主　　编：荣德基
本册主编：任万勋

好卷



五年级　英语（下）

（一年级起点）

（BJ 版）

吉林教育出版社

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姓名 学号 班级 学校 密 封 线

Unit 1 达标测试卷

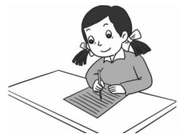
时间：40 分钟　满分：100 分

题　号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	十二	总　分
得　分													

听力部分（40 分）

听力测试

一　听录音，选出与你听到的单词相符的图片。（每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

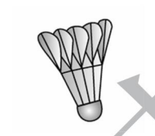
（　　）1. A.  　B.  　C. 

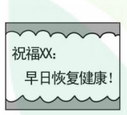
（　　）2. A. 

　B. 

　C. 

（　　）3. A.  　B.  　C. 

（　　）4. A.  　B.  　C. 

（　　）5. A.  　B.  　C. 

二　听录音，选出你所听到的句子。（每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

（　　）1. A. What are you doing?　B. What are you watching?

（　　）2. A. Are you reading your textbook?　B. Are you watching TV?

（　　）3. A. She is listening to English songs.　B. She is drawing a picture.

（　　）4. A. I'm watching a basketball game.　B. I'm playing chess.

（　　）5. A. They are fishing.　B. They are dancing.

三　听录音，判断你所听到的内容与图片是（√）否（×）一致。（每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

1.  　（　　）

2.  　（　　）

3.  　（　　）

4.  　（　　）

5.  　（　　）

四　听录音，选出你所听到的句子的答语。（每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

（　　）1. A. I'm watching TV.　B. I'm Tom.

（　　）2. A. She is at school.　B. She is washing clothes.

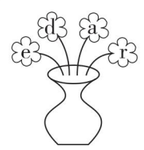
（　　）3. A. Yes，I am.　B. Yes，I can.

（　　）4. A. She is playing the piano.　B. He is playing football.

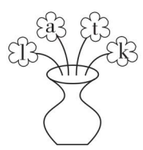
（　　）5. A. They are talking.　B. I'm playing chess.

笔试部分（60 分）

五　将各花瓶里花朵的字母组成单词，写在下面的横线上。（每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

1. 

_____

2. 

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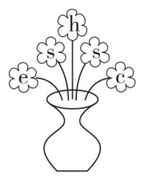
3. 

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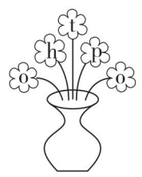
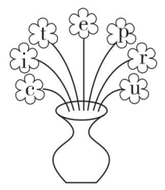
4. 

_____

5. 

_____

六　读句子，从画线单词中找出含有例词画线部分读音的单词。（每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

A. My eraser is square in shape.

B. We're playing hide-and-seek in the park.

C. He is watching a basketball game now.

D. There is some good food on the table.

E. It's a quarter past ten.

1. question _____　2. queen _____　3. cake _____

4. look _____　5. party _____

七　单项选择。（每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

（　　）1. —_____ are the children doing? —They're singing.

A. Who　B. What　C. When

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( ) 2. —Are you making a kite? —Yes, _____.
A. you are　B. I am　C. I'm not

( ) 3. —What is Lingling doing?
—_____is listening to music.
A. He　B. Her　C. She

( ) 4. _____is my favourite in summer.
A. Swim　B. Swiming　C. Swimming

( ) 5. Look! He _____noodles.
A. making　B. is makeing　C. is making

( ) 6. Mary will visit the Great Wall _____her uncle next Sunday.
A. and　B. with　C. for

( ) 7. Jane is playing _____piano. Mike is playing _____chess.
A. a; the　B. an; a　C. the; /

( ) 8. There _____a lot of cars on the street.
A. am　B. is　C. are

( ) 9. These _____my parents.
A. am　B. is　C. are

( ) 10. Would you like _____at my family photos?
A. look　B. to look　C. looking

八 根据图片，选择合适的内容补全句子。（每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

fishing	listening to	playing baseball	watching TV	washing clothes

1. She is _____ English songs.



2. He is _____.



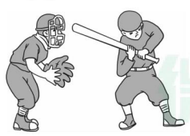
3. My grandpa is _____.



4. Lingling is _____.



5. They are _____.



九 看图选择合适的对话。（每小题 1 分，共 3 分）

( ) 1.



A. —What is Mike doing?
—He is playing football.
B. —What is Sarah doing?
—She is watching a basketball game.

( ) 2.



A. —What are you doing?
—I'm practicing *Kung Fu*.
B. —What are you doing?
—I'm listening to English songs.

( ) 3.



A. —Are they talking?
—Yes, they are.
B. —Are they playing chess?
—Yes, they are.

十 用括号里所给单词的正确形式填空。（每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

1. —What is Sue doing? —She is _____ (clean) her room.
2. _____ (He) favourite colour is blue.
3. I think _____ (do) homework is very important.
4. I'm _____ (write) a letter to my friend.
5. We're _____ (sit) on the chair and watching the show.

十一 阅读短文，判断正（T）误（F）。（每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

（建议用时：5 分钟）

Today is Sunday. Mr and Mrs White are at home with their children. Mr White is cleaning his car. The car is very new. Tom is chatting with his friend. His sister Amy is reading a storybook. It's very interesting. Where's little Nancy? Look! She is over there. She is playing with the toy dog. It's eleven o'clock. Mrs White is cooking in the kitchen. They are very happy.

( ) 1. It's Sunday today.
( ) 2. Mrs White is cleaning the car.
( ) 3. Tom is chatting with his friend.
( ) 4. Amy is playing with the toy dog.
( ) 5. Mrs White is cooking at eleven o'clock.

十二 看图作文。（7 分）

仔细观察图片里的人物正在干什么。以“My Family”为题写一篇短文，向大家描述一下“你”一家人正在干的事情。要求：语法正确，语句通顺，不少于 40 个单词。



My Family

_____

_____



密 封 线

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Unit 2 达标测试卷

时间：40 分钟　满分：100 分

题　号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	十二	总　分
得　分													

姓名＿＿＿＿　学号＿＿＿＿　班级＿＿＿＿　学校＿＿＿＿

密　封　线

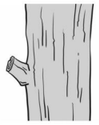
听力部分（40 分）

听力测试

一　听录音，选出你听到的单词。（每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

（　　）1. A. well　　B. will　　C. water
（　　）2. A. leave　　B. little　　C. listen
（　　）3. A. plant　　B. potato　　C. party
（　　）4. A. can　　B. carry　　C. candy
（　　）5. A. earth　　B. nothing　　C. everything

二　听录音，判断下列图片与所听句子是（T）否（F）相符。（每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

1.  （　　）
2.  （　　）
3.  （　　）
4.  （　　）
5.  （　　）

三　听录音，选出正确的选项。（每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

（　　）1. They must have _____ jobs.
A. wonderful　　B. different　　C. right

（　　）2. They make food by _____ own leaves.
A. his　　B. our　　C. their

（　　）3. Roots hold the _____ in the ground.
A. plant　　B. leave　　C. flower

（　　）4. Nothing on the earth can live without _____.
A. air　　B. the sun　　C. water

（　　）5. Please follow me and _____ to the next part.
A. look　　B. give　　C. listen

四　听录音，给下列句子排序。（每空 2 分，共 10 分）

（　　）Everything will be green again in spring.
（　　）The leaves and the grass will come out.
（　　）Leaves make food for the plant.
（　　）Seeds grow up to be plants.
（　　）The stem carries food and water to leaves.

笔试部分（60 分）

五　判断下列每组单词画线部分的读音是（T）否（F）相同。（每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

（　　）1. born / nurse　　（　　）2. different / listen　　（　　）3. tomorrow / rain
（　　）4. carry / have　　（　　）5. arm / driver

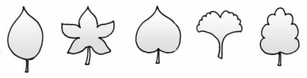
六　根据句意及图片提示完成单词。（每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

1. I often _____  to music in the evening.

2. Roots hold the _____  in the ground.

3. The box is too heavy. She can't _____  it.

4. Nothing on the earth can live without the _____  .

5. The _____  and the grass will come out in spring.

七　单项选择。（每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

（　　）1. We can plant trees _____ Tree-planting Day.
A. on　　B. in　　C. at

（　　）2. I have two _____ in my pencil case.
A. knife　　B. knifes　　C. knives

（　　）3. Please _____ the steps. You can make a model plane.
A. follow　　B. following　　C. followed

（　　）4. You've got a bad cold. You must _____ a doctor.
A. see　　B. seeing　　C. saw

（　　）5. The leaves will _____ yellow in autumn.
A. am　　B. are　　C. be

（　　）6. What can I do _____ you, Madam?
A. to　　B. at　　C. for

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( ) 7. We can't live _____ water.
A. for B. without C. with

( ) 8. We should do homework _____ ourselves（自己）.
A. on B. in C. by

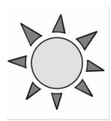
( ) 9. —What _____ we need? —We need bread and eggs _____ cook breakfast.
A. do; of B. do; to C. are; for

( ) 10. What's the English _____ the different parts _____ a computer?
A. for; of B. of; for C. of; of

八 给下列句子选择相应的图片。（每小题 1 分，共 6 分）

What is it?/What are they?

( ) 1. They make food for the plant.
( ) 2. They make seeds.
( ) 3. They hold the plant in the ground.
( ) 4. They hold the trees above the ground.
( ) 5. Nothing on the earth can live without it.
( ) 6. It has a round face and three hands. It can show us the time.

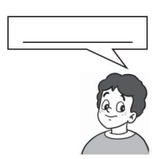
A.  B.  C.  D.  E.  F. 

九 用括号中单词的反义词或对应词补全句子。（每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

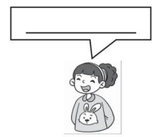
1. Tom and Amy are in the _____ (different) class.
2. Please put _____ (up) your hands.
3. _____ (everything) in my bag is blue.
4. I have a _____ (long) ruler.
5. I can't finish the work _____ (with) your help.

十 从方框中选择合适的句子完成对话。（只填序号）（每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

A. What's a seed?	B. What will happen in spring?
C. How about leaves?	D. What's the English for the different parts of a plant?
E. What do stems do?	

1. 

2. 

3. 

4. 

5. 

十一 阅读短文，判断正（T）误（F）。（每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

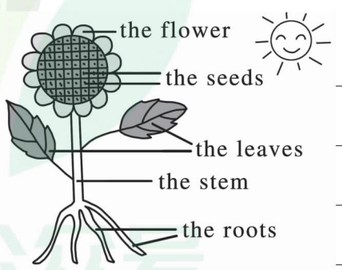
（建议用时：6 分钟）

Tom and Mary go to the park on Sunday morning. There are many flowers in the park. Mary likes them very much. She wants to pick some flowers and take them home. So Mary picks many flowers. Three minutes later, a man comes to her. He tells her she is fined（罚款）$15 for picking the flowers. The man says, "Everyone should（应该）obey（服从）the rules and protect the flowers and grass. They are our friends." Mary is very sorry now.

( ) 1. There are many flowers in the park.
( ) 2. Tom and Mary pick many flowers.
( ) 3. They are fined $10 for picking the flowers.
( ) 4. Everyone should protect the flowers and grass.
( ) 5. Mary shouldn't pick the flowers.

十二 写作。（9 分）

同学们，本单元我们学习了植物各部分的名称及它们各自所起的作用，请联系所学内容并参考图片提示的信息写一篇不少于 40 个单词的作文。



Each plant has different parts. They are...

自己说说
我的心情
密
封
线
老师点评
家长点评

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Unit 3 达标测试卷

时间：40 分钟　满分：100 分

题　号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	十二	总　分
得　分													

听力部分（40 分）

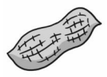
听力测试

一　听录音，按听到的顺序为下列图片排序。（每空 2 分，共 10 分）


（　　）


（　　）


（　　）


（　　）


（　　）

二　听录音，判断所给句子与听到的句子是（T）否（F）相符。（每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

（　　）1. We can use wood in many ways.
（　　）2. Why do we celebrate Tree-planting Day?
（　　）3. Peanuts are seeds, and potatoes are stems.
（　　）4. We get most of our food from animals.
（　　）5. Flowers travel in many ways.

三　听录音，左右搭配，组成句子。（每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

（　　）1. Potatoes　　A. are fruits.
（　　）2. Tomatoes　　B. are leaves.
（　　）3. Peanuts　　C. are roots.
（　　）4. Cabbages　　D. are stems.
（　　）5. Carrots　　E. are seeds.

四　听录音，补全句子。（每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

1. Seeds _____ in many ways.
2. Wheat and rice are _____ seeds.
3. Can you give me an _____ of the food?
4. I enjoy walking in a _____.
5. What _____ are seeds?

笔试部分（60 分）

五　选出每组中与众不同的单词。（每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

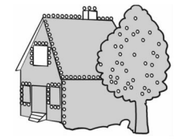
（　　）1.	A. corn	B. else	C. rice
（　　）2.	A. tomato	B. carrot	C. animal
（　　）3.	A. forest	B. make	C. wood
（　　）4.	A. nut	B. eggplant	C. cabbage
（　　）5.	A. apple	B. peanut	C. watermelon

六　根据句意选择合适的图片。（每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

（　　）1. We can get fruits from trees.

A.  　　B. 

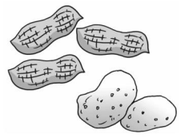
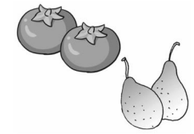
（　　）2. We make chairs with the wood from trees.

A.  　　B. 

（　　）3. I enjoy walking in a forest.

A.  　　B. 

（　　）4. Peanuts are seeds, and potatoes are stems.

A.  　　B. 

（　　）5. Corn and wheat are both seeds.

A.  　　B. 

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七 选择合适的短语，补全句子。（每小题1分，共5分）

travel with	come from	make a bag	an example of	most of

1. We can use the old coat to _____.
2. My sister wants to _____me.
3. I can give you _____sweet fruits.
4. He gets _____his pencils from his dad.
5. Bananas _____the fruits of plants.

八 单项选择。（每小题1分，共10分）

（　　）1. —_____do we celebrate Tree-planting Day?
—Because trees help us.
A. What　　B. How　　C. Why

（　　）2. I do my English homework _____a pen.
A. in　　B. with　　C. from

（　　）3. The monkeys can get the food _____the forest.
A. at　　B. with　　C. from

（　　）4. How can we make use _____newspapers?
A. from　　B. in　　C. of

（　　）5. We can use cars _____many ways.
A. in　　B. at　　C. on

（　　）6. We enjoy _____English in our English club.
A. speak　　B. speaking　　C. to speak

（　　）7. Can you give me _____example of the flower?
A. a　　B. an　　C. /

（　　）8. Peanuts are seeds, and _____are stems.
A. potato　　B. tomato　　C. potatoes

（　　）9. —_____does he travel?
—By plane.
A. How　　B. What　　C. Why

（　　）10. Can you pass _____a book?
A. he　　B. him　　C. his

九 根据句意，选择正确的单词，在正确的单词下面打“√”。（每小题1分，共5分）

1. Some students eat apples, and (other, others) eat peaches.
2. Can trees (help, helped) us?
3. There are many (tomatos, tomatoes) in the box.
4. These foods (come, comes) from different parts of plants.
5. That (sound, sounds) wonderful.

十 从方框中选择合适的疑问词填空。（每小题2分，共10分）

Where	Who	How	What	Why

1. —_____do you like this book?
—Because it's very interesting.
2. —_____can we be a teacher?
—We can study hard now.
3. —_____do we get the water?
—We get the water from the river.
4. —_____are animals?
—Dogs and cats are animals.
5. —_____gave you the pen?
—My friend.

十一 阅读短文，判断正（T）误（F）。（每小题2分，共10分）

（建议用时：6分钟）

Jack is an old man. He likes walking in the street after dinner. And he goes home at eight o'clock. But a police car stops in front of his house tonight. A policeman helps him get out. Then the policeman tells Jack's wife, "The old man is lost in the street. He asks me to take him home." After the policeman leaves, his wife asks, "Jack, you walk in that street every night. How can you be lost?" Jack says, "I am not lost. I am just tired. And I don't want to go home on foot."

（　　）1. Jack likes watching TV after dinner.
（　　）2. A policeman takes Jack home tonight.
（　　）3. Jack is really lost in the street.
（　　）4. Jack doesn't want to go home on foot.
（　　）5. Jack is just tired.

十二 写作。（10分）

同学们，树木与我们的日常生活息息相关，我们吃的很多水果都是从树上采摘下来的，我们所使用的很多生活用品的材料也是来自于树木。请你联系实际生活，用英语写一篇短文，向大家介绍我们是怎样利用树木的。要求：不少于50个单词。

自己说说

我的心情

密

封

线

老师点评

家长点评

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Unit 4 达标测试卷

时间：40 分钟　满分：100 分

题　号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	十二	总　分
得　分													

姓名＿＿＿＿　学号＿＿＿＿　密　班级＿＿＿＿　封　学校＿＿＿＿　线

听力部分（40 分）

听力测试

一　听录音，选出你所听到的短语。（每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

（　　）1. A. play the violin　B. play chess　C. play football
（　　）2. A. by bus　B. by bike　C. by train
（　　）3. A. play baseball　B. play basketball　C. play table tennis
（　　）4. A. read Chinese　B. read English　C. learn English
（　　）5. A. go to the park　B. visit grandparents　C. have a picnic

二　听录音，按听到的顺序为下列图片排序。（每空 1 分，共 5 分）


（　　）

（　　）

（　　）

（　　）

（　　）

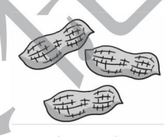
三　听录音，判断所听内容与图片是否相符，相符的写 T，不相符的写 F。（每小题 2 分，共10 分）

1.

（　　）

2.

（　　）

3.

（　　）

4.

（　　）

5.

（　　）

四　听录音，选出你所听到句子的汉语意思。（每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

（　　）1. A. 我经常骑自行车上学。　B. 我经常步行上学。
（　　）2. A. 玲玲正在拉小提琴。　B. 玲玲正在弹钢琴。
（　　）3. A. 我们早上七点吃早饭。　B. 我们早上七点半吃早饭。
（　　）4. A. 你喜欢跳舞吗？　B. 你喜欢唱歌吗？
（　　）5. A. 他们正在打棒球。　B. 他们正在打篮球。

五　听录音，根据所听内容补全句子。（每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

1. An eye can grow into a new _____ plant.
2. We can use _____ from trees to build a house.
3. Trees are _____ plants.
4. Would you like to see my family _____?
5. Nothing on the earth can live without the _____.

笔试部分（60 分）

六　选出画线部分发音与所给单词画线部分发音相同的一项。（每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

（　　）1. but　A. put　B. up　C. use
（　　）2. bag　A. make　B. tomato　C. have
（　　）3. cloth　A. photo　B. job　C. carrot
（　　）4. book　A. food　B. wood　C. school
（　　）5. big　A. bike　B. like　C. listen

七　仿照例子（增加、替换字母均可以）写单词，并组成词组。（每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

例：bag	big	a big apple
1. red	_____	_____
2. tall	_____	_____
3. us	_____	_____
4. gave	_____	_____
5. son	_____	_____

八　根据句子的描述，用线连接相应的选项。（每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

1. It's a soft material. We use it to make many things such as T-shirts and jeans.
2. It's a material from trees. We can cut and shape it.
3. It's a hard, heavy material. We get it from the ground and from mountains.
4. It's a soft material from plants. It's light and easy to bend and fold.
5. They're strong and difficult to break. They're usually shiny.

A.

B.

C.

D.

E.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九 单项选择。（每小题 2 分，共 12 分）

（　　）1. Do you want _____ to fly the kite?
A. try　　B. to try　　C. trying

（　　）2. Don't drink _____ water in the evening.
A. too much　　B. much too　　C. too many

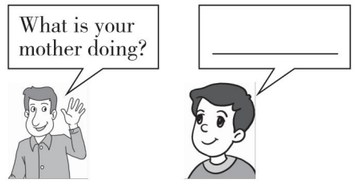
（　　）3. People plant _____ trees every year.
A. thousand of　　B. two thousands　　C. thousands of

（　　）4. Tom is as _____ as Jim.
A. tall　　B. taller　　C. tallest

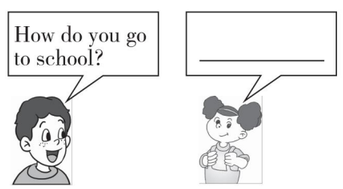
（　　）5. How _____ we get a new book?
A. does　　B. can　　C. are

（　　）6. What do we need _____ cook the lunch?
A. to　　B. of　　C. for

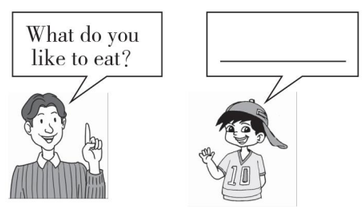
十 根据图片提供的情景，选择合适的句子补全对话。（每小题 2 分，共 8 分）

（　　）1. 

A. She likes going shopping.
B. She is a teacher.
C. She is making food.

（　　）2. 

A. At seven o'clock.
B. I go to school by bike.
C. I'm twelve.

（　　）3. 

A. I like playing basketball.
B. I like to eat hamburgers.
C. I like red.

（　　）4. 

A. Yes, I am.
B. No, I don't.
C. No, I can't.

十一 阅读短文，选择正确的答案。（每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

（建议用时：7 分钟）

Why are plants important? Today I am at home. I talk about plants with my family. I know why plants are so important to us. There are many plants around us. And we can't live without plants. Do you know why? Let me tell you. Plants help clean the air and it is pleasant（令人愉快的）to walk among the trees. We can also get food from plants, such as apples, oranges and so on. Corn, wheat and rice are all plants, too. We can make chairs, beds and houses with the wood from trees. We can sit under a tree in the shade（阴凉处）in summer. So plants are very important.

（　　）1. I talk about _____ with my family.
A. flowers　　B. plants　　C. vegetables

（　　）2. We can't _____ without plants.
A. swim　　B. play　　C. live

（　　）3. Plants help clean the _____.
A. air　　B. room　　C. school

（　　）4. We can get _____ from plants.
A. water　　B. food　　C. milk

（　　）5. We can make chairs, beds and houses with _____.
A. fruits　　B. leaves　　C. wood

十二 写作。（10 分）

同学们，本单元我们学习了如何种土豆，那么你知道如何植树吗？请根据所给的提示词，以“How to plant trees?”为题目，写一篇不少于 10 句话的作文。提示词：sapling 幼树；hole 洞，坑；stick 棒子；tie 系

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

自己说说

我的心情

老师点评

家长点评

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姓名 学号 班级 学校 密 封 线

五年级下学期英语期中测试卷

时间：60 分钟　满分：100 分

题　号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	十二	总　分
得　分													

听力部分（40 分）

听力测试

一　听录音，选出所听句子中含有的单词。（每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

（　　）1. A. read　　B. practice　　C. speak
（　　）2. A. draw　　B. make　　C. talk
（　　）3. A. favourite　　B. different　　C. good
（　　）4. A. party　　B. job　　C. clock
（　　）5. A. earth　　B. ground　　C. soil

二　听录音，选出与你所听到的内容相符的图片。（每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

（　　）1. A.　　B.　　C.
（　　）2. A.　　B.　　C.
（　　）3. A.　　B.　　C.
（　　）4. A.　　B.　　C.
（　　）5. A.　　B.　　C.

三　听录音，选出你所听到单词的对应词或反义词。（每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

（　　）1. A. tall　　B. old　　C. young
（　　）2. A. long　　B. small　　C. big
（　　）3. A. woman　　B. teacher　　C. girl
（　　）4. A. same　　B. easy　　C. important
（　　）5. A. father　　B. grandpa　　C. mother

四　听录音，按听到的顺序为下列句子排序。（每空 2 分，共 10 分）

（　　）What is Mike doing?
（　　）They are having a good time.
（　　）We are having a birthday party for my grandma.
（　　）My favourite team is playing football.
（　　）Reading aloud is important.

五　听录音，给所听到的句子选择合适的答语。（每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

（　　）1. A. He is happy.　　B. He is forty.　　C. He is watching TV.
（　　）2. A. Yes, I can.　　B. Yes, I am.　　C. No, he can't.
（　　）3. A. Yes, I am.　　B. No, he isn't.　　C. Yes, she is.
（　　）4. A. This is a football.　　B. It's a ruler.　　C. He is a boy.
（　　）5. A. Yes, I will.　　B. Yes, he will.　　C. Yes, you will.

笔试部分（60 分）

六　选出画线部分发音不同的一项。（每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

（　　）1. A. arm　　B. art　　C. war
（　　）2. A. born　　B. nurse　　C. morning
（　　）3. A. purse　　B. queen　　C. quartz
（　　）4. A. safe　　B. basketball　　C. use
（　　）5. A. driver　　B. doctor　　C. bird

七　将所给短语与其意思一致的图片连线。（每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

1. visit grandparents　　A.
2. doing crafts　　B.
3. cook the dinner　　C.
4. plant trees　　D.
5. grow up　　E.

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八 单项选择。（每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

（　　）1. _____do you use a computer?
A. What　　B. Which　　C. How

（　　）2. Amy often practices _____the piano.
A. play　　B. playing　　C. played

（　　）3. —What is Mr Wang doing? —He _____with his friend.
A. talks　　B. talking　　C. is talking

（　　）4. They are _____candles on the cake.
A. put　　B. putting　　C. puting

（　　）5. There are some flowers _____this picture.
A. in　　B. to　　C. at

（　　）6. My mother asks Lingling _____some fish.
A. eat　　B. to eat　　C. eating

（　　）7. Li Ming is drawing a picture _____Sam.
A. at　　B. in　　C. of

（　　）8. Please _____to me and answer my questions.
A. listen　　B. listening　　C. listened

（　　）9. We _____lots of trees in the future.
A. to plant　　B. will plant　　C. planting

（　　）10. _____beautiful the flowers are!
A. How　　B. What　　C. What a

九 根据句意选择相应的图片。（每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

（　　）1. Mike is watching a basketball game on TV.　A.  　B. 

（　　）2. This is a picture of an elephant.　A.  　B. 

（　　）3. There is a computer on the desk.　A.  　B. 

（　　）4. Leaves make food for the plant.　A.  　B. 

（　　）5. We can get fruits from trees.　A.  　B. 

十 读短文，用括号内所给词（组）的正确形式填空。（每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

Mr Green 1. _____（come）from the UK. He is an English teacher in a school. He doesn't know much Chinese. Does he 2. _____（like）learning it? Sure, he does. He goes to Chinese classes every week. He enjoys 3. _____（walk）in his school. He can talk about something in Chinese now. Look! He 4. _____（talk）to his friend in Chinese. He 5. _____（visit）the Great Wall next week. He says the Chinese people are very kind.

十一 阅读短文，判断正（T）误（F）。（每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

（建议用时：6 分钟）

Plants are very important living things. Life can't go on without plants. This is because plants can make food from air, water and sunlight. Animals and man can't do so. Animals get their food by eating plants and other animals. Man gets his food by eating plants and animals, too. Therefore, animals and man need plants in order to live. If you look carefully at the plants around you, you will find that there are many types of plants. Some plants are large; others are small. Most plants are green.

（　　）1. Life can go on without plants.
（　　）2. Plants can make food from air, water and sunlight.
（　　）3. Animals can make food from air and water.
（　　）4. Animals get their food by eating plants and other animals.
（　　）5. There are many green plants around us.

十二 写作。（10 分）

同学们，水是我们的生命之源，我们的生活离不开水，离开水万物皆不能生存。请以“Water Is Important”为题写一篇约 50 个单词的短文。

自己说说

我的心情

老师点评

家长点评

密 封 线

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参考答案及点拨

Unit 1 达标测试卷

听力材料：

一、1. read 2. textbook 3. talk 4. chess 5. photo

二、1. What are you watching?
2. Are you reading your textbook?
3. She is listening to English songs.
4. I'm playing chess.
5. They are dancing.

三、1. She is playing the piano.
2. He is watching TV.
3. The boy is playing football.
4. He is reading the textbook.
5. The old man is fishing.

四、1. What are you doing?
2. What is Lingling doing?
3. Are you drawing a picture?
4. What is Daming doing?
5. What are they doing?

参考答案：

一、1. B 2. C 3. A 4. C 5. B

二、1. B 2. A 3. A 4. B 5. B

三、1. √ 2. × 3. × 4. √ 5. √

四、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. A

五、1. read 2. talk 3. chess 4. photo 5. picture

六、1. square 2. seek 3. game 4. good 5. past

七、1. B 【点拨】本题考查特殊疑问词的用法。由答语“他们正在唱歌。”可知上句应问“他们（孩子们）正在干什么?”，故用 What。

2. B 【点拨】本题考查现在进行时的肯定回答。一般疑问句 Are you ...? 的肯定回答用“Yes，I am.”，否定回答用“No，I'm not.”。

3. C 【点拨】本题考查代词的用法。由上句主语“Lingling”可知回答要用对应的人称代词 she。

4. C 【点拨】本题考查 swim 的现在分词。swim 的现在分词应双写最后一个字母，再加-ing。

5. C 【点拨】由句中 Look! 可知此句为现在进行时，根据其构成形式：“主语＋be 动词＋动词的现在分词＋其他”可知选 C。

6. B 【点拨】“和某人一起”用介词 with。

7. C 【点拨】本题考查冠词的用法。与 play 连用时，乐器类名词前用冠词 the，而棋类名词前不用冠词，故选 C。

8. C 【点拨】本题考查 there be 句型的用法。句中主语 a lot of cars 是复数意义，故 be 动词用 are。

9. C 【点拨】由句中主语 These 可知此处用 be 动词 are。

10. B 【点拨】would like 意为“想，想要”，后接动词时用 to＋动词原形，故选 B。

八、1. listening to 2. watching TV 3. fishing
4. washing clothes 5. playing baseball

九、1. B 2. A 3. A

十、1. cleaning 2. His 3. doing 4. writing
5. sitting

十一、1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T

十二、范文：

My Family

Hello，everyone! I'm Jim. I'm from England. There are six people in my family. They are my grandparents，my parents，my sister and I. It's seven o'clock in the evening. My father is watching TV. My grandma is talking with my mother. My grandpa is reading the newspaper. My sister is playing with the doll. I'm doing my homework. We are very happy.

Unit 2 达标测试卷

听力材料：

一、1. will 2. listen 3. plant 4. carry 5. nothing

二、1. Seeds grow up to be plants and trees.
2. The leaves will come out in spring.
3. The flowers make seeds.
4. Leaves need sunlight and water to make food.
5. Plants make food by their own leaves.

三、1. They must have different jobs.
2. They make food by their own leaves.
3. Roots hold the plant in the ground.
4. Nothing on the earth can live without the sun.
5. Please follow me and listen to the next part.

四、1. The leaves and the grass will come out.
2. Everything will be green again in spring.
3. The stem carries food and water to leaves.
4. Leaves make food for the plant.
5. Seeds grow up to be plants.

参考答案：

一、1. B 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. B

二、1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T

三、1. B 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. C

四、2 1 4 5 3

五、1. F 2. T 3. T 4. T 5. F

六、1. listen 2. plant 3. carry 4. sun 5. leaves

七、1. A 【点拨】“在……节日”要用介词 on。

2. C 【点拨】本题考查 knife 的复数形式，knife 是以 fe 结尾的名词，其复数形式是 knives。

3. A 【点拨】本题考查祈使句用法。祈使句的肯定式是动词原形开头或 Please＋动词原形，故选 A。

4. A 【点拨】must 和 can 等情态动词后面用动词原形。

5. C 【点拨】本题考查一般将来时的用法。根据一般将来时的构成：主语＋will＋动词原形＋其他，可知选 C。

6. C 【点拨】介词 for 在此意为“以帮助；为了”。

7. B 【点拨】由句意可知此处用 without 表示“没有”。

8. C 【点拨】介词 by 在此意为“通过，依靠”。

9. B 【点拨】由答语可知问句句意为“我们需要什么?”，助动词应用 do。答句中表达“去做早餐”，要用不定式符号 to 表示目的，故选 B。

10. A

八、1. F 2. D 3. B 4. A 5. E 6. C

九、1. same 2. down 3. Nothing 4. short 5. without

十、1. B 2. D 3. A 4. C 5. E

十一、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T

十二、范文：

Each plant has different parts. They are the roots，the stem，the leaves，the flowers and the seeds. What do they do? Let me tell you.

The roots hold the plant in the ground. The stem carries food and water to leaves and the leaves make food for the plant. The flowers make the seeds. Then the seeds grow up to be plants. They need the sunlight. They help each other.

Unit 3 达标测试卷

听力材料：

一、1. carrot 2. tomato 3. corn 4. peanut 5. wood

二、1. We can use trees in many ways.
2. Why do we celebrate Tree-planting Day?
3. Peanuts are seeds，and potatoes are stems.
4. We get most of our food from plants.
5. Seeds travel in many ways.

三、1. Potatoes are stems. 2. Tomatoes are fruits.
3. Peanuts are seeds. 4. Cabbages are leaves.
5. Carrots are roots.

四、1. Seeds travel in many ways.
2. Wheat and rice are both seeds.
3. Can you give me an example of the food?
4. I enjoy walking in a forest.
5. What else are seeds?

参考答案：

一、3 1 5 4 2

二、1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. F

三、1. D 2. A 3. E 4. B 5. C

四、1. travel 2. both 3. example 4. forest 5. else

五、1. B 2. C 3. B 4. A 5. B

六、1. A 2. A 3. A 4. A 5. B

七、1. make a bag 2. travel with 3. an example of
4. most of 5. come from

八、1. C 【点拨】由答语 Because... 可知上句询问原因，故用 Why。

2. B 【点拨】with 意为“用；使用”。

3. C 【点拨】get sth. from... 意为“从……获得某物”。

4. C 【点拨】make use of 是固定短语，意为“使用，利用”。

5. A 【点拨】in many ways 意为“在很多方面”，是固定搭配。

6. B 【点拨】enjoy 后接动词的-ing 形式，意为“喜爱……”。

7. B 【点拨】本题考查冠词的用法。当后面的单词的发音是以元音音素开头时用冠词 an，以辅音音素开头时常用 a，example 是以元音音素开头的单词，故用冠词 an。

8. C 【点拨】由后半句中的 are 可知此处要用表复数的单词 potatoes。

9. A

10. B 【点拨】动词 pass 后跟代词的宾格。

九、1. others 2. help 3. tomatoes 4. come 5. sounds
√ √ √ √ √

十、1. Why 2. How 3. Where 4. What 5. Who

十一、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T

十二、范文：

We can use trees in many ways. Some fruits are from trees，such as apples，pears，oranges and so on. We can make chairs，doors and tables with the wood from trees. We can also build houses. We can cook with the wood. We can make many paper things with the wood. So the trees are very useful to us. We should protect the trees.

Unit 4 达标测试卷

听力材料：

一、1. play chess 2. by train 3. play basketball
4. learn English 5. visit grandparents

二、1. palm 2. bamboo 3. pine 4. willow 5. maple

三、1. They are playing basketball.
2. We often travel by plane.
3. I like to eat rice.
4. We are watching TV.
5. I want to buy some tomatoes.

四、1. I often go to school by bike.
2. Lingling is playing the piano.
3. We have breakfast at seven o'clock in the morning.
4. Do you like dancing?
5. They are playing baseball.

五、1. An eye can grow into a new potato plant.
2. We can use wood from trees to build a house.
3. Trees are tall plants.
4. Would you like to see my family photo?
5. Nothing on the earth can live without the sun.

参考答案：

一、1. B 2. C 3. B 4. C 5. B

二、4 5 2 3 1

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三、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. T
四、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. A 5. A
五、1. potato 2. wood 3. tall 4. photo 5. sun
六、1. B 2. C 3. B 4. B 5. C
七、1. read read books
2. talk talk about the picture
3. up stand up
4. have have supper
5. sun in the sun
八、1—C 2—A 3—B 4—E 5—D

九、1. B 【点拨】want to do sth. 意为“想要做某事”。

2. A 【点拨】too much 用来修饰不可数名词，much too 常用来修饰形容词，too many 修饰可数名词复数形式，句中 water 是不可数名词，故选 A。

3. C 【点拨】thousand，hundred 等词有数词修饰时表确切数量，thousand 等词不加 s；与 of 连用时表约数，且 thousand 等词后加 s。

4. A 【点拨】as... as... 意为“和……一样……”，中间用形容词或副词的原级。

5. B 6. A

十、1. C 2. B 3. B 4. C
十一、1. B 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. C
十二、范文：

How to plant trees?

We often plant trees in spring. Do you know how to plant trees? Now let me tell you.

1. Dig a hole large enough for the tree, but the hole should not be too deep.
2. Knock a long and strong stick into the earth in the hole.
3. Put the sapling in the hole next to the stick.
4. Put the soil back in the hole.
5. Push it down hard with your feet.
6. Tie the sapling to the top of the stick.
7. Water it well.

I hope you can remember the above and plant trees well.

五年级下学期英语期中测试卷

听力材料：

一、1. I practice my English every day.
2. I often draw pictures on Sundays.
3. What's the English for the different parts of a plant?
4. He has a good job.
5. Nothing on the earth can live without the sun.

二、1. My mother is washing clothes.
2. Tom is doing homework.
3. There are so many people in this picture.
4. What do leaves need to make food?
5. We make chairs and tables with the wood.

三、1. new 2. short 3. boy 4. different 5. grandma
四、1. Reading aloud is important.
2. We are having a birthday party for my grandma.
3. What is Mike doing?
4. My favourite team is playing football.
5. They are having a good time.

五、1. What is your father doing?
2. Can you play the violin?
3. Is Lingling singing English songs?
4. What's that?
5. Will you water the flowers?

参考答案：

一、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. A
二、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. A 5. B
三、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. A 5. B
四、3 5 2 4 1
五、1. C 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. A
六、1. C 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. C
七、1—C 2—D 3—B 4—E 5—A

八、1. C 2. B 【点拨】practice 后接动词的-ing 形式。

3. C 【点拨】由问句“王先生正在干什么?”可知，答语要用现在进行时，故选 C。

4. B 【点拨】本题考查 put 的现在分词形式，put 的现在分词是 putting。

5. A 【点拨】“在图片中”用介词 in。

6. B 【点拨】ask sb. to do sth. 意为“让某人干某事”。

7. C 【点拨】表示“某人的”用介词 of。

8. A 【点拨】本题考查祈使句。祈使句的肯定形式是“动词原形＋其他.”或“Please＋动词原形＋其他.”，故选 A。

9. B 【点拨】由句中 in the future 可知本句应用一般将来时，故用 will＋动词原形。

10. A 【点拨】本题考查感叹句。根据句子结构可知本句符合感叹句的结构：“How＋形容词＋主语＋谓语!”，故选 A。

九、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. A
十、1. comes 2. like 3. walking 4. is talking
5. will visit
十一、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T
十二、范文：

Water Is Important

As we all know, water is very important for our daily life. We drink water every day. We often use water to wash our clothes and cook food. We also use water to clean cars. We use water to water the trees, flowers and many other kinds of plants, too. Nothing on the earth can live without water. So we should save water.

Unit 5 达标测试卷

听力材料：

一、1. daughter 2. nephew 3. lovely
4. eighteen 5. often

二、1. Who's this man on the horse?
2. Here is a photo of my family.
3. We often have a big family reunion on Christmas.
4. This lovely girl is Sally, my niece.
5. How often do you visit your grandparents?

三、1. He's eighteen years older than I am.
2. Tom is the son of Uncle Lee, my mother's brother.
3. We live in the same city.
4. Do you often see your cousins?
5. Looking forward to seeing you.

四、1. He has two lovely kids.
2. Sally is seven years older than Jack.
3. We're in the same class.
4. How often do you see your cousins?
5. His son is Jack, Sara's nephew.

参考答案：

一、1. A 2. C 3. B 4. A 5. C
二、3 5 1 4 2
三、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. F
四、1. kids 2. seven 3. same 4. often 5. son
五、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. B
六、1. lovely 2. same 3. niece 4. photo 5. cute
七、1—E 2—B 3—A 4—C 5—D
八、1. B

2. C 【点拨】主语 Your brother 是第三人称单数，在一般现在时中，谓语动词要用第三人称单数形式。

3. A 【点拨】句中 card 是可数名词单数，故系动词用 is。

4. C 【点拨】两者之间进行比较，要用形容词的比较级。

5. A 【点拨】“出生”是过去的事，动词应用过去式，主语是复数，故用 were。

6. C 【点拨】will 表示将来的动作，后跟动词原形。

7. C

8. B 【点拨】介词 to 后面跟动词的-ing 形式。

9. B 【点拨】主语 Tom 是第三人称单数，在一般现在时中动词要用第三人称单数形式。

10. C 【点拨】提问频率用疑问词组 how often。

九、1. A 2. B 3. B 4. A 5. B
十、1. four 2. high 3. little 4. happy 5. woman
十一、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T

5. F 【点拨】由第三段内容可知，理查德的奶奶今年 65 岁，理查德的爷爷大她 3 岁，应为 68 岁，故本题错误。

十二、范文：

Dear Tom,

How is everything going?

I miss you very much. Is your son, my nephew, Mike, twelve years old now? I think he is a middle school student now. Right? How does he go to school every day? Your daughter, my niece, Lucy, must be very lovely.

Best wishes to you!

Please write to me soon.

Yours,
Lingling

Unit 6 达标测试卷

听力材料：

一、1. pilot 2. cap 3. birthday 4. footballer 5. engineer
二、1. fly a plane 2. in the future 3. a football coach
4. play the piano 5. a birthday present
三、1. I'm practicing a lot now.
2. What will Mike be in the future?
3. My father will teach me how to play baseball.
4. I know you make fantastic model planes.
5. Do you enjoy playing basketball?
四、1. **M**: Hello, I'm Jack. My father is a basketball coach. I will be a basketball player in the future.
2. **M**: What will you do in the future, Mary?
W: I will be a professor.
3. **W**: Hi, I'm Kate. I like playing the piano. I want to be a pianist.
4. **W**: Will you be a pilot in the future, Sam?
M: I hope so.
5. **M**: Do you enjoy writing stories, Nancy?
W: Yes, I do. I want to be a writer.

参考答案：

一、1. B 2. A 3. A 4. C 5. B
二、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. A
三、4 2 1 5 3
四、

	pianist	writer	professor	basketball player	pilot
Jack				√	
Mary			√		
Kate	√				
Sam					√
Nancy		√			

五、1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T
六、1—D 2—B 3—E 4—A 5—F 6—C
七、1. should 2. or 3. enjoy 4. future 5. strong

八、1. B 【点拨】由本句句意可知，前后两个分句是并列关系，故用 and 连接。

2. A 【点拨】from“来自于”。

3. C 【点拨】“让某人干某事”应为 ask sb. to do sth.。

4. B 【点拨】be good at“擅长于……”，为固定搭配。

5. B 【点拨】have to“必须”，主语为第三人称单数 she，故用 has to。

九、1. D 2. B 3. A 4. E 5. C
十、1. B 2. C 3. A 4. C 5. A

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十一、范文：

My Future

I want to be a writer in the future, because I like reading. And I am good at writing. My favorite book is *Harry Potter*. I want to write a book like it. I will write a lot of books for people. I need to study hard to be a great writer. I will try my best to do it well.

Unit 7 达标测试卷

听力材料：

一、1. excited 2. hour 3. enjoy 4. beach 5. camera

二、1. It takes more than ten hours by plane.
2. Lingling's father is working in New York.
3. I enjoy travelling by train.
4. He will go swimming in the sea.
5. Sanya is famous for its sandy beach.

三、1. My mum and I are going to New York.
2. It will be very exciting.
3. She will visit many interesting places.
4. What is Hangzhou famous for?
5. Are you going away for the holiday?

四、1. How long does it take to get to Xi'an?
2. Can you come back for school on Monday?
3. How will you go to Shanghai?
4. Why don't you take the plane to Guangzhou?
5. What is Suzhou famous for?

参考答案：

一、1. A 2. C 3. B 4. B 5. A

二、1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T

三、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. B

四、1. A 2. A 3. B 4. A 5. B

五、1. A 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. C

六、1. A 2. C 3. C 4. B 5. A

七、1. E 2. B 3. D 4. A 5. C

八、1. B 【点拨】hour 为元音音素开头的单词，故冠词用 an。

2. C 【点拨】my parents 意为“我的父母”，为复数，所以系动词选择“are”。

3. C 【点拨】on foot“步行”，是固定短语。

4. C 【点拨】excited 意为“激动的”，exciting 意为“令人激动的”。

5. A 【点拨】固定搭配“go away for May Day”意思是“五一外出度假”。

6. B 【点拨】Why don't...“为什么不……”。

九、1. B 2. A 3. A 4. B 5. A

十、1—B 2—A 3—D 4—E 5—C

十一、1. C 2. E 3. A 4. D 5. B

十二、1. F 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T

十三、范文：

My travel

I'm going to Harbin with my parents for the holiday. It will take us five hours to go there by train. Harbin is a very beautiful city. It's cold in winter. It's famous for its snow and ice. The most exciting thing is playing with snow. Skating is also very interesting here. I enjoy skating. I hope we can have a nice time.

Unit 8 达标测试卷

听力材料：

一、1. I will be a footballer in the future.
2. This is a picture of my family.
3. My nephew is seven years old.
4. You can see many famous cartoon characters.
5. She goes to work by subway.

二、1. She writes lots of books for children.
2. Mike wants to be a pilot in the future.
3. They often go shopping in the afternoon.
4. She likes collecting stamps.
5. He enjoys maths and likes working with numbers.

三、1. My mother is a doctor.
2. Sally is seven years older than I am.
3. Canada is a neighbour of the U. S.
4. There are many different rides in the park.
5. The train is faster than the bike.

四、1. It takes about three hours by bullet train.
2. I will be a policeman in the future.
3. My niece is very lovely.
4. He works in a bank.
5. Tom's grandparents live in Hong Kong.

参考答案：

一、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. A

二、1. A 2. B 3. B 4. A 5. B

三、1. F 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. F

四、1. C 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. B

五、（答案不唯一，仅供参考）

1. niece 2. pilot 3. study 4. bus 5. famous

六、1. B 【点拨】主语 many students 是复数，故系动词用 are。

2. B 【点拨】两者之间进行比较，要用形容词的比较级。

3. C 【点拨】主语 It 是第三人称单数，在一般现在时中，谓语动词要用第三人称单数形式。

4. C 【点拨】主语 Mary 是第三人称单数，在一般现在时中，表示否定要用 doesn't。

5. A 【点拨】like 后跟动词的-ing 形式。

6. B 7. C

8. A 【点拨】这是一个现在进行时的句子，谓语要用 be＋现在分词。

9. B 【点拨】情态动词 can 后跟动词原形。

10. B 【点拨】由答语 By car. 可知，问句提问的应是方式，故用 How。

七、1. F 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T

八、1. B 2. D 3. A 4. E 5. C

九、1. taller 【点拨】两者之间进行比较，用形容词的比较级。

2. see 【点拨】情态动词 can 后跟动词原形。

3. writer

4. building 【点拨】根据句意，此处应用 build 的名词形式 building，意为“建筑物”。

5. goes 【点拨】主语是第三人称单数，在一般现在时中，谓语动词要用第三人称单数形式。

十、1—B 2—D 3—A 4—E 5—C

十一、范文：

My Parents

My parents are busy every day. My father is a policeman. He loves his job very much. He likes helping people. He goes to work by motorbike. My mother is a teacher. She goes to work by bus. She likes her students. Her students love her, too. I think her job is very interesting. And I will be a teacher in the future.

词汇专项测试卷

一、1. D 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. B

二、1. S 【点拨】三个选项画线部分都发［ʌ］音。
2. D 3. D 4. D 5. D

三、1. chess 2. visit 3. study 4. tiger 5. quickly

四、1. C

2. D 【点拨】A、B、C 三项都是名词，D 项为动词。

3. A 【点拨】A 为钟表的表盘，B、C、D 为电脑的各部分。

4. B 5. D 6. A 7. C 8. A 9. D 10. B

五、1. lady 2. talk 3. listen 4. lucky 5. enjoy
6. carry

六、1—C 2—A 3—B 4—E 5—D 6—J 7—I
8—F 9—G 10—H

七、1. make—seeds 2. water—melon
3. how—long 4. come—back
5. summer—vacation 6. hot—dog
7. more—than 8. make—clothes
9. sandy—beaches 10. grow—up

八、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. B 6. B 7. B 8. B

九、1. F 2. B 3. E 4. A 5. D 6. C

十、1. small 2. fast 3. shorter 4. new 5. different

十一、1. excited; exciting 2. grandparents; uncle
3. trunk; branches; leaves 4. build; make
5. earth; without

十二、1. son/sister 2. reading 3. food 4. often
5. pilot/policeman

句型专项测试卷

一、1. C 【点拨】由问句可知，此句为现在进行时态，其结构为：be＋动词的-ing 形式，故选 C。

2. B

3. C 【点拨】come out 意为“发芽”。 4. A

5. B 【点拨】enjoy doing sth. 意为“喜欢做某事”。

6. C 【点拨】both 指“两者都”。

7. C

8. C 【点拨】主语 He 是第三人称单数，故谓语动词也要用第三人称单数形式 looks。

9. B 【点拨】should 后跟动词原形，故选 B。

10. A 【点拨】take...with 随身携带……，为固定短语。

二、1. C 2. F 3. A 4. D 5. B 6. H 7. G 8. E

三、1. hold 2. picture 3. fruits 4. example
5. others 6. exercise

四、1. C 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. C

五、1. T 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. F

六、1. visit 2. cousin's 3. leaves
4. practicing 5. needs

七、1. D 2. B 3. E 4. A 5. C

八、1. C 2. E 3. A 4. B 5. D

九、5 3 1 4 6 2

完形与阅读专项测试卷

一、**A** 1. B 2. C 3. B

4. C 【点拨】speak English 意为“说英语”，故选 C。

5. A 【点拨】修饰动词 speak 要用副词，故选 A。

B 1. A 【点拨】will 之后要跟动词原形。
2. B

3. C 【点拨】形容令人激动的事用 exciting，形容某人很激动时用 excited。 4. B

5. A 【点拨】How often 意为“多久一次”，How many 问数量。根据题意可知问的是多长时间，故选 A。

C 1. C 2. B 3. B 4. A 5. B

二、**A** 1. A

2. B 【点拨】由短文第六句可知。

3. B 【点拨】由“My parents were born in the same year.”可知父母的年龄是相同的，父亲 43 岁，母亲也就是 43 岁了，故选 B。

4. A 【点拨】姐姐 17 岁，比我大 7 岁，所以我是 10 岁，故选 A。

5. C 【点拨】由“She is in high school now.”可知我姐姐是学生，故选 C。

B 1—C—b 2—A—e 3—D—a
4—B—d 5—E—c

C 1. C

2. A 【点拨】“儿童节”是六月一日，即“June 1”。
3. C 4. B 5. B

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D 1. F ［点拨］由短文第一句话可知，“我”有很多梦想的工作，而不是“我”有很多工作。

2. F ［点拨］actor 为男演员，actress 为女演员，由短文第一段最后一句话可知作者是男的，故 actress 错。

3. T

4. F ［点拨］next year 为“明年”的意思，由短文最后一段可知应在十年以内“In ten years”，故此题错。

5. T

E 1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T

F 1. F ［点拨］由对话第一句可知明天是“植树节”。

2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T

G 1. F 2. T

3. F ［点拨］由文中“He lets me ride up and down in the chair.”可知“我”并没有躺在床上。

4. F ［点拨］由短文倒数第二句话可知，一个美丽的护士给了我一个大玩具，而不是牙医给的。

5. T

写作专项测试卷

二、（一）范文：

In the park

This is a picture of a park. There is a lake in the park. There is an old man and an old woman at the table. They are talking. There are some boys in the lake. They are swimming. Near the lake, a boy is playing football. Another boy is flying a kite. A girl is eating an ice cream.

（二）范文：

My cousin

I have a cousin. Her name is Laura. She is seventeen years old. She is nice. Now she is in a high school. She works very hard. She is good at English and maths. She likes making things. She wants to be an engineer in the future.

（三）范文：

Welcome to Beijing

Good morning, Jim! Welcome to Beijing. Beijing is the capital（首都）of China. It's very big and famous. There are many interesting places in Beijing. For example, the Palace Museum（故宫）, the Summer Palace, Tian'anmen Square and the Great Wall. The Great Wall is very long and old. It's more than twenty thousand kilometres long（两万多公里长）.

（四）范文：

How to plant flowers

Do you know how to plant flowers? Let me tell you. First, dig the soil. Then put the flower seeds in the soil. Cover them with some soil. Water them but don't use too much water. Next, put them in the sun. Make sure they can get enough sunlight and air. At last, wait for flowers to grow. It's very easy. Flowers can make the world more beautiful. Let's plant more and more flowers.

五年级下学期英语期末测试卷（A 卷）

听力材料：

一、1. photo 2. textbook 3. listen 4. plant 5. tomato 6. corn 7. niece 8. camera 9. wood 10. pilot

二、1. listen to English songs
2. have a birthday party
3. have a good time
4. make use of wood
5. a big family reunion
6. in the same city
7. pay a visit
8. a football coach

三、1. Would you like to look at my family photos?
2. They need sunlight, air and water.
3. How can we make use of trees?
4. Can you give me an example of the food?
5. He looks much older than you.
6. Do you enjoy travelling by train?

四、1. —Where does Lucy live, Lingling?
—She lives in Beijing.
2. —How do you go to work, Betty?
—I go to work by motorbike.
3. —What is Mike doing?
—He's watching a basketball game.
4. —Who's the man on the horse?
—He's my cousin, Tom.
5. —What will you do in the future, Maomao?
—I want to be a professor.

参考答案：

一、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T 6. T 7. F 8. T 9. F 10. F

二、1. A 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. A 6. B 7. B 8. A

三、1. B 2. A 3. A 4. B 5. A 6. B

四、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. F

五、1. quarter 2. lessons 3. follow 4. girl 5. driver

六、1. read 2. talk 3. wood 4. corn 5. same 6. hour 7. both 8. have

七、1. B ［点拨］这是一个现在进行时结构，谓语应为 be＋现在分词，而 chat 的现在分词必须双写 t，故选 B。

2. A ［点拨］动词不能直接用作主语，应用动词的 -ing 形式。

3. B ［点拨］副词 well 修饰动词 practices。

4. C 5. B

6. B ［点拨］情态动词 can 后跟动词原形。

7. C ［点拨］with 表示“和……一起”的意思。

8. B ［点拨］由时间状语 last Sunday 可知，动词 go 应用其过去式 went。

9. A ［点拨］“by＋交通工具”表示出行的方式。

10. C ［点拨］be good at 后跟动词的-ing 形式。

八、1. at 2. in 3. up 4. on 5. from 6. for

九、1. chess 2. camera
3. kids/children/sons
4. pilot 5. birthday

十、1. traveling ［点拨］like 后可跟动词的-ing 形式。
2. its 3. easier

4. go ［点拨］will 后跟动词原形，表将来。

5. has

十一、1. C 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. C

十二、范文：

Dear Lingling,

The summer vacation is coming. My parents and I are going to Sanya for the vacation. We are going there by plane. It takes about three hours. Sanya is famous for its sandy beach. We will go swimming in the sea. I will build houses on the sandy beach. I'm sure I will have a good time.

Yours,
Li Li

五年级下学期英语期末测试卷（B 卷）

听力材料：

一、1. Nothing on the earth can live without the sun.
2. I enjoy walking in the forest.
3. Roots hold the plant in the ground.
4. He's playing chess with Jane.
5. Stems carry food and water to the leaves.
6. How do seeds travel?
7. Wheat and rice are both seeds.
8. We see each other quite often.
9. You should study hard at school.
10. They are of the same age.

二、1. watch a football game
2. a photo of my family
3. play baseball
4. have a birthday party
5. play the piano

三、1. I'm practicing my English.
2. What will happen in spring?
3. We can get fruits from trees.
4. I have more cousins than you.
5. Why don't you take the plane to Shanghai?

四、1. Sanya is famous for its sandy beach.
2. I'll write emails to you.
3. Nancy is my sister. She's lovely.
4. We all have a good time.
5. He is seven years older than you.

参考答案：

一、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. A 6. C 7. A 8. B 9. A 10. C

二、2 3 4 1 5

三、1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. F

四、1. beach 2. emails 3. lovely 4. have 5. seven

五、1.



2.



3.



4.



5.



六、1. walk walk to school
2. fast fast food
3. take take the bus
4. beach on the beach
5. park in the park
6. same in the same city
7. born be born
8. her her sister

七、1. B

2. A ［点拨］动词 give 后跟人称代词宾格形式作宾语。

3. B ［点拨］由时间状语 yesterday 可知，谓语动词应用过去式。

4. C ［点拨］主语是两个人，为复数，be 动词用 are。

5. A

6. A ［点拨］短语 be famous for 为固定搭配，意为“以……而闻名”。

八、1. Who 2. What 3. How long 4. Where 5. How often

九、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. A 5. B 6. A

十、1. shopping 2. player
3. writer；writing 4. visitors

5. study ［点拨］情态动词 should 后跟动词原形。

6. leaves

7. reading ［点拨］现在进行时的结构为：be 动词＋现在分词。

十一、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. A

十二、范文：

My Uncle

Wang Qiang is my uncle. He is twenty-six years old. He is tall and strong. He is a policeman. He likes helping people. He also likes collecting stamps. Basketball is his favourite sport. At the weekend, he sometimes watches basketball games on TV. Sometimes he plays basketball with his friends. He is happy every day.

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