好卷



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吉林教育出版社

好卷



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英语

六年级（下）PEP版

吉林教育出版社

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如何选择一本好卷？

现在市场上试卷类教辅比比皆是，质量却参差不齐，加之各学科“核心素养”的提出，就更加突显出一本“好”卷的稀有和珍贵。如何慧眼识珠，law别并挑选到一本“好”卷，令教师教学如鱼得水，使学生学习事半功倍，显得至关重要。质德基老师将其与全国众多优秀教改专家的研究成果汇总成四点分享如下，希望对广大师生有所裨益。

1 形式上要“好用”

测试方便：活页试卷，收发自如。

时间灵活：课后自测、课堂小测、班级统测，一应俱全。

卷面规范：字迹清晰，题空合理，版面整齐。

2 读懂试卷优劣的“四个指标”

一份试卷质量的优劣可用四个指标来评价：信度、效度、难度和区分度。

信　度：真实地反映考生的实际水平，体现在试题的难度、题目的数量、题目用语的准确性方面。

效　度：评测目的明确、命题范围准确、题目考查形式合理。

难　度：每一道试题的难度合理，整套试卷的难度适中。

区分度：区分度高的试卷能将不同水平的学生区分开来，水平高的学生得高分，水平低的学生得低分。

3 抓住卷的核心：“好题”

卷的核心是“好题”，每套卷中的好题堪称灵魂，是广大师生十分期待的。

“好题”特征之一是：**引领命题方向**。如题型新颖、考法新奇、结合生活实际、情境化、应用性突出。

“好题”特征之二是：**体现学科素养**。如：语文倡导主题读写能力测评，数学注重实际问题的解决，英语倾向于听说读写综合能力提升。

4 解决老师和学生痛点：“实用”

市场上现有试卷多数为“大卷”，即标准统考卷，在评测时间及针对性上老师会觉得用着不顺手，不能真正做到与教学同步及针对性测评。老师们都急需短时高效、针对性强的“小卷”，如针对每单元基础知识梳理的评测、专项应用能力的评测及主题阅读素养的评测等。

抓住以上四点，即可帮你锁定一本好的试卷，让你收获满满！

《好卷》正是一本这样的书！用好卷 做好题 定能取得好成绩！

拍手歌

DAI SHOU GE

你拍一，　我拍一，　高效学习做“好题”；
你拍二，　我拍二，　我有《好卷》藏宝袋；
你拍三，　我拍三，　常做习题不怕难；
你拍四，　我拍四，　我是勤学好孩子；
你拍五，　我拍五，　天天向上不马虎；
你拍六，　我拍六，　快乐成长争优秀；
你拍七，　我拍七，　循序渐进好阶梯；
你拍八，　我拍八，　成绩优秀顶呱呱；
你拍九，　我拍九，　学习习惯要持久；
你拍十，　我拍十，　永远认真学知识。

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题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	十二	总分
得分													

听力部分（30分）

听力测试

一、听录音，在与所听内容相符的图片下的方框内画"√"。（5分）

1. 
A ☐ B ☐

2.  
A ☐ B ☐

3.  
A ☐ B ☐

4.  
A ☐ B ☐

5.  
A ☐ B ☐

二、听录音，根据对话内容选出正确答案。（5分）

（ ）1. How tall is the tree?
A. It's 1.4 metres. B. It's 3 metres. C. It's 1.3 metres.

（ ）2. What size are Danny's shoes?
A. Size 7. B. Size 6. C. Size 8.

（ ）3. How heavy is Lucy?
A. She is 36 kilograms. B. She is 67 kilograms. C. She is 47 kilograms.

（ ）4. Who is the tallest?
A. Tom. B. Jack. C. Lily.

（ ）5. Who is the oldest?
A. Sam. B. Peter. C. Steven.

三、听录音，根据所听问句选择正确的答语。（10分）

（ ）1. A. It's about 3 metres. B. I'm 1.62 metres. C. He is 1.75 metres.
（ ）2. A. I'm fine. B. I'm nine. C. I'm 39 kilograms.
（ ）3. A. They are size 38. B. He is 52 kilograms. C. She is twelve.
（ ）4. A. He is taller. B. I'm shorter. C. We are tall.
（ ）5. A. He becomes taller. B. I'm stronger. C. She is thinner.

四、听录音，在相应表格里写出正确的数据。（10分）

Name	How old?	How tall?	How heavy?
Tony	1. _____	2. _____	49 kilograms
Dick	ten years	3. _____	4. _____
Susan	twelve years	1.63 metres	5. _____

笔试部分（70分）

五、根据图片及首字母提示写出单词，补全句子。（10分）

1. Tom is ten. I'm eight. I'm y_____ than him.


2. My dress is short. Lily's dress is l_____ than my dress.


3. There are many books in his bag. It's h_____ than mine.


4. He often plays sports. He is much s_____ than me.


5. We will get t_____ and older when we grow up.


六、单项选择。（10分）

（ ）1. We watch the sun _____ down.
A. goes B. went C. go

（ ）2. He is taller than _____ us.
A. two B. both of C. all

（ ）3. My father is _____ than me.
A. older B. young C. old

（ ）4. There is a big dinosaur _____.
A. are there B. is there C. over there

（ ）5. There are some robots in the _____ of the museum.
A. hall B. shadow C. countryside

（ ）6. What _____ are your trousers?
A. big B. size C. long

（ ）7. There were many _____ on the earth many years ago.
A. dog B. cow C. dinosaurs

（ ）8. The sun gets _____ now.
A. red and red B. lower and lower C. up and up

（ ）9. I'm 1.7 metres _____.
A. short B. old C. tall

（ ）10. They _____ big and strong.
A. all are B. is all C. are all

姓名 学号 班级 学校

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七、读一读，选出与图意相符的句子。(5 分)

( ) 1. 

A. It is shorter than the giraffes.
B. The tree is taller than the giraffes.
C. The giraffes are taller than the tree.

( ) 2. 

A. Look at them. They are so tall and big!
B. They are so small.
C. They are long and small.

( ) 3. 

A. The plant grows taller and taller.
B. The plant grows lower and lower.
C. They grow lower because they are growing older.

( ) 4. 

A. Look, the rabbit is the tallest.
B. Look, the monkey is taller than the elephant.
C. Look, the giraffe is the tallest.

( ) 5. 

A. They are wearing the same size shoes.
B. The child's shoes are smaller than his parents'.
C. The father's shoes are shorter and smaller than the mother's shoes.

八、为下列问句选择合适的答语，或为答语选择合适的问句。(5 分)

( ) 1. How old is your father?
A. I am eleven years old. B. She is forty years old.
C. He is thirty-seven years old.

( ) 2. How tall is that building?
A. It is about 95 metres. B. I am 1.72 metres.
C. She is 1.63 metres.

( ) 3. I wear size L clothes.
A. What size are your shoes? B. What size are your feet?
C. What size are your clothes?

( ) 4. Tom is stronger than me.
A. Who is heavier than you? B. Who is stronger than you?
C. What is taller?

( ) 5. Who is smarter, Susan or Jane?
A. Yes, Susan is. B. Susan is smarter than Jane.
C. No, Jane isn't.

九、读一读，选择正确的选项补全对话。(10 分)

A: 1. _____
B: Yes, please. I need a new pair of shoes. Where are the shoes?
A: Let me show you. Here they are. 2. _____
B: My shoes are size 38.
A: 3. _____
B: These are blue and those are black. I like these.
4. _____
A: They are 98 yuan.
B: 5. _____
A: Here you are.
B: Thanks.

A. How much are they?
B. I'll take them.
C. May I help you?
D. What size are your shoes?
E. Do you want these shoes or those shoes?

十、阅读短文，完成任务。(10 分)

Hello! My name is Peter. I'm a boy. I'm twelve years old. I'm tall but I'm not strong. I want to play sports every day. Then I will become stronger. My grandfather is 68 years old. He is shorter than me. He is heavier than me. He does exercise every morning. He is stronger than me. My father is 40 years old. He is taller than my grandfather and me. He is stronger than me, too. My mother is 39 years old. She is shorter than me. She is thinner than me. She is beautiful.

(一) 根据短文内容判断正 (T) 误 (F)。(5 分)

( ) 1. Peter is tall and strong.
( ) 2. His grandfather is the oldest in the family.
( ) 3. His father is the tallest in the family.
( ) 4. Peter is the shortest in the family.
( ) 5. There are three people in the family.

(二) 根据短文内容完成图示。(5 分)

Peter's grandfather —heavier→ 1. _____ —taller→ 4. _____ Peter's father
Peter's grandfather —2. _____→ Peter —shorter→ 3. _____ Peter's mother

十一、阅读短文，选择正确的选项。(10 分)

A crow gets a piece of meat one day. She is very happy. She takes the meat in her mouth and sits in the tree. A fox sees the crow and the meat. He is hungry. He wants to eat the meat. He says to the crow, " Ms. Crow, how are you? You are so beautiful today! Look, your black feathers are longer than any other crow's. You are the best singer. Why don't you sing a beautiful song?" The crow is so happy to hear that. She opens her mouth and the meat falls down.

( ) 1. _____ should be a crow.
A.  B. 

( ) 2. The fox wants to _____.
A. listen to the crow's song B. eat the meat

( ) 3. _____ is smarter.
A. The fox B. The crow

( ) 4. Who eats the meat at last (最后)?
A. The fox. B. The crow.

( ) 5. The crow opens her mouth because _____.
A. she wants to eat the meat B. she wants to sing a song

十二、写作。(10 分)

Lucy 有两只宠物狗，左边的叫 Feifei，今年五岁。右边的叫 Bobby，今年两岁。Feifei 高大，Bobby 小而可爱。假如你就是 Lucy，请介绍一下这两只狗。

要求：1. 必须包含以上要点，其他内容可进行适当发挥。
2. 题目自拟，不少于 6 句话。
3. 内容中要包含两只狗的比较，使用" ...is ...than..." 的句式。
4. 语句正确、通顺。



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得分													

听力部分（30分）

听力测试

一、听录音，选出相应的图片。（5分）

（ ）1. A. 

B. 

C. 

（ ）2. A. 
B. 
C. 

（ ）3. A. 
B. 
C. 

（ ）4. A. 
B. 
C. 

（ ）5. A. 
B. 
C. 

二、听录音，选择正确的答语。（5分）

（ ）1. A. He was great. B. I was fine. C. It was fine.
（ ）2. A. At the hotel. B. Last weekend. C. I slept.
（ ）3. A. He drank some tea. B. Yes, I do. C. They were at home.
（ ）4. A. He sees a film. B. Yes, he does. C. No, he didn't.
（ ）5. A. I washed some clothes. B. They watched TV at home.
C. I want to buy a new English magazine.

三、听录音，为下列人物选择正确的活动图片。（10分）

A. 
B. 
C. 
D. 
E. 
F. 

G. 
H. 
I. 

Bob:_____ Lily:_____ Amy:_____

四、听对话，选择正确的答案。（10分）

（ ）1. How did Tom feel about the show?
A. It was great. B. It was bad. C. It was interesting.
（ ）2. What did Tom do for the show?
A. He danced. B. He sang a song. C. He played the guitar.
（ ）3. What happened to Tom on the show?
A. He couldn't find his guitar. B. His guitar was broken.
C. His leg hurt.
（ ）4. What did Amy do?
A. She saw a film. B. She read a book. C. She stayed at home.
（ ）5. How did Amy feel?
A. She felt sad. B. She felt happy. C. She felt angry.

笔试部分（70分）

五、根据图片及首字母提示写出单词，补全句子。（10分）

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 

1. She w_____ TV yesterday.
2. John h_____ a cold last weekend.
3. He r_____ a book the day before yesterday.
4. Lily s_____ very well last night.
5. They s_____ in a hotel for two days last month.

六、判断以下句子与图片内容是否相符，相符写“T”，不相符写“F”。（5分）

（ ）1. They want to go boating next weekend.
（ ）2. My weekend was fine. I washed my clothes.
（ ）3. I listened to music on Sunday morning.
（ ）4. She cooked food last night.
（ ）5. I watched TV last Saturday.



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七、单项选择。(10 分)

( ) 1. Sue _____ go to school because she was ill.
A. did B. don't C. didn't

( ) 2. He _____ some milk for breakfast this morning.
A. eat B. drink C. drank

( ) 3. Don't be so _____ in the library.
A. quiet B. loud C. broken

( ) 4. The bus is _____ than the bike.
A. faster B. fast C. slow

( ) 5. I _____ some gifts _____ my parents the day before yesterday.
A. got; from B. get; from C. got; of

( ) 6. What did you do _____?
A. next Sunday B. tomorrow C. last weekend

( ) 7. I was ill yesterday, but I feel _____ now.
A. best B. sick C. better

( ) 8. I'm happy to see you again. How _____ your stay in that city?
A. are B. were C. was

( ) 9. _____ the animal show interesting?
A. Was B. Are C. Were

( ) 10. Did Peter _____ a film last night?
A. see B. saw C. sees

八、用所给单词的正确形式填空。(10 分)

1. —What _____ your father _____? —He is a doctor. (do)
2. My mother _____ breakfast for me. The food was very nice. I want to _____ lunch for her. (cook)
3. They _____ in the countryside before. Now, they _____ in the city. (live)
4. He often _____ breakfast at 7:00. Yesterday he _____ breakfast at 6:45. (have)
5. They _____ TV last night. They are going to _____ animals at the zoo tomorrow. (watch)

九、读一读，选择正确的选项补全对话。(5 分)

A: 1. _____
B: It was not bad.
A: 2. _____
B: I stayed at home and did my homework.
3. _____
A: It was a busy one. But I was happy.
B: 4. _____
A: I went to the countryside to visit my grandparents with my parents.
B: 5. _____
A: We went there by bus.

A. What about your weekend?
B. How was your weekend?
C. How did you go there?
D. Really? Where did you go?
E. What did you do?

十、阅读短文，完成下列各题。(10 分)

Dear Mum,
How are you in London? I am fine in Beijing. Yesterday was Sunday. I went to a big park with my friends. There were many trees and flowers in the park. There was a river in it, too. I saw a lot of people in the park. Some people danced. Some people went boating on the river. I played football with my friends. I felt tired but happy. Then we had a picnic in the park. It was great.
How was your weekend? Write me back.
Love,
Tom

(一) 根据短文内容，勾选（√）出短文中出现的活动。(4 分)

A.  B.  C.  D. 
E.  F.  G.  H. 

(二) 根据短文内容选择正确的答案。(6 分)

( ) 1. Tom went to the park _____.
A. by bus B. with his parents C. with his friends

( ) 2. Who wrote this email?
A. Tom. B. Tom's mother. C. Tom's friend.

十一、阅读短文，完成下列各题。(10 分)

Bob opens a pizza shop. One day, an old woman and a boy come to the pizza shop. "Can I help you?" asks Bob. The old woman says,"Yes, I want the cheapest pizza. How much is it?" "Seven dollars." "OK. Give me one."
"Here is your pizza." says Bob."Grandma, let's eat it." says the boy."I'm not hungry now." the old woman says. The boy eats the pizza happily. Then Bob comes with another pizza. "Excuse me." Bob says to the old woman. "You are the hundredth guest of my shop. This pizza is a present for you!"

(一) 根据短文内容判断正（T）误（F）。(6 分)

( ) 1. The old woman buys the cheapest pizza in the pizza shop.
( ) 2. The old woman doesn't eat the pizza because she isn't hungry.
( ) 3. Bob gives another pizza to the old woman because he wants to help her.

(二) 根据短文内容回答问题。(4 分)

1. What kind of shop does Bob open? Bob opens _____.
2. How much is the cheapest pizza? _____

十二、写作。(10 分)

再一次阅读第十题中的邮件，然后请你替 Tom 的妈妈给 Tom 写一封回信。
要求：1. 根据 Tom 信中的内容写回信。具体活动可自由发挥。
2. 注意书信的格式及时态。
3. 语句正确、通顺，不少于 6 句话。

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题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	十二	总分
得分													

听力部分（30分）

听力测试

一、听录音，选择你听到的单词。（5分）

( ) 1. A. become B. broken C. better
( ) 2. A. shadow B. show C. shorter
( ) 3. A. lower B. loud C. lamp
( ) 4. A. hotel B. hall C. house
( ) 5. A. dinosaur B. dance C. donkey

二、听录音，选择与所听内容相符的一项。（5分）

( ) 1. A. B. C.
( ) 2. A. B. C.
( ) 3. A. B. C.
( ) 4. A. B. C.
( ) 5. A. B. C.

三、听录音，给听到的问句选择合适的答语。（10分）

( ) 1. A. I'm 1.62 metres. B. He is eleven. C. I'm ten years old.
( ) 2. A. He is 45 kilograms. B. She is 1.71 metres. C. He is 1.59 metres.
( ) 3. A. I'm fine. B. It's fine. C. It was great.
( ) 4. A. I cleaned my room. B. I want to go shopping. C. I'm reading a book.
( ) 5. A. No, I don't. B. No, I didn't. C. Yes, I do.

四、听录音，写出单词，补全句子。（10分）

1. I'm _____ than Li Lin.
2. My schoolbag is _____ than yours.
3. Is your ball _____ than my ball?
4. Tony is _____ than Peter.
5. I think this one is _____.

笔试部分（70分）

五、读一读，选出与句中画线单词同类的一项。（5分）

( ) 1. My mother is 1.64 metres.
A. than B. better C. kilograms
( ) 2. The train is faster and faster.
A. become B. smarter C. broken
( ) 3. We had lunch at school.
A. hotel B. did C. loud
( ) 4. Enjoy your holiday, please.
A. stay B. dinosaur C. hall
( ) 5. We did it yesterday.
A. last B. next C. today

六、根据图片及首字母提示写单词，补全句子。（10分）

1.  2.  3.  4.  5. 

1. I c_____ my room yesterday.
2. My father is t_____ than my mother.
3. Last night, I w_____ a basketball game on TV.
4. Tony s_____ a dog and he was afraid.
5. She h_____ a cold last week.

七、单项选择。（10分）

( ) 1. I _____ well last night.
A. sleep B. slept C. sleeps
( ) 2. Linda often _____ a book after dinner.
A. reads B. read C. reading
( ) 3. My _____ size 7.
A. shoe is B. shoes is C. shoes are
( ) 4. Did you _____?
A. feel better B. felt good C. feels better
( ) 5. My little brother is 76 _____. He is too heavy.
A. kilogram B. kilograms C. years
( ) 6. Look, the tree is _____ the wall.
A. shorter of B. taller than C. taller with

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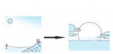
( ) 7. My grandpa read a new magazine _____.
A. now B. every day C. yesterday
( ) 8. Let's _____to the cinema.
A. go B. went C. going
( ) 9. _____the film interesting?
A. Did B. Are C. Was
( ) 10. The lamp is _____. It doesn't work.
A. new B. broken C. good

八、读一读，判断句子意思是（T）否（F）与图片相符。(5分)

1.  2.  3.  4.  5. 

( ) 1. Look, the bag is heavier.
( ) 2. They stayed at home yesterday.
( ) 3. The family went boating together.
( ) 4. It's evening. The sun is getting lower and lower.
( ) 5. The goalkeeper is not taller than the goal.

九、选择正确的选项补全对话。(10分)

Tom：1. _____
Sam：They are my photos from my holiday.
Tom：2. _____
Sam：I went to Sichuan.
Tom：It's far from here. 3. _____
Sam：I went there by train. It was a long trip.
Tom：4. _____
Sam：Yes. I had a great time there.
Tom：5. _____
Sam：I climbed the mountains, rode a horse, ate delicious food and bought gifts.
Tom：That's great!

A. How did you go there?
B. What are these?
C. Did you have a great time there?
D. Where did you go?
E. What did you do?

十、阅读短文，选择正确的答案。(10分)

Dear Uncle,
How are you? I'm very fine in China. I got here on Monday afternoon. I stayed in the hotel with my mother and father, because we were very tired. On Tuesday, we went to Tian'anmen Square and the Palace Museum. They are very famous in China. On Wednesday, we went to the Great Wall. It's long and great. I like it very much. But there were too many people. It's far from our hotel. We got there by bus. In the evening, we ate Beijing Duck. It's delicious. I like it. We will go home on Friday evening.
What did you do over your holiday? Please write me about it.
Yours,
Linda

( ) 1. This is _____.
A. a postcard for Linda B. a letter for Linda's uncle
C. an email for Linda's family
( ) 2. Linda told her uncle about _____.
A. her trip to Beijing B. her uncle's holiday in China
C. her study in China
( ) 3. They went to _____.
A. the Great Wall on Monday B. the Palace Museum on Tuesday
C. the restaurant on Monday
( ) 4. Linda likes the Great Wall because _____.
A. it's long and great B. it's new
C. there were too many people
( ) 5. Linda wants to _____.
A. eat Beijing Duck B. go home soon
C. know about her uncle's holiday

十一、阅读短文，完成下列各题。(10分)

People usually think dinosaurs are very big.
The Bruhathkayosaurus（巨体龙）is one of the largest dinosaurs. It was found in India. It's about 44 metres long. It is about the height of a seven-story（7层）building.
But some dinosaurs can sleep in your bed. The smallest dinosaur is about the size of a dog. It 's the Compsognathus（美颌龙）. It is only about 1 metre long and 2. 5 kilograms. It was found in Germany and France.

（一）根据短文内容选择正确的选项。(4分)
( ) 1. This article（文章）is about _____.
A. two kinds of dinosaurs B. the names of dinosaurs
( ) 2. What do we usually think about dinosaurs?
A. We think they are short and little. B. We think they are big.

（二）根据短文内容完成下列表格。(6分)

Bruhathkayosaurus	Compsognathus
Found in India	Found in Germany and France
About 1. _____long	About 1 metre long and 2. 5 kilograms
The Bruhathkayosaurus is 2. _____and 3. _____than the Compsognathus.	

十二、写作。(10分)

你上周末做了些什么呢？请介绍一下吧。
要求：1. 题目自拟，不少于6句话。
2. 注意时态的使用。
3. 字迹清晰，表达顺畅。

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题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	总分
得分												

听力部分（30分）

听力测试

一、听录音，在听到的活动图片旁画√。（5分）



二、听录音，将人名和相应的活动图片连线。（5分）

1. Jim　　2. Tom　　3. Jack　　4. Susan　　5. Mike

A. 　B. 　C. 　D. 　E. 

三、听录音，判断下列句子与所听内容是（T）否（F）相符。（10分）

（　　）1. Mike went to the park and rode a bike last weekend.
（　　）2. John hurt his leg yesterday.
（　　）3. Zhang Peng went swimming last weekend.
（　　）4. Sarah had a good time in her summer holiday.
（　　）5. Chen Jie took many beautiful pictures in Sanya.

四、听短文，选择正确的选项。（10分）

（　　）1. Where did Tom go?
A. He went to Mount Tai.　B. He went to Sanya.　C. He went to Beijing.
（　　）2. How did he get there?
A. By bus.　B. By car.　C. By train.
（　　）3. How did he feel?
A. He felt happy.　B. He felt sad.　C. He felt excited.
（　　）4. What happened to Tom when he was riding a horse?
A. He fell off the horse and hurt his foot.　B. He fell off the horse and hurt his leg.
C. He felt very happy.
（　　）5. What did Tom do then?
A. He went home.　B. He went to the hotel.　C. He went to see a doctor.

笔试部分（70分）

五、根据图片及首字母提示写出单词，补全句子。（10分）

1. They went c_____ last weekend. 
2. She b_____ some food last Sunday. 
3. We t_____ many pictures in the park last weekend. 
4. His father went f_____ in the afternoon. 
5. Linda r_____ a bike to school yesterday. 

六、单项选择。（10分）

（　　）1. Did you _____ to Shanghai last Sunday?
A. go　B. went　C. goes
（　　）2. There are _____ in the park.
A. much flowers　B. lots of flower　C. lots of flowers
（　　）3. The horse _____ a mule.
A. looks like　B. like　C. look
（　　）4. You could get many _____ on your birthday.
A. gifts　B. basket　C. beaches
（　　）5. He fell _____ the horse and _____ his foot.
A. from; hurts　B. off; hurts　C. off; hurt
（　　）6. He didn't go to bed _____ 9: 45.
A. from　B. to　C. till
（　　）7. We _____ yesterday.
A. go swim　B. went swimming　C. go swimming
（　　）8. We saw many grapes here, but we _____ eat them.
A. can　B. could　C. couldn't

姓名　学号　班级　学校

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(　　) 9. You didn't come to school yesterday. What _____ ?

A. happen　　B. happened　　C. wrong

(　　) 10. —_____ did you _____ yesterday?

— I went to the science museum.

A. What; go　　B. Where; went　　C. Where; go

七、为下列图片选择正确的描述。(10 分)

1. 　(　　)

2. 　(　　)

3. 　(　　)

4. 　(　　)

5. 　(　　)

A. They went to Xiamen by plane.
B. Today is a sunny day.
C. He rode a horse.
D. We ate some delicious food.
E. We dressed up and made a play.

八、读一读，选择正确的选项补全对话。(10 分)

A：1. _____

B：I went to Hainan with my family.

A：2. _____

B：We went there by plane.

A：3. _____

B：We went swimming.

A：4. _____

B：We played on the beach and fished.

A：5. _____

B：It was wonderful.

A. What else did you do?
B. How did you go there?
C. How was your trip?
D. Where did you go last winter holiday?
E. What did you do there?

九、阅读短文，完成下列各题。(10 分)

Sally had a great trip last summer holiday. She went to Canada with her parents. It's far from the UK. They went there by plane. She visited the CN Tower in Canada. It was very tall. And she went to the Niagara Falls. It was wonderful. She went shopping, too. She bought some gifts for her friends. And she also went to some restaurants. She ate some delicious food there. What a nice trip!

(一) 根据短文中出现的顺序为下列活动排序。(5 分)

　(　　)

　(　　)

　(　　)

　(　　)

　(　　)

(二) 根据短文内容，选择正确的答案。(5 分)

(　　) 1. Sally went to Canada _____.

A. last winter holiday　　B. with her parents　　C. by train

(　　) 2. Sally comes from _____.

A. Canada　　B. China　　C. the UK

(　　) 3. Sally visited _____.

A. the Great Wall　　B. the CN Tower　　C. Big Ben

(　　) 4. She _____ for her friends.

A. bought some gifts　　B. bought some food　　C. bought some clothes

(　　) 5. She felt _____ about her trip.

A. bad　　B. tired　　C. great

十、阅读短文，判断句子正 (T) 误 (F)。(10 分)

Hello! My name is Mike. Do you know Kunming? That is a beautiful place. Last weekend my family went there by plane. Then we went to the hotel by taxi. The driver was very friendly. He told us many things about Kunming. But when we got to the hotel, I found my bag was left in the taxi. I was very angry. I asked the police to help me to look for it. There were many bags in the police station, but they were not mine. In the afternoon, the taxi driver came into the police station. He had my bag . I was excited to see him again. He told me to enjoy my visit in Kunming.

(　　) 1. Mike's family went to Kunming by taxi.

(　　) 2. The driver told Mike many things about Kunming.

(　　) 3. Mike left his bag in the taxi.

(　　) 4. Mike was sad to see the taxi driver again.

(　　) 5. The driver didn't give Mike the bag at last.

十一、写作。(10 分)

假如你是李东，根据下面的图片，描述你上个寒假的生活。

要求：1. 题目自拟，语句通顺，意思连贯。

2. 可根据自己的实际情况进行想象。

3. 不少于 6 句话。





_____



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题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	总分
得分												

听力部分（30分）

听力测试

一、听录音，选出听到的句子所包含的单词。（5分）

（ ）1. A. cheetah　B. train　C. star
（ ）2. A. felt　B. feel　C. fell
（ ）3. A. Internet　B. interesting　C. inside
（ ）4. A. dream　B. draw　C. trip
（ ）5. A. bought　B. think　C. thought

二、听录音，为下列图片排序。（5分）








（ ）　（ ）　（ ）　（ ）　（ ）

三、听录音，选择与所听内容相符的图片。（10分）

（ ）1. Tom couldn't _____ five years ago.
A. 
B. 
C. 

（ ）2. There were _____.
A. 
B. 
C. 

（ ）3. How did Jenny come to school before?
A. 
B. 
C. 

（ ）4. What did Bob like to do last year?
A. 
B. 
C. 

（ ）5. How was the weather yesterday?
A. 
B. 
C. 

四、听短文，选择正确的选项。（10分）

（ ）1. What does he talk about?
A. A school.　B. A city.　C. The countryside.

（ ）2. What was it like?
A. There wasn't a small building.　B. There were some small buildings.
C. There were some tall buildings.

（ ）3. What did they do?
A. They went swimming.　B. They went fishing.
C. They rode bikes.

（ ）4. What is it like now?
A. There is a little bridge.　B. There is a big bridge.
C. There are some restaurants.

（ ）5. What do they like to do now?
A. Go fishing.　B. Ride a bike.　C. Fly a kite.

笔试部分（70分）

五、根据图片及首字母提示写出单词，补全句子。（10分）

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 

5. 

1. They played football on the g_____.
2. Li Dong can play b_____ very well.
3. They go c_____ every day.
4. They play basketball in the g_____.
5. There is a big d_____ hall in that school.

六、单项选择。（10分）

（ ）1. Can you tell us _____ your village?
A. of　B. with　C. about

（ ）2. I love to _____ in winter.
A. swimming　B. ice-skate　C. played football

（ ）3. I _____ it was difficult to ride a horse.
A. think　B. thinks　C. thought

（ ）4. There were many trees and clean rivers _____.
A. tomorrow　B. before　C. now

重点提示：
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( ) 5. Now he _____ very active in class.
A. is B. was C. are

( ) 6. _____ you see stars at night at that time?
A. Can B. Could C. Will

( ) 7. _____ do you know that?
A. What B. Who C. How

( ) 8. There were no computers _____ my time.
A. in B. on C. of

( ) 9. I was short, _____ I _____ ride my bike well.
A. for; could B. so; can C. so; couldn't

( ) 10. There was no _____ in my old school.
A. computers B. Internet C. libraries

七、观察图片，判断以下描述是否与图片内容相符，相符写 T，不相符写 F。(10 分)

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 

( ) 1. Lynn was short four years ago. She had short hair. Now, she is tall and her hair is long.
( ) 2. There was some grass before. Now, there is no grass. We can see a tall tree.
( ) 3. Last summer, they went camping in the mountain. They played together. They felt happy. This summer, they want to go to the beach.
( ) 4. Yesterday, Tom got many gifts. He was very happy. And today he is still very happy.
( ) 5. Last weekend, I went to my grandparents' house. This weekend, I go shopping with my parents.

八、按要求完成句子。(10 分)

1. I could swim before. (改为否定句)
_____

2. Now, I don't like red. (将 now 改为 before)
_____

3. I thought it was too cold in winter before. (将 before 改为 now)
_____

4. I know it from the new film. (对画线部分提问)
_____

5. I could see many stars at night. (改为一般疑问句)
_____

九、读一读，选择正确的单词补全短文。(注意：请使用所给单词的正确形式，部分单词可重复使用) (10 分)

drink be go want play

Last summer holiday, I 1. _____ on a trip with my family. We 2. _____ to Sanya. It 3. _____ very hot. We went swimming in the sea and I 4. _____ on the beach with some new friends. We 5. _____ very happy. This summer holiday, my mother 6. _____ to take me to Hangzhou. It 7. _____ a very beautiful city. I 8. _____ to go to the West Lake. It's wonderful. Longjing Tea is very famous. I want to 9. _____ tea in the afternoon with my parents. That will 10. _____ fun.

十、阅读短文，选择正确的一项。(10 分)

Hello, I'm Lily. I am a girl. I want to tell you my dream. I had a very interesting dream yesterday. I climbed a mountain with my friends. The mountain was very high. I climbed very fast. Suddenly I tripped and fell. I hurt my foot. I couldn't go fast. My friends walked faster than me. I couldn't see them. I was worried. Then I had wings. I could fly. Finally, I was on the top of the mountain! I was so happy!

( ) 1. Lily _____ yesterday.
A. is a boy B. wants to have a dream C. had a dream

( ) 2. Lily _____ in her dream.
A. went camping B. climbed a mountain C. had a race

( ) 3. Lily _____, so she couldn't go fast.
A. hurt her foot B. hurt her hand C. was worried

( ) 4. Lily had _____, and she could fly.
A.  B.  C. 

( ) 5. Lily was _____ about her dream.
A. worried B. happy C. interesting

十一、写作。(10 分)

你应该也做过梦吧，你还记得你的梦吗？在梦里你做了些什么呢？请写一写。

注意：1. 题目自拟，请注意时态。
2. 你可以选择下列参考词汇中的几个，也可以不使用。
3. 内容通顺，表达正确。
4. 不少于 6 句话。

参考词汇：draw—drew; walk—walked; run—ran; jump—jumped; laugh—laughed; drink—drank; sit—sat

_____
_____
_____

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题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	十二	十三	十四	十五	十六	总分
得分																	

姓名 学号 班级 学校

考点一： 字母的读音

一、【读音分类】将 26 个字母按照含有以下音素的发音分类。（写出字母大小写）（7 分）

1. /eɪ/ _____
2. /iː/ _____
3. /e/ _____
4. /əʊ/ _____
5. /aː/ _____
6. /juː/ _____
7. /aɪ/ _____

二、【元音音素开头的字母】写出以元音音素开头的字母的大小写。（8 分）

Aa _____ Ee _____ _____ Ii _____ _____

Oo _____ _____ _____

考点二： 辅音

三、【辅音字母的发音】判断以下各组单词中画线部分发音是（T）否（F）一致。（5 分）

(　) 1.	A. cake	B. cat	C. city	D. candy
(　) 2.	A. book	B. boy	C. bigger	D. library
(　) 3.	A. year	B. yellow	C. yes	D. baby
(　) 4.	A. white	B. who	C. when	D. where
(　) 5.	A. pencil	B. up	C. slept	D. Turpan
(　) 6.	A. knife	B. woke	C. kilogram	D. look
(　) 7.	A. run	B. pear	C. eraser	D. near
(　) 8.	A. older	B. rode	C. dinner	D. loud
(　) 9.	A. gift	B. green	C. orange	D. magazine
(　) 10.	A. last	B. longer	C. nose	D. like

四、【辅音字母组合的发音】找出和所给单词画线部分发音一致的单词，写一写。（9 分）

what	fresh	drink	short	strong	whose	headache	thin	chicken
teacher	those	toothache	whole	there	why	drive	think	train

1. fish _____ _____
2. child _____ _____
3. Christmas _____ _____
4. three _____ _____
5. that _____ _____
6. who _____ _____
7. where _____ _____
8. dress _____ _____
9. tree _____ _____

五、【应用】读一读，找出含有所给单词画线部分发音的单词，并写一写。（6 分）

1. licked　The chicken is on the farm. _____
2. try　I had a dream about a big tree. _____
3. school　The old woman has a green skirt. _____
4. zoo　What colour are the zebras? _____
5. box　My father fixed the broken lamp. _____
6. beach　Did you have lunch at school? _____

考点三： 元音

六、【发音种类】读一读，数一数，以下各组中画线部分的发音有几种？（5 分）

_____ 1.	A. father	B. wash	C. race	D. shadow
_____ 2.	A. before	B. kite	C. he	D. better
_____ 3.	A. fish	B. till	C. ice-skate	D. thinner
_____ 4.	A. off	B. ago	C. nothing	D. often
_____ 5.	A. under	B. uncle	C. hungry	D. put

七、【语音辨析】读一读，判断下列各组单词画线部分发音是（T）否（F）相同。（5 分）

(　) 1.	A. travel	B. cap	C. magazine	D. bad
(　) 2.	A. name	B. cake	C. late	D. basket
(　) 3.	A. panda	B. China	C. banana	D. grass
(　) 4.	A. we	B. sled	C. these	D. she
(　) 5.	A. ride	B. name	C. like	D. fine
(　) 6.	A. red	B. bedroom	C. fell	D. clever
(　) 7.	A. his	B. licked	C. gift	D. dining
(　) 8.	A. come	B. rode	C. both	D. older
(　) 9.	A. cute	B. mule	C. use	D. unit
(　) 10.	A. run	B. mum	C. put	D. sun

八、【应用 1】读一读，圈出画线部分发音不一致的一项。（5 分）

1.	active	happy	ago	man
2.	cap	grape	plane	take
3.	left	cinema	get	well
4.	nineteen	sixteen	sit	different
5.	hotel	postman	cold	worry

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九、【应用 2】根据发音规则，写出缺失的字母，补全单词，并与相应的图片连线。(5 分)

_____pple　　_____range　　_____mbrella　　_____ce cream　　_____lephant







十、【应用 3】找出句子中画线部分元音字母（组合）发音一致的单词，写一写。(5 分)

1. Then I tell my mother about it. _____
2. Kate is my favourite friend. _____
3. This is my sister, Lynn. _____
4. Look at the sun. It's sunny. _____
5. These oranges are not good. _____

十一、【语音辨析】判断以下每组单词中画线部分的发音是（T）否（F）相同。(5 分)

(　　) 1. head　bread　　(　　) 2. weather　season

(　　) 3. how　follow　　(　　) 4. slow　snow

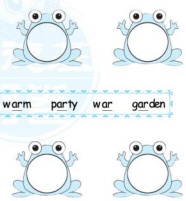
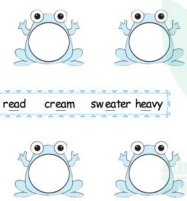
(　　) 5. boat　coat　　(　　) 6. park　smart

(　　) 7. ear　bear　　(　　) 8. boy　toy

(　　) 9. house　country　　(　　) 10. stay　play

十二、【相同字母组合的发音】将画线部分发音相同的单词写到同一只青蛙上。(8 分)

1. ground　cousin　trousers　country
2. brown　show　window　flower
3. warm　party　war　garden
4. read　cream　sweater　heavy

十三、【应用 1】读一读，找出规律，写出字母，补全单词。(5 分)

1. book	look	t_____k	f_____t	w_____d
2. sheep	see	d_____p	sw_____t	s_____d
3. rain	train	p_____n	gr_____n	w_____t
4. word	world	w_____k	doct_____	w_____ker
5. girl	bird	th_____sty	b_____thday	sh_____t

十四、【应用 2】读一读，判断句子画线部分的发音与所给单词画线部分发音是否相同，相同写 Yes，不相同写 No。(5 分)

1. here　There is a monkey in the tree. _____
2. wear　I'm ten years old. _____
3. hour　This is our new English teacher. _____
4. sport　Can you read this word? _____
5. high　He had to work at night. _____

十五、【应用 3】读一读，判断以下句子中单词的画线部分发音是否相同，相同画☺，不相同画☹。(5 分)

(☺) 1. He thought the countryside was great.

(☺) 2. They are eating in the dining hall.

(☺) 3. My mother is thinner than me.

(☺) 4. I saw a girl drawing a picture.

(☺) 5. It's snowy. Close the window, please.

十六、【应用 4】读短文，有哪些单词中含有所给单词画线部分的发音，请写一写。(每组不少于两个)(12 分)

Yesterday was Sunday. It was rainy and cool. Tom didn't go out to play. He stayed at home. He did his homework in the morning. Then he ate two hamburgers and drank some cold orange juice. In the afternoon, he watched TV and ate lots of chips, ice creams and fruit. In the evening, he felt sick. He had a stomach ache. His mother took him to see a doctor. He took some medicine and felt better. And he would not eat too much food again. That was too bad for his body.

1. way: _____　2. school : _____
3. work: _____　4. hot: _____
5. fun : _____　6. till: _____

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题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	十二	十三	总分
得分														

姓名 学号 班级 学校

考点一： 名词

一、【词义、类别】读一读，将下列单词填入相应的类别中。(8分)

beef	English	grandpa	nose	rice	farmer	Chinese	plane
arm	maths	music	ship	eye	parent	leg	cousin
elephant	panda	bread	train	coat	tiger	driver	dress
shirt	monkey	cook	uncle	salad	sweater	bus	doctor

Food	Body	Subject	Family
Animal	**Clothes**	**Traffic**	**Job**

二、【可数名词的复数】写出下列单词的复数形式。(10分)

1. book _____ 2. chair _____ 3. horse _____ 4. photo _____
5. toy _____ 6. bus _____ 7. box _____ 8. potato _____
9. sandwich _____ 10. brush _____ 11. baby _____ 12. country _____
13. knife _____ 14. leaf _____ 15. man _____ 16. child _____
17. foot _____ 18. tooth _____ 19. sheep _____ 20. deer _____

三、【可数名词和不可数名词】根据提示给下列单词分类。(12分)

bread	apple	water	milk	lake	grape	fork	computer
beef	juice	river	tea	hand	soup	money	hair
window	mouth	duck	chicken	rice	car	key	meat

可数名词：_____

_____

不可数名词：_____

_____

四、【名词所有格】写出下列词的所有格形式。(9分)

1. Mike _____ 2. Miss Smith _____ 3. Amy and Sarah _____
4. mother _____ 5. doctor _____ 6. girls _____
7. teachers _____ 8. children _____ 9. women _____

五、【名词的应用1】读一读，圈出正确的一项。(5分)

1. Would you like some (milk apple)?
2. There are many (man men) in the gym.
3. The (leaf leaves) of the trees are yellow and red in autumn.
4. I like (tomatos tomatoes) They are healthy and delicious.
5. We can see some (sheep sheeps) on the farm.
6. That girl is my (sister brother).
7. Is this your (coat pants)?
8. She is (Mr. Mrs.) Green, our new headmaster.
9. There is a river in front of our school. We often go to school by (bus ferry).
10. He lives in London. That's in (the UK the USA).

六、【名词的应用2】用所给词的适当形式填空。(5分)

1. Those _____ (horse) are eating grass in the field.
2. This is my bedroom. And that is my _____ (parent).
3. There is some _____ (bread) in the fridge.
4. — Do you like _____ (candy)?
   — Yes, I do.
5. I would like some _____ (peach) for dinner.
6. — Are these your socks?
   — No, they aren't. They are my _____ (sister).
7. — How much _____ (pork) do you want?
   — I want one kilo.
8. The _____ (child) all over the world will get gifts on _____ (child) Day.
9. I can see many _____ (bus) on the road.
10. Sarah is _____ (Mr Black) daughter.

七、【名词的应用3】根据句意及图片提示写出单词。(图片顺序与题目顺序不相符)(10分)

1. We can see it in the sky when it is sunny. But we can't see it at night. It's very hot. It's the _____.
2. They are pretty. They are colourful. Most of them smell good. We can see them in different seasons. They are _____.
3. It's a part of our body. We have two. We hear with them. They are our _____.
4. It's a kind of food. It's long. In China, we often eat it on our birthday. We can put eggs, vegetables, meat... in it. It is the _____.
5. It's a country. It's very big and beautiful. Pandas live in it. The Great Wall is in it, too. It's _____.
6. It's a kind of fruit. It's yellow. It's soft. It's sweet. Monkeys like it. It's the _____.

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7. It's a kind of job. They send letters and postcards to us. They are _____.
8. It's a kind of place. There are many books in it. We can borrow books and read books in it. It's a _____.
9. It's a kind of room. We make meals in it. The fridge is often in it. It's the _____.
10. It's a kind of class. We run. We jump. We play basketball. We play football. It's the _____ class.












考点二： 数词

八、【基数词】读一读，找出规律，写一写。(5 分)

1. two eight fourteen _____
2. one three five _____
3. ten twenty thirty _____
4. two four six _____
5. seventeen sixteen fifteen _____
6. twenty-two twenty eighteen _____
7. twenty-four twelve six _____
8. ten thirty fifty _____
9. five ten fifteen _____
10. six nine twelve _____

九、【序数词】读一读，将下列数词按从大到小的顺序排列。(9 分)

fifth first third sixteenth nineteenth thirtieth eleventh eighth second

_____

_____

十、【数词的变形】数一数，写出对应的基数词与序数词。(4 分)

1.  _____ _____
2.  _____ _____
3.  _____ _____
4.  _____ _____

十一、【数词的应用】读一读，选择正确的一项。(10 分)

( ) 1. Look, the girl in a red T-shirt is the _____.
A. one B. first C. three

( ) 2. Fifteen and fourteen is _____.
A. nineteen B. ninth C. twenty-nine

( ) 3. There are _____ days in a week. Wednesday is the _____day.
A. seven; fourth B. seventh; four C. seven; four

( ) 4. There are _____minutes in an hour, and _____ hours in a day.
A. six; twenty B. sixty; twenty-four C. twenty-four; four

( ) 5. Teachers' Day is on September the _____.
A. tenth B. ten C. first

考点三： 冠词

十二、【冠词的应用 1】读一读，用 a/an/the 填空。(注意大小写) (5 分)

1. There is _____ elephant over there.
2. Let's put _____ "S" in the blank.
3. Would you like _____hamburger or _____ice cream?
4. He puts on _____ T-shirt and _____pair of trousers.
5. You have _____ hour to finish it.
6. This is _____ old sweater. That is _____new orange sweater.
7. Linda likes music. She can play _____ piano well.
8. January is _____ first month of a year.
9. _____West Lake is in Hangzhou.
10. Beijing is _____ capital of China.

十三、【冠词的应用 2】读一读，选择恰当的一项。(8 分)

( ) 1. Can you play _____violin?
A. a B. an C. the

( ) 2. I have _____ egg for breakfast. _____ egg is delicious.
A. a; The B. an; The C. an; A

( ) 3. I'm _____ tallest boy in our class.
A. a B. an C. the

( ) 4. _____ Great Wall is very famous in _____China.
A. The; / B. A; the C. /; the

( ) 5. His birthday is in _____ July. That is _____seventh month of a year.
A. the; the B. a; the C. /; the

( ) 6. Look, I see _____monkey. _____monkey is jumping up and down.
A. a; The B. an; The C. the; A

( ) 7. _____Beijing is _____ capital city of China.
A. The; a B. /; the C. The; /

( ) 8. There is _____kite in _____ sky.
A. an; a B. a; a C. a; the

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题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	十二	十三	总分
得分														

姓名 学号 班级 学校

重点提示：请不要在密封线内答题哦！

考点一： 形容词和副词

一、【词性转换】按要求写出下列单词。(5分)

1. sun（形容词）_____
2. cloud（形容词）_____
3. rain（形容词）_____
4. snow（形容词）_____
5. good（副词）_____
6. friend（形容词）_____
7. happy（副词）_____
8. careful（副词）_____
9. quick（副词）_____
10. sad（副词）_____

二、【形容词比较级】写出下列形容词的比较级形式。(5分)

1. tall _____ 2. young _____ 3. thin _____ 4. big _____
5. heavy _____ 6. easy _____ 7. nice _____ 8. late _____
9. good _____ 10. bad _____

三、【词性辨析】读一读，选出每组词中不同类的一项。(5分)

( ) 1. A. snowy B. sunny C. wind
( ) 2. A. happy B. well C. nice
( ) 3. A. better B. cold C. cool
( ) 4. A. quiet B. slowly C. shy
( ) 5. A. bigger B. thinner C. beautiful

四、【词义】选出与画线单词意思相对的一项。(5分)

( ) 1. We like the same colour.
A. busy B. interesting C. different
( ) 2. He is very weak. He needs to play sports.
A. young B. strong C. tired
( ) 3. It's cold and rainy. We should stay at home.
A. hot B. warm C. cool
( ) 4. My father is very thin.
A. fat B. long C. short
( ) 5. I think your new schoolbag is expensive.
A. important B. pretty C. cheap

五、【应用】读一读，选择正确的一项。(10分)

( ) 1. — How _____ are you? — I'm ten.
A. old B. tall C. heavy
( ) 2. — How _____ are you? — I'm 1. 65 metres.
A. old B. tall C. heavy
( ) 3. I can play football _____.
A. beautiful B. nice C. well
( ) 4. I like _____ days.
A. the rain B. rainy C. sun
( ) 5. Winter is coming. The weather is getting _____.
A. colder and colder B. warmer and warmer C. hot and hot
( ) 6. I want to buy _____ for my son.
A. blue something B. something blue C. nothing blue
( ) 7. Don't be _____ again. Please get up _____.
A. early; late B. late; late C. late; early
( ) 8. I think you are the _____.
A. best B. better C. good
( ) 9. _____ food can make our body _____.
A. Health; health B. Health; healthy C. Healthy; healthy
( ) 10. The film is _____. We are all _____.
A. exciting; excited B. excited; exciting C. exciting; exciting

考点二： 代词

六、【代词的类别】读一读，发现规律，完成下列表格。(17分)

I		me	mine	
he	his			
		us		ourselves
she			hers	herself
	your			
		them	theirs	

七、【代词的应用1】读一读，选择正确的一项填空。(9分)

1. _____ (I My) have a pen. _____ (I My) pen is blue.
2. _____ (He She) is a girl. _____ (His Her) name is Lucy.
3. _____ (We Our) like blue. _____ (We Our) favourite colour is blue.
4. My father is washing _____ (his her) car. Let's help _____ (her him).
5. — Is this Danny's pencil? — No, it's not _____ (my his) pencil.

八、【代词的应用2】读一读，选择正确的一项。(6分)

( ) 1. It's not _____ bike. _____ is blue.
A. my; My B. your; Your C. my; Mine
( ) 2. Let _____ help _____.
A. me; you B. you; I C. I; you
( ) 3. _____ want to buy some flowers for _____ grandmother.
A. We; you B. They; their C. He; his

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( ) 4. _____ likes playing football very much.
A. She B. We C. They

( ) 5. _____ bag is this?
A. Who B. Whose C. Who's

( ) 6. — Look at the hat. Is that _____, Lily?
— No, it's not _____.
A. your; me B. yours; me C. yours; mine

考点三： 介词

九、【介词的应用1】判断下列句子是否与图片内容相符，相符写 T，不相符写 F。(5 分)

( ) 1. The pen is on the desk.



( ) 2. There are some trees behind the house.



( ) 3. The cat is in the box.



( ) 4. The children are in front of the tree.



( ) 5. The picture is on the desk.



十、【介词的应用2】读一读，选择正确的介词补全句子。(10 分)

at on for of with in from after to by

1. Would you like some milk _____ breakfast?
2. I often do my homework _____ dinner.
3. Please get up _____ 6: 10 tomorrow.
4. Whose birthday is _____ July?
5. Is the new park far _____ the supermarket?
6. We will go to Shanghai _____ August 10th.
7. Are you afraid _____ the big dog?
8. I like to play ping-pong _____ my cousin.
9. They usually go to school _____ bike.
10. Danny is so excited. He runs _____ the bus quickly.

考点四： 动词

十一、【动词的分类】将下列单词按要求归类。(10 分)

read	dance	was	can	do	does	play	am	did	listen
is	may	should	shall	watch	would	see	eat	are	make

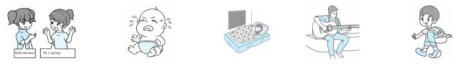
be 动词：_____
情态动词：_____
助动词：_____
实义动词：_____

十二、【词义】看图，选出与图片内容相符的选项。(写序号) (5 分)

A. sleep B. swim C. fly D. run E. walk
F. play G. jump H. cry I. talk J. sing



( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )



( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )

十三、【应用】读一读，选择正确的选项。(8 分)

( ) 1. These _____ my shorts. They _____ white.
A. is; are B. is; is C. are; are

( ) 2. He _____ quiet before. Now he _____ active.
A. is; is B. was; is C. was; was

( ) 3. — _____ you have Chinese class on Tuesdays?
— No, I _____.
A. Do; don't B. Are; aren't C. Did; don't

( ) 4. He _____ work hard to be a scientist.
A. shouldn't B. do C. should

( ) 5. Li Hua _____ swim five years ago. But he is good at swimming now.
A. could B. couldn't C. can't

( ) 6. We _____ have a football match next week.
A. will B. will be C. would

( ) 7. _____ smoke here!
A. Can't B. Don't C. Wouldn't

( ) 8. _____ Mike _____ his homework yesterday?
A. Do; does B. Did; do C. Does; do

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题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	总分
得分												

姓名 学号 班级 学校

考点一： There be 句型

一、【句型结构】根据图片内容，补全句子。(20分)

1. 
There is a _____ beside the desk.
There are _____ on _____.

2. 
There are some _____ playing on the playground.
There _____.

3. 
There _____ some fish in the plate.
There _____.

4. 
— _____ there any elephants in the zoo?
— Yes, there are.
— _____ in the zoo?
— No, _____.

5. 
— How many girls _____ in the classroom?
— There _____ fourteen girls.
— How many _____ in the classroom?
— There _____ only one.

二、【句意】读一读，用 there be 和 have 的适当形式填空。(9分)

1. _____ six people in my family. I _____ a big family.
2. Look, _____ a big dog in the street. It _____ big eyes and long ears.
3. Do you _____ any water?
4. _____ any water in the bottle?
5. _____ many interesting places in China.
6. We _____ many good friends.
7. _____ some children playing on the street.
8. I _____ some flowers for my mother.
9. _____ some flowers in the park.

三、【be 动词的使用】读一读，使用 be 动词的适当形式填空。(9分)

1. There _____ some juice in the fridge.
2. There _____ some apples on the tree.
3. There _____ a big cinema near the bookstore five years ago.
4. _____ there any pencils in your pencil box?
5. _____ there any flowers in your school before?
6. There _____ two bedrooms and a study on the second floor.
7. There _____ a study and two bedrooms on the second floor.
8. There _____ not any rice left in the bowl.
9. There _____ no books for me .

考点二： 疑问句

一般疑问句

四、【句型转换】将下列陈述句改为一般疑问句。(15分)

1. He is taller than his sister.
_____ he _____ than his sister?
2. There are some books on the desk.
_____ any books on the desk?
3. We are going to play football tomorrow.
_____ you _____ to play football tomorrow?
4. Linda can play the piano very well.
_____ Linda play the piano very well?
5. You may go there by bus.
_____ go there by bus?
6. They will go on a trip this summer.
_____ they _____ this summer?
7. The boys often play ping-pong after class.
_____ the boys often _____ after class?
8. Li Ming reads a book after dinner.
_____ Li Ming _____ after dinner?
9. My mother bought some food last night.
_____ your mother _____ last night?

五、【问答交际】为下列问句选择正确的答语。(7分)

( ) 1. Is there any milk in the glass?
( ) 2. Are you a doctor?
( ) 3. Can a bird fly?
( ) 4. Will you go to the beach this summer?
( ) 5. Does he like to play badminton?
( ) 6. Do you want to buy a new bike?
( ) 7. Did you find your car?

A. Yes, he does.
B. No, there isn't.
C. Yes, I did.
D. No, I'm not.
E. Yes, I do.
F. No, I won't.
G. Yes, it can.

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特殊疑问句

六、【句意及结构】对画线部分提问。(10分)

1. I like to read books. _____ do you _____ _____ do?
2. These are some photos from my holiday. _____ are _____?
3. Peter has four good friends. _____ _____ friends _____ Peter _____?
4. Bob is the tallest boy. _____ is the _____?
5. I got up at 6: 00 this morning. _____ did you _____ this morning?
6. We go to school on foot. _____ do you _____?
7. This dress is fifty-six yuan. _____ _____ is _____?
8. The cat is in the box. _____ is _____?
9. I like winter because I like the snow. _____ do you _____?
10. Tony is 1. 67 metres. _____ is Tony?

七、【问答交际】根据答语，选择恰当的疑问词（组）完成句子。(有几项是多余的) (10分)

What	What colour	What time	What about	What else	What size
How	How long	How far	How old	How heavy	How tall
How much	How many	When	Where	Who Why	Which

1. —_____ does your father do? — He is a pilot.
2. —_____ is it from Beijing to Shanghai? — It's about 1, 200 kilometres.
3. —_____ are your shoes? — My shoes are size 7.
4. —_____ will the party begin? — It will begin at 4: 00 in the afternoon.
5. —_____ is the panda? — It's black and white.
6. —_____ season do you like best? — I like spring best.
7. —_____ is the Palace Museum? — It's about 600 years old.
8. —_____ is that building? — It's about 200 metres.
9. —_____ can we swim? — We can swim in the swimming pool.
10. —_____ is it now? — It's 9: 00.

考点三： 感叹句

八、【句型转换】将下列句子改为感叹句。(5分)

1. The dog is so big.
   What a _____ ! How _____ !
2. It's a hot and sunny day.
   What a _____ ! How _____ !
3. The dress is beautiful.
   What a _____ ! How _____ !
4. The little cat is very cute.
   What a _____ ! How _____ !
5. We are so tired.
   How _____ !

九、【应用】读一读，选择恰当的一项。(5分)

( ) 1. It's rainy and cold. _____ bad day!
A. How B. What C. What a

( ) 2. _____ wonderful the park is! I want to go there.
A. How B. What C. What a

( ) 3. How _____ !
A. an interesting film B. interesting film is C. interesting the film is

( ) 4. What _____ !
A. delicious food B. delicious the food is C. a delicious food

( ) 5. _____ funny show it is!
A. How a B. What a C. What

考点四： 祈使句

十、【句型结构】连词成句。(5分)

1. go to let's play ping-pong together (.)
_____
2. swim don't in please the river (.)
_____
3. have always your breakfast please (.)
_____
4. quiet please be the in library (.)
_____
5. the no in smoking restaurant (.)
_____

十一、【应用】根据语境选择恰当的句子。(5分)

( ) 1. 你会这样委婉给朋友提出恰当的建议：
A. Don't watch TV too much! B. No swimming!
C. Please eat more fruit.

( ) 2. 你会这样对朋友发出邀请：
A. Play football with us! B. Let's play football together.
C. I like to play football.

( ) 3. 我们常会在公共场合看到这样的提示：
A. No smoking! B. Open the door, please.
C. Sit down, please.

( ) 4. 迟到的你会在门口跟老师说什么呢？
A. Let me come into the classroom! B. May I come in?
C. Don't be late again!

( ) 5. 体育老师通常会怎样整队呢？
A. Can you stand up? B. I want you to stand in a line.
C. Line up!

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题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	十二	十三	总分
得分														

姓名 学号 班级 学校

温馨提示：请不要在密封线内答题哦！

考点一： 一般现在时

一、【动词单数第三人称形式】写出下列动词的单数第三人称形式。(15分)

1. like _____ 2. look _____ 3. play _____ 4. read _____
5. kiss _____ 6. fix _____ 7. watch _____ 8. wash _____
9. teach _____ 10. do _____ 11. go _____ 12. fly _____
13. carry _____ 14. say _____ 15. have _____

二、【应用】读一读，选择恰当的一项。(9分)

( ) 1. My mother _____ delicious food for us in the kitchen.
A. make B. cooks C. to cook

( ) 2. The table _____ three long legs.
A. has B. have C. having

( ) 3. The old man _____ go for a walk in the evening.
A. like B. like to C. likes to

( ) 4. Jenny often _____ to school by bus.
A. goes B. go C. going

( ) 5. My sister _____ ten years old.
A. does B. is C. are

( ) 6. _____ he play football for fun on Sundays?
A. Is B. Do C. Does

( ) 7. The child _____ go to the zoo.
A. doesn't B. don't C. is

( ) 8. The sun _____ in the east every day.
A. rise B. rises C. rising

( ) 9. He _____ his teeth, _____ his face and then _____ breakfast.
A. brush; wash; have B. brushes; washes; have C. brushes; washes; has

三、【句型练习】按要求完成下列句子。(5分)

1. I watch often after dinner TV (.)(连词成句)

_____

2. mother you do always help your (?)(连词成句)

_____

3. My grandfather likes to read the magazine.(改为否定句)

_____

4. My sister has a music class on Sunday morning.(改为一般疑问句)

_____

5. Danny goes to school at 7: 00 in the morning.(对画线部分提问)

_____

考点二： 现在进行时

四、【动词的现在分词形式】请写出下列动词的现在分词形式。(6分)

1. walk _____ 2. play _____ 3. read _____
4. arrive _____ 5. write _____ 6. dance _____
7. run _____ 8. swim _____ 9. shop _____
10. stop _____ 11. sit _____ 12. hit _____

五、【be动词】请用be动词的正确形式填空。(6分)

1. The boys _____ playing a game on the playground.
2. I _____ listening to music in my bedroom.
3. Tony and Peter _____ singing an English song in the classroom.
4. What _____ the children doing now?
5. _____ the little dog running after the cat?
6. The sun _____ getting lower and lower.

六、【应用1】用所给词的适当形式填空。(7分)

1. Listen, the girl is _____ (sing) an English song.
2. — What are you doing?
— We _____ (have) a picnic in the park.
3. Mike likes _____ (play) ping-pong. He _____ (play) ping-pong in the playground.
4. It's six o'clock. My parents _____ (watch) TV in the living room.
5. The boys are in the playground. Some _____ (run). Some _____ (do) the long jump.

七、【应用2】根据图片内容，补全句子。(5分)



1. Look, the boys _____ football.
2. My brother _____ the clothes.
3. The little boy _____ now.
4. I _____ with my crayons.

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5. Joan and Jason _____ bikes.



考点三： 一般将来时

八、【句型练习】按要求完成下列句子。(6 分)

1. I read a book.（加上 tomorrow 改写句子）

_____

2. Will you go to China this summer?（作否定回答）

_____

3. What are you going to do tomorrow afternoon?（用 have a music class 回答问题）

_____

4. They often play in the park on Sundays.（将时间改为 next Sunday 改写句子）

_____

5. Lily will go on a trip this weekend.（对画线部分提问）

_____

6. He is going to fly a kite in the park.（写出同义句）

_____

九、【应用】读一读，选择正确的一项。(5 分)

( ) 1. He _____ Beijing this summer holiday.
A. is going B. will go to C. are going to

( ) 2. Will Danny _____ in the sea this summer?
A. goes swimming B. swims C. swim

( ) 3. Lynn _____ beside a little dog.
A. is sitting B. will sitting C. are going to sit

( ) 4. My mother and father _____ going to buy a birthday cake for my sister.
A. am B. is C. are

( ) 5. Tomorrow I _____ a badminton game .
A. am going to watch B. am watching C. watch

考点四、 一般过去时

十、【动词的过去式】写出下列动词的过去式。(12 分)

1. look _____	2. walk _____	3. play _____
4. arrive _____	5. dance _____	6. like _____
7. stop _____	8. shop _____	9. trip _____
10. hit _____	11. hurt _____	12. read _____
13. sit _____	14. swim _____	15. run _____
16. eat _____	17. see _____	18. go _____
19. have _____	20. buy _____	21. do _____
22. teach _____	23. am/ is _____	24. are _____

十一、【句型练习】按要求完成下列句子。(5 分)

1. There is a library in my school now.（将 now 改为 before 改写）

_____

2. We go boating on the lake.（加上 last Sunday 改写）

_____

3. He did his homework yesterday.（改为一般疑问句）

_____

4. Mike played football last weekend.（改为否定句）

_____

5. I went swimming this afternoon.（对画线部分提问）

_____

十二、【应用 1】读一读，选择正确的一项。(10 分)

( ) 1. I got up at 8: 00 _____.
A. now B. tomorrow C. yesterday

( ) 2. He _____ on foot this morning.
A. go to school B. went to school C. walks to school

( ) 3. What _____ you do the day before yesterday?
A. did B. do C. does

( ) 4. _____ there any tall buildings in the village five years ago?
A. Is B. Was C. Were

( ) 5. At that time, I _____ only three years old.
A. was B. am C. is

( ) 6. Tom _____ early because he was so tired.
A. sleep B. sleeps C. slept

( ) 7. How many trees _____ you plant on Tree Planting Day?
A. are B. did C. does

( ) 8. How many people _____ there in your class last year?
A. are B. was C. were

( ) 9. I'm good at drawing now. But I _____ draw five years ago.
A. can B. could C. couldn't

( ) 10. Li Mei _____ fat in this photo. But she _____ thin now.
A. is ; is B. was; is C. is; was

十三、【应用 2】用所给词的适当形式填空。(9 分)

1. The first day, we _____ (go) to a big shop. We bought some gifts for our friends.
2. Tom often _____ (read) a book in the afternoon. Yesterday afternoon, he _____ (read) a magazine.
3. She _____ (visit) the science museum the day before yesterday.
4. — What _____ (do) your mother _____ (do) this morning?
— She _____ (cook) good food.
5. _____ (do) your sister _____ (have) a trip this summer holiday?

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题号	一	二	三	总分
得分				

一、【问答搭配】为下列问句选出正确的答语。(30分)

( ) 1. What is your father like?
( ) 2. What is your mother's job?
( ) 3. What's the weather like in Beijing?
( ) 4. What classes do you have on Tuesdays?
( ) 5. Who is your best friend?
( ) 6. Whose T-shirt is this?
( ) 7. How do you go to school?
( ) 8. How much is the beef?
( ) 9. How many people are there in your family?
( ) 10. Where are you from?
( ) 11. Where are you going?
( ) 12. When do you get up?
( ) 13. Are these in your bedroom?
( ) 14. Will you go to the park?
( ) 15. Can you see any ducks in the picture?

A. It's fifty-six yuan.
B. I'm going to Beijing.
C. At 6: 30.
D. She is a nurse.
E. By bus.
F. He is tall and strong.
G. No, I won't.
H. It's Mike's.
I. I'm from China.
J. No, they aren't.
K. Lucy is my best friend.
L. It's sunny and hot.
M. Yes, I can.
N. I have maths and Chinese.
O. There are six.

二、【情景排序】读一读，将下列句子排序，组成一段合理的对话。(32分)

(一)

1. I'm from the UK.
2. Hi, Candy. Who's this?
3. Hello, Lily.
4. Hello, Peter. Nice to meet you.
5. This is my friend, Peter.
6. Where are you from, Peter?
7. Hi, Lily. Nice to meet you, too.

排列顺序：_____

(二)

1. What colour is your pencil box?
2. Hi, Tom. What's this?
3. My books, a new pencil box and some toys.
4. Yes, I like blue very much.
5. It's my new schoolbag.
6. It's cool. Is blue your favourite colour?
7. It's blue, too!
8. What's in it?

排列顺序：_____

(三)

1. Oh, no. I want to go to the park to play with my friends.
2. It's rainy and cool.
3. Sounds good. Let's read books together.
4. It will be sunny in the afternoon.
5. That's great! I can go to the park in the afternoon.
6. How is the weather today, Mum?
7. I want to read a book.
8. Yes. What do you want to do in the morning?

排列顺序：_____

(四)

1. Is the zoo far from here?
2. Sure. We can meet at the bus stop.
3. I want to go to the zoo.
4. Yes, I can take the No. 3 bus.
5. Can I go with you?
6. When will we go?
7. Tom, what do you want to do this Sunday?
8. At 8: 30 in the morning.
9. OK. See you then.

排列顺序：_____

三、【情景对话】读一读，选择正确的选项补全对话。(38分)

(一)

A：Excuse me. 1. _____
B：Sure. 2. _____
A：I'm lost. 3. _____
B：It's on Yuhua Street.
A：4. _____
B：No, it's near.
A：5. _____
B：Go straight and turn left at the cinema. You can see it on your right.
A：Thanks.
B：You are welcome.

A. How can I get there?
B. Where is Happy Bookstore?
C. Can you help me?
D. Is it far from here?
E. What's wrong?

姓名 学号 班级 学校

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（二）

A：Lingling. It's time for dinner. 1. _____

B：I'd like some noodles and vegetables.

A：2. _____

B：Yes, please.
Twenty minutes later.

A：3. _____
Lingling, let's eat.

B：OK. 4. _____

A：Sure. Here you are.

B：Thank you. 5. _____

A. Dinner is ready.
B. They are yummy.
C. What would you like to eat?
D. Can you pass me a pair of chopsticks?
E. Would you like some eggs in the noodles?

（三）

A：1. _____

B：Yes. I want to buy a new pair of shoes.
Where are the shoes?

A：I can show you. Here they are.

B：Thank you. 2. _____

A：Sure. 3. _____

B：My shoes are size 41.

A：OK. 4. _____

B：I like blue and black.

A：OK. 5. _____

B：They are comfortable. 6. _____

A：Ninety yuan.

B：OK. I'll take them.

A. You can try on this pair.
B. May I help you?
C. How much are they?
D. What size are your shoes?
E. What colour do you like?
F. Can I see these pairs of shoes?

（四）

A：Look at my family photo, Lucy.

B：1. _____

A：He is my grandfather.

B：2. _____

A：He is a farmer. He likes to plant flowers.

B：3. _____

A：No, she is a teacher. But now she doesn't work.

B：4. _____

A：She likes to read books and water the flowers.

B：So they can take care of the flowers together!

A：Yes, they often have fun together. 5. _____

B：6. _____

A：Yes. But they don't like to plant them.

A. What does she like?
B. Do they like flowers?
C. Who's that man?
D. These are my parents.
E. What does he do?
F. Is your grandmother a farmer, too?

（五）

A：1. _____

B：OK. I like animals very much.

A：It's big and strong. It has big ears.

B：2. _____

A：Yes, it is.

B：3. _____

A：That's right! Try this! It's small and white. Its ears are long. It can jump.

B：That's easy! 4. _____

A：Yes! What about this one? Some of them are big. Some of them are small. Some of them like grass. Some of them like meat. Some of them can run fast. Some of them can fly. What are they?

B：That's difficult. 5. _____

A：No. But we can see them in the museum.

B：Oh, I know. 6. _____

A：Yes, you got it!

A. Is its nose long?
B. It's a rabbit!
C. Let's play a game of guessing animals.
D. They are dinosaurs.
E. It's an elephant.
F. Can we see them at the zoo?

（六）

A：Linda. 1. _____

B：I went to Shan dong.

A：2. _____

B：I went there with my parents and my grandparents.

A：3. _____

B：We went there by train.

A：4. _____

B：First, we went to Jinan. 5. _____ Then we climbed Mount Tai.

A：It is very tall, isn't it?

B：Yes, it's very tall. And it's very cold at the top of the mountain.

A：6. _____

B：Yes. We went to Yantai and played at the sea.

A：7. _____

B：Yes. We were very happy.

A：8. _____

B：No. We will go to Guangzhou this summer. 9. _____

A：10. _____

B：That's cool! You can see the CN Tower!

A：And the Niagara Falls!

A. What did you do in Shandong?
B. How did you go there?
C. Will you go to Shan dong this summer?
D. There are many lakes.
E. I will go to Canada with my family.
F. What about you?
G. Where did you go last summer?
H. Who did you go with?
I. Did you go to the sea?
J. Did you have a great time?

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题号	一	二	三	四	总分
得分					

一、【综合填空】完型填空。(30分)

(一)

Last Sunday, it was sunny and hot. I went to a new park with my friends. We 1. _____ our bikes to the park. We saw many beautiful flowers. So we took many 2. _____. There 3. _____ a big lake in it. We 4. _____ on the lake. That was fun. Then we 5. _____ a picnic. We ate hamburgers and fruit. We drank juice and milk. We had a good time.

( ) 1. A. rode B. riding C. are riding
( ) 2. A. picture B. pictures C. photo
( ) 3. A. was B. were C. are
( ) 4. A. flew a kite B. went boating C. went ice-skating
( ) 5. A. are having B. is going to have C. had

(二)

Welcome to Mr. Smith's Shop! We have a 1. _____ sale today! 2. _____ the things are at a good price. It's summer now. You need a pair of sunglasses. A pair of sunglasses was 80 yuan 3. _____. Today, they 4. _____ only forty yuan. If you 5. _____ like the big sun, you need an 6. _____. Our umbrellas are very beautiful. They are red, yellow, orange, pink, blue... You can find your favourite 7. _____. You can take it on rainy days or sunny days.

Today they are 8. _____, too. Twelve yuan for 9. _____ umbrella! We also have raincoats for children. Twenty yuan for one raincoat. And we have 10. _____ other things for you!

Come to Mr. Smith's Shop! You can find what you want!

( ) 1. A. small B. big C. long
( ) 2. A. All B. Both C. But
( ) 3. A. before B. now C. tomorrow
( ) 4. A. were B. are C. aren't
( ) 5. A. doesn't B. didn't C. don't
( ) 6. A. hat B. cap C. umbrella
( ) 7. A. clothes B. colour C. sport
( ) 8. A. expensive B. cheap C. pretty
( ) 9. A. one B. two C. four
( ) 10. A. lot of B. lots of C. a little

二、【阅读判断】阅读短文，判断正（T）误（F）。(30分)

(一)

I am Wang Lin. I am twelve years old. My pen pal Tom is from the USA. He is the same age as me. He is a primary school student in Beijing. There are three people in his family. His father is a teacher. He teaches English in a high school in Beijing. He goes to work by subway. His mother is an English teacher, too. But they work in different schools. Tom goes to school in his mother's car every day. They all like Chinese food.

( ) 1. There are 3 people in Wang Lin's family.
( ) 2. Tom is from America.
( ) 3. Tom is 12 years old.
( ) 4. Tom's father is a Chinese teacher.
( ) 5. Tom goes to school on foot.

(二)

Hello, I am Bill. Dongguan is my hometown. 30 years ago, it didn't look beautiful. There weren't many people. We had streets but there weren't any highways. There weren't any tall buildings. Now there are lots of highways and tall buildings in the city. We have a subway now. We plant lots of trees in the city. The city is green. We mustn't litter. The city is clean. Dongguan looks like a new city. And it is better and prettier now. I love Dongguan very much. What about you?

( ) 1. Dongguan is a beautiful city now.
( ) 2. There weren't any streets in Dongguan 30 years ago.
( ) 3. There are many tall buildings in Dongguan now.
( ) 4. There was a subway in Dongguan before.
( ) 5. Bill loves Dongguan very much.

(三)

Today is Saturday. It's fine. My parents and I go to the zoo. First, we come to see the monkeys. Look at those monkeys! Some are playing with each other. Some are swinging in the trees. Some are making faces, and some are eating bananas. Then we go to see the peacocks. How beautiful they are! They have long tails and small mouths. They are all wearing colourful clothes. They look like pretty princesses. They are dancing together happily. At last, we come to see a very big animal. It has a long nose and two big ears. Its ears look like two big fans. What is it? Ha- ha, it's an elephant. It's very friendly. My father takes a photo of it. Today, we are very happy because we can see many lovely animals.

( ) 1. I go to the zoo with my dad and mum.
( ) 2. The monkeys are playing, swinging and dancing.
( ) 3. The peacocks are beautiful.
( ) 4. The elephant has a short nose and two big eyes.
( ) 5. We feel happy today.

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三、【阅读选择】阅读短文，选择与短文内容相符的一项。(20 分)

(一)

My friend Sun Yang is a university student. Last summer holiday, he went to Germany and stayed there for two months.

"How did you get so much money, Sun Yang?" I asked.

"I got a job in Germany."

"What did you do there?"

"I gave Chinese lessons to a shop owner (店主)."

"But you were not a teacher."

"He knew I wasn't a teacher, but he wanted to learn Chinese. I talked with him two hours a day. Sometimes I helped him cook the meals. I didn't have to work on weekends. He gave me a room, three meals a day, and some money. I often took a trip on weekends."

"Did he learn much Chinese?" I asked.

"I didn't know, but I learned lots of German." he said.

( ) 1. Sun Yang is a _____.
A. teacher B. university student C. shop owner

( ) 2. Sun Yang went to _____ last summer holiday.
A. Australia B. the UK C. Germany

( ) 3. He _____ on weekends.
A. gave lessons B. took a trip C. worked

( ) 4. Did Sun Yang learn a lot of German?
A. Yes, he did. B. No, he didn't. C. No, he wasn't.

( ) 5. Sun Yang lived in Germany for _____ last summer holiday.
A. two weeks B. two months C. two years

(二)

An old man and a doctor

Once an old man went to see a doctor. The doctor looked him over carefully and said," You must have a good rest. Go to bed early, walk a lot and smoke (吸烟) one cigar (雪茄) a day. Go to the village and stay there for a month."

After a month, the man came to the doctor again." How are you? " said the doctor," I'm happy to see you again. You look younger." " Oh! Doctor, I feel well now," said the man," I had a good rest. I went to bed early, and walked a lot. You helped me, but you told (告诉) me to smoke one cigar a day. That almost killed (杀死) me first. It's no joke (玩笑) to start smoking at my age!"

( ) 1. The doctor told the man _____.
A. to go to bed early B. to walk a lot C. Both A and B.

( ) 2. The doctor told the man to go to the _____ and stay there for a month.
A. city B. village C. hospital

( ) 3. After a month, the old man felt _____.
A. bad B. sad C. well

( ) 4. The doctor wanted the old man _____.
A. to smoke less (更少) than before B. to smoke more
C. to start smoking

( ) 5. From what the old man said at last, we know _____.
A. one cigar a day was really helpful to him
B. one cigar a day was better than before
C. the old man did not smoke before

四、【任务型阅读】阅读短文，完成任务。(20 分)

Welcome to my school. My school is the biggest school in our city. There are more than 5, 000 students and nearly 300 teachers in my school. The new students will be lost in my school. Now, let me show you my school. There are six tall buildings in my school. The No. 1 building, No. 2 building , the No. 3 building and the No. 4 building are the teaching buildings. There are more than 80 classrooms in these teaching buildings. My classroom is on the third floor of the No. 1 building. The teachers' offices are in the No. 4 building. My teachers are on the second floor. In the No. 5 building you can see the gyms, the art rooms , the music rooms and the labs. The computer rooms are in the No. 6 building. We have three libraries in the No. 6 building, too. We can read books there. Between the No. 3 building and the No. 4 building, there is a big playground. We have P. E. classes on it. It's beautiful and clean. Between the No. 5 building and the No. 6 building, there is a swimming pool. We learn to swim in it in summer. My school is beautiful and nice. I love it very much.

A. 根据短文内容填写表格。(10 分)

No. 1 building	No. 2 building	No. 3 building	No. 4 building	No. 5 building	No. 6 building
classrooms and 1. _____				2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ labs	5. _____ libraries

B. 根据短文内容选择正确的一项。(10 分)

( ) 1. The best title (题目) of this passage should be " _____".
A. My classroom B. My school C. My home

( ) 2. My school is _____ in our city.
A. small and nice B. the tallest C. the biggest

( ) 3. There are _____ in the school.
A. more than five thousand teachers B. more than three hundred students
C. six buildings

( ) 4. Which one is true?
A. My classroom is in the No. 1 building. B. My teachers are in the No. 3 building.
C. I don't like my school.

( ) 5. Which one is NOT true?
A. The playground is big and clean. B. There is a swimming pool in the school.
C. There is only one library in the school.

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写作 专项复习卷

六年级 英语 下 PEP版

时间：60分钟 满分：100分

题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	总分
得分												

一、【介绍人物】你最喜欢的朋友或者家人是谁呢？他（她）长什么样？他（她）做什么工作？请介绍一下吧。(8分)

要求：1. 题目自拟，不少于6句话。

2. 语句通顺，书写规范，标点符号正确。

二、【介绍动物】你最喜欢的动物是什么呢？为什么？请介绍一下吧。(8分)

要求：1. 题目自拟，不少于6句话。

2. 语句通顺，书写规范，标点符号正确。

三、【关于自己】你最喜欢的颜色、动物、食物、衣服等是什么？请以 My Favourite 为题来介绍一下。(8分)

要求：1. 不少于6句话。

2. 语句通顺，条理清楚，书写规范，标点符号正确。

My Favourite

四、【关于季节】你最喜欢的季节是什么？为什么喜欢这个季节？在这个季节里人们通常有什么活动？请给大家介绍一下吧。(8分)

要求：1. 题目自拟，不少于6句话。

2. 语句通顺，书写规范，标点符号正确。

五、【There be 句型、看图作文】请认真观察下面的图片，描述一下你所看到的内容。(8分)

要求：1. 题目自拟，不少于40个单词。

2. 语句通顺，书写规范，标点符号正确。

3. 请使用 there be 句型来介绍位置，可根据自己的生活经验进行合理想象。



六、【一般将来时】这个假期，你即将步入初中，开始一段崭新的学习旅程。你打算怎样度过这个假期呢？请把你的计划写一写。(10分)

参考词汇：read books, go on a trip, play with friends, play sports

要求：1. 题目自拟，不少于40个单词。

2. 语句通顺，书写规范，标点符号正确。

3. 注意时态。

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七、【介绍家人、根据表格信息写作】假如你是李军，请以 My family 为题，根据下列表格提供的信息来介绍一下你的家人。(10 分)

Li Jun	12 years old	1. 74 metres	student	tall and strong	play football
Father	41 years old	1. 78 metres	doctor	tall and thin	read books
Mother	40 years old	1. 62 metres	teacher	thin, long hair	watch TV
Sister	7 years old	1. 32 metres	student	short, cute	play with toys

要求：1. 根据表格提供的信息书写，不允许出现自己或家人的真实姓名，不少于 40 个单词。
2. 语句通顺，书写规范，标点符号正确。

My family

八、【现在进行时、看图作文】请观察右边的图片，这是哪个地方？人们都在做些什么？请介绍一下。(10 分)



要求：1. 请使用正确的时态来介绍人物的活动。不少于 40 个单词。
2. 可根据自己的生活常识加以合理想象来完成。
3. 题目自拟，语句通顺，书写规范。

九、【一般过去时】这个学期结束后，你的小学生活就告一段落了。六年的小学生活中，一定会有令你难忘的事情，请写一写吧。(10 分)

要求：1. 请使用正确的时态来描写。不少于 40 个单词。
2. 请描写一件事情，题目自拟，语句通顺，书写规范。

十、【关于理想】你将来想成为什么样的人呢？想做什么样的工作呢？为了实现这个理想，你会做些什么？请给大家分享一下吧。(10 分)

要求：1. 题目自拟。不少于 6 句话。
2. 语句通顺，书写规范。

十一、【今昔对比】小学六年以来，你和你的学校发生了哪些变化？请仔细思考一下并介绍给大家吧。(10 分)

要求：1. 题目自拟，不少于 40 个单词。
2. 注意使用正确的时态。
3. 语句通顺，书写规范。

自己说说

老师点评

家长点评

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重点提示：
请不要在密封线内答题哦！

莱德基 好卷

期末检测卷一

六年级 英语 下 PEP版
时间：60分钟 满分：100分

题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	总分
得分												

听力部分（30分）

听力测试

一、听录音，在与你所听内容相符的图片旁画√。（5分）



二、听录音，给下列图片排序。（5分）



（ ） （ ） （ ）

（ ） （ ）

三、听录音，为你所听到的问句选择正确的答语。（10分）

（ ）1. A. It is size 38. B. It was size 38.
C. They are size 38.

（ ）2. A. It was great! B. I am very happy.
C. I went to the zoo.

（ ）3. A. I go to the park. B. I saw a wonderful film.
C. I want to buy a new book.

（ ）4. A. They went to Shanghai. B. We went to Beijing.
C. We go to Turpan.

（ ）5. A. We went there by bus. B. We go to the zoo by bike.
C. We went there to watch the animals.

四、听录音，判断下列句子与你所听内容是否相符，相符的写T，不相符的写F。（10分）

（ ）1. Lily is taller than Amy.

（ ）2. Tom is heavier than Jack.

（ ）3. Sam stayed at home last weekend.

（ ）4. Linda is better now.

（ ）5. There was no computer in Tom's house five years ago.

笔试部分（70分）

五、读一读，根据图片及首字母提示，补全单词。（10分）

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 

1. I got a g_____ yesterday.
2. Don't walk or run on the g_____.
3. She a_____ a big apple yesterday afternoon.
4. They r_____ books together last night.
5. I want to play b_____ with my friend tomorrow.

六、读一读，用所给单词的正确形式填空。（5分）

1. I _____ (do) my homework last Sunday afternoon.
2. My mother _____ (wash) clothes the day before yesterday.
3. I'm _____ (old) than my brother.
4. She _____ (go) to Qingdao by train last Sunday.
5. They _____ (go) cycling every day.

七、单项选择。（10分）

（ ）1. A bird is _____ than a dinosaur.
A. bigger B. smaller C. heavier

（ ）2. That's the _____ tree in the forest.
A. tallest B. taller C. taller than

（ ）3. The flower _____ a butterfly.
A. look B. looks like C. like

（ ）4. I want to help both _____.
A. they B. of them C. of they

（ ）5. There _____ no computer _____ in my school at that time.
A. was; rooms B. are; rooms C. were; rooms

（ ）6. _____ did John do last night?
A. Where B. What C. Who

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( ) 7. _____ you do anything else yesterday?
A. Did B. Do C. Does
( ) 8. It _____ great!
A. look B. were C. sounds
( ) 9. I need to stay _____ home all day.
A. to B. at C. on
( ) 10. _____, she is very active in class.
A. Ago B. Before C. Now

八、为下列句子选出相应的答语，将其序号填入题前括号内。(5 分)

( ) 1. How tall is that building?
( ) 2. How heavy are you?
( ) 3. Are you all right?
( ) 4. Did she clean her room?
( ) 5. What size are your shoes?

A. Yes, she did.
B. My shoes are size 40.
C. It's about 52 metres.
D. I'm OK now.
E. I am 37 kilograms.

九、连词成句。(10 分)

1. They tea in drank the afternoon (.)
_____
2. feet Your bigger than are mine (.)
_____
3. to I buy the want new film magazine (.)
_____
4. How know you do that (?)
_____
5. Tell about me your city please (.) (.)
_____

十、阅读短文，完成任务。(20 分)

(一)

Today is Sunday. It was sunny yesterday. I went camping with my friends. We went to a hill. We put up a tent near a river. We went boating there. We fished there. Jenny and Tony played with a ball near the river. After lunch, we climbed the hill. There were many flowers and trees on the hill. They were beautiful. We felt tired but happy. We had a great day.

A. 根据短文内容选择正确的选项。(2 分)

( ) 1. Yesterday was _____.
A. Sunday B. Saturday C. Friday
( ) 2. The tent is _____.
A.  B.  C. 

B. 根据短文内容填空。(4 分)

3. I _____ _____ with my friends.
4. We went _____ and _____ there.

C. 根据短文内容判断句子正 (T) 误 (F)。(4 分)

( ) 5. We played with a ball together near the river.
( ) 6. We were happy yesterday.

(二)

There is a park near my house. Three years ago, it was small. Now, it is very big. There is a lake in the park. Before, the water was dirty. People didn't like it. Now, the water is clean. Many people like to go boating on the lake. Some people like to fish in the lake. I like to walk in the park. Before, there were many tall trees. Now, there are trees, grass and flowers. They are beautiful. Many children like to play in the park. There are many people doing exercise in the park in the morning. I like the park.

A. 根据短文内容补全表格。(5 分)

	Before	Now
Park	1. _____	big
Water in the lake	2. _____	3. _____
There were/ are	4. _____	5. _____

B. 根据短文内容判断下列句子正 (T) 误 (F)。(5 分)

( ) 1. The park is near my house.
( ) 2. People don't like the park now.
( ) 3. Many people like to go boating on the lake in the park.
( ) 4. Now, there are no trees.
( ) 5. There are many people swimming in the park in the morning.

十一、请以“My Friend”为题介绍一下你的好朋友，包括她/他的年龄、身高、体重等重要信息。(10 分)

要求：使用比较级，语句通顺，书写规范、正确，不少于 6 句话。

参考词汇：metre, kilogram, than, taller, younger, heavier

_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____

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题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	总分
得分												

姓名 学号 班级 学校

听力部分（30分）

听力测试

一、听录音，用A，B，C按听到的顺序给下列单词排序。（5分）

1. （ ）become （ ）better （ ）before
2. （ ）drank （ ）dream （ ）draw
3. （ ）fell （ ）felt （ ）feel
4. （ ）lamp （ ）loud （ ）lower
5. （ ）stay （ ）star （ ）smarter

二、听录音，判断下列图片与所听内容是（√）否（×）相符。（5分）

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 

5. 

（ ） （ ） （ ） （ ） （ ）

三、听录音，选出与所听内容相符的一项。（10分）

（ ）1. A. John is stronger than Peter. B. Peter is faster than John.
（ ）2. A. Lily wants to buy a magazine. B. Lily wants to buy a new storybook.
（ ）3. A. Tom hurt his feet. B. Tom had a cold.
（ ）4. A. Sam rode a horse. B. Sam rode a mule.
（ ）5. A. Jack had a dream. B. Jack won a race.

四、听录音，写单词，补全短文。（10分）

Yesterday was Saturday. I _____ my room. Then I _____ to Amy's home in the morning. We _____ a story together. After that, we walked to a park. We _____ some bees and flowers. We _____ some pictures. We were very happy.

笔试部分（70分）

五、读一读，根据图片及首字母提示，写出单词。（10分）

1. The snake is l_____ than the ruler.



2. Lily w_____ her clothes in the morning.



3. They b_____ some food for the party.



4. Let's go to the g_____ to play basketball.



5. Let's go c_____ together.



六、读一读，在正确的一项下面画“√”。（5分）

1. How tall (is are) the dinosaur?
2. Let's (have a look look at).
3. He (looks are) taller than me.
4. We (drink drank) tea and watched TV.
5. He was so short before, (because so) he couldn't ride a bike well.

七、单项选择。（10分）

（ ）1. There are many elephants _____.
A. over B. over there C. there over

（ ）2. The sun is getting _____.
A. lower and lower B. up and up C. high and high

（ ）3. Did Sam do _____ else?
A. something B. everything C. anything

（ ）4. _____ the film interesting?
A. Does B. Were C. Was

（ ）5. Going by bus is faster than _____.
A. walking B. walk C. walked

（ ）6. _____ shoes are bigger?
A. Who B. What C. Whose

（ ）7. —_____ are you?
—I'm 45 kilograms.
A. How old B. How heavy C. How tall

（ ）8. —_____ did you get there?
—We got there by boat.
A. How B. What C. When

（ ）9. They went _____ yesterday.
A. fish B. boat C. camping

（ ）10. Where did you go _____ the summer holiday?
A. with B. of C. over

试卷提示：请不要在密封线内答题哦！

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八、按要求完成句子。(10 分)

1. He is 1.73 metres. I'm 1.68 metres. (合并为一句话)
   He is _____ than _____.
2. They are watching TV now. (将 now 改为 yesterday)
   They _____ _____ yesterday.
3. He saw a film last night. (改为一般疑问句)
   _____ he _____ a film last night?
4. They stayed at home last weekend. (对画线部分提问)
   _____ _____ they do last weekend?
5. —_____ _____ all right? (补全问句)
   —I'm OK now.

九、读一读，选择正确的句子补全对话。(10 分)

A: 1. _____
B: We went to my hometown. It's in the countryside.
A: 2. _____
B: OK. There are many vegetables and plants in the countryside.
A: Are there any tall buildings?
B: 3. _____ But there are still some small buildings.
A: There is a big new library, isn't there?
B: Yes, there is one. 4. _____
A: I saw your pictures. The big new library is great.
B: Yes, it's cool. 5. _____
A: I think they are very nice.

A. How do you know that?
B. Where did you go last weekend?
C. I took many pictures there.
D. Tell me about your hometown, please.
E. Yes, there are some tall buildings.

十、阅读短文，完成任务。(15 分)

(一)

Hi, I'm Jack. I am from the USA. But now I'm studying in China. Last summer holiday I went to Dongguan with my sister. We went to Guangzhou by plane first. Then we took a bus to go to Dongguan. We visited Songshan Lake and we went boating there. We ate a lot of delicious food. We felt happy. This summer holiday, I am going to Sanya. It's not too far from Dongguan. I will have a good time.

阅读短文，选择正确的一项。(5 分)

(　　) 1. Jack is from _____.
A. 
B. 
C. 

(　　) 2. Jack went to _____.
A. Dongguan with his parents　B. Dongguan by train　C. Guangzhou by plane

(　　) 3. They went to Dongguan from Guangzhou by _____.
A. 
B. 
C. 

(　　) 4. They _____ there.
A. 
B. 
C. 

(　　) 5. Jack will not _____ this summer holiday.
A. go on a trip　B. go to Sanya　C. fly to Dongguan

(二)

Sam is eight years old. One day he went to the cinema. It was the first time for him to see a film at a cinema. He bought a ticket and then went in. But after two or three minutes he came out. He bought a second ticket and went in again. After a few minutes he came out again and bought a third ticket. Two or three minutes later he asked for another ticket. Then the girl in the ticket office asked him, " Why do you buy so many tickets? How many friends do you come with together?" Sam answered, " No, I don't have any friends here. But a big boy always stops me at the door and tears my tickets into pieces (把我的票撕碎)."

A. 根据短文内容选择正确的选项。(4 分)

(　　) 1. It was _____ for Sam to see a film at a cinema.
A. very happy　B. the first time　C. angry

(　　) 2. How many tickets did he buy?
A. Four.　B. One.　C. Three.

B. 根据短文内容判断正（T）误（F）。(6 分)

(　　) 3. Sam came to the cinema with many friends.
(　　) 4. Sam thought the big boy at the door was bad.
(　　) 5. Sam knew why the big boy tore his tickets into pieces.
(　　) 6. The girl would tell Sam why the big boy tore his tickets into pieces.
(　　) 7. Sam was too young to know how to use a ticket to get into the cinema.
(　　) 8. The girl was Sam's friend.

十一、写作。(10 分)

你马上要毕业了，六年的小学时光，你一定有很多变化吧，你的学校和朋友是不是也有很多变化呢？请你从学校、自己、朋友的变化中选择一个中心素材来给大家描述一下。

要求：注意时态的变化，题目自拟，不少于 6 句话，语句正确、通顺，书写工整。

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莱德基

好卷 小升初真题汇编卷一

六年级 英语 下 PEP版

时间：60分钟 满分：100分

题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	总分
得分												

听力测试

听力部分（30分）

一、听录音，选出你所听到的单词。（5分）

（ ）1. A. than　　B. thin　　C. hall　　D. till

（ ）2. A. basket　　B. beach　　C. become　　D. both

（ ）3. A. shadow　　B. show　　C. star　　D. stay

（ ）4. A. lamp　　B. laughed　　C. licked　　D. loud

（ ）5. A. washed　　B. watched　　C. went　　D. woke

二、听录音，根据所听问句选择正确的答语。（5分）

（ ）1. A. I saw a film yesterday.　　B. I am going to read a book.

（ ）2. A. It was fine.　　B. I stayed at home and watched TV.

（ ）3. A. I wear size 41.　　B. I am 58 kilograms.

（ ）4. A. He is playing the piano in the music class.
B. He often plays football after class.

（ ）5. A. We had some cakes and juice.
B. We are going to have some cakes and juice.

三、听对话，选出与所听内容相符的图片。（10分）

（ ）1. A. 　B. 　C. 

（ ）2. A. 　B. 　C. 

（ ）3. A. 　B. 　C. 

（ ）4. A. 

　B. 　C. 

（ ）5. A. 　B. 　C. 

四、听录音，选择合适的单词填空。（10分）

collecting　drew　have　likes　play　taller　had　younger　meters　Last

I _____ a good friend. Her name is Lily. I am 1.58 _____ tall. She is 1.60 metres tall. She is _____ than me. But she is only 13 years old, and I'm 14 years old. She is _____ than me. She _____ _____ stamps. We often _____ together. _____ weekend, we went hiking and _____ pictures. We _____ a good time.

笔试部分（70分）

五、读一读，选出每组词语中不同类的一个，将序号填在题前括号内。（5分）

（ ）1. A. ice-skate　　B. ice cream　　C. play badminton　　D. go camping

（ ）2. A. taller　　B. older　　C. shorter　　D. driver

（ ）3. A. yesterday　　B. Monday　　C. Sunday　　D. Tuesday

（ ）4. A. went　　B. take　　C. had　　D. rode

（ ）5. A. slow　　B. ship　　C. subway　　D. train

六、单项选择。（10分）

（ ）1. John is _____ than Mike.
A. strong　　B. stronger　　C. strongest

（ ）2. Mike played football _____ Jim yesterday.
A. and　　B. together　　C. with

（ ）3. _____ is the coldest season in Changchun.
A. Spring　　B. Autumn　　C. Winter

（ ）4. Lily is reading a book _____.
A. now　　B. tomorrow　　C. last night

（ ）5. The man is old, but he looks _____.
A. good　　B. young　　C. right

（ ）6. Where are you _____?
A. from　　B. of　　C. with

（ ）7. I like _____ basketball very much.
A. play　　B. plays　　C. playing

（ ）8. Tom often _____ to school by bus.
A. go　　B. goes　　C. went

（ ）9. Is she _____ school now?
A. at　　B. to　　C. on

（ ）10. These are Chinese _____.
A. stamps　　B. stamp　　C. stampes

姓名　学号　班级　学校

试卷提示：请不要在密封线内答题哦！

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七、选词，并用其正确的形式填空。(5 分)

watch　is　long　have　go

1. The monkey's tail is _____ than the rabbit's tail.
2. I _____ cycling yesterday.
3. There _____ no gym in my school twenty years ago.
4. He _____ an interesting dream last night.
5. He usually _____ TV after dinner every day.

八、连词成句。(10 分)

1. panda　an　is　a　than　heavier　elephant　usually (.)

_____

2. is　he　active　very　at　school (?)

_____

3. were　years　no　there　ago　libraries　five (.)

_____

4. go　Sarah　hiking　did　her　on　holiday (?)

_____

5. say　to　I　goodbye　don't　to　want　friends　my (.)

_____

九、根据问句选择正确的答语。(10 分)

A

(　　) 1. What size are your shoes?　　A. He went camping.
(　　) 2. How heavy is your mother?　　B. I wear size 41 shoes.
(　　) 3. How was your holiday?　　C. She is 54 kilograms.
(　　) 4. Did you go to Beijing last weekend?　　D. It was good.
(　　) 5. What did your father do last night?　　E. No, I didn't.

B

(　　) 1. What happened?　　A. I went to Sanya.
(　　) 2. Where did you go last weekend?　　B. I hurt my foot.
(　　) 3. How did you go there?　　C. Sarah's.
(　　) 4. Whose skirt is longer?　　D. By plane.
(　　) 5. Who is taller than you?　　E. John.

十、快乐阅读，请读短文，按要求完成下面的题目。(20 分)

A

I'm John. I am 1 month younger than my good friend Mike. My favourite season is winter. Last winter holiday, I flew to Harbin with my parents. We went skiing and ice-skating there. We played with the snow and made three snowmen. We took many pictures there. It was very interesting. We were all very happy.

请根据短文内容判断对错，对的画“√”，错的画“×”。

(　　) 1. John has no good friend.
(　　) 2. John likes winter best.
(　　) 3. John went to Harbin by plane.
(　　) 4. John made a snowman with his friends.
(　　) 5. John had a good time in Harbin last winter holiday.

B

A woman was at the cinema, and she was enjoying the film, but there was a man next to her, and he began looking at the floor under her. The woman was angry and asked, " What are you looking for?" " A piece of chocolate," the man said to her, " I dropped it on the floor." " A piece of chocolate?" the woman said angrily. " It is dirty now. Take this and be quiet, please. I am watching the film." She gave the man a big piece of chocolate. But the man said, " One of my teeth is in the chocolate!"

请根据短文内容选择合适的答案。

(　　) 1. The story happened (发生) _____.
　　A. at the cinema　　B. on a bus
(　　) 2. The woman gave the man a big piece of chocolate because _____.
　　A. they were friends　　B. she wanted to enjoy the film
(　　) 3. The man wanted to find the piece of chocolate because _____.
　　A. he wanted to keep the cinema clean
　　B. he wanted to find his tooth
(　　) 4. 文中“enjoying”的意思是 _____。
　　A. 享受；欣赏；观看　　B. 浏览
(　　) 5. — Was the woman angry? — _____.
　　A. Yes, she was　　B. No, she wasn't

十一、写作。(10 分)

暑假就要来了，你是否有很好的计划呢？你还记得上一个假期是怎么度过的吗？请向大家介绍一下吧，不少于 6 句话。

提示词：go to Xinjiang, climb Mt. Tianshan, eat some good food, go to the beach

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

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题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	总分
得分											

姓名 学号 班级 学校

听力部分（30分）

听力测试

一、听录音，选择听到的单词或词组，写序号。（5分）

（ ）1. How _____ are you, Jim?
A. heavy　B. happy　C. tall

（ ）2. We drank tea and _____ in the afternoon.
A. watched TV　B. saw a film　C. washed clothes

（ ）3. I _____ last weekend.
A. rode a bike　B. rode a horse　C. read a book

（ ）4. I took many pictures and _____ for my family in the summer vacation.
A. bought food　B. buy gifts　C. bought gifts

（ ）5. I don't like winter because I couldn't go _____.
A. skiing　B. cycling　C. swimming

二、听录音，按听到的顺序给下列图片排序。（5分）


（ ）


（ ）


（ ）


（ ）


（ ）

三、听录音，根据短文内容判断正误，正确的在括号内写“T”，错误的写“F”。（10分）

（ ）1. John is a student.
（ ）2. John studies in China.
（ ）3. John likes playing basketball.
（ ）4. John goes back home at 6: 30 p. m.
（ ）5. John doesn't like reading books in the evening.

四、听录音，填写句子中所缺的单词。（10分）

1. There wasn't a _____ in my old school.
2. Mike _____ in the park.
3. My sister often _____ near the lake.
4. Sarah's hobby is _____.
5. David's cousin is _____ but _____ than me.

笔试部分（70分）

五、读一读，根据句意写出单词补全句子。（10分）

1. There are seven days in a _____.
2. The sixth month of the year is _____.
3. My father teaches maths in a school. He is a _____.
4. Tom drives a taxi. He is a _____.
5. We plant _____ on March 12th.

六、读一读，选出恰当的一项。（10分）

（ ）1. My father didn't _____ football.
A. play　B. played　C. playing

（ ）2. —_____ your aunt play basketball yesterday?
—No, she _____ baseball.
A. Did; play　B. Did; played　C. Do; play

（ ）3. Lucy is ten years old. Lily is eleven years old. So Lucy is _____ than Lily.
A. older　B. younger　C. shorter

（ ）4. —Which book is _____, the red one or the white one?
—The red one.
A. heavy　B. bigger　C. thin

（ ）5. —_____ is your brother?
—He is 1.65 meters tall.
A. How heavy　B. How tall　C. How

（ ）6. Where _____ you _____ on your holiday?
A. did; go　B did; do　C. did; went

（ ）7. My arms are longer than _____.
A. yours　B. you　C. your

（ ）8. Look! They are _____ their homework.
A. do　B. did　C. doing

（ ）9. He is _____ and _____ than me.
A. taller; shorter　B. shorter; strong　C. shorter; stronger

（ ）10. I often _____ TV on the weekend, but I _____ camping last weekend.
A. watch; go　B. watched; went　C. watch; went

试卷提示：请不要在密封线内答题哦！

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七、从方框中选择恰当的选项补全对话，将其序号填在横线上。(10 分)

Amy: Hey, Jim. 1. _____

Jim: I'm making a card for my maths teacher, Mr. Wang.

Amy: 2. _____

Jim: He's tall and kind. His class is very funny.

Amy: 3. _____

Jim: He's 1. 80 metres tall. He likes sports.

Amy: 4. _____

Jim: Yes, he does. He likes playing badminton, too.

Amy: That's good exercise.

Jim: He works hard and stays healthy.

Amy: 5. _____

Jim: Yes, I'm going to be a head teacher.

Amy: That sounds great!

A. How tall is he?
B. What are you doing?
C. What's Mr. Wang like?
D. Are you going to be a teacher, too?
E. Does he like playing basketball?

八、看图，读句子，将句子补充完整，每空填写一个单词。(注意单词形式变化) (10 分)



1. Mike's father is a _____.



2. There was no _____ _____ in my school two years ago.



3. — What did you do yesterday?
   — I _____ _____.



4. If you are ill, you should _____ _____ _____.



5. She _____ in the shop last summer holiday.

九、阅读短文，完成任务。(20 分)

(一)

Do you like a sunny day? Of course! The sun is shining and everything looks bright. The sun looks small because it is so far from us. In fact, the sun is very large. The earth goes around the sun. It takes twelve months for the earth to do this. Can you feel the heat when you stand in the sun? Yes! The sun gives us a lot of heat and keeps us warm. The sun gives us light too. So we can see everything. It makes every life alive (活着). Plants, animals and people all need it. We can't live without the sun. The sun is good for making vitamin D (维生素 D) by our bodies.

根据短文内容判断正 (T) 误 (F)。

(　　) 1. The sun is shining and everything is bright.

(　　) 2. The sun gives us heat and light.

(　　) 3. The sun is small.

(　　) 4. The sun goes around the earth for twelve months.

(　　) 5. People need the sun to live.

(二)

Last summer, I went to Shenzhen for my holiday. It is a city of the seashore. I enjoyed having a walk along the beach after supper and having a swim in the afternoon. The sky there was blue. Wherever I went, I could always see the green trees and the colorful flowers. They were really beautiful.

This year, I am planning to spend my summer holiday on sports. Playing basketball is always my favourite. So some of my classmates and I want to make a small team and play basketball together. If so, we may have a match against other teams. I really like playing basketball.

阅读短文，根据短文内容选择正确的一项。

(　　) 1. Shenzhen is a _____ of the seashore.
A. town　　B. city　　C. country

(　　) 2. What did you enjoy in Shenzhen?
A. Having a walk.　　B. Having a swim.　　C. Having a walk and swim.

(　　) 3. This year, what are you going to do in the summer holiday?
A. Go to Shenzhen.　　B. Have a trip.　　C. Do sports.

(　　) 4. What is your favourite sport?
A. Playing basketball.　　B. Having a walk.　　C. Making a small team.

(　　) 5. What do you want to do this summer?
A. See the green trees and the colourful flowers.
B. Make a small team and have a match against other teams.
C. Play basketball at the gym.

十、写作。(10 分)

六一儿童节是小朋友最喜欢的节日。想必同学们在六一假期度过了愉快的时光。请描述在六一儿童节这个假期，你做了什么事情？去了哪里？怎么去的？今年暑假将至，你和家人打算去哪里？请依据提示，写一篇不少于 6 句话的短文。

提示：on Children's Day, go camping, take pictures, have a good time, by car, go to Hong Kong...

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Unit 1 达标检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. Look at this fish. It is bigger and longer than that one.
2. My grandparents live in the countryside.
3. Tony is thinner than his brother.
4. The man is stronger than the woman.
5. Look at the shadow of my hands. It looks like a dog.

二、1. **A**: Look at the tree. How tall is it?
B: It's 3 metres. It's so tall.
2. **A**: Danny, what size are your shoes?
B: I wear size 7 shoes.
3. **A**: Lucy, are you heavier than me?
B: I'm 47 kilograms. What about you?
4. **A**: I'm 1.67 metres tall. I'm taller than you, Tom.
B: Yes. But you are shorter than Lily.
5. **A**: I'm ten years old. How about you, Steven?
B: Me, too, Sam. We are younger than Peter.

三、1. How tall is he?
2. How heavy are you?
3. What size are your shoes?
4. Who is shorter, Tom or you?
5. What happens to him?

四、Tony and Dick are twins. They are ten years old. Tony is 1.54 metres tall. Dick is 1.58 metres tall. Tony is 49 kilograms. And Dick is 50 kilograms. Susan is their sister. She is twelve years old. She is 1.63 metres tall. She is not heavy. She is 45 kilograms.

答案：

一、1. B 2. A 3. A 4. B 5. A
二、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. C 5. B
三、1. C 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. A
四、1. ten years 2. 1.54 metres 3. 1.58 metres
4. 50 kilograms 5. 45 kilograms
五、1. younger 2. longer 3. heavier 4. stronger
5. taller
六、1. C **点拨**：watch sth./sb. do sth. 观察某物或某人做某事。
2. B **点拨**：both of us 我们两个。
3. A **点拨**：两人相比，than 前用形容词的比较级。
4. C **点拨**：over there 在那边。
5. A **点拨**：地点状语应为“在博物馆的大厅”，其他选项不符合常理。
6. B **点拨**：What size 用来询问衣服和鞋子的尺码。
7. C **点拨**：句意：我昨天不舒服，但现在感觉好多了。feel better 意为“感觉好多了”。
8. B **点拨**：形容词比较级 + and + 形容词比较级，意为“越来越……”。
9. C **点拨**：I'm … metres tall. 我身高……米。
10. C
七、1. B 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. B
八、1. C 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. B
九、1. C 2. D 3. E 4. A 5. B
十、(一) 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. F
(二) 1. older 2. shorter 3. stronger
4. stronger/older
5. thinner/older
十一、1. B 2. B 3. A 4. A 5. B
十二、范文：

My pets

I like pets. I have two dogs. Feifei is white. She is tall and big. Bobby is smaller than Feifei. He is lovely. They like to play with me. We go out to play together every morning. They are my good friends.

Unit 2 达标检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. I read an English magazine this morning.
2. They stayed in a hotel.
3. Look, this is my new lamp.
4. The children are too loud.
5. Oh, no! It's broken.

二、1. How was your birthday party?
2. When did you go to the park?
3. What did John do in the afternoon?
4. Did he see a film last night?
5. What do you want to do?

三、Yesterday was Sunday. Bob stayed at home. He washed clothes and cleaned his room in the morning. In the afternoon, he played with his father. He had a happy Sunday. Lily did her homework in the morning. In the afternoon, she read a book. Amy listened to music in the morning. In the afternoon, she went to the park to go shopping with her friend. She had a busy Sunday.

四、**W**: Hello, Tom. How was the show?
M: Hello, Amy. It was too bad.
W: Really? What happened?
M: I played the guitar on the show. But it was broken.
W: Oh, I'm sorry to hear that.
M: What did you do yesterday, Amy?
W: I stayed at home all the day.
M: Did you feel happy?
W: No, I felt very sad.

答案：

一、1. C 2. B 3. B 4. B 5. C
二、1. C 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. C
三、Bob; A B Lily; E F Amy; G I
四、1. B 2. C 3. B 4. C 5. A
五、1. watched 2. had 3. read 4. slept 5. stayed
六、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. F
七、1. C 2. C
3. B
4. A **点拨**：形容词比较级 + than … 指“比……更……”。
5. A **点拨**：get…from… “从……得到……”，时间状语 the day before yesterday 表示过去，故选 A。
6. C **点拨**：由 did 可以得知应选择表示过去的时间状语，所以选择 C。
7. C **点拨**：句意：我昨天不舒服，但现在感觉好多了。feel better 意为“感觉好多了”。
8. C **点拨**：stay 为单数，所以选 was。
9. A
10. A **点拨**：句首有助动词 Did，句子中的实义动词应使用原形。
八、1. does; do 2. cooked; cook 3. lived; live
4. has; had 5. watched; watch
九、1. B 2. E 3. A 4. D 5. C
十、(一) A C F H
(二) 1. C 2. A
十一、(一) 1. T 2. F 3. T
(二) 1. a pizza shop 2. It's seven dollars.
十二、范文：

Dear Tom,
I'm fine now. It's sunny today. But last weekend, It was rainy. I stayed at home. But I felt happy. I read a very interesting book in the morning. I cooked great food for your father. I saw a funny film on TV in the afternoon. In the evening, I talked with your father. We felt very good. We miss you so much. Please come back soon.
Love,
Mum

期中检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. Can you fix the broken desk?
2. My sister is shorter than me.
3. The robot's voice is so loud.
4. We are on our way to the hotel.
5. I want to see the dinosaur in that museum.

二、1. We went to the countryside last weekend.
2. My sister is taller than me.
3. We watched a children's show yesterday afternoon.
4. Did you read the new magazine?
5. My family watched TV together yesterday evening.

三、1. How old are you?
2. How heavy is your brother?
3. How was your weekend?
4. What did you do last Saturday?
5. Did you go on a trip last Sunday?

四、1. I'm younger than Li Lin.
2. My schoolbag is heavier than yours.
3. Is your ball bigger than my ball?
4. Tony is stronger than Peter.
5. I think this one is smaller.

答案：

一、1. B 2. C 3. B 4. A 5. A
二、1. C 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. A
三、1. C 2. A 3. C 4. A 5. B
四、1. younger 2. heavier 3. bigger 4. stronger
5. smaller
五、1. C 2. B 3. B 4. A 5. C
六、1. cleaned 2. taller 3. watched 4. saw 5. had
七、1. B **点拨**：句尾的时间状语 last night 提示此句应为一般过去时。
2. A **点拨**：often 表明这是经常性、规律性的动作，一般使用一般现在时，主语为单数第三人称，read 需要加-s。
3. C
4. A **点拨**：句首有助动词，句中的动词应为原形。
5. B **点拨**：第二个句中的 heavy 暗示，第一个句子提到的应与体重有关。
6. B **点拨**：比较级 + than，表示“比……更……”。
7. C **点拨**：此题需要观察句中动词的形式，read 没有加-s，表明此处为一般过去时，而非一般现在时，所以选择 yesterday。
8. A **点拨**：let's 后接动词原形。
9. C **点拨**：主语 film 后为形容词 interesting，句首应为 be 动词，film 为单数，所以此处选 Was。
10. B **点拨**：doesn't work 指“无法工作”，自然是“坏了”。
八、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. F
九、1. B 2. D 3. A 4. C 5. E
十、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. A 5. C
十一、(一) 1. A 2. B
(二) 1. 44 metres 2. longer 3. heavier
十二、范文：

My weekend
Last weekend, I went on a trip to the mountain with my friends. We didn't go there by bus or train. We rode our bikes to the mountain. We felt tired but happy. We went camping there. We had a picnic. On our way home, we rode slowly and saw many beautiful things. I had a great weekend.

Unit 3 达标检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. I went swimming yesterday morning.
2. I took some pictures at the park.
3. I went fishing with my father yesterday afternoon.
4. I ate some food last night.
5. I watched a sports game on TV last night.

二、1. Jim ate a hamburger yesterday.
2. Tom hurt his leg.
3. Jack rode a horse last weekend.
4. Susan went camping with her friends.
5. Mike played with his friend on the beach last summer holiday.

三、1. — Where did you go last weekend, Mike?
— I went to the park and rode a bike.
2. — What happened to John?
— He hurt his arm yesterday.
3. — Did you go fishing last weekend, Zhang Peng?
— Yes, I did.
4. — How was your summer holiday, Sarah?
— It was good.
5. — What did you do in Sanya, Chen Jie?
— I took many beautiful pictures there.

四、Tom is ten years old. He likes traveling very much. Last summer, he went to Mount Tai. He went there by train with his family. Mount Tai is very high and beautiful, but Tom was sad. He rode a horse there. He fell off the horse and hurt his foot. He went to see a doctor. It was not a happy trip!

答案：

一、给第一、四、六、七、八幅图画√。
二、1—B 2—E 3—A 4—D 5—C
三、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T
四、1. A 2. C 3. B 4. A 5. C
五、1. camping 2. bought 3. took 4. fishing 5. rode
六、1. A **点拨**：助动词 Did 后出现的动词使用原形。
2. C **点拨**：lots of “大量”，其后出现的可数名词应用复数形式，flower 为可数名词，不能用 much 修饰。
3. A **点拨**：look like “看起来像”。
4. A **点拨**：在生日时能得到许多“礼物”。
5. C **点拨**：fell off “从……掉下”，由 fell 可知第二空也应用动词的过去式，因此第二个空填 hurt。
6. C **点拨**：till “直到”。
7. B **点拨**：yesterday 是过去的时间状语，所以句子为一般过去时。go swimming 去游泳，固定搭配，其过去形式为 went swimming。
8. C
9. B
10. C
七、1. B 2. D 3. E 4. C 5. A
八、1. D 2. B 3. E 4. A 5. C
九、(一) 5 3 2 1 4
(二) 1. B 2. C 3. B 4. A 5. C

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十、1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. F
十一、范文：

My last winter holiday

I love the winter holiday. Last winter holiday, I went on a trip to Shenyang. My grandparents lived there. It was snowy there. I made a snowman with my cousins. I took many beautiful pictures in the snow. I went ice-skating. It was fun. I had a big dinner with my grandparents. The food was delicious. What a fun winter holiday!

Unit 4 达标检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. He ran very fast like a cheetah.
2. He fell off his bike.
3. It was an interesting place before.
4. What is your dream about?
5. I thought maths was fun and easy.
二、1. She likes to ice-skate in winter.
2. He woke up in the morning.
3. There was a dining hall in my school.
4. He had a great dream yesterday.
5. He is very active in class now.
三、1. **A**：Could you swim five years ago，Tom?
B：Yes，but I couldn't ride a bike.
2. **A**：Look，there is a new and tall building.
B：Yes，but there were many flowers before.
3. **A**：Jenny，how did you come to school before?
B：I lived far from our school. So I came to school by bus.
4. **A**：Did you like to play ping-pong last year，Bob?
B：No，I liked to play football.
5. **A**：It's hot and sunny today.
B：Yes. But yesterday it was rainy.
四、Look at this photo. It is the countryside. I lived there twenty years ago. There were some small buildings. There was a clean river near the buildings. We often went fishing there. There were no bikes. I couldn't ride a bike before. Now，there are many tall buildings. There is a little bridge over the river. We like to fly kites now. It is fun.

答案：

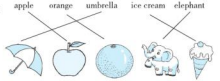
一、1. A 2. C 3. B 4. A 5. C
二、1 5 4 2
三、1. A 2. B 3. B 4. C 5. A
四、1. C 2. B 3. B 4. A 5. C
五、1. grass 2. badminton 3. cycling 4. gym 5. dining
六、1. C **点拨**：tell sb. about sth. 告诉某人关于某事。
2. B **点拨**：love to do sth. 喜爱做某事。
3. C **点拨**：由 was 可推断此句为一般过去时态。
4. B **点拨**：句子使用一般过去时态，所以应用 before。
5. A 6. B **点拨**：at that time “在那时候”，表过去，所以应选择 Could。
7. C **点拨**：此句询问得知消息的方式，选择 How 来提问。
8. A **点拨**：in my time “在我的时代”或“在我那时候”。
9. C 10. B
七、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. F 5. T
八、1. I couldn't swim before.
2. Before，I didn't like red.
3. I think it is too cold in winter now.
4. How do you know it?
5. Could you see many stars at night?
九、1. went 2. went 3. was 4. played 5. were 6. wants 7. is 8. want 9. drink 10. be
十、1. C 2. B 3. A 4. A 5. B
十一、范文：

My dream

I had a dream yesterday. I was in a forest. There were no people. I couldn't run because my leg hurt. I was so sad. Suddenly，there was a tiger. He could talk. He asked me what happened. Then he helped me. He put some grass on my leg. I felt better. I could run then. I thanked the tiger and went home. I felt happy.

语音专项复习卷

一、1. Aa Hh Jj Kk
2. Bb Cc Dd Ee Gg Pp Tt Vv Zz
3. Ff Ll Mm Nn Ss Xx 4. Oo
5. Rr 6. Uu Qq Ww
7. Ii Yy
二、Ff Hh Ll Mm Nn Rr Ss Xx
三、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. T 6. F 7. F 8. T 9. F 10. F
四、1. fresh；short 2. teacher；chicken
3. headache；toothache 4. thin；think
5. those；there 6. whose；whole 7. what；why
8. drink；drive 9. strong；train
五、1. chicken 2. tree 3. skirt 4. zebras 5. fixed 6. lunch
六、1. 四种 2. 四种 3. 两种 4. 三种 5. 两种
七、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. F 5. T 6. T 7. F 8. F 9. T 10. F
八、1. ago 2. cap 3. cinema 4. nineteen 5. worry
九、apple orange umbrella ice cream elephant



十、1. Then tell 2. Kate favourite 3. This is sister 4. sun sunny 5. oranges not
十一、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T 6. T 7. F 8. T 9. F 10. T
十二、1. ground trousers；cousin country
2. brown flower；show window
3. warm war；party garden
4. read cream；sweater heavy
十三、1. took foot wood 2. deep sweet seed
3. pain grain wait 4. work doctor worker
5. thirsty birthday shirt
十四、1. No 2. No 3. Yes 4. No 5. Yes
十五、1. 2. 3. 4. 5.
十六、1. Yesterday Sunday play
2. cool afternoon too
3. homework hamburgers
4. Tom orange lots doctor not body
5. Sunday much mother
6. didn't his in sick him

词汇专项复习卷一

一、Food：beef rice bread salad
Body：nose arm eye leg
Subject：English Chinese maths music
Family：grandpa parent cousin uncle
Animal：elephant panda tiger monkey
Clothes：coat dress shirt sweater
Traffic：plane ship train bus
Job：farmer doctor driver cook
二、1. books 2. chairs 3. horses 4. photos
5. toys 6. buses 7. boxes 8. potatoes
9. sandwiches 10. brushes 11. babies 12. countries
13. knives 14. leaves 15. men 16. children
17. feet 18. teeth 19. sheep 20. deer
三、可数名词：apple lake grape fork computer river hand window mouth duck chicken ear key
不可数名词：bread water milk beef juice tea soup money hair chicken rice meat
四、1. Mike's 2. Miss Smith's 3. Amy and Sarah's
4. mother's 5. doctor's 6. girls' 7. teachers'
8. children's 9. women's
五、1. milk **点拨**：some 后可接不可数名词或可数名词的复数形式，此题应选择不可数名词 milk。
2. men **点拨**：many 后接可数名词的复数形式。
3. leaves **点拨**：通过句中的系动词 are 可判断此处应为复数。
4. tomatoes **点拨**：此处应使用可数名词的复数形式，tomato 的复数形式为 tomatoes。
5. sheep **点拨**：sheep 的复数形式与单数形式相同。
6. sister **点拨**：由 girl 可是此处为 sister。
7. coat **点拨**：通过句中的 Is this，可判断此处应为单数形式。
8. Mrs. **点拨**：由 She 可知此处用 Mrs.。
9. ferry **点拨**：通过第一句我们可以判断出 ferry 应为正确答案。
10. the UK **点拨**：伦敦为英国的城市。
六、1. horses 2. parents' 3. bread
4. candy/candies 5. peaches 6. sister's
7. pork 8. children；Children's 9. buses
10. Mr Black's
七、1. sun 2. flowers 3. ears 4. noodles 5. China
6. banana 7. postmen 8. library 9. kitchen 10. PE
点拨：完成此题，先要观察十幅图片分别代表什么内容，再认真阅读句子，抓住关键信息进行匹配。如第1题根据晚上看不到、热等信息我们可以确定答案为太阳。
八、1. twenty 2. seven 3. forty 4. eight 5. fourteen
6. sixteen 7. three 8. seventy 9. twenty 10. fifteen
九、thirtieth nineteenth sixteenth eleventh eighth
fifth third second first
十、1. five fifth 2. nine ninth 3. ten tenth
4. thirty thirtieth
十一、1. B 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. A
十二、1. an 2. an **点拨**：字母 a 的发音是以元音音素开始的。
3. a；an 4. a；a 5. an **点拨**：hour 虽然以辅音字母开始，但 h 不发音，其第一个音素为元音音素。
6. an；a 7. the 8. the 9. The 10. the
十三、1. C **点拨**：表示演奏某种乐器时，要在乐器前加 the。
2. B **点拨**：在文中第一次提到某事物，用不定冠词 a 或 an，再次提到用 the。
3. C **点拨**：形容词的最高级前用 the。
4. A **点拨**：Great Wall 为专有名词，前面要加 the，国家名称前一般不加 the。
5. C **点拨**：月份名称前不加 the，表示“第……个”，序数词前加 the。
6. A
7. B **点拨**：Beijing 为城市名称，其前不加 the。
8. C

词汇专项复习卷二

一、1. sunny 2. cloudy 3. rainy 4. snowy
5. well 6. friendly 7. happily 8. carefully
9. quickly 10. sadly
二、1. taller 2. younger 3. thinner 4. bigger
5. heavier 6. easier 7. nicer 8. later
9. better 10. worse
三、1. C 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. C
四、1. C 2. B 3. A 4. A 5. C
五、1. A **点拨**：由答句可知是在询问年龄。
2. B **点拨**：由答句可知是在询问身高。
3. C **点拨**：此处应为副词，修饰说明 play football。
4. B **点拨**：名词 days 前应用形容词，表示某一种天气。
5. A **点拨**：两个比较级用 and 连接，表示“越来越……”，再由 Winter 可知答案。
6. B **点拨**：形容词修饰 something 时要放在它的后面。
7. C **点拨**：此题应按常识来选择。
8. A **点拨**：the + 最高级。
9. C **点拨**：名词 fool 前应使用形容词，make + 某人或某物 + 形容词，表示“使某人/某物怎么样”。
10. A **点拨**：exciting 意思为“令人兴奋的，使人激动的”，主语是物或事；excited 的意思为“兴奋的，激动的”，主语是人。
六、

I	my	me	mine	myself
he	his	him	his	himself
we	our	us	ours	ourselves
she	her	her	hers	herself
you	your	you	yours	yourself
they	their	them	theirs	themselves

七、1. I；My 2. She；Her 3. We；Our 4. his；him 5. his
八、1. C 2. A 3. B 4. A 5. B 6. C
九、1. T 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. F
十、1. for 2. after 3. at 4. in 5. from 6. on 7. of 8. with 9. by 10. to
十一、be 动词：was am is are
情态动词：can may should shall would
助动词：do does did
实义动词：read dance do play listen watch see eat make
十二、D G C B J I H A F E
十三、1. C 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. B 6. A 7. B 8. B

句型专项复习卷

一、1. chair；some books；the desk
2. children；is a girl talking with a boy（答案不唯一）
3. is；is some chicken in the plate
4. Are；Are there any pandas；
there aren't（答案不唯一）
5. are there；are；boys are there（答案不唯一）；is
点拨：There be 句型用来描述人或事物的位置，表示“某处有某人或某物”。其结构是“There be + 某人或某物 + 表示位置关系的介词短语”。
二、1. There are；have 2. there is；has 3. have
4. Is there 5. There are 6. have 7. There are

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8. have 9. There are

点拨： have，has 表示“有”，用来表明物品的所有权，而 there be 结构只描述位置。

三、1. is 2. are 3. was 4. Are 5. Were 6. are 7. is 8. is 9. are

点拨： There be 句型中 be 动词的形式跟与其相邻的人或事物的数量相关，单数使用 is 或 was，复数使用 are 或 were。

四、1. Is; taller 2. Are there 3. Are; going 4. Can 5. May I 6. Will; go on a trip 7. Do; play ping-pong 8. Does; read a book 9. Did; buy any food

点拨： 陈述句中含有 be 动词或情态动词时，改为一般疑问句需要将 be 动词或情态动词放到句首。含有实义动词的，实义动词保持原形，在句首加 Do/ Does/Did。

五、1. B 2. D 3. G 4. F 5. A 6. E 7. C

六、1. What; like to 2. What; these
3. How many; does; have 4. Who; tallest boy
5. When; get up 6. How; go to school
7. How much; this dress 8. Where; the cat
9. Why; like winter 10. How tall

七、1. What 2. How far 3. What size 4. When
5. What colour 6. Which 7. How old
8. How tall 9. Where 10. What time

八、1. big dog; big the dog is
2. hot and sunny day; hot and sunny the day is
3. beautiful dress; beautiful the dress is
4. cute little cat; cute the little cat is
5. tired we are

点拨： 以 What 引导的感叹句结构：What + a（an）（+ 形容词）+ 单数可数名词（+ 主语 + 谓语）! 或 What（+ 形容词）+ 可数名词复数或不可数名词（+ 主语 + 谓语）! 以 How 引导的感叹句结构是：How + 形容词（副词）+ 主语 + 谓语！

九、1. C 2. A 3. C 4. A 5. B

十、1. Let's go to play ping-pong together.
2. Please don't swim in the river.
3. Always have your breakfast please.
4. Please be quiet in the library.
5. No smoking in the restaurant.

点拨： 祈使句是用来表示请求、命令、劝告或禁止等语气的句子。它的主语多是 You（通常不说出）。祈使句可分为肯定、否定两种形式。其中肯定形式的祈使句由动词原形开头，分两类：be 动词（连系动词）+ 表语（如：形容词、名词等）或由行为动词开头。否定形式的祈使句也有两类：Don't + 动词原形或 No + 动名词（名词）。以 let 引导的祈使句结构为：Let + 宾语 + 动词原形 + 其他。

十一、1. C 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. C

时态专项复习卷

一、1. likes 2. looks 3. plays 4. reads 5. kisses
6. fixes 7. watches 8. washes
9. teaches 10. does 11. goes 12. flies
13. carries 14. says 15. has

二、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. A 5. B 6. C 7. A 8. B 9. C

点拨： 一般现在时，当主语为单数第三人称形式时，动词需要进行变化，一般动词在词尾加-s 或-es。

三、1. I often watch TV after dinner.
2. Do you always help your mother?
3. My grandfather doesn't like to read the magazine.
4. Does your sister have a music class on Sunday morning?
5. When does Danny go to school?

四、1. walking 2. playing 3. reading 4. arriving
5. writing 6. dancing 7. running 8. swimming
9. shopping 10. stopping 11. sitting 12. hitting

五、1. are 2. am 3. are 4. are 5. Is 6. is

六、1. singing 2. are having 3. playing; is playing
4. are watching 5. are running; are doing

七、1. are playing 2. is washing 3. is reading a book
4. am drawing a picture 5. are riding

八、1. I am going to read a book tomorrow. / I will read a book tomorrow.
2. No, I will not.
3. I'm going to have a music class.
4. They are going to play in the park next Sunday.
5. What will Lily do this weekend?
6. He will fly a kite in the park.

九、1. B 2. C 3. A 4. C 5. A

十、1. looked 2. walked 3. played 4. arrived
5. danced 6. liked 7. stopped 8. shopped
9. tripped 10. hit 11. hurt 12. read
13. sat 14. swam 15. ran 16. ate 17. saw
18. went 19. had 20. bought 21. did 22. taught
23. was 24. were

十一、1. There was a library in my school before.
2. We went boating on the lake last Sunday.
3. Did he do his homework yesterday?
4. Mike didn't play football last weekend.
5. What did you do this afternoon?

十二、1. C 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. A 6. C 7. B
8. C 9. C 10. B

十三、1. went 2. reads; read 3. visited
4. did; do; cooked 5. Did; have

情景交际专项复习卷

一、1. F 2. D 3. L 4. N 5. K 6. H 7. E
8. A 9. O 10. I 11. B 12. C 13. J 14. G
15. M

二、(一) 3 2 5 4 7 6 1
(二) 2 5 6 4 8 3 1 7
(三) 6 2 1 4 5 8 7 3
(四) 7 3 1 4 5 2 6 8 9

点拨： 此种题型要先确定中心话题及第一句。一般第一句可能是第一次出现人名的句子和用来打招呼的句子。然后根据问句答句之间的逻辑关系，确定其他句子的顺序，得出最终答案。

三、(一) 1. C 2. E 3. B 4. D 5. A
(二) 1. C 2. E 3. A 4. D 5. B
(三) 1. B 2. F 3. D 4. E 5. A 6. C
(四) 1. C 2. E 3. F 4. A 5. D 6. B
(五) 1. C 2. A 3. E 4. B 5. F 6. D
(六) 1. G 2. H 3. B 4. A 5. D 6. I 7. J 8. C 9. F 10. E

点拨： 此种题型首先要确定话题的中心内容，然后先根据上下文明显的问句和答句选择出相对明显的答案，最后再确定剩余的答案，完成题目。

阅读专项复习卷

一、(一) 1. A 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. C
(二) 1. B 2. A 3. A 4. B 5. C 6. C 7. B 8. B 9. A 10. B

二、**点拨：** 此类题目中的大部分只要认真阅读短文，通过对比题目与原文即可判断出其正误。部分题目需要通过推理判断，要关注近义词或相似的表达方式，或者综合两三句话给出的信息来完成判断。

(一) 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. F
(二) 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T
(三) 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T

三、(一) 1. B 2. C 3. B 4. A 5. B
(二) 1. C 2. B 3. C 4. A 5. C

四、A. 1. teachers' offices 2. gyms 3. art rooms
4. music rooms 5. computer rooms
B. 1. B 2. C 3. C 4. A 5. C

写作专项复习卷

一、

My father

There are four people in my family，my grandmother，my father，my mother and I. My father is my favourite. He is 1.78 metres tall. He is tall and thin. He likes playing sports. He is healthy and strong. He is a clerk. He goes to work by bus. He loves me and my family. He often cooks food for us. I like to play with him very much.

二、

Rabbits

There are lots of animals in the world. I like animals. I think they are our friends. My favourite animal is the rabbit. Some rabbits are white. Some rabbits are black. Some rabbits are brown. They are all small and cute. They like to eat grass，carrots，vegetables and leaves. They are quiet and shy. They can jump. Their ears are very long. I like rabbits very much.

三、

My Favourite

I'm a student. I'm a boy. My favourite colour is blue. The sea is blue. The sky is blue. I think blue is cool. My favourite animal is the tiger. They are strong. They are the king of the forest. My favourite food is the hamburger. They are delicious. I like to wear T-shirts and shorts in summer. That makes me cool. I like drawing pictures very much. What's your favourite?

四、

Spring

There are four seasons in a year. My favourite season is spring. In spring，the weather is getting warmer and warmer. The grass is green. The trees have new，green leaves. We can see many flowers. They are beautiful. The birds fly back and fly in the sky. People take off their winter clothes and go for a walk together. They like to fly kites，climb mountains in spring. Spring is a beautiful season. I like it.

五、

My bedroom

Look，this is my bedroom. My bedroom is clean and nice. There is a big bed in my bedroom. It's blue. Blue is my favourite colour. There is a lamp beside the bed. Above the bed，there are some pictures on the wall. Beside the pictures，there is a guitar. I like playing the guitar. Near the window，there is a bookshelf. There are many books on it. I like reading books in my bedroom. I like my bedroom.

六、

My summer holiday

This summer holiday，I will not have homework. I will read lots of interesting books. I will go on a trip with my family. I will go to the park to play with my friends. I will play sports every day. That will make me strong and healthy. I will get ready for my middle school. I will have a happy holiday.

七、

My family

My name is Li Jun. I'm 12 years old. I'm a student. I'm 1.74 metres tall. I'm tall and strong. I like playing football. There are four people in my family，my father，my mother，my sister and I. My father is 41 years old. He is 1.78 metres tall. He is tall and thin. He is a doctor. He likes reading books. My mother is 40 years old. She is 1.62 metres tall. She is thin. She has long hair. She is a teacher. She likes watching TV. My sister is 7 years old. She is 1.32 metres tall. She is a student，too. She is short and cute. She likes playing with her toys. I love my family.

八、

At Home

It's Sunday evening. My family is at home. My grandparents and my sister are in the living room. They are playing cards. My father is in the study. He is working on the computer. He is very busy. My mother and I are in the kitchen. We are washing the dishes. I'm helpful at home.

九、

A Good-bye Party

This summer，we will leave our primary school. Last Friday afternoon，we had a good-bye party. We cleaned our classroom. The classroom was very beautiful. We sang songs. We danced. We played games. We made dumplings with our teachers. We said thanks and goodbye to our teachers. They were sad. We were sad，too. We will never forget our school，our friends and our teachers.

十、

To be a teacher

There are lots of jobs in the world. What do you want to be? I want to be a teacher. My parents are both teachers. I want to be a good teacher like them. To be a teacher，I should work hard to learn more. I must be good at my study. And I will learn how to teach children well. I will be a good teacher one day. What about you?

十一、

Before and now

Six years ago，I came to school and became a pupil. Now，I am twelve years old. I'm taller and stronger than before. Six years ago，I was quiet and shy. I didn't have any friends. But now I am active. I have many good friends. My school was small before. There was only one building. Now there are three buildings. There are more than 50 classes in my school. It's more beautiful now.

期末检测卷一

听力材料：

一、1. The mule is small and cute.
2. I need a new lamp. The old one is broken.
3. The cat slept very well.
4. They are having a race. Tom is the first.
5. Li Mei went fishing with her father yesterday.

二、1. Tony had a cold last Saturday.
2. We often go cycling in autumn.
3. They went camping last weekend.
4. He is shorter than his friend.
5. I went on a trip and took many pictures.

三、1. What size are your shoes?
2. How was your party?
3. What did you do last weekend?
4. Where did you go?
5. How did you go to the zoo?

四、1. **W**$_1$: Hello，Amy! How tall are you?
W$_2$: Hi，Lily. I'm 1.65 metres. What about you，Lily?
W$_1$: I'm 1.57 metres.
2. **M**$_1$: Hi，Jack. I'm 76 kilograms. What about you?
M$_2$: Hi，Tom. You are heavier than me.
3. **M**$_1$: Sam，did you see a film last weekend?
M$_2$: No，I didn't. I stayed at home last weekend.
4. **W**$_1$: Hi，Linda. What happened to you last Sunday?

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W$_2$: Hi, Amy. I had a cold.
W$_1$: Are you all right?
W$_2$: I feel better now.
5. **M**$_1$: Hi, Tom. I think your computer is very old.
M$_2$: Yes, it is. We bought it six years ago.

答案：

一、第一行：第二、四、五幅图画√。
第二行：第二、四幅图画√。
二、4 1 3 5 2
三、1. C 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. A
四、1. F 2. T 3. T 4. T 5. F
五、1. gift 2. grass 3. ate 4. read 5. badminton
六、1. did 2. washed 3. older 4. went 5. go
七、1. B **点拨**：句意：一只乌比一只恐龙小。故选 B。
2. A **点拨**：the + 形容词的最高级，表示“最……的”。
3. B **点拨**：look like 的意思是“看起来像……”，主语为第三人称单数，所以 look 加-s。
4. B **点拨**：both of them，指“他们两个”。
5. C **点拨**：由 at that time 可知句子时态是一般过去时，There were no + 可数名词复数，There was no + 不可数名词/可数名词单数，表示“过去没有……”。
6. B 7. A **点拨**：由 yesterday 可判断出此句为一般过去时态。
8. C **点拨**：It 为第三人称单数，动词应加-s，选择 sounds。
9. B **点拨**：stay at home 意思为“待在家里”。
10. C **点拨**：由 be 动词的形式可判断出句子描述的是现在的情况，所以选择一般现在时态的时间状语 now。
八、1. C 2. E 3. D 4. A 5. B
九、1. They drank tea in the afternoon.
2. Your feet are bigger than mine.
3. I want to buy the new film magazine.
4. How do you know that?
5. Tell me about your city, please.
十、(一) A: 1. B 2. C
B: 3. went camping 4. boating; fishing
C: 5. F 6. T
(二) A: 1. small 2. dirty 3. clean
4. many tall trees
5. trees, grass and flowers
B: 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. F
十一、范文：

My Friend

Do you have good friends? I have one good friend. She is a girl. Her name is Lily. She is twelve years old. She is one year older than me. She is 1.56 metres tall. I'm taller than her. She is about 45 kilograms. I'm heavier than her. She likes to play badminton. I like to play badminton, too. We often play badminton together. We are good friends.

期末检测卷二

听力材料：

一、1. better before become 2. drank draw dream
3. feel fell felt 4. loud lamp lower
5. smarter star stay
二、1. The monkey is taller than the elephant.
2. She stayed at home and watched TV.
3. Tom ate some fresh food.
4. There is a big, new dining hall in my school.
5. Lily could play badminton very well.
三、1. **W**: Hi, John. How was the race?
M: Peter was the first. I was the second.
2. **M**: Lily, what do you want to do?
W: I want to buy a new film magazine.
3. **W**: What happened to you, Tom?
M: I fell off the bike and hurt my feet.
4. **W**: What did you do in the countryside, Sam?
M: I rode a mule. It was fun.
5. **M**: Mum, I'm so sad. I had a dream. I lost the race.
W: Oh, Jack. That's only a dream. Be happy.
四、 Yesterday was Saturday. I cleaned my room. Then I went to Amy's home in the morning. We read a story together. After that, we walked to a park. We saw some bees and flowers. We took some pictures. We were very happy.

答案：

一、1. C A B 2. A C B 3. B C A 4. B A C 5. C B A
二、1. × 2. √ 3. × 4. × 5. √
三、1. B 2. A 3. A 4. B 5. A
四、cleaned; went; read; saw; took
五、1. longer 2. washed 3. bought 4. gym 5. cycling
六、1. is 2. have a look 3. looks 4. drank 5. so
七、1. B **点拨**：over there 在那边。
2. A **点拨**：“比较级 + and + 比较级”指“越来越……”。
3. C **点拨**：do anything else 做其他任何事，anything 一般用于疑问句和否定句中。
4. C **点拨**：“be + 形容词”构成系表结构，the film 为单数，故选 Was。
5. A 6. C
7. B **点拨**：由答语可知问句是在问体重。
8. A **点拨**：由答语可知问句在问到达的方式。
9. C **点拨**：went camping 野营。
10. C **点拨**：over the summer holiday 在暑假期间。
八、1. taller; me 2. watched TV
3. Did; see 4. What did 5. Are you
九、1. B 2. D 3. E 4. A 5. C
十、(一) 1. A 2. C 3. B 4. B 5. C
(二) A: 1. B 2. C
B: 3. F 4. T 5. F 6. T 7. T 8. F
十一、范文：

My school

I am in Grade Six now. I came to my school six years ago. There were four tall buildings at that time. Now, there are five. There were some big and tall trees in our school. There was no computer in our classroom. Now, there is a new one. We can have classes with the computer. I was short in Grade One. Now I am a tall boy. I love my school.

小升初真题汇编卷一

听力材料：

一、1. My father is very thin.
2. The leaves become red and yellow in autumn.
3. Look at the shadow! What is it?
4. Don't be so loud. The baby is sleeping.
5. He woke up at 6:00 this morning.
二、1. What are you going to do tomorrow?
2. How was your Saturday?
3. How heavy are you?
4. What is he doing?
5. What did you have for breakfast?
三、1. **W**: How did you go to Beijing last summer?
M: We went there by train.
2. **M**: What did you do last night?
W: I read a book.
3. **W**: Where did you go last Sunday?
M: I went to the cinema.
4. **W**: What does your mother do?
M: She is a teacher.
5. **W**: What will you do this Saturday?
M: I will play football.
四、I have a good friend. Her name is Lily. I am 1.58 metres tall. She is 1.60 metres tall. She is taller than me. But she is only 13 years old, and I'm 14 years old. She is younger than me. She likes collecting stamps. We often play together. Last weekend, we went hiking and drew pictures. We had a good time.

答案：

一、1. B 2. C 3. A 4. D 5. D
二、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. A 5. A
三、1. C 2. B 3. A 4. A 5. B
四、have meters taller younger likes collecting play
Last drew had
五、1. B 2. D 3. A 4. B 5. A
六、1. B **点拨**：形容词的比较级 + than 表示“比……更……”。
2. C **点拨**：play…with…表示“和……一起玩……”。
3. C **点拨**：最冷的季节应为冬季。
4. A **点拨**：该句为现在进行时态，应使用与之相匹配的 now。
5. B **点拨**：but 前后的意思构成转折关系，因此两个形容词应互为反义词。
6. A **点拨**：be from 表示“来自……”。
7. C **点拨**：like + 动词的-ing 形式表示“喜欢做某事”。
8. B **点拨**：句中有 often 说明是经常性、规律性的动作，通常使用一般现在时，主语 Tom 为单数第三人称，应选择 goes。
9. A **点拨**：at school 为固定搭配，意为“在学校”。
10. A
七、1. longer **点拨**：根据句意可知此处应选择与长短相关的形容词，且是两者相比较的内容，应使用比较级。
2. went **点拨**：go cycling 为固定搭配，又因为句中时间状语为 yesterday，所以使用 go 的过去式。
3. was **点拨**：twenty years ago 为过去的时间，应使用动词的过去式。
4. had **点拨**：last night 表示过去的时间，句中动词应使用过去式。
5. watches **点拨**：句中有频率副词 usually，应使用一般现在时，又因为 he 为单数第三人称形式，此处应使用 watches。
八、1. An elephant is usually heavier than a panda.
2. Is he very active at school?
3. There were no libraries five years ago.
4. Did Sarah go hiking on her holiday?
5. I don't want to say goodbye to my friends.
九、A. 1. B 2. C 3. D 4. E 5. A
B. 1. B 2. A 3. D 4. C 5. E
十、A. 1. × 2. √ 3. √ 4. × 5. √
B. 1. A 2. B 3. B 4. A 5. A
十一、范文：

My summer holiday

I went to Xinjiang with my parents last summer holiday. I saw lots of grapes there. I ate some good food. I rode a horse. The horse looked like a mule. It was very interesting. I also climbed Mt. Tianshan. It was so high. I took many pictures. I had a good time. This summer, I will go to the beach with my parents. I will have a happy holiday.

小升初真题汇编卷二

听力材料：

一、1. How heavy are you, Jim?
2. We drank tea and watched TV in the afternoon.
3. I rode a horse last weekend.
4. I took many pictures and bought gifts for my family in summer vacation.
5. I don't like winter because I couldn't go swimming.
二、1. I'm going to buy a comic book tomorrow.
2. Mike is listening to music.
3. We saw a film last night.
4. Sarah often goes shopping on Saturdays.
5. My father is a businessman.
三、Hello, I'm John. I'm twelve years old. I am a student. I am from the USA. Now I study in China. I go to school at 7:30 in the morning. I have four classes in the morning and three in the afternoon. I have lunch at school. I like drawing pictures and playing football with my classmates. At 4:30, I go home. I often do my homework and watch TV after dinner. I like reading books before I go to bed.
四、1. There wasn't a basketball gym in my old school.
2. Mike saw some grass in the park.
3. My sister often goes camping near the lake.
4. Sarah's hobby is cycling.
5. David's cousin is younger but taller than me.

答案：

一、1. A 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. C
二、2 4 1 5 3
三、1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. F
四、1. basketball gym 2. saw some grass 3. goes camping
4. cycling 5. younger; taller
五、1. week 2. June 3. teacher 4. driver 5. trees
六、1. A **点拨**：助动词后使用动词原形。
2. B **点拨**：问句中 yesterday 是过去的时间，问句与答句都应使用一般过去时。
3. B 4. B **点拨**：由问句的后半部分可知此句是将两者进行比较，应使用形容词的比较级形式。
5. B 6. A **点拨**：疑问词后有助动词 did，则后的动词应使用原形。
7. A **点拨**：此处应使用名词性物主代词 yours，相当于 your arms。
8. C **点拨**：空格前有 be 动词，其后出现的动词应为动词的-ing 形式。
9. C **点拨**：由于是两人进行比较，两空都应为比较级，A 选项两个答案互斥，不能并列。
10. C **点拨**：前一分句有 often，应使用一般现在时，后一分句有 last weekend，应使用一般过去时。
七、1. B 2. C 3. A 4. E 5. D
八、1. scientist 2. dining hall 3. went fishing
4. see a doctor 5. bought gifts
九、(一) 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. T
(二) 1. B 2. C 3. C 4. A 5. B
十、范文：

On Children's Day, I went to a hill with my parents. We went there by car. We went camping on the hill. There were many trees and flowers. I took many pictures. We were very happy.

This summer holiday, we will go to Hong Kong. It's a beautiful city. We will have a good time there.

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好卷

小卷

- 阶段过关卷（8套）
- 单元知识梳理卷（4套）
- 重难易错突破卷（1套）



六年级 英语

下（PEP版）

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荣德基 好卷

Unit 1 How tall are you?

阶段过关卷一（Part A）

六年级 英语 下 PEP版

班级_____ 姓名_____ 得分_____ 时间：30分钟 满分：100分

核心笔记

扫码跟读

一、重点词汇

形容词的比较级：younger 更年轻的；older 更年长的；taller 更高的；shorter 更矮的，更短的；longer 更长的

名词：dinosaur 恐龙；hall 大厅；metre（或 meter）米

其他：than 比；both 两个都

二、重点句子

1. That's the tallest dinosaur in this hall. 那是这个厅里最高的恐龙。

2. It's taller than both of us together. 它比我俩加起来还高。

3. —How tall are you? 你有多高？
—I'm 1.65 metres. 我身高1.65米。

三、拓展复习

old	老的；年纪大的
young	年轻的；岁数不大的
tall	高的
big	大的
small	小的
long	长的
short	矮的；短的
fat	胖的；肥的
thin	瘦的
heavy	重的
light	轻的

四、重点知识解析

（一）形容词的比较级

1. 英语里形容词有三个等级，即原级、比较级和最高级。将程度不

基础达标测

一、根据图片及首字母提示，写出正确的单词，补全句子。（20分）



1. My mother is tall, and my father is t_____.



2. I'm y_____ than my grandfather.



3. Tom is o_____ than his brother.



4. My hair is l_____ than my father's.



5. The tree is s_____ than the giraffe.

二、从括号中选择正确的单词补全句子。（15分）

1. That giraffe is the _____(taller/tallest) in this zoo.

2. She is younger _____ (than/then) her sister.

3. He is 1.78 _____ (metres/metre).

4. Tom is taller than _____ (that /both) of us.

5. _____(How/What) tall is that building?

三、单项选择。（15分）

(　　)1. Tom is taller than _____.
A. she　　B. me　　C. he

(　　)2. How tall _____ your father?
A. is　　B. are　　C. am

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核心笔记

同的两者进行比较，即表示“比……更（还）……”时用比较级。

2.形容词比较级的变化规则

单音节词末尾加-er	old - older 更年长的
单音节词末尾以-e结尾，只加-r	polite - politer 更礼貌的
闭音节单音节词末尾只有一个辅音字母，先双写这个字母，再加-er	thin - thinner 更瘦的 big - bigger 更大的
以辅音字母加-y结尾的词，变-y为-i，再加-er	happy - happier 更快乐的
有些以-y结尾的单音节形容词，也可以直接加-er	shy - shyer 更害羞的
多音节及部分双音节词在原级前加 more	beautiful - more beautiful 更漂亮的

3.形容词的比较常使用“比较级 + than”的结构，如：

He is taller than me.他比我高。

She is older than Lily.

她比莉莉大。

（二）询问某人身高/某物的高度

句型结构：How tall + be动词 + 主语?

回答：主语 + be动词 + 数字 + 长度单位（+ tall）.如：

—How tall are you?

你有多高?

—I'm 1.63 metres（tall）.

我（身高）1.63米。

（ ）3. These dinosaurs are all so big ____ tall.

A. or B. and C. but

（ ）4. —_____ is younger than you?

—Amy.

A. What B. How C. Who

（ ）5. —_____ is Lily? —She is ten.

A. How old B. How many

C. How tall

四、为图片选择正确的选项。（10分）

1.  2.  3.  4. 

（ ） （ ） （ ） （ ）

A. It's small and short.

B. Lucy's hair is longer than Lily's.

C. The girl is taller than the boy.

D. There are some dinosaurs on the street.

五、仿照例子写句子。（20分）

例:1.72

—How tall are you? —I'm 1.72 metres tall.

1. 1.42

_____

_____

2. 1.64

_____

_____

六、阅读以下图表，判断正（T）误（F）。（20分）

Name	Age	Height
Jack	12	1.61m
Dick	11	1.59m
Lucy	10	1.59m
Lily	13	1.69m

（ ）1. Jack is the youngest.

（ ）2. Dick is older than Lucy, but he is younger than Jack.

（ ）3. Lucy is shorter than Jack.

（ ）4. Lily is the tallest.

（ ）5. Lucy is taller than Dick.

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荣德基 好卷

Unit 1 How tall are you?

阶段过关卷二（Part B&C）

六年级 英语 下 PEP版

班级_____ 姓名_____ 得分_____ 时间：30分钟 满分：100分

核心笔记

扫码跟读

一、重点词汇

形容词的比较级：thinner 更瘦的；heavier 更重的；bigger 更大的；smaller 更小的；stronger 更强壮的；lower 更低的；smarter 更聪明的

名词：kilogram 千克；countryside 乡村；shadow 阴影，影子

动词：become 开始变得，变成

二、重点句子

1. What size are your shoes, Mike?
迈克，你穿多大号的鞋？

2. Your feet are bigger than mine. My shoes are size 37.
你的脚比我的大。我穿37号的鞋。

3. —How heavy are you? 你体重多少？
—I'm 48 kilograms. 我体重48公斤。

三、重点知识解析

（一）询问或描述衣服或鞋子的尺码

句型结构：What size + be动词 + 物主代词或名词所有格 + 衣服或鞋子？

答语：①Size + 数字.②衣服或鞋子 + be动词 + size + 数字.③主语 + wear（s） + size + 数字. 如：—What size are your trousers? 你穿多大码的裤子？—Size L. L号。/My trousers are size L.我穿L号的裤子。/I wear size L.我穿L号。

（二）询问体重或重量

句型结构：How heavy + be动词 + 主语？回答：主语 + be动词 + 数字 + 单位. 如：—How heavy is your sister? 你的妹妹多重？—She is 40 kilograms. 她重40公斤。

基础达标测

一、用所给单词的正确形式填空。（18分）

1. My mother is _____. I'm _____ than her. (thin)
2. This desk is _____ than that one. (heavy)
3. My ball is _____. His ball is _____ than mine. (big)
4. That boy is _____ than us.(strong)
5. These shoes are _____ than those shoes. (small)
6. She gets _____ and _____.(smart)

二、单项选择。（10分）

（ ）1. My feet _____ than yours.
A. is bigger　B. are bigger
C. are big

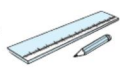
（ ）2. He is 75 _____.
A. kilogram　B. heavy
C. kilograms

（ ）3. The shoes in the shop are so nice. Let's _____.
A. look at　B. have a look at
C. have a look

（ ）4. He _____ taller and stronger.
A. become　B. is becoming
C. becoming

（ ）5. In the evening, the sun gets _____.
A. lower and low　B. low and lower
C. lower and lower

三、判断下列句子与相应的图片内容是(T)否(F)相符。（12分）

1. 

2. 

3. 

4. 

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(　　)1. My pencil is longer than my ruler.

(　　)2. Look at the fish. One is longer, and the other is shorter.

(　　)3. The dog is bigger than the cat.

(　　)4. My shoes are size 41.

四、按要求完成句子。(12 分)

1. Peter is 50 kilograms.(对画线部分提问)

_____ _____ is Peter?

2. I'm 47 kilograms.Mary is 45 kilograms.(合并成一句)

I'm _____ _____ Mary.

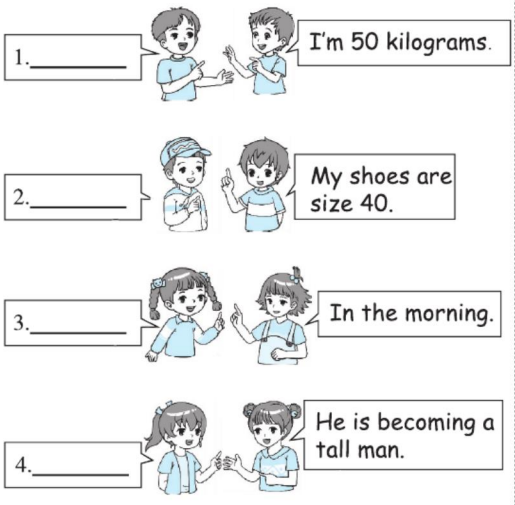
3. My shoes are size 37.(同义句转换)

I wear _____ _____ _____.

4. look, thinner, you, her, than (.)(连词成句)

_____

五、选择正确的选项补全对话。(12 分)



A. When will your shadow get longer?
B. How heavy are you?
C. What happens to Jack?
D. What size are your shoes?

六、阅读短文,完成任务。(20 分)

Amy, Daisy and Lily are good friends. Amy is heavier than Daisy. And she is taller than Daisy. Lily is taller than Amy. She is thinner than Amy. How old are they? Lily is ten years old. Amy is younger than her. Daisy is older than Lily. Who is nine? Who is eleven? They all study in a school. They study together. They play together. They all study hard.

A. 根据短文内容完成下列句子。(16 分)

1. There are _____(two　three) children in the story. They are _____ _____.

2. Amy is _____ and _____ than Daisy.

3. _____ is nine years old.

4. _____ is eleven years old.

B. 根据短文内容判断下列句子正(T)误(F)。(4 分)

(　　)5. They study in the same school.

(　　)6. Lily studies harder at school.

七、写作训练。(16 分)

本单元我们学习了形容词的比较级,下面我们就来用这些词描述我们的朋友吧。

范文:　　My friends

I'm Peter. I'm eleven. I'm tall. I have two good friends, Bob and Sam. Bob is eleven, too. He is taller and heavier than me. Sam is ten. He is younger than us. He likes playing football. He is stronger than us. He is a good football player. We sometimes play football together. We feel very happy.

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Unit 2 Last weekend
阶段过关卷三（Part A）

班级_____ 姓名_____ 得分_____ 时间：30分钟 满分：100分

核心笔记

扫码跟读

一、重点词汇

动词的过去式：cleaned（clean的过去式）打扫；stayed（stay的过去式）停留；washed（wash的过去式）洗；watched（watch的过去式）看；drank（drink的过去式）喝

名词：show 演出

二、重点句子

1.—How was your weekend?
你周末过得怎么样？
—It was good, thank you.
很好，谢谢。

2.—What did you do?
你（周末）干什么了？
—I stayed at home with your grandma. We drank tea in the afternoon and watched TV. 我和你奶奶待在家里。我们喝了下午茶，还看了电视。

3.—Did you do anything else?
你还做了其他什么事吗？
—Yes, I cleaned my room and washed my clothes. 是的，我打扫了房间，还洗了衣服。

三、拓展复习

watch TV	看电视
wash clothes	洗衣服
clean rooms	打扫房间
drink tea	喝茶
stay at home	待在家里
see a film	看电影

基础达标测

一、以下是几个小朋友上周末的活动，请根据图片写出单词，补全短语，请注意时态。（20分）

1. 
_____ the room

2. 
_____ the clothes

3. 
_____TV

4. 
_____ at home

二、读一读，划掉括号中错误的一项。（15分）

1. —How (is was) the party? —It was OK.
2. What are you going to do (last next)weekend?
3. Did you (watch watched) TV?
4. (What Who) did you do last weekend?
5. My weekend (was is) very great. I watched a basketball game.

三、单项选择。（15分）

(　　)1. What _____ you do last weekend?
A. do　B. did　C. does

(　　)2. I stay at home _____ my brother.
A. and　B. of　C. with

(　　)3. He _____ some tea in the afternoon.
A. drank　B. drinking　C. to drink

(　　)4. I like to watch some _____ on TV.
A. shows　B. film　C. show

(　　)5. Did you do _____ else?
A. everything　B. anything　C. things

四、为下列问句选择正确的答句。（12分）

(　　)1. How was your weekend?
A. I'm fine.　B. I play football.
C. It was very good.

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核心笔记

read a book	读书
go boating	去划船
go fishing	去钓鱼

四、重点知识解析

（一）动词过去式的变化规则

规则变化	一般情况下，词尾加-ed	walk - walked watch - watched
	以不发音的-e结尾的，直接在词尾加-d	live - lived dance - danced
	以辅音字母+-y结尾的动词，把-y改成-i，再加-ed	study - studied try - tried
	重读闭音节，双写词尾辅音字母，再加-ed	stop - stopped shop - shopped
不规则变化		is - was do - did

（二）询问某人周末/假期/旅游过得怎样

句型结构：How + be（合适形式）+ 主语?

答语：主语 + be（合适形式）+ 形容词.

如：—How was your weekend? 你周末过得怎么样? —It was not bad. 还不错。此句型还可以用来询问某个事情或活动进行得怎么样，如：—How was the party? 派对怎么样?

—It was great! 棒极了!

（三）询问他人在过去某个时间做了什么事情

句型结构：What + did + 主语 + do + 过去时间?

答语：主语 + 动词过去式 + 其他.

如：—What did you do last week? 你上周干什么了? —I walked to the park. 我走着去公园了。

( )2. What did you do this morning?
A. I watch TV. B. I stayed at home.
C. I am going to read a book.

( )3. Did you do anything else?
A. Yes, I cleaned the desk.
B. I drank some juice.
C. I want to watch TV.

( )4. What are you going to do next Sunday?
A. I go swimming. B. I watched a game.
C. I'm going to buy some books.

五、仿照例子写句子。（18分）

例：weekend, fine
—How was your weekend? —It was fine.

1. party, great

_____

_____

例：stay in a hotel
—What did you do? —I stayed in a hotel.

2. watch a sports show on TV

_____

_____

六、观察下列表格，选择正确的一项。（20分）

	watched TV	did homework	did housework
Father	√		√
Mother			√
I		√	√

( )1. Yesterday my family _____ together.
A. watched TV B. did homework
C. did housework

( )2. We _____ yesterday.
A. stayed at home B. went shopping
C. watched TV

( )3. My father didn't _____ yesterday.
A. watch TV B. do housework
C. see a film

( )4. I didn't _____ yesterday.
A. do my homework B. watch TV
C. do housework

( )5. My mother maybe(也许) _____ yesterday.
A. watched TV B. washed clothes
C. did her homework

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荣德基 好卷

Unit 2 Last weekend

阶段过关卷四（Part B&C）

六年级 英语 下 PEP版

班级_____ 姓名_____ 得分_____ 时间：30分钟 满分：100分

核心笔记

扫码跟读

一、重点词汇

动词的过去式：had（have 的过去式）患病，得病；slept（sleep 的过去式）睡觉；read（read 的过去式）读；saw（see 的过去式）看见；fixed（fix 的过去式）修理

名词：yesterday 昨天；magazine 杂志；hotel 旅馆；lamp 台灯

动词：enjoy 享受……乐趣，喜爱；stay 暂住，逗留

形容词：last 最近的，上一个的；better（well 的比较级）更好的；faster（fast 的比较级）更快的；broken 破损的；loud 喧闹的，大声的

其他：before 在……之前

短语：had a cold 感冒

二、重点句子

1. I want to buy the new film magazine. 我想买期新的电影杂志。

2. —What did you do last weekend? Did you see a film? 你上周末干什么了？你看电影了吗？

—No, I had a cold. I stayed at home all weekend and slept. 没有，我感冒了。整个周末都待在家里睡觉。

三、重点知识解析

询问某人过去是否做了某事

句型结构：Did+主语+动词原形+其他？肯定回答：Yes，主语+did 否定回答：No，主语+didn't/did not. 如：—Did you play football yesterday? 你昨天踢足球了吗？—Yes, I did. 是的，我踢足球了。

基础达标测

一、根据图片及首字母提示写出单词，补全句子。（10分）

1. 
He h_____ a c_____ yesterday.

2. 
She s_____ very well last night.

3. 
He r_____ a book the day before yesterday.

4. 
They s_____ a film last weekend.

5. 

Today is Sunday. Y_____ was Saturday.

二、用所给单词的适当形式填空。（20分）

1. Let's _____ (go) to the museum.
2. She went _____ (boat) yesterday.
3. He _____ (have) a cold last week.
4. Did you _____ (see) a film?
5. He feels much _____ (good) now.

三、单项选择。（15分）

(　　)1. —_____ the party interesting?
—Yes, it was.
A. Is　　B. Was　　C. Were

(　　)2. The book talked about _____ films.
A. a lot　　B. much　　C. a lot of

(　　)3. What _____ Amy do last Sunday?
A. did　　B. does　　C. do

(　　)4. Going by bus is _____ than _____.
A. fast; walk　　B. faster; walk
C. faster; walking

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(　　)5. It was rainy. They _____ go to the park.

A. didn't　B. does　C. don't

四、为下列问句选择正确的答句。(15 分)

(　　)1. What do you often do on weekends?

(　　)2. What did you do yesterday?

(　　)3. What did John do last weekend?

(　　)4. Did you go to school by bus?

(　　)5. Did he have a cold yesterday?

A. Yes, I did.
B. I often cook food and listen to music.
C. No, he didn't.
D. He washed his clothes.
E. I read a magazine.

五、读一读,选词填空(请注意使用所给单词的正确形式)。(18 分)

go　read　do　see　play
have　is　are　talk

There 1. _____ a new park near Happy Supermarket. Let's 2. _____ to the park together. Last weekend, I 3. _____ a good time in that park. There 4. _____ many people in the park. I 5. _____ lots of trees and flowers. I 6. _____ many interesting things. I 7. _____ a book under the tree. I 8. _____ with some new friends. We 9. _____ football together. How happy we were!

六、阅读短文,完成任务。(22 分)

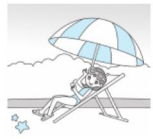
Last weekend, I went to Beijing with my family. We went to Tian'anmen Square. It's big. I saw many kites in the sky. There were many people. I was very happy. Then we went to the Great Wall. It's far from Tian'anmen Square. We went there by bus. The Great Wall is very long. We stayed in a big hotel near the Great Wall . It was nice. We went shopping on Sunday. I enjoyed the trip.

(一)找出文中没有提到的内容,在相应图片下写 No。(12 分)

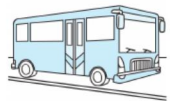
1. 
(　　)

2. 
(　　)

3. 
(　　)

4. 
(　　)

5. 
(　　)

6. 
(　　)

(二)根据短文内容选择正确的一项。(10 分)

(　　)1. We went to Beijing _____.

A. last month
B. last weekend
C. last year

(　　)2. I saw _____ at Tian'anmen Square.

A. some flowers
B. some trees
C. many kites and many people

(　　)3. We went to the Great Wall _____.

A. by taxi
B. by bus
C. on foot

(　　)4. We stayed in a _____ at night.

A. bus　B. shop　C. hotel

(　　)5. I _____ that trip.

A. liked
B. didn't like
C. hate

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Unit 3 Where did you go?

阶段过关卷五（Part A）

六年级 英语 下 PEP版

班级_____ 姓名_____ 得分_____ 时间：30分钟 满分：100分

核心笔记

扫码跟读

一、重点词汇

动词的过去式：went（go的过去式）去；rode（ride的过去式）骑（马或自行车）；hurt（hurt的过去式）（使）受伤；fell（fall的过去式）摔倒；could（can的过去式）能

动词：camp 野营；fish 钓鱼，捕鱼

名词：mule 骡子；Turpan 吐鲁番

其他：off 从（某处）落下；till 直到

短语：went camping 野营；went fishing 去钓鱼；Labour day 劳动节

二、重点句子

1. What happened? 发生什么事了？
2. —Are you all right? 你还好吧？
   —I'm OK now. 我现在没事了。
3. Where did you go? 你去哪儿了？
4. It looks like a mule!
   它看起来像头骡子！
5. —Did you go to Turpan?
   你们去吐鲁番了吗？
   —Yes, we did. 是的，我们去了。

三、拓展复习

ride a bike	骑自行车
look at	看
a forest park	森林公园
at home	在家
go to ...	去……
the winter holiday	寒假
go swimming	去游泳
by plane	乘飞机
lots of	大量

基础达标测

一、根据图片及首字母提示写出单词，补全句子。（18分）


1


2


3


4

1. Tom r_____ a bike to school yesterday.
2. John and his friends w_____ c_____ last weekend.
3. He w_____ f_____ with his daughter last Friday afternoon.
4. My father fixed the chair and h_____ his finger.

二、单项选择。（20分）

（ ）1. That's _____ bad.
A. too B. two C. to

（ ）2. These are some photos _____ my summer holiday.
A. to B. with C. from

（ ）3. They went _____ yesterday.
A. fish B. fishing C. fished

（ ）4. He _____ do his homework. He hurt his hands.
A. could B. can C. couldn't

（ ）5. She didn't go to bed _____ 10:00.
A. till B. on C. in

三、为下列问句选择正确的答语。（12分）

（ ）1. What happened?
A. We went there by bike.
B. I fell off the horse.

（ ）2. Where did you go?
A. I went to Guangzhou.
B. We saw lots of fruit there.

（ ）3. What did you do last Sunday?
A. I rode a bike. B. I go to a zoo.

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核心笔记

四、重点知识解析

(一)询问发生了什么

句型结构：What + happen（适当的形式）+ 其他？

一般现在时：What happens?

一般过去时：What happened?

询问某人/某物发生了什么事，即某人/某物怎么了，在 happens/happened 后加"to + sb./sth."。如：

—What happened to your arm?

你的胳膊怎么了？

—It hurt. 它受伤了。

(二)Are you all right? 常用来询问某人的身体状况，相当于"Are you OK?"

回答：Yes, I'm OK./Not very well...

如：—Are you all right? 你还好吧？

—Yes, I'm OK. 是的，我没事了。

(三)询问某人去过的地方

句型结构：Where + did + 主语 + go + 其他？ 答语：主语 + went（to）+ 地点。如：

—Where did you go yesterday?

昨天你去哪儿了？

—I went to the bookstore.

我去书店了。

(四)look like 的用法

look 在这里是系动词，指"看起来……"，like 为介词，而非动词，意思是"像……"，如：

That cloud looks like a plane.

那朵云看起来像一架飞机。

look like 可以用来询问人的外貌。如：

—What does your mother look like?

你妈妈长什么样子？

—She is tall and thin.

她又高又瘦。

( )4. Did you go hiking with your friend?

A. No, I don't. B. Yes, I did.

( )5. Are you all right?

A. Yes, I'm OK. B. I fell off my bike.

( )6. Could I eat the apples on that tree?

A. Yes, you can't. B. Sorry, you can't.

四、仿照例子写句子。(30 分)

例：a forest park

—Where did you go? —I went to a forest park.

go swimming

—What did you do? —I went swimming.

1. the nature park

_____

_____

2. go boating

_____

_____

五、根据以下表格选择正确的一项。(20 分)

Tom	Where:Turpan	Li Jing	Where:Beijing
	When:last summer		When:last Sunday
	What:eat grapes; ride a horse;climb mountains		What:visit the Great Wall; eat Beijing Duck;see a film

( )1. Tom and Li Jing _____ over their holiday.

A. went shopping B. traveled

C. had classes

( )2. They both(两者都) _____.

A. saw a film B. rode a horse

C. ate delicious food

( )3. Tom didn't _____.

A. eat grapes B. ride a horse

C. see a film

( )4. Li Jing didn't _____.

A. go to Turpan B. go to Beijing

C. see a film

( )5. They didn't _____ over their holiday.

A. climb mountains B. stay at home

C. go on a trip

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荣德基 好卷

Unit 3 Where did you go?

阶段过关卷六（Part B&C）

六年级 英语 下 PEP版

班级_____ 姓名_____ 得分_____ 时间：30分钟 满分：100分

核心笔记

扫码跟读

一、重点词汇

动词的过去式：ate（eat 的过去式）吃；took（take 的过去式）拍照；bought（buy 的过去式）买；licked（lick 的过去式）舔；laughed（laugh 的过去式）笑

名词：gift 礼物；beach 海滩，沙滩；basket 篮，筐；part 角色

短语：took pictures 照相

二、重点句子

1.—How did you go there?

你们怎么去那里的？

—We went there by plane.

我们乘飞机去那里的。

2.Sounds great! 听上去棒极了！

三、重点知识解析

（一）询问某人去某地采用的交通方式

句型结构：How + did + 主语 + go（to） + 其他？

答语：主语 + went（to） + 地点 + 方式。如：

—How did you go to the park?

你怎么去公园的？

—I went there by bike.

我骑自行车去那里的。

（二）sound 的用法

sound 当“听起来……”讲时，为系动词，其后一般接形容词，用来描述听起来怎么样。如：

The song sounds great!

这首歌听起来好极了！

基础达标测

一、根据图片写出字母，补全短语。（12分）

1. 

_t_ fr_sh f_ _d

2. 

w_ _t sw_m_ _ng

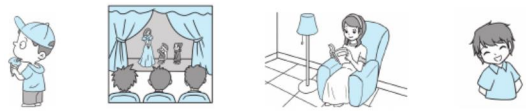
3. 

t_ _k p_ct_res

4. 

b_ _ght gifts

二、根据图片内容选词填空，将句子补充完整。（12分）



1 2 3 4

dressed licked laughed sat

1. The little boy _____ the ice cream.
2. They _____ up and made a funny play.
3. The woman _____ on the sofa.
4. Tommy was very happy.He _____.

三、单项选择。（10分）

（ ）1. It was a bad day _____ also a good day.
A. or B. so C. but

（ ）2. There were _____ grapes in Xinjiang.
A. a lots of B. lots of C. lot of

（ ）3. We _____ like onions.
A. doesn't B. didn't C. aren't

（ ）4. _____ the beach?
A. How was B. What are
C. How were

（ ）5. Your idea _____ very good!
A. sounds B. sound C. listen

四、选择合适的介词填空。（10分）

to for from of by

1. There were some bikes _____ two people.

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2. Linda wanted to play the part _____ Snow White.

3. Xinjiang is far _____ Beijing.

4. We went to Hainan _____ plane.

5. What happened _____ your sister?

五、从方框中为下列句子选择合适的问句或答语。(12分)

(　　)1. I went to the beach.

(　　)2. It was great!

(　　)3. How did you go there?

(　　)4. I went fishing and got lots of fish.

A. Sounds great!
B. Where did you go over the summer holiday?
C. I went there by car.
D. How was your summer holiday?

六、读一读,根据短文内容选一选,将正确的单词写在横线上。(16分)

Hello, I 1. (am　was) Amy. I 2. (go　went) to the park yesterday. I 3. (walk　walked)there. I 4. (play　played)ping-pong with my friends. I 5. (buy　bought) some food. We 6. (have　had) a picnic. We 7. (are　were)very happy. What 8. (do　did) you do yesterday?

1. _____　2. _____　3. _____

4. _____　5. _____　6. _____

7. _____　8. _____

七、阅读短文,完成任务。(18分)

Last weekend, my parents and I went to the countryside. There were many vegetables on the farm of the little village. I watered them. We picked some vegetables. We made lunch with them. They were fresh. The food was very delicious. In the afternoon, we planted some trees near the village. I felt very hot and tired, but I was very happy. I drank some fresh juice. We went home by bike in the evening. I had a great day in the countryside.

(一)根据短文内容选择正确的选项。(9分)

(　　)1. The title of the passage (短文的题目) should be "_____".

A. The farm　　B. Last weekend

C. My mother and I

(　　)2. I liked the lunch because _____.

A. it was on the farm

B. the food was my favourite

C. the vegetables were fresh and delicious

(　　)3. We _____ and _____ in the countryside.

A. watered vegetables;planted trees

B. planted trees;went fishing

C. went camping;had a picnic

(二)根据短文内容判断正(T)误(F)。(9分)

(　　)4. I felt hot and tired in the morning.

(　　)5. We took a bus home in the evening.

(　　)6. I felt very happy in the countryside.

八、写作训练。(10分)

本单元我们继续学习如何使用一般过去时态来描述发生过的事情。重点描述去过哪里,做了些什么事以及用何种交通工具去的。下面我们就来使用一般过去时态来描述自己的一次旅行吧。

范文:　　My trip

I went to Beijing with my parents last Sunday. We went there by train. The train was very fast. First, we went to the science museum. It was very fun. I saw many interesting things there. And then we went to a big park. I went boating with my parents there. The river was beautiful. I felt cool. We had a meal in a restaurant. The food was delicious. I had a great trip.

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荣德基 好卷

Unit 4 Then and now

阶段过关卷七（Part A）

六年级 英语 下 PEP版

班级_____ 姓名_____ 得分_____ 时间：30分钟 满分：100分

核心笔记

一、重点词汇

扫码跟读

名词（短语）：dining hall 饭厅；grass 草坪；gym 体育馆；star 星；Internet 互联网

其他：ago 以前；easy 容易的

短语：look up（在词典中或通过电脑）查阅

二、重点句子

1. There was no library in my old school. 我以前的学校里没有图书馆。

2. Tell us about your school, please. 请给我们讲讲您的学校吧。

3. How do you know that? 你怎么知道的？

4. There were no computers or Internet in my time. 我那时候没有电脑也没有互联网。

三、拓展复习

library	图书馆
building	建筑物
hill	小山
river	河流
lake	湖；湖泊
mountain	高山；山岳
tree	树；树木
bridge	桥
village	村庄；村镇
house	房屋；房子

四、重点知识解析

（一）There be 句型的一般过去时

1. 肯定句。

句型结构：There + was/were + 主语 + 其他。如：

基础达标测

一、选择合适的介词填空（可重复使用，注意大小写）。（15分）

on in about at

1. There was no gym in my school _____ 1940.
2. I looked it up _____ the Internet.
3. People couldn't use the Internet _____ the Tang dynasty.
4. _____ that time, there was no KTV.
5. Please tell us _____ his story.

二、用所给单词的正确形式填空。（15分）

1. There _____ (be) no pet shop in my city ten years ago.
2. Tell _____ (I) about _____ (you) family, please.
3. There were no _____ (star) in the sky.
4. Could you _____ (use) the Internet?
5. In the Tang dynasty, people _____ (do) go by bus.

三、单项选择。（15分）

(　　)1. One day, he _____ the moon.
A. was visit　B. were visit
C. is going to visit

(　　)2. It _____ them about five hours _____ there yesterday.
A. took; got　B. take; to get
C. took; to get

(　　)3. She went to Hangzhou _____.
A. in two days　B. two months ago
C. tomorrow

(　　)4. This is a new word. We can _____ in the dictionary.
A. look it up　B. look up it
C. it look up

(　　)5. How do you _____ that?
A. knew　B. know　C. knowing

四、为下列问句选择正确的答语。（15分）

(　　)1. Could you see the sun at night?
(　　)2. What was your school like ten years ago?
(　　)3. What is your city like now?

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核心笔记

There were many trees here last year. 去年这里有很多树。

2.否定句。

句型结构：There + was/were + not/no + 某物/某人 + 表示地点的介词短语（+其他）. 如：There was no book in the desk. = There was not a book in the desk.桌子里没有书。

注意：①not 后的可数名词前需要使用不定冠词或数词，而 no 后可直接接名词。②no 后既可接单数可数名词，也可以接复数可数名词，还可以接不可数名词。当接复数名词时，be 动词的形式要进行相应的变化。如：There was no bridge over the little river. = There were no bridges over the little river. 那条小河上没有桥。

（二）tell 的用法

1.tell 可接双宾语。如：

My mother tells me a story.

我妈妈给我讲了一个故事。

2.tell sb. about sth. 告诉某人关于某事。about 是介词，“关于”。如：

He told us about that little girl.

他告诉我们关于那个小女孩的事情。

（三）take 的用法

句型结构：It takes/took + sb. + some time + to do sth.意为“做某事花费某人一些时间。”如：It took me two hours to finish my homework.做完家庭作业花费了我两个小时。

（四）询问他人获取信息的方式

句型结构：How + 助动词 + 主语 + know + 其他？如：

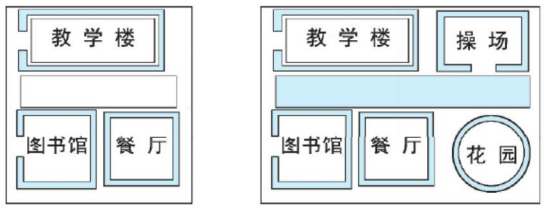
—How did you know that? 你怎么知道的？—My mother told me. 我妈妈告诉我的。

（ ）4. How do they know about this story?

（ ）5. Was there a library in your school last year?

A. There are many tall buildings now.
B. There was no gym in my school.
C. No, we couldn't. D. Yes, there was.
E. They looked it up on the Internet.

五、观察下列图片，完成任务。（16 分）



Before Now

（ ）1. There was no _____ in our school five years ago.
A. playground B. classroom
C. library

（ ）2. Now there is a new _____ in our school.
A. library B. garden
C. dining hall

3. Our school is bigger than before. (Yes No)

4. There were more buildings in our school five years ago. (Yes No)

六、仿照例子写句子。（24 分）

例：bridge, ten years ago

There was no bridge ten years ago. Now there is a new one.

1. gym, five years ago

_____

_____

例：go by bus, the Han dynasty

People didn't go by bus in the Han dynasty.

2. use the Internet, the Qing dynasty

_____

_____

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班级_____ 姓名_____ 得分_____ 时间：30分钟 满分：100分

核心笔记

扫码跟读

一、重点词汇

名词：cycling 骑自行车运动（或活动）；badminton 羽毛球运动；race 赛跑；cheetah 猎豹；dream 梦

动词：ice-skate 滑冰；thought（think 的过去式）想；felt（feel 的过去式）感觉；trip 绊倒；woke（wake 的过去式）醒

短语：go cycling 去骑自行车

二、重点句子

1. Before, I was quiet. Now, I'm very active in class.

以前我很安静。现在我在课堂上很活跃。

2. I was short, so I couldn't ride my bike well. Now, I go cycling every day.我以前个子矮，因此自行车骑得不好。现在我天天骑自行车。

三、重点知识解析

如何描述过去与现在的对比：

使用 Before...,Now... 的结构，描述以前的使用一般过去时，描述现在的使用一般现在时。before 和 now 既可以放在句首，也可以放在句末。

如：Before,he couldn't swim. Now, he often goes to swim in summer.

以前他不会游泳。现在他经常在夏天去游泳。

基础达标测

一、读一读，根据图片写出单词，补全短语。（12分）

1. 

go _____

2. 

go _____

3. 

play _____

4. 

_____ hall

二、读一读，找规律，把对应的单词用线连起来。（10分）

feel	think	give	wake	worry
gave	felt	thought	worried	woke

三、单项选择。（15分）

（ ）1. Look _____ these pictures!

A. in B. at C. with

（ ）2. He could _____ very fast.

A. run B. runs C. ran

（ ）3. They _____ different now.

A. are all B. all is C. were all

（ ）4. Before,I _____ ride a bike .Now, I _____ every day.

A. can't;went cycling

B. couldn't;went cycling

C. couldn't;go cycling

（ ）5. There was _____ they could do.

A. no B. thing C. nothing

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四、观察图片，对比图中人物的前后变化，判断句子正(T)误(F)。(9分)

(　　)1. Mike wears glasses now.



(　　)2. Lily had long hair before.



(　　)3. I couldn't swim before.



五、按要求完成句子。(24分)

1. I don't like playing badminton now.(将now改为before)

_____

2. I could win the race.(改为否定句)

_____

3. My grandfather was young in this photo.(改为否定句)

_____

4. ice-skate I to now love(.)(连词成句)

_____

5. We now every day go cycling(.)(连词成句)

_____

6. had last a dream night I(.)(连词成句)

_____

六、读下列对话，完成任务。(30分)

Lily: Look at these old photos. We were in Grade One. We were so young.

Sam: Yes. Look at Susan. She was short. Her hair was very short. She looked like a boy.

Lily: Yes. But now she is very tall. And she has long hair. She doesn't look like a boy now.

Sam: Who's that?

Lily: That was Jack. He didn't wear glasses before. He was too fat at that time.

Sam: Yes. He is tall and strong now. He is not fat. Look at me. I was thin and short.

Lily: Yes, now you are tall and thin. We are all different now!

Sam: Right!

(一)根据短文内容判断下列句子正(T)误(F)。(15分)

(　　)1. They are talking about old photos.

(　　)2. They are talking about their school in the photos.

(　　)3. In these old photos, they were in Grade One.

(　　)4. Susan looks like a boy now.

(　　)5. They are all different now.

(二)根据短文内容，选择恰当的一项。(15分)

(　　)1. Which picture was Susan?

A. 　B. 

(　　)2. Which picture was Jack?

A. 　B. 

(　　)3. Susan is _____ now.

A. tall　B. a boy　C. short

(　　)4. Jack isn't _____ now.

A. tall　B. strong　C. fat

(　　)5. Sam was _____ before.

A. fat and short

B. thin and short

C. tall and thin

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班级_____ 姓名_____ 得分_____ 时间：30分钟 满分：100分

基础知识梳理

一、单词过关。(英汉互译)(22分)

1. 更年轻的_____ 2. 更年长的_____
3. 更矮的;更短的_____ 4. 更长的_____
5. 更瘦的_____ 6. 更重的_____
7. 更大的_____ 8. 更小的_____
9. 更强壮的_____ 10. 更高的_____
11. dinosaur_____ 12. hall_____
13. metre_____ 14. than_____
15. kilogram_____ 16. both_____
17. countryside_____ 18. lower_____
19. shadow_____ 20. smarter_____
21. become_____ 22. wear_____

二、重点短语。(英译汉)(5分)

1. have a look_____
2. over there_____
3. go down_____
4. lower and lower_____
5. longer and longer_____

三、重点句子。(汉译英)(9分)

1. 那是这个厅里最高的恐龙。

_____

2. 它比我俩加起来还高。

_____

3. 你有多高?

_____

4. 我身高1.65米。

_____

5. 你穿多大号的鞋?

_____

6. 我穿37号鞋。

_____

7. 你的脚比我的脚大。

_____

8. 你体重多少?

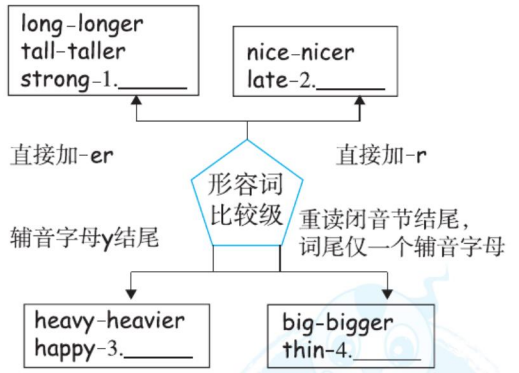
_____

9. 我体重48公斤。

_____

四、核心语言点。(4分)

本单元我们学习了询问他人的身高、体重和鞋号,以及比较级的用法。请根据所学知识完成下列图示。



单元强化检测

五、读一读,选出不同类的一项。(5分)

( )1. A. metre B. tall C. kilogram
( )2. A. dinosaur B. lower C. smarter
( )3. A. hall B. than C. countryside
( )4. A. singer B. stronger C. heavier
( )5. A. become B. turn C. both

六、读一读,看一看,根据图片内容及首字母提示写出正确的单词,补全句子。(5分)

1. The girl is y_____ than her grandmother.



2. Lily's hair is s_____ than mine.



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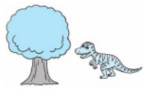
3. I am nine. My sister is eleven. She is o_____ than me.



4. Look, the tree is t_____ than the dinosaur.



5. The father's hand is b_____ than the baby's.



七、从括号中选择正确的单词补全句子。(10分)

1. He is the _____(taller tallest) boy in our class.
2. Xiaogang is strong. I'm stronger than _____(he him).
3. Your schoolbag is heavier than _____(my mine).
4. You look _____(thin thinner) than me.
5. The tree is _____(get getting) taller.

八、读一读,选一选。(10分)

( ) 1. Spring is coming. The weather becomes _____.
A. cool and cool
B. warm and warm
C. warmer and warmer

( ) 2. You are so _____!
A. tall B. taller C. tallest

( ) 3. I _____ size 41 shoes.
A. was B. wear C. put

( ) 4. He is stronger than _____.
A. both us B. both of we
C. both of us

( ) 5. They _____ tall and strong.
A. are all B. all are C. all

九、连词成句。(10分)

1. too older than are you me (,) (.)

_____

2. this I one taller am than (.)

_____

3. 7 are shoes his size (?)

_____

4. longer shadow the is and longer getting (.)

_____

5. older smarter are me you than and (.)

_____

十、读一读,选择正确的疑问词(组)补全对话。(10分)

How How tall How old
How about How heavy

1. —_____ are you?
—I'm ten.
2. —_____ are you?
—I'm very good.
3. —_____ are you?
—I'm 47 kilograms.
4. —_____ are you?
—I'm 1. 49 metres.
5. —_____ going on a trip to Beijing?
—Sounds great!

十一、读一读,根据短文内容选择正确的单词填空。(注:每空一词,要根据上下文使用所给单词的正确形式)(10分)

old tall but year kilogram
same long play than I

Hi, 1. _____name is Sophia. I'm a girl. I have four friends. They are Mike, John , Linda and Rose. Mike is twelve years old. He is two 2. _____ 3. _____ than John. Linda's hair is not short. It is 4. _____ 5. _____Rose's hair.Linda is 1. 67 metres tall. She is 6. _____ than Rose and John. 7. _____Mike is the tallest. Mike is 49 8. _____. John is the 9. _____as Mike. He is forty-nine kilograms too. I like 10. _____ with my friends.

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班级_____ 姓名_____ 得分_____ 时间：30分钟 满分：100分

基础知识梳理

一、重点单词。(22分)

(一)写出下列单词的过去式。

1. 打扫_____ 2. 停留;待_____
3. 洗_____ 4. 看_____
5. 患病;得病_____ 6. 睡觉_____
7. 读_____ 8. 看见_____

(二)英汉互译。

1. 最近的;上一个的_____
2. 昨天_____ 3. 在……之前_____
4. drank_____ 5. show_____
6. magazine_____ 7. better_____
8. faster_____ 9. hotel_____
10. fixed_____ 11. broken_____
12. lamp_____ 13. loud_____
14. enjoy_____

二、重点短语。(汉译英,写过去式)(8分)

1. 感冒_____ 2. 留在家里_____
3. 洗衣服_____ 4. 看电视_____
5. 打扫房间_____ 6. 看电影_____
7. 昨天晚上_____ 8. 前天_____

三、重点句子。(汉译英)(5分)

1. 你周末过得怎么样?

_____

2. 你上周末干什么了?

_____

3. 你还做了其他什么事情吗?

_____

4. 我想买期新的电影杂志。

_____

5. 你看电影了吗?

_____

四、核心语言点。(10分)

本单元我们学习了如何使用一般过去时态描述发生过的事情。请补全单词,完成知识梳理。

一般过去时
- 时间
  - Y_____
  - I____ weekend
  - the day b____ yesterday
- 感受
  - H___ w___ your weekend?
  - It w___ good, thank you.
- 活动
  - What d____ you do last weekend?
  - D____ you do anything else?
  - D____ you s____ a film?

单元强化检测

五、读一读,根据图片内容写出单词的正确形式,补全句子。(10分)



1. Please _____ your hands and face before breakfast.



2. My father _____ a cold last Tuesday.



3. I want to _____ a football game on TV this evening.



4. We _____ a film last Saturday evening.



5. Look, Li Mei is _____ her bedroom.

六、选择正确的单词填空。(5分)

drank better broken faster fixed

1. Do you feel _____ now?

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2. My new camera was _____ yesterday afternoon.
3. My father _____ the table in the kitchen. Now we can have lunch at the table.
4. Danny _____ some cold juice last night. Now he feels bad.
5. Can you run _____? You will be late.

七、单项选择。(10 分)

( )1. Did Tom _____ lunch?
A. have B. has C. had

( )2. I want to stay _____ this weekend.
A. in home B. with home
C. at home

( )3. My father read a book _____ Sunday.
A. at B. for C. last

( )4. My grandmother _____ last night. But now she _____.
A. felt better; had a cold
B. has a cold; feels better
C. had a cold; feels better

( )5. We watched some _____ TV.
A. children's shows on
B. children shows in
C. children's show in

八、读一读,为下列图片选择正确的描述。(10 分)

1. 
( )

2. 
( )

3. 
( )

4. 
( )

5. 
( )

A. This morning, Lily talked on the phone with her friend.
B. My sister read her favourite storybook last night.
C. Last Sunday, Dongdong went fishing at a big lake with his father.
D. Last Sunday afternoon, we had lunch at a restaurant.
E. My little brother cried loudly because he wanted to go out to play.

九、读一读,为下列问句选择正确的答语。(10 分)

( )1. What is Jenny doing?
( )2. What do you want to do?
( )3. What did you do yesterday?
( )4. How was your party?
( )5. Did you sleep late last night?

A. No, I didn't.
B. I want to go on a trip.
C. I think it was great.
D. She is cleaning her bedroom.
E. I did my homework and watched TV.

十、阅读短文,判断句子正(T)误(F)。(10 分)

Last summer, Li Dong went to Sanya with his family. They went there by plane. Sanya is a very beautiful city. It's very clean. They went to the sea. Li Dong swam in the sea. He felt cool. And he learned to dive. He got down in the water and saw many beautiful fish. They ate seafood. It was delicious. And they stayed in a very great hotel. They could see the sea in their rooms. Li Dong had a wonderful time in Sanya. He wants to go there again this summer.

( )1. The passage(文章) is talking about Li Dong and his family.
( )2. They went to Sanya by plane.
( )3. Li Dong got down in the water and saw many beautiful fish.
( )4. They didn't play football on the beach.
( )5. They couldn't see the sea in their rooms.

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班级_____ 姓名_____ 得分_____ 时间：30分钟 满分：100分

基础知识梳理

一、重点单词。(20分)

(一)汉译英。(写过去式)

1. 去_____ 2. 骑_____
3. (使)受伤_____ 4. 吃_____
5. 拍照_____ 6. 买_____

(二)英汉互译

1. 野营_____ 2. 钓鱼;捕鱼_____
3. 礼物_____ 4. fell_____
5. off_____ 6. mule_____
7. Turpan_____ 8. could_____
9. till_____ 10. beach_____
11. basket_____ 12. part_____
13. licked_____ 14. laughed_____

二、重点短语。(13分)

(一)汉译英。(写过去式)

1. 野营_____ 2. 去钓鱼_____
3. 骑马_____ 4. 照相_____
5. 去游泳_____ 6. 买礼物_____
7. 吃新鲜的食物_____

(二)英译汉。

1. Labour day_____ 2. fell off_____
3. lots of_____ 4. winter holiday_____
5. summer holiday_____
6. dress up_____

三、重点句子。(汉译英)(6分)

1. 怎么了?

_____

2. 你还好吧?

_____

3. 我现在没事了。

_____

4. 你去哪儿了?

_____

5. 它看起来像头骡子!

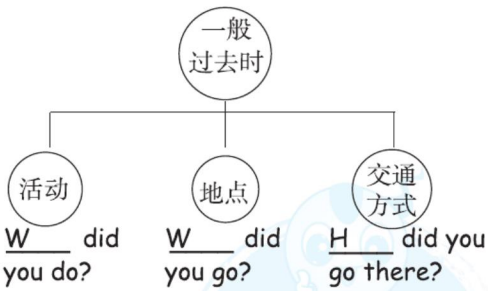
_____

6. 你们怎么去那里的?

_____

四、核心语言点。(3分)

本单元我们继续学习如何使用一般过去时态描述发生过的事情。请补全单词,完成知识梳理。



单元强化检测

五、读一读,根据图片内容及句子意思补全句子。(10分)

1. We _____ lots of pictures at the park last Sunday.



2. He _____ a bike to school yesterday.



3. My mother _____ some food last night.



4. They _____ _____ last summer.



5. Amy _____ some bread for breakfast this morning.



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六、读一读，划掉错误的一项。（10 分）

1. Did you go (fish　fishing) yesterday?
2. He (hurt　hurts) his foot last Wednesday.
3. What did you (did　do)?
4. (Sound　Sounds) great!
5. It (was　were) a sunny day.

七、读一读，选一选。（10 分）

(　　) 1. Jack _____ the horse and _____ his leg.
A. fall off; hurts　B. falls off; hurt
C. fell off; hurt

(　　) 2. Look _____ my photos _____ the summer holiday!
A. at; from　B. /; from　C. at; with

(　　) 3. What _____?
A. happen　B. happening
C. happened

(　　) 4. Look, that cloud _____ a rabbit!
A. looks like　B. like　C. looks

(　　) 5. I went swimming, and I _____ bought some gifts.
A. too　B. to　C. also

八、读一读，根据句子内容为下列图片排序。（10 分）

1. Last night, I went to bed late and felt very tired.
2. I had an interesting dream. I saw a big nature park. There were many beautiful flowers in it.
3. I picked some flowers. Suddenly, a girl came. She stopped me.
4. The girl gave me a pot and some seeds. She helped me plant the seeds in the pot.
5. The plant grew quickly. Then I saw beautiful flowers from it. That was wonderful!


(　　)


(　　)


(　　)


(　　)


(　　)

九、读一读，选择正确的选项补全对话。（10 分）

A: Hello, this is Mike. Is that Tom?
B: 1. _____
A: You didn't come to school today. 2. _____
B: I fell down and hurt my leg.
A: Oh dear! 3. _____
B: I ran to the bus and fell.
A: Oh, no. Be careful next time. 4. _____
B: Yes, I'm OK. Thanks.
A: 5. _____
B: Sure! You can come now.

A. What happened?
B. Can I come and visit you?
C. Yes, this is Tom.
D. Are you all right?
E. Why did you fall?

十、阅读短文，选择正确的答案。（8 分）

May 20th was my birthday. It was Sunday. I got up early in the morning. I ate noodles and eggs for breakfast. My grandmother cooked them for me. They were delicious. Then I saw a film with my friends at Wanda Cinema. The film was interesting.

In the afternoon, we went to the park. We rode special bikes together. We went boating on the lake in the park. We had a great time.

In the evening, I got home. My mother bought me a birthday cake and had a party for me. I had a wonderful birthday.

(　　) 1. My birthday is _____.
A. on Sunday every year
B. in May　C. next Sunday

(　　) 2. I had _____ for breakfast.
A. noodles and eggs
B. hamburgers　C. a birthday cake

(　　) 3. I didn't _____ in the morning.
A. see a film　B. have breakfast
C. go to the park

(　　) 4. What did I do with my friends? (多选)

A. 
B. 
C. 
D. 
E. 
F. 

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班级_____ 姓名_____ 得分_____ 时间：30分钟 满分：100分

基础知识梳理

一、重点单词。(英汉互译)(19分)

1. 草坪_____ 2. 体育馆_____
3. 以前_____ 4. 骑自行车运动_____
5. 滑冰_____ 6. 羽毛球运动_____
7. star_____ 8. easy_____
9. Internet_____ 10. different_____
11. active_____ 12. race_____
13. nothing_____ 14. thought_____
15. felt_____ 16. cheetah_____
17. trip_____ 18. woke_____
19. dream_____

二、重点短语。(英汉互译)(5分)

1. 饭厅_____
2. 去骑自行车_____
3. 打羽毛球_____
4. look up_____
5. woke up_____

三、重点句子。(汉译英)(6分)

1. 我以前的学校里没有图书馆。

_____

2. 请给我们讲讲您的学校吧。

_____

3. 你怎么知道的?

_____

4. 我那时候没有电脑也没有网络。

_____

5. 以前我很安静。现在我在课堂上很活跃。

_____

_____

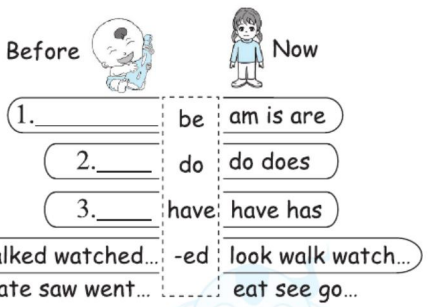
6. 我以前个子小,自行车骑得不好。现在我天天骑车。

_____

_____

四、核心语言点。(3分)

本单元我们学习如何将过去与现在进行对比,使用一般过去时态描述以前的样子,使用一般现在时态描述现在的样子。



单元强化检测

五、读一读,从方框中找出与所给单词相同类的一项,写一写。(10分)

cheetah	active	woke	easy	star
dream	felt	mule	dinosaur	different

beach: _____ _____

giraffe: _____ _____ _____

licked: _____ _____

young: _____ _____ _____

六、读一读,根据图片内容和句意猜一猜。(8分)

1. It's a big room. The students have meals in it. It's the _____.



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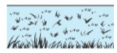
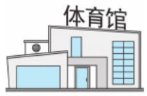
2. It's green. It's soft. We can lie on it. Sometimes we play football on it. It's the _____.



3. It's a room. We play sports and do exercise in it. It's the _____.



4. It's a kind of spots. There are two players. The ball is white and light. The ball has feathers. It's _____.



七、读一读,选词填空。(注意大小写)(5分)

before ago now both all

1. Danny is my friend. We _____ like playing football.
2. There was an old and big tree five years _____.
3. _____ of the children want to go to the park.
4. Tom didn't like vegetables _____,but _____ he likes vegetables very much. They are good for his body.

八、读一读,选一选。(10分)

( ) 1. Tell _____ your family, please.
A. I about B. me of
C. me about

( ) 2. He _____ on the Internet and got the answer.
A. looked it up B. looked it at
C. looks it up

( ) 3. She was an _____ girl before. Now she is _____.
A. quiet; active B. active; quiet
C. quiet; happy

( ) 4. My father could _____.
A. played ping-pong well
B. play ping-pong good
C. play ping-pong well

( ) 5. I love _____ now.
A. go cycling B. to go cycling
C. went cycling

九、根据图片内容,补全句子。(14分)

1.



Before



Now

There _____ a _____ three years ago, but now there _____ a _____.

2.



Before



Now

There _____ a _____, but now there _____ a _____.

3.



Before



Now

Before, Tom _____ _____. Now, he loves _____ do it.

十、阅读短文,完成下列各题。(20分)

Look at the two pictures. What are the differences? Picture One is our old village. Picture Two is the new village. There were many trees and flowers in our old village. There are some tall buildings now. Before, there was a small shop. Now, there is a big supermarket. Before, there was a small river around the village. My grandfather liked to fish and swim in the river. But now, it is dry. People didn't have much money before. Now, they have enough money to make their life happy. I hope that we can plant more trees and flowers. Our village will be beautiful again.

( )1. The two pictures are _____.
A. the same
B. from the city and the village
C. about the village

( )2. There were many _____ before.
A. trees and flowers B. shops
C. rivers

3. My grandfather liked to fish and swim in the river around the village. (Yes No)
4. I don't like the old village. (Yes No)
5. People didn't have _____ _____ before, but now they have _____ _____ to make their life happy.

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班级_____ 姓名_____ 得分_____ 时间：30分钟 满分：100分

一、读一读，按要求写单词。（10分）

1. young（比较级）_____
2. thin（比较级）_____
3. big（比较级）_____
4. have（过去式）_____
5. go（过去式）_____
6. hurt（过去式）_____
7. buy（过去式）_____
8. fish（动名词）_____
9. active（反义词）_____
10. metre（另一种形式）_____

二、读一读，为下列图片选择正确的一项。（4分）

（　　）1. 
A. went camping
B. went fishing

（　　）2. 
A. ice-skate
B. cycling

（　　）3. 
A. washed clothes
B. watched TV

（　　）4. 
A. rode a bike
B. read a book

三、读一读，圈出能替换画线部分单词的一项。（4分）

1. Her sister is shorter than her brother.

meter
smaller
active

2. He slept late last night.

broken
than
ate

3. Let's go to the new gym.

dining hall
dream
badminton

4. I rode a horse with my parents yesterday.

tomorrow
last week
next week

四、读一读，选出正确的一项。（18分）

（　　）1. Jack is the _____ in his family.
A. tall　B. taller　C. tallest

（　　）2. He is heavier than _____.
A. me　B. your　C. my

（　　）3. How _____ your weekend?
A. were　B. are　C. was

（　　）4. What _____ you _____ last weekend?
A. do; did　B. did; do　C. do; do

（　　）5. Today is Sunday. _____ was Friday.
A. Tomorrow　B. Yesterday
C. The day before yesterday

（　　）6. There was _____ before.
A. gyms　B. no gym　C. some gyms

（　　）7. They saw lots of _____ there.

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A. flower　B. grape　C. mules

(　　)8. _____ did you go last summer?

A. Where　B. What　C. Who

(　　)9. There was a cinema _____.

A. before　B. ago　C. now

五、用所给单词的正确形式填空。(16 分)

1. Lucy is _____(old) than both of _____ (we).

2. There _____(be) a library before, and there _____(be) many trees, too.

3. I like to _____ (drink) orange juice. Yesterday I _____(drink) some milk.

4. He _____(read) a new magazine last night.

5. There were no _____(apple) till July.

六、为下列问句选出正确的答语。(12 分)

(　　)1. How tall are you?

(　　)2. How heavy are you?

(　　)3. How was your summer holiday?

(　　)4. What did you do?

(　　)5. Where did you go?

(　　)6. Who did you go with?

A. It was great!
B. I went to Shanghai.
C. I'm 1. 65 metres.
D. I'm 46 kilograms.
E. I rode a horse and climbed the mountain.
F. I went there with my family.

七、读一读,猜一猜, 选一选,写一写。(8 分)

dinosaur　mule　shadow　stars

1. It's a kind of animal. It can run fast. It looks like a horse. It's a _____.

2. We can't see them in the daytime. We can see them at night. In some big cities, we can't see them, either. They are _____.

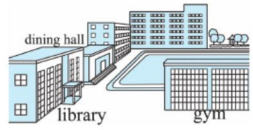
3. It's a kind of animal. It lived many years ago. Some of them were very big. Now we can see them in a museum. It's a _____.

4. It's black. When there is the sun or light, we can see it. It's the _____.

八、下图是 Lingling 五年前学校和现在学校的对比图,请根据图片提示写单词,完成下列句子。(10 分)



Before



Now

1. There _____ only one building on a hill before.

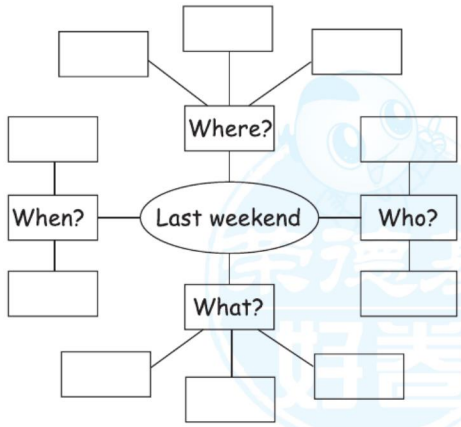
2. We _____ play ping-pong in a gym five years ago.

3. There _____ a dining hall in my school now.

4. We _____ read a book in the library now.

5. There _____ a playground five years ago.

九、请完成下列思维导图,并按思维导图所示的项目介绍一下自己上周末的经历。(18 分)



_____

_____

_____

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荣德基 好卷

参考答案及点拨

六年级 英语 下 PEP版 （小卷）

Unit 1 How tall are you?

阶段过关卷一(Part A)

一、1. taller 2. younger 3. older 4. longer
5. shorter
二、1. tallest 2. than 3. metres 4. both 5. How
三、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. A
四、1. C 2. A 3. D 4. B
五、1. —How tall are you? —I'm 1. 42 metres tall.
2. —How tall are you? —I'm 1. 64 metres tall.
六、1. F 2. T 3. T 4. T 5. F

阶段过关卷二(Part B & C)

一、1. thin; thinner 2. heavier 3. big; bigger
4. stronger 5. smaller 6. smarter; smarter
二、1. B **点拨**:feet 是复数,所以谓语动词要用与之对应的复数形式;由 than 可知要用比较级,big 的比较级是 bigger。
2. C **点拨**:"数字 + kilogram(s)"用来表示体重,此处 kilogram 应为复数。
3. C **点拨**:have a look 看一看。
4. B **点拨**:be doing 为现在进行时形式,本句指"正在变得更高更壮"。
5. C **点拨**:"比较级 + and + 比较级"意为"越来越……"。
三、1. F 2. F 3. T 4. T
四、1. How heavy 2. heavier than
3. size 37 shoes
4. You look thinner than her.
五、1. B 2. D 3. A 4. C
六、A. 1. three; Amy, Daisy and Lily
2. heavier; taller 3. Amy 4. Daisy
B. 5. T 6. F
七、略

Unit 2 Last weekend

阶段过关卷三(Part A)

一、1. cleaned 2. washed 3. watched 4. stayed
二、(划掉)1. is 2. last 3. watched 4. Who
5. is
三、1. B **点拨**:由 last weekend 可知句子为一般过去时,助动词应使用 did。
2. C **点拨**:"with sb."意为"和某人一起"。
3. A
4. A **点拨**:show 作名词意为"演出",是可数名词,用于 some 后,应为复数。
5. B **点拨**:anything else 意为"其他的什么事情",本句为一般疑问句,故用 anything。
四、1. C 2. B 3. A 4. C
五、1. —How was your party? —It was great.
2. —What did you do?
—I watched a sports show on TV.
六、1. C 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. B

阶段过关卷四(Part B & C)

一、1. had; cold 2. slept 3. read 4. saw
5. Yesterday
二、1. go **点拨**:let's 后接动词原形。
2. boating **点拨**:go boating 去划船。
3. had
4. see **点拨**:句首有助动词 Did,后面动词应使用原形。
5. better **点拨**:much 修饰形容词的比较级。
三、1. B
2. C **点拨**:句中 films 为复数,三个选项中只能使用 a lot of 来修饰。
3. A **点拨**:由句末的 last Sunday 可知,应使用一般过去时。
4. C **点拨**:than 前应用比较级,其后应使用动名词。
5. A **点拨**:第一句为一般过去时。第二句也应为一般过去时,答题线后的动词为原形,此处应用表否定的 didn't。
四、1. B 2. E 3. D 4. A 5. C
五、1. is 2. go 3. had 4. were 5. saw 6. did
7. read 8. talked 9. played
六、(一)(写 No)图 1、4、5
(二)1. B 2. C 3. B 4. C 5. A

Unit 3 Where did you go?

阶段过关卷五(Part A)

一、1. rode 2. went camping 3. went fishing
4. hurt
二、1. A **点拨**:too bad"太糟糕了",too 指"太,非常"。
2. C **点拨**:some photos from my summer holiday 指"一些来自我的暑假的照片"。
3. B **点拨**:went fishing 表示"去钓鱼"。
4. C **点拨**:根据句意可知,他弄伤了自己的手,所以他做不了家庭作业,所以选 couldn't。
5. A **点拨**:"till 10:00"指"直到十点"。
三、1. B 2. A 3. A 4. B 5. A 6. B

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四、1. —Where did you go?
—I went to the nature park.
2. —What did you do? —I went boating.
五、1. B 2. C 3. C 4. A 5. B

阶段过关卷六(Part B & C)

一、1. ate fresh food 2. went swimming
3. took pictures 4. bought gifts
二、1. licked 2. dressed 3. sat 4. laughed
三、1. C
2. B **点拨**:lots of = a lot of 许多,可修饰可数名词复数或不可数名词。
3. B **点拨**:We 为第一人称复数,不能使用 doesn't,由句意可知本句中的 like 前不能用 aren't。
4. A
5. A **点拨**:Your idea 表示的是单数,sound 需要加-s。"sounds very good"意思是"听起来非常好"。
四、1. for **点拨**:"some bikes for two people"意思是"一些供两人骑的自行车"。
2. of **点拨**:play the part of... 指"扮演……的角色"。
3. from **点拨**:be far from... 意为"距离……远"。
4. by **点拨**: by + 交通工具,表示交通方式,by plane 乘飞机。
5. to **点拨**:What happened to sb.? 意为"某人发生什么事了?"
五、1. B 2. D 3. C 4. A
六、1. am 2. went 3. walked 4. played
5. bought 6. had 7. were 8. did
七、(一)1. B 2. C 3. A (二)4. F 5. F 6. T
八、略

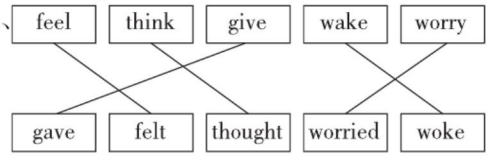
Unit 4 Then and now

阶段过关卷七(Part A)

一、1. in 2. on 3. in
4. At **点拨**:at that time 在那个时候。
5. about
二、1. was 2. me; your 3. stars 4. use
5. didn't
三、1. C **点拨**:was, were 后都不能直接跟动词原形,be going to do 表示"将要做……"。
2. C **点拨**:It took + 某人 + some time + to do sth. 指"做某事花费某人一些时间"。
3. B **点拨**:由 went 可知句子是一般过去时态,two months ago 是表示过去的时间状语,符合题意。
4. A **点拨**:look up 查阅,若代词作宾语时,代词只能放在 look 和 up 之间。
5. B
四、1. C 2. B 3. A 4. E 5. D
五、1. A 2. B 3. Yes 4. No
六、1. There was no gym five years ago. Now there is a new one.
2. People didn't use the Internet in the Qing dynasty.

阶段过关卷八(Part B & C)

一、1. cycling 2. ice-skating 3. badminton
4. dining
二、



三、1. B 2. A 3. A 4. C 5. C
四、1. F 2. T 3. T
五、1. I didn't like playing badminton before.
2. I couldn't win the race.
3. My grandfather wasn't young in this photo.
4. I love to ice-skate now.
5. We go cycling every day now.
6. I had a dream last night.
六、(一)1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T
(二)1. A 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. B

Unit 1 单元知识梳理卷

基础知识梳理:

一、1. younger 2. older 3. shorter
4. longer 5. thinner 6. heavier
7. bigger 8. smaller 9. stronger
10. taller 11. 恐龙 12. 大厅
13. 米 14. 比 15. 千克;公斤
16. 两个都 17. 乡村 18. 更低
19. 阴影;影子 20. 更聪明的
21. 开始变得;变成 22. 穿;穿着
二、1. 看一看 2. 在那儿 3. 太阳(落山)
4. 越来越低 5. 越来越长
三、1. That's the tallest dinosaur in this hall.
2. It's taller than both of us together.
3. How tall are you?
4. I'm 1.65 metres tall.
5. What size are your shoes?
6. My shoes are size 37.
7. Your feet are bigger than mine.
8. How heavy are you? 9. I'm 48 kilograms.
四、1. stronger 2. later 3. happier 4. thinner

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单元强化检测：

五、1. B　2. A　3. B　4. A　5. C

六、1. younger　2. shorter　3. older　4. taller
5. bigger

七、1. tallest　**点拨**：定冠词 the 一般用于最高级前，且 the tallest boy 后面的 in our class 给出了一个范围，而非另一个对象，即不是两个相比较，而是在一个范围内最……的。
2. him　**点拨**：than 为介词，其后出现的人称代词应该用宾格形式。
3. mine　**点拨**：此处 mine 相当于 my schoolbag。
4. thinner
5. getting　**点拨**：getting 与 is 构成现在进行时态，表示“正在……”。

八、1. C **点拨**：两个比较级用 and 连接，表示“越来越……”。
2. A **点拨**：此处为感叹，没有比较的意思。
3. B　4. C
5. A **点拨**：all 用于实义动词前，be 动词之后。

九、1. You are older than me, too.
2. I am taller than this one.
3. Are his shoes size 7?
4. The shadow is getting longer and longer.
5. You are older and smarter than me.

十、1. How old　2. How　3. How heavy　4. How tall
5. How about

十一、1. my　2. years　3. older　4. longer　5. than
6. taller　7. But　8. kilograms　9. same
10. to play

Unit 2 单元知识梳理卷

基础知识梳理：

一、(一)1. cleaned　2. stayed　3. washed
4. watched　5. had　6. slept
7. read　8. saw

(二)1. last　2. yesterday　3. before
4. 喝　5. 演出　6. 杂志
7. 更好的　8. 更快的　9. 旅馆
10. 修理　11. 破损的　12. 台灯
13. 喧闹的；大声的　14. 享受……乐趣；喜爱

二、1. had a cold　2. stayed at home
3. washed clothes　4. watched TV
5. cleaned rooms　6. saw a film
7. last night　8. the day before yesterday

三、1. How was your weekend?
2. What did you do last weekend?
3. Did you do anything else?
4. I want to buy the new film magazine.
5. Did you see a film?

四、yesterday；last；before；How was；was；did；Did；Did；see

单元强化检测：

五、1. wash **点拨**：此句为祈使句，使用动词原形。
2. had
3. watch **点拨**：want to 接动词原形。
4. saw
5. cleaning **点拨**：is 与动词的现在分词构成现在进行时态。

六、1. better　2. broken　3. fixed　4. drank
5. faster

七、1. A **点拨**：助动词 did 与动词原形搭配使用，构成一般疑问句，此处应使用动词原形 have。
2. C
3. C **点拨**：由 read 和主语是单数可判断出此句时态应为一般过去时，所以要选择 last。
4. C　5. A

八、1. D　2. A　3. C　4. E　5. B

九、1. D　2. B　3. E　4. C　5. A

十、1. F　2. T　3. T　4. T　5. F

Unit 3 单元知识梳理卷

基础知识梳理：

一、(一)1. went　2. rode　3. hurt　4. ate
5. took　6. bought

(二)1. camp　2. fish　3. gift　4. 摔倒
5. 从(某处)落下　6. 骡子　7. 吐鲁番
8. 能　9. 直到　10. 海滩；沙滩　11. 篮；筐
12. 角色　13. 舔　14. 笑

二、(一)1. went camping　2. went fishing
3. rode a horse　4. took pictures
5. went swimming　6. bought gifts
7. ate fresh food

(二)1. 劳动节　2. 从(某处)摔下来
3. 许多　4. 寒假　5. 暑假　6. 打扮；装饰

三、1. What happened?　2. Are you all right?
3. I'm OK now.　4. Where did you go?
5. It looks like a mule!　6. How did you go there?

四、What；Where；How

单元强化检测：

五、1. took　2. rode　3. bought　4. went camping
5. ate

六、1. fish　**点拨**：go fishing 为“去钓鱼”，固定搭配。
2. hurts　**点拨**：句中提到的时间为 last Wednesday，为过去的时间状语，hurt 的过去式为 hurt。
3. did　4. Sound　5. were

七、1. C　**点拨**：and 前后时态应保持一致。
2. A　3. C
4. A　**点拨**：“that cloud”为第三人称单数形

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式，look 需要加-s。look like 的意思是“看起来像……”。

5. C　**点拨**：also 放于主语后，实义动词前，表示“也；还”。

八、2　5　1　3　4

九、1. C　2. A　3. E　4. D　5. B

十、1. B　2. A　3. C　4. B　D　E

Unit 4 单元知识梳理卷

基础知识梳理：

一、1. grass　2. gym　3. ago
4. cycling　5. ice-skate　6. badminton
7. 星　8. 容易的　9. 互联网
10. 不同的　11. 积极的；活跃的
12. 赛跑　13. 没有什么　14. 想
15. 感觉　16. 猎豹　17. 绊倒
18. 醒　19. 梦

二、1. dining hall　2. go cycling　3. play badminton
4. (在词典中或通过电脑)查阅　5. 醒来

三、1. There was no library in my old school.
2. Tell us about your school, please.
3. How do you know that?
4. There were no computers or Internet in my time.
5. Before I was quiet. Now I'm very active in class.
6. I was short, so I couldn't ride my bike well. Now I go cycling every day.

四、1. was were　2. did　3. had

单元强化检测：

五、beach: star　dream
giraffe: cheetah　mule　dinosaur
licked: woke　felt
young: active　easy　different

六、1. dining hall　2. grass　3. gym　4. badminton

七、1. both　2. ago　3. All　4. before; now

八、1. C　**点拨**：tell sb. about sth. 告诉某人关于某事。
2. A　**点拨**：look up 是“查阅”的意思，人称代词 it 一般放在 look 和 up 之间。
3. B　**点拨**：此题的两个形容词应互为反义词，此外，第一空前为 an，所以应为一个以元音音素开头的单词。
4. C　**点拨**：could 后出现的动词应为原形，well 为副词，放在动词短语之后。
5. B　**点拨**：love to do sth. 喜爱做某事。

九、1. was; bookstore; is; restaurant
2. was; farm before; is; school
3. couldn't ride a bike; to

十、1. C　2. A　3. Yes　4. No
5. much money; enough money

常考易错突破卷

一、1. younger　2. thinner　3. bigger　4. had
5. went　6. hurt　7. bought　8. fishing
9. quiet　10. meter

二、1. B　2. A　3. B　4. B

三、1. smaller　2. ate　3. dining hall　4. last week

四、1. C　**点拨**：根据句意可知，此处应为形容词的最高级。
2. A　**点拨**：than 为介词，其后出现的人称代词需使用宾格形式。
3. C　**点拨**：weekend 为单数，只能选择 was。
4. B　**点拨**：last weekend 为过去的时间状语，助动词应为 did，其后出现的实义动词 do 应为原形。
5. C　**点拨**：由星期日和星期五之间的时间关系可知，此处应表示“前天”。
6. B　**点拨**：was 后出现的名词应为单数形式。
7. C　**点拨**：lots of 后既可跟不可数名词，也可跟可数名词的复数形式。A、B 两个选项都为可数名词单数形式。
8. A　**点拨**：由句意可知，此处应为去“哪里”，应选择 Where。
9. A

五、1. older; us　2. was; were　3. drink; drank
4. read　5. apples

六、1. C　2. D　3. A　4. E　5. B　6. F

七、1. mule　2. stars　3. dinosaur　4. shadow
点拨：此类题要认真阅读题目内容，抓住关键信息来确定答案。如第 1 小题中的关键信息为动物、看起来像马，所以答案为 mule。

八、1. was　2. couldn't　3. is　4. can　5. wasn't

九、**参考范文：**

My Last Weekend

Last Saturday, I went to the supermarket with my mother and father. We went there by bus. We bought lots of food in the supermarket. On Sunday morning, it was sunny. I went to the park with my friends. We played football there. On Sunday afternoon, we went to the cinema together. We saw a great film. We had a good time that weekend.

点拨：此题为绘制思维导图并根据思维导图写短文的题目。思维导图的各个疑问词为第二分支，第三分支可填写以此疑问词引导的问题的答案。而这些问题的答案就是写作的素材。

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