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专项	期末
突破卷（4套）	测试卷（1套）



年级

英语（上）

吉林教育出版社

题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	十二	总分
得分													

听力部分（30分）

听力测试

一、听录音，选出你所听到的单词或短语。（5分）

（ ）1. A. football　B. basketball　C. ping-pong
（ ）2. A. love　B. little　C. live
（ ）3. A. swimming　B. dancing　C. running
（ ）4. A. next week　B. next year　C. next time
（ ）5. A. playground　B. sports centre　C. classroom

二、听录音，判断下列图片与所听内容是否相符，相符的打“√”，不相符的打“×”。（5分）

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 

（ ）（ ）（ ）（ ）（ ）

三、听录音，选择你所听到的句子。（10分）

（ ）1. A. What is she doing?　B. What is he doing?
（ ）2. A. The boys are in the playground.　B. The girls are near the river.
（ ）3. A. Pete is riding a bike.　B. Kate is singing.
（ ）4. A. What are you doing?　B. Are you flying a kite?
（ ）5. A. I'm going to play football.　B. They aren't playing tennis.

四、听录音，选择恰当的答语。（10分）

（ ）1. A. Yes, I can.　B. No, I don't.　C. No, I'm not.
（ ）2. A. They are playing football.　B. He is riding a bike.　C. She is singing.
（ ）3. A. She is flying a kite.　B. Yes, she is.　C. Yes, she does.
（ ）4. A. He is in the room.　B. He is washing his face.　C. No, he isn't.
（ ）5. A. I'm watching TV.　B. She is watching TV.　C. He is watching TV.

笔试部分（70分）

五、选出下列每组单词中不同类的一项。（5分）

（ ）1. A. singing　B. riding　C. spring
（ ）2. A. park　B. love　C. classroom
（ ）3. A. grandfather　B. week　C. grandmother
（ ）4. A. white　B. what　C. where
（ ）5. A. in　B. near　C. their

六、单项选择。（5分）

（ ）1. —Where _____ the boys in your class?
—They're in the reading room.
A. am　B. is　C. are
（ ）2. —What is your mother doing?
—She is _____.
A. watch TV　B. watching TV　C. watches TV
（ ）3. —Can you see a girl _____ a blue shirt? —Yes, I can.
A. in　B. at　C. on
（ ）4. Look! Jill and Lulu _____.
A. running　B. is running　C. are running
（ ）5. —Where are you?
—We are at the _____.
A. sport centre　B. sports centre　C. sport centres

七、从括号中选择合适的词填空。（5分）

1. Some girls are _____ (in/ at) the playground.
2. My father _____ (loves/ loving) horses.
3. Listen! The birds _____ (singing / are singing) in the tree.
4. His grandpa and grandma are going to _____ (having / have) a match next week.
5. What _____ (is / are) your brother doing?

八、根据表格，仿照例子写对话。（10分）

			
Mike	√	×	×
Eve	×	√	×
Lucy	×	×	√

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例：—What is Mike doing?
—He is playing football.

1. —_____
—_____
2. —_____
—_____

九、连词成句。（10 分）

1. playing, they, playground, the, are, in (.)
_____
2. I, to, sports, am, the, going, centre (.)
_____
3. is, fast, the, running, horse, very (.)
_____
4. is, the, what, man, doing (?)
_____
5. he, river, the, sitting, is, near (.)
_____

十、问答匹配。（5 分）

(　　) 1. Are you going shopping, Mum?
(　　) 2. What is Eve doing?
(　　) 3. Can you fly a kite?
(　　) 4. What are they doing?
(　　) 5. Where are you?

A. No, I can't.
B. I'm in the park.
C. They are dancing.
D. Yes, I am.
E. She is reading.

十一、选择恰当的选项补全对话。（10 分）

A：Hi, Dongdong! I'm at home. Where are you?
B：Hi, Tom. 1. _____
A：What are you doing?
B：2. _____Are you reading a book, too?
A：No, 3. _____Tomorrow is Sunday.
4. _____
B：OK. Where shall we meet?
A：5. _____
B：OK.

A. I'm reading a book.
B. Let's go swimming, OK?
C. I'm in the park.
D. Shall we meet at my house at nine?
E. I'm doing my homework.

十二、阅读理解。（20 分）

（一）根据短文内容填空。（10 分）

What a fine day! Some children are playing in the garden. There are some beautiful flowers in it. Cindy and Lingling are watering the flowers. Beside the garden, there is a big tree. Some boys are playing games near it. Under the tree, there are some girls. A little girl is singing. Three girls are dancing. Kate and Lulu are drawing. They are very happy.

1. Some boys and girls are _____ in the garden.
2. There are some _____ flowers in the garden.
3. Cindy and Lingling are _____ flowers.
4. There is a big tree _____ the garden.
5. Three girls are _____ under the tree.

（二）根据短文内容，选择正确的答案。（10 分）

Hello, I'm Tom. I am eleven years old. Kate is my sister. She is in Class One, Grade Five. We are in the same（相同的）class. We have breakfast at seven and go to school at seven thirty. We have four English classes and five maths classes a week. On Sundays, I always play basketball with my friends. Kate does her homework, and then she helps our mum do housework. She is very helpful.

(　　) 1. What class is Tom in?
A. He is in Class Five.　B. He is in Class One.
C. He is in Grade One.
(　　) 2. Tom is Kate's _____.
A. sister　B. father　C. brother
(　　) 3. Do they go to school at seven?
A. Yes, they do.　B. No, they doesn't.　C. No, they don't.
(　　) 4. How many English classes do they have a week?
A. Four.　B. Five.　C. Nine.
(　　) 5. What does Kate do on Sundays?
A. She does her homework.　B. She does housework.　C. Both A and B.

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得分												

听力部分（30分）

听力测试

一、听录音，选出你所听到的单词。（5分）

（ ）1. A. litter　B. letter　C. late
（ ）2. A. think　B. thank　C. thing
（ ）3. A. seat　B. sad　C. supper
（ ）4. A. cake　B. catch　C. kite
（ ）5. A. right　B. sport　C. meet

二、听录音， 选择与所听内容相符的图片。（5分）

（ ）1. A.  　B. 
（ ）2. A.  　B. 
（ ）3. A.  　B. 
（ ）4. A.  　B. 
（ ）5. A.  　B. 

三、听录音，选择恰当的答语。（10分）

（ ）1. A. Sorry, Mum.　B. Thank you.
（ ）2. A. Yes, please.　B. That's all right.
（ ）3. A. She is cleaning the window.　B. He is cleaning the bike.
（ ）4. A. Because the bus was late.　B. Because I like flying a kite.
（ ）5. A. Yes, I am.　B. I'm in the classroom.

四、听录音，补全句子。（10分）

1. _____ I use your ruler?
2. Sam is doing the right _____.
3. They're riding a bike in the _____.
4. He is running on the _____. It's bad.
5. Tom, don't be late _____ time.

笔试部分（70分）

五、选出与所给单词属于同一类的选项。（5分）

（ ）1. riding　A. thing　B. sing　C. playing
（ ）2. close　A. window　B. sit　C. potato
（ ）3. fine　A. eat　B. nine　C. happy
（ ）4. mother　A. grandma　B. boy　C. man
（ ）5. wants　A. class　B. bus　C. sees

六、生活中常常能见到一些指示牌，下列这些地方需要放置什么指示牌呢？想一想，选一选。（5分）

1.  （ ）
2.  （ ）
3.  （ ）
4.  （ ）
5.  （ ）

A. Keep quiet!　B. Watch your step!
C. No littering!　D. Keep off the grass!
E. Don't waste food!

七、单项选择。（5分）

（ ）1. —May I _____ a look?
—Of course.
A. having　B. have　C. to have

（ ）2. —I'm sorry I'm late.
—_____
A. OK.　B. You're welcome.　C. That's all right.

（ ）3. Don't _____ the window.
A. close　B. closing　C. closes

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(　　) 4. Jack's mother _____, "Good boy, Jack."
A. say　　B. says　　C. saying

(　　) 5. The teacher asks Tom to go to his _____ and _____ down.
A. sit; seat　　B. seat; sit　　C. sit; sit

八、用所给词的适当形式填空。(10 分)

1. Look at _____ (you) book.
2. No _____ (spit)!
3. Don't _____ (be) late for school.
4. He _____ (eat) a banana now.
5. Please _____ (close) the door.

九、在疫情防控期间，判断下列行为是 (√) 否 (×) 正确。(10 分)

(　　) 1. Linda goes shopping with her friends.
(　　) 2. Don't wash hands.
(　　) 3. Don't go out, and stay at home.
(　　) 4. Put on the mask (口罩).
(　　) 5. Close the window every day.

十、给下列句子选择合适的答语。(10 分)

(　　) 1. Where is Ted?
(　　) 2. Don't run on the grass.
(　　) 3. May I come in?
(　　) 4. What is your mother doing?
(　　) 5. Good boy, Ted.

A. Thank you, Mum.
B. She is doing the housework.
C. He is in the park.
D. Yes, please.
E. OK, Mum.

十一、阅读理解。(25 分)

(一) 根据短文内容，选择正确的答案。(10 分)

It's a fine day. Peter and his sister Alice are playing in a park. They see many beautiful flowers. Alice wants to pick(摘) some flowers. But Peter says, "Don't pick flowers. It's bad." Then Alice walks on the grass. Peter says, "Look! Keep off the grass! It's not good." Alice says, "Oh, I'm sorry."

(　　) 1. Today is a _____ day.
A. bad　　B. fine　　C. cold

(　　) 2. Where are Peter and his sister?
A. They are in the zoo.　　B. They are in the playground.
C. They are in a park.

(　　) 3. Alice sees many _____.
A. flowers　　B. cats　　C. trees

(　　) 4. "Keep off the grass!" means(意思是) _____.
A. you can't walk on the grass　　B. you can walk on the grass
C. you can pick some flowers

(　　) 5. Which one is right?
A. Pick flowers.　　B. Walk on the grass.　　C. Don't waste food!

(二) 根据短文内容，完成下列任务。(15 分)

It's warm today. Bob and his father are visiting the city. They're very happy. They're in a museum (博物馆). There is a beautiful vase (花瓶) on the desk. Bob wants to touch it. "Don't touch it, Bob. It's expensive (昂贵的). You must be careful," his father stops him. Then they go to the library. "Wow, so many books!" Bob speaks loudly. His father doesn't say anything but points to the sign "Keep quiet!". Bob feels ashamed (羞愧的). Now, they're going to the park. The light is red. Bob is going to cross the street. His father says, "Don't cross the street. It's dangerous (危险的)." Then they wait until the light is green. Bob is hungry. He eats a banana. He is littering. He jumps and runs. Suddenly, Bob slips (滑倒) on a banana peel (皮). His father says, "No littering, Bob. It's bad." "Sorry, Dad," Bob cries.

1. 根据短文内容，给下列图片排序。(10 分)



(　　)　(　　)　(　　)　(　　)　(　　)

2. 生活中你也会遇到一些不文明的行为，请为这些不文明的行为写一些相关的标志语。(至少写两句) (5 分)

例：No littering!

_____

_____

_____

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得分												

听力部分（30分）

听力测试

一、看图，听录音，将正确序号标在相应的方框内。（5分）



二、听录音，选出正确的图片。（5分）

（ ）1. A.  B. 

（ ）2. A.  B. 

（ ）3. A.  B. 

（ ）4. A.  B. 

（ ）5. A.  B. 

三、听录音，判断句子正（T）误（F）。（10分）

（ ）1. He watches TV in the evening.
（ ）2. Does a computer have a screen?
（ ）3. I play with my good friends every evening.
（ ）4. Lucy has a new pen.
（ ）5. She doesn't have a bike.

四、听录音，选择恰当的答语。（10分）

（ ）1. A. Yes, she does. B. No, it doesn't.
（ ）2. A. It's a TV. B. Yes, it does.
（ ）3. A. Yes, she does. B. No, he doesn't.
（ ）4. A. Yes, it is. B. No, he is short.
（ ）5. A. It's on the desk. B. No, it doesn't.

笔试部分（70分）

五、根据图片提示，填写合适的单词。（10分）

1. The elephant has two big _____.
2. Look! He is _____ emails to Eve.
3. I have two _____.
4. Close your _____. Please keep quiet.
5. Jim is my friend. He is very _____.



六、单项选择。（10分）

（ ）1. —_____ you have a red crayon? —Yes, I do.
A. Are B. Do C. Does

（ ）2. —_____ your father have a car?
—Yes, he _____.
A. Do; do B. Does; doesn't C. Does; does

（ ）3. I play _____ her every day.
A. to B. with C. at

（ ）4. I _____ a toy cat. It _____ brown eyes.
A. has; has B. have; have C. have; has

（ ）5. —Where is the book? —Here _____.
A. it is B. is it C. are you

七、用所给词的适当形式填空。（10分）

1. It _____ (look) like a computer.
2. _____ (do) Tom have a blue cap?
3. Mary _____ (have) a long ruler.
4. The letters are _____ (email).
5. A TV doesn't _____ (have) a mouse.

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八、根据图片提示，判断句子正（√）误（×）。（5分）

This is Linda. She is talking on the phone.



（　　）1. Linda doesn't have a pair of glasses.

（　　）2. The computer has a keyboard and a mouse.

（　　）3. Linda has a little cat.

（　　）4. She has a bag. It's on the table.

（　　）5. The dog is behind Linda.

九、给下列句子排序，组成一段完整、通顺的对话。（5分）

（　　）Oh, I see. She is Lucy.

（ 3 ）No, she is short.

（　　）Hello, Jack. I have a new friend. Please guess.

（　　）Does she wear a red dress?

（　　）Is she tall?

（　　）Yes, she does.

十、阅读理解。（20分）

（一）根据材料内容，判断正（√）误（×）。（10分）

Animal: panda
Eats: bamboo
Colour: black and white
Has got: black eyes, black ears, black arms and legs, a white face and a white body
Can: climb trees, swim



Animal: rabbit
Eats: carrots
Colour: white
Has got: long ears, red eyes, a short tail
Can: jump, run fast



（　　）1. The panda eats bamboo and carrots.

（　　）2. The panda has black eyes, ears, arms and legs.

（　　）3. The rabbit is white.

（　　）4. The rabbit has short ears, red eyes and a long tail.

（　　）5. The panda can climb trees and swim.

（二）阅读短文，选择正确的答案。（10分）

Jerry is an English boy. He is thirteen. He lives with his family in China now. There are four people in his family. His father is a doctor. He works in a hospital. His mother is a teacher. She works in a primary school. His little sister is only one. She doesn't go to school. Now, his father is cleaning his bike. What is Jerry doing? Oh, he is doing his Chinese homework. He can't speak Chinese very well, but he likes Chinese very much. He always plays games with his Chinese friends.

（　　）1. Where is Jerry from?
A. China.　　B. The UK.　　C. Japan.

（　　）2. Who is a teacher?
A. Jerry.　　B. Jerry's father.　　C. Jerry's mother.

（　　）3. How old is Jerry's little sister?
A. Thirteen.　　B. Four.　　C. One.

（　　）4. What is Jerry's father doing?
A. He is cleaning his bike.　　B. He is doing Chinese homework.
C. He is playing games.

（　　）5. Can Jerry speak Chinese very well?
A. Yes, he can.　　B. No, he can't.　　C. Yes, he does.

十一、照例写句子。（10分）

例：（She, a brown dog）
→She has a brown dog.
Does she have a brown dog?

1.（He, big eyes）

_____.
_____?

2.（A computer, a mouse）

_____.
_____?

3.（The boy, a nice TV）

_____.
_____?

4.（I, a big body）

_____.
_____?

5.（His mother, a beautiful dress）

_____.
_____?

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听力部分（30分）

听力测试

一、听录音，选出你所听到的单词或短语。（10分）

（ ）1. A. centre　B. carrot　C. could
（ ）2. A. food　B. foot　C. forest
（ ）3. A. something　B. anything　C. sometimes
（ ）4. A. shopping　B. skating　C. sitting
（ ）5. A. please　B. police　C. plant
（ ）6. A. tell　B. ball　C. tall
（ ）7. A. feel like　B. look like　C. would like
（ ）8. A. lots of　B. in front of　C. a bottle of
（ ）9. A. under the tree　B. in the tree　C. on the tree
（ ）10. A. stand up　B. sit down　C. come in

二、听录音，给下列图片排序。（5分）


（ ）

（ ）

（ ）

（ ）


（ ）

三、听录音，选答语。（5分）

（ ）1. A. Yes, it does.　B. Yes, he does.
（ ）2. A. I'd like some water.　B. I like playing tennis.
（ ）3. A. It's a keyboard.　B. It's near the computer.
（ ）4. A. He is swimming.　B. Yes, he likes swimming.
（ ）5. A. Yes, there is.　B. No, there aren't.

四、听录音，补全句子。（10分）

1. Mike is going to ride a horse next _____.
2. She is _____ a letter to her friend.
3. I _____ read books on the computer.
4. I'd like some _____.
5. Can you tell me a _____?

笔试部分（70分）

五、根据句意和图片提示写单词，完成句子。（5分）

1. He is playing football in the _____.

2. There are some _____ in front of the house.

3. Eating much _____ is good for your body.

4. They are going to the vegetable _____.


5. —What would you like?
—I'd like a bag of _____.


六、选词填空。（10分）

1. Listen! Mary _____（singing/is singing）in the room.
2. My grandmother _____（have/has）a new TV.
3. The boy likes _____（listen/listening）to music.
4. How _____（many/much）chicken do you want?
5. There _____（is/are）an apple and two bananas in the basket.

七、判断下列行为哪些是正确（√）的，哪些是错误（×）的。（10分）

（ ）1. Tom is playing football in the classroom.
（ ）2. Kate is always late for school.
（ ）3. The boys and girls help the baby panda go back to the forest.
（ ）4. Ann opens the door for the thief.
（ ）5. Amy doesn't waste food.

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八、问答匹配。（10 分）

（　　）1. What's behind the door?
（　　）2. Does a TV have a keyboard?
（　　）3. What is she doing?
（　　）4. How much meat do you want?
（　　）5. What does Tom like?

A. I want three kilos.
B. A chair.
C. He likes skating.
D. No, it doesn't.
E. She is flying a kite.

九、补全对话。（10 分）

A：Mom, I'm hungry. 1. _____
B：No, there isn't. There are some bananas in it.
A：I don't like bananas. 2. _____
B：Sure. Let's go.
C：What can I do for you?
A and B：3. _____
C：Would you like some hot dogs?
B：Oh, yes.
C：4. _____
B：I want two.
C：Anything else?
B：No, that's all. 5. _____
C：Twenty-seven *yuan*.
B：Here is the money.
C：Thank you.

A. Can we go shopping now?
B. How many hot dogs do you want?
C. Is there any bread in the fridge?
D. How much is it?
E. We want some bread.

十、阅读理解。（20 分）

（一）阅读短文，选择正确的答案。（10 分）

It's seven thirty. The clock is ringing. Mary gets up. She goes to clean her face and teeth. Her mother cooks breakfast for the family. She says, "Breakfast is on the table, Mary. Your dad is waiting for you." Mary comes out. Her dad says, "Would you like a bun?" "Yes, but half a bun." They have eggs, buns and some drinks this morning. Mary has a glass of milk. Her mother has tea, but her father drinks juice.

（　　）1. What time is it?
A. It's seven.　　B. It's thirty.　　C. It's seven thirty.

（　　）2. —Who cooks breakfast for the family?
—_____.
A. Mary's mother　　B. Mary　　C. Mary's father

（　　）3. —What would Mary like?
—She'd like _____.
A. some bread　　B. a bun　　C. half a bun

（　　）4. Does Mary have a glass of milk?
A. Yes, she is.　　B. Yes, she does.　　C. No, she doesn't.

（　　）5. —What do they have for breakfast?
—They have _____.
A. eggs, buns and some drinks　　B. eggs, buns and some tea
C. bread, buns and some juice

（二）根据短文内容，判断正（T）误（F）。（10 分）

Mr Brown teaches us English this term. He is about thirty-two years old. He is tall. He likes wearing a white shirt and black trousers. He speaks English very well. We all like his English lessons. His home is near the school. So he always goes home on foot. His two sons are also in our school. They look alike. They often wear the same clothes. But they're in different grades. Sometimes we play with them. They are friendly. We like them, too.

（　　）1. Mr Brown is an English teacher.
（　　）2. Mr Brown likes wearing a white shirt and brown trousers.
（　　）3. Mr Brown's home is not far from the school, so he always goes home on foot.
（　　）4. Mr Brown's sons look alike and often wear the same clothes.
（　　）5. We always play with Mr Brown's sons.

十一、看图片，用 There be 句型描述这个客厅（living room）里都有什么，至少写 5 句话。（5 分）

例：There is a clock on the wall.

_____
_____
_____
_____
_____



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Lesson 1 培优测试卷

听力材料：

一、1. Jill is playing basketball over there.
2. I love my mother very much.
3. —What are you doing?
—I'm running.
4. They are going to fly a kite next week.
5. Tom is at the sports centre.

二、1. Look! He is riding a horse.
2. The boys are playing ping-pong.
3. She is dancing.
4. Tom is playing tennis with his friend.
5. They are reading books.

三、1. What is he doing?
2. The boys are in the playground.
3. Pete is riding a bike.
4. Are you flying a kite?
5. I'm going to play football.

四、1. Are you going shopping, Mum?
2. What are they doing?
3. Is the girl singing?
4. Where is John?
5. What is Tom doing?

答案：

一、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. A 5. B

二、1. √ 2. × 3. × 4. √ 5. ×

三、1. B 2. A 3. A 4. B 5. A

四、1. C 2. A 3. B 4. A 5. C

五、1. C 2. B 3. B 4. A 5. C

六、1. C **点拨**：主语 boys 是复数，所以用 are。
2. B **点拨**：问句为现在进行时，答语也应用现在进行时。现在进行时的结构为：主语 + be 动词 + 动词的-ing 形式 + 其他.，故选 B。
3. A **点拨**：in + a/an + 颜色 + 衣服，表示穿着一件什么颜色的衣服。
4. C
5. B **点拨**：at the sports centre，固定搭配。

七、1. in
2. loves
3. are singing
4. have **点拨**：be going to do sth. 表示将要做某事。
5. is

八、1. What is Eve doing? She is dancing.
2. What is Lucy doing? She is swimming.

九、1. They are playing in the playground.
2. I am going to the sports centre.
3. The horse is running very fast.
4. What is the man doing?
5. He is sitting near the river.

十、1. D 2. E 3. A 4. C 5. B

十一、1. C 2. A 3. E 4. B 5. D

十二、（一）1. playing
2. beautiful
3. watering
4. beside
5. dancing

（二）1. B 2. C 3. C 4. A 5. C

Lesson 2 培优测试卷

听力材料：

一、1. You are not late. It's only six o'clock.
2. We should do the right thing.
3. Tom, please go back to your seat.
4. You can't catch the butterfly.
5. I think you are right.

二、1. No spitting!
2. Keep quiet!
3. Don't waste food!
4. Stand up!
5. Please close the door.

三、1. W: Don't litter, Eve. It's bad.
2. May I come in?
3. What is Peter doing?
4. Why do you like spring?
5. Where are you?

四、1. May I use your ruler?
2. Sam is doing the right thing.
3. They're riding a bike in the park.
4. He is running on the grass. It's bad.
5. Tom, don't be late next time.

答案：

一、1. C 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. A

二、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. A 5. A

三、1. A 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. B

四、1. May
2. thing
3. park
4. grass
5. next

五、1. C **点拨**：riding 和 playing 都是动词的-ing 形式。
2. B **点拨**：close 和 sit 都是动词。
3. C **点拨**：fine 和 happy 都是形容词。
4. A **点拨**：mother 和 grandma 都是家庭成员。
5. C **点拨**：wants 和 sees 都是动词的单三形式。

六、1. B 2. D 3. A 4. E 5. C

七、1. B **点拨**：may 是情态动词，后加动词原形。
2. C
3. A **点拨**：否定祈使句的结构为：Don't + 动词原形 + 其他.。
4. B **点拨**：Jack's mother 为第三人称单数，谓语动词用第三人称单数形式，故选择 B。
5. B

八、1. your
2. spitting
3. be
4. is eating
5. close

九、1. × 2. × 3. √ 4. √ 5. ×

十、1. C 2. E 3. D 4. B 5. A

十一、（一）1. B
2. C **点拨**：由第 2 句“Peter and his sister Alice are playing in a park.”可知答案。
3. A **点拨**：由第 3 句“They see many beautiful flowers.”可知答案。
4. A **点拨**：“Keep off the grass!”意为“勿踏草地!”，故 A 选项符合句意。
5. C

（二）1. 4 2 3 1 5
2. No spitting! Don't run on the grass. Keep quiet!（合理即可）

Lesson 3 培优测试卷

听力材料：

一、A. screen
B. computer
C. mouse
D. keyboard
E. TV

二、1. He is my grandfather.
2. The little girl has two big eyes.
3. —Does Mike like playing basketball?
—Yes, he does.
4. She is writing a letter.
5. I have a new schoolbag this term.

三、1. He watches TV in the evening.
2. Does a computer have a screen?
3. I play with my good friends every morning.
4. Lucy has a new pencil.
5. She doesn't have a bike.

四、1. Does a TV have a mouse?
2. What's that?
3. Does she have a watch?
4. Is he tall?
5. Where is the book?

答案：

一、 

二、1. B 2. B 3. B 4. A 5. A

三、1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. T

四、1. B 2. A 3. A 4. B 5. A

五、1. ears
2. writing
3. hands
4. mouth
5. tall

六、1. B **点拨**：be 动词后用动词-ing 形式，排除 A，

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you 是第二人称，故排除 C，选 B。

2. C　**点拨**：主语 your father 是第三人称单数，助动词用 does。

3. B　**点拨**：play with…是固定搭配，意为“和……玩”。

4. C　**点拨**：第一个句子主语 I 是第一人称，动词用 have；第二个句子主语 It 是第三人称单数，动词用 has。

5. A

七、1. looks
2. Does
3. has
4. emails
5. have

八、1. √　**点拨**：a pair of glasses 一副眼镜。
2. ×
3. ×
4. √
5. ×　**点拨**：behind 在……之后，从图中可看出，狗在 Linda 的旁边。

九、6　3　1　4　2　5

十、（一）1. ×　**点拨**：bamboo 竹子，carrots 胡萝卜。
2. √　3. √
4. ×　**点拨**：应该是 long ears 和 a short tail。
5. √

（二）1. B　2. C　3. C　4. A　5. B

十一、1. He has big eyes
Does he have big eyes
2. A computer has a mouse
Does a computer have a mouse
3. The boy has a nice TV
Does the boy have a nice TV
4. I have a big body
Do you have a big body
5. His mother has a beautiful dress
Does his mother have a beautiful dress

Lesson 4 培优测试卷

听力材料：

一、1. He can swim well.
2. Don't run on the grass.
3. I often go to school by car.
4. I'm going to play basketball with my brother.
5. Let's go skating.

二、1. Hi, I'm Mingming. I like playing football.
2. The boy likes making kites.
3. She likes drawing very much.
4. He likes fishing. Look! He is fishing now.
5. My sister likes swimming.

三、1. Look! Tom is swimming.
2. —Does Kate like flying a kite?
—Yes, she does.
3. —What are you doing, Dongdong?
—I'm skating.
4. Mike likes playing basketball.
5. —Does Eve like dancing?
—No, she likes riding a bike.

四、1. Jim likes playing cards.
2. He often goes fishing on Sundays.
3. Does he like ball games?
4. He can swim very well.
5. Sometimes he plays football with Jill.

答案：

一、1. B　2. C　3. A　4. B　5. C

二、1. ×　2. √　3. ×　4. √　5. √

三、1—D　2—C　3—E　4—B　5—A

四、1. cards
2. often
3. like
4. well
5. Sometimes

五、1. B　2. A　3. A　4. C　5. C

六、1. A　**点拨**：主语 Mary and Lulu 是两个人，为复数，故助动词用 do。
2. C　**点拨**：but 表示转折，排除 A，主语 she 为第三人称单数，排除 B，故选 C。
3. A　**点拨**：can 是情态动词，后加动词原形。
4. C　**点拨**：答语为 No，he doesn't.，因此问句以 Does 开头，排除 A；like doing sth.，排除 B，故选 C。
5. B　**点拨**：often 是频度副词，一般放在实义动词之前。

七、1. like
2. cards
3. watches　**点拨**：sometimes 为频度副词，用一般现在时，主语 he 为第三人称单数，谓语动词用 watches。
4. is playing　**点拨**：now 为现在进行时的标志词。
5. running

八、1. playing cards
2. goes fishing
3. playing ping-pong
4. reading books
5. goes swimming

九、1. B　2. D　3. E　4. C　5. A

十、（一）1. F　2. F　3. T　4. F　5. T

（二）1. A　2. C
3. B
4. B
5. C　**点拨**：由倒数第 2、3、4 句可知，Tom 六岁踢足球，现在五年级，踢球五年了，因此他今年十一岁。

十一、1. Does he like riding a horse?
Yes, he does. / No, he doesn't.
2. Does she like skating?
Yes, she does. / No, she doesn't.

Lesson 5 培优测试卷

听力材料：

一、1. Tom and Lucy are writing.
2. My sister is only three years old.
3. He likes taking photos.
4. He always plays football with his friends.
5. My family all enjoy reading books.

二、1. I like watching TV.
2. My sister likes music.
3. The girl likes dancing.
4. The boy likes taking photos.
5. I like playing basketball.

三、1. What do you like?
2. What does Lulu like?
3. Does he like swimming?
4. Does a computer have a keyboard?
5. What is he doing?

四、My name is Eve. My family all like watching TV. My father likes watching football games and basketball games. My mother likes seeing TV plays. My brother Peter and I like cartoons.

答案：

一、1. C　2. B　3. A　4. A　5. A

二、5　1　3　4　2

三、1. A　2. B　3. A　4. B　5. A

四、

	Basketball games	Cartoons	Football games	TV plays
Father	√		√	
Mother				√
Peter		√		
Eve		√		

五、1. C　**点拨**：but 表示转折，前后不一致，排除 A B，故选 C。
2. C
3. B　**点拨**：everyone 为不定代词，作主语时，动词用单三形式；enjoy doing sth. 喜欢做某事。
4. A　**点拨**：in one's free time 在某人的空闲时间，为固定搭配。
5. A　**点拨**：not... at all 一点也不，为固定搭配。

六、1. does
2. enjoys
3. watches
4. running
5. likes

七、4　5　2　3　1

八、1. She likes listening to music.
2. Does she like seeing films?
3. What do you like?
4. What does he like?
5. Yes, she does.

九、1. C　2. D　3. E　4. A　5. B

十、1. going fishing/ fishing
2. going shopping
3. playing football

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4. dancing
5. swimming

十一、（一）1. F 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T

（二）1. noses；legs
2. jumping
3. meat
4. feed

Lesson 6 培优测试卷

听力材料：

一、1. Go to your seat and sit down, please.
2. Let's go and take a look.
3. —Does he have a mouth?
—Yes, he does.
4. She often goes swimming in summer.
5. Everyone likes playing football.

二、1. The boys are playing football in the playground.
2. Dad is cleaning his bike.
3. Do you have a pencil?
4. What is your favourite animal?
5. He doesn't like it at all.

三、1. They're playing in the park.
2. My father always plays cards with his friends.
3. I have two hands.
4. A computer has a mouse.
5. They like playing tennis.

四、1. What does she like?
2. Don't run on the grass, Tom.
3. What are they doing?
4. Is he tall?
5. Does a TV have a mouse?

答案：

一、1. A 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. C

二、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. A

三、4 2 5 3 1

四、1. B 2. B 3. A 4. A 5. B

五、1. films
2. cards
3. grass
4. playground
5. emails

六、1. writing
2. have
3. spitting
4. at
5. playing

七、1. What is your mother doing over there?
2. Mike is doing the right thing.
3. A computer has a keyboard.
4. We all enjoy listening to music.
5. Let's go and take a look.

八、1. B 2. E 3. D
4. C **点拨**：下一句中有 make a kite，推测出这一句跟 kite 有关，因此选 C.
5. A

九、（一）1. B 2. C 3. C 4. A 5. C

（二）1. eating and singing
2. tiger
3. running fast
4. gibbon
5. drinking water

十、范例：
He is my friend.
He has short hair.
He has big ears.
He likes playing ball games.
He is Tom.
（根据实际情况，合理即可）

期中测试卷

听力材料：

一、1. Sometimes he plays cards with Jill.
2. I'm sitting near the river.
3. What's Kate doing over there?
4. —Does he have a head?
—Yes, he does.
5. She is a tall girl.

二、1. A computer has a mouse.
2. —Do they like playing basketball?
—No, they like playing football.
3. My family all enjoy watching TV.
4. Linda is shopping now.
5. Tom, sit down please.

三、1. What are you doing?
2. Do you have a ruler?
3. What's that?
4. Is she writing a letter?
5. Where is she from?

四、1. He is going to watch a match next week.
2. She often goes shopping on Sundays.
3. Don't run on the grass.
4. Eve is flying a kite. Let's go and take a look.
5. Jack likes seeing films.

答案：

一、1. C 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. A

二、1. A 2. B 3. B 4. A 5. B

三、1. B 2. A 3. A 4. B 5. B

四、1. week
2. often
3. grass
4. take
5. films

五、1. grandfather/grandpa
2. sports
3. eyes
4. music
5. park

六、1. sitting
2. go
3. have
4. watches
5. does

七、1. She likes playing basketball.
Yes, he does.
2. What is he doing?
Does he like riding a bike?

八、1. E 2. D 3. B 4. C 5. A

九、1. C 2. E 3. A 4. D 5. B

十、1. reading **点拨**：read a book，固定搭配。
2. likes **点拨**：由前一句推出，Lucy 非常喜欢读书，主语 She 是第三人称单数，故用 likes。
3. are **点拨**：Tom and his friend 是两个人，因此用 are。
4. drawing **点拨**：draw a picture，固定搭配。
5. riding **点拨**：ride a bike，固定搭配。

十一、（一）1. B
2. A **点拨**：From Monday to Friday 周一至周五，由此可知，是五天。
3. C 4. C 5. A

（二）1. spring
2. warm and sunny
3. summer
4. go swimming
5. autumn
6. cool
7. cold and snowy
8. make snowmen

Lesson 7 培优测试卷

听力材料：

一、1. What would you like?
2. I want to have some tea.
3. He is seeing a film.
4. —Would you like some candy?
—Yes, please.
5. Please give me a bottle of water, thanks.

二、1. —What would you like?
—I'd like a cup of tea.
2. —What would you like?
— I'd like two carrots.
3. —Can I help you?
—Yes, I'd like two bottles of cold milk.
4. —Can I help you?
—Yes, I want some candy.
5. —Can I help you?
—Yes, I want to buy some juice for my mother.

三、1. What would you like?
2. Would you like some candy?
3. What would you like to eat?
4. Can I help you?
5. Here you are.

四、1. There is a shop near the school.
2. Let's buy something to eat.
3. I'd like a bottle of orange juice.

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4. Would you like something to drink?
5. She is feeling much better now.

答案：

一、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. C 5. A

二、1. √ 2. √ 3. × 4. × 5. ×

三、1. B 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. C

四、1. shop
2. buy
3. juice
4. drink
5. much

五、Drink：B；D；F；G；I
Food：A；C；E；H；J

六、1. candy
2. a bottle of
3. carrots
4. a cup of
5. an ice cream

七、1. B **点拨**：would like to do sth.，排除C，bananas是水果，故排除A，选B。
2. A **点拨**：with＋宾格，him是he的宾格形式。
3. C
4. C **点拨**：much修饰形容词比较级，better是well的比较级，故选C。
5. B

八、1. C 2. A 3. D 4. B 5. E

九、1. —What would you like?
—I'd like some flowers.
2. —What would you like?
—I'd like an eraser.

十、1. B **点拨**：two后加可数名词复数，因此选hamburgers。
2. D 3. E 4. C 5. A

十一、（一）1. C 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. C
（二）1. carrots；buns
2. tea；juice
3. buns；cakes
4. carrots；cakes
5. bread；juice

Lesson 8 培优测试卷

听力材料：

一、1. Don't worry. I can help you.
2. I can't find my money.
3. —Would you like some cabbages?
—Yes, please.
4. Linda has a toy train.
5. I'd like a cup of tea.

二、1. I want to buy some potatoes.
2. Lele wants to take a train to Shenzhen.
3. —Can I help you?
—Yes, I want some vegetables.
4. —Could I have some cabbages, Mum?
—Sure.
5. There is a hamburger in the fridge.

三、—Can I help you?
—Yes, I'd like some apples.
—Would you like some oranges, too?
—Yes, some oranges, please. How much are they?
—Fifteen *yuan*.

四、1. What would you like?
2. What do you like?
3. Would you like some candy?
4. Could I have some tomatoes?
5. Does he like eating carrots?

答案：

一、1. A 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. B

二、1. A 2. A 3. B 4. A 5. B

三、2 3 1 4 5

四、1. A 2. A 3. B 4. A 5. B

五、1. arms
2. crying
3. train
4. vegetables
5. tomatoes

六、1. C
2. A
3. A **点拨**：对价钱提问用“How much...?”句型。
4. B
5. C **点拨**：give sth. to sb. 给某人某物。

七、1. potatoes
2. wrong
3. to
4. at
5. happily

八、1. E 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. D

九、1. B 2. D 3. E 4. C 5. A

十、（一）1. × **点拨**：在健康饮食金字塔中，牛奶所在层占据一定比例，所以不喝牛奶不利于健康。
2. √ **点拨**：Rice，bread and noodles都是谷类食物，占据比例最多，多吃有利于健康。
3. × **点拨**：ice cream是垃圾食品，不能吃很多。
4. √ **点拨**：多吃水果蔬菜，有益于健康。
5. ×
（二）1. A 2. B 3. C 4. B 5. C

十一、1. —What would you like?
—I'd like an ice cream.
—Would you like some hamburgers?
—Yes, please.
2. —What would you like?
—I'd like some juice.
—Would you like a hot dog?
—Yes, please.

Lesson 9 培优测试卷

听力材料：

一、1. He sometimes goes swimming in summer.
2. Sorry, I don't know.
3. I'd like half a kilo of chicken.
4. Tom, you're so clever.
5. How much milk do you want?

二、1. What would you like?
2. Could I have some pears?
3. How many eggs do you want?
4. They're going to the vegetable shop.
5. He wants a bottle of coke.

三、1. —What can I do for you?
—I want some fruit.
2. —How many cakes do you want?
—I want eight.
3. —Would you like some tomatoes?
—Yes, please.
4. I'd like a cup of tea.
5. —Could I have some meat?
—Sure.

四、1. What can I do for you?
2. How many apples do you want?
3. How much are they?
4. Can I help you?
5. How much meat do you want?

答案：

一、1. B 2. B 3. C 4. A 5. A

二、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. A

三、1. × 2. √ 3. √ 4. × 5. √

四、1. C 2. B 3. A 4. A 5. C

五、How many：C；E；F；H；J
How much：A；B；D；G；I

六、1. chicken
2. Half
3. twenty
4. fruit
5. know

七、1. C
2. B **点拨**：How much...？对不可数名词的量提问，milk是不可数名词。
3. B
4. A **点拨**：in all 总共。
5. C

八、1. tomatoes
2. kilos
3. is
4. show
5. buns

九、G A E J D H F C I B

十、（一）1. A 2. C 3. A 4. C 5. C
（二）1. T 2. F 3. F 4. F 5. T

十一、1. How many eggs do you want?
I want ten.
2. How much rice do you want?
I want half a kilo.

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Lesson 10 培优测试卷

听力材料：

一、1. I live in a small village near the forest.
2. He is a clever child.
3. The doctors like to help other people.
4. The baby panda is happy to go back to its home.
5. There is a garden behind the house.

二、1. There is a pencil on the table.
2. There is a girl in the room.
3. There are some storybooks near the pencil.
4. There is a toy car under the table.
5. There is a teddy bear on the chair.

三、1. There is a goat beside the house.
2. There are two dogs under the tree.
3. The baby tiger is ill and hungry.
4. What's beside the house?
5. The boys are playing games.

四、1. What's under the tree?
2. How many birds are there in the tree?
3. What are they doing?
4. Is it on the table?
5. What's under the chair?

答案：

一、1. A 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. A

二、1. B 2. E 3. D 4. C 5. A

三、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T

四、1. A 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. B

五、1. back
2. children
3. small
4. food
5. Its

六、1. C **点拨**：前者 It's = It is，它是……；后者 its 它的，形容词性物主代词。
2. A **点拨**：be happy to do sth. 很快乐做某事。
3. C **点拨**：children 是复数，谓语动词用复数形式。
4. C
5. B **点拨**：one of + 可数名词复数。

七、1. of
2. to
3. with
4. on
5. in

八、1. B 2. A 3. D 4. E 5. C

九、（一）1. There is a dog and a book on the bed.
2. She is listening to music.
3. There is a toy car under the small chair.
4. It's on the desk.
5. Yes, it is.

（二）1. C 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. B

十、1. What's in the bag?
There are some books in it.
2. What's in front of the house?
There is a car in front of it.
3. What's near the chair?
There is a football near it.

Lesson 11 培优测试卷

听力材料：

一、1. My hometown is near the sea.
2. There are two pianos in our school.
3. My grandmother always tells a story to me every evening.
4. There isn't any bread in the fridge, either.
5. —Can I go swimming with you?
—Sure.

二、1. Tom and I will go fishing next week.
2. There is no tea and no juice in it.
3. People like to see films on Sundays.
4. The park is very clean and beautiful.
5. Our playground is near the classroom.

三、1. There is an apple on the desk.
2. —What's under the tree?
—There are two cows under it.
3. —Would you like some buns?
—Yes, please.
4. I'd like a glass of orange juice.
5. There are some vegetables in the basket.

四、1. What's in the fridge?
2. Is there any bread in the box?
3. Anything else, Mom?
4. Are there any books on the bed?
5. Let's go shopping, OK?

答案：

一、1. A 2. C 3. B 4. A 5. B

二、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. T

三、1. B 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. A

四、1. A 2. B 3. B 4. B 5. A

五、1. C 2. A 3. B 4. B
5. C **点拨**：A、B 两项均是不可数名词，C 是可数名词。

六、1. B **点拨**：any 通常用于否定句和疑问句，some 通常用于肯定句。
2. C **点拨**：either 也，常用于否定句句末。
3. B **点拨**：Everyone 作主语，谓语动词用第三人称单数形式。
4. A
5. C

七、1. is **点拨**：too 常用于肯定句句末，且 a book 为单数。
2. are **点拨**：some 常用于肯定句，children 为复数，故写 are。
3. is **点拨**：some 常用于肯定句，milk 为不可数名词，故写 is。
4. aren't **点拨**：any 常用于否定句，carrots 为复数，故写 aren't。
5. isn't **点拨**：either 常用于否定句句末，meat 为不可数名词，故写 isn't。

八、1. sing
2. shopping
3. stories
4. walking
5. likes

九、vegetables；juice；chicken；carrots；apples

十、（一）1. T **点拨**：Open：11；00 am—2；00 pm，12；30 pm 在此区间内，故正确。
2. T
3. F **点拨**：在米饭中 Rice with vegetables is the cheapest（最便宜的）。。
4. T
5. F **点拨**：PS：Beer is not allowed. 啤酒不被允许。

（二）1. C 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. C

十一、**A**：Is there any bread in the bag?
B：Let me see. No, there isn't.
A：Are there any tomatoes?
B：No, there aren't.
A：There is no bread and no tomatoes in it.

Lesson 12 培优测试卷

听力材料：

一、1. The thief wants Eve to open the door.
2. Some children are playing in the park.
3. Don't knock at the door.
4. Could I have some potatoes?
5. Please stay at home and do your homework.

二、1. —What is he doing?
—He is eating ice cream.
2. Mary likes watching TV very much.
3. Tom often plays football on Sunday afternoon.
4. —Let's go fishing, OK?
—OK.
5. He is playing basketball in the playground.

三、1. How much rice do you want?
2. What would you like?
3. What's on the desk?
4. Is there a ball under the chair?
5. Do you have any bread?

四、1. —Would you like some tomatoes?
—Yes, please.
2. There is a small village in the forest.
3. Linda is a clever girl.
4. I want half a kilo of rice.
5. Miss Rabbit is not feeling well.

答案：

一、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. A

二、3 5 2 4 1

三、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. A 5. B

四、1. tomatoes
2. small
3. clever
4. half
5. feeling

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五、1. ice cream
2. police
3. milk
4. stories/ a story
5. hear

六、1. C　点拨：Let's do sth. 让我们做某事。
2. A　点拨：want sb. to do sth. 想要某人做某事。
3. B　点拨：play with sth. 玩……。
4. A
5. B

七、1. knocking　点拨：be doing sth. 正在做某事。
2. is　点拨：chicken 为不可数名词，故用 is。
3. tomatoes　点拨：how many + 可数名词复数。
4. stay
5. likes

八、1. ×　2. √　3. ×　4. √　5. √

九、1. A　2. C　3. D　4. E　5. B

十、1. D　点拨：由前一句 breakfast 可知，这句是讲早餐吃的食物。porridge 粥，故选 D。
2. A　点拨：早餐和下午茶之间是午餐 lunch，故选 A。
3. E　点拨：前一句提到 dinner，根据后一句中 After that 可知选 E。
4. C　点拨：But 表转折，同时与后面 Some of them 相呼应，故选 C。
5. B

十一、1. C　2. A
3. B　点拨：often 经常，always 总是，二者不能等同。
4. A
5. C　点拨：It's Saturday today. 因此tomorrow是 Sunday。

十二、范例：
There is a lake near the trees.
There are two boats on the lake.
In the boats, there are some children.
Near the lake, there are some hills.
There is a girl. She is taking photos.

期末测试卷（一）

听力材料：

一、1. Could I have some buns?
2. He gives the little dog some water and food.
3. Let's buy something to drink.
4. —What does Tom like?
—He likes skating.
5. She is going to call the police.
6. I want to tell you something bad.
7. I would like a bottle of water.
8. There is a car in front of the house.
9. What's under the tree?
10. Go to your seat and sit down, please.

二、1. —What is she doing?
—She is playing the piano.
2. Tom likes taking photos.
3. Don't run on the grass, Tom. It's not good.
4. I'd like a ticket to Beijing.
5. There is a schoolbag and a basketball on the chair.

三、1. Does he like playing football?
2. What would you like?
3. Where is my toy car?
4. What is he doing?
5. Is there any milk in the fridge?

四、1. Mike is going to ride a horse next week.
2. She is writing a letter to her friend.
3. I often read books on the computer.
4. I'd like some tomatoes.
5. Can you tell me a story?

答案：

一、1. C　2. A　3. A　4. B　5. B
6. A　7. C　8. B　9. A　10. B

二、3　1　5　2　4

三、1. B　2. A　3. B　4. A　5. A

四、1. week
2. writing
3. often
4. tomatoes
5. story

五、1. playground
2. children
3. fruit
4. shop
5. milk

六、1. is singing
2. has
3. listening
4. much
5. is　点拨：there be 句型遵循“就近原则”，即 be 动词要与离它最近的名词保持数上的一致。

七、1. ×　2. ×　3. √　4. ×　5. √

八、1. B　2. D　3. E　4. A　5. C

九、1. C　2. A　3. E　4. B　5. D

十、（一）1. C　2. A　3. C　4. B　5. A
（二）1. T　2. F
3. T　点拨：near 近的，不远的；far 远的，not far 不远，二者意思相同，因此是 T。
4. T
5. F　点拨：Sometimes we play with them. Sometimes 有时，always 总是。

十一、范例：
There are two pictures on the wall.
There is a computer on the desk.
There is a chair near the desk.
There is a clock on the wall.
There are two footballs on the floor.（合理即可）

期末测试卷（二）

听力材料：

一、1. I want to buy a shirt for my son.
2. A computer has a mouse.
3. Please close the door and stay at home.
4. There is a fruit shop near here.
5. I'd like half a kilo of beef.

二、1. —What are you doing?
—I'm watching TV.
2. No spitting.
3. She likes skating.
4. Jack wants to take a train to Shenyang.
5. There are some horses in the forest.

三、1. What does he like?
2. May I come in?
3. Do you have a football?
4. How much is the juice?
5. What's under the tree?

四、1. He does sports every day.
2. Miss Zhang isn't feeling well today.
3. Would you like something to drink?
4. The police help the little girl find her mum.
5. Mike has a small apple. But his brother has a big one.

答案：

一、1. A　2. A　3. C　4. C　5. B

二、1. ×　2. ×　3. √　4. √　5. ×

三、1. A　2. A　3. B　4. A　5. A

四、1. every
2. well
3. drink
4. police
5. small

五、1. listening
2. chicken
3. twenty
4. cards
5. potatoes

六、1. swimming
2. watches
3. doesn't have
4. pianos
5. littering

七、1. B　2. E　3. D　4. A　5. C

八、1. D　2. A　3. E　4. C　5. B

九、（一）1. letter　点拨：由“I'm happy to receive（收到）your letter.”可知这是 Wang Fang 给 Lulu 的回信。
2. twelve　点拨：由“I'm twelve years old, too.”可知两人同岁，因此 Lulu 也是 12 岁。
3. fifty　4. English
5. teacher　点拨：由“My mother teaches Chinese in my school.”可知她是一名老师。
（二）1. C　2. B　3. C　4. C　5. A

十、1. —What is he doing?
—He is riding a horse.
2. —How much rice do you want?
—I want three kilos.

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Lesson 1 现在进行时

一、（一）1. classroom 2. playground
3. centre 4. at the sports centre
5. 在公园
（二）1. sport 2. ping-pong 3. tennis
4. play football 5. play tennis
6. play ping-pong 7. have a match
（三）1. grandfather；grandpa
2. grandmother；grandma 3. next
4. week 5. next week 6. love
二、（一）1. —Where is Eve?
—She is in the classroom.
2. —Where are the boys in your class?
—They're in the playground.
3. sports centre
（二）1. —What are they doing?
—Some are playing football. Some are running.
2. —What is Eve doing?
—She is singing.
（三）are going to have；next week
三、（一）1. playing 2. flying 3. learning
4. doing 5. riding 6. dancing
7. giving 8. loving 9. running
10. swimming 11. sitting 12. getting
（二）1. are singing 2. riding
3. is swimming 4. doing；making
5. are playing
四、（一）1. B 2. E 3. D 4. C 5. A
（二）1. D 2. B 3. E 4. A 5. C

Lesson 2 祈使句

一、（一）1. may 2. 可以，能 3. 应该 4. 必须
（二）1. thing 2. seat 3. grass
（三）1. late 2. right 3. 安静的
4. 好的；晴朗的 5. 快乐的 6. 坏的
7. 好的
（四）1. park 2. next time
二、（一）1. —May I come in? —Yes, please.
2. Go to your seat and sit down, please.
3. Don't be late next time!
4. Sit down. Don't stand up.
5. Close the door. Don't close the window.
6. Listen to me. Don't talk.
7. Look at the blackboard. Don't look at your book.
（二）1. I see.
2. That's all right.
3. Why；late；Because；late
三、（一）1. Keep off the grass.
2. No swimming.
3. Watch your step.
4. No parking.
（二）1. C 2. B 3. A 4. D 5. F 6. E
四、（一）1. A 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. A 6. B
（二）C—A—E—B—D

Lesson 3 have/has 的用法

一、（一）1. TV 2. keyboard 3. mouse 4. 屏幕
5. 电脑
（二）1. ear 2. eye 3. mouth 4. hand
5. 脸 6. 腿 7. 身体
（三）1. tall 2. big 3. 矮的；短的 4. 小的
5. 胖的 6. 瘦的
（四）1. every 2. write 3. email
4. every day
二、（一）1. tall；No；short
2. big eyes；Yes；he does
3. Does；have；mouth；No；doesn't have
4. He has no legs. / He doesn't have legs.
（二）1. —Does a TV have a screen?
—Yes, it does.
2. It looks like a TV.
3. —What's that? —It's a mouse.
4. write emails
5. every day
三、1. It has a screen.
It doesn't have a screen.
Does it have a screen?
Yes, it does. /No, it doesn't.
2. Tom has big eyes.
Tom doesn't have big eyes.
Does Tom have big eyes?
Yes, he does. /No, he doesn't.
四、（一）1. C 2. E 3. A 4. D 5. B
（二）1. B 2. D 3. C 4. A

Lesson 4 爱好

一、（一）1. skate 2. go swimming 3. fly a kite
4. go fishing 5. play basketball 6. 踢足球
7. 打乒乓球 8. 骑马
（二）1. sometimes 2. often
（三）1. card 2. well
二、（一）1. —Does he like sports?
—Yes, he likes swimming and skating.
2. —Does Jim like swimming?
—Yes, he does. /No, he doesn't.
3. likes playing cards；also likes fishing
4. on his computer
（二）1. Sometimes
2. often
（三）1. very well
2. favourite sport；Swimming
三、（一）1. C 2. C 3. A 4. C
（二）He likes riding a horse.
He doesn't like riding a horse.
Does he like riding a horse?
Yes, he does. / No, he doesn't.
四、（一）1. D 2. E 3. A 4. B 5. C
（二）1. B 2. D 3. A 4. E 5. C

Lesson 5 爱好

一、（一）1. listen to music 2. see films
3. watch TV 4. take photos 5. 去购物
6. 读书 7. 打篮球 8. 看电视剧
9. 唱歌 10. 跳舞
（二）1. only 2. everyone 3. enjoy
4. always 5. listen 6. music 7. film
二、（一）1. —What do you like?
—I like seeing films.
2. —What does Pete like?
—He likes seeing films, too.
3. —What do you like to do in your free time?
—I like playing basketball.
（二）1. always；in the evening
2. watches；in the morning
（三）1. We have only one TV.
2. isn't it；Yes；it is
3. favourite book
4. Everyone；enjoys
三、1. A 2. B 3. C 4. A 5. C
四、（一）1. B 2. E 3. A 4. C 5. D
（二）1. sister 2. doing 3. listening
4. films 5. watching

Lesson 7 点餐

一、（一）1. tea 2. juice 3. milk 4. carrot
5. 可乐 6. 水 7. 面条 8. 馒头 9. 薯条
10. 糖果 11. 冰激凌 12. 热狗 13. 汉堡
（二）1. buy 2. drink 3. feel 4. 吃 5. 分享
（三）1. shop 2. much 3. something
4. would like 5. a cup of 6. a bottle of
7. 一杯
二、（一）1. —What would you like?
—I'd like a cold drink.
2. —Would you like a bottle of orange juice?
—Yes, a bottle of orange juice.
（二）—Can I help you?
—Yes, I'd like a cup of tea and a bottle of coke.
（三）1. How；feeling；feeling well
2. much better
3. Look! It's a shop.
三、（一）1. C 2. B 3. A 4. B
（二）1. —What would you like?
—I'd like some candy.
2. —What would you like?
—I'd like an ice cream and a hamburger.
四、（一）1. D 2. E 3. B 4. C 5. A
（二）6 9 7 8 1 5 3 10 4 2

Lesson 8 购物

一、（一）1. vegetable 2. potato 3. tomato
4. 胡萝卜 5. 卷心菜 6. 豌豆
（二）1. cry 2. wrong 3. worry 4. could
5. money 6. ticket 7. train 8. arm
二、（一）1. —Would you like some potatoes?
—Oh, yes.
2. —Could I have some cabbages, too?
—Sure.
（二）—Can I help you?
—Yes, I would like some carrots and potatoes.
—Here you are.
—How much are they?
—Five *yuan*.
（三）1. wants to；train
2. worry
3. wrong
三、（一）1. Would 2. potatoes 3. Could 4. to
5. buy
（二）1. C 2. B 3. A 4. C
（三）1. photos 2. boxes 3. apples 4. knives
四、（一）1. A 2. A 3. A 4. B 5. C
（二）1. E 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. D

Lesson 9 数量及价格

一、（一）1. chicken 2. beef 3. meat
（二）1. twenty 2. 十一 3. 十二 4. 十三
5. 四十
（三）1. know 2. clever 3. anything 4. else
5. kilo 6. show 7. fruit 8. how much
二、（一）1. —What can I do for you?
—I would like/want some cakes.

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2. —Anything else?
—I want some chicken, too.
3. Here you are.
4. —Is that all? —Yes.
（二）1. —How many cakes do you want?
—I want three.
2. —How much meat do you want?
—I want two kilos.
（三）——五乘以三等于多少?
——五乘以三等于十五。
三、（一）可数名词：pen；ruler；bun；horse；potato
不可数名词：bread；water；beef；milk；meat
（二）1. many 2. many 3. much 4. much
5. many
四、（一）1. D 2. C 3. E 4. A 5. B
（二）1. B 2. E 3. C 4. D 5. A

Lesson 10 There be 句型

一、（一）1. on 2. in 3. under 4. in front of
5. 在……附近 6. 在……旁边
7. 在……后面
（二）1. food 2. child 3. children
4. forest 5. village
（三）1. small 2. other 3. say goodbye to
4. its 5. back
二、（一）1. —What's under the tree?
—There is a horse under it.
2. —What's in the tree?
—There are some birds in it.
3. There are some children near a small house.
（二）1. They are eating grass.
2. 孩子们正在和熊猫宝宝玩耍，并且他们非常开心。
（三）1. 孩子们把熊猫宝宝带回家，并给它喂饭喂水。
2. 现在熊猫宝宝好多了。
3. 让我们把它送回它妈妈身边吧。
4. 它很高兴重返森林。
三、1. is 2. are 3. are 4. is 5. is
四、（一）1. D 2. A 3. E 4. B 5. C
（二）1. D 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. E

Lesson 11 There be 句型的变形

一、（一）1. story 2. fridge 3. island 4. sea
5. piano 6. sound 7. hometown
（二）1. lots of 2. 一些 3. 任何 4. 许多
（三）1. go shopping 2. tell 3. hear
4. 也不 5. 到处
二、（一）—Is there any beef in the fridge?
—Yes, there is some.
（二）There isn't any bread in the fridge. There aren't any eggs, either.
（三）1. —Let's go shopping, OK? —OK.
2. —What shall we buy? —Let me see.
（四）1. 当地人会给你讲许多关于这些老房子的故事。
2. 岛上的每个人都喜欢音乐。
3. 你到处都能听到音乐的声音。
三、（一）1. is 2. any 3. isn't
4. are **点拨**：deer 单复数同形。此处 some deer 指的是一些鹿，故用 are。
5. too
（二）1. A 2. B 3. C
四、（一）1. D 2. E 3. B 4. C 5. A
（二）1. C 2. D 3. A 4. E 5. B

期末专项突破卷

词 汇

一、1. A **点拨**：BC 是频率副词，A 是名词。
2. B **点拨**：AC 是情态动词，B 是名词。
3. C **点拨**：AB 是动词，C 是名词。
4. A **点拨**：BC 是形容词，A 是名词。
5. A **点拨**：BC 是不可数名词，A 是可数名词。
二、1. 球类：basketball；football；ping-pong；tennis
2. 蔬菜类：potato；pea；tomato；carrot
3. 身体部位类：arm；mouth；head；hand
4. 动作类：knock；ride；skate；run
5. 方位类：under；behind；beside；near
三、1. music 2. crying 3. vegetables 4. films
5. sports
四、1. grass 2. half 3. food 4. train 5. thing
6. next 7. every 8. buy 9. police
五、1. ⑥ 2. ⑩ 3. ⑦ 4. ⑨ 5. ④
6. ⑧ 7. ① 8. ⑤ 9. ② 10. ③
六、1. is running 2. close 3. have 4. does
5. either 6. juice 7. go 8. plays
9. to 10. meat
七、1. to fly 2. sing 3. tomatoes 4. running
5. littering 6. stories 7. feeling 8. Is
9. gives 10. enjoys
八、1. next week 2. in front of 3. say goodbye to
4. a cup of 5. What's wrong 6. How much
7. watching TV 8. going shopping 9. lots of
10. in the playground
九、1. D 2. E 3. F 4. B 5. A 6. C

句 型

一、1. D 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. E
二、1. playing tennis 2. No, it doesn't.
3. is a cat 4. some vegetables
5. three kilos
三、1. Mary and Lulu / Lulu and Mary are doing their homework.
2. There is some candy in the box.
3. What would you like to drink?
4. Everyone in our class likes watching TV.
5. The thief is knocking at the door.
四、1. What do 2. aren't any 3. Does; have
4. she can 5. Can; help
五、1. A; isn't 2. B; run 3. A; are 4. A; to
5. C; playing/to play
六、1. B 2. D 3. E 4. A 5. C
七、1. He is riding a horse.
2. —Does she like swimming?
—Yes, she does.
3. —How many potatoes do you want?
—I want five.
4. Don't open the window.
5. There is an apple on the chair.
6. I'd like a bottle of water.

情景交际

一、1. H 2. F 3. A 4. G 5. J
6. D 7. I 8. C 9. E 10. B
二、（一）3 8 1 9 5 10 2 7 4 6
（二）F—D—B—J—C—G—H—E—A—I
三、（一）1. B 2. D 3. A 4. E 5. C
（二）1. B 2. C 3. E 4. A 5. D
（三）1. E 2. B 3. D 4. A 5. C
（四）1. B 2. E 3. A 4. D 5. C

阅读理解

一、1. park 2. behind 3. dancing; singing
4. tall 5. reading
二、1. √ 2. × 3. × 4. √ 5. ×
三、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. T
四、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. T
五、1. A 2. B 3. C 4. A 5. C

常考易错点

1. is playing
2. ① singing ② making ③shopping
3. Don't close the door.
4. ①C ②B
5. C
6. A
7. ① much ② B
8. ①C ②C
9. ① are ② is ③Is

常考易错题

一、（一）1. taking 2. skating 3. flying
4. listening 5. swimming 6. running
7. sitting 8. making 9. writing
10. shopping
（二）1. cards 2. sheep 3. tomatoes
4. thieves 5. children 6. women
7. stories 8. pianos 9. watches
10. flowers
二、1. B **点拨**：play 后接球类名词时，不加任何冠词；play 后接乐器名词时，需要加定冠词 the，故答案选 B。
2. C **点拨**：考查现在进行时。句子结构为：主语 + be 动词 + 动词的-ing 形式 + 其他. 故答案选 C。
3. C **点拨**：sometimes 为频度副词，当它出现时，句子时态用一般现在时，故答案选 C。
4. B **点拨**：Jack 为第三人称单数，所以此处助动词用 does。run 的-ing 形式应该是先双写尾字母再加-ing，为 running，故答案选 B。
5. A **点拨**："There be . . ." 结构须采取"就近一致"原则。be 动词后前最近的名词为单数（a pen），故 be 动词用 is，答案选 A。
6. C **点拨**：how many 后加可数名词复数，deer 单复数同形，故答案选 C。
7. C **点拨**：but 但是，表示转折，前后表达的意思不一致，排除 A，don't 后加动词原形，排除 B，故答案选 C。
8. B **点拨**：either 用于否定句句末，故答案选 B。
9. C **点拨**：Don't 后加动词原形，同时 listen to 是固定搭配，故答案选 C。
10. A **点拨**：some 修饰不可数名词或可数名词复数，BC 均为可数名词单数，故答案选 A。
三、1. do 2. does 3. doesn't 4. don't
5. Does; doesn't
四、1. much 2. many 3. many 4. much
五、1. is 2. is 3. Are 4. any
5. some 6. too
点拨：1—3："There be . . ." 结构用于描述某处有某人/物，be 动词根据其后名词的变化而变化，如果是可数名词单数或不可数名词，be 动词用 is；若是可数名词复数，则 be 动词用 are。
4—5：一般而言，some 用于肯定句，any 用于否定句和一般疑问句。
6：too 用于肯定句和疑问句句末；either 用于否定句句末。
六、1. is dancing 2. are singing
3. playing football 4. am swimming
5. seeing films 6. tomatoes 7. children
8. watches 9. sheep 10. women
七、1. C; riding 2. B; does 3. B; reading
4. A; are 5. C; tea
八、1. What is he doing?
2. What does; like
3. Does he have
4. How many; do you
5. Are there any

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期末测试卷 （二）

答题卡

姓名：_____

准考证号：[ ][ ][ ][ ][ ][ ][ ][ ][ ][ ][ ][ ][ ]

考场号：_____ 座位号：_____

贴条形码区

缺考标记 [ ]

违纪标记 [ ]

注意事项

1. 答题前考生务必用黑色签字笔填写姓名、准考证号、考场号、座位号。
2. 选择题作答必须用2B铅笔，修改时用橡皮擦干净。
3. 作答时注意题号顺序，不得更改题号和答题位置。
4. 保持卡面整洁，不要折叠和弄破。
5. 缺考标记、违纪标记：考生禁填！由监考老师用2B铅笔填涂。

填涂样例

正确填涂 ■

错误填涂 ⊘ ⊘ ○ ○ ■ ⊘

听力部分（30分）

一、听录音，选出你所听到的单词。（5分）

1. [A] [B] [C] 2. [A] [B] [C] 3. [A] [B] [C]

4. [A] [B] [C] 5. [A] [B] [C]

二、听录音，判断下列图片与所听内容是（√）否（×）相符。（5分）

1. （ ） 2. （ ） 3. （ ） 4. （ ） 5. （ ）

三、听录音，选答语。（10分）

1. [A] [B] 2. [A] [B] 3. [A] [B]

4. [A] [B] 5. [A] [B]

四、听录音，补全句子。（10分）

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

请在各题目的答案区域内作答，超出黑色矩形边框限定区域的答案无效

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期末测试卷 （一）

答题卡

姓名：_____

准考证号：[ ][ ][ ][ ][ ][ ][ ][ ][ ][ ][ ][ ][ ]

考场号：_____ 座位号：_____

贴条形码区

缺考标记 [ ]

违纪标记 [ ]

注意事项

1. 答题前考生务必用黑色签字笔填写姓名、准考证号、考场号、座位号。
2. 选择题作答必须用2B铅笔，修改时用橡皮擦干净。
3. 作答时注意题号顺序，不得更改题号和答题位置。
4. 保持卡面整洁，不要折叠和弄破。
5. 缺考标记、违纪标记：考生禁填！由监考老师用2B铅笔填涂。

填涂样例

正确填涂 ■

错误填涂 ⊘ ⊘ ○ ○ ■ ⊘

听力部分（30分）

一、听录音，选出你所听到的单词或短语。（10分）

1. [A] [B] [C] 2. [A] [B] [C] 3. [A] [B] [C]

4. [A] [B] [C] 5. [A] [B] [C] 6. [A] [B] [C]

7. [A] [B] [C] 8. [A] [B] [C] 9. [A] [B] [C]

10. [A] [B] [C]

二、听录音，给下列图片排序。（5分）

（ ） （ ） （ ） （ ） （ ）

三、听录音，选答语。（5分）

1. [A] [B] 2. [A] [B] 3. [A] [B]

4. [A] [B] 5. [A] [B]

四、听录音，补全句子。（10分）

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

请在各题目的答案区域内作答，超出黑色矩形边框限定区域的答案无效

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笔试部分（70 分）

五、根据句意和图片提示写单词，完成句子。（5 分）

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

六、选词填空。（10 分）

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

七、判断下列行为哪些是正确（√）的，哪些是错误（×）的。（10 分）

1.（ ） 2.（ ） 3.（ ） 4.（ ） 5.（ ）

八、问答匹配。（10 分）

1.（ ） 2.（ ） 3.（ ） 4.（ ） 5.（ ）

九、补全对话。（10 分）

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

十、阅读理解。（20 分）

（一）阅读短文，选择正确的答案。（10 分）

1.［A］ ［B］ ［C］ 2.［A］ ［B］ ［C］ 3.［A］ ［B］ ［C］
4.［A］ ［B］ ［C］ 5.［A］ ［B］ ［C］

（二）根据短文内容，判断正（T）误（F）。（10 分）

1.（ ） 2.（ ） 3.（ ） 4.（ ） 5.（ ）

十一、看图片，用 There be 句型描述这个客厅（living room）里都有什么，至少写 5 句话。（5 分）

请在各题目的答案区域内作答，超出黑色矩形边框限定区域的答案无效

笔试部分（70 分）

五、根据句意和图片提示写单词，补全句子或对话。（10 分）

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

六、用所给词的适当形式填空。（10 分）

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

七、问答匹配。（10 分）

1.（ ） 2.（ ） 3.（ ） 4.（ ） 5.（ ）

八、补全对话。（10 分）

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

九、阅读理解。（20 分）

（一）根据材料内容填空。（一空一词）（10 分）

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

（二）阅读短文，选择正确的答案。（10 分）

1.［A］ ［B］ ［C］ 2.［A］ ［B］ ［C］ 3.［A］ ［B］ ［C］
4.［A］ ［B］ ［C］ 5.［A］ ［B］ ［C］

十、看图，仿照例子写对话。（10 分）

1. _____
2. _____

请在各题目的答案区域内作答，超出黑色矩形边框限定区域的答案无效

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一 重点词汇。（英汉互译）

（一）地点类

1. 教室_____
2. 操场_____
3. 中心_____
4. 在运动中心_____
5. in the park _____

（二）体育运动类

1. 运动_____
2. 乒乓球_____
3. 网球_____
4. 踢足球_____
5. 打网球_____
6. 打乒乓球_____
7. 比赛_____

（三）其他类

1. 爷爷，外公_____
   （口语）_____
2. 奶奶，外婆_____
   （口语）_____
3. 下一个_____
4. 星期_____
5. 下星期_____
6. 爱_____

二 重点句子。（汉译英）

（一）询问及描述地点

1. ——伊芙在哪里？
   ——她在教室里。
   _____
   _____
2. ——你们班里的男生在哪里？
   ——他们在操场上。
   _____
   _____
3. 迈克和他的家人在运动中心。
   Mike and his family are at the _____
   _____.

（二）询问及回答人物正在做的活动

1. ——他们正在做什么？
   ——一些人在踢足球，一些人在跑步。
   _____
   _____
2. ——伊芙正在做什么？
   ——她正在唱歌。
   _____
   _____

（三）其他类

他们下星期将要和他们的朋友进行一场比赛。

They _____ _____ _____ _____ a match with their friends _____ _____.

三 重点语法。

动词的现在分词构成规则

- 一般情况下，在动词后直接加-ing。
- 以不发音的e结尾，动词去e，再加-ing。
- 以重读闭音节结尾，且词尾只有一个辅音字母时，双写尾字母，再加-ing。

（一）写出下列动词的现在分词形式。

1. play _____　2. fly _____
3. learn _____　4. do _____
5. ride _____　6. dance _____
7. give _____　8. love _____
9. run _____　10. swim _____
11. sit _____　12. get _____

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现在进行时

- 定义：表示现在或现阶段正在进行或发生的动作或存在的状态。
- 基本结构：主语 + be 动词 + 动词的-ing 形式 + 其他.
- 标志词：now；look；listen 等。

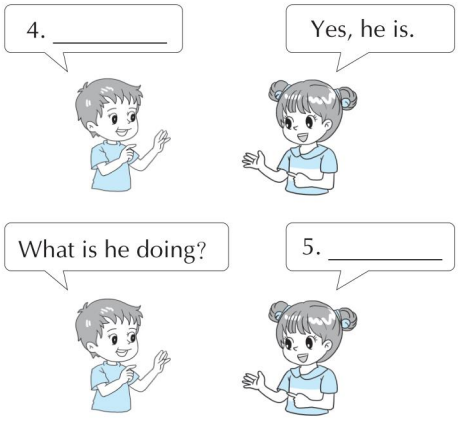
（二）用括号内所给单词的正确形式填空。

1. Listen! The birds _____ (sing) in the tree.
2. Look! The boys are _____ (ride) a bike in the park.
3. Lucy _____ (swim) with her sister now.
4. —What is Tom _____ (do)?
   —He is _____ (make) cards for his friends.
5. Bob and his brother _____ (play) football at the sports centre.

四 情景交际。

（一）选择合适的选项补全对话。





A. He is doing his homework.
B. What are you doing?
C. Is Tom near here?
D. She is writing a letter.
E. She is in the classroom.

（二）补全对话。

Amy：Hello, John! 1. _____

John：He is in the playground.

Amy：2. _____

John：He is running.

Amy：Oh, I see. The sports meeting is coming.

John：Yes.

Amy：3. _____

John：She is playing basketball.

Amy：Do you like playing basketball?

John：4. _____

Amy：5. _____

John：OK!

A. Yes, I do.
B. What is he doing?
C. Let's play basketball with her, OK?
D. Where is Tom?
E. What is Eve doing?

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一 重点词汇。（英汉互译）

（一）情态动词类

1. 可以_____ 2. can _____
3. should _____ 4. must _____

（二）名词类

1. 东西，事情_____
2. 座位_____
3. 草_____

（三）形容词类

1. 迟的_____ 2. 正确的_____
3. quiet _____ 4. fine _____
5. happy _____ 6. bad _____
7. good _____

（四）其他类

1. 公园；停车_____
2. 下一次_____

二 重点句子。（汉译英）

（一）课堂用语

1. ——我可以进来吗？
——是的，请进。

_____

_____

2. 回到你的座位，坐下吧。

_____

3. 下次不要迟到！

_____

4. 坐下。 不要站起来。

_____

_____

5. 关门。 不要关窗户。

_____

_____

6. 听我说。 别说话。

_____

_____

7. 看黑板。 不要看你的书。

_____

_____

（二）其他类

1. 我知道了。

_____

2. 没关系。

_____

3. ——你为什么迟到？
——因为公交车晚点了。
—_____ are you _____?
—_____ the bus was _____.

三 重点语法。

祈使句的用法

祈使句是用来表示请求、命令、警告、禁止等的句子。

1. 祈使句的肯定句是以动词原形开头。
2. 祈使句的否定句可以在动词原形前加 Don't；也可以是 No 加动词的-ing 形式。

（一）为下列图片写上合适的标语。

例：



Keep quiet.



No spitting.

1. 

_____

2. 

_____

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3. 

4. 

（二）请帮助 Tom 为以下场景选择合适的标语。

1. 

（　　）

2. 
（　　）

3. 
（　　）

4. 
（　　）

5. 
（　　）

6. 
（　　）

A. No littering.
B. Keep quiet.
C. Don't waste food.
D. Keep off the grass.
E. Don't spit.
F. Don't pick flowers.

四 情景交际。

（一）情景选择。

（　　）1. 当你发现餐厅有人剩饭时，你应该说：
A. Don't waste food.
B. Don't waste water.
C. Don't waste paper.

（　　）2. 当有人在禁止停车区域随意停车时，你应该说：
A. No littering.
B. No parking.
C. No spitting.

（　　）3. 当有人在公共场合抽烟时，管理员会指着什么标语给他看？
A. Don't smoke.
B. Don't talk.
C. Don't eat.

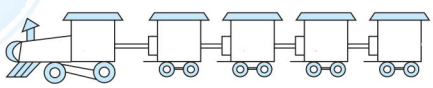
（　　）4. 当你下公交车时，公交车后门站台处会有什么标语？
A. No fishing.
B. Don't be late.
C. No standing.

（　　）5. 当你在图书馆看书时，你会看到什么标语？
A. Keep quiet.
B. Watch your step.
C. Close the window.

（　　）6. 夏季河边玩耍的人较多，河边会有什么警示语？
A. No running.
B. No swimming.
C. No spitting.

（二）给下列句子排序，组成一段完整、通顺的对话。

A. Why are you late?
B. Oh, I see. Please don't be late next time. The match will begin. Please hurry up.
C. I'm sorry I'm late, Mary.
D. OK. Let's go.
E. Because my clock was broken.



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一 重点词汇。（英汉互译）

（一）电子产品及其配件类

1. 电视机_____ 2. 键盘_____
3. 鼠标_____ 4. screen _____
5. computer _____

（二）身体部位类

1. 耳朵_____ 2. 眼睛_____
3. 嘴_____ 4. 手_____
5. face _____ 6. leg _____
7. body _____

（三）外貌形态类

1. 高的_____ 2. 大的_____
3. short _____ 4. small _____
5. fat _____ 6. thin _____

（四）其他类

1. 每一个_____
2. 写_____
3. 电子邮件_____
4. 每天_____

二 重点句子。（汉译英）

（一）询问及描述外貌形态

1. ——他高吗？
——不，他很矮。
—Is he _____?
—_____, he is _____.
2. ——他有大眼睛吗？
——是的，他有。
—Does he have _____ _____?
—_____, _____ _____.
3. ——他有嘴巴吗？
——不，他没有嘴巴。
—_____ he _____ a _____?
—_____, he _____ _____ a mouth.
4. 他没有腿。
_____

（二）其他类

1. ——电视机有屏幕吗？
——是的，它有。
_____
_____
2. 它看起来像一台电视机。
_____
3. ——那是什么？
——它是一个鼠标。
_____
_____
4. 他可以写电子邮件。
He can _____ _____.
5. 我每天和他玩。
I play with him _____ _____.

三 重点语法。

has的用法

- has是have的第三人称单数形式，表示“有”。
- 表达“他/她/它有”时，用has。若表达“没有”或“有没有”，则需借助助动词does来完成。

例：肯定句：He has a book.

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否定句：He doesn't have a book.

一般疑问句：Does he have a book?

肯定/否定回答：Yes, he does./ No, he doesn't.

仿照例子写句子。

例：（she, a computer）

She has a computer.

She doesn't have a computer.

Does she have a computer?

Yes, she does. / No, she doesn't.

1. （it, a screen）

_____

_____

_____

_____

2. （Tom, big eyes）

_____

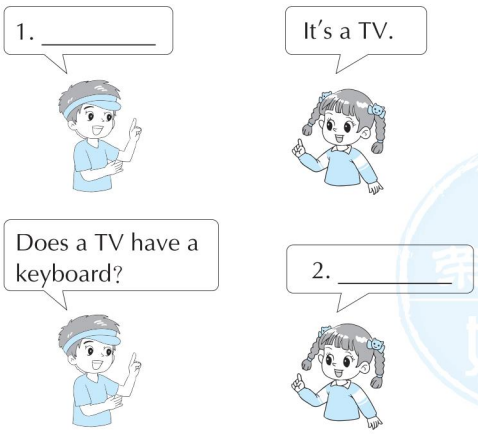
_____

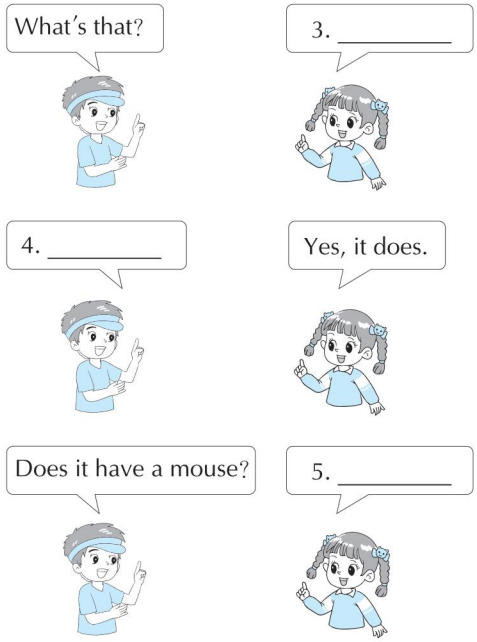
_____

_____

四 情景交际。

（一）选择合适的选项补全对话。





A. It's a computer.

B. Yes, it does.

C. What's this?

D. Does a computer have a keyboard?

E. No, it doesn't.

（二）补全对话。

A: Hello, Mike. 1. _____

B: I'm playing computer games.

A: Oh, it's bad for your eyes. 2. _____

B: No, I don't.

A: 3. _____

B: Yes, he does.

A: It's fine outside. 4. _____

B: OK. Let's go.

A. Let's invite Jim to fly a kite, OK?

B. What are you doing?

C. Does Jim have one?

D. Do you have a kite?

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词 汇

班级_____ 学号_____ 姓名_____ 得分_____ 时间：40 分钟 满分：100 分

一 选出下列每组单词中不同类的一项。（5 分）

( )1. A. thing B. sometimes C. often
( )2. A. would B. sound C. could
( )3. A. tell B. listen C. card
( )4. A. seat B. clever C. small
( )5. A. apple B. milk C. bread

二 给下列单词归类。（20 分）

under arm basketball potato knock
pea football ride mouth behind
skate head beside ping-pong tomato
near run hand carrot tennis

1. 球类：_____
_____
2. 蔬菜类：_____
_____
3. 身体部位类：_____
_____
4. 动作类：_____
_____
5. 方位类：_____
_____

三 根据图片提示填空。（5 分）



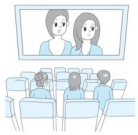
1. Lingling is listening to _____ now.



2. Look, the girl is _____.



3. — Can I help you?
— Yes, I want some _____.



4. We always see _____ on Sundays.



5. Mike and his sister are at the _____ centre.

四 根据句意及首字母提示补全单词。（18 分）

1. Don't run on the g_____.
2. I'd like h_____ a kilo of rice.
3. The children give the panda f_____ and water.
4. Li Ming wants to take a t_____ to Shanghai.
5. Jim is doing the right t_____.
6. Don't be late n_____ time.
7. I play with my friends e_____ day.
8. Let's b_____ something to drink.
9. Look, a thief. I'm going to call the p_____.

五 选择合适的单词填空。（填序号）（10 分）

①does ②times ③are ④take ⑤to
⑥often ⑦worry ⑧May ⑨for ⑩any

1. I _____ do my homework in the evening.
2. Is there _____ beef in the fridge?
3. Don't _____. I can help you.
4. What can I do _____ you?
5. Let's go and _____ a look.
6. _____ I come in?
7. What _____ Peter like?
8. I'd like a ticket _____ Beijing.
9. Five _____ three is fifteen.

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10. There _____ some desks in the classroom.

六 选词填空。（10分）

1. Tom _____（runs/is running）now.
2. Please _____（close/closing）the window.
3. Does a computer _____（have/has）a keyboard?
4. What _____（do/does）your father like?
5. There aren't any books on the desk, _____（too/either）.
6. I'd like a glass of _____（juice/juices）.
7. Let's _____（go/going）fishing.
8. She always _____（playing/plays）cards with her friends.
9. Would you like something _____（to/for）eat?
10. How much _____（bun/meat）would you like?

七 用括号内所给词的适当形式填空。（10分）

1. She wants _____（fly）a kite.
2. He can _____（sing）well.
3. Could I have some _____（tomato）?
4. Amy likes _____（run）very much.
5. No _____（litter）.
6. My mother tells me two _____（story）every day.
7. — How are you _____（feel）now?
   — I'm not feeling well.
8. _____（be）there any beef in the fridge?
9. He buys a ticket and _____（give）it to the woman.
10. Everyone in our family _____（enjoy）watching TV.

八 根据汉语提示补全句子。（10分）

1. They are going to have a match _____ _____.（下星期）
2. There is a tree _____ _____ _____the house.（在……前面）
3. Let's _____ _____ _____ Tom.（向……道别）
4. I'd like _____ _____ _____ tea.（一杯）
5. _____ _____?（怎么了）
6. _____ _____ chicken do you want?（多少）
7. Dongdong likes _____ _____very much.（看电视）
8. Are you _____ _____, Mum?（购物）
9. There are _____ _____pianos on the island.（许多，大量）
10. I'm sitting _____ _____ _____.（在操场）

九 读一读，从方框中选择合适的内容填空，将序号填在题后横线上。（12分）

A. money　B. much　C. shop
D. many　E. Anything　F. too

A：Can I help you?

B：Yes, I'd like some milk.

A：How 1. _____ bags of milk do you want?

B：Three bags, please.

A：2. _____ else?

B：I want some hot dogs, 3. _____.

A：How 4. _____ are they?

B：Twenty *yuan*.

A：Here is the 5. _____. By the way, do you have any vegetables in your shop?

B：Sorry, we don't. But there is a small vegetable 6. _____ near here.

A：Thank you very much.

1. _____　2. _____　3. _____
4. _____　5. _____　6. _____

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句 型

班级_____ 学号_____ 姓名_____ 得分_____ 时间：40 分钟 满分：100 分

一 选择与所给句子相对应的图片。（10 分）

A. 

B. 

C. 

D. 

E. 

(　　)1. The boy is flying a kite.

(　　)2. There are two trees near the house.

(　　)3. My favourite sport is swimming.

(　　)4. I'd like a glass of water.

(　　)5. No littering!

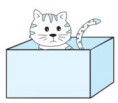
二 看图，完成下列对话。（10 分）

1. — What is the boy doing?

— He is _____.

2. — Does a TV have a keyboard?

— _____

3. — What's in the box?

— There _____ in it.

4. — What would you like?

— I'd like _____.

5. — How much beef do you want?

— I want _____.
(3千克)

三 连词成句。（20 分）

1. Mary, are, and, their, homework, Lulu, doing (.)

_____

_____

2. there, box, some, in, candy, is, the (.)

_____

3. like, drink, would, what, to, you (?)

_____

4. class, likes, TV, everyone, in, watching, our (.)

_____

_____

5. door, thief, at, the, knocking, is, the (.)

_____

四 按要求完成下列各题。（10 分）

1. They like listening to music.
（对画线部分提问）
_____ _____ they like?

2. There are some books in the bag.
（改为否定句）
There _____ _____ books in the bag.

3. He has two long rulers.（改为一般疑问句）
_____ he _____ two long rulers?

4. Can Lucy play ping-pong?（作肯定回答）
Yes, _____ _____.

5. What can I do for you?（改为同义句）
_____ I _____ you?

五 选出错误的一项，并在横线上改正。（10 分）

(　　)1. There aren't (A) any (B) bread (C) on the table.
_____

(　　)2. Don't (A) running (B) on (C) the grass.
_____

(　　)3. What is (A) Tom and (B) Mike doing (C)?
_____

(　　)4. I'd like for (A) buy some (B) pens (C).
_____

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(　　)5. He doesn't like play football.
A　B　C

六 给下列问句选择合适的答语。（10 分）

(　　)1. What does she like?

(　　)2. What would you like?

(　　)3. Does your friend have a toy car?

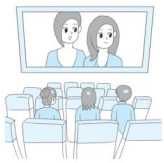
(　　)4. Could I have some milk?

(　　)5. Who is your English teacher?

A. Sure. Here you are.
B. She likes reading books.
C. Miss Zhang.
D. I'd like an ice cream.
E. No, he doesn't.

七 仿照例子，看图，写句子或对话。（30 分）

1. 例：



They are seeing films.



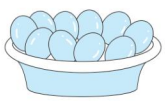
2. 例：



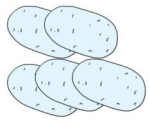
— Does he like running?
— Yes, he does.



3. 例：



— How many eggs do you want?
— I want ten.



4. 例：



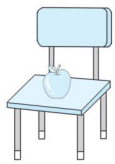
Don't read your book.



5. 例：



There is a tree near the house.



6. 例：



I'd like a cup of tea.



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班级_____ 学号_____ 姓名_____ 得分_____ 时间：40 分钟 满分：100 分

一 问答匹配。（20 分）

(　　)1. How many cakes do you want?
(　　)2. What is she doing?
(　　)3. What would you like?
(　　)4. Don't be late next time.
(　　)5. Does John like riding a horse?
(　　)6. Is there any milk in the fridge?
(　　)7. What does Mary like?
(　　)8. What's near the house?
(　　)9. How much meat do you want?
(　　)10. Does a computer have a mouse?

A. I'd like a cup of tea.
B. Yes, it does.
C. There is a shop near it.
D. No, there isn't.
E. I want three kilos.
F. She is singing.
G. Yes, Miss Li.
H. Five.
I. She likes dancing and swimming.
J. No, he doesn't.

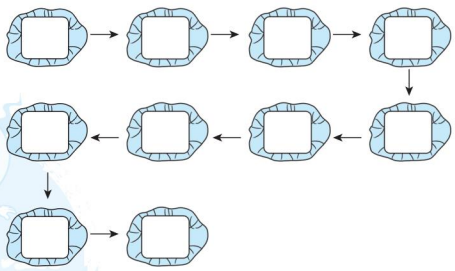
二 排序。（40 分）

（一）

What do you often do on the computer?
What about you?
Tom, What's this?
I don't have a computer. I like playing basketball.
Does Lucy have a computer, too?
That's great.
It's a computer. But it looks like a TV.
That's bad for eyes.
I often read on the computer.
Yes, she does. But she likes playing computer games.

（二）

A. Oh, I see. I can buy him a book.
B. Is Tom with you?
C. His birthday is coming.
D. I'm playing tennis at the sports centre.
E. He likes reading books.
F. What are you doing, Mike?
G. I want to buy a gift for him.
H. What does he like?
I. Sounds great.
J. No, he is at home.



三 选择合适的选项，补全对话。（40 分）

（一）

A: Hello, Jack. 1. _____

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B: I'm watching TV.

A: 2. _____

B: Yes, I do. But I'm not feeling well. 3. _____

A: 4. _____

B: Yes, he does.

A: Thank you, Jack. Please take care of(照顾) your body.

B: 5. _____

A. I can't play with you.
B. What are you doing?
C. Have a nice day.
D. Do you like playing basketball?
E. Does Pete like playing basketball?

(二)

A: Welcome to our shop. 1. _____

B: Yes, I'd like something to eat.

A: What would you like?

B: 2. _____

A: Would you like a hamburger?

B: 3. _____ I want a glass of coke.

A: Sorry, we don't have coke. 4. _____

B: OK. 5. _____

A: Sure.

B: How much are they?

A: Fifteen *yuan* in all.

A. What about orange juice?
B. Can I help you?
C. I'd like some bread.
D. Could I have a bag of chips?
E. No, thanks.

(三)

A: Look, Jack. 1. _____

B: Oh, a shop.

A: Let's buy some fruit.

C: 2. _____

A: We'd like some apples.

C: 3. _____

A: We want ten apples.

C: 4. _____

A: We want some bananas, too.

C: Is that all?

A: Yes. How much are they?

C: Thirty-five *yuan*.

A: Jim is in the hospital now. 5. _____

B: OK.

A. Anything else?
B. What can I do for you?
C. Let's go and see him, OK?
D. How many do you want?
E. What's near the hospital?

(四)

A: Mike, tomorrow is Sunday. 1. _____

B: OK. I love it.

A: 2. _____

B: Let me see. Mum, I want to eat hamburgers.

A: OK. I'll buy some. 3. _____

B: No, there isn't. 4. _____

A: Is there any fruit?

B: 5. _____

A: Oh, I see. Is that all?

B: Yes, Mum.

A. Is there any milk in the fridge?
B. Let's go shopping, OK?
C. No, there isn't.
D. There isn't any meat, either.
E. What shall we buy?

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