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本册主编：王　莉　太原市王红丽（教研室）　太原市赵文珍（教研室）　太原市杨　珍（教研室）
太原市赵　悦（教研室）　太原市花　芳（教研室）



6英语 年级(上)(HN版)

三年级起点

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安徽教育出版社

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不是所有的试卷都叫“好卷”，期末提分才是硬道理！



同步测评用

单元达标检测卷

Unit 1 达标检测卷 …… 1
Unit 2 达标检测卷 …… 3
Unit 3 达标检测卷 …… 5
月考卷一 Module 1 过关测试卷 …… 7
Unit 4 达标检测卷 …… 9
Unit 5 达标检测卷 …… 11
Unit 6 达标检测卷 …… 13
月考卷二 Module 2 过关测试卷 …… 15
期中 测试卷 …… 17
Unit 7 达标检测卷 …… 19
Unit 8 达标检测卷 …… 21
Unit 9 达标检测卷 …… 23
月考卷三 Module 3 过关测试卷 …… 25
Unit 10 达标检测卷 …… 27
Unit 11 达标检测卷 …… 29
Unit 12 达标检测卷 …… 31
月考卷四 Module 4 过关测试卷 …… 33

期末冲刺用

模块知识梳理卷

Module 1 模块知识梳理卷 …… 35
Module 2 模块知识梳理卷 …… 36
Module 3 模块知识梳理卷 …… 37
Module 4 模块知识梳理卷 …… 38

专项复习卷

听力专项复习卷 …… 39
词汇专项复习卷 …… 40
句型专项复习卷 …… 41
阅读专项复习卷 …… 42
常考易错突破卷 …… 43
新型题突破卷 …… 44

期末测试卷

期末测试卷一 …… 45
◆ 期末测试卷一答题卡 …… 47
期末测试卷二（名校卷） …… 49
期末测试卷三（名校卷） …… 51

参考答案▶ 见53~60页

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	口语	总分
得分													

听力部分（30分）

听力测试

一、听录音，选出你所听到的内容或与之相关的图片。（5分）

（　　）1. A. 

B. 
C. 

（　　）2. A. 
B. 
C. 

（　　）3. A. month　　B. months　　C. mouth

（　　）4. A. breakfast　　B. break　　C. bread

（　　）5. A. pilot　　B. doctor　　C. fireman

二、听录音，选择正确的答句。（5分）

（　　）1. A. She was about two months old.　　B. She is about two months old.
C. She has two children.

（　　）2. A. I was born in 2010.　　B. I was born in Hefei.
C. I was born in spring.

（　　）3. A. His hair is short.　　B. Yes, it is.
C. His hair is black.

（　　）4. A. Yes, I was.　　B. Yes, I am.
C. Yes, I do.

（　　）5. A. He likes football.　　B. He likes watching TV.
C. He is tall and handsome.

三、听录音，补全句子。每空一词。（10分）

1. Joe was a little _____. He was short and _____.
2. Ben was about _____ months old. He was small and _____.
3. Tom was a _____. His bed was _____.
4. Amy was a junior high school _____. She was _____.
5. Alice was about four _____ old. Her _____ was short.

四、听录音，判断正(T)误(F)。（10分）

（　　）1. Sally is a primary school student.

（　　）2. Sally was born in Shanghai.

（　　）3. Sally was four years old in the photo.

（　　）4. Peter was very handsome and tall in this photo.

（　　）5. Peter's mother was only 18 years old in the photo.

笔试部分（70分）

五、单项选择。（10分）

（　　）1. In the photo, Sally is a cute baby. _____ hair is short.
A. She　　B. Her　　C. His

（　　）2. I have big eyes. My sister _____ big eyes.
A. also has　　B. have also　　C. also have

（　　）3. Ben _____ five years old in the photo.
A. is　　B. was　　C. were

（　　）4. Kitty is _____ six years old.
A. to　　B. for　　C. about

（　　）5. The little girl is _____. Her dress is nice too.
A. long　　B. pretty　　C. handsome

（　　）6. My brother _____ short at that time. But now he is tall.
A. was　　B. is　　C. are

（　　）7. George _____ to junior high school.
A. go　　B. goes　　C. going

（　　）8. Listen! It is _____.
A. rain　　B. rains　　C. raining

（　　）9. —_____ Peter and John in the library?　—No, they weren't.
A. Are　　B. Was　　C. Were

（　　）10. Soon Little Justin _____ a round head.
A. has　　B. have　　C. is

六、用所给单词的适当形式填空。（10分）

1. Kelly _____ (be) about nine _____ (year) old in the photo.
2. I want _____ (grow) up soon. I will _____ (visit) outer space.
3. Frogs can catch _____ (fly) with _____ (they) tongues.
4. Sally _____ (be) small two years ago. But now she _____ (be) tall and pretty.
5. Later, Little Justin _____ (have) four legs. He is green. He _____ (meet) a turtle.

姓名　学号　班级　学校

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七、句子搭配。(10 分)

(　　)1. Are you my mum?　　A. I was three.
(　　)2. How old were you in this photo?　　B. He's tall and handsome.
(　　)3. Where were you born?　　C. No, I am not your mum.
(　　)4. Were you at primary school?　　D. Yes, I was.
(　　)5. What does your teacher look like?　　E. I was born in Nanjing.

八、选择适当的句子,完成对话。(10 分)

Joe: Is this you, Alice?
Alice: Yes, 1. _____
Joe: It's a beautiful house.
Alice: It was my home. 2. _____ I don't live in it now. My family moved into a big house last year. It's big and nice.
Joe: Your eyes were big and your mouth was small. 3. _____
Alice: Thank you.
Joe: 4. _____
Alice: No. That's my friend.
Joe: Were you in primary school then?
Alice: 5. _____

A. You were cute.　　B. Yes, we were in Grade 3.
C. It was small but tidy.　　D. Is that little girl your sister?
E. I was nine in this photo.

九、阅读短文,判断正(T)误(F)。(10 分)

It was 2nd January, 2000. Jenny was born in Taiyuan. She was small and cute.

It was 12th August, 2003. It was Jenny's first day at kindergarten. She was about three years old. She was not a baby. She was a little girl.

It was 1st September, 2006. It was Jenny's first day at school. Jenny was six years old. She was a primary school student.

It was 2nd January, 2014. It was Jenny's birthday. She was fourteen. She was tall and pretty. She was in junior high school. Her favourite subject was Science.

(　　)1. Jenny was born on 2nd February, 2000.
(　　)2. Jenny was at kindergarten in 2003.
(　　)3. It was 1st September, 2006. It was Jenny's second day at school.
(　　)4. Jenny was a junior high school student in 2014.
(　　)5. Jenny liked Science very much.

十、阅读短文,回答问题。(10 分)

Sam's father and mother are both teachers. They work in the same school. They go to the school by car every day. They leave home at seven o'clock in the morning and they get back at five o'clock in the afternoon. Sam and his sister are students. They study in different schools. Sam is in No. 1 Junior High School. He is good at Chinese and English. He likes playing football. His sister is in No. 4 Primary School. She likes Maths and Music. She can sing and dance well. They get back home after five. Then they do their homework. After that, they often watch TV. They go to bed at ten.

1. How many people are there in Sam's family?
   There _____ _____.
2. How do Sam's parents go to work every day?
   They go to work _____ _____ every day.
3. What time do Sam's parents get home?
   They get home _____ _____ in the afternoon.
4. Are Sam and his sister in the same school?
   _____, they _____.
5. What is Sam's sister good at?
   She's good at _____ and _____.

十一、习作。(10 分)

请试着用英语描述一下 Kitty 过去和现在的外貌、年龄,并进行比较。(要求:语句通顺,条理清晰,字迹工整,不少于 5 句话)



附加测试

口语部分 (10 分)

口语测评

一、跟读下列单词和句子,完成口语测评。(5 分)

1. handsome, cute, month
2. Sally was about six years old.
3. She is tall and pretty.
4. Her hair is long.
5. She can catch flies.

二、跟读下列小短文,完成口语测评。(5 分)

When Sally was about two months old, she was small and cute. When Sally was one year old, her hair was short and her eyes were big. When Sally was six years old, she was a primary school student. Now Sally is fourteen years old. She goes to junior high school. She is tall and pretty. Her hair is long.

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题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	口语	总分
得分													

听力部分（30分）

听力测试

一、听录音，选出你所听到的内容或与之相关的图片。（5分）

（ ）1. A.  B.  C. 

（ ）2. A.  B.  C. 

（ ）3. A. visit B. visits C. visited

（ ）4. A. want B. went C. what

（ ）5. A. the B. there C. their

二、听录音，选择正确的答句。（5分）

（ ）1. A. It was wonderful. B. Yes, I was. C. No, I wasn't.

（ ）2. A. Yes, I can. B. Sure. I'll show you tomorrow. C. Thank you.

（ ）3. A. Yes, I will. B. No, I wasn't. C. Yes, I did.

（ ）4. A. Yes, I did. B. Yes, I was. C. No, I didn't.

（ ）5. A. I went to the beach. B. I'll show you tomorrow. C. That sounds great.

三、听录音，补全句子。每空一词。（10分）

1. I _____ to Shanghai and _____ my uncle.
2. We _____ went to some _____ parks in Nanjing.
3. The children _____ ball games there and went _____ in the sea.
4. —How _____ your summer holiday? —It was _____. I went to the museum.
5. _____ the summer holiday, Peter and his family _____ their holiday in London.

四、听录音，判断正（T）误（F）。（10分）

（ ）1. Peter went to the countryside with his friends.

（ ）2. They went to the countryside by train.

（ ）3. They saw trees, flowers and some cats in the countryside.

（ ）4. Peter rode a bike in the countryside.

（ ）5. Peter had a picnic in the countryside with his friends.

笔试部分（70分）

五、根据句意选择恰当的介词填空。（10分）

during on with by in

1. Peter is _____ holiday in Shanghai.
2. Many people like flying kites _____ autumn.
3. Jim played tennis _____ his brother yesterday.
4. The Greens went back to the UK _____ plane.
5. _____ the holiday, I visited Big Ben.

六、单项选择。（10分）

（ ）1. My father _____ to the Great Wall yesterday.
A. go B. goes C. went

（ ）2. —_____ was your summer holiday? —It was fun.
A. How B. Who C. What

（ ）3. Sally _____ the Palace Museum.
A. went B. visited C. visit

（ ）4. Kitty stayed in the countryside _____ her grandparents.
A. at B. for C. with

（ ）5. —Can I watch TV, Dad? —_____
A. No, I can't. B. Sure. C. That's OK.

（ ）6. I _____ you my photos tomorrow.
A. will show B. shows C. show

（ ）7. Kitty and her friends will go _____ in the pool.
A. swim B. swimming C. swims

（ ）8. Everyone _____ here. Let's begin our class.
A. are B. were C. is

（ ）9. My brother enjoyed _____ winter holiday.
A. my B. he C. his

（ ）10. How _____ your summer holiday?
A. about B. did C. does

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七、用所给单词的适当形式填空。(10 分)

1. I am _____ (have) a good time in London now. I _____ (go) to Big Ben with my family this morning.
2. Sally _____ (do) her homework every day. But she _____ (not do) it last night.
3. Peter _____ (visit) many famous _____ (city) in China.
4. There _____ (be) a river near my _____ (grandparent) house.
5. George _____ (pick) apples with _____ (he) grandfather tomorrow.

八、将下列句子按顺序排成一段通顺的话。(10 分)

(　　) After lunch, I washed the dishes and cleaned the house.
(　　) I spent my weekend with my grandparents.
(　　) Then I helped them pick vegetables. My mother cooked lunch.
(　　) I don't live with them, so I visited them in the countryside.
(　　) In the morning, we climbed a hill.

九、阅读短文,判断正(T)误(F)。(10 分)

Mr Smith and Mrs Smith live in a big city. There is a park near their home and in the park there is a lake. They have a little daughter. Her name is Lucy. She is four years old.

Mr Smith has a dog. The dog is big and strong. He likes it very much. He walks the dog in the park. But Mrs Smith doesn't like the dog. She thinks the dog is very dirty(脏的).

One day Mr Smith walked the dog with his family in the park. While the adults were talking, Lucy walked to the lake. It was very dangerous(危险的). The dog followed her. Lucy fell into the lake when she was trying to pick a flower. The dog barked(狗叫) and jumped into the lake right now.

When Mr and Mrs Smith heard the dog barking, they ran to the lake. They saw the dog swimming to the bank. It was carrying little Lucy. Oh! The dog saved the little girl. It was so clever and brave(勇敢的). From then on, the whole family like the dog.

(　　)1. Mr and Mrs Smith live near a park.
(　　)2. Lucy is a six-year-old girl.
(　　)3. Mr Smith thinks the dog is very dirty.
(　　)4. Lucy fell into the lake in the park.
(　　)5. The dog saved Lucy.

十、阅读短文,完成下列各题。(10 分)

Hello, my name is Sally. I like candy. I eat a lot of candy every day. Last week, I had a toothache. The doctor pulled one of my teeth out. I'll never eat too much candy. I have two friends, Ben and Susan. Ben likes hamburgers and cola. He has hamburgers for lunch every day. Now he knows it's not healthy. He will not eat so many hamburgers and he will not drink so much cola. Susan likes ice creams. She has an ice cream every day. It's unhealthy. She will not eat so many ice creams.

1. Who eats a lot of candy every day?

_____

2. Why did the doctor pull Sally's tooth out?

_____

3. What does Ben like?

_____

4. What does Susan have every day?

_____

5. Their eating habits are _____.

十一、习作。(10 分)

请试着用英语描述一下自己的暑假:你和谁去了什么地方,参观了什么景点,做了什么事情,是否开心?请详细地告诉大家吧,记得要用动词的过去式哦。(要求:语句通顺,条理清楚,字迹工整,不少于 5 句话)

My summer holiday

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

附加测试

口语部分 (10 分)

口语测评

一、跟读下列单词和短语,完成口语测评。(4 分)

famous　during　spend　everyone
countryside　pick　summer holiday

二、看看图中 Mike 在暑假都做了哪些事,并跟读短文,完成口语测评。(6 分)



During the summer holiday, I did my homework at home. Then I watched my favourite cartoon. I visited my friend. We had a good time together.

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题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	口语	总分
得分													

姓名 学号 班级 学校

听力部分（30分）

听力测试

一、听录音，选出你所听到的内容或与之相关的图片。（5分）

（ ）1. A.  B.  C. 

（ ）2. A.  B.  C. 

（ ）3. A. pen B. pie C. pear

（ ）4. A. fruit B. food C. full

（ ）5. A. healthy B. unhealthy C. their

二、听录音，选择正确的答句。（5分）

（ ）1. A. I like hamburgers. B. I'd like a hamburger. C. I like the big one.

（ ）2. A. Yes, they are. B. It's unhealthy. C. No, they aren't.

（ ）3. A. I have some noodles. B. I had some noodles. C. I like noodles.

（ ）4. A. I have some fish and rice. B. My mum cooks lunch. C. I have lunch at school.

（ ）5. A. A lot of water. B. They drink a lot of cola. C. They are healthy.

三、听录音，请将食物的序号填入相应的位置。（10分）

A. chicken B. vegetable soup C. a sandwich D. a salad(沙拉) E. a glass of milk
F. noodles G. a hamburger H. fruit I. pizza J. chips



Breakfast: _____
Lunch: _____
Dinner: _____



Breakfast: _____
Lunch: _____
Dinner: _____

四、听录音，判断正(T)误(F)。（10分）

（ ）1. Today is my birthday.

（ ）2. We are going to have a birthday party for May at home.

（ ）3. We went to the park for her party this morning.

（ ）4. We bought some chicken, some beef and some fish.

（ ）5. May likes chocolate cake very much.

笔试部分（70分）

五、单项选择。（10分）

（ ）1. The boy _____ in the living room just now. Now he _____ in the bedroom.
A. is; was B. was; is C. was; was

（ ）2. Can I have _____ bread? I'm hungry.
A. a few B. little C. a little

（ ）3. Smoking is not _____. Please don't smoke.
A. health B. healthy C. unhealthy

（ ）4. The students in Class Two all _____ to the cinema yesterday morning. They _____ a great time.
A. went; had B. went; have C. go; had

（ ）5. I _____ some bread and milk this morning.
A. ate B. had C. drank

（ ）6. Everyone should drink water _____.
A. everyday B. every day C. on every day

（ ）7. Breakfast is very important _____ us.
A. of B. at C. to

（ ）8. Sally had some dumplings _____.
A. every morning B. on the morning C. this morning

（ ）9. What _____ you _____ for lunch yesterday?
A. did; have B. did; had C. do; have

（ ）10. In the UK, people like eating _____.
A. fish and chips B. dumplings C. noodles

六、用所给单词的适当形式填空。（10分）

1. There _____ (be) a loud noise just now. Did you _____ (hear) it?
2. I got up at six o'clock this morning. Then I brushed my _____ (tooth) and _____ (wash) my face.
3. People like _____ (eat) fish and chips. The food _____ (be) delicious.
4. Don't eat too _____ (much) chocolate a day. That's _____ (healthy).
5. Can I have _____ (a) orange? I like _____ (orange) very much.

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七、根据句意及首字母提示补全单词，完成对话。（10 分）

Betty：What did you 1. h_____ for breakfast 2. y_____, Mary?

Mary：I had two 3. h_____ and a 4. l_____ of cola.

Betty：That's not 5. h_____, Mary. Breakfast is very 6. i_____ to us. You should have some 7. v_____ and 8. f_____ every day.

Mary：Thank you. What did you have for 9. d_____ last night, Betty?

Betty：I had an orange, some 10. c_____ and some fish.

八、请根据对话内容，选择恰当的一项，将序号填在横线上。（10 分）

Kitty：Who's this boy in the photo?

Sally：1. _____ 2. _____ But now he lives in the USA with his family.

Kitty：3. _____ What's wrong with him?

Sally：He had too much sweet food. He likes cola very much. 4. _____

Kitty：That's unhealthy.

Sally：You are right. 5. _____ I'll send him an email.



A. And he only eats a few vegetables and a little fruit.
B. He was born in London.
C. He looks fat and unhealthy.
D. He should eat more healthy food.
E. He's my cousin, Steven.

九、阅读短文，判断正(T)误(F)。（10 分）

Last week, John had an unhealthy eating habit. Now he is in hospital.

On Monday, John had a lot of candy.

On Tuesday, John ate a lot of chocolate and drank a little water.

On Wednesday, John had a little fruit and a lot of cola.

On Thursday, John ate a lot of candy and drank a little water.

On Friday, John had a little fruit and a lot of cola.

On Saturday, John ate a lot of chocolate and drank a lot of cola.



Doctor：John ,you look very sick. What did you eat and drink last week?

John：Last week, I ate a lot of candy and chocolate. I drank a lot of cola.

Doctor：John, you ate too much candy and chocolate. Candy and chocolate are bad for us. You shouldn't eat too much candy or chocolate. You drank too little water. Water is good for us, so you should drink more water.

(　　)1. Last week, John had a stomachache. So now he is in hospital.

(　　)2. John ate a lot of fruit on Wednesday and Friday.

(　　)3. John had too much chocolate on Saturday.

(　　)4. John should drink more water.

(　　)5. John should not eat any candy or chocolate.

十、阅读短文，回答问题。（10 分）

Peter and Mike live in a small hole in the wall. Peter does some exercise every day. He is strong and healthy. Mike never does any exercise. He always eats too much. He is fat.

Mike eats all day and all night, so soon he becomes very fat. "You should do some exercise. You're getting too fat," says Peter. But Mike does not listen.

One day, Peter and Mike are in the kitchen. A cat comes. Peter quickly runs into the hole in the wall. He is safe there. Mike runs to the hole too, but he can not run fast. He is too fat. What happens to Mike? Can you guess?

1. Where do Peter and Mike live?

_____

2. What does Peter do every day?

_____

3. Does Mike do exercise every day?

_____

(　　)4. What are they?

A. Cats.　　B. Mice.　　C. Dogs.

5. What happens(发生) to Mike?

The cat _____ him and _____ him.

十一、习作。（10 分）

请试着用英语描述一下自己的早餐(说一说早餐的重要性，自己的早餐是否健康以及关于吃早餐的建议等)。(要求：语句通顺，条理清楚，字迹工整，不少于 5 句话)

My breakfast

_____

_____

_____

附加测试

口语部分（10 分）

口语测评

一、跟读下列关于食物的单词，完成口语测评。（4 分）

hamburger　cola　pie　pizza　sandwich　chicken　chocolate　fish and chips

二、跟读下列对话，说一说 Martin 和 Lucy 昨天都吃了什么食物，完成口语测评。（6 分）

Martin：What did you have for breakfast yesterday?

Lucy：I had eggs and milk for breakfast.

Martin：What did you have for lunch?

Lucy：I had some fish and rice. What about you?

Martin：I had bread and vegetables for breakfast. At noon, I had some noodles.

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Module 1 过关测试卷

6年级 英语 上（HN版）

时间：60分钟 满分：100分+10分

题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	口语	总分
得分													

听力部分（30分）

听力测试

一、听录音，选出你所听到的内容。（5分）

（ ）1. A. fly　　B. flies　　C. flew

（ ）2. A. big　　B. pink　　C. pick

（ ）3. A. primary school　　B. junior high school　　C. junior school

（ ）4. A. a few　　B. a lot　　C. a little

（ ）5. A. summer holiday　　B. winter holiday　　C. spring holiday

二、听录音，选择正确的答句。（5分）

（ ）1. A. I was fine.　　B. Yes, I am.
C. I am hungry.

（ ）2. A. I was born in 2010.　　B. I was born in May.
C. I was born in Beijing.

（ ）3. A. Yes, it was.　　B. Yes, they were.
C. They are big and beautiful.

（ ）4. A. It was great.　　B. It is great.
C. I went there by car.

（ ）5. A. I have some dumplings.　　B. I had some noodles.
C. I don't have breakfast.

三、听录音，补全句子。每空一词。（10分）

1. I _____ a lot of fruit and _____ every day.
2. I was small and _____ when I was a _____.
3. _____ the summer holiday, Jill stayed with her grandparents in the _____.
4. In _____, Alice _____ her uncle in Shanghai.
5. Kate went to Tian'anmen _____ and the Palace _____.

四、听录音，判断正（T）误（F）。（10分）

（ ）1. Alice lived with her grandparents.

（ ）2. Alice's grandparents were in the countryside.

（ ）3. Alice had noodles for breakfast.

（ ）4. Alice picked apples in the afternoon.

（ ）5. Alice watched TV by herself.

笔试部分（70分）

五、看图并根据句意及首字母提示填入所缺单词，每空一词。（10分）

1. 
This is the G_____ Wall. It's a f_____ place in Beijing.

2. 
Justin was b_____ in the river. He was small and c_____.

3. 
The baby is very c_____. We all like h_____.

4. 
I had a s_____ and some juice for l_____.

5. 
Our summer h_____ was great. All of us had a good time on the b_____.

六、选择填空。（10分）

（ ）1. Cola and chocolate are _____ food.
A. healthy　　B. unhealthy　　C. sour

（ ）2. How _____ your weekend?
A. were　　B. was　　C. are

（ ）3. Last summer, Alice was in London. She _____ a good time there.
A. has　　B. have　　C. had

（ ）4. Jim stayed with his sister in Beijing _____ the winter holiday.
A. at　　B. on　　C. during

（ ）5. Joe is eight years old now. He goes to _____.
A. primary school　　B. junior high school　　C. high school

（ ）6. Unhealthy children don't _____ very often.
A. play sport　　B. eat sweet food　　C. drink cola

（ ）7. Justin was a frog. He _____ in the river.
A. were born　　B. was born　　C. born

姓名 学号 班级 学校

正点助考：请不要在密封线内答题哦！

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(　　)8. —Look at the boy in the photo. How old was he?
—_____
A. He is my brother.　　B. He is five.　　C. He was five.

(　　)9. —How did you _____ to Hangzhou?　—I _____ there by train.
A. go; go　　B. went; went　　C. go; went

(　　)10. Don't drink _____ coffee. It's not _____.
A. too much; healthy　　B. much too; healthy　　C. to much; healthy

七、用所给单词的适当形式填空。(10 分)

1. Peter didn't _____ (like) cola last year. But now he _____ (drink) it every day.
2. Last July, Alice _____ (go) to see _____ (she) aunt in Shanghai.
3. —Where are the _____ (child)?
—They are _____ (fly) kites in the playground.
4. Don't _____ (eat) too much. It's not good for your _____ (healthy).
5. Steve usually _____ (have) bread and milk for breakfast. But this morning he _____ (eat) an apple.

八、句子搭配。(10 分)

(　　)1. How was your breakfast?　　A. I cooked dinner for my family.
(　　)2. What did you do yesterday?　　B. I had an apple and an egg.
(　　)3. How was the weather?　　C. It was very healthy.
(　　)4. Were you happy yesterday?　　D. Yes, I was.
(　　)5. What did you have for breakfast?　　E. It was sunny.

九、根据短文内容及首字母提示补全单词,完成小短文。(10 分)

Yesterday was 1st June. It w_____ Children's Day. We didn't go to school. We h_____ a picnic in the park in the afternoon. The weather was fine. The sky was b_____ and there were some white c_____. It was not very hot. We sat by the lake. The w_____ was very clean. We could see some fish. They s_____ happily in the lake. Paul lay(躺) on the grass and e_____ the sunshine. Linda listened to her favourite m_____ under the tree. I ate a_____ apple and drank some juice. We w_____ all happy.

十、阅读短文,判断正(T)误(F)。(10 分)

Peter spent his summer holiday in London last month. He went there with his mother by plane. They stayed there for a week. They went to some famous places. On the first day, they visited Big Ben. They had a British lunch in a restaurant. They ate some fish and chips. It was nice. On the second day and the third day, they went to the British Museum. Peter and his mother liked old things. On the fourth day and the fifth day, they went to visit Miss Bruce. Miss Bruce is Peter's aunt. They talked a lot and had a nice meal together. Of course, Peter and his mother went shopping on the last two days. They had a wonderful time in London.

(　　)1. Peter had a wonderful summer holiday.
(　　)2. Peter stayed in London for seven days.
(　　)3. Peter flew to London with his mother.
(　　)4. They visited Big Ben and the British Museum on the first day.
(　　)5. They talked a lot with Peter's aunt on the fourth day and the fifth day.

十一、习作。(10 分)

请试着用英语描述一下你觉得有意思的一个周末。(要求:语句通顺,条理清楚,字迹工整,不少于 5 句话)

附加测试

口语部分 (10 分)

口语测评

一、跟读下列短语和句子,完成口语测评。(4 分)

1. visited my grandparents　　took photos　　had a good time
2. went to the museum　　strong and healthy　　fruit and vegetables
3. I was small and cute when I was a baby.
4. I eat a lot of fruit and vegetables every day.

二、跟读小短文,看看 Alice 在暑假去了哪些地方,完成口语测评。(6 分)



In August, Alice visited her uncle in Beijing. She went there by plane. Alice went to the Great Wall and the Palace Museum. She enjoyed her summer holiday.

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Module 1 模块知识梳理卷

6年级 英语 上（HN版）
时间：30分钟 满分：100分

题号	一	二	三	总分
得分				

姓名 学号 班级 学校

密 封 线

正点助考：请不要在密封线内答题哦！

一、写下列单词。（27分）

1. 一个月的时间；月份
2. 可爱的
3. 漂亮的
4. 英俊的；帅气的
5. 逮住；捉住
6. 苍蝇
7. 乌龟
8. 出生
9. 著名的；出名的
10. 在……期间
11. 度过
12. 每个人；所有人
13. 乡村；农村
14. 采摘
15. 健康的；有益于健康的
16. 不健康的；损害健康的
17. 汉堡包
18. 可乐
19. 昨天
20. 水果
21. 馅饼
22. 比萨饼
23. 三明治
24. 鸡肉
25. 蔬菜
26. 巧克力
27. 面条

二、翻译课文中的短语。（28分）

1. 大约两个月大
2. 一名小学生
3. 升入初中
4. 又高又漂亮
5. 出生在河里
6. 长大
7. 捕捉苍蝇
8. 六岁
9. 环顾四周
10. 一条长尾巴
11. 去游泳
12. 你的暑假
13. 长城
14. 拍照
15. 天安门广场
16. 故宫
17. 玩得开心
18. 摘苹果
19. 度过他们的假期
20. 在乡村
21. 一点巧克力
22. 炸鱼薯条
23. 两个汉堡
24. 太多肉
25. 每天吃早饭
26. 吃许多米饭
27. 进行体育运动
28. 既强壮又健康

三、翻译课文中的句子。（45分）

1. 在照片1中，萨莉是个婴儿。
2. 她的头发很短，眼睛很大。
3. 很快他有了一个圆圆的脑袋和一条长尾巴。
4. 他环顾四周。他找不到他的妈妈。
5. 她是绿色的，并且她没有尾巴。
6. 我去了北京并且拜访了我的叔叔。
7. 我们还去了北京一些著名的公园。
8. 他们参观了大本钟和大英博物馆。
9. 我们在那里玩球类游戏并在海里游泳。
10. ——你的暑假怎么样？
    ——很有趣。我去了博物馆。
11. 你今天早上早饭吃了什么？
12. 他们吃一些鱼、鸡肉和鸡蛋。
13. 你应该喝一些牛奶并且吃一些水果。
14. 你可以吃一点肉，但不要太多。
15. 在中国，人们喜欢吃饺子。

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题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	总分
得分										

听力测试

一、听录音，选择正确的一项。（10分）

( )1. A. past B. part C. fast
( )2. A. wood B. west C. wild
( )3. A. son B. south C. sushi
( )4. A. pie B. pizza C. plant
( )5. A. match B. miss C. month
( )6. A. factory B. finger C. fresh
( )7. A. catch B. cute C. capital
( )8. A. dig B. die C. dirty
( )9. A. grade B. glass C. grow
( )10. A. send B. smoke C. sick

二、听录音，为下列图片排序。（5分）







( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )

三、听录音，选择你听到的内容。（5分）

( )1. A. Cool B. put C. cut
( )2. A. tables B. matches C. desks
( )3. A. fly B. flies C. flew
( )4. A. interesting B. boring C. exciting
( )5. A. south B. mouth C. north

四、听录音，判断下列句子意思与所听内容是（T）否（F）相符。（10分）

( )1. We should cut down so many trees.
( )2. Her eyes were not small.
( )3. I had a good time during my summer holiday.
( )4. I played tennis with Sally last Sunday.
( )5. We make chairs with wood.

五、听录音，按所听内容给下列句子排序。（15分）

( ) He was a little boy. He was very small.
( ) Later, Justin had four long legs.
( ) Justin was born in a beautiful river in spring.
( ) Soon, he had a round head and a long tail.
( ) He was black. He looked around.

六、听录音，根据所听内容为下列图片排序。（15分）







( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )

七、听录音，选择合适的答语。（15分）

( )1. A. That's right. B. Sure. C. You're welcome.
( )2. A. It takes two hours. B. It took two hours. C. It is far away from Shanghai.
( )3. A. I see many kinds of insects. B. I see many kinds of cars. C. I saw many kinds of cars.
( )4. A. Yes, I do. B. Yes, I am. C. Yes, I did.
( )5. A. I have some bread. B. I had some bread. C. I am hungry.

八、听短文，判断正（T）误（F）。（15分）

( )1. Peter's home is in London, the UK.
( )2. Peter's neighbours are kind.
( )3. Yesterday, Peter played chess with Doris.
( )4. Doris is Peter, Tony and Dan's sister.
( )5. Emily went to see a film last week.

九、听录音，填入所缺单词完成短文。（10分）

Nowadays, people like going 1. _____ on holidays. There are many interesting 2. _____ to go. You can go to the beach and enjoy the sunshine. You can go to the 3. _____ and enjoy the fresh air. You can go to different 4. _____ to learn something. You can go shopping in different 5. _____ and supermarkets. If you like films, you can go to the cinemas. So life is colourful nowadays. Enjoy yourself every day!

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题号	一	二	三	四	总分
得分					

一、选出每组中不同类的单词。（8 分）

（ ）1. A. turtle　B. frog　C. bird
（ ）2. A. queen　B. mother　C. princess
（ ）3. A. brother　B. sister　C. doctor
（ ）4. A. yourself　B. we　C. he
（ ）5. A. pick　B. dig　C. big
（ ）6. A. want　B. where　C. what
（ ）7. A. Sunday　B. Friday　C. week
（ ）8. A. rice　B. bread　C. hot

二、按要求写出下列单词。（72 分）

（一）写出下列单词的复数形式。（9 分）

1. box _____　2. woman _____　3. bus _____
4. fireman _____　5. child _____　6. tooth _____
7. factory _____　8. sheep _____　9. leaf _____

（二）写出下列单词的过去式。（9 分）

1. have _____　2. are _____　3. stand _____
4. cut _____　5. read _____　6. make _____
7. dig _____　8. buy _____　9. see _____

（三）写出下列单词的现在分词。（9 分）

1. take _____　2. run _____　3. swim _____
4. watch _____　5. play _____　6. write _____
7. shop _____　8. eat _____　9. do _____

（四）写出下列单词的第三人称单数形式。（9 分）

1. play _____　2. teach _____　3. carry _____
4. fly _____　5. brush _____　6. do _____
7. go _____　8. live _____　9. see _____

（五）写出下列单词的反义词或对应词。（9 分）

1. sit _____　2. cold _____　3. full _____
4. new _____　5. tall _____　6. open _____
7. healthy _____　8. small _____　9. south _____

（六）写出下列单词的序数词。（9 分）

1. one _____　2. two _____　3. three _____
4. four _____　5. five _____　6. eight _____
7. nine _____　8. twelve _____　9. twenty _____

（七）写出属于下列类别的单词。（18 分）

1. animal：_____ _____ _____
2. family member：_____ _____ _____
3. fruit：_____ _____ _____
4. vegetables：_____ _____ _____
5. food：_____ _____ _____
6. insect：_____ _____ _____

三、根据句意和首字母提示补全单词，完成句子。（10 分）

1. Sixty m_____ make an hour.
2. Hurry up! Don't be l_____ for school.
3. I'm going to w_____ TV at home.
4. —Which city is the c_____ of China?
   —Beijing.
5. Do you like s_____ in the sea?
6. Sunday is the f_____ day of a week.
7. Last summer, I v_____ the Great Wall.
8. Our classroom is dirty. Let Jim c_____ it.
9. There are four s_____ in a year.
10. The E_____ goes around the sun.

四、根据句意，选择正确的词填空。（10 分）

1. I can play _____ (the violin/ violin).
2. —_____ (Where/What) is Beijing? —It's in the north of China.
3. What's _____ (you/your) favourite toy?
4. I like _____ (draw/drawing).
5. It's _____ (rain/rainy) in Shanghai.
6. The shoes are on your _____ (foot/feet).
7. —How _____ (much/many) are they?
   —Thirty *yuan*.
8. I am going to _____ (buy/buys) a book.
9. They are picking up _____ (leaf/leaves).
10. Tom _____ (does/do) his homework after dinner.

自己说说　老师点评　家长点评
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题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	十二	口语	总分
得分														

听力部分（30分）

听力测试

一、听录音，选择正确的图片。（4分）

（　　）1. A.　　B.　　（　　）2. A.　　B.

（　　）3. A.　　B.　　（　　）4. A.　　B.

二、听录音，选出你所听到的内容。（6分）

（　　）1. A. least　　B. leave　　C. list

（　　）2. A. 10,012　　B. 10,200　　C. 10,020

（　　）3. A. smoke　　B. glass　　C. air

（　　）4. A. made a lot of noise　　B. make noisy sounds　　C. make beautiful sounds

（　　）5. A. in the world　　B. in the wild　　C. in the word

（　　）6. A. saw many kinds of robots　　B. saw many other interesting robots　　C. saw a robot dancer

三、听录音，判断正(T)误(F)。（10分）

（　　）1. Kitty and Ben visited a science museum.

（　　）2. The museum is open from Tuesday to Sunday.

（　　）3. They saw many kinds of insects there.

（　　）4. All the insects were grey and black.

（　　）5. Ben bought a toy ant.

四、听录音，根据问题选择正确的答句。（10分）

（　　）1. Did Peter do his homework this morning?
A. Yes, he did.　　B. No, he didn't.

（　　）2. Where is May going next year?
A. London.　　B. China.

（　　）3. What did Joe eat for lunch?
A. He ate some pizza.　　B. He ate some pie.

（　　）4. What did Ben do with his grandpa?
A. He played chess.　　B. He picked strawberries.

（　　）5. Which film would they like to see?
A. They would like to see *Police Story*.　　B. They would like to see *Star Wars*.

笔试部分（70分）

五、看图填入所缺单词，每空一词。（6分）

1.

People use the wood to make _____.

2.

_____（写出完整的单词）

3.

I'm from the _____.

4.

My aunt is a good _____.

5.

The _____ is sick and we should stop _____ down so many trees.

六、单项选择。（10分）

（　　）1. Kelly was one year old in the photo. And her hair _____ short.
A. is　　B. was　　C. were

（　　）2. There was _____ owl and a rabbit.
A. a　　B. an　　C. the

（　　）3. Please give me some cola and two _____.
A. sandwich　　B. breads　　C. sandwiches

（　　）4. You can have _____ meat, but not _____.
A. many; too many　　B. a little; too much　　C. a little; too many

（　　）5. Thank you _____ your email. I'd like to be your e-friend.
A. for　　B. to　　C. /

（　　）6. _____ children in our school go to school by bus.
A. Hundreds　　B. Four hundreds　　C. Four hundred

（　　）7. Mrs Liu was so tired and fell _____ on the bus.
A. asleep　　B. sleep　　C. sleeping

（　　）8. Canada is a big _____ in the world.
A. village　　B. country　　C. countryside

（　　）9. —What would you _____ know about your e-friend?
—I'd like to know about his favourite food.
A. to like　　B. like　　C. like to

（　　）10. In China, _____ is on 12th March.
A. Tree Planting Day　　B. Mother's Day　　C. Christmas

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七、给下列问句选择合适的答语。(5分)

( )1. How was your last weekend? A. *Kung Fu Panda*.
( )2. Why do you like English? B. Yes, there were.
( )3. Were there many pandas in the past? C. It was exciting.
( )4. How long does it take to get there? D. Because it's interesting.
( )5. Which film do you like best? E. Ten minutes. It's fast.

八、选择合适的单词,抄写在横线上。(8分)

1. Beijing is the capital _____ (in/of) China. It's in the _____ (north/south) of China. You can _____ (find/look for) museums, palaces and parks there. Most _____ (tourist/tourists) like visiting these places. They enjoy _____ (shop/shopping) in Wangfujing Street. People in Beijing love eating dumplings.
2. In the past, there _____ (were/are) many South China tigers, but now there _____ (were/are) only about thirty in the wild. South China tigers are in danger. Can we do anything _____ (helping/ to help) them? Of course we can. We must stop killing them.

九、用所给单词的适当形式填空。(7分)

1. Who is _____ (Joe) good friend?
2. Look! The girl is _____ (sing) in the hall.
3. Smoke _____ (make) the air dirty.
4. She doesn't _____ (play) sport. So she's fat and _____ (healthy).
5. Peter never _____ (go) fishing. But yesterday he _____ (go) fishing with his dad.

十、根据短文内容选择合适的答案。(10分)

Mr Brown lives in a small town with his wife. From Monday to Friday he works in an office near his house. He is free on Saturday and Sunday.

There's a nice garden beside his house. He usually grows flowers and he often works in the garden. The flowers are very beautiful and Mrs Brown likes them very much. She often helps Mr Brown water them.

( )1. Mr Brown lives in _____ with his wife.
A. a city B. a town C. countryside
( )2. He works _____ days a week in the office.
A. four B. five C. six
( )3. He isn't _____ on Sundays.
A. free B. happy C. busy
( )4. He likes _____.
A. working in the garden B. walking in the garden C. looking at the garden
( )5. Mrs Brown _____ the flowers.
A. likes B. often picks up C. never helps

十一、根据短文内容判断正(T)误(F)。(10分)

Last Sunday was 22nd April. It was Earth Day. Sally and Paul wanted to do something to keep the Earth healthy.

They went to the park in the morning. Sally planted some trees there. Paul picked up rubbish and put it into the rubbish bin. They were tired but very happy.

In the afternoon, they went to the supermarket on foot. They used their own shopping bags. They bought a lot of chocolate. How happy they were!

( )1. Earth Day is on 22nd April.
( )2. They were in the park in the morning.
( )3. They were sad in the park.
( )4. They walked to the supermarket.
( )5. They used plastic bags from the supermarket.

十二、写作。(14分)

请帮助Tom给他的外国网友Gary写一封电子邮件,介绍一下他自己的年龄、爱好、家庭、学校生活等基本情况。(短文不少于5句话,注意语句通顺,前后连贯)

Dear Gary,

Yours,

Tom

附加测试

口语部分 (10分)

口语测评

一、跟读下列句子,完成口语测评。(5分)

1. We should stop throwing rubbish into rivers.
2. Trees can keep the air clean.
3. People in Beijing love eating dumplings.

二、跟读短文,完成口语测评。(5分)

Last Sunday, Amy and Lingling went to the museum. They visited "The World of Robots". They saw many kinds of robots there.

自己说说 老师点评 家长点评
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期末测试卷一

答题卡

姓名：_____

准考证号：

考场号：_____ 座位号：_____

贴条形码区

缺考标记

违纪标记

注意事项

1. 答题前考生务必用黑色签字笔填写姓名、准考证号、考场号、座位号。
2. 选择题作答必须用2B铅笔，修改时用橡皮擦干净。
3. 作答时注意题号顺序，不得更改题号和答题位置。
4. 保持卡面整洁，不要折叠和弄破。
5. 缺考标记、违纪标记：考生禁填！由监考老师用2B铅笔填涂。

填涂样例

正确填涂

错误填涂

听力部分 (30分)

一、听录音，选择正确的图片。(4分)

1. [A] [B]
2. [A] [B]
3. [A] [B]
4. [A] [B]

二、听录音，选出你所听到的内容。(6分)

1. [A] [B] [C]
2. [A] [B] [C]
3. [A] [B] [C]
4. [A] [B] [C]
5. [A] [B] [C]
6. [A] [B] [C]

请在各题目的答案区域内作答，超出黑色矩形边框限定区域的答案无效

三、听录音，判断正 (T) 误 (F)。(10分)

1. [T] [F]
2. [T] [F]
3. [T] [F]
4. [T] [F]
5. [T] [F]

四、听录音，根据问题选择正确的答句。(10分)

1. [A] [B]
2. [A] [B]
3. [A] [B]
4. [A] [B]
5. [A] [B]

笔试部分 (70分)

五、看图填入所缺单词，每空一词。(6分)

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____ _____

请在各题目的答案区域内作答，超出黑色矩形边框限定区域的答案无效

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六、单项选择。（10 分）

1. [A]　[B]　[C]
2. [A]　[B]　[C]
3. [A]　[B]　[C]
4. [A]　[B]　[C]
5. [A]　[B]　[C]
6. [A]　[B]　[C]
7. [A]　[B]　[C]
8. [A]　[B]　[C]
9. [A]　[B]　[C]
10. [A]　[B]　[C]

七、给下列问句选择合适的答语。（5 分）

1. (　　)
2. (　　)
3. (　　)
4. (　　)
5. (　　)

八、选择合适的单词，抄写在横线上。（8 分）

1. _____　_____　_____　_____　_____
2. _____　_____　_____

九、用所给单词的适当形式填空。（7 分）

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____　_____
5. _____　_____

十、根据短文内容选择合适的答案。（10 分）

1. [A]　[B]　[C]
2. [A]　[B]　[C]
3. [A]　[B]　[C]
4. [A]　[B]　[C]
5. [A]　[B]　[C]

十一、根据短文内容判断正（T）误（F）。（10 分）

1. [T]　[F]
2. [T]　[F]
3. [T]　[F]
4. [T]　[F]
5. [T]　[F]

十二、写作。（14 分）

请在各题目的答案区域内作答，超出黑色矩形边框限定区域的答案无效

请在各题目的答案区域内作答，超出黑色矩形边框限定区域的答案无效

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题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	十二	口语	总分
得分														

听力部分（30分）

听力测试

一、听录音，给下列图片排序。（5分）


（　　）


（　　）


（　　）


（　　）


（　　）

二、听录音，选择正确的答句。（5分）

（　　）1. A. The plants.　　B. The smoke.　　C. The fish.

（　　）2. A. In the forest.　　B. In the zoo.　　C. In the sea.

（　　）3. A. About ten minutes.　　B. About six hours.　　C. At ten o'clock.

（　　）4. A. The Palace Museum and Big Ben.　　B. Big Ben and the British Museum.
C. Big Ben and the Great Wall.

（　　）5. A. They eat unhealthy food.　　B. They don't eat anything.
C. They eat healthy food.

三、听录音，补全句子。每空一词。（10分）

1. Last summer, we _____ to the _____ Museum.
2. Don't eat _____ much _____!
3. Beijing is _____ the _____ of China.
4. I'd like to _____ about his _____.
5. We recycle _____ to help the _____.

四、听录音，判断正(T)误(F)。（10分）

（　　）1. Sally has some friends in Australia.

（　　）2. Sally never speaks Chinese in Australia.

（　　）3. Sally's classmates are all from China.

（　　）4. Sally's family sometimes eat dinner at a Chinese restaurant.

（　　）5. Sally has a cousin in Australia.

笔试部分（70分）

五、选择适当的介词填空。（5分）

by　on　about　at　from

1. Shanghai and Sanya are far away _____ each other.
2. I always go to work _____ underground.
3. *Snow White* is a story _____ a beautiful princess and her seven little friends.
4. Sally lives _____ the fifth floor in this building.
5. Peter saw a lot of insects _____ the museum.

六、单项选择。（10分）

（　　）1. Ten years later, the children all grew _____.
A. up　　B. on　　C. upon

（　　）2. Don't use _____ bags. We should keep the city clean.
A. paper　　B. wood　　C. plastic

（　　）3. Stop _____ noise in class. The teacher is talking.
A. make　　B. making　　C. to make

（　　）4. I drink _____ water every day.
A. many　　B. a lot　　C. much

（　　）5. My friends often help _____.
A. I　　B. me　　C. mine

（　　）6. David _____ to school by bike yesterday.
A. go　　B. goes　　C. went

（　　）7. There are many _____ robots in the science museum.
A. kinds　　B. kinds of　　C. kind of

（　　）8. We use matches _____ the fire.
A. make　　B. makes　　C. to make

（　　）9. People in Tokyo enjoy _____ sushi.
A. eating　　B. to eat　　C. eat

（　　）10. Shanghai is in the _____ of China.
A. west　　B. east　　C. north

七、句子搭配。（5分）

（　　）1. When was your sister born?　　A. Sure. I love animals.

（　　）2. Shall we go to the zoo this weekend?　　B. My eyes hurt.

（　　）3. What's the matter?　　C. She had some rice and fish.

（　　）4. Who's Peter's e-friend?　　D. Tom is Peter's e-friend.

（　　）5. What did your sister have for dinner?　　E. She was born in March.

注意事项：
请不要在密封线内答题哦！

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八、用所给单词的适当形式填空。(10 分)

1. I always _____ (talk) to my toy bear, but it never _____ (talk) to me.
2. Take _____ (you) umbrella, Kate! It's going _____ (rain).
3. It _____ (be) Tree Planting Day yesterday. We _____ (plant) a tree on the hill.
4. The girls _____ (like) music. It makes _____ (they) happy.
5. —Where is Lily?
   —She _____ (dance) in the classroom. She is a good _____ (dance).

九、按要求完成下列句子。(10 分)

1. like, does, mother, what, his, look(?)(连词成句)

_____

2. I have an orange every morning.(将 every morning 换成 this morning)

_____

3. animals, are, plants, many, different, there, and (.)(连词成句)

_____

4. People in the US enjoy eating hamburgers. (就画线部分提问)

_____

5. song, fire, bird, the, sang, a, to, the (.)(连词成句)

_____

十、阅读理解,判断正(T)误(F)。(10 分)

Pam's family tree

Pam is going to make a family tree. The family tree shows who is in her family. Pam will make it with her mum.

Mum is a writer. She writes books. Pam likes her mum's books.

Dad is an actor. He acts with much joy. He is a good actor.

The boy next to Pam is her little brother Danny. He is cute. He is two years younger than Pam.

Mum's dad makes all kinds of toys. Mum's mum runs a toy shop. Girls and boys like to see those nice toys.

Dad's mum is a baker. She makes cakes. Dad's dad is a farmer. He feeds animals and grows crops.

Pam is making her family tree happily. She is proud of her family.

(　　)1. A family tree is a tree in the house.
(　　)2. Pam's father is a writer and her mother is an actress.
(　　)3. Pam is Danny's sister.
(　　)4. There are eight people in Pam's family.
(　　)5. Pam can make the family tree.

十一、阅读短文,回答下列问题。(10 分)

My classmate Lisa is from Canada. She is my neighbour too. She came to China with her parents Mr White and Mrs White. Her father is a doctor. Her mother is a nurse. They work in the same hospital. Lisa is a primary school student. She is never late for school. She always gets up early in the morning. She is good at English and Music. Lisa reads English every morning. She always helps us with English and we often help her with Chinese. She likes playing the guitar and swimming. She has many friends here. She likes living here. She likes China. She likes eating dumplings very much. We all like her.

1. Who are the writer's neighbours?

_____

2. Where is Lisa from?

_____

3. What does Lisa like doing?

_____

4. Does Lisa get up early or late?

_____

5. What does Lisa do every morning?

_____

十二、习作。(10 分)

请介绍一下你以及你的家人的饮食习惯,分析一下是否合理,应该如何调整。(要求:语句通顺,条理清楚,字迹工整,不少于 5 句话)

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

附加测试

口语部分 (10 分)

口语测评

一、跟读下列句子完成口语测评。(4 分)

1. Her hair was short and her eyes were big.
2. Shall we go and see a film this weekend?
3. It takes about half an hour to go to school from my home.
4. We shouldn't use too many plastic bags.

二、跟读小短文。(6 分)

I live in Beijing. It is very beautiful. There are parks, museums and zoos in Beijing. The water in the rivers is clean and the air is fresh. I love the city. Where do you live? What about your city?

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参考答案及点拨

6年级 英语 上（HN版）

Unit 1 达标检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. Jane is a junior high school student. She's pretty.
2. It was an ugly duckling. But now it is a beautiful swan.
3. The puppy is ten months old.
4. I have some milk and bread for dinner.
5. Mr Li was a pilot in this photo.

二、1. How old was your sister in the photo?
2. Where were you born?
3. Is your uncle's hair long or short?
4. Were you at school?
5. What does your father look like?

三、1. Joe was a little boy. He was short and handsome.
2. Ben was about two months old. He was small and cute.
3. Tom was a baby. His bed was small.
4. Amy was a junior high school student. She was pretty.
5. Alice was about four months old. Her hair was short.

四、M: Are you a junior high school student, Sally?
W: No, I go to primary school.
M: Where were you born, Sally?
W: I was born in Beijing. But now I live in Shanghai.
M: Look at this photo, Sally. You were a little girl.
W: Yes, I was only five years old then. Peter, you were very handsome in this photo.
M: Oh, yes. I was very tall too!
W: Is this pretty girl your sister, Peter?
M: No, she's my mother. She was only eighteen years old then.

答案：

一、1. A 2. B 3. B 4. C 5. A
二、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. A 5. C
三、1. boy; handsome 2. two; cute 3. baby; small
4. student; pretty 5. months; hair
四、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T
五、1. B
2. A 点拨：My sister 是第三人称单数，故用 has。
3. B 4. C 5. B
6. A 点拨：关键信息 at that time"在那时"表示过去的时间，意味着前一句用一般过去时，谓语动词用 was。
7. B
8. C 点拨：be 动词后跟动词的现在分词形式构成现在进行时。
9. C 点拨：因为主语是 Peter and John，且答语是 No, they weren't，所以用 were。
10. A
六、1. was; years
2. to grow; visit
3. flies; their
4. was; is
5. has; meets
七、1. C 2. A 3. E 4. D 5. B
八、1. E 2. C 3. A 4. D 5. B
九、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T
十、1. are four 2. by car 3. at five
4. No; aren't 5. singing; dancing
十一、范文：
My name is Kitty. I am eleven years old. I am tall and pretty. I was five years old in the photo. I was small and cute. My hair was long.

Unit 2 达标检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. During the summer holiday, Jack and Lily went to Beijing by train.
2. They went to the Palace Museum. It was big and old.
3. They visited the Great Wall. They were tired but happy.
4. They went to Tian'anmen Square by underground. It was exciting.
5. They visited their friends yesterday.

二、1. How was your summer holiday?
2. Can I see your photos?
3. Did you do your homework last night?
4. Were you at school this morning?
5. Where did you go during your summer holiday?

三、1. I went to Shanghai and visited my uncle.
2. We also went to some famous parks in Nanjing.
3. The children played ball games there and went swimming in the sea.
4. —How was your summer holiday?
—It was fun. I went to the museum.
5. During the summer holiday, Peter and his family spent their holiday in London.

四、 Last weekend, Peter went to the countryside with his friends. They went there by bus. They saw a lot of tall trees, beautiful flowers and some rabbits. Peter and his friends played games and rode bikes there. They picked some vegetables too. They also had a picnic there. It was a nice weekend.

答案：

一、1. C 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. C
二、1. A 2. B 3. C 4. B 5. A
三、1. went; visited
2. also; famous
3. played; swimming
4. was; fun
5. During; spent
四、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T
五、1. on 点拨：be on holiday 是固定搭配，表示"在度假"。
2. in
3. with
4. by 点拨：乘坐某种交通工具用介词 by。
5. During
六、1. C 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. B 6. A 7. B
8. C 点拨：everyone 是不定代词，不定代词作主语，动词用三单形式。
9. C 10. A
七、1. having; went
2. does; didn't do
3. visited; cities
4. is; grandparents'
5. will pick; his 点拨：tomorrow 多用于一般将来时。
八、5 1 4 2 3
九、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T
十、1. Sally.
2. Because she ate a lot of candy and had a toothache.
3. Hamburgers and cola.
4. She has an ice cream every day.
5. unhealthy
十一、范文： **My summer holiday**
My summer holiday was fun. I visited my uncle in Guangzhou with my family. We went there by plane. I also went to the beach with my family. We played ball games there and went swimming in the sea. I also went to some famous parks there. I took a lot of photos. I enjoyed my summer holiday.

Unit 3 达标检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. Tom likes sandwiches.
2. We should eat vegetables every day.
3. I lost my pen yesterday.
4. She had a lot of fruit for dinner.
5. Eating too much candy is unhealthy.

二、1. What do you like?
2. Are fish and chips healthy or unhealthy?
3. What did you have for breakfast this morning?
4. Where do you usually have for lunch?
5. What do healthy children drink?

三、**Kitty**: What did you have for breakfast, Joe?
Joe: I had some noodles for breakfast. What did you have for breakfast, Kitty?
Kitty: I had a sandwich and a glass of milk for breakfast.
Joe: What did you have for lunch yesterday, Kitty?
Kitty: I had a salad for lunch. What about you, Joe?
Joe: I had a hamburger and some chips for lunch. What did you have for dinner yesterday, Kitty?
Kitty: I had some chicken and vegetable soup for dinner. What about you, Joe?
Joe: I had some pizza and fruit for dinner.

四、 Today is my sister May's birthday. She is twelve. We are going to have a party for her at home.
We went shopping this morning. We bought four bottles of apple juice, three bottles of milk, some chicken, some beef and some fish. We bought some grapes and bananas, too. What else should we buy? Ah, a birthday cake. We should buy a big chocolate cake. That is May's favourite cake.

答案：

一、1. B 2. B 3. A 4. A 5. B
二、1. A 2. B 3. B 4. C 5. A
三、（男孩）Breakfast; F Lunch; G, I Dinner; H, I
（女孩）Breakfast; C, E Lunch; D Dinner; A, B
四、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T
五、1. B 点拨：just now 表示"刚刚"，多用于一般过去时，now 表示"现在"。
2. C 3. B 4. A
5. B 6. B 7. C
8. C 点拨：every morning "每天早上"，多用于一般现在时；this morning "今天早上"，多用于一般过去时。
9. A 10. A
六、1. was; hear
2. teeth; washed
3. eating; is
4. much; unhealthy 点拨：too much 后跟不可数名词；chocolate 是甜食，多吃不健康。
5. an; oranges
七、1. have 2. yesterday 3. hamburgers 4. lot
5. healthy 6. important 7. vegetables 8. fruit
9. dinner 10. chicken
八、1. E 2. B 3. C 4. A 5. D
九、1. F 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. F
十、1. They live in a small hole in the wall.
2. He does some exercise every day.
3. No, he doesn't.
4. B
5. catches; eats
十一、范文： **My breakfast**
Breakfast is very important to us. I usually have some bread and milk for breakfast in the morning. That's healthy. But I didn't have breakfast this morning because I got up late. I should have breakfast every day.

月考卷一
Module 1 过关测试卷

听力材料：

一、1. Jane wants to fly a kite in the park.
2. Sally helped her grandmother pick strawberries.
3. Peter's brother was a junior high school student.
4. Joe had a little meat this morning.
5. Where did you go this summer holiday?

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二、1. How were you?
2. Where were you born?
3. Were your eyes big?
4. How was your summer holiday?
5. What did you have for breakfast?

三、1. I eat a lot of fruit and vegetables every day.
2. I was small and cute when I was a baby.
3. During the summer holiday, Jill stayed with her grandparents in the countryside.
4. In August, Alice visited her uncle in Shanghai.
5. Kate went to Tian'anmen Square and the Palace Museum.

四、 Hello, I'm Alice. I had a great time during my summer holiday. I visited my grandparents in the countryside. My grandmother cooked noodles for me at 8 in the morning. It was very yummy. I picked apples with my grandmother before lunchtime. I had rice, some meat and fish for lunch. In the afternoon, my grandparents and I watched TV together in the living room. I enjoyed the life in the countryside.

答案：

一、1. A 2. C 3. B 4. C 5. A
二、1. A 2. C 3. B 4. A 5. B
三、1. eat; vegetables
2. cute; baby
3. During; countryside
4. August; visited
5. Square; Museum
四、1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. F
五、1. Great; famous
2. born; cute
3. cute; him
4. sandwich; lunch
5. holiday; beach
六、1. B
2. B 点拨：询问过去发生的事情，用 be 动词的过去式，且 weekend 为单数，故选 B。
3. C
4. C 点拨：表示在某一段时间内，用 during。
5. A 6. A 7. B 8. C
9. C 点拨：问句中有 did，实义动词用原形；答句中的时态应与问句中的时态一致，故用过去式 went。
10. A
七、1. like; drinks
2. went; her
3. children; flying
4. eat; health
5. has; ate
八、1. C 2. A 3. E 4. D 5. B
九、was; had; blue; clouds; water; swam; enjoyed; music; an; were
十、1. T 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. T
十一、范文：

Hello, I'm Amy. I had a great time at the weekend. On Saturday, I did my homework and helped my mother do housework. On Sunday I visited my friends. We went to the cinema. After that, we had some vegetables and fruit. I enjoyed the weekend.

Unit 4 达标检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. The rabbit dug the hole.
2. The restaurant is too noisy. I can't hear you.
3. The children are in their classroom.
4. Mr Green has two daughters.
5. My neighbour has a son.

二、1. Where did you go yesterday, Miss Guo?
2. Are the Whites your neighbours, Jill?
3. Did your son go swimming last Sunday?
4. Please stop making so much noise. I'm reading.
5. Let's dig a hole and sleep in it, Little Rabbit.

三、1. Sam is my neighbour. He lives next door to me.
2. My uncle has a daughter. Her name is Mary.
3. Peter has a cousin, Tom. Tom is his uncle's son.
4. Please stop making noise. We are in the library now.
5. The rabbits dug a hole and slept in it.

四、 Mr Turtle and Mr Frog both live by the lake. They are neighbours. They usually play chess together. Sometimes they listen to music in Mr Fox's house. They do not take a walk together because Mr Turtle walks too slowly. Mr Frog is a little noisy. Mr Turtle asks him to be quiet. And Mr Frog listens to him. Yesterday they went to Pond Cinema together. And they liked the film very much.

答案：

一、3 2 5 1 4
二、1. C 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. A
三、1. neighbour; me 2. daughter; Her 3. cousin; son
4. noise; library 5. dug; slept
四、1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T
五、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. C 6. A
7. B 点拨：noisy "吵闹的"，是形容词。noise "噪音"，是名词。
8. A 点拨：动词 help 后用 them 和 us 作宾语。
9. C
10. A 点拨：be from "来自"。
六、1. Did; didn't 点拨：last night 用于一般过去时，助动词用 did，其否定形式为 didn't。
2. are; Whites 3. bought; vegetables
4. talking; watch 5. sleeps; slept
七、1. D 2. C 3. A 4. E 5. B
八、1. B 2. C 3. B 4. A 5. C
九、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. F
十、1. half past seven
2. goes to work
3. eight o'clock
4. comes home
5. nine o'clock
十一、范文： **My neighbours**

The Greens are my neighbours. They are from Nanjing. Mr Green is a writer, and Mrs Green is a teacher. They have a son and a daughter, Mike and Nancy. I sometimes meet them in the morning. But I didn't see them this morning. I played with Mike and Nancy last weekend. We had a good time.

Unit 5 达标检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. Some wild animals are in danger. Stop killing them.
2. The little dog's mother died yesterday.
3. It's one thousand and one.
4. Joy sent the lion back to the wild.
5. There are three ducks on the farm.

二、1. How many dogs were there on the farm?
2. What did you have for breakfast this morning?
3. What can you do to help the disabled?
4. Are there any books on the desk?
5. What did he find on his way home?

三、1. —Did you see any South China tigers in the zoo?
—Yes, I did. They are strong.
2. — Do you know blue whales ?
— Yes, I do. They are quite big. They live in the sea.
3. —Why are you so sad?
—Because my pet dog died yesterday.
4. —May I help you?
—I want to send this toy lion to my cousin.
5. My uncle works in a zoo. He takes care of pandas.

四、 Today is Saturday. I moved the things in my room. The sofa was on the left. Now it is near the window. There was a box on the table. Now there are some apples on it. There were some books on the floor. Now I put them on the shelf. And I put some pictures on the wall. The room is small, but it is tidy and nice now.

答案：

一、5 3 2 4 1
二、1. B 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. A
三、1. South China
2. blue whales
3. my; died
4. help; send
5. takes care
四、1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T
五、1. past; are
2. take care of
3. died
4. wild
5. drove away 点拨：句中的 was 是过去式，所以要用过去式 drove away。 6. learnt
六、1. B
2. C 点拨：根据 there be 句型的就近原则，five ducks 是复数名词，所以选择 are。
3. C 4. A 5. B
6. A 点拨：baby 的复数形式是 babies。
7. B 8. C 9. C 10. A
七、1. B 2. A 3. E 4. D 5. C
八、1. were one thousand; are three hundred
2. In the past, there were one hundred cows on the farm. Now there are twenty-five cows.
3. In the past, there were ten horses on the farm. Now there are eight horses.
九、1. D 2. C 3. A 4. E 5. B
十、1. He picked the fruit on the trees.
2. They caught a lot of fish.
3. They cut down hundreds of trees and built a factory.
4. The factory gave out black smoke and dirty water.
5. He had to leave the forest.
十一、范文：

South China tigers in danger

South China tigers are big and strong. They are orange and black. They like to eat little animals. They can run fast. In the past, there were many South China tigers, but now there are only about thirty in the wild. We must help them.

Unit 6 达标检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. My friend and I help each other.
2. China is a big country.
3. I often talk about my hobbies with my e-friends.
4. Peter always enjoys himself at a party.
5. We are in the same grade.

二、1. Tom has an e-friend. He is from the UK.
2. Amy likes the US. She'd like to have an e-friend in the US.
3. John has an e-friend in Canada . They often talk about their hobbies.
4. Helen doesn't have any e-friends. She'd like to have an e-friend in Australia.
5. I'm Sally. I have an e-friend in China. We both like reading . We often talk about our favourite books.

三、1. Would Jack like to have an e-friend in China?
2. What's Peter's hobby?
3. Who is your classmate?
4. Would you like some tea?
5. What would you like to know about?

四、 I have an e-friend. His name is Henry. He's from the US. He has brown hair and blue eyes. He likes singing and playing computer games. Henry is good at them. Henry does well in his lessons. All his teachers and classmates like him.

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答案：

一、1. A　2. C　3. B　4. C　5. B

二、1—C　2—D　3—A　4—E　5—B

三、1. B　2. B　3. A　4. A　5. C

四、1. T　2. T　3. F　4. T　5. F

五、1. him　2. her　3. countries

4. usually(答案不唯一)

5. basketball(答案不唯一)

6. any(答案不唯一)

7. myself　8. yourself/yourselves

9. hobbies　10. different

六、1. A

2. A　**点拨**:other countries "其他的国家"。

3. B　4. C　5. B　6. A　7. B

8. C　9. C　10. A

七、1. subjects; Chinese

2. playing; her

3. to have; Canada

4. write; yourself

5. any; countries

八、1. E　2. A　3. D　4. B　5. C

九、1. Would you like　2. Canada

3. reading　4. Kelly

5. Australia　6. likes

7. about　8. do you have

9. wears　10. junior high

十、1. F　2. T　3. F　4. T　5. F

十一、范文：　**My e-friend**

I have an e-friend in Canada. Her name is Kitty. She is 11 years old. She likes swimming. She can swim very fast. I like swimming too. We often talk about our favourite swimmers.

月考卷二

Module 2 过关测试卷

听力材料：

一、1. She often plays with her friend.

2. Look at the rhino. It's strong and big.

3. The boys always make noise in class.

4. After dinner, Jack and his mother go for a walk.

5. The policeman drove away the bad guy.

二、1. What did you do with your friend last Sunday?

2. Do you have any friends?

3. How many apples were there on the table?

4. Would you like to have some coffee?

5. What would you like to have for dinner?

三、1. —What did you do last weekend?

—I played with my neighbour.

2. Now there are about one thousand two hundred animals in the zoo.

3. I have an e-friend in the UK. We have the same hobby.

4. In the past, there were many cows on the farm.

5. —Where did you go last Sunday?

—I went to the park.

四、　Hello, I'm Lucy. I have an e-friend in the US. His name is Tom. He is a primary school student. His favourite subjects are English and Music. He likes playing football. Tom always plays football with his classmates after school. Then he goes home on foot. There are many shops near his home. He usually goes shopping with his mother at weekends. He often sends emails to me and I often send emails to him too.

答案：

一、5　3　2　4　1

二、1. A　2. B　3. B　4. C　5. A

三、1. weekend; neighbour

2. thousand; hundred

3. e-friend; hobby

4. past; were

5. Sunday; went

四、1. T　2. F　3. F　4. T　5. T

五、1. owl; noise

2. family; hobbies

3. way; met

4. would; e-friend

5. eyes; doesn't

六、1. B　**点拨**:enjoy the sunshine"享受阳光"。

2. C　3. C　4. A　5. B

6. A　**点拨**:由 did 可知此句是一般过去时,故选 A。

7. B　8. C　9. B

10. A　**点拨**:for 后接一段时间。

七、1. went; people

2. noise; were

3. eat; health　**点拨**:don't 后接动词原形,所以用 eat。be good for 后接名词,故用 health。

4. e-friends; countries

5. you; am waiting

八、1. D　2. B　3. A　4. C　5. E

九、1. C　2. B　3. A　4. A　5. B

十、1. Yes, I do.

2. Because animals are people's friends.

3. Yes, they are.

4. There are about thirty.

5. We should stop killing animals in the wild.(答案不唯一)

十一、范文：

Last Sunday, I cleaned my bedroom in the morning. I was tired but my bedroom was very clean. In the afternoon, I played chess with my father. After that, I saw a film with my friend. It was an interesting film. I did my homework in the evening. I had a good time last Sunday.

期中测试卷

听力材料：

一、1. Tom was six months old in this picture.

2. I eat a lot of fruit.

3. Now there are only thirty South China tigers in the wild.

4. During the summer holiday, I went to the Great Wall.

5. —Where are you from?　—I am from China.

二、1. I'm having a good time in Beijing. It's a good place.

2. There are about 1,400 students in my school.

3. Look! The baby is so pretty and cute.

4. I have an e-friend in the US.

5. I have some meat and eggs for my breakfast.

三、1. How did they go to London?

2. Why do we need to have breakfast?

3. Would you like to have some vegetables?

4. —Hi, Kitty. Who's that girl?

—She's my new neighbour. She's from the UK.

—What does she do?

—I don't know. We don't often meet each other. I can only meet her in the morning.

Question: Does Kitty often meet her neighbour?

5. —What's your favourite animal?

—I like pandas best. There are about 1,600 pandas in the wild now.

Question: How many pandas are there in the wild now?

四、Dear Mary,

Thank you for your email and photo. You looked great in the photo. Were you in Beijing? I can see the Palace Museum. I went to Beijing with my friends last summer and we visited many famous places.

I went to Caishi Park with my good friends yesterday. We had a picnic there. Today we went to the cinema. We had a wonderful weekend!

Yours,

Helen

答案：

一、2　3　5　1　4

二、1. C　2. A　3. C　4. B　5. A

三、1. A　2. B　3. C　4. B　5. A

四、1. F　2. T　3. F　4. T　5. T

五、1. D　2. C　3. B　4. B　5. A

六、1. A　**点拨**:the Greens 表示"格林一家人",故用 come。

2. B　**点拨**:stop 后接动词的 -ing 表示"停止做某事"。

3. C　4. B　5. C　6. A　7. B　8. C

9. A　10. C

七、1. to be

2. is eating　**点拨**:由"Look!"可知,此句为现在进行时。

3. went　4. has

5. hobbies　**点拨**:由 many 可知,后面的 hobby 要用复数 hobbies。

八、1. Wild animals are in danger.

2. He could not sleep last night.

3. They went to the Great Wall in Beijing.

4. Would you like to go to the park with me?

5. She enjoyed her summer holiday in Shanghai.

九、1. B　2. E　3. A　4. C　5. D

十、1. C　2. B　3. A　4. B　5. B

十一、1. F　2. T　3. F　4. T　5. F

十二、范文：　**My summer holiday**

I had a wonderful summer holiday. I went to Beijing with my family. We went there by train. We visited the Palace Museum, the Great Wall and Tian'anmen Square. We also visited some famous parks. Everyone had a good time.

Unit 7 达标检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. Shall we go and see a film this weekend?

2. *Police Story* is about a brave policeman.

3. The queen was very angry.

4. Snow White is a beautiful princess.

5. She had a magic mirror.

二、1. What are you going to do this weekend?

2. What film would you like to see?

3. What is the story about?

4. How was the story?

5. Shall we go and see a film on Saturday?

三、1. Shall we go and see *Police Story* ?

2. *Kung Fu Panda* is an exciting film.

3. Sally doesn't like reading boring stories.

4. We should stop killing wild animals.

5. Be quiet! The baby is asleep.

四、**M**: Kitty, shall we see *Country Road* this Saturday?

W: Peter, I saw it last weekend.

M: Really? How is it? Do you like it?

W: Yes. It's a story about cowboys in a small town. It's fun.

M: Wow. I can't wait to see it. Where did you see the film?

W: I saw it at Sunshine Cinema. It's on Park Street.

M: It's near my home. I will walk there.

答案：

一、2　5　1　3　4

二、1. A　2. A　3. A　4. B　5. B

三、1. Shall; *Police*　2. an exciting　3. doesn't; boring

4. killing wild　5. Be; asleep

四、1. F　2. T　3. F　4. T　5. T

五、1. boring　2. unhealthy　3. noisy　4. pretty/beautiful

5. sad

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六、1. C 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. B 6. A
7. B **点拨**：a story about…意为“一个关于……的故事”。
8. C **点拨**：表示具体的某天下午用介词 on。
9. C
10. A

七、1. saw；boys
2. was；to kill
3. us；our **点拨**：“Let”后加人称代词的宾格形式，friends 前加形容词性物主代词。
4. loves；films
5. met；them **点拨**：由 stayed 可知，此句时态为一般过去时，meet 的过去式为 met，with 后加人称代词的宾格形式。

八、1. Shall we see a film this weekend?
2. What would you like to see?
3. What is the film about?
4. Do you like cartoons?
5. What time shall we see the film?

九、1. City 2. films 3. Sunday 4. 5;30 5. *Swan Lake* 6. 7. 50 8. princess 9. swan 10. parents

十、1. At the end of the year.
2. For four weeks.
3. Andy was a lion.
4. It was a long blue dress.
5. Her father，mother and sister .

十一、范文：

My name is Kitty. I love films. I will go and see a film with my friend Alice this weekend. We would like to see *Snow White* . It's a story about a princess. She meets seven little friends in the forest. It is an interesting film.

Unit 8 达标检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. The robot dancer can move his head and arms.
2. His fingers moved very fast.
3. Did you buy anything at the museum?
4. My father bought a model car for me.
5. There is a science museum in Hefei.

二、1. What did you buy at the car museum?
2. When did you go to the museum?
3. How is the toy bee?
4. Did you buy anything in the shop?
5. What can a robot dancer do?

三、 The Louvre Museum is in Paris. There are many interesting things in the Louvre Museum. People can learn about many different cultures. There are thousands of paintings in the museum. One of the most famous paintings of the world，*the Mona Lisa* ，is in the Louvre. You cannot see everything on one trip. Many people come again and again. They want to see all the beautiful things there.

四、 I went to an insect museum. I saw many kinds of insects. They were bees，ants，butterflies and other insects. Some of them were beautiful，but some were ugly. I learnt a lot about insects. I bought a toy bee. It was cute. I had a good time.

答案：

一、4 3 2 5 1
二、1. A 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. A
三、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. F
四、1. insect 2. kinds 3. bees 4. ants 5. beautiful 6. were 7. about 8. bought 9. cute 10. had
五、1. B
2. C **点拨**：from…to…表示“从……到……”。
3. A
4. C **点拨**：at the piano “在钢琴边”。
5. B 6. A 7. B
8. C 9. C 10. A

六、1. will see；butterflies **点拨**：next Sunday 表示将来的时间，故动词前加 will。
2. stood；hour 3. dancer；dance 4. opens；opened
5. Did；anything

七、1. There was a robot at the piano.
2. I saw a lot of interesting cars.
3. We saw many kinds of insects.
4. Come and have a great time with us.
5. What did you see at the museum?

八、1. D 2. E 3. B 4. C 5. A
九、1. A 2. B 3. B 4. C 5. C
十、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. F 5. T
十一、范文：

Hello，my name is Kitty. I went to a toy museum last Sunday. I saw many kinds of toys. They were toy bees，toy ants，toy cars，toy trains and other toys. They were very interesting. I learnt a lot by playing with toys. I had a good day.

Unit 9 达标检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. People in Tokyo like eating sushi.
2. Most people like visiting museums in London.
3. Tourists can find palaces in Beijing.
4. Shanghai is in the east of China.
5. Harbin is in the north of China.

二、1. Which city is the capital of China?
2. How did you go to Shanghai?
3. What can tourists find in Beijing?
4. What do people in Beijing like eating?
5. How long does it take to get to Shanghai from Beijing by train?

三、1. Beijing is the capital of China. It is a great city.
2. Tourists can see many tall buildings there.
3. Dalian is in the north of China. People enjoy shopping there.
4. Sichuan is in the west of China. People like eating hot pot.
5. Hainan is in the south of China. We can find much nice seafood there.

四、 Hello，I'm Tom. I come from London，the UK. I love travelling. Last September，I went to Sydney. It's in Australia. It took about eight hours to get there by plane. Sydney is a busy city. There are a lot of tall buildings，shops and museums. I enjoyed shopping and visited the parks there.

答案：

一、1. A 2. B 3. B 4. C 5. A
二、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. B
三、1. capital；city 2. Tourists；buildings
3. north；shopping 4. west；eating
5. south；find
四、1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T
五、1. B
2. B **点拨**：by train 表示“乘火车”，故问句中疑问词应该是 how，表示怎样去。
3. C 4. B
5. A **点拨**：由助动词 do 可知后面用动词原形。
6. B **点拨**：half an hour 是固定短语，意思为“半小时”。
7. A **点拨**：enjoy 后加动词的-ing 形式。
8. C 9. C 10. A

六、1. Are；cities
2. eating；dumplings
3. tourists；places
4. see；buildings
5. people；shopping **点拨**：people 为集合名词，视为复数；enjoy doing sth. 是固定搭配，表示“喜欢做某事”。

七、1. London is the capital of the UK.
2. Is Shanghai far away from Beijing?
3. Most tourists like visiting the Great Wall.
4. Tokyo is in the east of Japan.
5. It takes about twenty minutes to do my homework.

八、1. Beijing；north；dumplings
2. Tokyo；capital；buildings
3. London；UK；tourists；museums

九、1. Guangzhou
2. November
3. eight o'clock/8;00
4. take
5. three hours

十、1. He will spend his holiday in Shanghai.
2. He'll get there by plane.
3. It takes about two hours to get there from Beijing.
4. They like visiting Yu Garden and the Bund.
5. They like eating fish.

十一、范文：

Hello，I'm Kitty. I come from Beijing. Beijing is the capital of China. It's very busy. Thousands of people all around the world go there every day. You can visit many places，such as the Palace Museum，the Great Wall，Beihai Park and so on. And I like eating dumplings there.

月考卷三 Module 3 过关测试卷

听力材料：

一、1. Most people in Beijing like eating dumplings.
2. It's a story about a beautiful princess.
3. Sally went to an insect museum last weekend.
4. Tianjin is in the north of China.
5. Tourists like visiting these places.

二、1. Where is Shanghai?
2. Shall we go and see a film next week?
3. What did you see at the museum?
4. How long does it take to get there by plane?
5. Which city is the capital of the UK?

三、1. The US is far away from the UK.
2. **Mr** Wang was very tired and he fell asleep in the bed.
3. **A**: This story is so exciting.
B: No，it's so boring.
4. There are many kinds of insects in the insect museum.
5. Peter went to the car museum yesterday. He learnt a lot about cars.

四、 My cousin and I spent our holiday in London last weekend. We went to London by plane. It took us about eleven hours to get there from Shanghai. London is the capital of the UK. It is a modern city. We visited Big Ben and the British Museum. There were thousands of people in the street. We enjoyed shopping in different kinds of shops there. My cousin bought a model car. I bought a football. We ate fish and chips in a famous restaurant. It was nice. We both had a good time in London.

答案：

一、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. B
二、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. B
三、1. far away 2. fell asleep
3. exciting；boring
4. kinds of 5. learnt；about
四、1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. F
五、1. capital 2. insect 3. south 4. buildings
5. dancer
六、1. B **点拨**：be afraid of 意为“担心；害怕”。

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2. A　点拨：at the museum 意为“在博物馆”。
3. B　4. B　5. C　6. C　7. B　8. C
9. A　点拨：help each other 意为“互相帮助”。
10. B　点拨：由 how 可知，询问的是对电影的评价，故选 B。

七、1. saw; him
2. was; any
3. likes; to kill
4. will be; third
5. eating; had

八、1. C　2. D　3. A　4. E　5. B
九、1. A　2. C　3. B　4. C　5. A
十、1. T　2. F　3. F　4. T　5. T
十一、范文：

The winter holiday is coming. I'll go to London with my family. We'll go there by plane. It takes about thirteen hours. We want to visit Big Ben and the British Museum.

Unit 10 达标检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. —What's the matter?　—My leg hurts.
2. The red balloon is very big.
3. Look at the fresh vegetables.
4. We should plant trees to keep the air clean.
5. Animals need air to keep them alive.

二、1. Can you see the smoke from the factory?
2. Why do we plant trees, Mum?
3. Where does the black smoke come from?
4. What keeps the balloon high in the sky?
5. What should we do to keep the air clean?

三、1. Air is everywhere. It keeps all people alive.
2. The black smoke comes from that factory.
3. Look at your hands. They are very dirty.
4. The air here is clean and fresh.
5. We should plant more trees to keep the air clean.

四、　We can't see it. It has no colour or shape. It has no smell or taste. But we can feel it. It's everywhere. What is it? It is the air. Air is very important. We live in air. We need it to keep us alive. Air is also important to animals and plants. We should keep the air fresh and clean.

答案：

一、1. A　2. A　3. B　4. C　5. A
二、1. A　2. B　3. C　4. B　5. A
三、1. everywhere; alive
2. smoke; factory
3. They; dirty
4. clean; fresh
5. plant; keep

四、1. T　2. F　3. F　4. T　5. T
五、1. cars; dirty
2. keeps; birds
3. plant; trees
4. smoke; factory
5. clean; fresh

六、1. C　点拨：这句话意思为：“空气无处不在。”所以选 everywhere。
2. A　3. B　4. C　5. B　6. A　7. B　8. B
9. C　点拨：That's right. 意思是：“那是对的。” That's all right. 意思是：“没有关系。” All right. 意思是：“好的。”根据问句可知选 C。
10. A

七、1. is; him
2. has; shape
3. crying; hurt
4. us; go
5. keep; our

八、1. E　2. C　3. A　4. D　5. B
九、1. F　2. F　3. F　4. T　5. T
十、1. C　2. B　3. C　4. A　5. C
十一、范文：

Air

Air is everywhere. Air is very important. It is all around us when we work or play. It is all around us when we sit or stand. We need it to keep us alive. So we should keep the air fresh and clean. We can take a bus or walk to school or the work place and plant more trees.

Unit 11 达标检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. See you, Miss Bird. I'll miss you.
2. They use the wood to make matches.
3. The little boy is looking for his mother.
4. The workers cut down trees.
5. Autumn comes. The bird has to fly to the south.

二、1. What are you looking for, Kitty?
2. Dad, what do we use wood for?
3. What do we do on Tree Planting Day?
4. What do we get from the sea?
5. Can trees cool the air?

三、1. Trees are important. They make our city beautiful.
2. We use wood to make pencils and matches.
3. Trees can keep the air clean. They can cool the air too.
4. That's wonderful. We should plant more trees.
5. The bird often sings songs in the tree. They are good friends.

四、**M**: Hello, Little Rabbit. What's wrong with this forest?
W: Hello, Mr Owl. There were a lot of trees in the past. But there are not any now. People are cutting down trees. I don't have a home now.
M: Why are they cutting down trees?
W: Because they want to make houses, tables and chairs.
M: Oh, no! Trees are our homes.
W: You're right. I miss my home. I have to move to other places.
M: I have to look for a new home too. Bye, Little Rabbit.

答案：

一、1. A　2. B　3. B　4. C　5. A
二、1. A　2. B　3. A　4. C　5. B
三、1. important; beautiful　2. wood; matches
3. clean; cool　4. wonderful; plant　5. sings; friends

四、1. F　2. T　3. F　4. T　5. T
五、1. cool; beautiful　2. milk; cows
3. match; fire　4. desks; chairs　5. water; river

六、1. C　2. A　3. B　4. C　5. B
6. A　点拨：果子长在树上用介词 on，小动物在树上用介词 in。
7. B　8. C　9. C
10. A　点拨：fly away 是固定搭配，表示“飞走”。

七、1. have; first　点拨：first 在这里表示“首先”的意思。
2. looking; looked　3. do; them
4. cutting; matches　5. went; missed

八、1. Trees are important in our life.
2. See you next year.
3. We get fruit from trees.
4. Are there any matches in your home?
5. A bird sings a sad song to the fire.

九、1. F　点拨：原文是“at the top of the hill”。
2. T　3. F　4. T
5. F　点拨：原文是“sunny and hot”。

十、1. There were many apple trees in the garden.
2. He was ill.
3. They sent for a doctor to help him.
4. No, she couldn't.
5. A woodpecker made the old tree better and better.

十一、范文：

Trees

Trees are important. They make our city beautiful. They keep the air clean and cool. We can get wood from trees. We can get fruit from trees too. We can use wood to make desks and chairs. We should plant more trees and stop cutting down so many trees.

Unit 12 达标检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. Sally's mother went shopping with her own shopping bag.
2. People recycle glass.
3. We should stop using plastic bags.
4. Peter picked up rubbish yesterday.
5. They bring their own shopping bags.

二、1. Where do we live?
2. What are the green parts on the Earth?
3. How was the Earth in the past?
4. Why does the Earth get sick?
5. What do people do to keep the Earth clean and healthy?

三、1. I think the blue parts are oceans.
2. We should stop throwing rubbish into rivers.
3. There are rivers, land and forests on it.
4. Sometimes people cut down too many trees. The Earth gets sick.
5. Can we do anything to help the Earth?

四、　Last Sunday was April 22. It was Earth Day. Sally, Peter and Paul went to the park in the morning. They saw some plastic bags on the ground. They picked up the bags and put them into the rubbish bin.

In the afternoon they went to the supermarket. Many people brought their own shopping bags. Sally made some “Please help the Earth!” posters and gave them out to people. She wanted more people to keep the Earth healthy.

答案：

一、1. C　2. B　3. B　4. C　5. A
二、1. A　2. B　3. A　4. C　5. A
三、1. parts; oceans　2. stop; rubbish　3. land; forests
4. too; sick　5. anything; Earth
四、1. T　2. F　3. F　4. T　5. T
五、1. the Earth　2. are oceans
3. shopping bags　4. planting; tree
5. cutting down
六、1. B　2. A
3. B　点拨：纸有两面，所以用 both。
4. C　点拨：此处用动词不定式 to help 表示目的。
5. B　6. A　7. B
8. C　9. C　10. A
七、1. picking; rubbish
2. stop; using
3. factories; makes
4. plants; trees　点拨：every year 表示“每年”，用于一般现在时；Kelly 是第三人称单数，所以动词用第三人称单数形式。
5. their; shopping
八、1. B　2. E　3. A　4. D　5. C
九、1. F　2. T　3. F　4. T　5. T
十、1. B　2. C　3. A　4. C　5. C
十一、范文：

The Earth

The Earth is a beautiful place. There are plants, animals and people. In the past the Earth was clean, but now some parts are dirty. People throw rubbish into rivers and oceans. People cut down too many trees. Smoke from cars and factories makes the air dirty.

We should keep the Earth clean and healthy. We shouldn't throw rubbish everywhere. We should plant more trees every year. We should also recycle glass and paper.

月考卷四
Module 4 过关测试卷

听力材料：

一、1. We should plant more trees.
2. It has no smell or taste.
3. The air keeps the kite high in the sky.
4. Trees can cool the air.
5. Let's stop using plastic bags.

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二、1. What colour are forests on the map?
2. Does the air have any colour or shape?
3. What are you going to do on Tree Planting Day?
4. What keeps the kite high in the sky?
5. What should we do to save the Earth?

三、1. Some people throw rubbish into rivers and oceans.
2. The air is clean and fresh in the city.
3. We can use wood to make desks and chairs.
4. The Earth gets sick now.
5. The air keeps people, animals and plants alive.

四、 Our city is a beautiful place. There are clean streets. On both sides of the streets, there are many tall trees. They make the city beautiful. There is a river through our city. The water is clean. But it was dirty before. Some people threw rubbish into the river. And there was a factory with a bad strong smell. But now people know that clean air and water are very important to their health. So they don't throw rubbish into the river any more. The factory doesn't make any dirty black smoke now.

答案：

一、1. C 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. A
二、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. B
三、1. rubbish; oceans
2. clean; fresh
3. desks; chairs
4. gets sick
5. keeps; alive
四、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. F 5. T
五、1. seas 2. dirty 3. past
4. rubbish 5. cool
六、1. C 2. A 3. A
4. B 点拨：固定短语 in danger 意为"处在危险中"。
5. B 点拨：由固定用法 keep sth. + 形容词可知选 B。
6. A 7. A
8. B 点拨：固定用法 use sth. to do sth. ，故选 B。
9. B 10. C
七、1. were; flowers 2. throw; them
3. making; hear 4. do; to save
5. came; you
八、1. E 2. C 3. A 4. D 5. B
九、sick; smoke; stop; keep; healthy
十、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. F
十一、范文：

The Earth is important to us. But she gets sick now. We should save her.

We should plant more trees to keep the air clean and fresh. We should stop cutting down too many trees. We should stop making the air dirty.

Module 1 模块知识梳理卷

一、1. month 2. cute 3. pretty 4. handsome 5. catch
6. fly 7. turtle 8. (be) born 9. famous
10. during 11. spend 12. everyone 13. countryside
14. pick 15. healthy 16. unhealthy 17. hamburger
18. cola 19. yesterday 20. fruit 21. pie 22. pizza
23. sandwich 24. chicken 25. vegetable
26. chocolate 27. noodles

二、1. about two months old 2. a primary school student
3. go to junior high school 4. tall and pretty
5. be born in the river 6. grow up 7. catch flies
8. six years old 9. look around 10. a long tail
11. go swimming 12. your summer holiday
13. the Great Wall 14. take photos
15. Tian'anmen Square 16. the Palace Museum
17. have a good time 18. pick apples
19. spend their holiday 20. in the countryside
21. a little chocolate 22. fish and chips
23. two hamburgers 24. too much meat
25. have breakfast every day 26. eat a lot of rice
27. play sport 28. strong and healthy

三、1. In Photo 1, Sally was a baby.
2. Her hair was short and her eyes were big.
3. Soon he has a round head and a long tail.
4. He looks around. He cannot find his mum.
5. She's green and she has no tail.
6. I went to Beijing and visited my uncle.
7. We also went to some famous parks in Beijing.
8. They visited Big Ben and the British Museum.
9. We played ball games there and went swimming in the sea.
10. —How was your summer holiday?
—It was fun. I went to the museum.
11. What did you have for breakfast this morning?
12. They eat some fish, chicken and eggs.
13. You should drink some milk and eat some fruit.
14. You can have a little meat, but not too much.
15. In China, people like eating dumplings.

Module 2 模块知识梳理卷

一、1. neighbour 2. son 3. daughter 4. noisy 5. owl
6. dig 7. thousand 8. hundred
9. wild 10. way 11. die 12. rhino 13. learn
14. send 15. e-friend 16. country 17. other
18. team 19. hobby 20. grade 21. yourself

二、1. your neighbours 2. last weekend
3. a son and a daughter 4. play chess
5. make a lot of noise 6. every night
7. have a good sleep 8. sleep in holes
9. dig a hole 10. in the forest
11. thirty South China tigers
12. ten thousand blue whales
13. in danger 14. in the past 15. take care of her
16. go for a walk 17. drive away 18. on her way home
19. learn a lot 20. in the wild 21. would like
22. in different countries 23. school life
24. wear glasses 25. a junior high school student
26. in other countries 27. in Grade Six
28. like reading 29. our favourite football team
30. his hobbies 31. play with …
32. play table tennis 33. in the UK 34. in the US

三、1. —Did you play with Sam last weekend?
—Yes, I did.
2. —Who are your neighbours?
—The Greens are my neighbours.
3. Did you see them this morning?
4. Please stop making noise at night.
5. The owl was a noisy neighbour.
6. In the past, there were many pandas.
7. These animals are in danger.
8. Joy sent her back to the wild.
9. Elsa's mother died, so Joy took care of her.
10. Elsa drove away the rhino and saved Joy.
11. —Would you like to have e-friends in other countries?
—Yes.
12. I have some e-friends in different countries.
13. I'd like to have an e-friend in the US.
14. I like singing and playing table tennis.
15. We often talk about our favourite books and films.

Module 3 模块知识梳理卷

一、1. shall 2. princess 3. police 4. exciting 5. brave
6. policeman 7. boring 8. queen 9. mirror
10. fairest 11. asleep 12. policemen 13. bee
14. insect 15. ant 16. anything 17. kind
18. finger 19. dancer 20. kill 21. capital
22. north 23. east 24. west 25. south 26. palace
27. most 28. tourist 29. building 30. sushi

二、1. next time 2. once upon a time 3. fall asleep
4. see a film 5. a brave policeman 6. the fairest of all
7. kill Snow White 8. a boring day 9. *Police Story*
10. an exciting film 11. an insect museum
12. go to a car museum 13. buy a model car
14. visit the science museum 15. many kinds of insects
16. a robot dancer 17. move his fingers
18. didn't buy anything 19. some ants and bees
20. on the second floor 21. in the north of China
22. in the east of Japan 23. travel by plane
24. the capital of China 25. each other

三、1. —Shall we go and see a film this weekend?
—Sure. I love films.
2. —What would you like to see?
—I'd like to see *Snow White* .
3. —What is it about?
—It's about a brave policeman. He catches bad people.
4. Snow White tasted the apple and then fell asleep.
5. The next day, the queen asked the mirror again.
6. —What did you see at the museum?
—I saw a lot of interesting cars.
7. Some of them were beautiful, but some were very ugly.
8. Last Saturday, Kitty and her brother Ben went to the museum.
9. —Did you buy anything at the car museum?
—I bought a model car.
10. They saw many kinds of robots there.
11. —Are the two cities far away from each other?
—Yes, they are.
12. —How long does it take to get to Shanghai from Beijing by train?
—It takes about five hours.
13. You can find museums, palaces and parks there.
14. A lot of tourists enjoy shopping in Tokyo.
15. Beijing is the capital of China. It's in the north of China.

Module 4 模块知识梳理卷

一、1. air 2. everywhere 3. alive 4. balloon 5. factory
6. smoke 7. dirty 8. clean 9. hurt 10. fresh
11. plant 12. own 13. wood 14. cool 15. match
16. miss 17. beautiful 18. use 19. fly 20. fruit
21. Earth 22. part 23. forest 24. land 25. ocean
26. rubbish 27. sick 28. recycle 29. glass

二、1. keep us alive 2. keep our city clean
3. no colour or shape 4. the black smoke from the factory
5. so fresh 6. plant more trees 7. animals and plants
8. make the air dirty 9. high in the sky

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10. save the Earth 11. make our city beautiful
12. use wood to make paper
13. keep the air clean 14. cool the air
15. have to fly to the south 16. cut down trees
17. look for her friend 18. make the fire
19. next spring 20. the last match 21. so many trees
22. pick up rubbish 23. use their own shopping bags
24. stop using plastic bags 25. clean and beautiful
26. live on the Earth

三、1. —What's the matter? —My eyes hurt.
2. It keeps them high in the sky.
3. It is everywhere. It is important to all people.
4. —Where is the smoke from?
—It's from the cars and buses.
5. We all need it to keep us alive.
6. We get fruit from trees. We also get wood from trees.
7. We use wood to make pencils, desks and chairs. We use wood to make paper too.
8. Trees can keep the air clean. They can cool the air too.
9. See you. I'll miss you.
10. There were many matches, but now there aren't any.
11. We should stop cutting down so many trees.
12. The Earth was very clean and beautiful in the past, but now some parts are dirty.
13. They bring their own shopping bags and stop using plastic bags.
14. Smoke from cars and factories makes the air dirty.
15. The Earth is a beautiful place. There are rivers, oceans, land and forests.

听力专项复习卷

听力材料：

一、1. past 2. wild 3. sushi 4. pizza 5. miss
6. fresh 7. cute 8. die 9. glass 10. send
二、1. hurt 2. mirror 3. yourself 4. recycle 5. born
三、1. Don't get angry. Cool down, please.
2. People use wood to make matches.
3. The bird flew into the forest and sang by the river.
4. I fell asleep in the cinema because the film was too boring.
5. Guangzhou is a beautiful city. It is in the south of China.
四、1. We should stop cutting down so many trees.
2. Her eyes were big.
3. My summer holiday was wonderful.
4. I played chess with Sally last Sunday.
5. We use wood to make chairs.
五、 Justin was born in a beautiful river in spring. He was a little boy. He was very small. He was black. He looked around. Soon, he had a round head and a long tail. Later, Justin had four long legs. His legs are strong now. He can swim and jump.
六、1. Elsa drove away the rhino and saved Joy.
2. People in London love eating fish and chips.
3. The green parts on the map are forests.
4. Sally is a junior high school student.
5. Air keeps the balloon high in the sky.
七、1. Shall we go and see a film this weekend?
2. How long does it take to get to Shanghai?
3. What did you see at the museum?
4. Did you play with Sam last weekend?
5. What did you have for breakfast this morning?
八、 Hi, everyone! My name is Peter. I live in London, the UK. I have some very kind neighbours. My next-door neighbours are the Greens and the Johns. The Greens have two sons and one daughter. The two boys are Tony and Dan. I played chess with Dan yesterday evening. Doris is Tony and Dan's sister. She is one year old. She is very cute. The Johns have one daughter. Her name is Emily. She has some e-friends. We both like films. Last week, we went to the cinema together.
九、 Nowadays, people like going out on holidays. There are many interesting places to go. You can go to the beach and enjoy the sunshine. You can go to the countryside and enjoy the fresh air. You can go to different museums to learn something. You can go shopping in different shops and supermarkets. If you like films, you can go to the cinemas. So life is colourful nowadays. Enjoy yourself every day!

答案：

一、1. A 2. C 3. C 4. B 5. B 6. C 7. B
8. B 9. B 10. A
二、3 1 2 5 4
三、1. A 2. B 3. C 4. B 5. A
四、1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. T
五、2 5 1 4 3
六、4 1 2 5 3
七、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. C 5. B
八、1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. T
九、1. out 2. places 3. countryside 4. museums
5. shops

词汇专项复习卷

一、1. C 2. B 3. C 4. A 5. C 6. A 7. C
8. C
二、(一)1. boxes 2. women 3. buses 4. firemen
5. children 6. teeth 7. factories 8. sheep
9. leaves
(二)1. had 2. were 3. stood 4. cut 5. read
6. made 7. dug 8. bought 9. saw
(三)1. taking 2. running 3. swimming
4. watching 5. playing 6. writing
7. shopping 8. eating 9. doing
(四)1. plays 2. teaches 3. carries 4. flies
5. brushes 6. does 7. goes 8. lives 9. sees
(五)1. stand 2. hot 3. empty/hungry 4. old
5. short 6. close 7. unhealthy 8. big
9. north
(六)1. first 2. second 3. third 4. fourth
5. fifth 6. eighth 7. ninth 8. twelfth
9. twentieth
(七)1. tiger panda lion …
2. daughter son mother …
3. apple grape pear …
4. carrot tomato cabbage …
5. pizza rice noodles …
6. ant bee fly …
三、1. minutes 2. late 3. watch 4. capital
5. swimming 6. first 7. visited 8. clean
9. seasons 10. Earth
四、1. the violin 2. Where 3. your 4. drawing
5. rainy 6. feet 7. much 8. buy
9. leaves 10. does

句型专项复习卷

一、1. B 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. A
二、1. It takes two hours to play football.
2. People use wood to make paper.
3. In the past, there were a lot of South China tigers.
4. It keeps them high in the sky.
5. We should stop cutting down so many trees.
三、1. She went to the post office on foot yesterday.
2. What did Mike do yesterday?
3. There aren't any fish in the river.
4. Peter never eats ice cream.
5. These animals are in danger.
6. You mustn't feed the tigers.
7. Would you like to have some tea with me this afternoon?
8. People in Beijing also love eating dumplings.
9. My sister and I both like English.
10. They will plant trees and flowers next spring.
四、1. London is the capital of the UK.
2. I came to school by bus. (答案不唯一)
3. It takes about 15 minutes. (答案不唯一)
4. It comes from the cars, buses and factories. (答案不唯一)
5. They can use wood to make pencils. (答案不唯一)
6. I was born in January. (答案不唯一)
7. It's a story about a beautiful princess.
8. We should not litter. (答案不唯一)
9. Trees can keep the air clean. (答案不唯一)
10. The smoke from the cars and buses. (答案不唯一)

阅读专项复习卷

一、**A** 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F
B 5. T 6. F 7. T 8. F 9. T
二、1. C 2. A 3. C 4. B
三、**A** 1. He spent his holiday in the forest.
2. They lived there for two years.
3. They wrote or read books.
4. No, they didn't.
B 5. No, it isn't.
6. He goes to school on foot.
7. No, it isn't.

常考易错突破卷

一、1. rubbish 2. factory 3. alive 4. miss 5. own
二、1. to **点拨**：be important to . . . "对……很重要"。
2. from 3. down; into
4. on **点拨**：live on the Earth"居住在地球上"。
5. at 6. for
三、1. tourists 2. were; are
3. are playing **点拨**：由句首的"Now"可知，应用现在进行时，所以用 be + 动词-ing。
4. have 5. throwing
四、1. C 2. B 3. B 4. A 5. C 6. C 7. A
8. B
五、1. D 2. E 3. B 4. A 5. C
六、1. Where did the animals live happily?
2. How long does it take to get to Beijing?
3. Were there any biscuits in the box?
4. Yes, I did.
5. What did you have this morning?

新型题突破卷

一、1. (fatcory) factory 2. (slaep) asleep
3. (Shell) Shall 4. (rubish) rubbish
5. (inscets) insects
二、1. B **点拨**：由句意可知，这个城市是中国的首都北京，所以选 B。
2. D 3. C
4. E **点拨**：由句中的姚明可知，这个城市是上海，所以选 E。
5. A
三、**Name**: Chinese White Dolphins
Colour: grey, pink or white

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Food: fish

Live in: the South China Sea

Number: about 2,500 in the wild

四、1. healthy 2. Last week, I ate a little fruit.
3. I ate some vegetables. 4. I ate a lot of meat.
5. unhealthy 6. eat a lot of vegetables and fruit

五、1. But it usually makes a lot of smoke.
2. It's very bad for the air and our health.
3. The rubbish under the ground can make the water and land dirty.
4. We can recycle glass and paper.
5. We can bring our own shopping bags and stop using plastic bags.

期末测试卷一

听力材料：

一、1. Look at the sea. It's blue.
2. I had a hamburger for breakfast yesterday morning.
3. Tom was about four months old. He was small and cute.
4. —Now some parts of the Earth are dirty. The Earth gets sick. Can we do anything to save the Earth?
—Yes, we should stop throwing rubbish everywhere.

二、1. We're making a shopping list.
2. There were about ten thousand two hundred cars at this museum.
3. It has no color or shape. It's the air.
4. The bells in the tower make beautiful sounds.
5. There are many great cities in the world.
6. They saw many kinds of robots at the science museum.

三、 Last Saturday, Kitty and Ben visited an insect museum. The museum opens at nine o'clock from Tuesday to Sunday. It was not very big, but there were many kinds of insects there. They saw bees, ants, butterflies and some other insects. Some insects had beautiful colours. Some were grey and black. They learnt a lot about insects. Kitty bought a toy butterfly and Ben bought a big toy bee. They both like the insect museum.

四、1. —Did you watch TV this morning, Peter?
—No, I didn't. I did my homework in my bedroom.
2. —Where does May live?
—She lives in London. And she's going to China next year.
3. —What did you eat for lunch, Joe?
—I ate some pie.
4. —What did you do with your grandparents, Ben?
—In the morning, I played chess with my grandpa. In the afternoon, I picked strawberries with my grandma.
5. —Shall we go and see a film, Jack?
—Great. There are two new films, *Police Story* and *Star Wars*. What would you like to see?
—I'd like to see *Star Wars*.
—I like it, too. Let's go.

答案：

一、1. B 2. A 3. A 4. B
二、1. C 2. B 3. C 4. C 5. A 6. A
三、1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. F
四、1. A 2. B 3. B 4. A 5. B
五、1. matches 2. west 3. UK 4. dancer
5. Earth; cutting
六、1. B 2. B 3. C 4. B
5. A **点拨**:固定搭配 thank you for sth. 意为“因某事而感谢你”。 6. C
7. A **点拨**:fall asleep “入睡”。
8. B 9. C 10. A
七、1. C 2. D 3. B 4. E 5. A
八、1. of; north; find; tourists; shopping
2. were; are; to help
九、1. Joe's 2. singing 3. makes
4. play; unhealthy 5. goes; went
十、1. B 2. B 3. C 4. A 5. A
十一、1. T 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. F
十二、范文：
Dear Gary,
My name is Tom. I'm eleven years old. There are five people in my family: my mother, my father, my brother Tim, my sister Amy and I. I love to go to school. I like all my teachers. I like collecting stamps and playing football.
Yours,
Tom

期末测试卷二(名校卷)

听力材料：

一、1. Children in the UK love eating fish and chips.
2. It has a round head and a long tail.
3. Every year, people plant trees on Tree Planting Day.
4. African elephants are in danger.
5. I like blue whales.

二、1. What makes the air dirty?
2. Where do South China tigers live?
3. How long does it take to get to school every day, Sally?
4. What can you see in London?
5. What do healthy children eat?

三、1. Last summer, we went to the Palace Museum.
2. Don't eat too much candy!
3. Beijing is in the north of China.
4. I'd like to know about his hobby.
5. We recycle glass to help the Earth.

四、 Hello, I'm Sally. I went to Australia five months ago. I have some friends at school. Some of them also come from China. We usually speak Chinese.
At weekends, Dad, Mum and I usually go shopping in the morning and have a picnic in the park in the afternoon. Dad sometimes asks my cousin John to join us. In the evening, we sometimes go to a Chinese restaurant with my grandparents for dinner.

答案：

一、3 4 5 1 2
二、1. B 2. A 3. A 4. B 5. C
三、1. went; Palace 2. too; candy 3. in; north
4. know; hobby 5. glass; Earth
四、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T
五、1. from 2. by
3. about **点拨**:a story about... 意为“一个关于……的故事”。 4. on 5. at
六、1. A **点拨**: grow up “长大”。
2. C **点拨**:根据句意“不要使用塑料袋。我们应该保持城市清洁。”可知选 C. plastic“塑料的”。
3. B 4. C 5. B 6. C
7. B **点拨**:many kinds of “很多种类的”。
8. C 9. A 10. B
七、1. E 2. A 3. B 4. D 5. C
八、1. talk; talks 2. your; to rain 3. was; planted
4. like; them 5. is dancing; dancer
九、1. What does his mother look like?
2. I had an orange this morning.
3. There are many different plants and animals.
4. What do people in the US enjoy eating?
5. The bird sang a song to the fire.
十、1. F 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. T
十一、1. The Whites.
2. She is from Canada.
3. She likes playing the guitar and swimming.
4. She gets up early.
5. She reads English every morning.
十二、范文：
Hello, my name is Jerry. I have healthy eating habits. I like eating vegetables and fruit. I don't like eating too much candy. But my little brother and my parents have poor eating habits. My little brother Tom loves eating candy and ice cream. My parents like eating too much meat. That's not healthy. They should eat more fruit and vegetables.

期末测试卷三(名校卷)

听力材料：

一、1. She picked up the rubbish on the beach yesterday.
2. Ben went to a car museum last Saturday.
3. During the summer holiday, I went to Sanya. I went swimming in the sea every day.
4. Yesterday was Tree Planting Day. I planted trees in the park with my friends.
5. I saw a film last night.

二、1. Shall we go to the beach tomorrow, Mum?
2. What can we get from trees?
3. Which city is the capital of the UK?
4. What is the book about, Linda?
5. What did you see at the car museum?

三、1. I fell asleep in the cinema because the film was too boring.
2. Guangzhou is a beautiful city. It is in the south of China.
3. Don't get angry. Cool down, please.
4. People use wood to make matches.
5. The bird flew into the forest and sang a happy song.

四、 Jack is my neighbour. He is eight. He's from Australia. But now he lives in China with his parents. We go to the same primary school together. He has a sister Molly. We often play football with Molly after school. We are always happy.

答案：

一、3 1 5 4 2
二、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. B
三、1. fell; boring 2. city; south 3. get; Cool
4. use; matches 5. flew; sang
四、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. F
五、1. lunch 2. countryside 3. swim
4. Art 5. healthy
六、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. C 5. B 6. A 7. B
8. C **点拨**: cut... into... 意为“把……切成……”。
9. C 10. A
七、1. rides; took 2. talking; having 3. shouldn't; kill
4. hamburgers; to eat 5. will have; will dance
八、1. C 2. A 3. E 4. D 5. B
九、1. Would you like to have some bread for breakfast?
2. How does Cindy go to school every day?
3. There was a lot of smoke yesterday morning.
4. How long did it take to get to the train station?
5. You can see a lot of tall buildings in big cities.
十、1. B 2. C 3. B 4. C 5. A
十一、1. It was Linda's birthday. 2. She was four.
3. They had dinner at a big restaurant.
4. Yes, they did. 5. It was great.
十二、范文：
Hi, I'm Peter. I'll go to Shanghai with my family during the winder holiday. It's in the east of China. Shanghai is a beautiful city. We will get there by train. It will take about five hours to get there from Beijing. We will see many interesting places in Shanghai. Most tourists like visiting the science museum and Disneyland. I'd like to go there too.

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快乐连连记



Unit 1

语音

掌握字母 e,e-e 及字母组合 ee,ea 的发音/i:/和字母 i,y 的发音/i/。

词汇

month 一个月的时间;月份　cute 可爱的
pretty 漂亮的　handsome 帅气的;英俊的
catch 逮住;捕捉
* turtle 乌龟　* fly 苍蝇
* grow up 长大;成长
* junior high school 初级中学
* (be) born 出生

句型

学会用 His/Her... was... and his/her... were... 句型描述一个人过去的外貌特征。

Unit 2

语音

掌握字母 e,a 及字母组合 ea 的发音/e/和字母 a 的发音/æ/。

词汇

famous 著名的　during 在……期间
spend 度过　everyone 每个人;所有人
countryside 农村;乡村
* pick 摘　* summer holiday 暑假

句型

学会用 How was your summer holiday? 句型询问别人暑假过得如何。
学会用 It was... 和 We (did)... 句型描述自己的假期及在假期中做的事。

Unit 3

语音

掌握字母 p,b,t,d 的发音/p/,/b/,/t/,/d/,字母 k,c 及字母组合 ck 的发音/k/和字母 g 的发音/g/。

词汇

healthy 健康的;有益健康的
unhealthy 不健康的;损害健康的
hamburger 汉堡包　yesterday 昨天
fruit 水果　pie 馅饼　pizza 比萨饼
sandwich 三明治　vegetable 蔬菜
chicken 鸡肉　chocolate 巧克力
* cola 可乐　* a little 少量的
* fish and chips 炸鱼薯条

句型

学会用 What did you have for...? 句型询问别人一日三餐吃了什么。
学会用 I had... 句型描述自己的一日三餐。

Unit 4

语音

掌握字母 a 及字母组合 ar 的发音/ɑ:/和字母 u,o 的发音/ʌ/。

词汇

neighbour 邻居　son 儿子　daughter 女儿
noisy 吵闹的　dig 挖(土);掘(洞)
* owl 猫头鹰　* make noise 制造噪音

句型

学会用 Did you...? 句型询问别人过去是否做了某件事。
学会用 Yes,I did. /No,I didn't. 作肯定或否定回答。

Unit 5

语音

掌握字母组合 ue,u-e,oo 的发音/u:/和字母 u 及字母组合 oo 的发音/ʊ/。

词汇

thousand 千　hundred 百
wild 野生环境;野生的　way 路;方式;方法
die 死;死亡　learn 学习;学会
send 安排去;寄;送
* South China tiger 华南虎　* blue whale 蓝鲸
* rhino 犀牛　* in danger 面临危险
* in the past 在过去　* take care of 照顾;照料
* go for a walk 去散步　* drive away 赶走

句型

学会用 In the past,there were... 句型描述某种事物过去的数量。

Unit 6

语音

掌握字母 f 的发音/f/,v 的发音/v/和字母组合 th 的发音/θ/和/ð/。

词汇

e-friend 网友　country 国家　other 其他的
hobby 业余爱好
* team(游戏或运动的)队　* grade 年级
* yourself 你自己　* would like(表示愿意或喜欢)

句型

学会用 Would you like to...? 句型询问别人是否愿意做某件事。

Unit 7

语音

掌握字母 s,c 的发音/s/,字母 z,s 的发音/z/,字母组合 ts 的发音/ts/和字母组合 ds 的发音/dz/。

词汇

shall(表示提出建议或征求意见)
police 警方;警察部门
exciting 令人激动的;使人兴奋的
boring 没趣的;令人厌倦的　kill 杀死
asleep 睡着的
* princess 公主　* brave 勇敢的
* policeman 警察(复数 policemen)
* queen 王后　* mirror 镜子
* fairest 最美丽的　* next time 下次
* once upon a time 从前　* fall asleep 睡着

句型

学会用 Shall we...? 句型提议或邀请别人一起做某件事。
学会用 Sure. 表示接受邀请或建议。

Unit 8

语音

掌握字母组合 or,al,au,oor 的发音/ɔ:/和字母 o,a 的发音/ɒ/。

词汇

bee 蜜蜂　insect 昆虫　ant 蚂蚁　kind 种类
finger 手指　dancer 跳舞者;舞蹈演员
* anything 任何东西;任何事情
* insect museum 昆虫博物馆
* car museum 汽车博物馆
* model car 汽车模型
* science museum 科学博物馆
* many kinds of 各种各样的

句型

学会用 What did you...? 句型询问别人曾经做了什么。
学会用 I (did)... 句型描述做过的事情。

Unit 9

语音

掌握字母组合 er,ir,ur,or 的发音/ɜ:/和字母 a 及字母组合 er 的发音/ə/。

词汇

capital 首都　north 北;北部　east 东;东部
west 西;西部　south 南;南部　tourist 游客
building 建筑物;大楼
* palace 王宫;宫殿　* most 大多数
* sushi 寿司　* in the north of 在……北部
* in the east of 在……东部

句型

学会用 How long does it take to get to... from... by...? 句型询问从某地去另一地乘……需花费的时间。
学会用 It takes about... (time)句型描述做某件事需花费的时间。

Unit 10

语音

掌握字母组合 ch 的发音/tʃ/,字母 g,j 的发音/dʒ/,字母组合 sh 的发音/ʃ/和字母 s 的发音/ʒ/。

词汇

air 空气　everywhere 到处;处处　alive 活着的
factory 工厂　smoke 烟　dirty 脏的
clean 干净的;洁净的　fresh 新鲜的;清新的
plant 种植;植物
* balloon 气球　* hurt 感到痛;伤害
* keep... alive 让……活着　* plant trees 植树

句型

学会用 It keeps/makes... (*adj.*)句型描述空气的特征和作用。

Unit 11

语音

掌握字母组合 tr 的发音/tr/和字母组合 dr 的发音/dr/。

词汇

wood 木头;木材　cool 使变凉　match 火柴
miss 想念
* have to 不得不　* cut... down 把……砍倒
* look for 寻找

句型

学会用 We get... from... 句型描述物品的来源。
学会用 We use... to... 句型描述物品的用途。

Unit 12

词汇

Earth 地球　part 地区;区域　forest 森林
land 陆地　ocean 海洋
rubbish 垃圾　sick 生病的
* recycle 回收利用;再利用
* glass 玻璃制品;玻璃
* own 自己的　* so many 这么多
* pick up 捡起　* shopping bag 购物袋
* plastic bag 塑料袋

句型

学会用 We should stop (doing)... 句型表示应该停止做某事。

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