《好卷》=《大卷》+《小卷》：不是所有的试卷都叫“好卷”，期末提分才是硬道理

同步测评用 大卷

模块检测卷

Module 1 达标检测卷 …… 1
Module 2 达标检测卷 …… 3
Module 3 达标检测卷 …… 5
Module 4 达标检测卷 …… 7
Module 5 达标检测卷 …… 9
期中 检测卷 …… 11
Module 6 达标检测卷 …… 13
Module 7 达标检测卷 …… 15
Module 8 达标检测卷 …… 17
Module 9 达标检测卷 …… 19
Module 10 达标检测卷 …… 21

期末冲刺用

小卷 考点突破卷

◆ Module 1 模块知识梳理卷 …… 1
◆ Module 2 模块知识梳理卷 …… 3
◆ Module 3 模块知识梳理卷 …… 5
◆ Module 4 模块知识梳理卷 …… 7
◆ Module 5 模块知识梳理卷 …… 9
◆ Module 6 模块知识梳理卷 …… 11
◆ Module 7 模块知识梳理卷 …… 13
◆ Module 8 模块知识梳理卷 …… 15
◆ Module 9 模块知识梳理卷 …… 17
◆ Module 10 模块知识梳理卷 …… 19
◆ 常考易错突破卷 …… 21
◆ 新型题突破卷 …… 23

大卷 专项复习卷

听力专项复习卷一 …… 23
听力专项复习卷二 …… 24
语音与词汇专项复习卷 …… 25
句型与语法专项复习卷 …… 27
阅读与写作专项复习卷 …… 29

大卷 期末测试卷

期末测试卷一 …… 31
期末测试卷二 …… 33
期末测试卷三（名校卷） …… 35
期末测试卷四（名校卷） …… 37

大卷答案 见大卷39~42页 小卷答案 见小卷25~30页



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荣德基 好卷

Module 1 达标检测卷

五年级 英语 下 WY版

时间:40分钟 满分:100分

题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	十二	十三	总分
得分														

听力部分（30分）

听力测试

一、听录音，选出你所听到的单词。（5分）

（　　）1. A. life　　B. light　　C. love

（　　）2. A. write　　B. right　　C. ride

（　　）3. A. home　　B. hope　　C. house

（　　）4. A. five　　B. fire　　C. fireman

（　　）5. A. telephone　　B. tell　　C. television

二、听录音，给下列图片排序。（5分）



（　　）



（　　）



（　　）



（　　）



（　　）

三、听录音，给所听问句选择合适的答语。（10分）

（　　）1. A. Yes, they did.　　B. Yes, I did.　　C. Yes, she did.

（　　）2. A. I was in Beijing.　　B. Yes, I was.　　C. I'm at home.

（　　）3. A. I can jump high.　　B. We lived in a small house.　　C. There are buses and cars.

（　　）4. A. I buy a book.　　B. Yes, I did.　　C. I played football there.

（　　）5. A. No, there weren't.　　B. Yes, there are.　　C. No, there aren't.

四、听短文，判断正（T）误（F）。（10分）

（　　）1. Qiqi is watching a television programme.

（　　）2. People lived in a big house twenty years ago.

（　　）3. An old woman is talking about her life.

（　　）4. There were some buses and cars then.

（　　）5. Twenty years ago, people had enough food.

笔试部分（70分）

五、找出下列各组单词中不同类的一个。（5分）

（　　）1. A. car　　B. bus　　C. house

（　　）2. A. egg　　B. apple　　C. write

（　　）3. A. cook　　B. read　　C. night

（　　）4. A. big　　B. small　　C. live

（　　）5. A. worked　　B. get　　C. washed

六、用所给词的正确形式填空。（5分）

1. Mum, I'm _____ (come).

2. We _____ (live) in a small house many years ago.

3. She didn't _____ (has) a telephone last year.

4. Life _____ (be) very different now.

5. My grandma is _____ (talk) about her life.

七、单项选择。（10分）

（　　）1. There weren't _____ buses.

A. some　　B. any　　C. one

（　　）2. We hope she is _____.

A. good　　B. well　　C. nice

（　　）3. They worked _____ the fields.

A. in　　B. at　　C. on

（　　）4. She can read. I can read _____.

A. to　　B. too　　C. also

（　　）5. She _____ football yesterday.

A. playing　　B. played　　C. plays

（　　）6. It's a programme _____ monkeys.

A. for　　B. in　　C. about

（　　）7. Lingling is still in Beijing _____ her mother.

A. and　　B. with　　C. for

（　　）8. Now there _____ lots of buses.

A. was　　B. are　　C. is

（　　）9. Six years ago she couldn't walk _____ run.

A. and　　B. or　　C. but

（　　）10. Many years ago we _____ have enough food.

A. are　　B. did　　C. didn't

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八、连词成句。（注意大小写及标点）（10 分）

1. life very years different in was many China ago (.)

_____

2. we of got lots food have (.)

_____

3. for you thank to talking us (.)

_____

4. I a television watched about programme night last China (.)

_____

5. or she television a didn't radio a have (.)

_____

九、按要求完成下列各题。（5 分）

1. There is one beautiful bird in the tree. （改为复数形式）

   There _____ some beautiful _____ in the tree.

2. Thank you for talking to us. （改为同义句）

   _____ for talking to us.

3. We have got much food. （改为同义句）

   We have got _____ _____ _____ food.

4. I watch TV with my family every day. （用 yesterday 改写句子）

   I _____ TV with my family _____ .

5. They lived in a small house. （对画线部分提问）

   _____ _____ they _____?

十、选择合适的答语补全对话。（5 分）

(　　) 1. I miss you.

(　　) 2. Where were you three days ago?

(　　) 3. Come and watch, Jim.

(　　) 4. What did they do yesterday?

(　　) 5. Thank you for helping us.

A. I'm coming!

B. I miss you, too.

C. I was at school.

D. You're welcome.

E. They watched a television programme.

十一、阅读短文，判断正（T）误（F）。（10 分）

Hello! My name is Li Ming. I am a Chinese boy. I am ten years old. There are four people in my family. They are my parents, my sister and me. Look! This is a photo of my family. This is my mother. Her hair was short, but now her hair is long. She was young then. Who's that little boy? Ha ha! That's me. I was three then. I was naughty and short. But now I am very tall. This is my little sister, Lingling. She was short and cute. I love my family.

(　　) 1. Li Ming is from China.

(　　) 2. There are four people in Li Ming's family.

(　　) 3. Li Ming's mother was old then.

(　　) 4. His mother's hair is short now.

(　　) 5. Lingling was cute and tall.

十二、阅读短文，补全下列句子。（10 分）

There are two pictures about my city. One is now, and the other one is before (以前).

Look! There was a small park, but now there is a big and beautiful park. And there is a lake. There wasn't a lake before. In my city there were some old houses and small trees. But now there are some new and high buildings (建筑物). The trees are very tall and the flowers are very beautiful. There are some supermarkets and cars now. I love my city. Do you want to visit it?

1. There are _____ _____ about my city.

2. You _____ see a lake in my city before.

3. The _____ are very tall and the _____ are very beautiful.

4. You can see some _____ _____ _____ buildings now.

5. In my city there _____ _____ supermarkets and cars now.

十三、书面表达。（10 分）

改革开放四十多年以来，中国人民的生活发生了翻天覆地的变化，请你让爷爷或奶奶谈谈以前的生活状况，然后比较现在的生活，写一篇小短文。

要求：语句通顺，条理清晰，不少于 40 词。

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

自己说说

老师点评

家长点评

密 封 线

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Module 2 达标检测卷

五年级 英语 下 WY版

时间:40分钟 满分:100分

题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	十二	十三	总分
得分														

听力部分（30分）

听力测试

一、听录音，选出你所听到的单词。（5分）

（　　）1. A. tall　　B. talk　　C. taught

（　　）2. A. hard　　B. had　　C. head

（　　）3. A. dance　　B. dancer　　C. down

（　　）4. A. write　　B. right　　C. ride

（　　）5. A. start　　B. star　　C. study

二、听录音，选出与你所听内容相符的图片。（5分）

（　　）1. A　　B

（　　）2. 数学 A　　英语 ABC B

（　　）3. A　　B

（　　）4. A　　B

（　　）5. A　　B

三、听录音，判断图片与所听内容是（T）否（F）相符。（10分）

1.（　　）　2.（　　）　3.（　　）

4.（　　）　5.（　　）

四、听短文，选择正确答案。（10分）

（　　）1. Mr and Mrs Smith live in _____.

A. England　　B. China

（　　）2. Mrs Smith was a _____.

A. teacher　　B. dancer

（　　）3. Mr Smith _____ English.

A. taught　　B. learnt

（　　）4. Mrs Smith _____ very well.

A. taught　　B. danced

（　　）5. Yesterday Mrs Smith _____ a cake.

A. made　　B. ate

笔试部分（70分）

五、判断下列每组单词是（T）否（F）同类。（5分）

（　　）1. A. learnt　　B. study　　C. taught

（　　）2. A. language　　B. dancer　　C. foreign

（　　）3. A. studied　　B. wrote　　C. hard

（　　）4. A. learn　　B. teach　　C. write

（　　）5. A. Maths　　B. Science　　C. Chinese

六、根据句意以及首字母提示补全单词。（5分）

1. Liu Ming was a good pupil. He s_____ very hard.
2. —Did you learn any foreign l_____?
   —Yes, I learnt English.
3. My mother w_____ a book about animals last year.
4. My sister l_____ to ride a bike yesterday.
5. She is a d_____. She danced in lots of places.

七、单项选择。（10分）

（　　）1. —_____ this?
—It's my friend.
A. Whose　　B. Who's　　C. Who

（　　）2. Does he like _____ books?
A. reading　　B. reads　　C. read

（　　）3. —Did your brother learn English?
—_____
A. Yes, I did.　　B. No, he didn't.　　C. Yes, she does.

（　　）4. What _____ she _____ last Sunday?
A. did; does　　B. does; do　　C. did; do

（　　）5. My mother is _____ English teacher.
A. a　　B. an　　C. the

（　　）6. Mary learnt _____ last week.
A. dancing　　B. danced　　C. to dance

（　　）7. Ten years ago, he didn't _____ English. But he is _____ English now.
A. learnt; learnt　　B. learns; learning　　C. learn; learning

（　　）8. Five years ago, he _____ a pupil. Now he _____ a worker.
A. is; is　　B. was; was　　C. was; is

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( ) 9. My grandpa _____ work now.
A. don't B. didn't C. doesn't

( ) 10. John is _____ my class.
A. at B. in C. to

八、选择与句子相符的图片。(5 分)


A


B


C


D



E

( ) 1. My grandpa worked in the fields.
( ) 2. She made a cake yesterday.
( ) 3. He did his homework last night.
( ) 4. My sister is learning English now.
( ) 5. Mrs Smith was a dancer then.

九、给下列问句选择合适的答语。(5 分)

( ) 1. Who are they?
( ) 2. What did you do yesterday?
( ) 3. Did your brother learn Science?
( ) 4. Is this your sister?
( ) 5. Did she go to Beijing last year?

A. I played basketball.
B. Yes, it is.
C. No, she didn't.
D. They are my friends.
E. Yes, he did.

十、根据图片，仿照例句写句子。(10 分)

例 1：—Did she make a cake yesterday?
—Yes, she did.



1. —Did you watch TV yesterday?
—_____



2. —_____
—No, they didn't.

例 2：—What did she do yesterday?
—She made a cake.



3. —What did you do yesterday?
—_____



4. —_____
—_____



十一、阅读短文，判断正 (T) 误 (F)。(10 分)

Thirty years ago, I was a little girl. I lived in a small house with my parents. We couldn't eat too much, because we didn't have enough food. There weren't any televisions or cars. But now we live in a tall building. We can watch TV every day. We can eat delicious food. We can play games on the computers, too. There are many cars in my city. And our city is more and more beautiful. Our country is getting richer (富裕) and stronger (强大). I love my country. I love my city. I am happy every day.

( ) 1. They lived in a big house thirty years ago.
( ) 2. They didn't have enough food thirty years ago.
( ) 3. They can play games on the computers now.
( ) 4. There were many cars in my city before.
( ) 5. They can eat delicious food now.

十二、阅读短文，选择正确答案。(10 分)

Hello, I'm Chen Tao. Here is a photo of my family. This is my grandmother. She was a singer many years ago, so she wore beautiful clothes. My grandfather was a doctor in the past. My parents are teachers now. They teach in different schools. My father teaches Maths. My mother teaches English. Oh, my grandmother is learning English now. My mother teaches her.

( ) 1. Chen Tao's grandmother was a _____ many years ago.
A. dancer B. teacher C. singer

( ) 2. Chen Tao's father teaches _____ at school.
A. Chinese B. Maths C. History

( ) 3. There are _____ people in Chen Tao's family.
A. three B. four C. five

( ) 4. Chen Tao's father and mother teach in _____ school (s).
A. different B. the same C. old

( ) 5. _____ is learning English now.
A. Chen Tao's grandfather B. Chen Tao's grandmother C. Chen Tao's father

十三、书面表达。(10 分)

请你以“ My Family”为题，向大家介绍一下你的家庭成员过去和现在的状况。
要求：语句通顺，没有语法错误，不少于 40 词。

My Family

_____
_____
_____
_____

自己说说
老师点评
家长点评
密
封
线

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Module 3 达标检测卷

五年级 英语 下 WY版

时间:40分钟 满分:100分

题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	十二	总分
得分													

听力部分（30分）

听力测试

一、听录音，选出你所听到的单词。（5分）

（　　）1. A. lunch　　B. much　　C. long

（　　）2. A. dish　　B. fish　　C. wash

（　　）3. A. live　　B. give　　C. gave

（　　）4. A. tonight　　B. night　　C. light

（　　）5. A. break　　B. fast　　C. breakfast

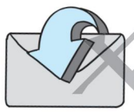
二、听录音，给下列图片排序。（5分）



（　　）



（　　）



（　　）



（　　）



（　　）

三、听录音，选出合适的应答语。（10分）

（　　）1. A. I had eggs and sausages.　　B. She ate eggs and sausages.

（　　）2. A. I miss you too!　　B. I miss my family.

（　　）3. A. I'm going to eat rice.　　B. He played football at school.

（　　）4. A. My brother gave me an apple.　　B. I ate an apple yesterday.

（　　）5. A. I like hamburgers.　　B. She likes hamburgers.

四、听录音，补全短文。（10分）

Taotao and his friends went to the zoo by bus. On the bus, he felt thirsty. His friend Daming 1. _____ him some juice, and he drank milk too. In the zoo, he was hungry. He had a 2. _____ and some chips. After lunch, he 3. _____ an ice cream. He likes it 4. _____ 5. _____.

笔试部分（70分）

五、根据图片提示补全句子。（5分）



1. My sister had _____ last night.



2. My grandparents have _____ at eight o'clock every morning.



3. Lingling doesn't like _____.



4. He has _____ at home.



5. I like _____food.

六、用所给词的适当形式填空。（5分）

1. My sister had two _____ (sandwich).
2. I _____ (eat) two hamburgers yesterday.
3. My grandma _____ (give) me an apple last night.
4. She _____ (drink) some water yesterday.
5. Her mother is going to _____ (cook) rice for her tonight.

七、单项选择。（10分）

（　　）1. What does it _____?

A. say　　B. tell　　C. says

（　　）2. I have got _____ email. It says Daming ate _____ egg.

A. a; a　　B. an ; an　　C. an ; a

（　　）3. This book is _____ English food.

A. about　　B. of　　C. at

（　　）4. She gave some milk _____ me.

A. to　　B. at　　C. for

（　　）5. —_____ did you have for dinner?

—I had rice.

A. What　　B. Where　　C. When

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八、看图回答问题。(10 分)

1. —What did you have for breakfast?
   —_____



2. —What did she have for lunch?
   —_____



3. —What did they drink yesterday?
   —_____



4. —What are you going to eat?
   —_____



5. —What does your sister drink every day?
   —_____



九、从方框中选出最佳选项补全对话。(10 分)

John: What are you doing, Alice?

Alice: 1. _____

John: 2. _____

Alice: My friend, Mary. She is in China now.

John: 3. _____

Alice: It's about Chinese food. Chinese food is delicious.

John: 4. _____

Alice: It says she had a Chinese breakfast yesterday. She likes Chinese food very much.

John: 5. _____

Alice: Yes, I do.

A. What's it about?
B. I'm reading an email.
C. Do you miss Chinese food?
D. What does it say?
E. Who wrote it?

十、阅读短文，判断正 (T) 误 (F)。(10 分)

I'm Chen Hua. It was Sunday yesterday. Mary and Kate came to my home. My mother cooked Chinese food for them. Mary likes dumplings very much. She ate twenty dumplings for lunch. But Kate doesn't like dumplings. She ate a bowl (碗) of noodles. Then we drank tea. They were very happy. They said they wanted to visit China this summer.

( ) 1. It's Monday today.
( ) 2. Mary and Kate went to Chen Hua's home yesterday.
( ) 3. Chen Hua cooked Chinese food for Mary and Kate.
( ) 4. Mary and Kate ate dumplings for lunch.
( ) 5. Mary and Kate are in China now.

十一、阅读短文，根据短文内容补全句子。(10 分)

In many English families, people eat four meals a day.

People have breakfast from seven to nine in the morning. They eat porridge (麦片粥), eggs or bread. English people drink tea or coffee. Lunch comes at one o'clock. Afternoon tea is from four to five in the afternoon. And dinner is at about half past seven. They have meat or fish with vegetables. After that they eat some fruit like bananas, apples or oranges. But not all English people eat like that. Some of them have dinner in the middle of the day.

1. In many English families people eat _____ _____ a day.
2. People have breakfast from _____ to _____ in the morning.
3. _____ comes at one o'clock.
4. Dinner is at about _____ _____ _____.
5. Some English people have dinner in _____ _____ _____ the day.

十二、书面表达。(10 分)

李明正在英国度假，下面是他昨天三餐所吃的食物。假如你是李明，请根据表格内容写一篇小短文，说说自己的三餐情况。

要求：不少于 40 词。

Meals	Food
breakfast	milk, two eggs, sausages
lunch	fish and chips
dinner	hamburgers, sandwiches and juice

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Module 4 达标检测卷

五年级 英语 下 WY版

时间:40分钟 满分:100分

题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	十二	十三	总分
得分														

听力部分（30分）

听力测试

一、听录音，在听到的图片下打“√”。（5分）

1.  （　　）

2. 

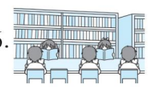
（　　）

3.  （　　）

4. 

（　　）

5.  （　　）

6.  （　　）

7.  （　　）

8.  （　　）

二、听录音，判断下列句子与你所听内容是（T）否（F）相符。（5分）

（　　）1. They are on this shelf.

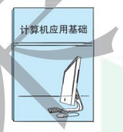
（　　）2. I went to the library.

（　　）3. Where can you find books about toys?

（　　）4. I want to make a home library.

（　　）5. You can find information about food in the CD.

三、听录音，根据所听内容在相应位置打“√”（10分）

					
Shelf A					
Shelf B					
Shelf C					
Shelf D					
Shelf E					

四、听录音，将句子补充完整。（10分）

1. Sorry, I put these toys in the _____ place.

2. These books are _____.

3. Can I _____ you to come to my home?

4. Great! It's a good _____.

5. There are lots of different _____ to find information.

笔试部分（70分）

五、将下列单词增减或更换字母变为新单词，并写出新单词的汉语意思。（5分）

1. but _____ （　　） 2. car _____ （　　） 3. near _____ （　　）

4. book _____ （　　） 5. was _____ （　　）

六、单项选择。（10分）

（　　）1. Mary _____ got some books about computers.
A. is　　B. was　　C. has

（　　）2. He sent these books _____ us.
A. in　　B. to　　C. at

（　　）3. Now we can ask our friends _____.
A. come　　B. to come　　C. coming

（　　）4. Here _____ a book about science.
A. am　　B. is　　C. are

（　　）5. —We can find information from books.
—We can find it from films _____.
A. also　　B. to　　C. as well

（　　）6. We are going to _____ this book.
A. read　　B. reading　　C. reads

（　　）7. We can use it _____ a computer.
A. of　　B. at　　C. with

（　　）8. She put _____ on the bed.
A. they　　B. their　　C. them

（　　）9. These toys are _____ the baby.
A. to　　B. for　　C. in

（　　）10. I bought an _____ yesterday.
A. book　　B. card　　C. e-book

七、为下列句子选择合适的应答语。（5分）

（　　）1. What are these books?

（　　）2. Are they on Shelf C?

（　　）3. Where can I find books about fruit?

（　　）4. Let's make a home library.

（　　）5. Here's a book about food.

A. Let's read it.
B. They are on Shelf B.
C. They are dictionaries.
D. Yes, they are.
E. Good idea.

温馨提示：请不要在密封线内答题哦！

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八、按要求完成下列句子。(10 分)

1. The books about food are <u>on Shelf A</u>. (对画线部分提问)

_____

2. We have got some toys for cats. (变否定句)

We _____ got _____ toys for cats.

3. She can find the book in her room. (变否定句)

She _____ _____ the book in her room.

4. They are <u>our chairs</u>. (对画线部分提问)

_____ are they?

5. Are these big books for students? (作否定回答)

_____

九、连词成句。(5 分)

1. library go the let's school to (.)

_____

2. books are all these animals about (.)

_____

3. good that a is idea (.)

_____

4. guide this a for information us get to is (.)

_____

5. the English C are on books Shelf (.)

_____

十、从方框中选择正确的单词,并用其适当的形式完成短文。(5 分)

make ask card dictionary send

Yesterday Ms Wang 1. _____ some books and CDs to the children. Now they are 2. _____ a home library. They have some books about art, animals and computers. They also have many 3. _____. They are very heavy. Look! These are the library 4. _____ for the children. Now they can 5. _____ their friends to come. They are very happy.

十一、阅读对话,选择正确答案。(10 分)

Lisa: Excuse me. Where are the books about China?

Librarian: They are on Shelf B.

Lisa: I think this book is nice.

Librarian: There is also a CD about China.

Lisa: Great! Let me borrow them.

Librarian: Can I have your library card, please?

Lisa: Of course. Here you are.

Librarian: Please bring back the book in two weeks. And bring back the CD in three weeks.

Lisa: OK, I will.

( ) 1. Where is Lisa?

A. In the library. B. In a shop.

( ) 2. Where are the books about China?

A. They are on Shelf A. B. They are on Shelf B.

( ) 3. Is there a CD about China?

A. Yes, there is. B. No, there isn't.

( ) 4. Has Lisa got a library card?

A. No, she hasn't. B. Yes, she has.

( ) 5. Will Lisa return (归还) the book to the library?

A. Yes, she will. B. No, she won't.

十二、阅读短文,判断正(T)误(F)。(10 分)

We live in the computer age. People like scientists (科学家), writers, teachers and even students use computers to do much work. Computers are very important (重要的) because they can work faster than men and make fewer mistakes (出错少). Computers can help people do lots of work. Writers use computers to write. Computers are very useful and helpful.

They are our good friends. Do you want to have a computer?

( ) 1. Computers are very important to people.

( ) 2. Computers work faster than men.

( ) 3. Computers make more mistakes.

( ) 4. Computers can't help people at all (根本).

( ) 5. Computers aren't very useful or helpful.

十三、书面表达。(10 分)

学校为了丰富学生们的课余生活建了一个大型图书馆,请以"Our School Library"为题向大家介绍一下你们学校的图书馆,并说说里面有些什么书,它们都摆放在什么位置,有何注意事项。

要求:不少于 40 词。

Our School Library

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

自己说说
老师点评
家长点评
密 封 线
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Module 5 达标检测卷

五年级 英语 下 WY版

时间:40分钟 满分:100分

题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	十二	十三	总分
得分														

听力部分（30分）

听力测试

一、听录音，选出你所听到的单词。（5分）

（　　）1. A. night　　B. right　　C. light

（　　）2. A. hard　　B. park　　C. card

（　　）3. A. will　　B. well　　C. wheels

（　　）4. A. take　　B. make　　C. lake

（　　）5. A. to　　B. too　　C. two

二、听录音，给下列图片排序。（5分）


（　　）


（　　）


（　　）


（　　）


（　　）

三、听录音，选出你所听到的句子或与之句意相同的句子。（10分）

（　　）1. A. The black bag is nice.　　B. The white bag is big.

（　　）2. A. This green bag is heavy and big.　　B. This blue bag is big and light.

（　　）3. A. It'll be easy for Grandma to fly a kite.
B. It'll be hard for Grandma to ride a bike.

（　　）4. A. The blue coat is too big but it's nice.
B. The white coat is nice but it's a bit small.

（　　）5. A. Try this brown T-shirt.　　B. Try this yellow one.

四、听录音，选出正确的答案。（10分）

（　　）1. What has Lingling got?
A. A book.　　B. A bird.　　C. A bag.

（　　）2. Are the books heavy?
A. Yes, it is.　　B. Yes, they are.　　C. No, they aren't.

（　　）3. Which T-shirt does the boy like?
A. The black one.　　B. The blue one.　　C. The white one.

（　　）4. Is the bag easy for the boy to carry?
A. No, it isn't.　　B. Yes, it is.　　C. We don't know.

（　　）5. Did Li Lei buy a new bike yesterday?
A. Yes, he did.　　B. No, he didn't.　　C. Yes, he is.

笔试部分（70分）

五、选出下列每组单词中不同类的一项。（5分）

（　　）1. A. light　　B. hard　　C. pocket

（　　）2. A. store　　B. too　　C. supermarket

（　　）3. A. wheel　　B. broken　　C. easy

（　　）4. A. take　　B. try　　C. umbrella

（　　）5. A. lovely　　B. white　　C. blue

六、用所给词的适当形式填空。（7分）

1. It'll _____（be）easy for you to do it.
2. The hat _____（look）small.
3. _____（try）your new dress. It's nice.
4. She can't _____（take）her kite to school.
5. My bike _____（have）got two wheels.
6. It's hard to _____（ride）a bike.
7. That's _____（love）.

七、单项选择。（10分）

（　　）1. The black bag is big. The green _____ is light.
A. ones　　B. one　　C. bags

（　　）2. Daming, _____ your bag!
A. look　　B. look at　　C. see

（　　）3. —Lingling, the bag is nice.
—_____ it's heavy.
A. And　　B. But　　C. So

（　　）4. I want the bag with two _____.
A. pocket　　B. pockets　　C. pocket's

（　　）5. —Is the blue bag light?
—_____
A. Yes, it is.　　B. No, it is.　　C. Yes, it isn't.

（　　）6. It's easy for him _____.
A. to carry　　B. carry　　C. carries

（　　）7. My mother _____ a new bike _____ me yesterday.
A. buys; for　　B. bought ; to　　C. bought; for

（　　）8. This dress is _____ small for your sister.
A. too　　B. to　　C. two

（　　）9. This black box is big _____ heavy.
A. or　　B. and　　C. but

（　　）10. Your friend can _____ it _____ his home.
A. take; at　　B. takes; to　　C. take ; to

姓名 学号 班级 学校

密 封 线



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八、情景选择。(5 分)

(　　) 1. 在商店里，售货员建议你试穿某件衣服时，她会说：_____

A. Great!　　B. Why not this one?　　C. Try this one, please!

(　　) 2. 你决定买某个东西时，你会对售货员说：_____

A. I'll take them.　　B. Give it to me.　　C. I'll take it.

(　　) 3. 你的朋友给你看她刚买的连衣裙时，你应该说：_____

A. Your dress is very nice.　B. Your dress is too big.　　C. Your dress is small.

(　　) 4. 你想告诉你的朋友你的 T 恤衫上有一只熊猫时，你应该说：_____

A. I've got a panda.

B. My T-shirt has got a panda on it.

C. My T-shirt is a panda.

(　　) 5. 搬这个箱子你觉得太重了时，你应该说：_____

A. This box is too light.

B. This box is too heavy for me.

C. This box is for me.

九、看图，完成句子。(6 分)

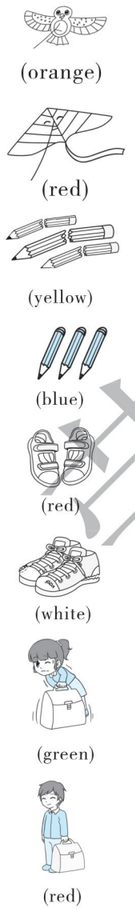
例：The orange kite is small.

The red kite is big.

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____



十、选择合适句子补全对话。(5 分)

Linda：Look, Mum. 1. _____

Mum：OK, I'll buy a new one for you.

Sales assistant：2. _____

Linda：I want to buy a T-shirt.

Mum：Oh, this red one is nice. 3. _____

Linda：4. _____ It's very beautiful. It's got a flower on it. I like it very much.

Mum：Great! 5. _____

Linda：Thank you, Mum.

A. Look at this white one.
B. Can I help you?
C. My T-shirt is small.
D. We'll take it.
E. But it's too big for you.

十一、阅读短文，判断正 (T) 误 (F)。(10 分)

It was Sunday yesterday. Sam and Amy went shopping. Sam wanted to buy a bag. He saw a black one first. It was nice, but it was too heavy. Then he saw a light one. He bought it. Amy wanted to buy a dress. She saw a white one. It was beautiful. But it was too big for her. So Amy bought a pink one.

(　　) 1. It was Saturday yesterday.

(　　) 2. Sam bought a heavy bag.

(　　) 3. Amy wanted to buy a dress.

(　　) 4. The white dress was too small for Amy.

(　　) 5. Amy bought a pink dress at last.

十二、阅读短文，补全答句。(10 分)

This is London. It's a very big city. The famous Hyde Park is in London. It is not very big. But it is very beautiful. And the famous Big Ben is in London, too. It is old and tall. Tower Bridge is famous, too. The River Thames (泰晤士河) is very long and wide (宽的), and there are many boats on the river every day.

1. —Where is Hyde Park?
   —It's _____ _____.
2. —What are famous in London?
   —Tower Bridge, _____ _____ and _____ _____ are famous in London.
3. —Is Big Ben old and tall?
   —_____, it _____.
4. —What is long and wide?
   —_____ _____ _____ is long and wide.
5. —What is on the river?
   —There are _____ _____ on the river.

十三、书面表达。(12 分)

请以“My Room”为题写一篇小短文描述自己的房间，看谁用的形容词多。

要求：语句通顺，书写工整，不少于 40 词。

_____

_____

_____

_____

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期中检测卷

五年级 英语 下 WY版

时间：60分钟 满分：100分

题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	十二	十三	总分
得分														

姓名 学号 班级 学校

密 封 线

听力部分（30分）

听力测试

一、听录音，选出你所听到的单词。（5分）

（　　）1. A. right　　B. night　　C. light

（　　）2. A. card　　B. car　　C. hard

（　　）3. A. work　　B. walk　　C. worker

（　　）4. A. sorry　　B. carry　　C. heavy

（　　）5. A. take　　B. make　　C. cake

二、听录音，选出与你所听到的内容相符的图片。（5分）

（　　）1. A　B　　（　　）2. A　B

（　　）3. A　B　　（　　）4. A　B

（　　）5. A　B

三、听录音，选出恰当的答语。（10分）

（　　）1. A. In the library.　　B. It's easy.　　C. Put them on Shelf A.

（　　）2. A. He is my father.　　B. There are some apples.　　C. They are my friends.

（　　）3. A. Yes, he did.　　B. No, he doesn't.　　C. Yes, she did.

（　　）4. A. She has some hamburgers.　　B. She likes bananas.　　C. She had some meat.

（　　）5. A. Yes, I can.　　B. Yes, please.　　C. No, I can't.

四、听录音，判断句子正（T）误（F）。（10分）

（　　）1. Last Sunday I went to the park with my mother.

（　　）2. My mother wanted to buy a coat for me.

（　　）3. My mother wanted to buy a yellow dress for me.

（　　）4. I like blue and white.

（　　）5. At last, my mother bought a blue and white dress for me.

重点提示：请不要在密封线内答题哦！

笔试部分（70分）

五、看图，根据图片提示写单词。（5分）

1. We go to bed at _____.

2. I have _____ at home every day.

3. Take your _____. It's raining.

4. My grandpa worked in the _____.

5. He can read and _____.

六、选出下列每组单词中不同类的一项。（5分）

（　　）1. A. grandchild　　B. students　　C. teachers

（　　）2. A. night　　B. morning　　C. pocket

（　　）3. A. light　　B. ask　　C. work

（　　）4. A. heavy　　B. easy　　C. put

（　　）5. A. studied　　B. lunch　　C. gave

七、选单词，补全对话。（5分）

A：Where 1. _____（are/were）you yesterday?

B：I 2. _____（was/am）in the park.

A：You look tired.

B：Yes, I 3. _____（went/go）to bed late.

A：What 4. _____（do/did）you do?

B：I 5. _____（played/play）with my little sister.

八、单项选择。（10分）

（　　）1. Ms Smart is _____ English teacher.

A. a　　B. an　　C. /

（　　）2. You can't _____ it _____ China.

A. take; of　　B. took; to　　C. take; to

（　　）3. My bag is _____. I want a new one.

A. light　　B. broken　　C. big

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( ) 4. —Does Sam like hamburgers?
—_____
A. Yes, she does. B. No, he didn't. C. Yes, he does.

( ) 5. The box is too heavy _____ you.
A. for B. of C. at

( ) 6. Tom didn't _____ Chinese last night.
A. study B. studied C. studys

( ) 7. She wants _____ a yellow T-shirt.
A. buys B. buying C. to buy

( ) 8. Yesterday I _____ with my grandparents.
A. is watching TV B. watched TV C. /

( ) 9. My father likes _____ in a school.
A. worked B. working C. works

( ) 10. —What did she do?
—She _____.
A. dance B. danced C. dances

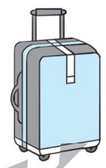
九、看图补全句子。(5 分)



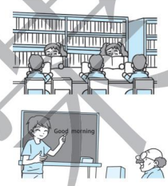
1. —What did Miss Gao teach?
—She _____ _____.



2. Yesterday I _____ _____ for breakfast.



3. The bag is light. It'll be _____ for me to carry.
I will _____ it.



4. —Let's make a home _____.
—That's a good _____.

5. My grandpa is _____ _____ now.

十、按要求完成下列句子。(10 分)

1. There were some people in the park. (改为否定句)
There _____ _____ people in the park.
2. He had rice and vegetables today. (用 tomorrow 改写句子)
He _____ _____ _____ _____ rice and vegetables tomorrow.
3. We go to the zoo. (改为祈使句)
_____ go to the zoo.
4. I learnt some foreign languages. (改为一般疑问句)
_____ you _____ _____ foreign languages?
5. She is my aunt. (对画线部分提问)
_____ is she?

十一、阅读短文，选择正确的答案。(10 分)

Jack and his mother are sitting at the dining table (在饭桌旁). They are having lunch.

"I don't like this soup (汤). I don't want to drink it," says Jack. He puts down the spoon (汤匙). "All right," says his mother. "Don't drink it."

After lunch, Jack and his mother work in the fields. They work so hard.

In the evening, Jack's mother gives him a bowl (碗) of soup. "Oh, the soup is very delicious," says Jack. His mother says, "It is the same soup."

( ) 1. Where are Jack and his mother sitting?
A. In the room. B. At the dining table. C. On the desk.

( ) 2. What are they doing at first (起初)?
A. Having lunch. B. Watching TV. C. Reading English books.

( ) 3. Does Jack like this soup at first?
A. Yes, he does. B. No, he doesn't. C. He likes the soup.

( ) 4. When do Jack and his mother work in the fields?
A. In the morning. B. Before lunch. C. After lunch.

( ) 5. What does Jack's mother give him in the evening?
A. Another bowl of soup. B. The same cake. C. The same soup.

十二、阅读短文，回答问题。(10 分)

Mary's shoes were old and broken. Mum wanted to buy her a new pair. They went to a department store last Sunday. Mary wanted a red pair. But Mum wanted a green pair. The red shoes were nice but heavy. The green shoes were light but small. So they bought a white pair. They were nice and light. They were 15 *yuan*. They were cheap (便宜的). Mary likes them very much.

1. Who wanted to buy shoes for Mary?
_____
2. When did they go to a department store?
_____
3. Who wanted a red pair of shoes?
_____
4. Were the green shoes light but small?
_____
5. Which pair did they buy?
_____

十三、书面表达。(10 分)

埃米 (Amy) 的裙子小了，妈妈想给她买一件新的。请写一段她们在商店里买裙子时的对话。

要求：语句通顺，没有语法错误。不少于 40 词。

_____
_____
_____
_____

自己说说

老师点评

家长点评

密 封 线

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参考答案及点拨

五年级 英语 下 WY版 （大卷）

Module 1 达标检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. Her life was different many years ago.
2. Amy could write Chinese five years ago.
3. I hope you are well. 4. We can cook on the fire.
5. Now she has a television.
二、1. He can write in English.
2. There weren't any buses in China many years ago.
3. My father worked in the fields. 4. Mr Black has a radio.
5. Now we have lots of nice food.
三、1. Did you watch TV yesterday?
2. Where were you three days ago?
3. How was life different many years ago?
4. What did you do there?
5. Were there any trees near the house?
四、 I'm Qiqi. I'm watching a television programme about China. An old woman is talking about her life. Twenty years ago, there weren't any buses or cars. People lived in a small house. Now life is very different. We have enough food. We must work hard.

答案：

一、1. A 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. C
二、2 3 4 1 5
三、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. A
四、1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. F
五、1. C 2. C 3. C 4. C 5. B
六、1. coming
2. lived 点拨：many years ago“许多年以前”，句子用一般过去时。
3. have 4. is
5. talking 点拨：“be 动词＋动词的-ing 形式”构成现在进行时。
七、1. B 点拨：some 多用于肯定句中，any 多用于否定句和疑问句中。
2. B
3. A 点拨：in the fields“在田地里”。
4. B 点拨：too 表示“也”时放在句末；also 表示“也”时放在句子中间。
5. B 点拨：yesterday“昨天”。句子用一般过去时。
6. C
7. B 点拨：with“和……在一起”。
8. B 点拨：there is＋可数名词单数或不可数名词。there are＋可数名词复数。
9. B 点拨：or 用于否定句中；and 表并列、顺承关系；but 表示转折关系。
10. C
八、1. Life was very different in China many years ago.
2. We have got lots of food. 3. Thank you for talking to us.
4. I watched a television programme about China last night.
5. She didn't have a television or a radio.
九、1. are；birds 2. Thanks 3. a lot of
4. watched；yesterday 5. Where did；live
十、1. B 2. C 3. A 4. E 5. D
十一、1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. F
十二、1. two pictures 2. couldn't 3. trees；flowers
4. new and high 5. are some
十三、范文：
My grandpa was born in Shandong many years ago. He and his family lived in a small house. They wore old clothes. They didn't have enough food. My grandpa was a farmer. He worked in the fields. Now my grandpa is seventy-six years old. We have a television and some telephones. We have a car too.

Module 2 达标检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. He taught me Chinese. 2. He studied English very hard.
3. My sister is a dancer.
4. My little brother can't write English.
5. The pupils don't study Science.
二、1. Ms Li taught Chinese ten years ago.
2. He studied a foreign language many years ago.
3. She danced in lots of cities.
4. They are my grandparents.
5. My father was a student ten years ago. Now he is a teacher.
三、1. She wrote a book last year.
2. My mother learnt to cook yesterday.
3. The children are playing football.
4. She is teaching Chinese.
5. We went to the zoo last Sunday.
四、 Mr and Mrs Smith live in China. They are from England. Mr Smith was a teacher many years ago. He taught English. But now he doesn't work. Mrs Smith was a dancer. She danced very well. She can make cakes. Yesterday she made a cake.

答案：

一、1. C 2. A 3. B 4. A 5. C
二、1. B 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. A
三、1. T 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T
四、1. B 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. A
五、1. F 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T
六、1. studied 2. languages 3. wrote 4. learnt 5. dancer
七、1. B
2. A 点拨：like doing sth. 意思是“喜欢做某事”。
3. B 点拨：Did your brother...？肯定回答：Yes，he did. 否定回答：No，he didn't.。
4. C 5. B
6. C 点拨：learn to do sth.“学习做某事”。
7. C 点拨：didn't 后接动词原形。“be 动词＋动词 ing”构成现在进行时。
8. C 点拨：five years ago“五年前”，句子用一般过去时。now“现在”，句子用一般现在时。
9. C
10. B 点拨：in my class“在我的班里”。
八、1. D 2. C 3. B 4. E 5. A
九、1. D 2. A 3. E 4. B 5. C
十、1. Yes，I did. 2. Did they go to the zoo yesterday?
3. I danced.
4. —What did they do yesterday?
—They played basketball.
十一、1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. T
十二、1. C
2. B 点拨：由文中句子 My father teaches Maths. 可知。
3. C
4. A 点拨：由文中句子 They teach in different schools. 可知。
5. B 点拨：由文中句子 Oh，my grandmother is learning English now. 可知。
十三、范文： **My Family**
There are four people in my family. They are my grandfather，my father，my mother and me. My grandfather was a teacher twenty years ago. He taught Chinese. He doesn't work now. My father is a driver. He can speak English. But he couldn't speak English before. My mother is a nurse. She works very hard. I am a student. I love my family.

Module 3 达标检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. What did you have for lunch?
2. It's a traditional English dish.
3. Bingbing gave a toy to me yesterday.
4. I am going to watch TV tonight.
5. She had two eggs for breakfast.
二、1. She drank some juice yesterday.
2. It's a traditional Chinese dish.
3. My mum is going to cook noodles for me.
4. Daming has got an email from his friend.
5. I had a cake for dinner.
三、1. What did you have for lunch? 2. I miss you.
3. What are you going to eat tonight?
4. Who gave you an apple? 5. What does she like?
四、 Taotao and his friends went to the zoo by bus. On the bus，he felt thirsty. His friend Daming gave him some juice，and he drank milk too. In the zoo，he was hungry. He had a hamburger and some chips. After lunch，he had an ice cream. He likes it very much.

答案：

一、1. A 2. A 3. C 4. A 5. C
二、5 3 4 2 1
三、1. A 2. A 3. A 4. A 5. B
四、1. gave 2. hamburger 3. had 4. very 5. much
五、1. chips 2. breakfast 3. fish 4. lunch 5. Chinese
六、1. sandwiches 点拨：sandwich 的复数是加-es。
2. ate 点拨：yesterday“昨天”，句子要用一般过去时。
3. gave 4. drank
5. cook 点拨：be going to 后接动词原形。
七、1. A 2. B 3. A
4. A 点拨：give sth. to sb. 意思是“给某人某物”。
5. A
八、1. I had some bread for breakfast.
2. She had some meat for lunch. 3. They drank tea yesterday.
4. We are going to eat vegetables.
5. She drinks milk every day.
九、1. B 2. E 3. A 4. D 5. C
十、1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. F
十一、1. four meals 点拨：由文中句子“In many English families，people eat four meals a day.”可知。
2. seven；nine 点拨：由文中句子“People have breakfast from seven to nine in the morning.”可知。
3. Lunch 点拨：由文中句子“Lunch comes at one o'clock.”可知。
4. half past seven 5. the middle of
十二、范文： I'm Li Ming. I am in the UK. I had a lot of food yesterday. I had milk，two eggs and sausages for breakfast yesterday. I had fish and chips for lunch. And I had hamburgers，sandwiches and juice for dinner.

Module 4 达标检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. You can find the books on the shelf.
2. I have got a dictionary.
3. There are lots of books in the library.
4. This is a library card.
5. My sister is nine years old. She is a student.
二、1. They are on Shelf A. 2. I went to the library.
3. Where can you find books about animals?
4. I want to make a home library.
5. You can find information about food in this library.
三、 **Ms Li**：What books did you find，children?
Mingming：I found an English book on Shelf E.
Lili：I found a book about computers on Shelf A.
Xiaoping：There are many books about food on Shelf B. I took a book there.
Kate：You can find Art books on Shelf C.
Ms Li：Where are the Science books?
John：They are on Shelf D.
四、1. Sorry，I put these toys in the wrong place.
2. These books are heavy.
3. Can I ask you to come to my home?
4. Great! It's a good idea.
5. There are lots of different ways to find information.

答案：

一、2.（√） 3.（√） 4.（√） 6.（√） 7.（√）
二、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. F
三、

	食物链	美术	英语	计算机应用基础	科学
Shelf A				√	
Shelf B	√				
Shelf C		√			
Shelf D					√
Shelf E			√		

四、1. wrong 2. heavy 3. ask 4. idea 5. ways
五、1. put 放，安放 2. card 卡片 3. dear 哎呀
4. look 看 5. way 方法，方式
六、1. C
2. B 点拨：send sth. to sb.“给某人邮寄某物”。
3. B 点拨：ask sb. to do sth.“要求某人做某事”。ask our friends to come 邀请我们的朋友来。
4. B 5. C
6. A 点拨：be going to 后接动词原形。
7. C 8. C 9. B
10. C 点拨：以元音音素开头的单数可数名词前要用冠词 an。
七、1. C 2. D 3. B 4. E 5. A
八、1. Where are the books about food? 2. haven't；any
3. can't find 4. What 5. No，they aren't.
九、1. Let's go to the school library.
2. These are all books about animals.
3. That is a good idea.
4. This is a guide for us to get information.
5. The English books are on Shelf C.
十、1. sent 2. making 3. dictionaries 4. cards 5. ask
十一、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. A
十二、1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. F
十三、范文： **Our School Library**
There is a big library in our school. There are lots of books in the library. You can find all kinds of books here. The books about animals are on Shelf A. The books about sports are on Shelf B. The books about computers are on Shelf C. You can read books in the library. You can take the books to your home too. But you must use the library card. And you must bring back the books on time.
Welcome to our school library. You will have a great day.

Module 5 达标检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. This box is light. She can carry it.
2. It's hard to ride a bike. 3. The car has got four wheels.
4. I can take my ball to school. 5. These books are too heavy.
二、1. This T-shirt is too big for her. 2. His shoes are broken.
3. It's easy to fly a kite. 4. Take your umbrella. It's raining.
5. His father bought a bike for him.
三、1. **Mum**：Which bag do you like，Daming?
Daming：The black bag is nice. I like it very much. The white bag is too small.
2. **Lingling**：Mum，this black bag is heavy. I don't like it.
Mum：This blue bag is big and light. You'll like it.
3. **Daming**：Can you ride a bike，Grandma?
Grandma：No，I can't. It'll be hard for me.
4. **Sales assistant**：Try this white coat and the blue coat.
Amy：The white coat is nice but it's a bit small. The blue coat is too big. I'll take the white one.
5. **Mum**：Take off your T-shirt. It's very dirty. Try this brown one，Xiaoyong.
Xiaoyong：OK. Mum.
四、1. **M**：What have you got，Lingling?
W：A blue bag.
2. **W**：The books are too heavy for me to carry.
M：Let me help you.
3. **W**：Look at this blue T-shirt. Do you like it?
M：No. I like the black one.
4. **W**：You can take this bag. It's got four wheels.
M：OK. It'll be easy for me to carry.
5. **W**：Did you buy a new bike yesterday，Li Lei?
M：Yes，I did.

答案：

一、1. C 2. A 3. C 4. A 5. B
二、2 4 5 3 1
三、1. A 2. B 3. B 4. B 5. A
四、1. C 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. A
五、1. C 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. A
六、1. be 2. looks 3. Try 4. take 5. has 6. ride 7. lovely
七、1. B
2. B 点拨：look at 侧重“看”的动作；see 意思是“看见”，侧重“看”的结果。
3. B 点拨：and 表示并列关系；but 表示转折关系；so 表示因果关系。
4. B 5. A 6. A
7. C 点拨：buy sth. for sb. 意思是“给某人买某物”。yesterday 昨天，故用 buy 的过去式 bought。
8. A 9. B
10. C 点拨：take sth. to sp. 意思是“带某物到某地”。can 后接动词原形。
八、1. C 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. B
九、1. The yellow pencils are broken. The blue pencils are new.
2. The red shoes are new. The white shoes are broken.
3. The green bag is heavy. The red bag is light.
十、1. C 2. B 3. E 4. A 5. D
十一、1. F 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T
十二、1. in London 2. Hyde Park；Big Ben
3. Yes；is 4. The River Thames 5. many boats

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十三、范文：

My Room

This is my room. It's small but it's beautiful. There is a desk and a chair in my room.

There are some pictures on the wall. They are nice and they make me feel quiet. There is a big window in my room. My hat is on the chair, and my baseball is on the floor. My room is very clean. I like it very much.

期中检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. My grandma watched TV last night.
2. Liu Ying studied hard many years ago.
3. We are going to work in the fields tomorrow.
4. These books are too heavy. 5. You can't take it to China.

二、1. She cooked on a fire.
2. I walked to school many years ago.
3. Sam ate a hamburger for breakfast.
4. We can get information from the CD.
5. It has got a panda on it.

三、1. Where can you find books about China?
2. Who are they, Amy? 3. Did your grandpa learn English?
4. What did she have for dinner? 5. Can I help you?

四、 Last Sunday my mother and I went shopping. She bought a new dress for me. She wanted to buy a yellow one. But I don't like yellow. I like blue and white. So she bought a blue and white dress for me.

答案：

一、1. B 2. C 3. A 4. C 5. A
二、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. A 5. B
三、1. A 2. C 3. A 4. C 5. B
四、1. F 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. T
五、1. night 2. lunch 3. umbrella 4. fields 5. write
六、1. A 2. C 3. A 4. C 5. B
七、1. were 2. was 3. went 4. did 5. played
八、1. B
2. C **点拨**：can 或 can't 后接动词原形。take sth. to sp. 意思是“带某物到某地”。
3. B
4. C **点拨**：Does Sam...? 引导的疑问句，答句：Yes, he does. / No, he doesn't. 。
5. A
6. A **点拨**：didn't 后接动词原形。
7. C **点拨**：want to do sth. 意思是“想做某事”。
8. B **点拨**：yesterday“昨天”，句子要用一般过去时。
9. B **点拨**：like doing sth. 意思是“喜欢做某事”。
10. B **点拨**：问句和答句的时态要一致，故选 B。

九、1. taught Chinese 2. ate/had eggs 3. easy; take
4. library; idea 5. learning English

十、1. weren't any 2. is going to have 3. Let's
4. Did; learn any 5. Who

十一、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. C

十二、1. Mary's mum. 2. Last Sunday. 3. Mary.
4. Yes, they were. 5. They bought a white pair.

十三、范文：

Amy: Mum, my dress is small.
Mum: OK! I'll buy a new dress for you.
Sales assistant: Can I help you?
Amy: Yes, I want a dress.
Sales assistant: What about this one?
Amy: It's nice. But it's too big for me.
Mum: Look at that dress. It's red.
Amy: Oh, it's nice. I like it.
Mum: OK. We'll take it.

Module 6 达标检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. They went to the moon.
2. She went shopping with her parents yesterday.
3. We can swim in the sea in July.
4. He rode a horse in Xinjiang.
5. Beijing is in the north of China.

二、1. Amy visited the Tianchi Lake last week.
2. Sam went to Beijing last summer holidays.
3. Lingling climbed the Tianshan Mountains yesterday.
4. Daming went to Xinjiang last year.
5. Tom rode a horse last year.

三、1. **M**: Where is Hainan?
W: It is in the south of China.
2. **M**: Who did you stay with?
W: I stayed with my grandma for a month.
3. **M**: I'm tired. Let's have a rest.
W: Good idea.
4. **M**: How did they go to the moon?
W: They went to the moon by using computers.
5. **M**: When did they go to Guangzhou?
W: They went to Guangzhou in June.

四、 Last summer I went to Qingdao. Qingdao is in the east of China. I went there with my parents. The weather there was very hot. I swam in the sea every day. We ate lots of fish. We had a lovely time there.

答案：

一、1. B 2. A 3. A 4. B 5. A
二、1. C 2. E 3. A 4. B 5. D
三、1. south 2. stayed 3. rest 4. moon 5. June
四、1. A 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. B
五、1. children
2. met **点拨**：yesterday“昨天”，可知动词用过去式。
3. visits **点拨**：every year“每年”，句子用一般现在时，主语是第三人称单数，所以动词用第三人称单数形式，即动词加-s 或-es。
4. them **点拨**：动词后的人称代词用宾格形式。
5. has

六、1. C
2. B **点拨**：how“怎样”，对方式提问；where“哪里”，对地点提问；what“什么”。
3. C **点拨**：“Of course.”当然可以。用来回答别人发出的请求。
4. B **点拨**：who“谁”；whose“谁的”。
5. A **点拨**：“Did you...?”引导的一般疑问句，其回答为“Yes, I did. /No, I didn't.”。

七、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. T

八、1. Did she go with her parents? 2. They had a good time here.
3. Beijing is in the north of China. 4. I went to the park yesterday.
5. Amy has got some interesting books.

九、1. C 2. E 3. B 4. D 5. A

十、1. B 2. B 3. C 4. A 5. C

十一、1. went 2. are 3. like 4. was 5. met 6. swam
7. ate 8. drank 9. bought 10. had

十二、范文：

Last summer holidays I went to Beijing with my parents. Beijing is in the north of China. It's very big. There are many places of interest in Beijing. We visited the Summer Palace. It is very beautiful. In Beijing we ate lots of delicious food and bought many things, such as T-shirts, shoes and toys. Beijing is a good place to visit. We had a lovely time there.

Module 7 达标检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. It was late.
2. My big brother is a worker in a factory.
3. The pupils get up very early.
4. It is a quarter to eight. 5. Don't worry. I can help you.

二、1. My father goes to work by bike.
2. Does your mother watch TV every night?
3. She cleans her house every day.
4. —What does Kate do?
—She is a policewoman.
5. Mary gets up at half past six.

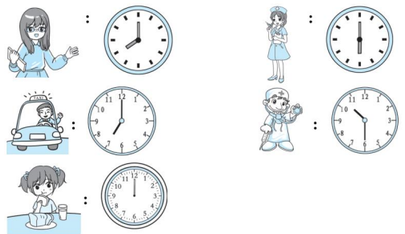
三、 Mary has a happy family. Her mother is a teacher. She goes to work at eight o'clock. Her aunt is a nurse. She goes to work at six o'clock. Her father is a taxi driver. He goes to work at seven o'clock. Her uncle is a doctor. He goes to work at half past ten. Mary has lunch at twelve at school.

四、1. I do my homework at six o'clock every evening.
2. She goes to school at a quarter to eight.
3. M: My mother goes to work at twelve every night.
W: That's very, very late.
4. We took a yellow taxi to his home.
5. My grandma gets up at five o'clock. It's very early.

答案：

一、1. B 2. C 3. A 4. A 5. C
二、1 3 4 5 2

三、



四、1. evening 2. quarter 3. late 4. taxi 5. early

五、1. taxi 2. quarter 3. factory 4. evening 5. worker

六、1. C
2. C **点拨**：take sb. to sp. “带某人去某地”。
3. C **点拨**：half past five 意思是“五点半”。
4. C **点拨**：a quarter to nine 意思是“差一刻钟九点”。
5. A **点拨**：will 后接动词原形。

七、1. What does her father do? 2. Will your
3. No, I won't. 4. What time does 5. watches TV

八、1. C 2. A 3. D 4. E 5. B

九、1. He is a worker. He goes to work at half past four.
2. She is a nurse. She goes to work at a quarter to ten.

十、1. B
2. B **点拨**：由句子“She goes to work at half past seven.”可知。
3. A **点拨**：由句子“My father is a worker.”可知。
4. C **点拨**：由句子“Tomorrow is Sunday,”可知。
5. B **点拨**：由句子“Tomorrow is Sunday, and I won't go to school.”可知。

十一、1. Yes, there is. 2. Yes, it can.
3. He has a clock and a watch. 4. It has three hands.
5. On the wall or on the table.

十二、范文：

My family

Hello! I'm Li Ming. I'm a pupil. There are three people in my family. They're my father, my mother and I. My father is a doctor. He goes to work at 7: 30 every day. He often goes to the hospital by taxi. My mother is a worker. She goes to work at 7: 45 every day. She goes to the factory by bike. I go to school on foot every day. I go to school at 7: 40. I have a happy family.

Module 8 达标检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. It's a Chinese dragon kite. 2. Write a word on the paper.
3. Please cut the paper. 4. There is a panda on the paper.
5. He drew a dog yesterday.

二、1. They will play football. 2. She drew a picture yesterday.
3. I'll make a paper fish for my cat.
4. He is going to swim tomorrow.
5. This is a Chinese word.

三、1. I'll go fishing tomorrow. 2. I made a kite for my brother.
3. Will you help me? 4. I'm going to visit my cousin.
5. What about a toy panda?

四、 Last Sunday my mother and I went to the shop. She bought a new dress for me. She wanted to buy a yellow dress. But I don't like yellow. I like blue and white. So I bought a blue and white dress.

答案：

一、1. B 2. C 3. C 4. B 5. B
二、1. B 2. A 3. A 4. A 5. A
三、3 5 4 2 1
四、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. C
五、1. on 2. about 3. for 4. to 5. of
六、1. buy **点拨**：be going to 后接动词原形。
2. writing **点拨**：what about 后接动词-ing 形式。
3. took
4. swim **点拨**：will 后接动词原形。
5. Chinese **点拨**：China“中国”，Chinese“中国人的”，可作定语。

七、1. C **点拨**：she's = she has，has got“有，拥有”。
2. B 3. C
4. A **点拨**：can 后接动词原形。
5. C
6. B **点拨**：who“谁”，问人；what“什么”；when“什么时候”，问时间。
7. A **点拨**：how“怎样”，提问方式。
8. C **点拨**：windy“有风的”，是形容词，形容词前用 be 动词。
9. B **点拨**：make sth. for sb.“给某人做某物”。
10. B **点拨**：mother's 是名词所有格，“母亲的”。

八、1. on a piece of paper 2. Paint
3. Cut 4. sticks on 5. Tie strings to

九、1. I won't 2. will ride my bike
3. drew a dragon on a piece of paper
4. I did 5. she will

十、1. T 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. T

十一、1. He likes fruit. 2. Yes, he can. 3. No, he wasn't.
4. He washed three apples, four oranges, two bananas and two pears.
5. He washed four kinds of fruit.

十二、范文：

Hi! I'm Daming. Next week I'm going to visit my cousin in Beijing. His name is Xiaoyong. What present can I take? I'm going to take a storybook. Because（因为）he likes reading. We can read the book together. It will be a great present. I think he will be very happy.

Module 9 达标检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. I have got a letter from a friend.
2. We wear skirts in summer. 3. Tell me what to do.
4. Show me your new toy. 5. Please read the book.

二、1. I played with a dog yesterday.
2. We all ate chips in the restaurant.
3. He bought some books for you.
4. He went swimming last week.
5. Don't forget to bring a CD of Chinese songs.

三、Dear Amy,
How are you? I'm glad to tell you something about my last weekend. On Saturday morning I went to visit the Great Wall. On Saturday afternoon I went to the zoo with my friends. On Sunday morning, I played basketball and went to the supermarket with my mother. On Sunday evening I helped my mother clean the floor. I was tired but I was very happy.
Yours,
Paul

四、1. I read a book about science yesterday.
2. Mr Wang is going to ask you some questions.
3. After the show we went to the restaurant.
4. My grandma told me an interesting story last night.
5. Don't forget to bring some CDs of Chinese songs.

答案：

一、1. A 2. C 3. B 4. B 5. A
二、2 3 5 1 4
三、

	Saturday	Sunday
	√	
		√
		√
		√
	√	

四、1. read 2. ask 3. After 4. told 5. bring

五、1. C 2. C 3. A 4. A 5. B

六、1. C **点拨**：woman 的复数是 women，women's 是名词所有格，意思是“女人们的”。
2. B **点拨**：in + 某种语言，指“用某种语言”。
3. C **点拨**：buy sth. for sb.“给某人买某物”。
4. A **点拨**：borrow sth. for sb.“给某人借某物”。
5. B
6. B **点拨**：be ready for... 意思是“为……做好准备”。
7. B **点拨**：listen to music 意思是“听音乐”。
8. B **点拨**：forget to do sth.“忘记做某事”。

七、1. E 2. F 3. D 4. C 5. A 6. B

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八、1. Amy has got two letters in Chinese.
2. After the show they went to a supermarket.
3. Are you ready for your trip to Beijing?
4. My grandpa read a book about Chinese history.
5. Don't forget to bring some CDs of English songs.
九、1. He played basketball yesterday.
2. He is reading a book now. 3. He is going to sing tomorrow.
十、1. E 2. D 3. B 4. C 5. A
十一、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. F 5. T
十二、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. C 5. C
十三、范文：

Dear Tom,
How are you? Last Sunday I went to the circus. There were many animals there. My parents went there with me. We saw some monkeys. They wore coats. I saw a dog. It wore a hat. It was very funny. We laughed a lot. We took many photos. We had lunch in a restaurant. We had a good time.
Love,
Daming

Module 10 达标检测卷

听力材料：
一、1. When did they go there? 2. This is my new pet.
3. Safe trip, Daming! 4. We feel nervous now.
5. He wants to find out more about animals.
二、1. You can make a list of things to do.
2. She is going to take the ticket, presents...
3. There are many cars in Beijing.
4. My friend met me at the airport.
5. This is my new pet. I like it very much.
三、1. **Xiaoxue**: When did you arrive here, Lingling?
Lingling: I arrived here yesterday.
2. **Mother**: How does Xiaoyong feel now, Mingming?
Mingming: He feels nervous.
3. **Teacher**: What are you going to do tomorrow, Sam?
Sam: I'm going to Hainan tomorrow.
Teacher: Safe trip, Sam!
4. **Teacher**: Who is going with you, Amy?
Amy: My mother and sister.
5. **Mengmeng**: How did they go to their home?
Pingping: They took a taxi to their home.
四、 Tomorrow we are going to visit Shanghai. We are going to get up at four o'clock. We are going there by train. I am going to swim in the sea. My sister is going to the zoo. She is going to ride a horse. My brother is going to play in the park. He is going to take some pictures. My father and mother are going to visit my grandpa.

答案：
一、1. C 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. B
二、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T
三、1. B 2. C 3. B 4. C 5. A
四、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. A
五、1. buildings 2. ticket 3. airport 4. American 5. nervous
六、1. B **点拨**：will 后接动词原形。
2. B **点拨**：at the airport "在机场"。
3. C **点拨**：soon "不久"，句子要用一般将来时。
4. B **点拨**：last week "上周"，句子要用一般过去时。
5. C
6. A **点拨**：in 后接大地点，at 后接小地点。
7. A **点拨**：what "什么"；when "在什么时候"，提问时间；where "哪里"，提问地点。
8. B **点拨**：want to do sth. "想要做某事"。
9. B
10. A **点拨**："I think so." 我认为是这样。
七、1. took a taxi 2. Chinese food 3. get up
4. make a list 5. my shoes
八、1. When 2. What; you 3. Who; you
4. Where 5. Are you; your
九、1. D 2. C 3. A 4. E 5. B
十、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. F
十一、1. C 2. A 3. A 4. B 5. A
十二、范文：

Dear Jim,
I'm in Beijing now. Yesterday I visited the Great Wall. It is great. I'm going to Hangzhou tomorrow. Because there is a famous lake there. It's the West Lake. I'm going there with my parents. We're going to take some clothes, food, drinks and tickets. We're going there by train. Please write to me soon.
Love,
Tom

听力专项复习卷一

听力材料：
一、1. Guangzhou is in the south of China.
2. How did they get to the moon?
3. I want to find out more about this city.
4. I will write again.
5. What did he wear yesterday?
二、1. We can find information from this dictionary.
2. She drew a picture yesterday.
3. I had noodles for breakfast.
4. My father is a worker in a factory.
5. After school we went to a restaurant.
三、1. The books about food are on Shelf C.
2. He's going to write a letter.
3. My sister had an English breakfast yesterday.
4. My mother goes to work at eight o'clock.
5. The bag is too heavy for him.
四、1. Don't worry. She can help us.
2. I went to Beijing with my parents last year.
3. There is a library in our school.
4. He can speak English very well.
5. Don't forget to take your umbrella.
五、1. Who's this? 2. What did he do?
3. Did he have fish yesterday?
4. Where can you find books about animals?
5. When did you go to Hainan?
六、Dear Dad,
How are you? Mum and I are having a good time in China. We are in Xi'an now. Xi'an is a big city in China. There are a lot of buildings and nice food. Today is Monday. Mum and I are going to Beijing tomorrow and we will go back to New York on Sunday. I miss you very much.
Yours,
Tom
七、 Hello, I'm John. Yesterday was Sunday. My family had a good day. I watched TV. My sister went shopping. My father read a book. My mother did housework. My brother listened to music. We had a lovely time!
八、 Today I went to the clothes shop with my mother. There were many beautiful clothes. "Look at the black skirt," my mother said. But I didn't like the color. I saw a red skirt. It was nice. At last, I bought it.

答案：
一、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. A 5. C
二、1. B 2. C 3. A 4. A 5. B
三、4 1 3 5 2
四、1. worry 2. parents 3. library 4. speak 5. umbrella
五、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. A
六、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T
七、

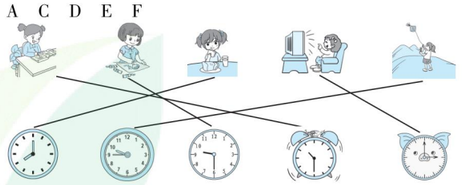
John			√		
John's mother				√	
John's father					√
John's sister		√			
John's brother	√				

八、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. A

听力专项复习卷二

听力材料：
一、1. She can't sing or dance.
2. This is my library card.
3. Let's have a rest.
4. Please write a word here.
5. He rode a horse in Xinjiang.
二、1. This red box is big and light.
2. We rode a bike on Sunday.
3. There is a tall building in my school.
4. Please give me a piece of paper.
5. It'll be hard for her to carry.
三、1. We went there by plane last year.
2. We can read in the library.
3. I had eggs and milk for breakfast.
4. He climbed Mountain Tai last week.
5. My mother bought a T-shirt for me.
四、1. My brother works in a factory.
2. We went to a theatre last week.
3. We can eat delicious food in restaurants.
4. I get many letters from my friends.
5. Please put sticks on the paper.
五、 Alan is going to London in June. His aunt lives in London. He is ready for his trip. He puts his ticket and passport in his bag. It'll rain in London. So he will take his umbrella. He will take a Chinese dragon kite for his cousin in London.
六、 Hello, my name is Alice. Today is Sunday. I have breakfast at eight o'clock. Then I draw a picture at half past nine. Then I fly a kite in the park at a quarter to ten. At half past ten I do my homework. At three o'clock in the afternoon, I watch TV.
七、1. Many years ago, she worked in the fields.
2. Lingling had an English breakfast yesterday.
3. My mother goes to work at a quarter to eight.
4. It's in the south of China.
5. Men wore women's clothes.
八、1. What does your father do?
2. How does Kate go to school every day?
3. Can I see your photos?
4. What did you have for lunch?
5. Where did they go for holidays?
九、**Tom**: What are you doing, Alice?
Alice: I'm ready for my trip.
Tom: Where are you going ?
Alice: I'm going to Hainan.
Tom: Who are you going there with?
Alice: I'm going there with my parents.
Tom: What are you going to do?
Alice: I'm going to take some photos and swim in the sea.
Tom: How will you go there?
Alice: I'll go there by train.
Tom: Have a good time!
Alice: Thank you.
十、 My friend Lily was a pupil ten years ago. But now she is a Chinese teacher. She likes reading books. And she goes to work by bus every day. She likes to eat fish. And she had some fish for dinner yesterday.

答案：
一、1. A 2. B 3. C 4. B 5. A
二、1. A 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. A
三、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. F
四、2 3 5 4 1
五、A C D E F
六、



七、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. A 5. A
八、1. A 2. A 3. B 4. A 5. B
九、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. F
十、1. B 2. C 3. A 4. C 5. B

语音与词汇专项复习卷

答案：
一、1. C
2. B **点拨**：选项 AC 中画线部分发音为/w/，选项 B 中画线部分发音为/h/。
3. A **点拨**：选项 BC 中画线部分发音为/θ/，选项 A 中画线部分发音为/ð/。
4. A
5. A **点拨**：选项 BC 中画线部分发音为/aʊ/，选项 A 中画线部分发音为/ʌ/。
6. B
7. A **点拨**：选项 BC 中画线部分发音为/iː/，选项 A 中画线部分发音为/e/。
8. A
9. C **点拨**：选项 AB 中画线部分发音为/eɪ/，选项 C 中画线部分发音为/ɑː/。
10. A
二、1. field 2. card 3. taxi 4. write 5. woman
6. umbrella 7. library 8. dictionary 9. word 10. moon
三、1. B 2. C 3. A 4. C 5. B 6. C 7. C 8. C
9. B 10. A
四、1. night 2. gave 3. heavy 4. ask 5. take
6. get/go 7. worry 8. Chinese 9. After 10. speak
五、1. about 2. on 3. or 4. at 5. from 6. for 7. on
8. for 9. at 10. for
六、1. helping **点拨**：介词 for 后接动词的-ing 形式。
2. any **点拨**：any 多用于否定句和疑问句中，some 多用于肯定句中。
3. well
4. to dance **点拨**：learn to do sth. "学习做某事"。
5. have
6. them **点拨**：ask 为动词，其后出现的人称代词应使用宾格形式；ask them to come 邀请他们来。
7. animals 8. met 9. lovely
10. be **点拨**：will 后接动词原形。
七、1. light 2. forget 3. south 4. easy 5. student
6. woman 7. bring 8. west 9. night 10. different
八、1. get up 2. watch TV 3. have lunch
4. go to the zoo/in the zoo 5. play football/football games
6. have a picnic 7. fly kites/ fly a kite
8. read a book/ read books 9. half past four
10. ride a horse
九、1. made a kite 2. goes to work 3. lived in
4. learning English 5. a great idea 6. talking about
7. go to bed 8. ride a bike 9. find out 10. went to a theatre
十、(一) 1. did 2. went 3. bought 4. cook 5. her
(二) 1. holidays 2. my 3. swam 4. sounds 5. lovely

句型与语法专项复习卷

答案：
一、1. H 2. G 3. D 4. E 5. A 6. F 7. B 8. C
9. I 10. J
二、1. to come **点拨**：ask sb. to do sth. "要求某人做某事"。
2. them **点拨**：give sth. to sb. "给某人某物"。
3. visited
4. go **点拨**：let sb. do sth. "让某人做某事"。
5. any **点拨**：否定句和疑问句中多用 any，肯定句中多用 some。
6. will swim / are going to swim 7. has 8. women
9. does/did
10. to fly **点拨**：It's hard to do sth. "做某事是困难的。"。
三、1. an English teacher 2. borrowed a book
3. forget to read books 4. two weeks
5. took a red taxi
四、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. A
五、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. C
六、1. E 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. D
七、1. can't; or 2. How about 3. walked
4. No, I won't. 5. This box is big and light.
八、1. Harbin is in the north of China.
2. It will be hard for her. 3. It's a quarter to nine now.
4. They lived in a big house five years ago.
5. Did you go to the zoo with your friends yesterday?
九、1. She is a nurse. 2. No, it isn't.
3. They flew kites yesterday.
4. He goes to school by bike every day.
5. She had eggs and sausages.
十、1. C 2. E 3. D 4. A 5. B

阅读与写作专项复习卷

答案：
一、(**A**)
1. C **点拨**：由文中句子 "Last summer, I went to Beijing with my friends." 可知。

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2. C 点拨：由文中句子“Last summer, I went to Beijing with my friends.”可知。
3. A 点拨：由文中句子“Beijing is in the north of China.”可知。
4. C 点拨：由文中句子“I went to Tian'anmen Square, too. It is big. And it is very beautiful.”可知。
5. C 点拨：由文中句子“We stayed there for five days.”可知。

(**B**)

1. C 点拨：由文中句子可知格林夫妇有一个儿子和一个女儿。
2. A 点拨：由文中句子可知格林夫妇在商量给孩子们买礼物，所以打算去购物。
3. A 点拨：由文中句子“Jim likes toys.”可知。
4. C 点拨：由文中句子“What about a doll? Or a teddy bear is OK. She likes dolls and teddy bears.”可知。
5. B 点拨：由文中句子“Christmas is coming soon.”可知。

二、(**A**)

1. T 点拨：由文中句子“Today is Sunday. It's sunny.”可知。
2. F 点拨：由文中句子“I go to the supermarket with my sister.”可知。
3. T 点拨：由文中句子“There are many people in the supermarket.”可知。
4. F 点拨：由文中句子“I see an old woman. She's carrying a box. That box is big and heavy.”可知。
5. F 点拨：由文中句子“She takes out a beautiful bag from her box. And she wants to give it to me. But I run away (离开).”可知。

(**B**)

1. F
2. T 点拨：由文中句子“But there was a small park in my city.”可知。
3. F 点拨：由文中句子“We could play there.”可知。
4. T 点拨：由文中句子“Now there are some new and high buildings.”推测可知。
5. T 点拨：由文中句子“There are some supermarkets and some cars now.”可知。

三、1. have my first lesson 2. at a quarter to seven
3. go to school 4. arrive at school 5. go home

四、1. Daming. 2. Yes, it was.
3. Ann's mother is going to buy a new bed for Daming.
4. The baby wore his mother's dress and wore his father's shoes.
5. They can watch TV, do homework and listen to music in the evening.

五、范文：

My Grandpa

My grandpa was a painter many years ago. He drew lots of beautiful pictures. Lots of people saw his pictures. He was very famous. He drew pictures in the park. And he drew pictures on the mountains. Now he is very old. He doesn't work. He is learning English. He often takes a walk in the park. He is very happy.

六、范文：

Dongdong: Mum, my bag is broken.
Mum: OK! I'll buy you a new one. Let's go to the supermarket.
Dongdong: I like this blue bag, Mum. It's small and light.
Mum: Look at this black one. It's big and it has four wheels. It'll be very easy for you to carry it.
Dongdong: OK. Let's take it. Thank you, Mum.

七、范文：

Tomorrow is Monday. Li Yong is going to get up at six o'clock. He's going to have breakfast at half past six. He's going to go to school at half past seven. He's going to have lunch at twelve. He's going to have it at school. And he's going to have dinner at 7: 00. And he's going to go to bed at 9: 30.

八、范文：

Last year I went to Qingdao by train. I went there with my parents. It's in the east of China. I met my friend there. We swam in the sea. And we visited many famous places. We bought some presents for our friends. We had a lovely time!

期末测试卷一

听力材料：

一、1. He is talking about his life.
2. My grandma taught English ten years ago.
3. Try this green one, please.
4. Shanghai is in the east of China.
5. When did she get there?

二、1. My grandpa was a taxi driver twenty years ago.
2. She had two apples for dinner yesterday.
3. Last Sunday, I climbed Mount Tai.
4. What about a basketball?
5. What will you do at six o'clock tomorrow?

三、1. **M**: Can I help you?
W: Yes, I want some fish and chips.
Q: Does the girl want any fish and chips?
2. **M**: Have you got a small shirt, please?
W: Try this blue one.
Q: Where are they?
3. **M**: I want to make a card for Mum. But I can't make a card. Can you help me?
W: Sorry, I can't do it, either.
Q: Who can't make a card?
4. **M**: Five years ago, Tom walked to school.
W: Yes, but now Tom goes to school by bus.
Q: How does Tom go to school now?
5. **M**: What did Mike do last night?
W: He read a book.
Q: Who read a book last night?

四、Yesterday Xiaoxue went to her friend's birthday party. She wore a beautiful dress. She bought a present for her friend. They sang songs and danced happily. They also played games. They had a very happy day.

答案：

一、1. B 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. A
二、1. C 2. B 3. B 4. C 5. C
三、1. C 2. B 3. C 4. B 5. C
四、1. B 2. B 3. C 4. C 5. A
五、1. C 2. A 3. D 4. E 5. B
六、1. restaurant 2. library 3. radio 4. umbrella 5. worker
七、1. his
2. them 点拨：动词后接人称代词的宾格形式。
3. working 点拨：like doing sth. 意思是“喜欢做某事”。
4. any 点拨：肯定句中用 some，否定句中用 any。
5. be 点拨：will 后接动词原形。
八、1. B
2. B 点拨：tomorrow morning“明天早上”，句子用一般将来时。
3. C 点拨：send sth. to sb.“给某人发送某物”，元音音素前用不定冠词 an。
4. B
5. C 点拨：ten years ago“十年前”，句子用一般过去时。
九、1. B 2. E 3. A 4. D 5. C
十、1. C 2. E 3. D 4. B 5. A
十一、1. What did your sister do last night?
2. Her father will be home at eight o'clock.
3. My mum bought a new dress for me.
4. This T-shirt is too big for her.
5. Where can I find the books about animals?
十二、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T
十三、1. B 2. B 3. C 4. B 5. A
十四、范文：

The summer holidays are coming. I will go to Dalian. I will go there with my parents. We will go by plane. We like swimming. We will swim in the sea. And we will also play football there. It will be fun. I will have a lovely time there.

期末测试卷二

听力材料：

一、1. Write a word on the paper, please.
2. Sam is still in China. 3. Let's have a rest, Mum.
4. We saw a film last night.
5. My grandma talked about her life.

二、1. He read a book last night. 2. My aunt is a dancer.
3. I went to a theatre last week.
4. There is a library in my school.
5. He goes to school at half past seven.

三、1. **W**: What time do you get up, Daming?
M: I get up at half past six.
2. **M**: What does your mother do, Amy?
W: She is a worker.
3. **M**: What did you do last night, Lingling?
W: I watched TV last night.
4. **W**: Who are you going to visit, Daming?
M: I'm going to visit my cousin in the US.
5. **M**: What will you do tomorrow, Fangfang?
W: I'll go swimming.

四、Yesterday I went to school at seven o'clock. I ate five hamburgers there. I like hamburgers very much. Xiaoyong had some rice because he doesn't like hamburgers. I gave one of my hamburgers to Tom. But I miss Chinese food. Tonight Dad is going to cook Chinese food for me. I am very happy.

答案：

一、1. B 2. C 3. B 4. A 5. A
二、1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. F
三、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. A 5. B
四、1. F 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. F
五、1. A 2. B 3. B 4. C 5. C
六、1. B 点拨：not . . . at all“根本不……”。
2. A 3. B
4. B 点拨：介词后接动词-ing。
5. C 点拨：in the east of. . .“在……的东部”。
6. C
7. C 点拨：like doing sth.“喜欢做某事”。
8. A 点拨：forget to do sth.“忘记要做某事”。
9. B 点拨：yesterday“昨天”，句子要用一般过去时。
10. C
七、1. C 2. A 3. C 4. A 5. C
八、1. At the zoo. 2. She watched TV.
3. She had eggs and sausages. 4. He is a taxi driver.
5. Will you draw a picture?
九、1. D 2. E 3. B 4. C 5. A
十、1. A 2. C 3. B 4. C 5. B
十一、1. Yesterday. 2. Lingling and Tingting. 3. By taxi.
4. It is in the south of China. 5. She is in Sanya.
十二、范文：

There is a library in my school. It's very big. There are lots of books in the library. Some books are about sports. They are on Shelf A. Some books are about science. They are on Shelf B. We often read books in the library. They are very interesting. We can find information from books. I like the library very much.

期末测试卷三（名校卷）

听力材料：

一、1. My mother goes to work at half past seven.
2. Her grandma worked in the fields many years ago.
3. I will ride a horse tomorrow.
4. We do our homework in the evening.
5. —When are we going to have lunch, Mum ?
—At twelve o'clock.

二、1. Where did you go for your holidays?
2. Did you have a lovely time in Haikou?
3. Who is your English teacher?
4. What did you have for lunch?
5. What time are you going to get up tomorrow?

三、Sam was at home yesterday. He likes noodles. So he had some noodles for breakfast. He had a hamburger and a sandwich for lunch. And he had some bread and milk for dinner.

四、1. My cousin studied very hard.
2. These clothes are in the wrong place.
3. People speak English in England.
4. She drew a picture yesterday.
5. We watch TV every evening.

答案：

一、1. B 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. A
二、1. A 2. B 3. B 4. B 5. C
三、breakfast: B lunch: G H dinner: A C
四、1. studied 2. wrong 3. speak 4. drew 5. evening
五、1. C 2. C 3. B 4. A 5. C
六、1. to buy 点拨：want to do sth.“想要做某事”。
2. men
3. gave 点拨：yesterday“昨天”，句子用一般过去时。
4. them 点拨：put 后接人称代词的宾格形式。
5. lovely
七、1. B 点拨：由 visited 可知选 last year“去年”。
2. B 点拨：Chinese“中国人”。
3. A
4. C 点拨：on a piece of paper“在一张纸上”。
5. C 点拨：where“哪里”，对地点提问。
6. A 7. B 8. B 9. C 10. C
八、1. B 2. A 3. D 4. C 5. E
九、1. This black T-shirt is very nice.
2. These mountains are really beautiful.
3. We can find information from films as well.
4. My grandma danced in a lot of Chinese cities.
5. Will he take you to school tomorrow morning?
十、1. C
2. C 点拨：由课程表可知一共有七种学科。
3. B 点拨：由课程表可知 Tom 星期天不上学。
4. C
5. B 点拨：由课程表可知没有中文课。
十一、1. It is in the south of China.
2. Her parents. 3. A new bag.
4. They climbed the Tianshan Mountains. 5. Two.
十二、范文：

I am a pupil. I get up at six o'clock every day. Then I have breakfast at half past six. I go to school at seven o'clock. I go to school from Monday to Friday. I have four classes in the morning. I have two classes in the afternoon. After school, I go home at half past four. I have dinner at half past six. Then I do my homework. At nine o'clock, I go to bed.

期末测试卷四（名校卷）

听力材料：

一、1. I had a sandwich for breakfast.
2. We can find information from this dictionary.
3. Children here love the theatre very much.
4. There is an airport in Jinan.
5. My brother likes dancing. He is a dancer.

二、1. Tom will climb Mount Tai this weekend.
2. Daming was a student many years ago.
3. Amy made a cake yesterday.
4. Sam went to Xinjiang last July.
5. Lingling often has lunch at twelve o'clock.

三、Last weekend, Mary, Tom and I went to the park. We had a picnic in the park. And we played football. We had lunch at twelve o'clock. We ate lots of delicious food. Then we played a game. Mary flied a kite too. We had a lovely time.

四、I'm Amy. Last autumn, I went to Hangzhou by plane. I went there with my parents. Hangzhou is in the south of China. It's a big city. We visited the West Lake. It's very famous and beautiful. We stayed there for two weeks.

答案：

一、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. A 5. C
二、1. B 2. E 3. D 4. A 5. C
三、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T
四、1. B 2. B 3. C 4. A 5. A
五、1. night 2. breakfast 3. library 4. light 5. speak
六、1. to 点拨：give sth. to sb.“把某物给某人”。
2. for 点拨：be ready for. . .“为……做好准备”。
3. by 点拨：乘坐某种交通工具用介词 by。
4. with
5. in 点拨：in the evening“在晚上”。
七、1. C 点拨：in two weeks“在两周后”。
2. A 点拨：any 用于否定句和疑问句中，some 用于肯定句中。
3. B 点拨：woman 的复数形式是 women。women's 是名词所有格，意思是“女人们的. . .”。
4. A 点拨：there is 后接可数名词单数形式或不可数名词，there are 后接可数名词复数形式。
5. A 点拨：on Shelf C“在 C 书架上”。
八、1. rode a horse 2. fish and chips 3. at the airport
4. a quarter to five 5. in the restaurant
九、1. Did; go 2. didn't have any; or 3. What time does
4. No, I won't. 5. What does your
十、1. E 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. D
十一、1. F 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T
十二、1. in a hospital 2. a teacher 3. in a factory 4. by bus
5. plays with me
十三、范文：

Dear Sam,
How are you? I did many things last weekend. On Saturday, I went swimming in the morning. Then I played football in the afternoon. On Sunday, I visited the zoo with my friend. After that, we flew a kite. Then we climbed the mountain. We took photos in the mountain. I was very tired. But I had a lovely time. What did you do last weekend? Please write to me soon.
Love,
Peter

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目录

模块知识梳理卷

Module 1　模块知识梳理卷 …… 1

Module 2　模块知识梳理卷 …… 3

Module 3　模块知识梳理卷 …… 5

Module 4　模块知识梳理卷 …… 7

Module 5　模块知识梳理卷 …… 9

Module 6　模块知识梳理卷 …… 11

Module 7　模块知识梳理卷 …… 13

Module 8　模块知识梳理卷 …… 15

Module 9　模块知识梳理卷 …… 17

Module 10　模块知识梳理卷 …… 19

重难易错突破卷

常考易错突破卷 …… 21

新型题突破卷 …… 23

参考答案及点拨 …… 25

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Module 1 模块知识梳理卷

五年级 英语 下 WY版

班级_____ 姓名_____ 得分_____ 时间：30分钟 满分：100分

基础知识梳理

一、单词过关（英汉互译）（20分）

1. （用于否定句中）也不，也没_____
2. 夜晚，夜间_____
3. 工作；劳动；干活儿_____
4. 写_____ 5. still _____
6. programme _____ 7. lady _____
8. life _____ 9. different _____
10. ago _____ 11. interviewer _____
12. enough _____ 13. television _____
14. hope _____ 15. change _____
16. field _____ 17. fire _____
18. radio _____ 19. telephone _____
20. grandchildren _____

二、核心短语（英汉互译）（10分）

1. 昨天晚上_____
2. 一位老妇人_____
3. 在田地里_____
4. 在炉火上_____
5. 许多年以前_____
6. 足够的食物_____
7. live in. . . _____ 8. a small house _____
9. talk about her life _____
10. a programme about. . . _____

三、重点句子（汉译英）（6分）

1. 感谢您和我们谈论。

_____

2. （那时）我们住在一所小房子里。

We _____ _____ a small _____ (then).

3. 她不会读也不会写。

_____

4. 我希望你好。

_____

5. （那时）没有电视机。

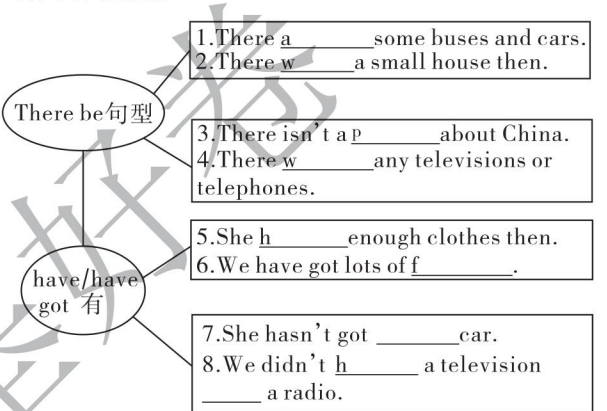
There weren't _____ _____ (then).

6. 我们没有足够的食物。

_____

四、核心语言点（9分）

本模块我们学习了过去和现在时态下“有”的不同表达形式，根据句意或首字母提示补全单词，完善信息。



模块强化检测

五、选出下列单词中不同类的一项。（10分）

(　　)1. A. programme　B. life　C. write

(　　)2. A. television　B. or　C. radio

(　　)3. A. lady　B. interviewer　C. still

(　　)4. A. night　B. write　C. live

(　　)5. A. different　B. field　C. beautiful

六、选择合适的词填空。（10分）

for　of　on　about　with

1. This is a book _____ England.
2. He went to Beijing _____ his father yesterday.
3. They have got a lot _____ picture books.
4. There are some apples _____ the tree.
5. Thank her _____ helping us.

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七、给下列句子选择相应的图片。(5分)


A


B


C


D


E

(　　)1. He played football yesterday.

(　　)2. We lived in a small village then.

(　　)3. There weren't any bikes then.

(　　)4. The boys walked to school many years ago.

(　　)5. We have a television now.

八、单项选择。(10分)

(　　)1. Yesterday she _____ a cake.

A. make　　B. made　　C. making

(　　)2. He didn't have any books _____.

A. than　　B. then　　C. now

(　　)3. Jim is _____ China now.

A. in　　B. on　　C. at

(　　)4. He _____ in a big house now.

A. lives　　B. lived　　C. living

(　　)5. My teacher talked _____ me yesterday.

A. at　　B. for　　C. to

九、根据图片提示补全句子。(10分)



1. Her grandpa worked _____ _____ _____.



2. My grandma cooked _____ _____ _____ yesterday.



3. _____ _____ _____ is talking about her life.



4. She didn't have _____ _____.



5. I _____ _____ with my parents last night.

十、阅读短文,选择正确的一项写在前面的括号里。(10分)

Dear Feifei,

I went to Dalian to visit my grandma last month. My grandma is sixty years old now. She lives in a big house. But her life was different many years ago. Twenty years ago she cooked on a fire. She didn't have a television or a radio. She didn't have enough food. She worked in the fields. She couldn't read or write. Now she has a telephone and a big TV at home. She has lots of nice food. She is very happy every day.

I miss you!

I hope you are well.

Xiaoxue

(　　)1. Who wrote this letter?

A. Xiaoxue.　　B. Feifei.

C. The old lady.

(　　)2. Where did Xiaoxue's grandma cook?

A. On a fire.　　B. In a fire.

C. In the fields.

(　　)3. Did Xiaoxue's grandma have a TV?

A. We don't know.　　B. No, she didn't.

C. Yes, she did.

(　　)4. Where did Xiaoxue's grandma work?

A. At home.　　B. In the fields.

C. On a fire.

(　　)5. Does Xiaoxue miss her friend Feifei?

A. Yes, she does.　　B. No, she didn't.

C. No, she doesn't.

采德基好卷

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班级_____ 姓名_____ 得分_____ 时间：30分钟 满分：100分

基础知识梳理

一、单词过关（英汉互译）（8分）

1. 写_____（_____的过去式）
2. 学习_____（_____的过去式）
3. learnt _____ 4. taught _____
5. language _____ 6. dancer _____
7. foreign _____ 8. hard _____

二、核心短语（英汉互译）（12分）

1. 学习英语_____
2. 努力学习 _____
3. 学习做某事_____
4. 教数学_____
5. foreign languages _____
6. write a book _____
7. twenty years ago _____
8. in his class _____ 9. a good pupil _____
10. an English teacher _____
11. at school _____ 12. lots of _____

三、重点句子（汉译英）（12分）

1. 你的奶奶学过一些外语吗？

_____ your grandma _____ _____ foreign languages?

2. 但是现在他正在学习英语。

_____

3. 她学习跳舞了。

_____

4. 二十年前，李先生是一名老师。

_____

5. 他喜欢在学校工作。

He likes _____ _____ _____.

6. 他学习非常努力。

He studied _____ _____.

四、核心语言点（8分）

本模块我们学习了过去和现在（情况）的比较，根据首字母提示补全句子，完善信息。

过去—现在

疑问句及答句：
—1.D_____she learn English four years ago?
—No, she 2.d_____.
—3.I_____ she learning English now?
—No,she 4. i_____.

肯定句：
Now my father 5.i_____ a teacher.
My father 6.w_____ a pupil many years ago.

否定句：
Five years ago he didn't 7.w_____ at school.
Now he doesn't 8.g_____ to school.

模块强化检测

五、用所给词的适当形式填空。（10分）

1. My sister is a _____（dance）.
2. His brother _____（is）a pupil five years ago.
3. She didn't drink _____（some）water yesterday.
4. My mother _____（teach）Chinese.
5. John likes _____（work）at the zoo.

六、单项选择。（20分）

（ ）1. Ten years ago she _____ Chinese and _____ a book.
A. teaches；wrote
B. taught；wrote
C. taught；write

（ ）2. She learnt two _____.
A. foreign language
B. foreigns language
C. foreign languages

（ ）3. He is playing _____ school.
A. of B. at C. on

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( )4. Her mother learnt _____ noodles yesterday.

A. cooks B. cooked

C. to cook

( )5. Amy's grandma danced _____ lots of Chinese cities.

A. on B. to C. in

( )6. She wrote _____ books many years ago.

A. a lot of B. lot of C. a lot

( )7. Did he walk _____ school?

A. about B. for C. to

( )8. Li Lei was fifteen _____. He was in my class.

A. now B. then

C. last night

( )9. They go to the park _____ bike.

A. by B. on C. in

( )10. —Who are they, Amy?

—They are my _____.

A. friends B. friend C. friend's

七、判断下列句子句意与图片是(T)否(F)相符。(10分)

( )1. My mother was a teacher then.



( )2. She is learning Chinese now.



( )3. —Did they go to the zoo?

—Yes, they did.



( )4. She did her homework last night.



( )5. He danced very well.



八、按要求改写下列句子。(10分)

1. They are my parents. (对画线部分提问)

_____ are they?

2. This is my teacher. (改为一般疑问句)

_____ _____ _____ teacher?

3. My grandma learnt Chinese five years ago. (用now改写句子)

My grandma _____ _____ Chinese now.

4. Did she make a cake yesterday? (作否定回答)

_____

5. My sister goes to school. (改为否定句)

My sister _____ _____ to school.

九、阅读短文,补全下列句子。(10分)

My parents are very busy. My father was a worker ten years ago. But he is a driver now. He works very hard. He doesn't have any holidays or weekends.

My mother is a doctor. She is a well-known(众所周知的) doctor in our town. She gets up early in the morning and goes to the hospital to look after her patients(病人). She is kind(和蔼的) to her patients. Sometimes I wonder whom she loves more, her patients or me.

They are my parents. They are also my best friends.

1. My father is _____ _____.
2. My mother _____ _____ _____ in the morning.
3. My mother _____ _____ _____ her patients.
4. My parents are also _____ _____ _____.
5. My father _____ _____ any holidays or weekends.

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Module 3 模块知识梳理卷

五年级 英语 下 WY版

班级_____ 姓名_____ 得分_____ 时间：30分钟 满分：100分

基础知识梳理

一、单词过关（英汉互译）（9分）

1. 英国(式)的_____ 2. 早餐,早饭_____
3. 给_____(_____的过去式)
4. 午餐,午饭_____
5. hamburger _____ 6. sandwich _____
7. traditional _____ 8. dish _____
9. tonight _____

二、核心短语。（英汉互译）（7分）

1. 炸鱼加炸薯条_____
2. 很,非常_____
3. 英式食物_____
4. 一顿英式早餐_____
5. a traditional English dish _____
6. give sth. to sb. _____
7. Chinese food _____

三、重点句子（汉译英）（10分）

1. 早饭她吃的什么？

_____

2. 她吃了炸鱼和炸薯条。

_____

3. 她把她的汉堡给了萨姆。

She _____ her hamburgers _____ Sam.

4. 我收到来自玲玲的一封电子邮件。

I've got _____ _____ _____ Lingling.

5. 妈妈打算为我们做中式食物。

Mum is going to _____ Chinese food _____ _____.

四、核心语言点（4分）

本模块我们学习了有关一日三餐的内容，请补全单词来完善信息。

谈论一日三餐

疑问句及答句：
—What did you 1.h_____for breakfast in the morning?
—I 2.h_____fish and chips.

陈述句：
He 3.a_____two 4.h_____at school.

模块强化检测

五、选出与句中画线单词属于同类的一项。（10分）

(　　)1. When are we going to have <u>lunch</u>?
A. breakfast　B. tonight　C. give

(　　)2. She likes <u>English</u> food.
A. life　B. traditional　C. hope

(　　)3. Amy ate a <u>hamburger</u> at school.
A. much　B. eat　C. dish

(　　)4. I had two <u>sandwiches</u> for dinner.
A. hamburgers　B. fish　C. egg

(　　)5. Mr Li <u>worked</u> very hard.
A. fire　B. gave　C. teach

六、根据汉语提示补全句子。（10分）

1. Lingling likes _____ _____(中式食物).
2. We have Art lessons _____ _____(在学校).
3. She had _____ _____ _____ (炸鱼加炸薯条) for lunch.
4. She likes watching TV _____ _____(非常).
5. Sam ate _____ _____ (四个汉堡包) yesterday.

七、单项选择。（10分）

(　　)1. My friend has got _____ food now.
A. on　B. not　C. no

(　　)2. They ate all the _____.
A. sandwiches　B. sandwichs　C. sandwich

(　　)3. Lingling _____ English food is delicious.
A. says　B. say　C. said

(　　)4. What did she _____ for dinner last night?
A. has　B. have　C. had

(　　)5. It's an _____ food.
A. England　B. English　C. UK

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八、给下列句子选择合适的图片。(10 分)


A


B


C


D


E

(　　)1. He had two eggs and some bread for breakfast.

(　　)2. The cat ate all the fish yesterday.

(　　)3. She likes the traditional English dish very much.

(　　)4. He gave some books to me yesterday.

(　　)5. Mum is going to cook noodles for her.

九、情景交际。(10 分)

(　　)1. 你想知道同学早饭吃了什么,你可以说:_____

A. What do you have for breakfast?

B. What did you have for breakfast?

(　　)2. 你想告诉妈妈你收到了朋友的电子邮件,你可以说:_____

A. I've got an email from my friend.

B. I've got a email with my friend.

(　　)3. 你告诉同学"昨天我吃了顿英式早餐。",你可以说:_____

A. Yesterday I had a English breakfast.

B. Yesterday I ate an English breakfast.

(　　)4. 妈妈想知道埃米是否喜欢午餐吃米饭,她可以说:_____

A. Do Amy like rice for dinner?

B. Does Amy like rice for lunch?

(　　)5. 汤姆爸爸想告诉汤姆"妈妈要为我们做薯条。",他会说:_____

A. Mum is going to cook chips for us.

B. Mum cooks chips to us.

十、连词成句。(10 分)

1. what you yesterday have did morning (?)

_____

2. our some teacher us apples gave (.)

_____

3. English a it's traditional breakfast (.)

_____

4. my got sister from has an friend email her (.)

_____

5. going mum is to cook me fish for (.)

_____

十一、阅读短文,选择正确答案。(10 分)

I am Lucy. I am from England. But I'm in China now. I have two Chinese friends. They are Daming and Lingling. I had got an email from Lingling yesterday. It's about Chinese food. China is famous for its diet(饮食). In the north(北部) of China, people like eating noodles. In the south(南部) of China, people like to eat rice. In Guangdong, people like sweet food, while in Sichuan, people like spicy(辛辣的) food. Chinese eat with chopsticks(筷子), and not with a knife and fork(刀和叉). Lingling said she had noodles for lunch yesterday and Daming had rice and fish. I like Chinese food very much and I want to eat Chinese food, too.

(　　)1. What is the email about?

A. Chinese food.

B. English food.

C. Noodles.

(　　)2. What did Lingling have for lunch yesterday?

A. A hamburger.　　B. Noodles.

C. Rice and fish.

(　　)3. Does Lucy like Chinese food?

A. No, she doesn't.　　B. No, she isn't.

C. Yes, she does.

(　　)4. Did Daming have noodles?

A. No, he didn't.　　B. Yes, he did.

C. Yes, he does.

(　　)5. Who sent(发送) an email to Lucy?

A. Daming.　　B. Lingling.

C. Amy.

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班级_____ 姓名_____ 得分_____ 时间：30分钟 满分：100分

基础知识梳理

一、单词过关（英汉互译）（20分）

1. 图书馆_____ 2. 主意，想法_____
3. 放，安放_____ 4. 重的，沉的_____
5. 卡片_____ 6. 邀请_____
7. 错误的_____ 8. 哎呀_____
9. 电影_____ 10. 方法，方式_____
11. 关于_____ 12. student _____
13. dictionary _____ 14. shelf _____
15. send _____ 16. information _____
17. e-book _____ 18. project _____
19. guide _____ 20. topic _____

二、核心短语（英汉互译）（12分）

1. 图书卡，借书证_____
2. 又，还，也_____
3. 一个好主意_____
4. make a home library _____
5. send... to... _____
6. put... on... _____
7. on Shelf B _____
8. in the wrong place _____
9. do a science project _____
10. different ways _____
11. on this topic _____
12. get information _____

三、重点句子（汉译英）（10分）

1. 让我们建一个家庭图书馆吧。

_____

2. 这些都是关于科学的书。

_____

3. 那是一个好主意。

_____

4. 请问关于体育运动的书在哪里？

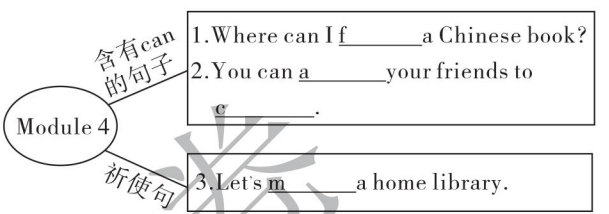
_____ are the books _____ _____, please?

5. 我们也能从电影和电子书里找到信息。

We can _____ information _____ _____ and e-books _____ _____.

四、核心语言点（4分）

本模块我们学习了祈使句、where引导的疑问句和含有can的句子，根据提示完成句子。



模块强化检测

五、选词填空。（4分）

about on in for

1. The books are _____ Shelf B.
2. They have got books _____ teachers.
3. The pens are _____ the box.
4. It's a book _____ sports.

六、根据汉语提示补全句子。（10分）

1. Here is my _____ _____（借书证）.
2. We can find _____ _____（不同的方法）to get information on this topic.
3. I like Tom and Tom likes me _____ _____（也）.
4. Let's _____ _____ _____ _____（建一个家庭图书馆）.
5. These boxes are _____ _____ _____ _____（在错误的地方）.

七、单项选择。（10分）

(　　)1. These are our library _____.
A. cards　　B. card　　C. cardes

(　　)2. We can _____ books in the school library.
A. read　　B. reads　　C. reading

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(　　)3. Let's _____ to the library now.

A. goes　　B. go　　C. went

(　　)4. —_____ is my dictionary?

—It's in your bag.

A. Who　　B. What　　C. Where

(　　)5. —_____ are these big animals?

—They are elephants.

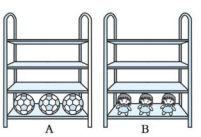
A. What　　B. When　　C. Why

八、看图回答问题。(10 分)



1. Where can we read books?

_____



2. Where are the footballs?

_____



3. What are they?

_____



4. What is this book about?

_____



5. Where are the cats?

_____

九、从方框中选择合适的句子补全对话。(10 分)

Jim: Excuse me. 1. _____

Librarian: They are on Shelf C.

Kate: Oh. 2. _____

Jim: What are these big books?

Librarian: 3. _____

Kate: Can we find words from them?

Librarian: Yes. 4. _____

Jim: OK. I think these books are good.

Kate: Can I read these books now?

Librarian: Yes. 5. _____

Kate: OK. Here you are.

Librarian: Thank you.

A. Can I have your library card, please?

B. And there is also a CD in each dictionary.

C. Here they are.

D. They are dictionaries.

E. Where are the books about sports, please?

十、阅读短文,完成表格。(10 分)

Welcome to China. China is a big and beautiful country. You can see all kinds of animals in the zoo. You can find information about Chinese food on TV. Chinese food is very delicious. You can find train information on your cellphone (手机). You can find information about the weather from the computer. You can find lots of information you want to know on the computer. You can find information about Chinese culture (文化) from the library. Chinese culture has a long history. I think you will love China. Wish(祝愿) you a good time in China.

Chinese culture	1. _____
Chinese food	2. _____
3. _____	from the computer
4. _____	on your cellphone
See animals	5. _____

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班级_____ 姓名_____ 得分_____ 时间：30分钟 满分：100分

基础知识梳理

一、单词过关（英汉互译）（11分）

1. 轻的_____ 2. 雨伞_____
3. 容易的，不费力的_____
4. 选择要；选择购买_____
5. 太，过于_____ 6. 尝试，试_____
7. hard _____ 8. broken _____
9. pocket _____ 10. wheel _____
11. lovely _____

二、核心短语（英汉互译）（16分）

1. 把某物带到……_____
2. 给某人买某物_____
3. 又大又轻_____
4. 太大_____
5. ride a bike _____
6. fly a kite _____
7. sales assistant _____
8. department store _____

三、重点句子（汉译英）（8分）

1. 但是它对你来说太大了！

_____

2. 它又大又轻。

_____

3. 放风筝是很困难的。

It's _____ _____ _____ a kite.

4. 拿它对你来说将是很容易的。

It'll _____ _____ _____ you _____ _____.

5. 你不能带它去中国。

You can't _____ it _____ China.

6. 我将给你买一个新的。

I'll _____ _____ a new one.

7. 看这个蓝色的。

_____

8. 这个黑色的包不错。

_____

四、核心语言点（5分）

本模块我们学习了用形容词对事物进行描述，补全下列单词完善信息。

1. These black pencils are b_____.
2. It'll be e_____ for you to carry.
3. It's too h_____ for her.

陈述句

形容词的用法

疑问句

4. H_____ you got a l_____ one?

模块强化检测

五、将下列单词增减或替换字母变为新单词，并写出新单词的汉语意思。（10分）

1. night _____ _____
2. card _____ _____
3. make _____ _____
4. took _____ _____
5. east _____ _____

六、单项选择。（10分）

（ ）1. The computer is nice. They will _____ it.
A. take B. put C. make

（ ）2. The white T-shirt is too small. _____ this one.
A. Try B. Trys C. Trying

（ ）3. It's easy _____ computer games.
A. play B. to play C. plays

（ ）4. _____ you got a black bag?
A. Do B. Has C. Have

（ ）5. The _____ are broken.
A. wheel B. wheeles C. wheels

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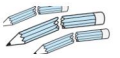
七、选出与句意相符的图片。(10 分)

(　　)1. These pencils are broken.


A


B

(　　)2. It's too heavy for her.


A


B

(　　)3. The box is big and heavy.


A

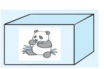

B

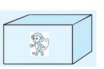
(　　)4. It's too hard for him to play basketball.


A


B

(　　)5. It has got a panda on it.


A


B

八、情景交际。(10 分)

(　　)1. 你想问售货员有没有小号的衣服,你可以说:_____

A. Has you got a big one, please?

B. Have you got a small one, please?

(　　)2. 你要买你挑选的商品,你可以对售货员说:_____

A. I'll take it.　　B. I'll make it.

(　　)3. 妈妈的朋友给你买了一件漂亮的衣服,你应该说:_____

A. That's all right.

B. Thank you very much.

(　　)4. 你想告诉大明"你可以把包带到学校。",你应该说:_____

A. You can take the bag to school.

B. You can put the bag to school.

(　　)5. 你想告诉别人你的包有四个轮子,你可以说:_____

A. My bag has got four wheels.

B. My bag has got four pockets.

九、连词成句。(10 分)

1. her　it'll　hard　for　to　be　carry (.)

_____

2. kite　he　take　can　to　school　his (.)

_____

3. will　my　buy　new　me　a　mother　dress (.)

_____

4. this　light　bag　black　big　and　is (.)

_____

5. T-shirt　you　got　a　have　small　please (,) (?)

_____

十、阅读短文,补全句子。(10 分)

Mum: Amy, look at your dress! It's broken. I'll buy you a new one.

Amy: Thank you, Mum. Let's go to the department store!

Mum: Look at this white dress. It's nice.

Amy: I don't like the colour and it's too big for me.

Sales assistant: Can I help you?

Mum: Yes. This blue dress is nice. Have you got a small one, please?

Sales assistant: Of course. Try this blue one.

Mum: Amy, is it OK?

Amy: Yes, it's great. I like it very much.

Mum: OK. We'll take it. How much is it?

Sales assistant: It's fifty *yuan*.

Mum: Here you are.

Sales assistant: Thank you.

1. Mum will buy _____ _____ _____ for Amy.
2. The white dress is _____ for Amy.
3. Amy doesn't like _____ _____ _____.
4. _____ _____ _____ is great.
5. At last Amy and Mum take _____ _____ _____.

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参考答案及点拨

五年级 英语 下 WY版（小卷）

Module 1 模块知识梳理卷

基础知识梳理：

一、1. or　2. night　3. work　4. write
5. 还，仍然　6.（电视或广播）节目
7. 女士，夫人　8. 生活　9. 不同的　10. 以前
11. 采访者　12. 足够的　13. 电视机
14. 希望　15. 改变，变化
16. 田地
17. 火，炉火　18. 收音机　19. 电话
20.（grandchild 的复数形式）（外）孙子；（外）孙女

二、1. last night　2. an old lady　3. in the fields
4. on a fire　5. many years ago　6. enough food
7. 居住在……　8. 一座小房子
9. 谈论她的生活　10. 一个关于……的节目

三、1. Thank you for talking to us.
2. lived in；house
3. She couldn't read or write.
4. I hope you are well.
5. any televisions
6. We didn't have enough food.

四、1. are　2. was　3. programme　4. weren't
5. had　6. food　7. a　8. have；or

模块强化检测：

五、1. C　**点拨**：选项 C 是动词，选项 A、B 是名词。
2. B　**点拨**：选项 B 是连词，选项 A、C 是名词。
3. C　**点拨**：选项 C 是副词，选项 A、B 是名词。
4. A　**点拨**：选项 A 是名词，选项 B、C 是动词。
5. B　**点拨**：选项 B 是名词，选项 A、C 是形容词。

六、1. about　2. with　3. of　4. on　5. for

七、1. D　2. E　3. B　4. A　5. C

八、1. B　**点拨**：yesterday“昨天”，句子要用一般过去时。
2. B　**点拨**：句子为过去时，故选 then“那时”。
3. A
4. A　**点拨**：now“现在”，句子要用一般现在时。主语 He 属于第三人称单数，故 live 后加-s。
5. C　**点拨**：talk to sb.“和某人谈话”。

九、1. in the fields　2. on a fire　3. An old lady
4. a radio　5. watched TV

十、1. A　**点拨**：因为信的落款是“Xiaoxue”。
2. A　**点拨**：由文中句子“Twenty years ago she cooked on a fire.”可知。
3. B　**点拨**：由“She didn't have a television or a radio.”可知。
4. B　**点拨**：由“She worked in the fields.”可知。
5. A　**点拨**：由“I miss you!”可知。

Module 2 模块知识梳理卷

基础知识梳理：

一、1. wrote；write　2. studied；study
3. 学习　4. 教，讲授
5. 语言　6. 舞蹈演员
7. 外国的　8. 努力地

二、1. learn English　2. study hard
3. learn to do sth.　4. teach Maths
5. 外国语言　6. 写一本书　7. 二十年前
8. 在他的班里　9. 一位好学生
10. 一位英语老师　11. 在学校　12. 许多

三、1. Did；learn any
2. But he is learning English now.
3. She learnt to dance.
4. Twenty years ago，Mr Li was a teacher.
5. working at school　6. very hard

四、1. Did　2. didn't　3. Is　4. isn't　5. is
6. was　7. work　8. go

模块强化检测：

五、1. dancer　2. was　3. any　4. teaches
5. working

六、1. B　**点拨**：ten years ago“十年前”，句子要用一般过去时。
2. C
3. B　**点拨**：at school“在学校”。
4. C　**点拨**：learn to do sth.“学习做某事”。
5. C
6. A　**点拨**：a lot of“许多”。
7. C　**点拨**：walk to school“步行去上学”。
8. B　9. A　10. A

七、1. F　2. F　3. T　4. T　5. F

八、1. Who　2. Is this your　3. is learning
4. No，she didn't.　5. doesn't go

九、1. a driver　2. gets up early　3. is kind to
4. my best friends　5. doesn't have

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Module 3 模块知识梳理卷

基础知识梳理：

一、1. English　2. breakfast　3. gave；give
4. lunch　5. 汉堡包　6. 三明治　7. 传统的
8. 食品；菜肴　9. 今夜，今晚

二、1. fish and chips　2. very much
3. English food　4. an English breakfast
5. 一种传统的英式食品　6. 把某物给某人
7. 中式食物

三、1. What did she have for breakfast?
2. She had/ate fish and chips.
3. gave；to　4. an email from
5. cook；for us

四、1. have　2. had　3. ate　4. hamburgers

模块强化检测：

五、1. A　**点拨**：lunch，breakfast 都属于一日三餐类的名词。
2. B　**点拨**：English，traditional 都是形容词。
3. C　**点拨**：hamburger，dish 都是名词。
4. A　**点拨**：sandwiches，hamburgers 都是可数名词的复数形式。
5. B　**点拨**：worked，gave 都是动词的过去式。

六、1. Chinese food　2. at school　3. fish and chips
4. very much　5. four hamburgers

七、1. C　2. A
3. A　**点拨**：根据句中的 is 判断该句为一般现在时，Lingling 属于第三人称单数，后面的动词 say 加 s。
4. B　5. B

八、1. B　2. D　3. A　4. C　5. E

九、1. B　2. A　3. B　4. B　5. A

十、1. What did you have yesterday morning?
2. Our teacher gave us some apples.
3. It's a traditional English breakfast.
4. My sister has got an email from her friend.
5. Mum is going to cook fish for me.

十一、1. A　**点拨**：由文中句子“It's about Chinese food.”可知。
2. B　**点拨**：由文中句子“Lingling said she had noodles for lunch yesterday…”可知。
3. C　**点拨**：由文中句子“I like Chinese food very much…”可知。
4. A　**点拨**：由文中句子“… Daming had rice and fish.”可知。
5. B　**点拨**：由文中句子“I had got an email from Lingling yesterday.”可知。

Module 4 模块知识梳理卷

基础知识梳理：

一、1. library　2. idea　3. put　4. heavy
5. card　6. ask　7. wrong　8. dear
9. film　10. way　11. on　12. 学生
13. 词典；字典　14. 架子
15.（send 的过去式）发送，寄
16. 信息　17. 电子书　18. 项目
19. 介绍，指南，手册　20. 话题

二、1. library card　2. as well　3. a good idea
4. 建一个家庭图书馆　5. 把……寄给……
6. 把……放在……上　7. 在 B 架子上
8. 在错误的地方　9. 做一个科学项目
10. 不同的方法　11. 关于这个话题
12. 得到信息

三、1. Let's make a home library.
2. These are all books about science.
3. That's a good idea.
4. Where；about sports
5. find；from films；as well

四、1. find　2. ask；come　3. make

模块强化检测：

五、1. on　2. for　3. in　4. about

六、1. library card　2. different ways　3. as well
4. make a home library　5. in the wrong place

七、1. A
2. A　**点拨**：can 后接动词原形。
3. B　**点拨**：let sb. do sth.“让某人做某事”。
4. C　**点拨**：答语中的 in your bag“在你的包里”与位置有关，所以应用 where 提问。
5. A

八、1. In the library.
2. They are on Shelf A.
3. They are dictionaries.
4. It's about animals.
5. They are on the chair.

九、1. E　2. C　3. D　4. B　5. A

十、1. from the library　2. on TV
3. The weather　4. Train information
5. in the zoo

Module 5 模块知识梳理卷

基础知识梳理：

一、1. light　2. umbrella　3. easy　4. take
5. too　6. try　7. 困难的，费力的

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8. 坏的，破的　9. 口袋，兜　10. 轮子
11. 美丽的，可爱的；令人愉快的

二、1. take sth. to…　2. buy sb. sth.
3. big and light　4. too big　5. 骑自行车
6. 放风筝　7. 售货员，营业员　8. 百货商店

三、1. But it's too big for you!
2. It's big and light.
3. hard to fly　4. be easy for; to carry
5. take; to　6. buy you
7. Look at this blue one.
8. This black bag is nice.

四、1. broken　2. easy　3. hard　4. Have; light

模块强化检测：

五、1. light 轻的　2. hard 困难的，费力的
3. take 选择要；选择购买
4. too 太，过于　5. easy 容易的，不费力的

六、1. A
2. A　**点拨**：祈使句是动词原形开头。
3. B　**点拨**：It's easy to do sth. "做某事是容易的。"。
4. C　**点拨**：Have you got…? 意思是"你有……吗?"。
5. C

七、1. B　2. A　3. A　4. B　5. A

八、1. B　2. A　3. B　4. A　5. A

九、1. It'll be hard for her to carry.
2. He can take his kite to school.
3. My mother will buy me a new dress.
4. This black bag is big and light.
5. Have you got a small T-shirt, please?

十、1. a new dress　2. too big
3. the white dress　4. The blue dress
5. the blue dress

Module 6 模块知识梳理卷

基础知识梳理：

一、1. moon　2. get　3. parent
4. 西，西部，西方；向西方　5. 停留
6. 七月　7. 南，南部，南方；向南方　8. 记得
9. 六月　10. 东，东部，东方；向东方
11. 最好的　12. (ride 的过去式)骑
13. 北，北部，北方；向北方　14. 休息

二、1. have a rest　2. go to the moon
3. in the east(west) of…　4. of course
5. in July　6. ride a horse　7. 到达那里
8. 去年　9. 爬天山
10. 玩得很开心

三、1. It's in the west of China.
2. I went there last year.
3. stayed with; for; in　4. Did; go with
5. She had a lovely time there.
6. Where; go for; holidays
7. 她参观了天池。

四、1. went　2. Did　3. did　4. met　5. north

模块强化检测：

五、1. A　**点拨**：field、moon 都是名词。
2. B　**点拨**：write、stay 都是动词原形。
3. C　**点拨**：studied、rode 都是动词过去式。
4. A　**点拨**：east、north 都是表示方位的词。
5. A　**点拨**：grandma、parent 都是家庭成员。

六、1. B
2. A　**点拨**：在某月，用介词 in。
3. A　**点拨**：世界上独一无二的事物前用定冠词 the。
4. C　**点拨**：let's 后接动词原形。
5. B

七、1. A　2. B　3. B　4. A　5. B

八、1. Where did; go
2. They had a lovely time in Qingdao.
3. Did; visit　4. Who are　5. They're photos

九、1. B　2. D　3. E　4. C　5. A

十、1. F　2. T　3. T　4. F　5. T

Module 7 模块知识梳理卷

基础知识梳理：

一、1. evening　2. late　3. worker　4. early
5. taxi　6. worry　7. 一刻钟　8. 制造厂；工厂
9. to

二、1. at eight o'clock　2. in a factory　3. be late
4. a taxi driver　5. what time
6. at half past five　7. a quarter to…
8. 去上班　9. 每天晚上　10. 三点一刻

三、1. What does he do?
2. She is a taxi driver.
3. goes; at; every evening
4. What time; be　5. half past eight
6. I'll be home at seven o'clock.

四、1. What; worker　2. What; time　3. Will
4. Are; be

模块强化检测：

五、1. F　**点拨**：选项 A、B 是职业类的名词，选项 C 是形容词。
2. T　**点拨**：三个选项都是时间类的名词。
3. F　**点拨**：选项 A 是形容词，选项 B、C 是名词。

来德基好卷

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4. F　点拨：选项 A、B 是场所类名词，选项 C 不是名词。
5. T　点拨：三个选项都是动词。

六、1. B　点拨：will 后接动词原形。
2. B　点拨：在几点几分用介词 at。
3. C　点拨：根据句意可知应选择表示职业的名词，drive“驾驶”是动词。
4. A　点拨：在询问职业的特殊疑问句中，当主语是第三人称单数时，助动词用 does。
5. B　点拨：be going to 后接动词原形。

七、1. What　2. What time　3. How　4. Who
5. Where

八、1. A　2. E　3. C　4. B　5. D

九、1. A　2. B　3. A　4. B　5. B

十、1. What does her mother do?
2. It's half past nine now.
3. His father is a worker in a factory.
4. Will your brother be home at seven o'clock?
5. What time does your sister go to work every morning?

十一、1. He is a policeman.
2. He gets up at a quarter to seven.
3. She is only two years old.
4. No, it doesn't.
5. Yes, he will.

Module 8 模块知识梳理卷

基础知识梳理：

一、1. Chinese　2. word　3. drew；draw　4. put
5. 纸　6. 如此，这样　7. 剪，切，割
8. 张，片，块　9.（用颜料）绘画，着色
10. 小木棍，小木条　11. 扎上，系上
12. 线，绳子

二、1. a piece of paper　2. draw a dragon
3. What about…? /How about…?
4. 制作一条纸鱼
5. 看望我的表（堂）兄（妹）
6. 制作一个风筝　7. 把……系在……上

三、1. Will you help me?
2. What about a toy panda?
3. make；paper；for
4. drew；on；piece；paper
5. tied strings to

四、1. won't　2. visit　3. paint　4. Cut　5. strings

模块强化检测：

五、1. put　2. word　3. paint　4. Chinese
5. piece

六、1. B　点拨：can 后接动词原形。
2. A　点拨：be going to 后接动词原形。
3. B　点拨：tie…to…“把……系在……上”，由 yesterday 可知动词用过去式。
4. C
5. B　点拨：“Will she…?”的肯定回答是“Yes, she will.”，否定回答是“No, she won't.”。

七、1. B　2. D　3. A　4. E　5. C

八、1. B　2. A　3. A　4. B　5. B

九、1. How about a toy car, Sam?
2. Will it be sunny in Beijing?
3. What present can I take?
4. My mother will make cakes for me.
5. He drew an apple on a piece of paper.

十、1. B　2. A　3. C　4. E　5. D

十一、1. It will be sunny.
2. He will play football.
3. She will take him a toy ship.
4. He likes swimming.
5. No, he won't.

Module 9 模块知识梳理卷

基础知识梳理：

一、1. after　2. ask　3. bring
4. read　5. in　6. wore；wear
7. women；woman　8. told；tell　9. 笑
10. 剧院　11. 演员　12. 笑话
13.（尤指剧院的）演出，表演　14. 饭店，餐馆
15. 准备好的　16. 借入，借来
17. 另一个　18. 历史　19. 问题
20. 忘，忘记　21. 不久，很快 22. 信，书信

二、1. at all　2. a children's theatre
3. be ready for…　4. 讲许多笑话
5. 在三个星期后　6. 在我的房间里
7. 中国历史　8. 为……买……
9. 忘记要做某事　10. 为……借……
11. 读一本书

三、1. We laughed a lot.　2. letters in English
3. men wore women's
4. Are；ready for；trip to
5. see；in three weeks
6. Don't forget；bring；Chinese songs
7. borrowed；for
8. Mum bought new T-shirts for you.

四、1. went　2. swimming　3. borrow/buy

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模块强化检测：

五、1. C　点拨：选项 A、B 是动词原形，选项 C 是动词过去式。

2. C　点拨：选项 A、B 是可数名词单数，选项 C 是可数名词复数。

3. A　点拨：选项 B、C 是动词原形，选项 A 是动词过去式。

4. C　点拨：选项 A、B 是表示地点的名词，选项 C 是动词。

5. B　点拨：选项 A、C 是名词，选项 B 是副词。

六、1. close　点拨：don't 后接动词原形。

2. ride　点拨：can 后接动词原形。

3. women

4. read　点拨：read 的过去式是 read。

5. wore　点拨：由 yesterday“昨天”可知，此句用一般过去时。

七、1. C　点拨：from“来自”。

2. B　点拨：Children's Day“儿童节”。

3. A　点拨：after school“放学后”。

4. B　点拨：not…at all“一点也不……”。

5. B　点拨：ask sb. sth.“问某人某事”，ask 后接人称代词的宾格。

八、1. had a picnic　2. went shopping

3. will fly a kite　4. saw a film

5. watched TV

九、1. Did you go　2. didn't borrow any

3. is going to ask　4. Don't forget

5. you new T-shirts

十、1. T　2. F　3. F　4. F　5. T

Module 10 模块知识梳理卷

基础知识梳理：

一、1. when　2. speak　3. 结束，终止

4. 紧张的，情绪不安的　5. 机场　6. 票

7. 护照　8. 安全的，平安的　9. 宠物

10. 建筑物　11. 美国的；美国人的；美国人

12. 更多的（量），较多的（量）

二、1. all right　2. find out　3. feel nervous

4. speak English　5. 在机场

6. 列一张……的清单

7. 乘坐一辆黄色出租车　8. 美式食物

9. 想要做某事　10. 为……做好准备

三、1. Where are you going?

2. What are you going to take?

3. When are you going to the airport?

4. Who is going to the airport with you?

5. I'm in New York now.

6. to find out more

7. I'm going to the airport.

8. I arrived here yesterday.

四、1. Where　2. When；half　3. What；listened

4. Who；with

模块强化检测：

五、1. When　2. American　3. speaks　4. buildings

5. nervous

六、1. watch　点拨：be going to 后接动词原形。

2. take　点拨：can't 后接动词原形。

3. my

4. Chinese　点拨：Chinese food“中餐”。

5. to write　点拨：want to do sth.“想要做某事”。

七、1. C　点拨：tomorrow“明天”，故此句用一般将来时，make sth. for sb.“给某人做某物”。

2. A　3. C

4. A　点拨：where“哪里”，故回答用地点。

5. B　点拨：不知道一件事情可以用“I don't know.”来回答。“I think so.”意思是“我认为是这样的。”。

八、1. F　2. T　3. F　4. T　5. T

九、1. They are in England now.

2. What did she say to him?

3. Who will go to the zoo with you?

4. She wants to find out more about Chinese history.

5. I'm going to get up at seven o'clock tomorrow morning.

十、1. E　2. D　3. B　4. C　5. A

十一、1. No, she didn't.　2. By bus.

3. Yes, they were.

4. She wants to go to China.

5. Yes, she does.

常考易错突破卷

一、(A)1. sandwiches　2. dishes　3. dictionaries

4. factories　5. women　6. ladies

7. grandchildren　8. chips　9. libraries

10. cities

(B)1. east　2. north　3. grandma　4. short

5. small　6. boy　7. man　8. hard　9. teach

10. heavy

(C)1. read　2. put　3. cut　4. rode

5. learnt　6. studied　7. sent　8. wore

9. told　10. drew

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二、1. C　**点拨**:选项 A、B 是动词,选项 C 是名词。
2. C　**点拨**:选项 A、B 是名词,选项 C 是动词。
3. A　**点拨**:选项 B、C 是名词,选项 A 是形容词或副词。
4. B　**点拨**:选项 A、C 是名词,选项 B 是形容词。
5. C　**点拨**:选项 A、B 是动词,选项 C 是形容词。
6. C　**点拨**:选项 A、B 是形容词,选项 C 是名词。
7. C　**点拨**:选项 A、B 是动词原形,选项 C 是动词过去式。
8. C　**点拨**:选项 A、B 是特殊疑问词,选项 C 是名词。
9. B　**点拨**:选项 A、C 是可数名词单数形式,选项 B 是可数名词复数形式。
10. A　**点拨**:选项 B、C 是动词,选项 A 是名词。

三、1. read
2. any　**点拨**:肯定句中用 some,否定句中用 any。
3. have
4. grandchildren
5. to find　**点拨**:want to do sth. 意为“想要做某事”。
6. working　**点拨**:like doing sth. “喜欢做某事”。
7. take　**点拨**:祈使句的否定形式,don't 后动词用原形。
8. go　**点拨**:let sb. do sth. 意为“让某人做某事”。
9. be　**点拨**:will 后接动词原形。
10. write　**点拨**:can 后接动词原形。

四、1. to　2. for　3. of　4. at　5. in　6. to
7. about　8. on　9. from　10. with

五、1. B　**点拨**:borrow sth. for sb. “给某人借某物”。
2. C　**点拨**:learn to do sth. “学习做某事”。
3. C　**点拨**:give sth. to sb. “把某物给某人”。
4. B　**点拨**:ask sb. to do sth. “要求某人做某事”。
5. A　**点拨**:as well“也,还”,常用于句末,very much “非常”,also“也”,用于句中。
6. C　**点拨**:独一无二的事物前用定冠词 the。
7. C　**点拨**:make sth. for sb. “给某人做某物”。
8. C　**点拨**:in the south of... “在……的南部”。
9. B　**点拨**:“What do(does) sb. do?”用来询问某人的职业。
10. A　**点拨**:“Did they...?”的肯定回答是“Yes, they did.”,否定回答是“No, they didn't.”。

六、1. Does;speak　2. Don't forget
3. What did you　4. Yes, I will.
5. She couldn't run or dance.

七、1. She had two eggs for breakfast.
2. They went to Kunming last year.
3. My mum bought a new dress for me.
4. You can find information from these books.
5. Mr Li goes to school at seven o'clock every morning.

八、1. E　2. B　3. A　4. J　5. C　6. I　7. H
8. D　9. G　10. F

新型题突破卷

一、1. B　2. C　3. A　4. E　5. D

二、1. card　2. e-book　3. dear　4. dish
5. teach　6. soon
点拨:先将图片代表的英语单词写出来,然后再根据要求加减或更换字母。

三、1. A　2. B　3. C　4. C　5. A　6. B

四、1. fish and rice;
Yes, I do
2. meat and drank some milk;
No, I don't
3. I had fish and chips;
Yes, I do

五、1. Lucy went to Hainan by train.
Peter went to Xinjiang by plane.
2. Lucy swam in the sea.
Peter flew a kite.
3. Lucy drank some juice.
Peter ate some delicious food and drank some juice.
点拨:先将每幅图上不同之处找出,然后根据图片内容写出句子。

六、Yesterday was Sunday. I went to the park with my friends. There were some children there. We played football and flew a kite there. Two boys watered the flowers. Some girls sang and danced. At twelve o'clock, we were hungry. We had some bread and drank some juice for lunch. We had a happy day.

荣德基内卷

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