I often go swimming.
我经常去游泳。

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

预习新知：琼斯先生带领大家画四季。迈克和吴一凡最喜欢哪个季节呢？一起来看看。

A

Let's try

What is the weather like today? Listen and write.

听力小提示：①听录音前，熟悉有关于天气的短语。根据题目确定听音重点。②听录音时，重点听有关天气的词语。



It is _____ _____ _____.



Let's talk

询问最喜欢哪个季节的问句：Which season do you like best?



Mr Jones: Do you like the music, children?

Mike: Yes. It's very beautiful. What is it?

Mr Jones: *The Four Seasons*. Today we'll draw the seasons. Which season do you like best, Mike?

Mike: Winter. I like snow.

Mr Jones: I like snow, too. Which season do you like best, Wu Yifan?

Wu Yifan: Spring. It's pretty.

Mr Jones: Yes, it is.

答语：表示季节的词汇。

例：—Which season do you like best? 你最喜欢哪个季节？

—Summer. 夏天。

Which season do you like best? Ask and answer.



Which season do you like best?

季节



Winter.



Zoom				√

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

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A

Let's try

What is the weather like today? Listen and write.

听力小提示：①听录音前，熟悉有关于天气的短语。根据题目确定听音重点。②听录音时，重点听有关天气的词语。



It is _____ _____ _____.



Let's talk

询问最喜欢哪个季节的问句：Which season do you like best?



Mr Jones: Do you like the music, children?

Mike: Yes. It's very beautiful. What is it?

Mr Jones: *The Four Seasons*. Today we'll draw the seasons. Which season do you like best, Mike?

Mike: Winter. I like snow.

Mr Jones: I like snow, too. Which season do you like best, Wu Yifan?

Wu Yifan: Spring. It's pretty.

Mr Jones: Yes, it is.

答语：表示季节的词汇。

例：—Which season do you like best? 你最喜欢哪个季节？

—Summer. 夏天。

Which season do you like best? Ask and answer.



Which season do you like best?

季节





Winter.

Zoom				√

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音标：/spriŋ/
例句：Spring is beautiful.
春天很漂亮。
拓展：spring还有"泉；弹簧"的意思。

音标：/'sʌmə(r)/
例句：I often go swimming in summer.
夏天我常去游泳。

音标：/ɔ:tam/
例句：It is cool in autumn. 秋天天气凉爽。
同义词：fall

音标：/'wɪntə(r)/
短语：winter holiday 寒假
例句：It often snows in winter. 冬天常下雪。

Let's learn



音标：/'si:zn/
拆分记忆：sea(大海)+son(儿子)=season(季节)
例句：There are four seasons in a year. 一年有四季。

Read and match

Spring is green with flowers and songs.

Summer is hot and the days are long.

Autumn is golden and farmers are busy.
金色的

Winter is white and the year is gone.
走；不复存在









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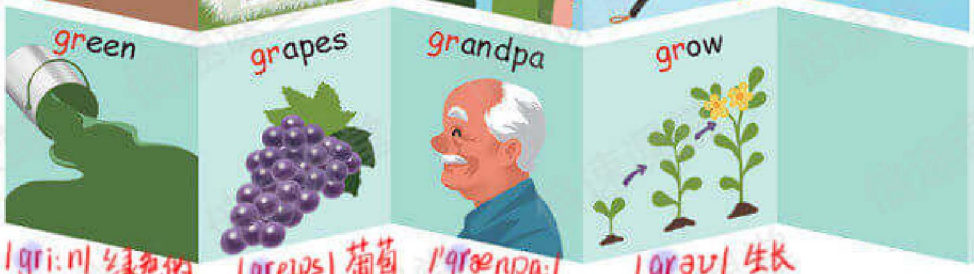
br是辅音连缀的读音，b与r连缀，发/br/的音。

Let's spell

Read, listen and chant.



gr是辅音连缀的读音，g与r连缀发/gr/的音。



Read and group.

green brown grow grandma breakfast
brother grass grapes library great

br: brown breakfast brother library

gr: green grow grass grandma grapes great

Choose, write and say.

Grandpa	grows	green	grapes.
Grandma		yellow	potatoes.
		brown	grass.
		purple	apples.

1. Grandpa grows green grapes.
2. Grandma grows purple grapes.

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B

预习新知：怀特老师和埃米在谈论一幅漂亮的画。她们也谈到了自己最喜欢的季节，她们为什么分别喜欢夏天和秋天呢？一起去看看吧！

Let's try

听力小提示：①听录音前，了解每幅图片中是哪个季节。②听录音时，重点听有关季节的词语。

Zhang Peng and John are looking at some pictures. Which is Zhang Peng's picture? Listen and tick.





Let's talk



Amy: Hello, Miss White. Look at my picture.

Miss White: Good job! I like the trees. The colours are very pretty!

Amy: Yes. I like autumn best. The weather is good and the colours are beautiful! Which season do you like best, Miss White?

Miss White: Summer.

Amy: Why?

Miss White: Because I like summer vacation!



询问原因的问句：Why?

答语：Because...

例子：-I like winter best. 我最喜欢冬天。

-Why? 为什么？

-Because we can play in the snow. 因为我们可以在雪里玩耍。

Ask and answer.



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Read and write

Robin likes them all!

Look at the green trees and pink flowers.



The weather is hot, hot, hot!



What lovely colours! The leaves fall and fall and fall. I love fall!

动词，"落下，掉落"

名词，"秋天"



There is lots of snow. It is white everywhere.



Read and tick.

1. The last "fall" means _____.

☑ autumn ☐ pretty ☐ cute ☐ cool

2. Which season does Robin like?

☐ Spring. ☐ Autumn. ☐ Summer. ☑ All the four seasons.

Which season do you like best? Why? Complete（完成） the sentence.

I like spring best because I can fly kites.

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听力小提示：①听录音前，通读对话。②听录音时，抓住关键词语，如"when, summer, which season, best"等。

Let's check

Listen and write.

Boy: When is your birthday?

Girl: It's in summer

Boy: Do you like summer?

Girl: No, I don't. It's too hot.

Boy: Which season do you like best?

Girl: Autumn. The colours are beautiful. I can pick fresh apples.

Let's wrap it up

Fill in the question words.

Why do you like spring best?
Because the weather is nice.

Which season do you like best?
I like spring best.

When do you go to school?
I go to school at 8 o'clock.

What do you often do on the weekend?
I often go shopping.

Where is your photo?
It's on the wall.

what
when
where
which
why

Where is "do"?

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故事会：Zoom和Zip来机场接考拉，他们互相说"Merry Christmas!"考拉来自澳大利亚，当它看到他的圣诞节时非常开心。他们开心地一起堆雪人。

C Story time





小贴示：澳大利亚位于南半球，每年12月正处于夏季。



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单元主题：吴一凡和奥利弗正在谈论植树节和端午节的日期。薛拉和陈杰也在谈论学校郊游和唱歌比赛的日期。同学们，你们学校都有哪些活动，这些活动在什么时候呢？

When is the summer vacation?
暑假是在什么时候？

Unit Three



When is Tree Planting Day?
植树节在什么时候？

It's in March.
它在三月。

When is Dragon Boat Festival?
端午节在什么时候？

It's usually in June. My mum will make *zongzi* then. I hope you can come and share some with us.
它通常在六月。到时我妈妈会包粽子。我希望你能来和我们一起分享。

That's very kind of you.
你真是太好了。

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It's in July and August.
它在七月和八月。

My school calendar

July (Jul.)	summer vacation	
August (Aug.)	summer vacation	
September (Sept.)	Teachers' Day	Mid-Autumn Day
October (Oct.)	China's National Day	
November (Nov.)	American Thanksgiving Day	
December (Dec.)	Christmas	

When is the school trip this year?
今年学校的旅游在什么时候?

It's in May.
它在五月。

Is the singing contest in May, too?
歌唱比赛也是在五月吗?

Yes.
是的。

Hooray for May!
五月万岁!

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它在七月和八月。

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是的。

Hooray for May!
五月万岁!

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预习新知：Mike和张鹏在谈论春天学校都有哪些活动。

A

Let's try

Who will go to the sports meet next week? Listen and tick.

听力小提示：①听录音前，仔细阅读邀请函，抓住解题关键词"Who"。②听录音时，注意听清Zhang Peng, my mum and dad, sports meet这几个关键词语。

March 24th

Dear parents,

Please come to the sports meet next Friday.

- [x] Zhang Peng's parents
- [ ] Mike's parents

Let's talk

Mike: We have a few fun things in spring. After the sports meet, we have an English party.

Zhang Peng: When is the party?

Mike: It's in April. We have a school trip, too.

Zhang Peng: When is that?

Mike: It's in May.

Zhang Peng: Cool!



Write and talk. 询问某活动/节日在几月份的问句：When+活动/节日名称？答语：It's in+月份。

例：—When is the Tree planting Day? 植树节在什么时候？

—It's in March. 它在三月。

school trip 学校郊游

sports meet 运动会

Chinese/maths/... test 语文 数学 测试

singing contest 歌咏比赛

April 四月

May 五月

singing contest

When is the singing contest?

It's usually in May.



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Let's learn

When is Tree Planting Day? 植树节在什么时候?

It's in March. 在三月。

例: Winter vacation is in February. 寒假在二月。

例: New Year's Day is in January. 元旦在一月。

January (Jan.) /'dʒænjuəri/ 一月

1 New Year's Day

winter vacation

February (Feb.) /'februəri/ 二月

2 winter vacation



March (Mar.) /mɑːtʃ/ 三月

3 Tree Planting Day

/dʒuːn/

例: Tree Planting Day is in March. 植树节在三月。

April (Apr.) /'eɪprəl/ 四月

4 English party

sports meet

例: The English party is in April. 英语派对在四月。

May /meɪ/ 五月

5 singing contest

school trip

May Day

Mother's Day

例: Mother's Day is in May. 母亲节在五月。

June (Jun.) 六月

6 Children's Day

Father's Day

例: Children's Day is in June. 儿童节在六月。

Read and say

Tick or cross. Correct the names of the months when necessary.

1. (×) Tree Planting Day is in February. → March
2. (×) Winter vacation is in February and March. → January and February
3. (√) Mother's Day is in May.
4. (√) The sports meet is in April.
5. (×) Children's Day is in January. → June

When is Mother's Day?

It's in ...

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Let's spell

Read, listen and chant.

字母组合ch在单词中发/tʃ/音。/tʃ/是个清辅音，是/t/和/ʃ/的合音，发音时声带不振动。



字母组合sh发/ʃ/音，/ʃ/是个清辅音，发音时声带不振动。

Listen, number and say.

5 Chinese children
1 an English teacher
3 a short sheep
2 fish for lunch
4 a shirt and shorts

听力小提示：听录音时重点听关键词 teacher, lunch, sheep, shirt, children，听清楚字母组合ch和sh的不同发音。

Choose, write and say.

The	teacher	is short.
	chicken	is fresh.
	fish	is cheap.
	shirt	is nice.

1. The teacher is nice.
2. The chicken is nice.
3. The fish is fresh.
4. The shirt is short.

〈答案不唯一〉

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例：Summer vacation is in July and August.
暑假在7月和8月。

例：Teachers' Day is in September.
教师节在九月。

Let's learn

/dʒu'laɪ/ 七月
July (Jul.)
summer vacation
7

/ɔ:'gəst/ 八月
August (Aug.)
summer vacation
8

/sep'tembə(r)/ 九月
September (Sept.)
Teachers' Day
Mid-Autumn Day
9

/ɒk'təʊbə(r)/ 十月
October (Oct.)
China's National Day
10

/nəʊ'vembə(r)/ 十一月
November (Nov.)
American Thanksgiving Day
11

/dɪ'sembə(r)/ 十二月
December (Dec.)
Christmas
12

例：China's National Day is in October.
国庆节在十月。

例：Christmas is in December.
圣诞节在十二月。

例：American Thanksgiving Day is in November. 美国的感恩节在十一月。

When is Mid-Autumn Day?
中秋节在什么时候？

It's usually in September or October. I'll eat mooncakes with my family.
它通常在九月或十月。我将和我的家人一起吃月饼。

Ask and write

When is Teachers' Day?

It's in September.

Teachers' Day is in September.

New Year's Day is in January.

China's National Day is in October.

American Thanksgiving Day is in November.

Christmas is in December.

Children's Day is in June.

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例：Summer vacation is in July and August.
暑假在7月和8月。

例：Teachers' Day is in September.
教师节在九月。

Let's learn

/dʒu'laɪ/ 七月
July (Jul.)
summer vacation
7

/ɔ:'gəst/ 八月
August (Aug.)
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8

/sep'tembə(r)/ 九月
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Mid-Autumn Day
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/ɒk'təʊbə(r)/ 十月
October (Oct.)
China's National Day
10

/nəʊ'vembə(r)/ 十一月
November (Nov.)
American Thanksgiving Day
11

/dɪ'sembə(r)/ 十二月
December (Dec.)
Christmas
12

例：China's National Day is in October.
国庆节在十月。

例：Christmas is in December.
圣诞节在十二月。

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When is Mid-Autumn Day?
中秋节在什么时候？

It's usually in September or October. I'll eat mooncakes with my family.
它通常在九月或十月。我将和我的家人一起吃月饼。

Ask and write

When is Teachers' Day?

It's in September.

Teachers' Day is in September.

New Year's Day is in January.

China's National Day is in October.

American Thanksgiving Day is in November.

Christmas is in December.

Children's Day is in June.

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阅读指导：这是一篇聚会的邀请函，它主要内容包括活动的主题、称呼、时间、地点、做什么以及结束语。带着下面的问题来阅读这个邀请函，在文中圈出相应的重点信息。

Read and write



English Party

WHEN: April 12th, 7 p.m.
WHERE: Gym
WHAT: You will play games. You will read riddles. You will act out stories. You will meet Robin the Robot. He is a great English teacher!
RSVP: Will you come to the party? Please send an email by March 23rd.

Read and tick or cross.

1. (X) The English party is on March 23rd.
2. (✓) The party will start at 7 p.m.
3. (X) You'll dance at the party.
4. (✓) You'll meet a great English teacher at the party.

What will you do if you have a birthday party? Write three sentences.



1. I will sing the birthday song.
2. I will play games.
3. I will eat a birthday cake.

dance
play games
make a wish
sing the birthday song
eat noodles/a birthday cake

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听力小提示：1.听录音前，观察表格中的活动类和时间类词汇。2.听录音时，根据听到的对话内容圈出听到的词汇。

Let's check

Listen and circle.

What	When
school trip	August (March) April December
singing contest	November March (April) May
Teachers' Day	(September) October May July

Listen again and answer the questions.

1. What will the students do in May?

The students will visit a farm in May.

2. What will they do in December?

They will have a party in December.

Let's wrap it up

Fill in the blanks. at+具体的时间点。

in+①月份 ②上午/下午/晚上

in March

at

on Mon. Tues. Wed. Thur. Fri. Sat. Sun.

on+①星期 ②具体某一天 ③具体某一天的上午、下午、晚上

1. We will have an English party ___in___ February.
2. I get up ___at___ 7 o'clock every day.
3. What do you have ___on___ Tuesdays?

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单元主题 小朋友们，你们会用英语来询问和回答自己喜欢的节日和活动吗？我们一起进入本单元来学习吧！

Unit Four



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When is the art show?



关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

预习新知：Mr Jones向张朋介绍5月的一些特殊的日子。我们一起去看看吧！

Let's try

听力提示：1. 听录音前，仔细观察图中的人物在做什么。2. 听录音时，重点听取关键词"April"。

Which month are they talking about? Listen and tick.

- ☐ March.
- ☑ April.
- ☐ September.
- ☐ February.



Let's talk

Mr Jones: There are some other special days in May.
Zhang Peng: What are they?
Mr Jones: The school art show and the reading festival.
Zhang Peng: When is the art show?
Mr Jones: It's on May 1st.
Zhang Peng: It's May Day. When is the reading festival?
Mr Jones: It's on May 5th.
Zhang Peng: Wow! May is fun!



询问某一活动/节日的问句：
When is+活动/节日(the sports meet, Children's Day...)?
答语：It's on+具体的日期(April 2nd, May 1st ...)

例：—When is the Tree Planting Day?
植树节在什么时候？
—It's on May 12th.
它在3月12日。

Talk about the holidays with your partner.










Children's Day
May Day
China's National Day
New Year's Day

January 1st
May 1st
June 1st
October 1st

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完全形式: first /fɜːst/
例: The swimming contest is on April 1st. 游泳比赛在4月1日。

完全形式: second /'sekənd/
例: The maths test is on April 2nd. 数学测试在4月2日。

完全形式: third /θɜːd/
例: The Chinese test is on April 3rd. 语文测试在4月3日。

完全形式: fourth /fɔːθ/
例: The English test is on April 4th. 英语测试在4月4日。

完全形式: fifth /fɪfθ/
例: The sports meet is on April 5th. 运动会在4月5日。

Let's learn

April 1st	April 2nd	April 3rd	April 4th	April 5th
第一(的)	第二(的)	第三(的)	第四(的)	第五(的)
swimming contest	maths test	Chinese test	English test	sports meet

When is the sports meet? 运动会是哪天?

It's on April 5th. 它在4月5日。

Ask and answer

运动会在4月5日。

Jul. 1st
singing contest

Dec. 4th
maths test

Mar. 5th
school trip

Nov. 2nd
English test

Sept. 2nd
Miss Chen's birthday

When is the English test?

It's on November 2nd.

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Let's spell

字母组合th在单词中发/θ/音。/θ/是一个清辅音，发音时舌尖放在上下牙齿之间，气流通过，摩擦成音。声带不振动。

Read, listen and chant.

/θriː/ 三
three



3

/θɪn/ 瘦的
thin



/θɜːˈtiːn/ 十三
thirteen

13

/mæθs/ 数学
maths



/ðɪs/ 这个
this

/ðæt/ 那个
that



/ˈmʌðə(r)/ 妈妈
mother



/ˈbrʌðə(r)/
brother 兄;弟



听力小提示：听录音时注意字母组合th在单词中的发音。

字母组合th在单词中发/ð/音。舌尖放在上下牙齿之间，气流通过，摩擦成音，声带振动。

Listen, circle and say.

1	mother	maths	2	father	thin	3	brother	fifth
4	this	birthday	5	there	three	6	that	third

Choose, write and say.

Thursday/Monday is his eleventh/third/fourth birthday.

That is her brother/grandfather/father.

His mother/brother is a maths/Chinese teacher.

1. Thursday is his eleventh birthday.
2. That is her father.
3. His brother is a maths teacher.

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B

预习新知：陈杰要在妈妈生日当天给她做面条，并邀请同一天生日的Mike去她家过生日。

Let's try

听力小提示：1.听录音前，看清楚问题，抓住关键词"When"。2.听录音时，注意听"2nd"。

When is the baby's birthday? Listen and tick.

- ☐ March 1st.
- ☑ March 2nd.
- ☐ March 9th.



询问某人生日的问句：When is one's (your, his, Lily's, my mother's...) birthday?

答语：One's (My, His, Lily's, Your mother's) birthday is on +具体日期. / It's on +具体日期.

Let's talk



Chen Jie: When is your birthday?

Mike: My birthday is on April 4th.

Chen Jie: That's my mother's birthday, too!

Mike: Cool! What will you do for your mum?

Chen Jie: I'll cook noodles for her.

Mike: Chinese noodles are delicious!

Chen Jie: Please come then. We can have a birthday party for both of you!

例：-When is Jack's birthday? 杰克的生日在什么时候？

-It's on May 2nd. 它在5月2日。

Role-play.



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完全形式：twelfth |twelfθ|
例：My grandpa's birthday is on October 12th. 我爷爷的生日在10月12日。

完全形式：twentieth |'twentiəθ|
例：My grandma's birthday is on April 20th. 我奶奶的生日在4月20日。

完全形式：thirtieth |'θɜ:tiəθ|
例：My dad's birthday is on November 30th. 我爸爸的生日在11月30日。

Words Let's learn



完全形式：twenty-first |ˌtwenti'fɜ:st|
例：My birthday is on August 21st. 我的生日在8月21日。

Look and write

完全形式：twenty-third |ˌtwenti'θɜ:d|
例：My mum's birthday is on February 23rd. 我妈妈的生日在2月23日。

Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.
			1	2	3	4
5 5th	6 6th	7 7th	8 8th	9 9th	10 10th	11 11th
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	



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阅读指导：在阅读前可以根据文中的插图，猜猜短文讲什么。仔细阅读短文，圈出小猫在某一天中有什么变化。

Read and write

Two new kittens

Sarah's cat has two kittens. Read Sarah's diary.



April 15th

My cat has two new kittens. They are pink because they are very young. They still can't see.





April 21st

The kittens are six days old. They make noises when they are hungry. They have white fur now. They are cute.

April 26th

Their eyes are open! They are blue.

May 3rd

The kittens can walk now. They can play with Robin!



Read and match.



Now write two sentences about the kittens.

1. Their eyes are open on April 26th.
2. They have white fur on April 21st.
3. They can walk on May 3rd.

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听力小提示：1. 听录音前，看清楚图中的日期。2. 听录音时，注意记录图中日期的先后顺序。

Let's check

Listen and number.

4	3	2	1
December 13th	October 2nd	May 10th	July 7th

Listen again and tick or cross.

听力小提示：1. 听录音时，注意说话人的身份，是男孩还是女孩，是男人还是女人。2. 注意日期的读法，特别是13th和30th的读法。

1. (√) The girl's birthday is on July 7th.
2. (√) The boy's birthday is on May 10th.
3. (×) The woman's birthday is on October 2nd.
4. (×) The man's birthday is on December 13th.

Let's wrap it up

Fill in the table.

基数词：表示数目的数词。除"1"外，其余数词都修饰可数名词复数。

one	two	three	four	five	six	seven	eight	nine	ten
1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th

基数词：表示顺序的数词。在使用时，通常前加定冠词the。

Finish the sentences.

1. I see ten horses in the picture. (ten)
2. My birthday is on July 2nd. (two)
3. Mother's Day is on the second Sunday in May. (two)
4. It is three/3 o'clock. (three)
5. There are eight people in his family. (eight)

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故事会：5月4日将会有一个歌唱考试。Zoom唱得不好，Zip鼓励他多练习。Zoom为练习唱歌，拒绝了许多邀请。考试那天，Zoom表现得很好。考试后，猫邀请他去游泳，他高兴地答应了。

Story time

1

April 30th

Music teacher: The singing test will be on May 4th.

Zoom: I can't sing well.

Zip: Don't worry. Practice makes perfect.

练习 完美的

2

May 1st

Zip: Will you come to the party? Today is Rabbit's birthday.

Zoom: Sorry, I can't. I want to practise my song.

3

May 2nd

Rabbit: Will you play football with me after lunch?

Zoom: Sorry, I can't. I want to practise the song.

4

May 3rd

Cat: Let's watch TV together. The show is very funny!

Zoom: Sorry. I need more practice.

更多的

5

May 4th

Music teacher: Good job, Zoom.

Zoom: Thank you, Miss Bird.

6

Cat: I'll go swimming tonight. Will you go?

今晚

Zoom: Of course!

当然

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单元主题 小朋友，你们是否喜欢小动物呢？你们是否经常带小动物出去散步呢？你们能用英语来表达它属于谁的吗？我们一起来学习吧。

Unit Five



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单元主题 小朋友，你们是否喜欢小动物呢？你们是否经常带小动物出去散步呢？你们能用英语来表达它属于谁的吗？我们一起来学习吧。

Unit Five



关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

A

预习新知：陈杰和迈克在讨论这些漂亮的画是谁的。我们也一起去看看吧！

Let's try

听力小提示：1.听录音前，仔细观察图片内容。2.听录音时，重点听"tree, John's"等关键词。

Listen and tick. Which is John's picture?



②石问认某物是否属于某人的问句：Is/Are + this/these + 某人的(ours, hers, Jack's...)?
答语：Yes, it is/they are. No, it isn't/they aren't.

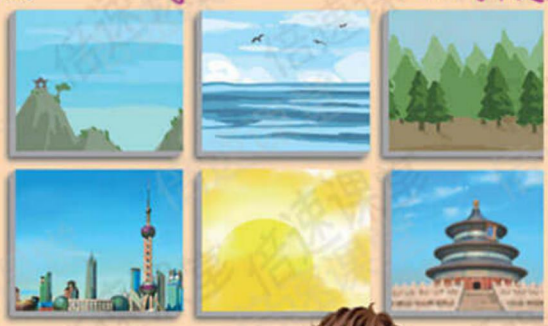
Let's talk

①描述某物属于某人的句型：物品 + is/are + 某人的(mine, hers, Chen Jie's ...).

例：The storybook is Jack's. 这本故事书是杰克的。

例：－Are these yours? 这些是你们的吗？
－No, they aren't. 不，它们不是。

Chen Jie: ① The yellow picture is mine.
② Are these all ours?
Mike: Yes, they are.
Chen Jie: Wow! That picture of Beijing is beautiful. ③ Whose is it?
Mike: It's Zhang Peng's.
Chen Jie: Look! There is a picture of Shanghai, too.
Mike: It's Yifan's.
Chen Jie: Oh, yes! It's his.





Ask and find out. ③询问物品属于谁的问句：Whose + is/are + 物品(the cat, the books, this, that, it ...)?

答语：It's/they're + 名词所有格/物词性物主代词。

例：－Whose is this picture? 这幅画是谁的？
－It's my sister's. 它是我妹妹的。



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A

预习新知：陈杰和迈克在讨论这些漂亮的画是谁的。我们也一起去看看吧！

Let's try

听力小提示：1.听录音前，仔细观察图片内容。2.听录音时，重点听"tree, John's"等关键词。

Listen and tick. Which is John's picture?



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答语：Yes, it is/they are. No, it isn't/they aren't.

Let's talk

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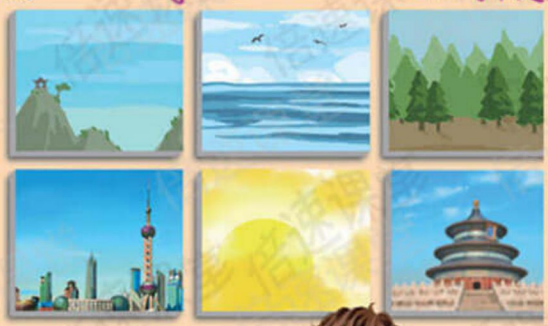



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答语：It's/they're + 名词所有格/物词性物主代词。

例：－Whose is this picture? 这幅画是谁的？
－It's my sister's. 它是我妹妹的。



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Let's spell

Read, listen and chant.

听力小提示：听录音时，尝试跟唱，利用歌谣感知ng和nk在单词中的发音。并根据听到的录音对单词进行读音归类。

字母组合ng在单词中发/ŋ/音。/ŋ/属于浊辅音，发音时声带振动。

















字母组合nk在单词中发/ŋk/音。/ŋ/是浊辅音，/k/是清辅音，发音时声带不振动。

Read, write and listen.

trunk	song	ring	think	sing	thing
drink	pink	thank	morning	long	bank

-ng	-nk
song, ring, sing, thing, morning, long	trunk, think, drink, pink, thank bank

Look, listen and write.



(eat)



(jump)



(drink)



(sing)

Zoom is eating. John is jumping. Zip is drinking. Sarah is singing.

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Let's spell

Read, listen and chant.

听力小提示：听录音时，尝试跟唱，利用歌谣感知ng和nk在单词中的发音。并根据听到的录音对单词进行读音归类。

字母组合ng在单词中发/ŋ/音。/ŋ/属于浊辅音，发音时声带振动。

















字母组合nk在单词中发/ŋk/音。/ŋ/是浊辅音，/k/是清辅音，发音时声带不振动。

Read, write and listen.

trunk	song	ring	think	sing	thing
drink	pink	thank	morning	long	bank

-ng	-nk
song, ring, sing, thing, morning, long	trunk, think, drink, pink, thank bank

Look, listen and write.



(eat)



(jump)



(drink)



(sing)

Zoom is eating. John is jumping. Zip is drinking. Sarah is singing.

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例: The dog is eating. 这只狗正在吃东西。

例: The rabbits are playing. 兔子们正在玩。

例: Look! Those rabbits are jumping. 看!那些兔子正在跳。

Let's learn



/'klaimiŋ/ (正在)攀登;攀爬

例: The dog is climbing. 这只狗正在攀爬。



/'i:tiŋ/ (正在)吃



/'pleiiŋ/ (正在)玩耍



/'dʒʌmpiŋ/ (正在)跳跃



/'driŋkiŋ/ (正在)喝(水)

例: The dog is drinking water. 这只狗正在喝水。



/'sli:piŋ/ (正在)睡觉

例: These rabbits are sleeping. 这些兔子正在睡觉。



Let's play



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阅读指导：这是一篇介绍萨拉和罗宾在动物园发生的事情的短文，文中主要介绍了罗宾模仿各种动物的趣事。阅读时可以带着问题在短文中圈出相关的信息。

Read and write

Robin at the zoo

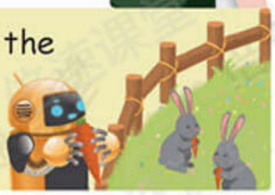
Sarah and Robin are 1. at the zoo.
Robin is excited!



I'm looking at a bear. I'm dancing like a bear. 2.



I'm looking at the rabbits. I'm eating like a rabbit.





I'm looking at a tiger. I'm running like a tiger.



I'm looking at an elephant. I'm walking like an elephant.



I'm looking at a monkey. I'm climbing like him.





I'm looking at a bird. I like flying. I want to be a bird!



Answer the questions.

1. Where are Sarah and Robin?

They are at the zoo.

2. What are the animals doing in the story?

The bear is dancing.

The rabbits are eating.

The tiger is running.

The elephant is walking.

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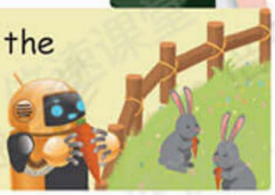



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Let's check

Listen and number.

听力小提示：听录音前，仔细观察图中的人物在干什么。听录音时，注意听清"shopping, cat, climbing, bike, Yifan, eating"等关键词。









Listen again and choose the right answers.

1. What is Amy doing?
   A. She is shopping.
   B. She is eating lunch.

2. Whose bike is it?
   A. It is his.
   B. It is hers.

3. What is the cat doing?
   A. It is climbing.
   B. It is sleeping.

4. What is Wu Yifan doing now?
   A. He is playing.
   B. He is eating.

Let's wrap it up

Complete the sentences.



his	her	my	their	our	your
his	hers	mine	theirs	ours	yours

1. Amy: Whose English book is that?
   John: It's Miss White's book.
   It's hers.
   Amy: Whose storybook is this?
   John: It's Mr Zhang's. It's his.

2. Wu Yifan: Where is my pen?
   I can't find it.
   Sarah: Here's one.
   Is this your pen?
   Wu Yifan: Yes, it's mine. Thank you.

3. Grandpa: Whose rabbits are these?
   Robin: These are Yifan's.
   Grandpa: Oh, these are his rabbits.
   Robin: Look! The rabbits are eating their carrots now.

4. Mike: Mum, my dog is so cute.
   I love him so much.
   Mum: My dear, it's not only your dog. It's also mine.
   Mike: Yes, Mum. He's our dog.

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C

故事会：Zoom和Zip在动物园里游玩拍照。它们先是看到老虎，结果Zoom一打喷嚏把老虎吓跑了。接着看到两只可爱的猴子，它们也在"拍照"。

Story time



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单元主题 小朋友们，你们会询问并回答某人正在做什么事情吗？你们能用英语描述你身边的人的行为规范吗？让我们进入本单元一起来学习吧！

Unit Six



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Work quietly!



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Let's learn

It's 7:30 p.m. What's Chen Jie doing?
晚上七点三十分了。陈杰正在做什么？

She's listening to music. It's 9 o'clock. What are the students doing?
她正在听音乐。九点了。学生们正在做什么？





例：Chen Jie is doing morning exercises.
陈杰正在做早操。

doing morning exercises (正在)做早操

having ... class (正在)上……课







例：Chen Jie is eating lunch.
陈杰正在吃午饭。

eating lunch (正在)吃午饭

reading a book (正在)看书

例：Chen Jie is reading a book.
陈杰正在看书。

listening to music (正在)听音乐

例：Chen Jie is listening to music now.
现在陈杰正在听音乐。

Look and say



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Let's spell

Read, listen and chant.



字母组合wh在单词中发/w/音。/w/是个浊辅音，发音时声带振动。

wh在单词中发/h/音。/h/是个清辅音，发音时声带不振动。

Listen and circle.

1 what/white

2 wait/when

3 weather/whose

4 who/wall

5 where/well

听力小提示：听录音前仔细观察每组单词。听录音时，注意字母w和字母组合wh的发音。

Ask your partner three "wh" questions and write them down.

1. What colour is it?
2. When do you get up?
3. Whose book is that?
4. Who's that boy?

〈答案不唯一〉

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B

预习探新知：John在图书馆里给Tom指英语书在哪里，并告诉他一些其他事情。

Let's try

听力小提示：1.听录音前，观察图片，猜测人物所在的地点，熟悉给出的两个标志。2.听录音时，注意听清教师说的话。

Listen and circle.



Quiet, please!



No eating!



Let's talk

Tom: My name is Tom. What's your name?
John: Shh. Talk quietly. I'm John. I can show you the English books.
Tom: Thanks.
John: Here they are.
Tom: OK. Can I read the books here?
John: Yes. Of course.
Tom: Anything else?
John: Yes. Keep your desk clean.
Tom: OK, I will. Thanks.



Match, say and act.

Do型祈使句：动词原形（+其他）。
例：Open the book, please. 请打开书。



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Listen and circle.



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Let's learn

例：Keep quiet. The baby is sleeping. 保持安静。这个宝宝正在睡觉。

/ki:p/ 靠右。

Keep to the right.

保持某种状态

Keep your desk clean.

保持你的课桌干净。

Talk quietly.

小声讲话。



例：It's your turn to use the crayons. 轮到你用蜡笔了。

Look, match and say

1. He is talking in the library.	A. Keep to the right.
2. We are playing a game.	B. Talk quietly.
3. She is colouring at her desk.	C. Take turns.
4. They are writing in class.	D. Keep your desk clean.
5. They are walking on a bridge.	E. Work quietly.



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阅读指导：阅读文章时，将文章和图片结合起来阅读，有助于更好地理解文章内容。第一幅图中的机器人身上画有一片枫叶，这是加拿大的标志，所以这个机器人来自加拿大。第三幅图中两个穿着和服的机器人来自于日本。

Read and write

The world robot exhibition



Fill in the blanks.

The Canadian robot is drawing a picture.

Asako is making sushi.

The Spanish robot is playing music.

Robin is doing kung fu.

Sarah and Robin are talking to the Spanish robot.

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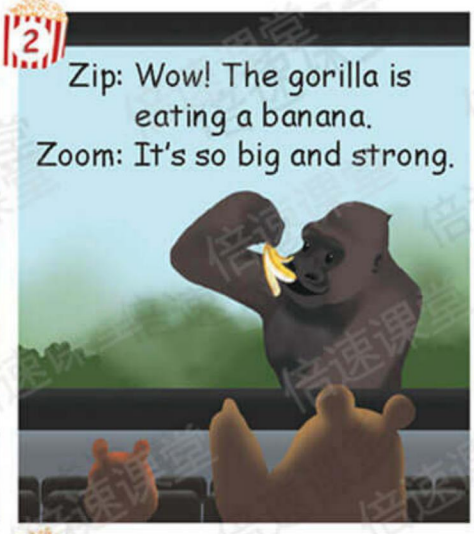
故事会：Zoom和Zip在电影院看电影。Zoom一边看电影，一边吃爆米花，同时还和Zip聊天。坐在它们后面的老虎十分不满Zoom和Zip的行为。

C Story time













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