教辅资料站
电子教辅　试卷练习
知识总结　备课资源
扫码关注获取更多学习资料

典中点®

综合应用创新题 典中点

一本在做题中教会你学习方法的书

荣德基典中点



三年级 英语

下（WY版）

主　　编：荣德基
本册主编：成保玲

吉林教育出版社

目录 CONTENTS

Module 1

Unit 1 It's the ABC song. …… 1

Unit 2 My favourite colour is yellow. …… 3

Module 1 能力过关练 …… 5

Module 2

Unit 1 They're monkeys. …… 7

Unit 2 That man is short. …… 9

Module 2 能力过关练 …… 11

Module 3

Unit 1 I like football. …… 13

Unit 2 I don't like riding my bike. …… 15

Module 3 能力过关练 …… 17

Module 4

Unit 1 Do you like meat? …… 19

Unit 2 Does Lingling like oranges? …… 21

Module 4 能力过关练 …… 23

Module 5

Unit 1 She goes to school on Mondays. …… 25

Unit 2 Does your mum go to work on Saturdays? …… 27

Module 5 能力过关练 …… 29

Module 6

Unit 1 What do you do on Sundays? … 31

Unit 2 What does Lingling have at school? …… 33

Module 6 能力过关练 …… 35

Module 7

Unit 1 We fly kites in spring. …… 37

Unit 2 It's warm today. …… 39

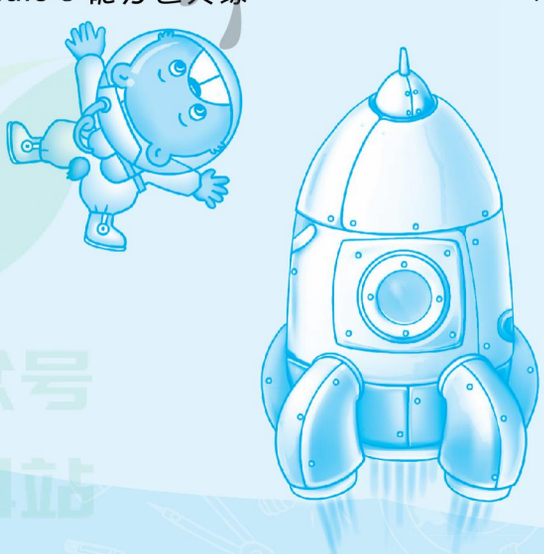
Module 7 能力过关练 …… 41

Module 8

Unit 1 It's on your desk. …… 43

Unit 2 Daming flies a kite in the park. …… 45

Module 8 能力过关练 …… 47



采德集中讲

微信公众号 教辅资料站

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 9

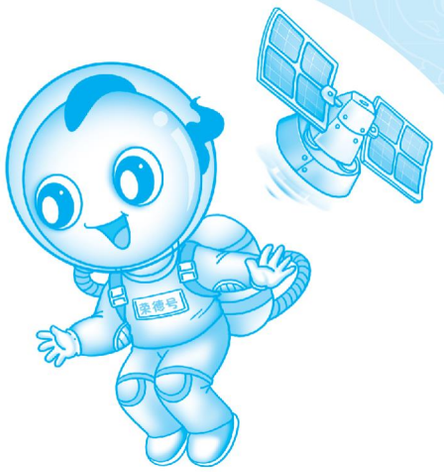
Unit 1 I've got a new book. …… 49
Unit 2 Has Amy got a bike? …… 51
Module 9 能力过关练 …… 53

Module 10

Unit 1 Here's a red hat. …… 55
Unit 2 She's got an orange sweater. …… 57
Module 10 能力过关练 …… 59

期末复习训练

Module 1 复习训练…… 61
Module 2 复习训练…… 63
Module 3 复习训练…… 65
Module 4 复习训练…… 67
Module 5 复习训练…… 69
Module 6 复习训练…… 71
Module 7 复习训练…… 73
Module 8 复习训练…… 75



Module 9 复习训练…… 77
Module 10 复习训练 …… 79
全书听力专练 …… 81
全书知识小结 …… 83

8 开活页部分

月考卷一
Modules 1 ~ 3 过关检测卷 …… 85
期中检测卷 …… 89
月考卷二
Modules 6 ~ 8 过关检测卷 …… 93
期末检测卷 …… 97

参考答案及点拨…… 101

未经重印

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 6

Unit 1 What do you do on Sundays? ☞(答案见107页)

一、将下列错乱的英文字母，组合成新的单词，并将该单词写出来。

1. od _____　　2. tae _____

3. ni _____　　4. pesle _____

5. ahwtc _____

二、火眼金睛。从A、B、C三个选项中，选出与另外两项不同的一项。

(　　)1. A. Sunday　B. tiger　C. lion

(　　)2. A. milk　B. rice　C. sleep

(　　)3. A. TV　B. in　C. on

(　　)4. A. football　B. do　C. basketball

(　　)5. A. watch　B. school　C. ride

三、对号入座。给下列短语选择合适的图片。

1. ride the bike _____

2. go swimming _____

3. play football _____

4. watch TV _____

5. go to school _____



A



B



C



D



E

四、单项选择。

(　　)1. —Do you like going swimming on Mondays?

—_____.

A. Yes, I don't　B. No, I don't

C. No, I do

(　　)2. —What do you _____ on Sundays?

—I usually (通常) watch TV.

A. do　B. does　C. doing

(　　)3. Tom likes playing _____ football in the afternoon.

A. a　B. the　C. /

(　　)4. I often (经常) ride my bike _____ Sundays.

A. in　B. on　C. at

(　　)5. I _____ meat every day.

A. eat　B. to eat　C. eating

五、情景交际。

(　　)1. 你想询问你的朋友在周日做什么，你可以问：

A. What do you do on Sundays?

B. Do you watch TV on Mondays?

C. Do you go swimming on Sundays?

(　　)2. 你想知道朋友下午是否看电视，你可以问：

A. Do you watch TV in the morning?

B. Do you watch TV in the afternoon?

C. Do you watch TV in the evening (在晚上)?

荣德里中沂 微信公众号 教辅资料站

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

(　　)3. 你想知道朋友早晨是否骑自行车,你可以问:

A. Do you watch TV in the afternoon?

B. What do you do in the morning?

C. Do you ride a bike in the morning?

(　　)4. 你想知道朋友是否喜欢踢足球,你可以问:

A. What do you do on Mondays?

B. Do you like playing football?

C. Do you go swimming on Mondays?

六、给下列问句选择合适的答语。

(　　)1. What do you do on Sundays?

(　　)2. Do you play football on Mondays?

(　　)3. Does she like milk?

(　　)4. What do you do in the afternoon?

(　　)5. Does he watch TV on Saturdays?

A. No, I don't.

B. Yes, he does.

C. I watch TV on Sundays.

D. I sleep in the afternoon.

E. No, she doesn't.

七、核心素养练

阅读可以增加学生的单词量,还可以让学生的内心更丰富。通过阅读学生能够领略不同国家的风土文化、开拓自己的视野,强化内心的力量!

阅读短文,判断句子正误,正确的在题前括号内写 T,错误的写 F。【导学号 8187835】

My name is Lingling. It's Saturday today. I don't go to school. I watch TV and ride my bike in the morning. English is my favourite lesson. I go to an English class in the afternoon. My mum goes to work in the morning. She goes shopping in the afternoon. My father isn't at home today.

(　　)1. Lingling doesn't go to school on Saturdays.

(　　)2. Lingling goes to an English class in the morning.

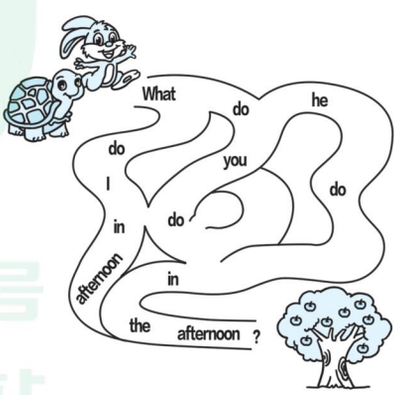
(　　)3. Lingling's mother doesn't go to work today.

(　　)4. Lingling's father is at home too.

(　　)5. Lingling likes English.

趣味作业

八、小乌龟和小兔子又要进行赛跑了。它们只有沿着正确的句子那条路跑,并且比对方早到终点才算胜利。你能帮它们找出正确的线路吗?



关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

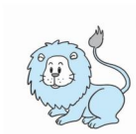
Unit 2 What does Lingling have at school?

☞(答案见 108 页)

一、根据字母和图片提示，选择合适的字母补全下列单词。

L l M m N n

1. —What's this?



—It's a ion.

2. —How many?



—Two onkeys.

3. —What are they?



—oodles.

二、核心素养练

同学们，善于观察和积累对于学习很有帮助。请你仔细观察下表，圈出 5 个学过的单词吧。

a	c	d	h	a	v	e	u	i	p
c	l	a	s	s	h	g	f	z	c
w	p	o	t	o	d	a	y	i	b
H	C	h	i	n	e	s	e	x	y
m	o	n	s	c	i	e	n	c	e

三、判断下列各组单词是（T）否（F）同类。

( )1. have　today

( )2. maths　music

( )3. has　PE

( )4. Chinese　science

( )5. art　at

四、读一读，根据句意和图片提示选择单词补全句子。（填序号）

A. Music　B. Chinese　C. Science
D. Maths　E. Art

( )1. I have _____ in the morning.



( )2. Lingling has _____ in the morning.



( )3. They have _____ on Mondays.



( )4. Do you like _____?



( )5. Ms Li is our _____ teacher.



五、单项选择。

( )1. What do you do _____ school?
A. of　B. at　C. on

( )2. I have _____ at school.
A. classs　B. class's　C. classes

未经典中点
微信公众号 教辅资料站

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

( )3. _____ the morning, we have Chinese, English...
A. In B. in C. On

( )4. She _____Maths, Science...
A. have B. has C. haves

( )5. What _____ Xiaohua _____ in the afternoon?
A. do; has B. do; have
C. does; have

六、看图，读句子，判断图片是否与句意相符。 相符的在题前括号内写 T,不相符的写 F。

( )1. —What do they have in the morning?
—They have PE.



( )2. —Does she have English today?
—No,she doesn't.



( )3. —Do they have Art in the afternoon?
—Yes, they do.



( )4. —What does Feifei do at home?
—She watches TV.



( )5. On Sundays,Lili plays basketball and she goes swimming.



七、根据答语选择合适的问句，将其序号填在题前括号内。

( )1. —_____
—Yes, I do.
A. Do you play football on Mondays?
B. Does she play football on Mondays?

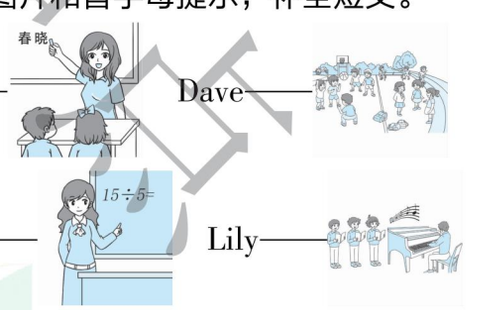
( )2. —_____
—I have Maths,Music and Chinese.
A. What do they have at school today?
B. What do you have at school today?

( )3. —_____
—They go skating.
A. What do they do in the morning?
B. What do they have in the morning?

( )4. —_____
—No,she doesn't.
A. Does Daming have English today?
B. Does Lingling have English today?

( )5. —_____
—He has Music in the afternoon.
A. What does Xiaogang have in the morning?
B. What does Xiaogang have in the afternoon?

八、根据图片和首字母提示，补全短文。



Jeff has C_____ in the morning. Dave has P_____ in the morning. Cathy has M_____ and Lily has M_____ in the afternoon.

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 6 能力过关练 ☞(答案见108页)

听说专练

听力训练

一、听录音，选出你所听到的单词或词组。

( )1. A. to B. do C. who

( )2. A. Sunday B. Monday C. Saturday

( )3. A. today B. play C. they

( )4. A. has B. maths C. cats

( )5. A. go shopping B. go swimming C. go skipping

二、听录音，选出你所听到的句子。

( )1. A. Do you go swimming on Mondays?
B. Do you go swimming on Saturdays?

( )2. A. Do you play football in the morning?
B. Do you play basketball in the morning?

( )3. A. I ride my bike in the morning.
B. I fly my kite in the morning.

( )4. A. What does she have at school?
B. What does he have at school?

( )5. A. He has Chinese in the afternoon.
B. He has Science in the afternoon.

三、听录音，选择正确的答语。

( )1. A. Yes, I do. B. Yes, she is. C. I play football.

( )2. A. I sleep in the morning. B. No, I don't. C. Yes, I do.

( )3. A. I have a book. B. I have Music. C. They have Music.

( )4. A. He plays football. B. He has Science. C. She has Science.

( )5. A. I go swimming on Sundays. B. I go shopping on Saturdays. C. She watches TV at home.

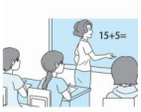
四、听录音，根据你所听到的内容，将下列人物与图片连线。

1. Daming
2. Sam
3. Amy
4. Lingling
5. Lanlan

A. 

B. 

C. 

D. 

E. 

五、看图，仿照例子说单词。

口语测评

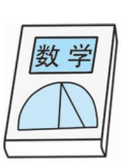
例：

Chinese

1. 

2. 

3. 

4. 

未德集中点
微信公众号 教辅资料站

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

六、看表格，仿照例子编对话。

	Afternoon
Daming	Music
Lingling	Art
Sam	PE

例：—What does Daming have in the afternoon?
—He has Music in the afternoon.

1. —What does Lingling have in the…?
—She has…

2. —What does Sam have in the…?
—…

读写专练

七、读一读，选择与图片内容相符的句子。

(　　)1. A. I play football on Mondays.
B. I ride a bike on Mondays.



(　　)2. A. I sleep in the evening.
B. I sleep in the morning.



(　　)3. A. She has Science and Maths.
B. He has Science and Maths.

Amy's Timetable

Morning	Afternoon
Science	Maths

(　　)4. A. Lily doesn't have PE today.
B. Lily has PE today.



八、连词成句。

1. do　What　you　Sundays　do　on
_____?

2. ride　on　Mondays　bike　a　Do　you
_____?

3. TV　I　in　afternoon　watch　the
_____.

4. does　Xiaoyong　have　morning　What　the　in
_____?

5. in　has　He　the　Music　morning
_____.

九、阅读短文，判断对（T）错（F）。

【抓关键信息法】

Today is Monday. Linda is at school. She has Chinese, English and PE in the morning. She doesn't have Music today. She has Maths and Art in the afternoon. She has Music on Fridays.

(　　)1. Today is Friday.
(　　)2. Linda is at school today.
(　　)3. Linda has Chinese, Maths and PE in the morning.
(　　)4. Linda has Maths and Art in the afternoon.
(　　)5. Linda has Music on Fridays.

课课典中点
微信公众号 教辅资料站

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 7

Unit 1 We fly kites in spring. ☞(答案见 108 页)

一、根据句意和图片提示选择单词或词组补全句子。

( )1. I like _____.

A. summer

B. winter

C. autumn



( )2. We _____ in spring.

A. fly kite

B. flying the kite

C. fly kites



( )3. We pick apples _____.

A. in spring

B. in autumn

C. in winter

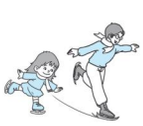


( )4. They _____ in winter.

A. go swimming

B. play football

C. go skating



( )5. It's _____.

A. spring

B. summer

C. winter



二、根据季节特点，选词填空。

A. cool B. hot C. warm D. cold

1. It's _____ in spring.
2. It's _____ in summer.
3. It's _____ in autumn.
4. It's _____ in winter.

三、单项选择。

( )1. Summer is my favourite _____.

A. colour B. season C. song

( )2. I fly my kite _____ this nice season. 【导学号 8187835】

A. in B. on C. at

( )3. It's _____ in winter in Beijing.

A. hot B. warm C. cold

( )4. Sam and Amy _____ in autumn.

A. plays football B. play football

C. play a football

( )5. —What _____ you _____ in spring?

—We fly kites.

A. do; does B. does; do

C. do; do

四、根据图片，选择合适的句子或对话，将其序号填入题前括号内。

( )1. A. I like summer.

B. I like winter.



( )2. A. It's hot in summer.

B. It's cold in winter.



( )3. A. Summer is my favourite season.

B. Autumn is my favourite season.



来源单中资
微信公众号
教辅资料站

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

( )4. A. We play football in autumn.



B. We play basketball in summer.

( )5. A. —What do you do in winter?
—We go skating.



B. —What do you do in summer?
—We go swimming.

五、核心素养练

在实际生活中，用恰当的语言与他人进行交流能够提高我们的交际能力。Daming 新认识了一位来自澳大利亚的朋友 Bruce。他们正在电话聊天。请读一读，选一选。

( )1. Daming 在北京，他告诉 Bruce 北京现在是春天，说：
A. It's in spring in Beijing now.
B. It's spring in Beijing now.
C. It's in the spring in Beijing now.

( )2. 澳大利亚的季节与中国相反，所以 Bruce 说：
A. It's winter here.
B. It's spring here.
C. It's autumn here.

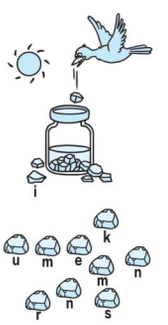
( )3. Bruce 想知道 Daming 在春季里做什么，问：
A. What do you do in autumn?
B. What do you do in winter?
C. What do you do in spring?

( )4. Daming 告诉 Bruce 在这个季节里，他和朋友们一起去放风筝，说：
A. I fly kites with my friends in this season.
B. I fly kite with my friends in this season.
C. I go skating with my friends in this season.

( )5. Bruce 说，在秋天，他和朋友们一起踢足球，说：
A. I play football with my friends in spring.
B. I play football with my friends in winter.
C. I play football with my friends in autumn.

趣味作业

六、小乌鸦口渴了，它只有选出合适的带有字母编号的石子放入瓶中，且用石子所组成的单词与图中的季节一致它才能喝到水。你能找出这些石子的编号，并试着把单词写出来吗？



It's _____.

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Unit 2 It's warm today. ☞(答案见 108 页)

一、核心素养练

同学们,在学习和生活中,粗心是个不好的习惯。瞧,小迷糊可真粗心,写单词丢三落四。你能根据字母和图片提示补全下列单词吗?

O o P p Q q

1. The range is orange.



2. The anda is fat.



3. The ueen is nice.



二、核心素养练

辨别能力在学习中很重要。请你认真观察,细心分辨,根据字母排列及图片提示,圈出相应的单词。

1. bawksnoweuo



2. jnbtErainhvxe



3. AthuSsunnykym



4. Bvqwrybcwindy



5. playhjgkoertyba



三、判断下列各组单词是(T)否(F)属于同类词。

(　　)1.	play		sunny
(　　)2.	rain		snow
(　　)3.	very		windy
(　　)4.	sunny		windy
(　　)5.	winter		today

四、选词填空,将句子补充完整。

A. hot　　B. Spring　　C. snow
D. cold　　E. warm

(　　)1. It's _____ in spring in Wuhan.
(　　)2. We play in the _____.
(　　)3. It's snowing. It is _____.
(　　)4. _____ is my favourite season.
(　　)5. It's _____ in summer in Sanya.

五、单项选择。

(　　)1. We play _____ the snow in winter.
A. on　　B. in　　C. at

(　　)2. In Sanya, it's _____ in winter.
A. cold　　B. cool　　C. warm

禁止复制 微信公众号 教辅资料站

关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

( )3. It's warm today, _____ it's raining.

A. but B. and C. /

( )4. I _____ in spring.

A. fly kite B. fly a kite

C. flies the kite

( )5. Xiaohua and I _____ at school today.

A. am B. are C. is

六、看图片，读句子，判断图片与句意是否相符。相符的在题前括号内写 T，不相符的写 F。

( )1. It's hot and sunny today.



( )2. In Guilin, it's warm in spring.

We fly kites in spring.



( )3. It's cold and windy today.



( )4. It's snowing today. It's very cold.



七、Daming 用英语描述了北京一年四季的天气状况，请你根据他的描述，按春、夏、秋、冬的顺序用字母 A—D 排序。

( )1. It's cool and windy in this season.

( )2. It's cold and snowy. We go skating.

( )3. It's hot and sunny. We can go swimming.

( )4. It's warm. It often (经常) rains.

八、核心素养练

阅读时，抓住关键信息，找准关键词能提高我们的阅读能力。下文中，天气预报员正在播报天气，请根据播报情况在相应的栏中画√。

Good morning! It's the weather report now. In Beijing, it's raining today. In Harbin, it's snowing. In Sanya, it's warm and sunny. In Wuhan, it's cool and windy. That's the weather report for today. Thanks for listening.

Weather / Places				
Beijing				
Harbin				
Sanya				
Wuhan				

未经许可 不得售卖
微信公众号 教辅资料站

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 7 能力过关练 ☞(答案见109页)

听说专练

听力训练

一、听录音，选出你所听到的单词或词组。

( )1. A. spring B. season C. snow
( )2. A. hot B. cool C. warm
( )3. A. sunny B. windy C. very
( )4. A. rain B. play C. today
( )5. A. go swimming B. go skating C. go shopping

二、听录音，判断录音内容是否与图片相符。相符的在题前括号内写T，不相符的写F。

( )1. 
( )2. 
( )3. 
( )4. 
( )5. 

三、听录音，将下列句子按A—E的顺序排序。

( )I play football in autumn.
( )We play in the snow in winter.
( )Spring is my favourite season.
( )It's warm today, but it's raining.
( )They go swimming in summer.

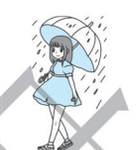
四、看图，仿照例子说单词。

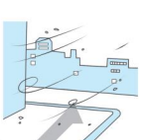
口语测评

例： spring, warm

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 

五、看图，仿照例子说句子。

例： It's raining today.

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 

读写专练

六、Zhang Hai家住在北京，他在不同的季节里进行不同的活动。读一读下面的句子，猜一猜他描述的分别是哪个季节，写在四线三格内。



1. It's warm and windy. It often rains. I fly my kite in this season.

禁德里书店
微信公众号
教辅资料站

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料



2. I like this season. It's cool. We pick(摘)much fruit (水果) in this season.



3. It's very cold. I play in the snow with my friends.



4. It's hot. I go swimming with my father and mother.

1. It's _____. 2. It's _____.

3. It's _____. 4. It's _____.

七、连词成句。

1. play in autumn We football (.)

_____

2. in winter cold is It (.)

_____

3. does Sam What do in summer (?)

_____

4. warm it's today It's but raining (,)(.)

_____

5. favourite my Spring season is (.)

_____

八、请认真读对话，选择恰当的句子补全对话。

A:1. _____

B:My favourite season is winter.

A:2. _____

B:I go swimming.

A:Go swimming? 3. _____

B:But I'm in Sanya. 4. _____

A:I'm in Beijing. 5. _____

B:Come to Sanya. We swim together.

A:That's great.

B:Haha…

A. It's cold in winter.

B. It's cold in winter in Beijing.

C. What's your favourite season?

D. It's warm in winter in Sanya.

E. What do you do in winter?

九、读短文，根据其内容判断句子的正误，正确的在题前括号内写 T，错误的写 F。

My name is Dayong. I live (居住) in Beijing. I like spring. It's my favourite season. We fly kites in spring. Now it's winter. I don't like winter. It's very cold. My grandpa and grandma are in Sanya. It's warm and sunny in Sanya now. They often go swimming.

( )1. Spring is Dayong's favourite season.

( )2. It's warm in winter in Beijing.

( )3. It isn't warm in Sanya in winter.

( )4. Dayong doesn't like winter.

( )5. Dayong's grandpa and grandma go swimming in winter.

采德里书店 微信公众号 教辅资料站

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 8

Unit 1 It's on your desk. ☞(答案见109页)

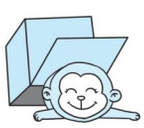
一、从表格中圈出五个学过的单词。

a	v	u	n	d	e	r	j	p	w
b	n	m	t	o	y	d	s	f	g
b	e	d	r	o	o	m	d	f	z
u	s	i	q	w	a	z	b	o	x
j	z	a	b	e	h	i	n	d	l

二、核心素养练

判断能力对学习很有帮助。小猴子可真调皮,把box当它的玩具了。请你判断小猴子和box的位置关系,选择正确的方位介词,将其序号填在图片下的括号内。

A. in B. under C. on D. behind

1.  (　　)

2.  (　　)

3.  (　　)

4.  (　　)

三、根据句意和图片提示选择正确的一项补全句子。(填序号)

(　　)1. The book is _____.

A. on the desk

B. in the desk

C. under the desk

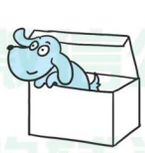


(　　)2. The dog is _____.

A. on the box

B. in the box

C. at the box



(　　)3. The cat is _____.

A. behind the door

B. on the door

C. for the door



(　　)4. The boy is _____.

A. in the desk

B. under the desk

C. behind the desk



(　　)5. This is a present _____.

A. with you

B. at you

C. for you



四、单项选择。

(　　)1. —_____ is my toy?

—It's on the chair.

A. Where　B. What　C. Who

(　　)2. It's on _____ desk.

A. you　B. your　C. you's

(　　)3. Look! The tiger _____ behind the tree.

A. are　B. is　C. am

【导学号8187835】

(　　)4. Here's a present _____ you. It's _____ the box.

A. to; in　B. for; at

C. for; in

(　　)5. Happy birthday _____!

A. to you　B. to your

C. to he

关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

五、看图，选择与对话内容相符的图片，将其序号填入题前括号内。

(　　)1. —Where's the dog?
—It's under the desk.

(　　)2. —Where's the cat?
—It's in the box.

(　　)3. —Where's the schoolbag?
—It's on the chair.

(　　)4. —Where is the lion?
—It's behind the tree.

A. 　B. 

C. 　D. 

六、情景交际。

(　　)1. Dayong 找不到他的风筝了，他可以这样问妈妈：
A. Mum, what's my kite?
B. Mum, where's your kite?
C. Mum, where's my kite?

(　　)2. 妈妈告诉 Dayong 风筝在他的书桌下面，她可以这样说：
A. It's on your desk.
B. It's under your desk.
C. It's in your desk.

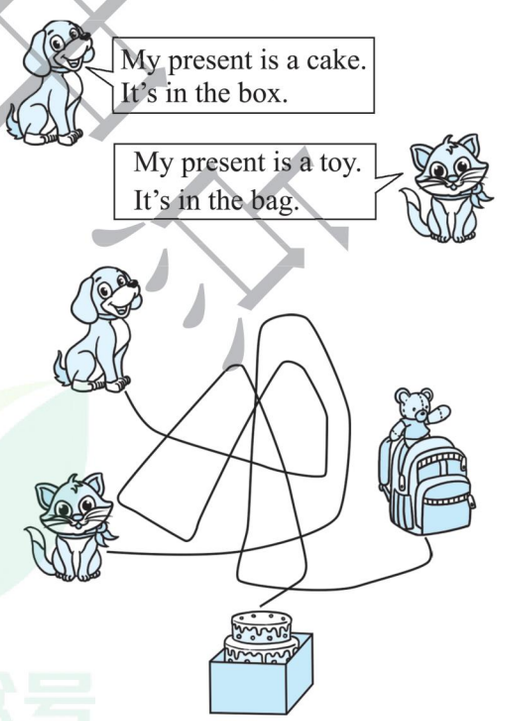
(　　)3. Dayong 在书桌下面没有找到他的风筝，他可以这样说：
A. It's not under your desk.
B. It's under my desk.
C. It's not under my desk.

(　　)4. 妈妈让 Dayong 看看风筝在不在床底下，可以这样说：
A. Is it under your bed?
B. Is it on your bed?
C. Is it in your bed?

(　　)5. Dayong 在床底下找到了他的风筝，他高兴地对妈妈说：
A. Oh, here it is. Thank you, Mum.
B. Oh, here they are. Thank you, Mum.
C. Oh, here you are. Thank you, Mum.

趣味作业

七、今天是 Miss Cat 和 Mr Dog 的生日，小伙伴们为它们准备了礼物。读一读它们说的话，想一想它俩分别按照怎样的线路行走，才能拿到自己的生日礼物。



关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Unit 2 Daming flies a kite in the park.

☞(答案见 109 页)

一、核心素养练

同学们,在学习和生活中,粗心是个不好的习惯。瞧,小迷糊可真粗心,写单词时丢三落四。你能根据句意和图片提示,选择字母补全下列单词吗?

R r S s T t

1. —What's this?



—It's the ___un___.

2. My favourite colour is ___ed___.



3. A ___oy___ for you.



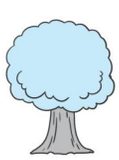
二、核心素养练

同学们,判断能力在学习中很重要。你能根据图片提示,选择字母,写出正确的单词吗?

1. aperok



2. bteqrne



3. lhauekg



4. ktwabl



三、选出与所给词属于同一类的选项,将其序号填入题前括号内。

( )1.



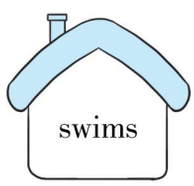
A. zoo B. lion C. tiger

( )2.



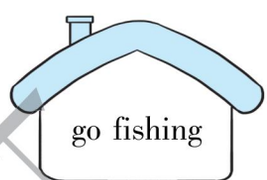
A. box B. for C. play

( )3.



A. goes B. toys C. boxes

( )4.



A. go to school B. go home

C. go skating

( )5.



A. snow B. autumn C. swims

四、单项选择。

( )1. The dog is _____ the lake.

A. on B. in C. under

( )2. In summer, I _____ in the lake.

A. swims B. swim

C. swimming

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

( )3. In winter, Daming _____ in the snow.

A. walks B. walking C. walk

( )4. We go fishing _____.

A. under the tree B. on the tree

C. at the tree

( )5. They walk _____ in winter.

A. in the snow B. on the snow

C. under the snow

五、看图，选择与图片内容相符的句子，将其序号填入题前括号内。



( )1. A. The dog is in the lake.

B. The dog isn't in the lake.



( )2. A. The monkey is on the tree.

B. The monkey is behind the tree.



( )3. A. He swims in the lake.

B. He goes fishing by the lake.



( )4. A. The pencil is in the book.

B. The pencil is near the book.

【排除法】



( )5. A. In spring, he flies a kite with his friend.

B. In winter, he rides a bike with his friend.

六、读一读，将下列句子排成一段对话。

( )I fly a kite in spring.

( )Good morning, Lingling.

( )What's your favourite season, Lingling?

( )I like flying a kite too. Where is your kite?

( )Good morning, Fangfang.

( )Spring.

( )What do you do in spring?

( )It's on the wall. Let's fly a kite, OK?

( )OK! Let's go.

七、选择合适的句子补全对话，将其序号填在横线上。

Sam: Mum, where is my kite? I can't find it.

Mum: 1. _____

Sam: No, it isn't.

Mum: Is it under your bed?

Sam: 2. _____

Mum: Is it behind the door?

Sam: 3. _____

Mum: 4. _____ Let's fly a kite in the park.

Sam: OK! That's great! 5. _____

A. Yes, it is. B. Let's go.
C. No, it isn't.
D. It's warm and sunny.
E. Is it in your toy box?

关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

Module 8 能力过关练 ☞(答案见110页)

听说专练

听力训练

一、听录音，选出你所听到的单词或词组。

( )1. A. boy B. toy C. tall

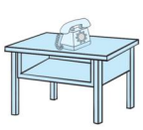
( )2. A. for B. ball C. all

( )3. A. lake B. like C. bike

( )4. A. under the tree B. on the tree C. behind the tree

( )5. A. go shopping B. go swimming C. go fishing

二、听录音，判断图片是（T）否（F）与录音内容相符。

( )1. 

( )2. 

( )3. 

( )4. 

( )5. 

三、听录音，选择你所听到的句子。

( )1. A. It's under the desk.
B. It's on the desk.

( )2. A. It's behind the box.
B. It's behind the door.

( )3. A. In spring, he flies a kite in the park.
B. In spring, he rides a bike in the park.

( )4. A. Oh, what's this?
B. Oh, who's this?

( )5. A. Where is the apple?
B. Where is the banana?

四、听录音，选出正确的答语。

( )1. A. It's under the desk.
B. He's behind the door.

( )2. A. Yes, it is.
B. It's in the desk.

( )3. A. It's on the box.
B. It's a box.

( )4. A. It's in my bag.
B. No, it isn't.

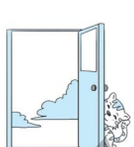
( )5. A. He goes fishing.
B. He likes fishing.

口语测评

五、看图，仿照例子说词组。

例： on the desk

1. 

2. 

3. 

六、看图，仿照例句说句子。

例： In summer, he swims in the lake.

1.  In spring, she...

2.  In autumn, he...

3.  In winter, she...

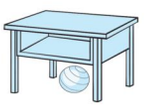
未经单位许可 微信公众号 教辅资料站

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

读写专练

七、读一读，根据首字母和图片提示，补全单词，完成句子。

1. —Where is my ball?



—It's u_____ the desk.

2. Here is a present



f_____ you.

3. The girl is b_____ the box.



4. This is my b_____.



5. In spring, they f_____ kites in the park.



八、读对话，判断图片是（T）否（F）与对话内容相符。

(　　)1. —Where is the dog?
—It's under the desk.



(　　)2. —Where is the cat?
—It's in the desk.



(　　)3. —What does Xiaoqi do in spring?
—He flies a kite in the park.



(　　)4. —What does Lily do in winter?
—She plays in the snow with her friends.



九、连词成句。

1. is　It　door　behind　the（ . ）

_____

2. the　in　is　cap　The　panda（ . ）

_____

3. is　orange　Where　the（ ? ）

_____

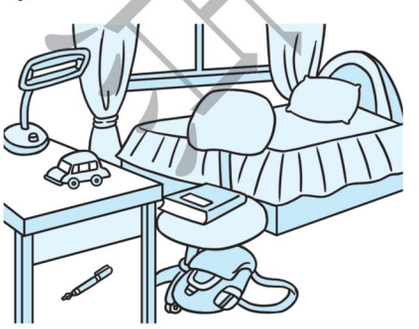
4. father　tree　My　goes　fishing　the　under（ . ）

_____

5. a　with　Sam　his　friends　flies　kite（ . ）

_____

十、读句子，根据图片内容判断正（T）误（F）。



(　　)1. The pen is on the desk.
(　　)2. The toy car is on the desk.
(　　)3. The book is on the chair.
(　　)4. The bag is under the chair.
(　　)5. The desk is on the bed.

某德典中点

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 9

Unit 1 I've got a new book. ☞(答案见 110 页)

一、从表格中圈出五个学过的单词。

a	s	w	e	a	t	e	r	j	k
h	b	c	v	l	i	n	e	f	g
a	b	o	u	t	b	q	w	z	a
b	v	c	s	a	n	i	m	a	l
s	p	o	r	t	y	u	i	d	a

二、判断下列各组单词是(T)否(F)属于同类词。

( )1. sweater spring
( )2. about under
( )3. bed chair
( )4. animal by
( )5. dress coat

三、读一读,根据句意和图片提示选择单词补全句子。

( )1. Daming has got a new _____.
A. book
B. kite
C. sweater



( )2. Where's my _____?
A. dress
B. coat
C. bag



( )3. It's a book about _____.
A. sport
B. animals
C. art



( )4. Look! They're on the _____.
A. desk
B. line
C. bed



( )5. Daming has got a book about _____.
A. animals
B. art
C. sport



四、单项选择。

( )1. It isn't _____ the bed.
A. to B. at C. on

( )2. _____ got a new book.
A. I'm B. I've C. My

( )3. Lingling has got a new book. It's _____ sport. 【导学号 8187835】
A. about B. in C. under

( )4. —Have you got a new T-shirt?
—No, _____.
A. I have B. I haven't
C. I don't

( )5. —_____ is my toy?
—On the bed.
A. What B. Who
C. Where

五、根据图片提示,选择合适的句子,将其序号填入题前括号内。

( )1. A. My coat is on the line.
B. My T-shirt is on the line.



课堂单中识

关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

(　　)2. A. My toy bear is on the chair.
B. My toy bear isn't on the chair.



(　　)3. A. —Have you got a new bike?
—Yes. It's blue.
B. —Have you got a new bike?
—No. I have got a new book.



(　　)4. A. I've got a dress.
B. I've got a sweater.



六、情景交际。

(　　)1. Lingling 告诉大家她有一本新书,是关于动物的,她可以说:
A. I've got a new book. It's about science.
B. I've got a new book. It's about animals.
C. I've got a new book. It's about sport.

(　　)2. Amy 觉得那本书很好,她可以说:
A. It's a good book.
B. It's a good bike.
C. They're fine.

(　　)3. Amy想知道 Daming 是否也有一本新书,她可以这样问:
A. Have you got new bikes too, Daming?
B. Have you got a new bike too, Daming?
C. Have you got a new book too, Daming?

(　　)4. 大明回答他有,并把书拿给大家看,告诉大家它是一本关于运动的书。他可以说:
A. Yes, I haven't. I have a book about sport.
B. No, I haven't. It's about sport.
C. Yes, I have. Look, it's about sport.

(　　)5. 小 Tom 把蓝色的涂料泼在了红色的 T 恤衫上,说他有了一件蓝色的 T 恤衫。他说:
A. I've got a red T-shirt.
B. I've got a blue T-shirt.
C. I've got a blue sweater.

趣味作业

七、长颈鹿去公园跟小朋友玩的时候,身上穿的 sweater 不小心被弄脏了,导致上面绣的英文单词有两个字母被脏东西挡住了。聪明的你能猜出 sweater 上面绣的是哪个单词吗?



关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

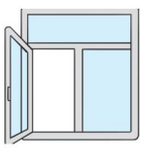
Unit 2 Has Amy got a bike?

☞(答案见 110 页)

一、请你根据句意和图片提示补全下列单词。

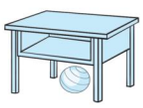
U u V v W w

1. —What's that?



—It's a ___indow___.

2. ___nder___ the desk, there



is a ball.

3. On Saturdays, she plays the ___iolin___.



二、核心素养练

同学们,判断能力在学习中很重要。请根据图片提示,选择字母,写出正确的单词补全短语。

1. by zbcsku



2. by wbekoi



3. by erhcja



4. lajwke to work



三、选出与所给单词属于同一类的选项,将其序号填入题前括号内。

(　　)1. bike

A. like　　B. car　　C. walk

(　　)2. by

A. in　　B. ride　　C. go

(　　)3. walk

A. nice　　B. go　　C. good

(　　)4. hasn't

A. haven't　　B. do　　C. are

(　　)5. lake

A. goes　　B. got　　C. school

四、核心素养练

思维能力和判断能力在学习中很重要。下面是一句话在镜子中的影像,里面藏着李老师的上班方式。仔细观察,解密影像信息,选出相应的图片。

Mr Li goes to work by car.

(　　)A. 　(　　)B. 

(　　)C. 

五、单项选择。

(　　)1. He _____ a bike.

A. have got　　B. has got

C. haves got

(　　)2. Amy goes to school _____.

A. by a bike　　B. by bikes

C. by bike

(　　)3. —Has Lingling got a bike?

—_____

A. No, he hasn't.

B. No, she has.

C. No, she hasn't.

禁德典中购

关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

( )4. My mother _____ a car.
A. hasn't got B. haven't got
C. don't have

( )5. She walks _____ school.
A. to go B. in C. to

六、看图，读句子，判断图片与句意或对话内容是（T）否（F）相符。

( )1. She's got a kite. It's a nice kite.



( )2. My father goes to work by bus.



( )3. Mr Smart has got a car. He goes to work by car.



( )4. Ms Zhang hasn't got a car. She walks to work.



( )5. —Does your friend go to school by bike?
—No, he doesn't. He walks to school.



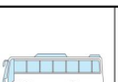
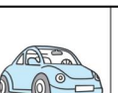
七、读一读，给下列句子选择相应的答语。

( )1. Where's my blue dress?
( )2. Have you got a new bike?
( )3. I've got a new T-shirt.
( )4. Does your father go to work by car?
( )5. Has your father got a car?

A. Yes, he does.
B. No, he hasn't.
C. It's on the line.
D. Oh, it's a nice T-shirt.
E. No, I haven't. I've got a new kite.

八、阅读下列对话完成表格，在相应栏中画“√”。

Ann: Have you got a bike, Jane?
Jane: No, I haven't. I go to school by bus.
Ann: Has Jerry got a bike?
Jane: No, he hasn't. He walks to school.
Ann: Does Jeff walk to school too?
Jane: No, he doesn't. He's got a bike. He goes to school by bike.
Ann: I go to school by bike, too.

				
Ann				
Jane				
Jerry				
Jeff				

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 9 能力过关练 ☞(答案见110页)

听说专练

听力训练

一、听录音，选出你所听到的单词或词组。

( )1. A. got B. hot C. sport

( )2. A. now B. how C. about

( )3. A. head B. bed C. chair

( )4. A. by bus B. by bike C. by car

( )5. A. go to school B. walk to school C. walk to work

二、听录音，判断下列图片与你所听内容是(√)否(×)相符。【三步两遍听音法】

1.  ( )

2.  ( )

3.  ( )

4.  ( )

三、听录音，选择你所听到的句子。

( )1. A. It isn't on the bed. B. It isn't in the desk.

( )2. A. I've got a new book. B. I've got a new coat.

( )3. A. Have you got a new sweater? B. Have you got a new teacher?

( )4. A. She's got a nice bike. B. He's got a nice kite.

( )5. A. Ms Smart goes to work by car. B. Mr Smart goes to work by bus.

四、听录音，选择恰当的答语，将其序号填入题前括号内。

( )1. A. It's under the chair. B. It's my toy.

( )2. A. Yes, I have. It's about art. B. Yes, you have. It's about PE.

( )3. A. She goes to work by car. B. He goes to work by bike.

( )4. A. No, he doesn't. B. No, she doesn't.

( )5. A. Yes, I do. I walk to school. B. No, they don't.

五、根据图片说单词或词组。

口语测评

1. 

2. 

3. 

4. 

六、看图，仿照例子编对话。

例： you / a kite

—Have you got a kite?

—Yes, I have.

1.  you/a pen

2.  she/an orange coat

3.  your father/a car

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

读写专练

七、读一读，根据句意和首字母提示，补全单词，完成句子。

1. Amy has got a blue s_____.
   She wears(穿)it in autumn.
2. My sister has got a red d_____.
   She wears it in summer.
3. —Do you like s_____?
   —Yes, I do. I like basketball, table tennis, skipping and swimming.
4. —What's your favourite a_____?
   —Monkeys.
5. His father doesn't walk to work.
   He's got a c_____.

八、连词成句。

1. have a book I got (.)
   _____
2. you a sweater Have new got (?)
   _____
3. a got nice She bike has (.)
   _____
4. Tom got a T-shirt Has new(?)
   _____
5. hasn't Smart a Mr got car (.)
   _____

九、同学们，逻辑思维能力对于我们的学习很有帮助。请认真读对话，并选择恰当的句子补全对话。【逻辑推断法】

Amy:1. _____?

Lingling:Yes, it is. 2. _____

Amy:No, I haven't. But I have got a new sweater.

Lingling:3. _____

Amy:It's yellow and red.

Lingling:4. _____

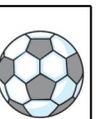
Amy:No, he hasn't. But he's got a new football.

Lingling:5. _____

Amy:Yes. I like playing football.

A. What colour is it?
B. Do you like football?
C. Is this your new coat, Lingling?
D. Has Sam got a new sweater too?
E. Have you got a new coat too?

十、根据表格内容，判断句子正(T)误(F)。

				
Li Lei	√			√
Han Mei		√		
Liu Xin	√		√	
Zhao Gang				√

(　　)1. Li Lei has got a bike and a basketball.
(　　)2. Han Mei has got a nice dress.
(　　)3. Liu Xin hasn't got a football.
(　　)4. Zhao Gang has got a football and a bike.
(　　)5. Li Lei and Liu Xin have got bikes.

荣德基中活

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 10

Unit 1 Here's a red hat. ☞(答案见111页)

一、从表格中圈出五个学过的单词。

c	o	m	e	j	g	i	o	p	a
z	a	s	c	l	o	t	h	e	s
f	q	w	r	p	a	r	t	y	b
x	v	c	e	r	s	h	i	r	t
a	t	r	o	u	s	e	r	s	t

二、判断下列各组单词是(T)否(F)属于同类词。

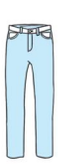
( )1. brown hat
( )2. shirt dress
( )3. open clothes
( )4. orange green
( )5. look book

三、读一读,根据句意和图片提示选择单词或词组补全句子。

( )1. Here's _____.
A. red hat
B. a red hat
C. hat



( )2. I've got _____.
A. a green trousers
B. a yellow skirt
C. green trousers



( )3. Look at my _____.
A. big shoes
B. two shoe
C. shoe



( )4. My sister has got _____.
A. an orange dress
B. a orange sweater
C. an orange sweater



( )5. Here's a _____ for my friend.
A. birthday
B. party
C. chairs



四、单项选择。

( )1. Here _____ funny trousers.
A. is B. be C. are

( )2. Skirts and sweaters are _____.
A. sports B. clothes
C. animals

( )3. —What's that?
—It's _____ orange coat.
A. an B. the C. a

( )4. _____ my new book.
A. Look B. Look at
C. look at

( )5. Let's _____ funny clothes for the party. 【导学号8187835】
A. put in B. put
C. put on

五、根据图片内容,选择合适的句子,将其序号填入题前括号内。



( )1. A. Open the box.
B. Open the door.



( )2. A. He's got a blue shirt.
B. He's got a green sweater.

关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料



( )3. A. Let's put on the shoes.
B. Let's put on the clothes.



( )4. A. She's got a red hat.
B. She's got a red cap.



( )5. A. —What clothes have we got?
—Here's a new book.
B. —What clothes have we got?
—Here's an orange coat.

六、核心素养练

在一定的环境中，用恰当的语言与他人进行交谈很重要。同学们正在为即将到来的 party 做准备，请你读一读，选一选。

( )1. 同学们想打开箱子拿出为 party 准备的衣服，Xiaoguang 提议：
A. Open a box.
B. Close the box.
C. Open the box.

( )2. 打开箱子后，里面有很多衣服，Xiaoli 想知道里面有些什么衣服，她说：
A. What clothes have we got?
B. What colour do we have?
C. Where clothes have we got?

( )3. Dagang 拿到了一件绿色的毛线衫，他说：
A. I've got a green dress.
B. I've got a green sweater.
C. You've got a green sweater.

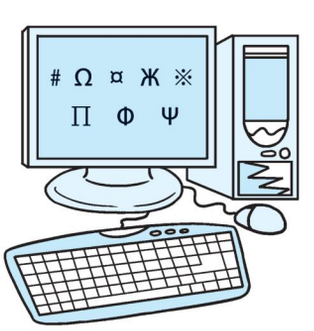
( )4. Xiaohong 拿到了一条蓝色的裤子，她说：
A. I've got a blue trousers.
B. I've get blue trousers.
C. I've got blue trousers.

( )5. 大家正在讨论自己拿到的衣服的时候，Lanlan 过来说该轮到他们上场了，她说：
A. It's you turn now.
B. It's your turn now.
C. It's their turn now.

趣味作业

七、小情报员 Bob 收到一封关于接头人的邮件，请使用下面的密码阅读邮件，帮他拼出接头人的相关信息，并将其写在下面的横线上。

= b　Ψ = t　Ж = w　Ω = r　¤ = o
Φ = a　※ = n　∏ = h



关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Unit 2 She's got an orange sweater.

☞(答案见111页)

一、根据图片提示选择字母，补全单词，完成句子。

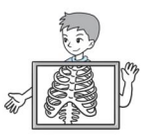
X x Y y Z z

1. Let's go to the zoo.



2. —What's this?

—It's an x-ray.



3. I like yellow.



二、请根据图片提示，选择字母，写出正确的单词。

1. uwqhtei



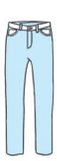
2. wojhtpo



3. asxkteir



4. rtsuioerbs



三、选出与所给单词属于同一类的选项，将其序号填在题前括号内。

(　　)1. photo

A. has　　B. nice　　C. book

(　　)2. white

A. orange　　B. apple　　C. pear

(　　)3. skirt

A. got　　B. dress　　C. blue

(　　)4. brown

A. black　　B. but　　C. bike

(　　)5. has

A. hat　　B. home　　C. have

四、核心素养练

思维能力和判断能力在学习中很重要。下面是一句话在镜子中的影像，里面藏着Amy为班级party准备的衣服。仔细观察，解密影像信息，选出相应的图片。

Amy has got a red skirt for the party.

(　　)A.



(　　)B.



(　　)C.



五、单项选择。

(　　)1. My _____ are black.

A. shoe　　B. shoes　　C. a shoe

(　　)2. Jerry has got _____ black trousers.

A. a　　B. an　　C. \

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

( )3. —Have you got a green sweater?
—Yes, _____ have.
A. I B. you C. she

( )4. —What colour is your coat?
—It's yellow _____ white.
A. but B. and C. at

( )5. —What clothes have we got _____ the class photo?
—We've got white shirts. .
A. in B. on C. for

六、看图读句子，判断图片与句意或对话内容是（T）否（F）相符。



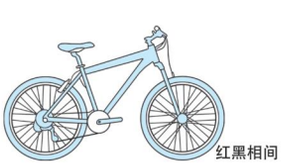
( )1. Look! He's got a green sweater.



( )2. The man has got brown trousers and brown shoes.



( )3. —Have you got a yellow cap?
—No, I haven't. I have got a blue cap.



( )4. —Has Dagang got a black and red bike?
—Yes, he has.

七、读一读，给下列句子选择相应的答语。

( )1. Has Lingling got a blue sweater?

( )2. What clothes have you got?

( )3. Where is your skirt?

( )4. Look! He's got a brown coat.

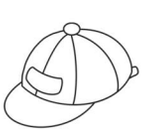
( )5. Has your friend got funny trousers?

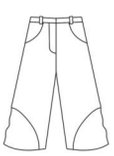
A. Oh, it's very nice.
B. It's on the bed.
C. I've got a red hat and green trousers.
D. Yes, he has.
E. Yes, she has. And it's nice.

八、Sam 的生日快到了，爸爸妈妈为他买了漂亮的新衣服。读句子，按 Sam 的描述给下列衣服涂上相应的颜色。

【抓关键信息法】

I have got some new clothes for my birthday. Look! My coat is blue. My new cap is yellow. It's very nice. I like my trousers and shoes very much. The trousers are orange, and the shoes are red and black.






采德里中沿

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 10 能力过关练 ☞(答案见111页)

听说专练

听力训练

一、听录音，选出你所听到的单词或词组。

( )1. A. cat B. fat C. hat
( )2. A. back B. bag C. dad
( )3. A. shirt B. skirt C. turn
( )4. A. who B. look C. shoe
( )5. A. an orange coat
B. an orange boat
C. orange trousers

二、听录音，选择你所听到的句子。

( )1. A. Here's a black hat.
B. Here's a black cap.
( )2. A. What clothes have we got?
B. What clothes have they got?
( )3. A. Let's put on funny clothes for the party.
B. Let's put on nice clothes for the party.
( )4. A. Now my skirt is black and white.
B. Now my shirt is black and white.
( )5. A. Has he got green trousers?
B. Has she got a brown sweater?

三、听录音，选择恰当的答语，将其序号填入题前括号内。

( )1. A. We've got funny clothes.
B. They've got funny shoes.
( )2. A. They're very nice.
B. It's very nice.
( )3. A. It's black and white.
B. I like yellow and blue.
( )4. A. Yes, I have.
B. Yes, you have.
( )5. A. No, he hasn't.
B. No, she hasn't.

四、听录音，选择正确答案。

( )1. Daming has got a _____.
A. new book B. new T-shirt
( )2. Lingling's book is about _____.
A. sport B. animals
( )3. Sam has got a _____.
A. new T-shirt B. new sweater
( )4. Amy has got a _____.
A. new dress and a new coat
B. new book

口语测评

五、看图，仿照例子说词组。

例：

a blue cap

1. 

2. 

3. 

4. 

六、看图，仿照例子说句子。

例：

she/red hat
She's got a red hat.

1. 

he/ white shirt

2. 

we/black skirts

3. 

my friend/green trousers

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

读写专练

七、将下列句子排列成一段通顺的对话。

A. Good afternoon!

B. No, she hasn't. She has got a brown sweater.

C. Good afternoon. Have you got a red sweater?

D. Oh, it's very nice.

E. Yes, I have. Look! Here's my red sweater.

F. Has Xiaoxue got a red sweater too?

(　　)→(　　)→(　　)→(　　)→(　　)→(　　)

八、连词成句。

1. sweater have a I green got(.)

_____

2. at big Look shoes my(.)

_____

3. clothes you What got have (?)

_____

4. orange skirt She got an has (.)

_____

5. he Has trousers got green(?)

_____

九、同学们，逻辑思维能力对于我们的学习很有帮助。请认真读对话，并选择恰当的句子补全对话。

Sam: 1. _____

Daming: I've got a white shirt.

Sam: Has Amy got a white skirt?

Daming: 2. _____ She's got a blue skirt.

Sam: 3. _____

Daming: Yes, she has. What clothes have you got?

Sam: Look! 4. _____

Daming: Oh, it's very funny. 5. _____

A. No, she hasn't.

B. I like it.

C. A funny sweater.

D. What clothes have you got for the class photo?

E. Has Lingling got a blue skirt too?

十、读一读，根据对话内容判断句子正（T）误（F）。

Jerry: What clothes have you got for the party, Jane?

Jane: I've got a yellow skirt and black shoes. What about you?（你呢?）

Jerry: I've got a shirt and a hat.

Jane: What colour are they?

Jerry: The shirt is white, and the hat is brown.

Jane: Jeff has got a white shirt too. But his hat is red.

(　　)1. Jane has got a yellow skirt and black trousers for the party.

(　　)2. Jerry has got a blue hat.

(　　)3. Jeff has got a white shirt.

(　　)4. Jeff has got a red hat.

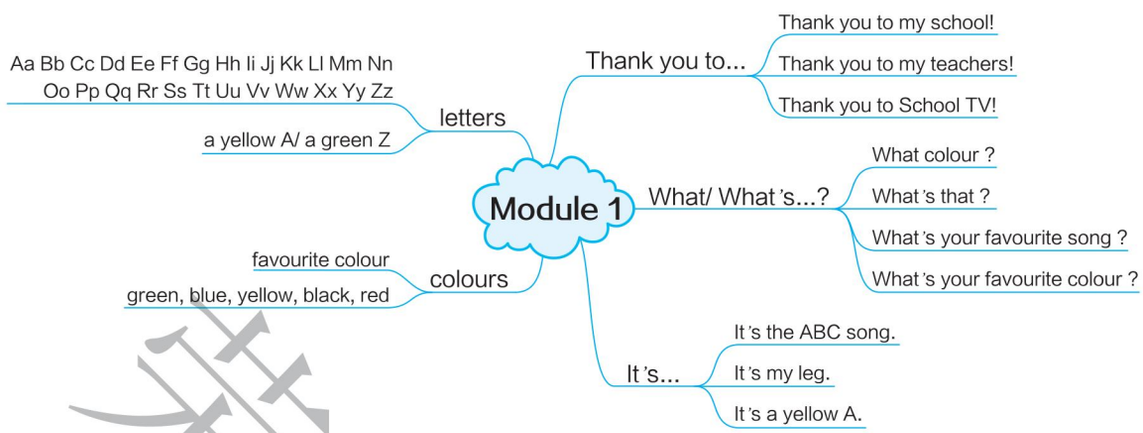
(　　)5. The clothes are for the party and the class photo.

未经典出版

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

期末复习训练 » Module 1 复习训练

知识导图



本模块重难、易错点提醒

1. 注意“Thank you to...”与“Thank you for...”的区别：

   Thank you to...意为“感谢……”，后面常接感谢的对象。

   Thank you for...意为“为……而感谢”，强调感谢的原因。

2. 句型“What's your favourite...?”中的 favourite 后面需接类别名词。回答可用“My favourite ＋类别名词＋is＋其他名词.”或“It's ＋其他名词.”。

重难点过关检测 ☞(答案见 112 页)

词汇过关

一、按字母表顺序写出 26 个字母的大小写。

二、判断下列字母的排列顺序与字母表是否相符，相符的在题前括号内写 T，不相符的写 F。

(　　)1. F G H T J K

(　　)2. K L M N O

(　　)3. M L N O P

(　　)4. W V Y X Z

(　　)5. R S T U V

三、下面的这些字母按正确顺序排列后就变成了我们学过的重点单词，请你读一读句子，按照句意把正确的单词写到四线三格内。

ogsn	rucloo	fvaietuor
VT	olweyl	

1. Ms Su is my _____ teacher.

2. *Happy Birthday to You* is my favourite _____.

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

3. —What's your favourite _____?

—Blue.

4. Thank you to School _____!

5. My favourite colour is _____.

句型语法过关

四、选择合适的单词填空。

A. to　B. are　C. is　D. the　E. a

(　　)1. Thank you _____ my mother.

(　　)2. What colour _____ it?

(　　)3. It's _____ ABC song.

(　　)4. Oh, it's _____ yellow M.

(　　)5. Here you _____.

五、选出每个句子中错误的一项，将其序号填在题前的括号内。

(　　)1. Thank(A) you to my(B) English teachers(C), Ms Smart.

(　　)2. What(A) your favourite(B) song(C)?

(　　)3. Oh, it(A) my(B) leg(C).

(　　)4. What's(A) colour(B) is(C) it?

(　　)5. Here(A) your(B) are(C).

综合运用过关

六、读一读，根据短文内容连线。

Hello! I'm Sam. My favourite letter is A. This is my sister Lucy. Her favourite letter is E. This is Jack. His favourite letter is G. This is Mary. Her favourite letter is Z. Oh, this is Tom. His favourite letter is Y.


Lucy


Mary


Jack

G　Y　Z　A　E


Sam


Tom

七、阅读下面的对话，根据其内容判断句子的对错，对的在题前括号内写 T，错误的写 F。

A: Hello! I'm Wang Yong.

B: Hi! My name is Zhang Hai.

A: What's this?

B: It's my bag.

A: It's yellow. Is it your favourite colour?

B: Yes. What's your favourite colour?

A: My favourite colour is blue. Look! My cap is blue.

(　　)1. B's name is Wang Yong.

(　　)2. The bag is yellow.

(　　)3. Wang Yong's favourite colour is blue.

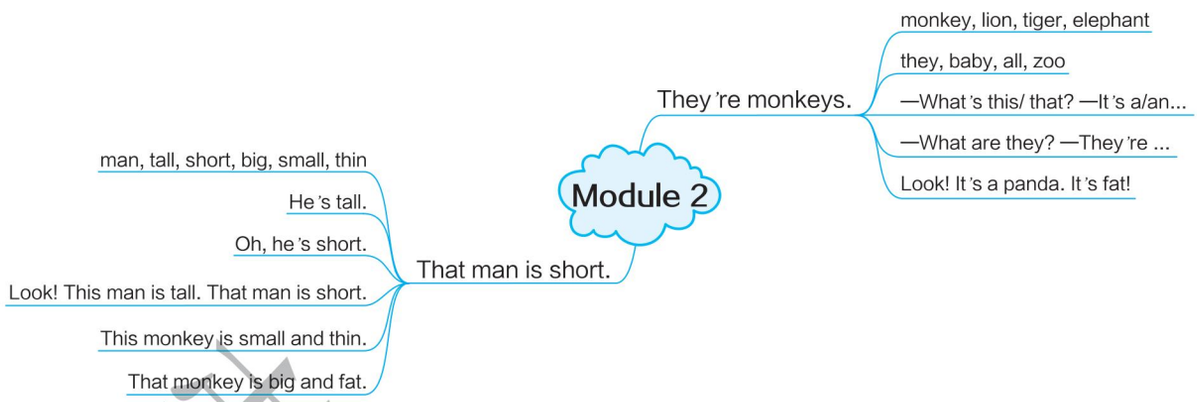
(　　)4. Zhang Hai's favourite colour is blue.

(　　)5. Wang Yong's cap is yellow.

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 2 复习训练

知识导图



本模块重难、易错点提醒

表示“一头大象”和“一个苹果”时，应用“an elephant”和“an apple”，而不是“a elephant”和“a apple”。

重难点过关检测 ☞(答案见112页)

词汇过关

一、看一看，想一想，将字母A,a,B,b,C,c,D,d填入表格中。怎样填才能保证横向和纵向的字母都不重复呢?

B	C	D	1.
A	2.	C	B
3.	A	4.	D
5.	B	A	C

c	6.	b	a
7.	8.	d	c
d	c	a	9.
b	a	10.	d

二、选词填空，补全句子。(将单词写在四线三格内)

A. apples　B. monkey　C. small
D. short　E. tiger

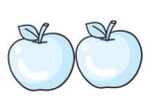
1. This _____ is big.



2. That _____ is thin.



3. Her _____ are red.



4. Look! The cat is _____.



5. This man is tall.
That man is _____.



来源里中只

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

句型语法过关

三、选择合适的单词填空。

am　is　are

1. I _____ a girl. This _____ my school.
2. —What _____ that?
   —It _____ a lion.
3. Here _____ a baby panda.
4. They _____ monkeys. They _____ small.
5. Look! The tigers _____ fat.

四、选出正确的一项补全句子。

1. This _____ (A. lion; B. lions) is big.
2. —What are they?
   —They are _____ (A. elephant; B. elephants).
3. These _____ (A. pandas; B. panda) are fat. But that _____ (A. panda; B. pandas) is thin.
4. Amy is a _____ (A. girl; B. girls).
5. Look! The baby _____ (A. monkey; B. monkeys) are small.

五、给下列问句选择合适的答语。

(　　)1. What are they?
(　　)2. How are you?
(　　)3. What's that?
(　　)4. What colour is it?
(　　)5. What's your favourite song?

A. It's a monkey.　B. They're pandas.
C. I'm fine.　D. It's the ABC song.
E. It's red.

综合运用过关

六、阅读对话，判断句子正（T）误（F）。

Sam and Daming are in the zoo.

Sam: Look! What's that, Daming?
Daming: It's a panda.
Sam: Oh, it's black and white.
Daming: Yes, and it's fat.
Sam: Look at the elephants.
Daming: They are big and tall.
Sam: What are they?
Daming: They are monkeys.
Sam: Yes, here is a mother monkey and a baby monkey.
Daming: The mother monkey is thin. But the baby monkey is fat.

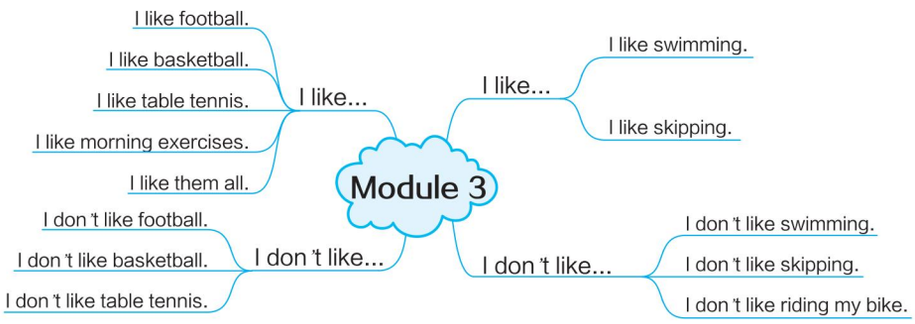
(　　)1. The panda is thin.
(　　)2. The elephants are big and tall.
(　　)3. Here is a father monkey.
(　　)4. Here are two monkeys.
(　　)5. Sam and Tom are in the zoo.

未经典电子版

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 3 复习训练

知识导图



本模块重难、易错点提醒

表示喜欢某人或某事物时，like 后面直接接名词或人称代词，但表示喜欢做某事时，like 后面的动词要加-ing。

重难点过关检测 ☞(答案见 113 页)

词汇过关

一、读一读，根据所给的单词写出两个同类词。

1. basketball _____ _____
2. elephant _____ _____
3. short _____ _____
4. green _____ _____
5. skipping _____ _____

二、选择合适的单词并用其适当形式补全句子。

football	bike	basketball
girl	elephant	

1. I like _____.



2. I don't like riding my _____.



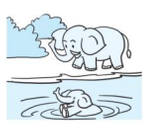
3. Look! The _____ is new.



4. The _____ are my friends.



5. _____ like swimming.



句型语法过关

三、根据句意选择合适的单词填空。

me	They	you	my	them

1. _____ like table tennis.
2. I like cats and they like _____.
3. I like riding _____ bike.
4. I like _____ all.
5. Here _____ are.

四、根据句意，选择正确的单词补全句子，将序号填入题前括号内。

(　　)1. The monkey is cute(可爱的). I _____(A. like; B. don't like) it.

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

(　　)2. I don't like lions and they _____ (A. like; B. don't like) me.

(　　)3. I like _____ (A. swim; B. swimming).

(　　)4. They don't like _____ (A. skipping; B. skiping).

(　　)5. I don't like _____ (A. riding; B. riding) my bike.

五、读一读，请你根据下列同学的介绍，写出喜欢各类运动项目的人数。



I like riding my bike and basketball. I don't like football.



I like swimming, table tennis and football. I don't like basketball.



I like football, basketball and swimming. I don't like skipping.



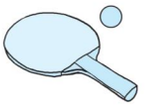
I like skipping, football and swimming. I don't like morning exercises.



I like skipping, riding my bike and table tennis. I don't like football.

A. 　B. 　C. 

(　　)　(　　)　(　　)

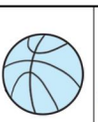
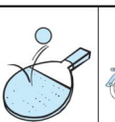
D. 　E. 　F. 

(　　)　(　　)　(　　)

综合运用过关

六、根据表格信息，选出正确的单词补全句子。（只填序号，每个选项只用一次）

A. basketball	B. riding my bike
C. swimming	D. table tennis
E. skipping	F. them

					
Ben	☺	☺	☹	☺	☹
Ann	☹	☹	☹	☺	☺
Kate	☺	☹	☺	☺	☺
John	☺	☺	☺	☺	☺

Ben: I like _____ and _____.

Ann: I don't like _____ or _____.

Kate: I like _____.

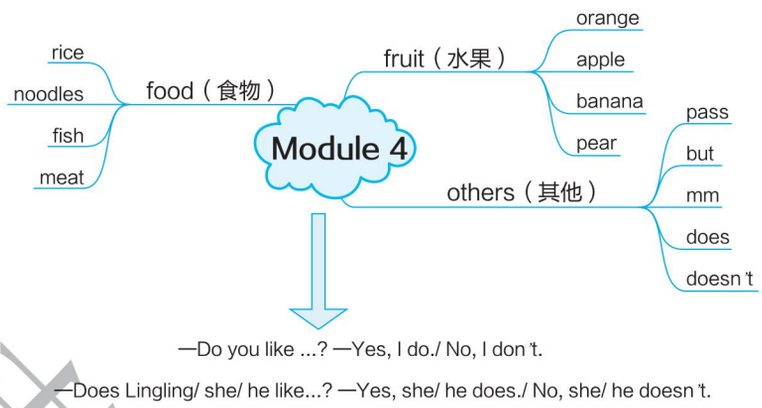
John: I like _____ all.

未经单位许可

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 4 复习训练

知识导图



本模块重难、易错点提醒

助动词 do 和 does 的区别：do 和 does 常常帮助动词构成疑问句和否定句，do 常跟人称 I，you，we，they 及表示多个人物或事物的词语连用，其否定形式为 do not，可以缩写为 don't；does 常跟人称代词 she，he，it 及表示单个人物或事物的词语连用，其否定形式为 does not，可以缩写成 doesn't。

重难点过关检测 ☞（答案见 113 页）

词汇过关

一、请把下列词汇按要求分类。

A. lion	B. football	C. apple
D. meat	E. tiger	F. basketball
G. elephant	H. rice	I. orange
J. noodles	K. table tennis	L. banana

动物类：_____

球类运动：_____

食物类：_____

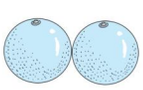
水果类：_____

二、根据图片提示填单词，完成句子。

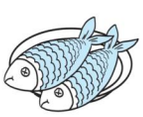
1. The _____ is big and red.



2. —Do you like _____, Daming?
—Yes, I do.



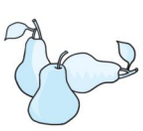
3. —Does Sam like _____?
—No, he doesn't.



4. _____ are very nice.



5. They don't like _____.



句型语法过关

三、选出可以替换画线部分的词。

（ ）1. Does Tom like bananas?
A. you B. I C. he

（ ）2. Do you like pears?
A. she B. they C. Sam

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

( )3. I like noodles.

A. meat B. banana C. apple

( )4. Does your mother like fish?

A. she B. I C. you

( )5. Daming and Sam like swimming.

A. ride B. bike C. skipping

四、选出每个句子或对话中错误的一项，将其序号填在题前的括号内。

( )1. Do your like them too?
A B C

( )2. Amy, do you like meats?
A B C

( )3. Does Sam likes oranges?
A B C

( )4. Noodles and rice is very nice.
A B C

( )5. —Does your brother like milk?
A B

—Yes, she does.
C

综合运用过关

五、读一读，选择句子补全对话，将其序号填在横线上。

Lingling: Good morning, Amy.

Amy: Good morning, Lingling.

Lingling: Amy, 1. _____?

Amy: Yes, I do.

Lingling: 2. _____?

Amy: Yes, he does. 3. _____?

Lingling: Yes. I like them, too.

Amy: Lingling, 4. _____?

Lingling: No, I don't.

Amy: 5. _____.

A. do you like fish

B. Does your brother like apples

C. But I like it

D. do you like apples

E. Do you like them too

六、读一读，按要求完成任务。

Jim, Sam, Bruce, Jeff and Pat are good friends. Jim likes meat and fish. He doesn't like noodles. Sam likes fish and milk. Bruce likes apples and milk. Sam and Bruce don't like bananas. Jeff likes pears and fish. Pat likes bananas. But he doesn't like pears.

1. 读短文，选出每个人喜欢的食物和不喜欢的食物，在对应的框内画“√”或“×”。

	Jim	Sam	Bruce	Jeff	Pat
meat					
fish					
noodles					
milk					
bananas					
apples					
pears					

2. 根据短文内容补全句子。

(1) Jim, Sam and Jeff like _____.

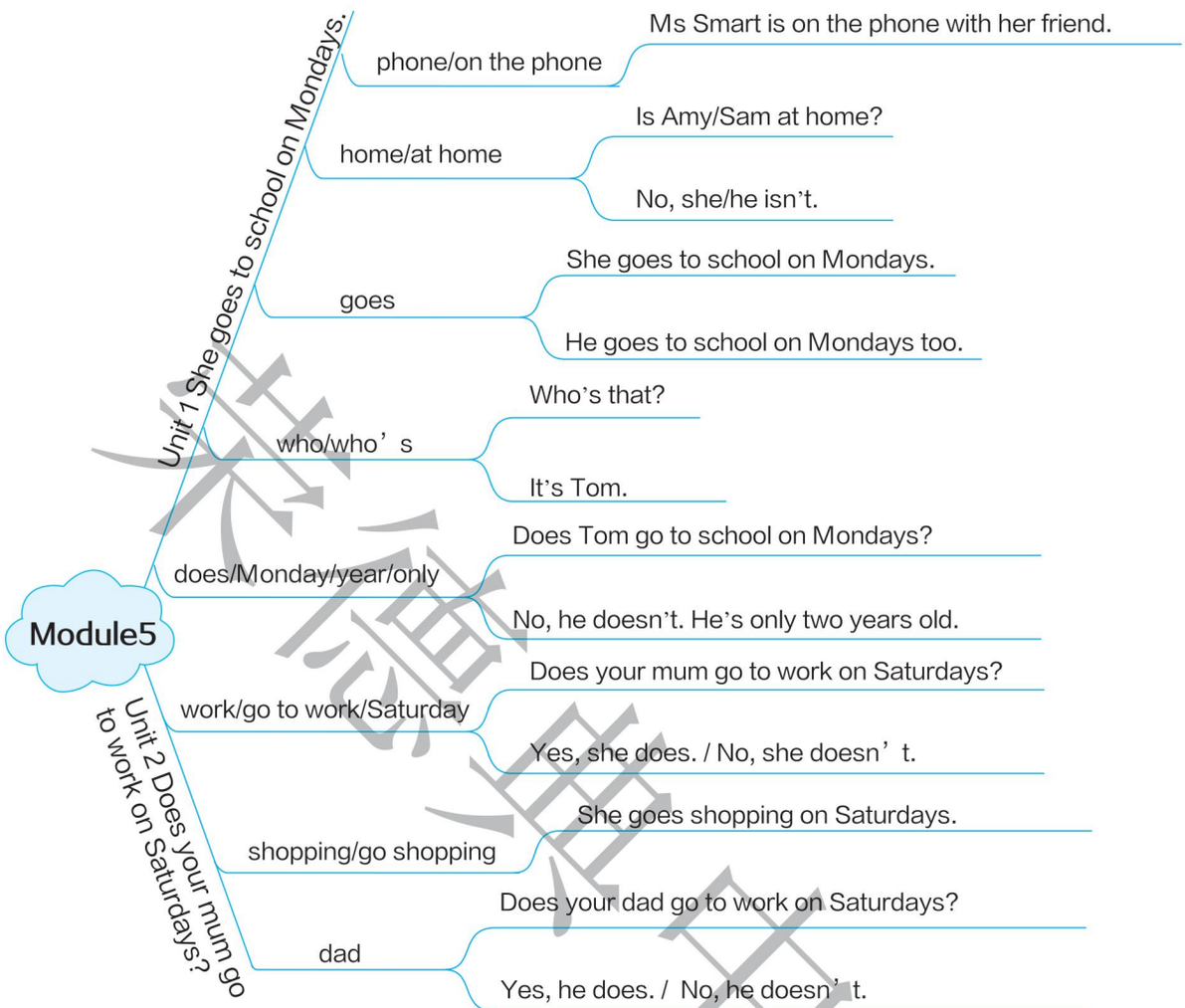
(2) Bruce doesn't like _____.

禁止复制 未经典中点

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 5 复习训练

知识导图



本模块重难、易错点提醒

1. 主语是第三人称单数时，在一般现在时态的陈述句中，谓语动词用单三形式；在一般现在时态的疑问句中，要借助助动词 does，句中的谓语动词要用原形。
2. 与某人通电话用介词 on。
3. it 既可指代无生命的东西或有生命的动/植物，也可指代人，主要是指性别不明的婴儿。

重难点过关检测 ☞（答案见 113 页）

词汇过关

一、根据图片提示写单词，补全句子。

1. This is my _____ Lanlan.



2. I go shopping _____ my mother on Saturdays.



3. Shanshan _____ table tennis on Saturdays.



关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

4. My brother doesn't go to school.
He is only two _____ old.



二、选择合适的词组完成句子。

A. years old	B. with his friend
C. at home	D. on the phone
E. go to school	

1. —Is your brother three _____?
—Yes, he is.
2. —Is your dad _____?
—No, he goes to the zoo with my brother.
3. —Who is _____?
—My grandpa.
4. —Does your father like football?
—Yes. He likes to play it _____.
5. —Does Meimei _____ on Tuesdays?
—Yes, she does.

句型语法过关

三、选词填空。

at on in to with

1. My sister is _____ the phone _____ her friend.
2. —Is Lingling _____ home?
—No, she isn't. She is _____ school.
3. Ms Smart doesn't go _____ work on Saturdays.
4. —Where is your English book?
—It's _____ my schoolbag.

四、用所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. Amy _____ (go) to school with Tom on Mondays.
2. —_____ (do) Ann _____ (go) to school?
—Yes, she _____ (do).
3. My sisters _____ (be) at home now.
4. _____ (be) he on the phone with his friend?
5. They go _____ (work) on Tuesdays. But _____ (no) you.

综合运用过关

五、读一读，将下列句子排成一段对话，首句已给出。

(C)→( )→( )→( )→( )→( )

A. Is Amy at home, Ms Smart?
B. No, he isn't. He goes shopping, too.
C. Hello! This is Lingling.
D. Is Tom at home?
E. No, she isn't. She goes shopping with her dad.
F. Hello, Lingling! This is Ms Smart.

六、读对话，根据对话内容在表格中相应的位置打“√”。

A: Hello! Who's that?
B: It's Sam.
A: Is your mother at home, Sam?
B: No, she isn't. She goes shopping with my grandma on Saturdays.
A: Does your father go shopping too?
B: No, he doesn't. He plays football on Saturdays.
A: Does Tom go shopping?
B: No, he is on the phone with me at home. He is only two years old.
A: Ha ha...

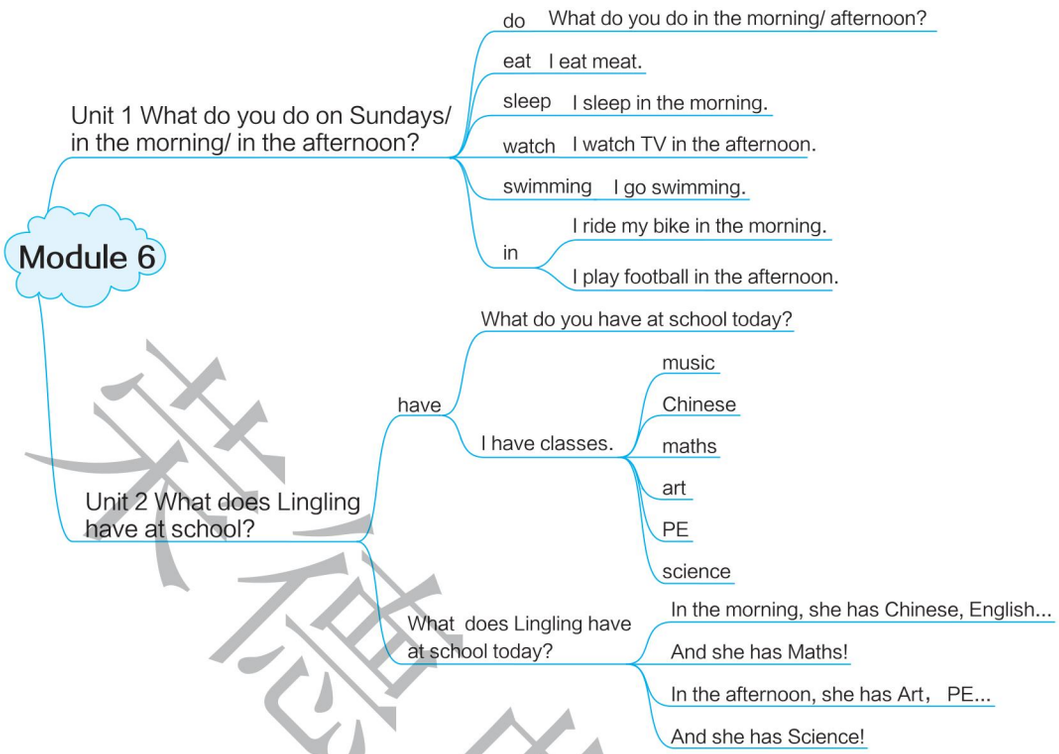
	at home	go shopping	play football
Sam's mother			
Sam's father			
Sam's grandma			
Sam			
Tom			

荣德典点

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 6 复习训练

知识导图



本模块重难、易错点提醒

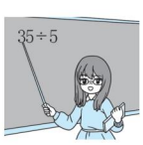
What do you do in the afternoon? 第一个 do 是助动词，没有实际意义，帮助构成特殊疑问句；第二个 do 是有实际意义的动词，意为“做，干”。当对复数人称进行提问时，助动词仍用 do；当对第三人称单数进行提问时，助动词用 does。

重难点过关检测 ☞（答案见 113 页）

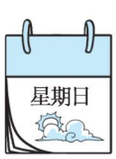
词汇过关

一、根据图片补全句子。（注意用单词的正确形式）

1. They don't have _____ in the morning.



2. We are at home on _____.



3. They have _____ at school today.



4. _____ is my favourite class.



5. The cat likes _____.



句型语法过关

二、选择正确的单词或词组完成句子，将其序号填在横线上。

1. What do you do on _____（A. the Monday；B. Mondays）?

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

2. I ride _____(A. my; B. I) bike in the morning.

3. They play football in _____(A. afternoon; B. the afternoon).

4. In the morning, she has _____(A. Chinese; B. chinese).

5. We watch _____(A. the TV; B. TV) on Sundays.

三、按要求完成下列句子。

1. I have classes at school.(对画线部分提问)

_____ do _____ at school?

2. Do you play football in the morning?
(作肯定回答)

_____, _____ _____.

3. He has Music in the afternoon.
(用 We 替代 He 改写句子)

_____ _____Music in the afternoon.

4. Lingling has Chinese, Music and PE in the morning. (对画线部分提问)

_____ _____Lingling _____ in the morning?

5. She has Chinese today.(改为否定句)

She _____ _____Chinese today.

四、仿照例子写句子。

例:Tom—PE—in the morning

—What does Tom have at school in the morning?

—He has PE.

1. Daming—English—in the afternoon

_____

2. your sister—Art and Maths—today

_____

综合运用过关

五、阅读短文,完成任务。

Peter is very lazy (懒惰的). He likes sleeping in the morning. In the afternoon, Amy watches TV. She thinks it's relaxing (令人放松的). In the evening (晚上), Bob usually plays football with Tom.

(一)将人物与对应的图片连线。

1. Peter　　2. Amy　　3. Bob

A. 　B. 　C. 

(二)阅读短文,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出正确的答案。

(　　)1. _____ is very lazy.

A. Peter　　B. Amy　　C. Bob

(　　)2. Does Amy go swimming in the afternoon?

A. Yes.　　B. No.

C. We don't know (我们不知道).

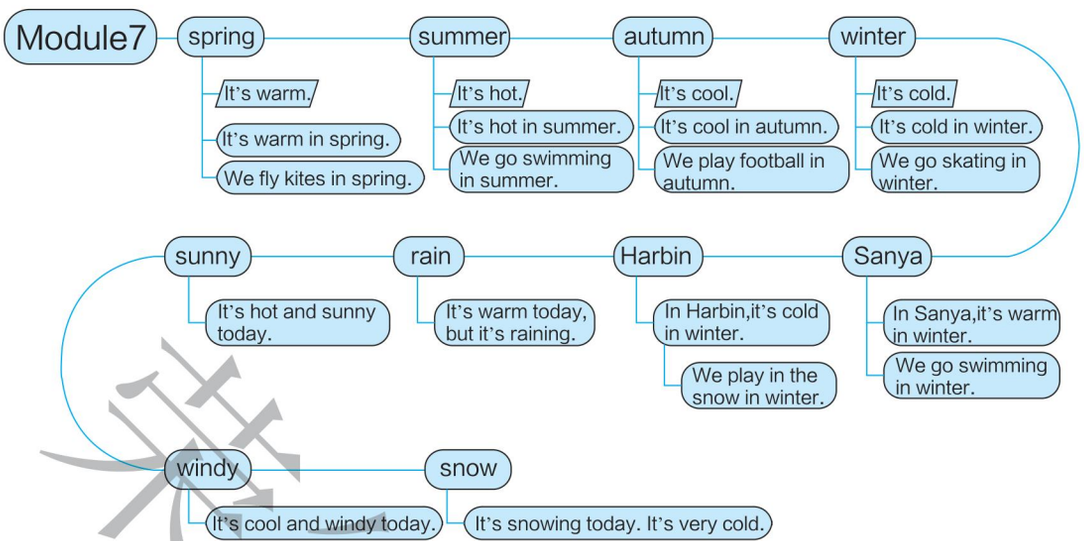
(　　)3. Bob usually plays football with _____.

A. Peter　　B. Tom　　C. Amy

关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

Module 7 复习训练

知识导图



本模块重难、易错点提醒

1. 季节名词前不加冠词 a/an/the。
2. 表示在某地,特别是较大的地方,如国家、城市等词前用介词 in。
3. 季节前用介词 in。

重难点过关检测 ☞(答案见 114 页)

词汇过关

一、读句子,写出所给单词的反义词或对应词。

1. It's _____ (cold) in Hainan in summer.
2. We _____ (come) to school on Mondays.
3. It's very _____ (hot) today.
4. Today is very _____ (cool), but it's raining.
5. I like autumn. It's very _____ (warm).

二、读一读,根据句意和首字母提示,补全单词,完成句子。

1. I like autumn. It's my favourite s_____.
2. It's hot in s_____. I go swimming in this season.
3. It's s_____ today. We fly kites.
4. It's s_____ today. It's very cold.
5. It's warm in s_____. We plant trees (植树).

句型语法过关

三、选择正确的单词或词组完成句子,将其序号填在横线上。

1. In summer, it often _____ (A. rains; B. snows).
2. In Harbin, we _____ (A. go skating; B. go swimming) in winter.

关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

3. In autumn, it's _____ (A. sun; B. sunny) and cool.

4. It's winter now. In Wuhan, it's _____ (A. warm; B. cold). But in Sanya it's _____ (A. warm; B. cold).

5. It's _____ (A. rains; B. raining) today.

四、选出每个句子中错误的一项，将其序号填在题前的括号内。

( )1. It's my favourite seasons.
A B C

( )2. We fly kite in spring.
A B C

( )3. What does Xiaoyong and Xiaoguang do in winter?
A B C

( )4. It is rain today.
A B C

( )5. He play football in autumn.
A B C

五、仿照例句写句子。

例：cool——he—play football—autumn

It's cool in autumn.

He plays football in autumn.

1. warm—we—fly kites—spring

2. cold—they—go skating—winter

3. hot, sunny—Sam—go swimming —summer

综合运用过关

六、阅读短文，选择正确的答案。

There are (有) four seasons in a year (年). They're spring, summer, autumn and winter. In spring, it's warm. I fly a kite in the park. In summer, it's hot and sunny. My father and I go swimming in the river. It's cool and windy in autumn. I play football at school. My favourite season is winter. I play in the snow with my friends.

( )1. How many seasons are there (有) in a year (年)?
A. Two. B. Four. C. Five.

( )2. It's hot and sunny in _____.
A. spring B. autumn
C. summer

( )3. In autumn, it's _____.
A. cool and windy
B. hot and sunny
C. cold and snowy

( )4. _____ is my favourite season.
A. Summer B. Spring
C. Winter

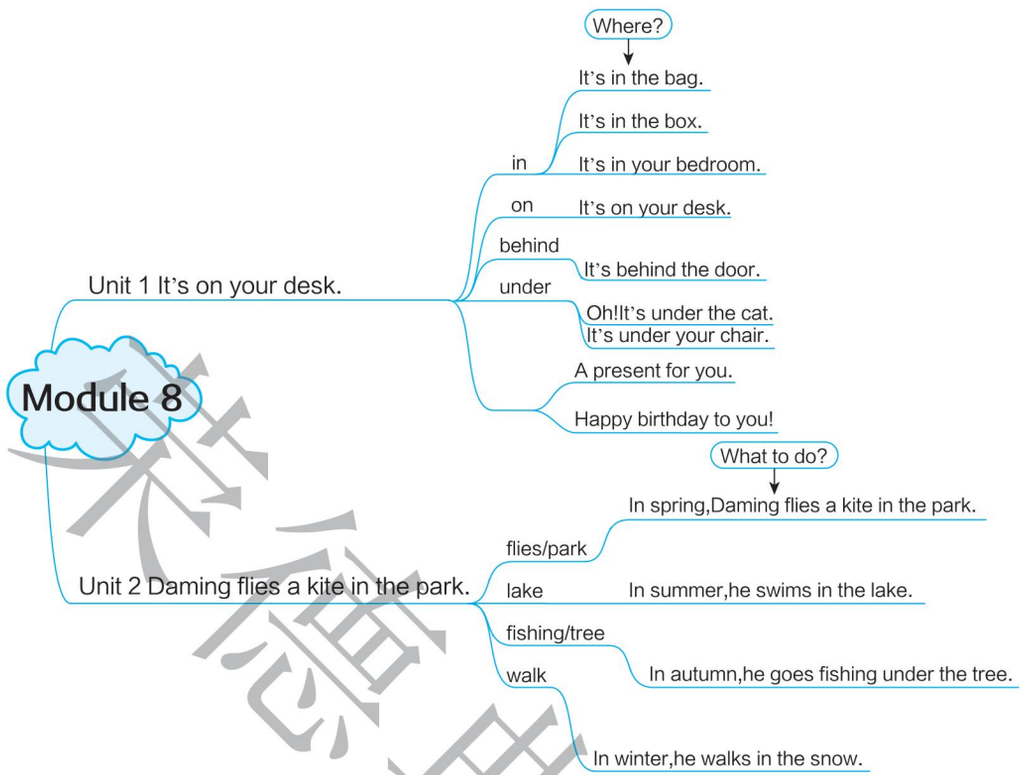
( )5. My _____ and I play in the snow in winter.
A. father B. friends
C. mother

荣德集中店

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 8 复习训练

知识导图



本模块重难、易错点提醒

以辅音字母加 y 结尾的动词变第三人称单数时需改 y 为 i，再加-es，如 fly—flies。

重难点过关检测 ☞（答案见 114 页）

词汇过关

一、根据句意和图片提示写单词，补全句子。

1. In autumn, I play football in the _____.



2. On Saturdays, my grandfather goes _____.



3. Look! They are swimming in the _____.



4. In spring, Mike _____ a kite in the park.



5. In winter, Xiaohong _____ in the snow with her dog.



二、选出能替代画线部分的单词或词组，将其序号填入题前括号内。

(　　)1. On Saturday, she goes to the park with her parents.

A. bike　　B. zoo　　C. fish

(　　)2. My book is in the desk.

A. to　　B. for　　C. on

(　　)3. In summer, he goes swimming in the lake.

A. I　　B. they　　C. my father

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

(　　)4. The present is in the bag.

A. box　　B. chair　C. it

句型语法过关

三、选择正确的单词完成句子，将其序号填在横线上。

1. In spring, my sister _____ (A. flys; B. flies) a kite in the park.
2. In winter, we _____ (A. walk; B. walks) in the snow.
3. In autumn, he goes _____ (A. fishing; B. fish) under the tree.
4. _____ (A. The panda; B. The pandas) is in the cap.
5. Where _____ (A. is; B. are) the apples?

四、按要求完成下列句子。

1. The toy is behind the door. (对画线部分提问)

_____ _____ the toy?

2. It's a present for you. (对画线部分提问)

_____ _____ it?

3. The monkey isn't under the tree. (变为肯定句)

The monkey _____ under the tree.

4. In summer, they swim in the lake. (用 my brother 替代 they 改写句子)

In summer, _____ _____ _____ in the lake.

5. Red is my favourite colour. (对画线部分提问)

_____ _____ your favourite colour?

五、仿照例句写句子。

例：summer—I—go swimming—in the lake

In summer, I go swimming in the lake.

1. spring—Daming—fly a kite—in the park

_____

2. autumn—my grandpa —go fishing—under the tree

_____

3. winter—Ann—walk—in the snow

_____

综合运用过关

六、阅读短文，判断正（T）误（F）。

Hi! I'm Lingling. I have a friend. Her name is Liu Fang. She is nine years old. Her favourite season is winter. It's cold and snowy in winter. She walks and plays in the snow. She likes skating. So she goes skating in winter too. That's cool.

(　　)1. Lingling's favourite season is winter.

(　　)2. Liu Fang is nine years old.

(　　)3. Lingling goes skating in winter.

(　　)4. Liu Fang doesn't like skating.

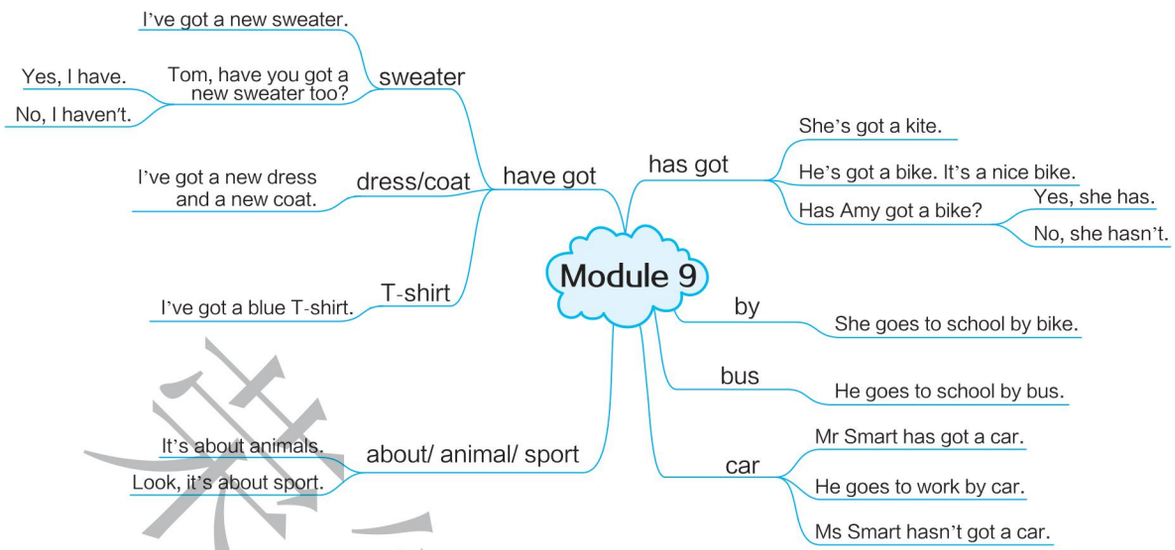
(　　)5. Liu Fang walks and plays in the snow.

荣德典点

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 9 复习训练

知识导图



本模块重难、易错点提醒

一般现在时里，当主语为第三人称单数时，表示“有”应用“has got”，其否定形式为“hasn't got”，意为“没有”。

重难点过关检测 ☞(答案见114页)

词汇过关

一、根据图片和句意提示填单词，补全句子。

1. In autumn, I put on(穿上) my yellow _____.



2. In spring, I put on my blue _____.



3. Have you got a book _____ art?



4. My friend has _____ a new book.



5. She hasn't got a bike. She goes to school by _____.



二、选出能替代画线部分的单词或词组，将其序号填入题前括号内。

(　　)1. It isn't under the chair.

A. at　　B. for　　C. on

(　　)2. I have got a new sweater.

A. play　B. dress　C. behind

(　　)3. Has Mr Smart got a car?

A. they　　B. you

C. your mother

(　　)4. Have you got any new books?

A. your friends　　B. she

C. he

(　　)5. He goes to school by bus.

A. goes to work

B. go to the park

C. go to the zoo

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

句型语法过关

三、用 have, be, do 的正确形式填空。

1. —_____ you got a pen?
   —No, I _____.
2. My mother _____ got a car. She goes to work by bus.
3. —_____ she got a new pen?
   —Yes, she _____.
4. —Where's my T-shirt?
   —It _____ on the line.
5. His sister _____ walk to school.

四、选出每个句子中错误的一项，将其序号填入题前的括号内。

(　　)1. My new book (A) is at (B) sport (C).

(　　)2. I've got a new dress (A) and a new coats (C).

(　　)3. —Have (A) you got a new (B) pen?
—No, I don't (C).

(　　)4. Her (A) father is (B) got a car (C).

(　　)5. They (A) don't (B) got new books (C).

五、按要求改写句子。

1. Lingling's T-shirt is on the line. (对画线部分提问)
_____ _____ Lingling's T-shirt?

2. Have you got a new sweater? (作否定回答)
_____, _____ _____.

3. Sam has got a new bike. (改为一般疑问句)
_____ Sam _____ a new bike?

4. My father goes to work by car. (改为一般疑问句)
_____ your father _____ to work by car?

六、仿照例句写句子。

例：my father—go to work—by car
My father has got a car.
He goes to work by car.

1. Lingling—go to school—by bike
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____

2. they—go to the zoo—by bike
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____

综合运用过关

七、读一读，根据短文内容判断句子正(T)误(F)。

Sam has got a bike. He goes to school by bike. Lingling hasn't got a bike. Her father has got a car. She goes to school by car. Daming hasn't got a bike. He goes to school by bus.

(　　)1. Sam goes to school by bike.

(　　)2. Lingling has got a bike.

(　　)3. Lingling goes to school by car.

(　　)4. Daming has got a bike.

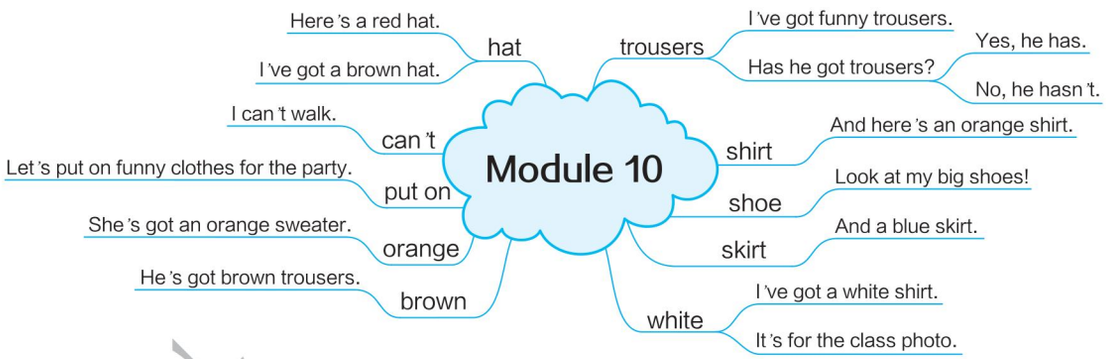
(　　)5. Daming goes to school by bus.

来源集中识

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 10 复习训练

知识导图



本模块重难、易错点提醒

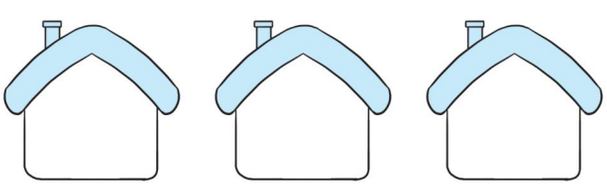
1. let's 后接动词原形。
2. Here's a red hat. 句子中，当主语为可数名词复数时，句中的 be 动词 is 应该改为 are。

重难点过关检测 ☞(答案见 114 页)

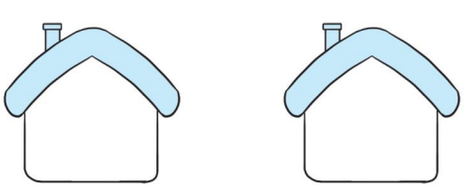
词汇过关

一、请按要求把下列单词进行分类，将序号写在相应的房子里。

A. coat　B. spring　C. bus　D. music
E. football　F. bike　G. art　H. skirt
I. autumn　J. car　K. dress　L. maths
M. basketball　N. table tennis　O. winter



服装　交通工具　季节



球类　学科

句型语法过关

二、选择正确的单词完成句子，将其序号填在横线上。

1. They _____ (A. is; B. are) my clothes.
2. Look at my big _____ (A. shoe; B. shoes).
3. Here _____ (A. is; B. are) a green sweater.
4. It's _____ (A. you; B. your) turn now.
5. —Has your sister got a new skirt?
   —Yes, _____ (A. she; B. he) has.

三、根据句意，选择恰当的词补全句子。

on　by　for　at　in

1. Let's put _____ our new clothes. They are very nice.
2. My father hasn't got a car. He goes to work _____ bus.

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

3. They have got white shirts _____ the class photo.

4. Lingling and Amy are _____ the zoo.

5. Look _____my nice bike!

四、选出每个句子中错误的一项，将其序号填入题前括号内。

(　　)1. She's got(A) an(B) yellow(C) hat.

(　　)2. Look(A) at this(B) big(C) shoes.

(　　)3. What clothes(A) have(B) your(C) friend got?

(　　)4. Oh, it's(A) me(B) turn(C) now.

(　　)5. She's(A) got a red sweater(B), a yellow skirt and a(C) black trousers.

五、按要求改写句子。

1. We've got funny clothes for the party.

(对画线部分提问)

_____ clothes _____you got for the party?

2. I can walk.(改为否定句)

I _____ walk.

3. My shirt is black and white.(对画线部分提问)

_____ _____ is your shirt?

4. My mother has got a new car.(改为否定句)

My mother _____ _____ a new car.

六、仿照例句写句子。

例:she—red—a hat

She's got a red hat.

1. he—brown—a coat

_____

_____

_____

_____

2. I—black—trousers

_____

_____

_____

_____

综合运用过关

七、阅读短文，根据其内容判断句子正(T)误(F)。

Today is Saturday. Jane goes shopping with her mother. Jane likes flying a kite. So they buy(买) a kite. And they buy some clothes. A white shirt for Jane's brother Jerry. It's nice. A yellow and black T-shirt for her dad. Her mum has got an orange skirt and a blue dress.

(　　)1. Jane goes shopping with her mother on Sunday.

(　　)2. Jane's mother buys a kite for Jane.

(　　)3. Jerry has got a white shirt.

(　　)4. Jane's father has got a yellow and black coat.

(　　)5. Jane's mother has got a skirt and a dress.

荣德集团

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

全书听力专练 ☞(答案见115页)

听力(一)

听力训练(一)

一、听录音,选出你所听到的字母或单词。

( )1. A. Bb B. Dd C. Tt

( )2. A. pass B. park C. party

( )3. A. Saturday B. Sunday C. Monday

( )4. A. class B. cold C. clothes

( )5. A. baby B. back C. bedroom

二、听录音,选择相应的图片。

( )1. A.  B. 

( )2. A.  B. 

( )3. A.  B. 

( )4. A.  B. 

( )5. A.  B. 

三、听录音,判断下列句子与所听到的内容是否相符。相符的在题前括号内写T,不相符的写F。

( )1. It's a red apple.

( )2. My favourite colour is yellow.

( )3. We play in the snow in winter.

( )4. She's got a white sweater.

( )5. They go to school by bus.

四、听录音,选择正确的答语。

( )1. A. It's H.
B. It's an orange.

( )2. A. Yes, he does.
B. Yes, she does.

( )3. A. No, she isn't.
B. Yes, I am.

( )4. A. Thank you .
B. OK.

( )5. A. She goes shopping on Sundays.
B. She goes fishing on Saturdays.

听力(二)

听力训练(二)

一、听录音,选出你所听到的单词或短语。

( )1. A. she B. we C. me

( )2. A. tiger B. under C. sister

( )3. A. meat B. milk C. music

( )4. A. go fishing B. go swimming C. go skating

( )5. A. a blue coat B. a blue car C. a blue bike

二、听录音,给下列图片排序。


( )


( )


( )


( )


( )

禁复重印

关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

三、听录音，选出与录音内容相符的选项，将其序号填入题前括号内。

A. bananas　B. skipping　C. sunny
D. party　E. tree

(　　)1. It's a tall _____.
(　　)2. I like _____.
(　　)3. Today it's warm and _____.
(　　)4. Let's have a _____ for her birthday.
(　　)5. My sister doesn't like _____.

四、听录音，判断下列句子与所听内容是（√）否（×）相符。

(　　)1. It's an orange.
(　　)2. My favourite colour is yellow.
(　　)3. He plays table tennis.
(　　)4. Yes, I do.

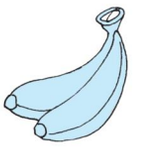
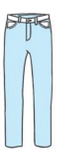
听力（三）

听力训练（三）

一、听录音，选出你所听到的单词或短语。

(　　)1. A. year　B. here　C. her
(　　)2. A. can't　B. car　C. come
(　　)3. A. snow　B. how　C. now
(　　)4. A. by car　B. by bike　C. on foot
(　　)5. A. under the tree　B. behind the tree　C. in the tree

二、听录音，连线。

1. Jerry　A. 
2. Jack　B. 
3. Jeff　C. 
4. Jane　D. 
5. Joan　E. 

三、听对话，判断句子正（√）误（×）。

(　　)1. Lingling has got a dress.
(　　)2. Amy's bike is yellow.
(　　)3. Mr Li goes to work by car.
(　　)4. Daming plays football on Saturdays.
(　　)5. The toy is under the chair.

四、听录音，判断下列句子与你所听到的内容是（T）否（F）相符。

(　　)1. Fangfang likes football and basketball.
(　　)2. Fangfang's favourite colour is yellow.
(　　)3. Lingling likes skipping.
(　　)4. Lingling goes to school by bike.
(　　)5. Fangfang and Lingling like flying kites.

荣德基书城

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

全书知识小结

词 汇

(一)动物类单词

monkey 猴子　tiger 老虎
lion 狮子　elephant 大象

(二)人物类单词

man 人,男人　mum 妈妈　friend 朋友
dad 爸爸

(三)体育运动类单词

football 足球　basketball 篮球
table tennis 乒乓球
morning exercises 早操
swimming 游泳(运动)
skating 滑冰　fishing 捕鱼,钓鱼

(四)食品类单词

meat 肉　rice 米饭;米
noodles(常复)面条　fish 鱼肉;鱼
milk 牛奶

(五)水果类单词

orange 橙;柑;橘　apple 苹果
banana 香蕉　pear 梨

(六)星期类单词

Monday 星期一　Saturday 星期六
Sunday 星期日

(七)地点类单词

zoo 动物园　home 家　park 公园

(八)科目类单词

music 音乐　Chinese 语文,汉语
maths 数学　art 美术　science 科学

(九)季节类单词

summer 夏天　autumn 秋天
winter 冬天　spring 春天

(十)衣物类单词

sweater 毛线衫　dress 连衣裙
coat 外套　T-shirt T恤衫　hat 帽子
clothes(常复)衣服　trousers(常复)裤子
shirt 衬衫　shoe 鞋子
skirt 女裙,裙子

(十一)交通工具类单词

bike 自行车　bus 公共汽车
car 汽车,轿车

(十二)天气类单词

snow 雪;下雪　rain 雨;下雨

(十三)家庭用品类单词

phone 电话;电话机　box 盒子
bed 床

交际用语

(一)Module 1

1. 询问对方最喜欢的事物的问句及答语:
—What's your favourite song, Ms Smart?
斯马特女士,你最喜欢什么歌曲?
—It's the ABC song.《字母歌》。
2. 表达自己最喜欢的颜色的句子:
My favourite colour is yellow.
我最喜欢的颜色是黄色。

(二)Module 2

1. 询问"它们是什么?"的问句及答语:
—What are they? 它们是什么?
—They are lions. 它们是狮子。
2. 描述人或动物的特征的句子:
This man is tall. 这个男人是高的。

(三)Module 3

1. 表示喜欢或不喜欢某个事物的句子:
I like football. 我喜欢足球。
I don't like basketball. 我不喜欢篮球。

关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

2. 表示喜欢或不喜欢做某事的句子：

I like swimming. 我喜欢游泳。

I don't like skipping. 我不喜欢跳绳。

（四）**Module** 4

1. 询问对方是否喜欢某物的问句及回答：

—Do you like meat, Lingling?

玲玲，你喜欢肉吗？

—Yes, I do. 是的，我喜欢。

2. 询问他人是否喜欢某物的问句及回答：

—Does Lingling like oranges?

玲玲喜欢橘子吗？

—Yes, she does. 是的，她喜欢。

（五）**Module** 5

1. 描述他人做某事的句子：

She goes to school on Mondays.

她星期一去上学。

2. 询问他人是否做某事的问句及回答：

—Does Tom go to school on Mondays?

汤姆星期一去上学吗？

—No, he doesn't. 不，他不去上学。

（六）**Module** 6

1. 询问对方在星期几做什么的问句及回答：

—What do you do on Sundays, Sam?

萨姆，你在星期日做什么？

—I go swimming. 我去游泳。

2. 询问对方或他人在学校上什么课的问句及回答：

—What does Lingling have at school today, Daming?

大明，玲玲今天在学校上什么课？

—In the morning, she has Chinese, English…

上午，她上语文课、英语课……

（七）**Module**7

1. 描述不同季节的天气状况的句子：

It's warm in spring. 春天天气暖和。

2. 描述在某个季节所从事的活动的句子：

We fly kites in spring. 我们在春天放风筝。

（八）**Module** 8

1. 描述物品位置的句子：

It's under the cat. 它在猫下面。

2. 描述他人在某地做某事的句子：

Daming flies a kite in the park.

大明在公园里放风筝。

（九）**Module** 9

1. 介绍自己拥有某物的句子：

I've got a new book. 我有一本新书。

2. 询问对方是否拥有某物的问句及回答：

—Have you got a new book, Amy?

埃米，你有一本新书吗？

—No, I haven't. 不，我没有。

3. 描述他人拥有某物的句子：

He's got a bike. 他有一辆自行车。

4. 询问他人是否有某物的问句及回答：

—Has Amy got a bike?

埃米有一辆自行车吗？

—Yes, she has. 是的，她有。

（十）**Module** 10

1. 表达这里有某物的句子：

Here's a red hat. 这里有一顶红色的帽子。

2. 描述他人拥有某种颜色的服装的句子：

She's got an orange sweater.

她有一件橘黄色的毛线衫。

3. 询问他人是否拥有某物的问句及回答：

—Has he got green trousers?

他有绿色的裤子吗？

—Yes, he has. 是的，他有。

未经许可 请勿盗用

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

月考卷二 Modules 6～8 过关检测卷

时间:40 分钟　满分:100 分

	听力(40 分)				笔试(60 分)						总分
题　号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	
得　分											

姓名 学号 密 班级 线 学校

第一部分　听力(40 分)

听力测试

一 听录音,选出你所听到的单词。(10 分)

(　　) 1. A. have　　B. has　　C. maths

(　　) 2. A. we　　B. he　　C. she

(　　) 3. A. nice　　B. rice　　C. bike

(　　) 4. A. play　　B. today　　C. rain

(　　) 5. A. boy　　B. toy　　C. tall

二 听录音,给下列图片排序。(10 分)

　(　　)

　(　　)

　(　　)

　(　　)

　(　　)

三 听录音,选出你所听到的句子。(10 分)

(　　) 1. A. What do you do on Sundays?　　B. What do you do on Mondays?

(　　) 2. A. I ride my bike in the morning.　　B. I fly my kite in the morning.

(　　) 3. A. We go fishing in summer.　　B. We go swimming in summer.

(　　) 4. A. It's warm today, but it's raining.

B. It's cold today, and it's snowing.

(　　) 5. A. The monkey is under the tree.　　B. The monkey is behind the tree.

四 听录音,选择合适的答语。(10 分)

(　　) 1. A. I watch TV in the afternoon.　　B. I watch TV in the morning.

(　　) 2. A. She has Chinese, English, Art and PE.

B. He has Chinese, English, Art and PE.

(　　) 3. A. We fly kites in spring.　　B. We go swimming in summer.

(　　) 4. A. It's under the desk.　　B. It's a present for you.

(　　) 5. A. Yes, you do.　　B. No, I don't.

第二部分　笔试(60 分)

五 根据首字母及图片提示完成单词。(10 分)

1. On S_____, we don't go to work.



2. S_____ is my favourite season. We can fly kites.



3. —What's this?

—It's a photo of my b_____.



4. I p_____ in the snow in winter.



5. In summer, she goes f_____ by the lake.



关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

六 选出下列各组单词中不同类的一项。(10分)

( ) 1. A. sleep B. class C. eat
( ) 2. A. music B. science C. today
( ) 3. A. cold B. summer C. autumn
( ) 4. A. sunny B. skating C. windy
( ) 5. A. behind B. under C. tree

七 选择正确的单词或短语完成句子。(10分)

A. under B. walk C. goes skating
D. Maths E. eat meat

( ) 1. In winter, she _____.
( ) 2. —What do you have at school today?
—We have _____, Art and PE.
( ) 3. The ball is _____ the desk.
( ) 4. —What do you do on Mondays?
—I _____. Ha ha...
( ) 5. In spring, they _____ in the park.

八 单项选择。(10分)

( ) 1. —What _____ do in the morning?
—I watch TV at home.
A. do your B. does he C. do you
( ) 2. _____, we have Music, PE, Art and Maths today.
A. at school B. At school C. On the school
( ) 3. In autumn, she _____ with her friends in the park.
A. flies a kite B. fly a kite C. fly the kites
( ) 4. It's _____ in winter in Harbin, but it's _____ in Sanya.
A. cold; cool B. cold; warm C. warm; cold
( ) 5. —_____ my English book?
—It's in your desk.
A. Where B. What's C. Where's

九 连词成句。(10分)

1. sister Her on football Saturdays plays (.)
2. does mum What do morning your the in (?)
3. in swimming I this go nice season (.)
4. is door toy Your the behind (.)
5. is new pen birthday It my for a (.)

十 阅读短文,判断句子正(T)误(F)。(10分) (建议用时:5分钟)

Hello! My name is Pat. I'm ten years old. Today is Saturday. I don't go to school. I'm at home in the morning. But my brother Pet isn't at home. He's in the zoo with his friends. They see(看到) many animals there: pandas, elephants, tigers, monkeys...

In the afternoon, my brother and I go to the park with my mother. It's warm and sunny. We fly kites there. And we can go fishing by the lake too.

( ) 1. It's Sunday tomorrow(明天).
( ) 2. My brother and I go to school today.
( ) 3. I go to the park with my friends in the morning.
( ) 4. Pet is in the zoo with his friends in the morning.
( ) 5. Today is warm and sunny.

关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

姓名　学号　密　封　班级　线　学校

期末检测卷

时间:60 分钟　满分:100 分

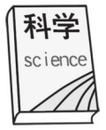
	听力(40 分)				笔试(60 分)						总分
题　号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	
得　分											

第一部分　听力(40 分)

听力测试

一　听录音,根据所听内容选出相应的图片。(10 分)

(　　) 1. A. 

B. 

(　　) 2. A. 

B. 

(　　) 3. A. 
B. 

(　　) 4. A. 
B. 

(　　) 5. A. 
B. 

二　听录音,选择你所听到的句子。(10 分)

(　　) 1. A. The animals are all in the zoo.
B. The animals aren't in the zoo.

(　　) 2. A. My father doesn't go to work on Mondays.
B. My mother goes to work on Sundays.

(　　) 3. A. I have Art, PE, Music and Science at school today.
B. I have Art, Chinese, Music and Maths at school today.

(　　) 4. A. My sister has got a blue skirt and a yellow sweater.
B. My sister has got a yellow skirt and a blue sweater.

(　　) 5. A. —Where's my hat?　—It's on your bed.
B. —Where's my cap?　—It's under your bed.

三　听句子,选答语。(10 分)

(　　) 1. A. My favourite song is the ABC song.　B. My favourite letter is A.
C. My favourite colour is blue.

(　　) 2. A. It's an elephant.　B. They are monkeys.
C. It's a panda.

(　　) 3. A. She plays basketball on Sundays.　B. I play football on Sundays.
C. He plays football on Sundays.

(　　) 4. A. She has Music at school today.　B. I ride my bike at school today.
C. I have Maths at school today.

(　　) 5. A. They are on the chair.　B. It's blue.
C. It's in the box.

四　听录音,判断句子与录音内容是(√)否(×)相符。(10 分)

(　　) 1. Lingling goes to school by bus.

(　　) 2. The presents are in Lingling's bedroom.

(　　) 3. Lingling has got an orange skirt and a red sweater.

(　　) 4. Lingling has got a new book about animals.

(　　) 5. Lingling doesn't like football.

第二部分　笔试(60 分)

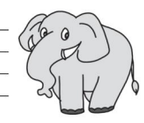
五　按要求写字母或单词。(10 分)

1. 写出下列字母的左邻右舍。(5 分)

E _____ G　　h _____ j　　L _____ N

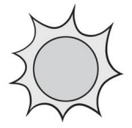
q _____ s　　V _____ X

2. 重新排列下列字母,按图片提示将其组成正确的单词。(5 分)

(1) pehtaenl _____ 

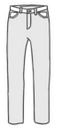
(2) epalp _____ 

(3) sdifner _____ 

(4) nysun _____ 

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

(5) sreutors _____ _____ _____ _____



六 单项选择。(10 分)

( ) 1. —What's this? —It's _____.
A. a yellow Z B. yellow C. blue A

( ) 2. Look! The _____ are small and thin.
A. monkeys B. monkey C. a monkey

( ) 3. Do you play football _____ Mondays?
A. at B. on C. in

( ) 4. I have a white shirt. It's _____ the class photo.
A. at B. for C. in

( ) 5. —_____ Sam got brown shoes? —No, he _____.
A. Does; got B. Have; haven't C. Has; hasn't

七 请给下列图片配上合适的对话,将其序号填在题前的括号内。(10 分)

( ) 1. 

( ) 2. 

( ) 3. 

( ) 4. 

( ) 5. 

A. —Welcome back to school. —Thank you.
B. —What are they? —They are birds.
C. —This is your book. Here you are. —Thank you.
D. —What clothes have you got? —I've got new shoes.
E. —What do you do in autumn? —I ride a bike in the park.

八 给下列问句选择合适的答语。(10 分)

( ) 1. What is your favourite song?

( ) 2. What do they do in winter?

( ) 3. Who's that boy?

( ) 4. Where's my skirt?

( ) 5. Does Meimei go to school by bike?

A. No. She goes to school by bus. B. He's my brother Jack.
C. It is on the line. D. It's the ABC song.
E. They play in the snow.

九 按要求完成下列各题。(10 分)

1. Mike doesn't like noodles. (变为肯定句)
Mike _____ noodles.

2. I ride my bike in the park. (对画线部分提问)
_____ do _____ ride your bike?

3. Have you got a green sweater? (作肯定回答)
_____, _____ _____.

4. Her father has got a new car. (改为一般疑问句)
_____ her father _____ a new car?

5. It is a book. (对画线部分提问)
_____ is it?

十 阅读短文,判断下列句子正(T)误(F)。(10 分) (建议用时:5 分钟)

Hello! I'm Jane. I have a friend. She is ten years old. Her name is Jenny. She is tall and thin. Her favourite colour is orange. She likes milk and noodles. Her favourite season is summer, because(因为)she likes swimming. She goes swimming on Saturdays. She's got a nice bike. She goes to school by bike.

( ) 1. Jane is ten years old.

( ) 2. Jenny is tall and thin.

( ) 3. Jenny's favourite colour is yellow.

( ) 4. Jenny goes to school by bike.

( ) 5. Jenny likes milk and meat. And she likes swimming.

关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

荣德基小学系列 典中点 参考答案及点拨

三年级 英语 下 WY版

检测卷部分

月考卷一 Modules 1 ~3 过关检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. Dd　2. short　3. small　4. your　5. them

二、1. My favourite song is *Happy Birthday to You*.
2. It's a fat monkey.
3. I like football.
4. I don't like skipping.
5. They're tigers.

三、1. My favourite colour is red.
2. Here's a monkey, a mother monkey.
3. That panda is short and fat.
4. I don't like basketball.
5. I like skipping and swimming.

四、1. What's this?
2. Here you are.
3. What are they?
4. What's your favourite colour?
5. What's your favourite letter?

答案：

一、1. A　2. C　3. B　4. C　5. A

二、1. B　2. A　3. A　4. A　5. B

三、1. B　2. A　3. B　4. B　5. A

四、1. A　2. B　3. A　4. A　5. B

五、1. C　2. B　3. B　4. A　5. C

六、1. C　**点拨**：答语与字母有关，故问句也应与字母相关。
2. B　**点拨**：颜色前不需要加冠词。
3. A　**点拨**：主语 They 为复数，故 be 动词用 are。
4. C　**点拨**：monkey 和 panda 都为可数名词，且 be 动词是 are，所以名词要用复数形式。
5. B　**点拨**：ride my bike 骑自行车，是固定搭配，且 like 后接动名词。

七、1. C　2. E　3. A　4. B　5. D

八、1. A　**点拨**：her favourite colour 她最喜欢的颜色。
2. B　**点拨**：that 后接可数名词的单数形式。
3. A　**点拨**：主语 My mother and I 为复数，故应用 don't。
4. A　**点拨**：Do you like …? 意为“你喜欢……吗?”。
5. B　**点拨**：on Mondays 在星期一。

九、1. D　2. C　3. A　4. E　5. B

十、1. F　2. T　3. F　4. T　5. F

期中检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. bananas　2. go shopping　3. ride a bike
4. noodles　5. on the phone

二、1. What's your favourite fruit?
2. Do you like meat?
3. The lion is big and fat.
4. My friend isn't at home now.
5. Does Amy go to school on Mondays?

三、1. Please pass me the milk.
2. What are they?
3. Do you like noodles?
4. Does Daming like swimming?
5. Here you are.

四、　Lucy is my good friend. She's from the UK. She's only nine years old. Her favourite colour is blue. The apple is her favourite fruit. She likes swimming and riding her bike. On Saturdays, she goes swimming in the morning. And she rides her bike in the afternoon. On Mondays, she goes to school.

答案：

一、4　2　3　5　1

二、1. B　2. A　3. B　4. B　5. A

三、1. A　2. B　3. A　4. A　5. B

四、1. √　2. ×　3. ×　4. √　5. ×

五、1. 略　2. 略

六、1. B　2. A　3. C　4. C　5. B

七、1. C　**点拨**：答语与颜色有关，问句也应与颜色相关。
2. B
3. C　**点拨**：一般现在时的否定句里，实义动词前应加助动词，且主语是 I，故选 C。
4. A　**点拨**：句子时态为一般现在时，主语 your father 为第三人称单数，助动词用 does，否定形式为 doesn't。
5. A　**点拨**：apple 是以元音音素开头的单词，其单数形式前用 an。

八、1. is; is　2. is; is　3. Does; doesn't
4. Do; don't　5. Are; are

九、1. B　2. E　3. D　4. A　5. C

十、1. B　**点拨**：that 那个，指远处的物体。
2. A　3. A　4. A　5. C

十一、1. F　2. T　3. F　4. F　5. T

月考卷二 Modules 6 ~8 过关检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. maths　2. we　3. nice　4. today　5. toy

二、1. go fishing　2. have a music class
3. watch TV　4. sleep　5. fly a kite

三、1. What do you do on Mondays?
2. I ride my bike in the morning.
3. We go swimming in summer.
4. It's warm today, but it's raining.
5. The monkey is under the tree.

四、1. What do you do in the afternoon?
2. What does Daming have at school today?
3. What do you do in summer?
4. Where is my book?
5. Do you walk in the snow in winter?

答案：

一、1. C　2. A　3. A　4. B　5. B

二、3　5　4　1　2

三、1. B　2. A　3. B　4. A　5. A

四、1. A　2. B　3. B　4. A　5. B

五、1. Sundays　2. Spring
3. bedroom　4. play　5. fishing

六、1. B　2. C　3. A　4. B　5. C

七、1. C　2. D　3. A　4. E　5. B

八、1. C　**点拨**：答句的主语为 I，问句主语应为 you。
2. B　**点拨**：at school 在学校，且句首字母应大写。
3. A　**点拨**：主语为 she，一般现在时里谓语动词用第三人称单数形式。
4. B　**点拨**：Harbin 的冬天冷，Sanya 的冬天温暖。
5. C　**点拨**：答句与地点有关，疑问词用 where；主语是单数，be 动词用 is。

九、1. Her sister plays football on Saturdays.
2. What does your mum do in the morning?
3. I go swimming in this nice season.
4. Your toy is behind the door.
5. It is a new pen for my birthday.

十、1. T **点拨**：由短文第一段第四句可知今天是星期六，故明天应为星期日(Sunday)。
2. F　**点拨**：由短文第一段第五句至第八句可知，我弟弟和我都不去学校。
3. F　**点拨**：由短文第一段第六句可知我早上在家。
4. T　**点拨**：由短文第一段第七句和第八句可知。
5. T　**点拨**：由短文第二段第二句可知。

期末检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. science　2. go to school　3. by bus　4. rain
5. coat

二、1. The animals are all in the zoo.
2. My mother goes to work on Sundays.
3. I have Art, Chinese, Music and Maths at school today.
4. My sister has got a blue skirt and a yellow sweater.
5. —Where's my hat?　—It's on your bed.

三、1. What's your favourite song?
2. What are they?
3. What do you do on Sundays?
4. What do you have at school today?
5. Where's my toy?

四、　Hello! My name is Lingling. I'm a pupil. I go to school by bike. Today is my birthday. I've got some presents. They're in my bedroom. Look! I've got an orange sweater. I can wear it in spring and autumn. It's on my bed. I've got a new book about animals. It's on the desk. What's that under the chair? It's a new football. I like playing football. I'm very happy.

答案：

一、1. B　2. A　3. A　4. B　5. A

二、1. A　2. B　3. B　4. A　5. A

三、1. A　2. B　3. B　4. C　5. C

四、1. ×　2. √　3. ×　4. √　5. ×

五、1. F　i　M　r　W

2. (1) elephant　(2) apple
(3) friends　(4) sunny
(5) trousers

六、1. A　**点拨**：What's this? 这是什么?
2. A　**点拨**：句中 be 动词是 are，主语应为复数。
3. B　4. B
5. C　**点拨**：主语 Sam 为第三人称单数，一般现在时里“有”用 has got。

七、1. E　2. D　3. C　4. A　5. B

八、1. D　2. E　3. B　4. C　5. A

九、1. likes　**点拨**：主语 Mike 为第三人称单数，谓语动词应用其第三人称单数形式。
2. Where; you　**点拨**：in the park 在公园里，表示地点，对地点提问用 where。
3. Yes; I have　4. Has; got　5. What

十、1. F　**点拨**：由 I'm Jane. I have a friend. She is ten years old. 可知本句表述错误。
2. T　**点拨**：由短文第六句可知。
3. F　**点拨**：由 Her favourite colour is orange. 可知本句表述错误。
4. T　**点拨**：由短文最后一句可知。
5. F　**点拨**：由 She likes milk and noodles. 可知本句表述错误。

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

课时部分

Module 1

Unit 1　It's the ABC song.

一、1—c　2—p　3—a　4—j　5—e

点拨:注意区别 C 和 E,不要看错了。

二、1. B　2. A　3. A　4. A　5. B

三、1. B　点拨:c 加一笔可以变为几个不同的字母,如 a,d,g,o,但选项中只有 a。

2. A　点拨:E 去掉最下面的一横变为 F。

3. B　点拨:在 N 的最右边加上一笔变为 M。

4. C　点拨:O 的右下方加一笔可以变为 Q。

5. B　点拨:V 的下方加一笔变为 Y。

四、1. B　2. A　3. D　4. C

五、1. A　点拨:固定搭配 thank you to... 意为"感谢……"。

2. B　点拨:teacher 的复数形式为 teachers。

3. C 方法点拨:本题用**排除法**解答。题中横线后有名词 song,故横线上可填本课时的重点单词 favourite。favourite 可作形容词,后面直接接名词,故排除 A 选项;题中横线前已经有物主代词 my,favourite 前不需要再加物主代词 your,故排除 B 选项。

4. C　点拨:"你最喜欢的……"应该用形容词性物主代词 your。

5. B　点拨:Ms 意为"女士",通常用于女性的姓氏前面,M 应大写,s 小写。

六、1. B　2. A　3. C　4. B

七、1. C　点拨:当字母 I 作为一个单词时,意为"我"。

2. A

3. A　点拨:song 歌曲,疑问词用 what。

4. B　5. A　点拨:father 父亲。

趣味作业

八、略

Unit 2　My favourite colour is yellow.

一、1. F　2. F　3. T　4. T　5. F

二、A→C→D→B→E

三、1. ④　点拨:按字母表的顺序排列。

2. ②　点拨:字母表中 B—F 的顺序,按一个大写字母接下一个字母的小写字母排列。

3. ①　点拨:字母表中 G—O,前一个字母与后一个字母之间有规律地缺一个字母。

4. ⑤　点拨:按字母表的顺序排列。

5. ③　点拨:字母表中最后 5 个字母倒着排序。

四、1. A　点拨:you 为人称代词,my 和 your 为形容词性物主代词。

2. B　点拨:blue 和 yellow 都是具体的颜色,colour 是颜色的总称。

3. C　点拨:Mr 和 Ms 都放在姓氏前面,表尊称,teacher 意为"老师"。

4. C　点拨:what 和 where 都是疑问词,that 是指示代词。

5. A　点拨:is 和 are 都属于 be 动词,it 是人称代词。

五、1. A　点拨:what's 意为"是什么"。

2. B　方法点拨:本题用**倒推法**解答。根据答语"It's red."可推断出问句是与颜色相关的,选项 B"What colour"意为"什么颜色",意义和表达习惯都与答语相符。

3. C　点拨:答句中 S 是一个字母。

4. A　点拨:名词 book 前用形容词性物主代词 my。

5. A　点拨:Here you are. 给你。回答用"Thank you."。

六、1. B　2. C　3. A　4. C　5. B

七、1. ③①②　2. ③②①　3. ④①③②

4. ①④③②⑤　5. ③②①

八、6 1 3 2 7 5 4 8

Module 1 能力过关练

听说专练

听力材料:

一、1. Bb　2. Jj　3. GK　4. song　5. colour

二、1. U　2. X　3. i　4. V　5. J

三、1. thank you

2. my English teacher

3. favourite song

4. the song

5. a yellow H

四、1. Thank you to my school!

2. What's your favourite song, Mr Smart?

3. What's that?

4. My favourite colour is black.

5. Here you are.

答案:

一、1. A　2. C　3. B　4. A　5. C

二、3　1　5　4　2

三、1. A　2. B　3. A　4. A　5. B

四、1. A　2. B　3. A　4. B　5. A

五、1. a yellow A　2. a green C　3. a red D

4. a black H　5. a blue O

六、1. —What's your favourite letter?　—It's K.

2. —What's your favourite colour?
—It's yellow.

读写专练

七、1. B　2. A　3. A　4. B

八、1. B　2. A　3. A　4. B　5. B

九、1. C　点拨:What's that? 意为"那是什么?",回答应用"It's + 具体的事物."。

2. A　点拨:What's your favourite colour? 询问对方最喜欢的颜色,答语也应回答最喜欢的颜色是什么。

3. D　点拨:当别人递东西给你时,应回答"Thank you."。

4. E　点拨:What colour? 询问颜色答语用"(It's +)颜色."。

5. B　点拨:How are you? 询问对方怎么样。

十、

	Lucy	Sam
favourite colour	red	blue
favourite letter	M	W
favourite song	the ABC song	*Ten Little Fingers*

方法点拨:本题用**关键信息推断法**解答。要想完成表格,需在文章中找到关键词(人名 Lucy 和 Sam),再去找到每个人最喜欢的颜色、歌曲和字母。

Module 2

Unit 1　They're monkeys.

一、1. C　2. B　3. A　4. D

二、1. T　2. T　3. F　4. F　5. F

方法点拨:本题用**分类记忆法**解答。根据单词的词性或类别判断所给单词是否属于同一类。例如第 1 小题,tiger 和 lion 都是动物类名词,故填 T;第 2 小题,this 和 that 都是指示代词,故填 T;第 3 小题,zoo 是动物园,monkey 是具体的动物,故填 F。

三、1. A　2. A　3. B　4. A　5. A

四、1. B　点拨:they 为复数,故 be 动词用 are。

2. C　点拨:are 为复数,故人称代词用 They。

3. A　点拨:a panda 为单数,选 it's,且横线前是逗号,故 it's 小写。

4. B　点拨:可数名词 elephant 以元音音素开头,表示单数时前面用冠词 an。

5. A　点拨:be 动词是 are,故名词要用复数形式。

五、1. C　点拨:近指用 this。

2. A

3. A　点拨:远指用 that。

4. B　点拨:"几只小动物"用复数。

5. B　点拨:elephant 后应加 -s 表示复数。

六、1. What is this?

2. It is an elephant.

3. What are they?

4. They are tigers.

5. They are all in the zoo.

趣味作业

七、3:elephants　2:tigers　5:monkeys　4:lions
6:pandas

Unit 2　That man is short.

一、1—C　2—D　3—A　4—B

二、1. A　2. C　3. D　4. B　5. E

方法点拨:本题用**反义词或对应词记忆法**解答。在平时的学习中看到一个单词的时候,要联想到它的反义词或对应词。例如第 1 小题,big 的反义词是 small;第 2 小题,thin 的反义词是 fat;第 3 小题,boy 的对应词是 girl;第 4 小题,this 的对应词是 that;第 5 小题,tall 的反义词是 short。

三、1. dog　2. apple　3. cat　4. book

四、1. B　2. B　3. A　4. B　5. B

五、1. A　点拨:问句 What's this? /What's that? 用 It's a/an...来回答。

2. C　点拨:问句 What are they? 回答时应用可数名词的复数形式。

3. C　点拨:where 对地点提问。

4. B

5. A　点拨:询问你最喜欢的歌曲是什么,答语应为歌曲的名字。

六、(一)1. C　点拨:根据短文第四句可知。

2. A　点拨:由短文倒数第二句可知。

3. B　点拨:由文中最后一句可知 panda 为单数形式,故选 B。

(二)在 panda、elephants、tigers、lions、monkeys 对应的图片下打"√"。

Module 2 能力过关练

听说专练

听力材料:

一、1. lion　2. they　3. tall　4. fat　5. look

二、1. It's a cat. It's short.

2. It's a monkey. It's thin.

3. It's an elephant. It's tall.

4. It's a lion. It's big.

5. It's a panda. It's fat.

三、1. Here is a monkey.

2. It's a panda.

3. They're monkeys.

4. What's that?

5. That dog is thin.

四、1. What colour?

2. What are they?

3. Look at the panda.

4. What's this?

答案:

一、1. B　2. A　3. C　4. A　5. B

二、4　2　3　5　1

三、1. A　2. B　3. B　4. A　5. B

四、1. B　2. A　3. A　4. A

五、1. The monkey is thin.　The panda is fat.

2. The elephant is big.　The dog is small.

关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

3. The cat is short.　The giraffe（长颈鹿）is tall.

六、1. —What's this?　—It's a monkey.
2. —What's this?　—It's an elephant.
3. —What are they?　—They're birds.
4. —What are they?　—They're dogs.

读写专练

七、1. B　2. C　3. A　4. B　5. A

八、(　1　)→(　5　)→(　7　)→(　6　)→(　2　)→(　4　)
→(　3　)→(　8　)

九、1. B　**点拨**：由颜色可知是说熊猫。
2. D　3. C
4. A　**点拨**：how many 对数量提问。
5. E　**点拨**：big and tall 是大象的特征。
抄写略

Module 3

Unit 1　I like football.

一、1. C　2. A　3. B　4. D

二、1. basket + ball = basketball（篮球）
2. foot + ball = football（足球）
方法点拨：本题用**加法记忆法**解答。两个单词加在一起，可以拼成另一个新单词。

三、1. C　**点拨**：选项 A 和 B 都属于球类。
2. B　**点拨**：选项 A 和 C 都属于运动类。
3. A　**点拨**：选项 B 和 C 都是主格，A 为宾格。
4. B　**点拨**：选项 A 和 C 都属于动物类。
5. C　**点拨**：选项 A 和 B 都为形容词。

四、1. B　**点拨**：句首字母大写，且 be 动词为 are。
2. A　3. C
4. C　**点拨**：表达"我不喜欢……"用助动词 don't。
5. A　**点拨**：球类表示运动项目时前面不加冠词。

五、1. B　2. A　3. A　4. B

六、1. B　2. C　3. B　4. A

七、1. F　2. T　3. F　4. T　5. F

趣味作业

八、football

Unit 2　I don't like riding my bike.

一、1. e　2. f　3. G

二、

a	s	w	i	m	m	i	n	g	k
b	r	i	d	i	n	g	k	e	d
n	w	b	i	k	e	w	o	h	c
s	k	i	p	p	i	n	g	v	z
j	l	m	l	i	k	e	y	a	h

三、1. A　2. C　3. A　4. C　5. B

四、C

五、1. C　**点拨**：swim 的动名词形式应双写 m 再加 -ing。
2. B　3. A
4. C　**点拨**：like 为动词，后面的人称代词应用宾格。

六、1. F　2. F　3. T

七、1. C　2. B　3. B　4. A　5. C

八、1. (√)　4. (√)　6. (√)

Module 3 能力过关练

听说专练

听力材料：

一、1. bike　2. me　3. football
4. morning exercises　5. swimming

二、1. I like riding my bike.　2. It's an elephant.
3. I like skipping.　4. Lions are big.
5. I don't like basketball.

三、1. I like swimming.
2. I don't like table tennis.
3. I like morning exercises.
4. I like coffee and tea.
5. They don't like me.

四、　**M**：Hello! I'm Mike. I'm a pupil. I like table tennis and swimming. I don't like riding my bike. I like basketball. I don't like morning exercises.

答案：

一、1. B　2. A　3. A　4. C　5. B

二、5　2　3　4　1

三、1. B　2. A　3. B　4. A　5. B

四、
1. 　(√)
2. 　(　)
3. 　(√)
4. 　(　)
5. 　(√)
6. 　(　)

五、1. skip　2. table tennis　3. basketball　4. swim
5. morning exercises　6. football

六、1. I like table tennis.
2. I don't like skipping.
3. I don't like riding my bike.

读写专练

七、1. I like football.
2. I don't like riding my bike.
3. I like them all.
4. They don't like me.
5. Monkeys are short.

八、1. B　2. C；D　3. D；E　4. A；D　5. F

九、1. F　**点拨**：由文中第 3 句可知"我"喜欢的是篮球。
2. T　**点拨**：由文中第 4 句可知。
3. F　**点拨**：由文中第 6 句可知，Tom 喜欢的是乒乓球。
4. T　**点拨**：由文中第 7 句可知"我"喜欢游泳。
5. F

Module 4

Unit 1　Do you like meat?

一、1. D　2. E　3. A　4. C　5. B

二、1. F　2. F　3. T　4. T　5. F

三、1. A　2. B　3. C　4. C　5. A

四、1. C　**点拨**：meat 是不可数名词，可以直接用于 like 后。
2. A　**点拨**：面条常用复数形式 noodles。
3. B　**点拨**：指说话双方都知道的物品。
4. A　**点拨**：答语前后要一致。
5. A　**点拨**：but 连接的两个句子是转折关系。

五、1. A　2. B　3. B　4. B

六、1. C　**点拨**：fish 作鱼肉讲是不可数名词。
2. B　3. C　4. A

趣味作业

七、提示：单词为 noodles

Unit 2　Does Lingling like oranges?

一、1. i　**点拨**：一个大写字母一个小写字母。
2. I　**点拨**：字母表的顺序，隔一个字母。
3. h　**点拨**：字母小写的倒序。
4. H　**点拨**：字母表的顺序。

二、1. banana　2. pear
3. apple　4. orange

三、1. C；A　2. C；B　3. C；B　4. C；A

四、1. B　2. A　**点拨**：does 后接动词原形。
3. C
4. B　**点拨**：noodles and rice 为复数，其后的系动词用 are。
5. A　**点拨**：are 的否定形式是在其后加 not。

五、1. E　2. B　3. D　4. C　5. A

六、1. C　2. E　3. B　4. A　5. D

七、1. B　2. C　3. D
方法点拨：此题用**逻辑推理法**来解答。根据对话中 Xiaoyong 的答语 No，I don't. 可以推断出上一句是以助动词 do 开头的一般疑问句，选项中只有 B 符合推断，所以第一空选 B。

八、1. ②①③⑤④
2. ④①②③
3. ③①②⑤④
4. ②④①③⑤
5. ①⑥②⑤④③

九、1. F　2. T　3. F　4. F　5. T

Module 4 能力过关练

听说专练

听力材料：

一、1. meat　2. rice　3. banana　4. don't　5. but

二、1. I like pears.
2. Sam likes noodles.
3. My mother likes fish.
4. —Do you like rice?
—Yes, I do.
5. —Does Lingling like meat?
—Yes, she does.

三、1. Do you like milk?
2. Do you like apples?
3. Does he like oranges?
4. Not very nice.
5. Pass me the pears, please.

四、**M**：Hello, I'm Daming. I like apples. I like fish and meat too.
W：Hello, I'm Lingling. I like pears and bananas.

答案：

一、1. A　2. B　3. C　4. C　5. B

二、1. T　2. F　3. F　4. T　5. T

三、1. B　2. B　3. B　4. A　5. A

四、**Daming**—B　C　D
Lingling—A　E

五、1. six bananas　2. two pears　3. six oranges

六、1. —Do you like bananas?
—No, I don't.
2. —Does Sam like oranges?
—No, he doesn't.
3. —Does Lingling like apples?
—Yes, she does.

读写专练

七、1. D　2. C　3. E　4. B　5. A

八、1. C　2. A　3. B　4. B　5. A

九、1. meat　2. meat；bananas
3. noodles　4. apples

Module 5

Unit 1　She goes to school on Mondays.

一、1. on mjhMondayuydk

关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

2. on the iuwphonehfdc

3. good baoevfriendslfg

4. at rewqghomejkbm

5. frnmfootballpvzerplay

二、1. F　2. F　3. T　4. T　5. F

三、1. C　2. A

3. A　**点拨**:on the phone 通电话。

4. C　**点拨**:at home 在家。

四、1. C　**点拨**:介词短语 at home 应和 be 动词连用。

2. B　**点拨**:主语 She 为第三人称单数。

3. A

4. B　**点拨**:一般现在时的第三人称单数否定形式是在谓语动词前加 doesn't。

5. C　**点拨**:对人提问用疑问词 who。

五、1. F　2. F　3. T　4. F

六、1. A　2. C　3. B　4. C　5. C

趣味作业

七、phone

Unit 2　Does your mum go to work on Saturdays?

一、1. j　2. k

二、

h	j	k	w	o	r	k	g	a	e
m	S	a	t	u	r	d	a	y	r
d	s	h	o	p	p	i	n	g	z
w	v	d	r	d	a	d	e	o	r
v	n	s	c	h	o	o	l	u	e

三、1. C　2. B　3. A　4. B　5. A

方法点拨:此题用**分类记忆法**解答。根据单词的类别和词性将单词进行分类。例如 home 和 school 都属地点,Saturday 和 Monday 都属星期。

四、B

五、1. A　**点拨**:主语 The cat 为第三人称单数。

2. B　**点拨**:主语 She 为第三人称单数。

3. C

4. A　**点拨**:本题中 too 位于句末,意为"也"。

5. B　**点拨**:主语 He 为第三人称单数;表示"在……的时候"介词用 on。

六、1. A　2. B　3. B　4. B

七、(一)1—B　2—C　3—A

(二)4. plays　5. goes

Module 5 能力过关练

听说专练

听力材料:

一、1. goes　2. play　3. phone　4. go to school

5. on Saturdays

二、1. I go to school on Mondays.

2. They aren't at home.

3. He is on the phone.

4. They play table tennis on Saturdays.

5. My father goes to work on Mondays.

三、1. Ms Smart is on the phone with her friend.

2. Do you play football on Saturdays?

3. Is Amy at home?

4. Who's that ?

5. Does your dad go to work on Saturdays?

四、1. Do you like football?

2. Does your brother go to school on Mondays?

3. Who's that?

4. Does your father play basketball on Saturdays?

5. Is Lingling at home?

答案:

一、1. B　2. A　3. C　4. B　5. C

二、1. F　2. T　3. T　4. F　5. T

三、1. A　2. B　3. A　4. A　5. B

四、1. A　2. C　3. C　4. B　5. A

五、1. go to work　2. go shopping

3. go to school　4. at home

六、1. —Does your mother go shopping on Saturdays?

—Yes, she does.

2. —Does Taotao go to school on Saturdays?

—No, he doesn't.

3. —Does Mr Zhang go to work on Mondays?

—Yes, he does.

读写专练

七、1. Who is that?

2. Is Tom at home?

3. He goes to school on Mondays too.

4. Does your mother go to work on Tuesdays?

5. My dad doesn't go to work on Saturdays.

八、1. C　2. D　3. E　4. A　5. B

九、1. F　2. T　3. T　4. F　5. T

Module 6

Unit 1　What do you do on Sundays?

一、1. do　2. eat　3. in　4. sleep　5. watch

二、1. A　2. C　3. A　4. B　5. B

三、1. C　2. A　3. B　4. E　5. D

四、1. B　**点拨**:问句为含有助动词 do 的一般疑问句。其肯定回答为:Yes, 主语 + do. ;否定回答为:No, 主语 + don't. 。

2. A　**点拨**:do 作助动词时,其后动词用原形。

3. C　**点拨**:动词 play 与表示球类的名词搭配时,球类名词前无冠词。

4. B　**点拨**:在具体某一天前用介词 on。

5. A　**点拨**:every day"每天",常被视为一般现在时的时间状语。

五、1. A　2. B　3. C　4. B

六、1. C　2. A　3. E　4. D　5. B

七、1. T　2. F　3. F　4. F　5. T

趣味作业

八、略

Unit 2　What does Lingling have at school?

一、1. t　2. m　3. N

二、

a	c	d	h	a	v	e	u	i	p
c	l	a	s	s	h	g	f	z	c
w	p	o	t	o	d	a	y	i	b
H	C	h	i	n	e	s	e	x	y
m	o	n	s	c	i	e	n	c	e

三、1. F　2. T　3. F　4. T　5. F

四、1. D　2. A　3. E　4. C　5. B

五、1. B　**点拨**:at school 在学校。

2. C　**点拨**:class 的复数形式是在其后加-es。

3. A　**点拨**:句中第一个单词首字母大写,故选 In。

4. B　**点拨**:have 的第三人称单数形式是 has。

5. C　**点拨**:Xiaohua 为第三人称单数,且助动词 does 后接动词原形。

六、1. T　2. F　3. T　4. F　5. F

七、1. A　2. B　3. A　4. B　5. B

八、Chinese; PE; Maths; Music

Module 6 能力过关练

听说专练

听力材料:

一、1. do　2. Sunday　3. today　4. maths

5. go swimming

二、1. Do you go swimming on Mondays?

2. Do you play basketball in the morning?

3. I ride my bike in the morning.

4. What does he have at school?

5. He has Chinese in the afternoon.

三、1. Do you play football in the morning?

2. What do you do in the morning?

3. What do they have at school today?

4. What does he have at school today?

5. What does she do at home today?

四、1. Daming has English at school today.

2. Sam has Art at school today.

3. Amy has Chinese at school today.

4. Lingling has Maths at school today.

5. Lanlan has Science at school today.

答案:

一、1. B　2. A　3. A　4. B　5. B

二、1. A　2. B　3. A　4. B　5. A

三、1. A　2. A　3. C　4. B　5. C

四、1—C　2—B　3—A　4—D　5—E

五、1. English　2. art　3. science　4. maths

六、1. —What does Lingling have in the afternoon?

—She has Art in the afternoon.

2. —What does Sam have in the afternoon?

—He has PE in the afternoon.

读写专练

七、1. B　2. A　3. A　4. B

八、1. What do you do on Sundays

2. Do you ride a bike on Mondays

3. I watch TV in the afternoon

4. What does Xiaoyong have in the morning

5. He has Music in the morning

九、1. F　2. T　3. F　4. T　5. T

方法点拨:此题用**抓关键信息法**解答。阅读时要在文中找到关键词,如时间 Monday, in the morning, in the afternoon,还有对应的科目 Chinese, Maths, PE, Music 等,然后定位判断对错。

Module 7

Unit 1　We fly kites in spring.

一、1. A　2. C　3. B　4. C　5. C

二、1. C　2. B　3. A　4. D

三、1. B　**点拨**:summer 属于季节。

2. A　**点拨**:在……季节,介词用 in。

3. C　**点拨**:北京的冬天很冷,故用 cold。

4. B　**点拨**:踢足球 play football,且主语是复数。

5. C　**点拨**:主语是人称代词 you,所以助动词用 do。

四、1. B　2. A　3. B　4. A　5. B

五、1. B

2. C　**点拨**:澳大利亚与中国的季节相反。

3. C　4. A　5. C

趣味作业

六、summer

Unit 2　It's warm today.

一、1. o　2. p　3. q

二、1. bawksnoweuo

2. jnbtFrainhvxe

3. AthuSsunnykym

4. Bvqwrybowindy

5. playhjgkoertyba

三、1. F　2. T　3. F　4. T　5. F

四、1. E　**点拨**:武汉的春天很暖和 warm。

关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

2. C
3. D　点拨：snowing 下雪。
4. B　点拨：season 季节。
5. A

五、1. B　点拨：in the snow 在雪地里。
2. C　点拨：三亚的冬天很暖和 warm。
3. A　点拨：but 连接两个句子表示转折关系。
4. B　点拨：fly a kite 放风筝。
5. B　点拨：主语 Xiaohua and I 为复数。

六、1. T　2. T　3. T　4. F

七、1—C　2—D　3—B　4—A

八、

Weather / Places				
Beijing	√			
Harbin				√
Sanya		√		
Wuhan			√	

Module 7 能力过关练

听说专练

听力材料：

一、1. season　2. hot　3. windy
4. play　5. go skating

二、1. I play in the snow in winter.
2. I ride my bike in autumn.
3. They go swimming in summer.
4. We go shopping on Saturdays.
5. I play basketball with my friends in spring.

三、1. Spring is my favourite season.
2. I play football in autumn.
3. It's warm today, but it's raining.
4. They go swimming in summer.
5. We play in the snow in winter.

答案：

一、1. B　2. A　3. B　4. B　5. B

二、1. T　2. F　3. T　4. F　5. F

三、1—B　2—E　3—A　4—C　5—D

四、1. autumn, cool　2. winter, cold
3. summer, hot　4. spring, sunny

五、1. It's hot today.　2. It's windy today.
3. It's snowing today.　4. It's cool today.

读写专练

六、1. spring　2. autumn
3. winter　4. summer

七、1. We play football in autumn.
2. It is cold in winter.
3. What does Sam do in summer?
4. It's warm today, but it's raining.
5. Spring is my favourite season.

八、1. C　点拨：由答语可知问句与季节有关。
2. E　3. A　4. D　5. B

九、1. T　2. F　3. F　4. T　5. T

Module 8

Unit 1　It's on your desk.

一、

a	v	u	n	d	e	r	j	p	w
b	n	m	t	o	y	d	s	f	g
b	e	d	r	o	o	m	d	f	z
u	s	i	q	w	a	z	b	o	x
j	z	a	b	e	h	i	n	d	l

二、1. B　2. A　3. C　4. D

三、1. A　2. B　3. A　4. B　5. C

四、1. A　点拨：答句跟地点有关，所以疑问词用 where。
2. B　点拨：名词 desk 前面用形容词性物主代词 your。
3. B　点拨：主语 The tiger 是单数，所以 be 动词用 is。
4. C　点拨：a present for … 给……的礼物。
5. A　点拨："Happy birthday to sb! 祝某人生日快乐!"。

五、1. C　2. A　3. D　4. B

六、1. C　2. B　点拨：under 在……下面。
3. C　4. A　5. A　点拨：Here it is. 它在这里。

趣味作业

七、略

Unit 2　Daming flies a kite in the park.

一、1. s　2. r　3. t

二、1. park　2. tree　3. lake　4. walk

三、1. A
2. C　点拨：walk 和 play 都属于表示动作的单词。
3. A　点拨：swims 和 goes 都属于动词的第三人称单数形式。
4. C　5. B

四、1. B　点拨：in the lake 在湖里。
2. B　点拨：主语 I 为第一人称单数，一般现在时里谓语动词不用变化。
3. A　点拨：主语 Daming 为第三人称单数，walk 要变第三人称单数形式 walks。
4. A　点拨：under the tree 在树底下。
5. A

五、1. A　2. B　3. B
4. B　方法点拨：此题用**排除法**解答。介词 in 意为"在……里面"，题中 pencil 是在 book 的旁边，而不是在里面，故排除 A，选 B。
5. A

六、6　1　3　7　2　4　5　8　9

七、1. E　2. C　3. A　4. D　5. B

Module 8 能力过关练

听说专练

听力材料：

一、1. toy　2. for　3. lake　4. behind the tree
5. go fishing

二、1. The phone is on the desk.
2. The ball is behind the desk.
3. The cat is under the tree.
4. In autumn, he plays football in the park.
5. In summer , he goes swimming in the lake.

三、1. It's under the desk.
2. It's behind the door.
3. In spring, he rides a bike in the park.
4. Oh, what's this?
5. Where is the banana?

四、1. Where is Daming?
2. Where's the pencil?
3. What's that?
4. Is it in your bag?
5. What does Sam do in autumn?

答案：

一、1. B　2. A　3. A　4. C　5. C

二、1. T　2. F　3. T　4. F　5. T

三、1. A　2. B　3. B　4. A　5. B

四、1. B　2. B　3. B　4. B　5. A

五、1. in the cap　2. behind the door　3. under the tree

六、1. In spring, she flies a kite in the park.
2. In autumn, he goes fishing in the lake.
3. In winter, she plays in the snow.

读写专练

七、1. under　2. for　3. behind
4. bedroom　5. fly

八、1. T　2. F　3. T　4. T

九、1. It is behind the door.
2. The panda is in the cap.
3. Where is the orange?
4. My father goes fishing under the tree.
5. Sam flies a kite with his friends.

十、1. F　2. T　3. T　4. T　5. F

Module 9

Unit 1　I've got a new book.

一、

a	s	w	e	a	t	e	r	j	k
h	b	c	v	l	i	n	e	f	g
a	b	o	u	t	b	q	w	z	a
b	v	c	s	a	n	i	m	a	l
s	p	o	r	t	y	u	i	d	a

二、1. F　2. T　3. T　4. F　5. T

三、1. C　2. A　3. B　4. B　5. C

四、1. C　点拨：on the bed 在床上。
2. B　点拨：I've got = I have got 我有。
3. A　点拨：about 关于。
4. B　点拨：Have you got …? 句型的肯定回答为：Yes, I have. 否定回答为：No, I haven't. 。
5. C　点拨：答句跟地点有关，疑问词用 where。

五、1. B　2. A　3. A　4. A

六、1. B　2. A　3. C　4. C　5. B

趣味作业

七、略

Unit 2　Has Amy got a bike?

一、1. w　2. u　3. v

二、1. bus　2. bike
3. car　4. walk

三、1. B　2. A　3. B　4. A　5. C

四、B

五、1. B　点拨：主语 He 为第三人称单数，表示"有"用 has got。
2. C　点拨：by bike 骑自行车。
3. C　点拨：Lingling 是一个女孩，故人称代词用 she，否定回答为 No, she hasn't. 。
4. A　点拨：主语 My mother 为第三人称单数，故"没有"用 hasn't got。
5. C　点拨：walk to school 步行去上学。

六、1. T　2. F　3. T　4. F　5. T

七、1. C　2. E　3. D　4. A　5. B

八、

Ann		√		
Jane	√			
Jerry				√
Jeff		√		

Module 9 能力过关练

听说专练

听力材料：

一、1. got　2. about　3. bed　4. by car
5. walk to school

二、1. I've got a new coat. I like it.
2. Sam has got a basketball. He plays basketball on Sundays.
3. Daming goes to school by bike.
4. —Does your father go to work by car?
—No, he doesn't. He goes to work by bus.

三、1. It isn't on the bed.
2. I've got a new coat.
3. Have you got a new sweater?

关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

4. She's got a nice bike.
5. Mr Smart goes to work by bus.

四、1. Where's my toy?
2. Have you got a new book?
3. How does he go to work?
4. Does Lingling go to school by bus?
5. Do they walk to school?

答案：

一、1. A 2. C 3. B 4. C 5. B

二、1. × 2. × 3. × 4. √

方法点拨：此题用三步两遍听音法解答。第一步：看题、看图，弄懂题目要求并猜测听力内容。第二步：第一遍听音，边听边做题，注意捕捉录音中的关键信息。第三步：第二遍听音，边做边检查，得出最后答案。

三、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. A 5. B

四、1. A 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. B

五、1. dress 2. animal
3. by bike 4. by bus

六、1. —Have you got a pen? —Yes, I have.
2. —Has she got an orange coat?
—Yes, she has.
3. —Has your father got a car?
—Yes, he has.

读写专练

七、1. sweater 2. dress 3. sport
4. animal 5. car

八、1. I have got a book.
2. Have you got a new sweater?
3. She has got a nice bike.
4. Has Tom got a new T-shirt?
5. Mr Smart hasn't got a car.

九、1. C 2. E 3. A 4. D 5. B

方法点拨：此题用逻辑推断法解答。根据对话中 Lingling 的第一句答语，可以推断出上一句是以 is 开头的一般疑问句，而选项中只有 C 符合条件。

十、1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. T

Module 10

Unit 1 Here's a red hat.

一、

c	o	m	e	j	g	i	o	p	a
z	a	s	c	l	o	t	h	e	s
f	q	w	r	p	a	r	t	y	b
x	v	c	e	r	s	h	i	r	t
a	t	r	o	u	s	e	r	s	t

二、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. F

三、1. B 2. C 3. A 4. C 5. B

四、1. C 点拨：trousers 为复数，be 动词用 are。
2. B 点拨：skirts 和 sweaters 都属于衣服。
3. A 点拨：orange 发音以元音音素开头，修饰单数可数名词时，其前加 an。
4. B 点拨：look at 看，朝……看。
5. C 点拨：put on 穿上。

五、1. B 2. A 3. A 4. A 5. B

六、1. C 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. B

趣味作业

七、brown hat

Unit 2 She's got an orange sweater.

一、1. z 2. X 3. y

二、1. white 2. photo
3. skirt 4. trousers

三、1. C
2. A 点拨：orange 意为"橙色的，橘黄色的"。
3. B 4. A 5. C

四、C 点拨："Amy has got a red skirt for the party."。

五、1. B 点拨：be 动词为 are，所以选 shoes。
2. C 点拨：trousers 为复数形式，故前不需要加不定冠词。
3. A 点拨：问句里主语为 you，答句主语通常用 I。
4. B 点拨：yellow and white 黄白相间的。
5. C 点拨：for 意为"为，给，对"。

六、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T

七、1. E 2. C 3. B 4. A 5. D

八、涂色略

方法点拨：此题用抓关键信息法解答。要想完成涂色练习，需在短文中找到关键词衣服名称（coat, cap, trousers, shoes）与其对应的颜色（blue, yellow, orange, red and black），然后涂色。

Module 10 能力过关练

听说专练

听力材料：

一、1. hat 2. back 3. turn 4. look
5. an orange coat

二、1. Here's a black hat.
2. What clothes have they got?
3. Let's put on funny clothes for the party.
4. Now my skirt is black and white.
5. Has he got green trousers?

三、1. What clothes have we got?
2. Look! She's got a red skirt.
3. What colour is your sweater?
4. Have you got funny clothes?
5. Has she got a nice bike?

四、W_1: I've got a new book. It's about animals.
W_2: It's a good book, Lingling. Have you got a new book too, Daming?
M_1: Yes, I have. Look, it's about sport.
W_2: It's a nice book.
W_1: Have you got a new book, Amy?
W_2: No, I haven't. I've got a new dress and a new coat.
W_1: Have you got a new sweater, Sam?
M_2: Yes, I have.
M_1: Tom, have you got a new sweater, too?
M_3: No, I haven't. I've got a blue T-shirt.
All: Ha ha...

答案：

一、1. C 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. A

二、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. A 5. A

三、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. A 5. B

四、1. A 2. B 3. B 4. A

五、1. a white shirt 2. a blue skirt 3. brown shoes
4. red trousers

六、1. He's got a white shirt.
2. We have got black skirts.
3. My friend has got green trousers.

读写专练

七、(A)→(C)→(E)→(D)→(F)→(B)

八、1. I have got a green sweater.
2. Look at my big shoes.
3. What clothes have you got?
4. She has got an orange skirt.
5. Has he got green trousers?

九、1. D 2. A 3. E 4. C 5. B

十、1. F 点拨：由 I've got a yellow skirt and black shoes. 可知本句表述错误。
2. F 点拨：由… the hat is brown. 可知本句表述错误。
3. T 4. T
5. F 点拨：由 What clothes have you got for the party, Jane? 可知本句表述错误。

期末复习训练部分

Module 1 复习训练

重难点过关检测

词汇过关

一、略

二、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. T

三、1. favourite 2. song 3. colour 4. TV 5. yellow

句型语法过关

四、1. A 点拨：固定搭配 thank you to… 意为"感谢……"。
2. C 点拨：主语为 it，be 动词用 is。
3. D 点拨：the 表示特指。
4. E
5. B 点拨：Here you are. 给你。

五、1. C 点拨：Ms Smart 是一位老师，所以应用单数 teacher。
2. A 点拨：正确形式应为 What's。
3. A
4. A 点拨：be 动词 is 在 it 前，What 后不需要加 is。
5. B 点拨：your 应改为 you，固定搭配。

综合运用过关

六、



七、1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. F

点拨：注意人称的变化，分清楚对话中 A 和 B 分别指的是谁。

Module 2 复习训练

重难点过关检测

词汇过关

一、1. A 2. D 3. C 4. B
5. D
6. d 7. a 8. b 9. b
10. c

二、1. tiger 2. monkey
3. apples 4. small 5. short

句型语法过关

三、1. am; is 点拨：I 后的 be 动词用 am，this 后用 is。
2. is; is 点拨：主语 that 和 it 都是单数，be 动词用 is。
3. is 点拨：a baby panda 为单数。
4. are; are
5. are 点拨：tigers 为复数。

关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

四、1. A　点拨:this 后接可数名词的单数形式。
2. B　3. A; A　4. A
5. B　点拨:由 be 动词 are 可知应用复数 monkeys。
五、1. B　2. C　3. A　4. E　5. D

综合运用过关

六、1. F　2. T　3. F　4. T　5. F

Module 3　复习训练

重难点过关检测

词汇过关

一、1. football　table tennis　2. tiger　lion
3. tall　thin　4. blue　yellow
5. riding　swimming(答案不唯一)

二、1. basketball　2. bike
3. football　4. girls
5. Elephants

句型语法过关

三、1. They　2. me　3. my　4. them　5. you
四、1. A　点拨:由单词 cute(可爱的)可知是喜欢。
2. B　点拨:and 连接表示并列关系的两个句子。
3. B　点拨:like 后接动词的-ing 形式。
4. A　点拨:skip 应双写字母 p 再加-ing。
5. B　点拨:ride 应去 e 再加-ing。
五、A. 3　B. 2　C. 2　D. 3　E. 2　F. 2

综合运用过关

六、Ben: C; D　Ann: A; B　Kate: E　John: F

Module 4　复习训练

重难点过关检测

词汇过关

一、动物类:A, E, G　球类运动:B, F, K
食物类:D, H, J　水果类:C, I, L
二、1. apple　2. oranges　3. fish　4. Bananas　5. pears

句型语法过关

三、1. C　2. B　3. A　4. A　5. C
四、1. A
2. C　点拨:meat 为不可数名词。
3. B　点拨:助动词 does 后接动词原形。
4. C
5. C　点拨:your brother 为男孩,主语人称代词应用 he。

综合运用过关

五、1. D　2. B　3. E　4. A　5. C
六、1.

	Jim	Sam	Bruce	Jeff	Pat
meat	√				
fish	√	√		√	
noodles	×				
milk		√	√		
bananas		×	×		√
apples			√		
pears				√	×

2. (1) fish　(2) bananas

Module 5　复习训练

重难点过关检测

词汇过关

一、1. friend　2. with　3. plays　4. years
二、1. A　2. C　3. D　4. B　5. E

句型语法过关

三、1. on; with　2. at; at　3. to　4. in
四、1. goes　点拨:主语 Amy 为第三人称单数。
2. Does; go; does
3. are　4. Is　5. to work; not

综合运用过关

五、(C)→(F)→(A)→(E)→(D)→(B)
六、

	at home	go shopping	play football
Sam's mother		√	
Sam's father			√
Sam's grandma		√	
Sam	√		
Tom	√		

Module 6　复习训练

重难点过关检测

词汇过关

一、1. Maths　2. Sundays
3. classes　4. Music　5. sleeping

句型语法过关

二、1. B　2. A　3. B　4. A　5. B
三、1. What; you; do　2. Yes; I do　3. We; have
4. What; does; have　5. doesn't have
四、1. —What does Daming have at school in the afternoon?
—He has English.
2. —What does your sister have at school today?
—She has Art and Maths.

综合运用过关

五、(一)1—C　2—A　3—B
(二)1. A　点拨:根据 Peter is very lazy (懒惰的). 可知,彼得很懒惰。
2. B　点拨:根据 In the afternoon, Amy watches TV. 可知,埃米下午看电视,没有游泳。
3. B　点拨:根据 In the evening (晚上), Bob usually plays football with Tom. 可知,晚上鲍勃常和汤姆踢足球。

Module 7　复习训练

重难点过关检测

词汇过关

一、1. hot　2. go　3. cold　4. warm　5. cool
二、1. season　2. summer　3. sunny
4. snowing　5. spring

句型语法过关

三、1. A　点拨:rain 下雨。
2. A　点拨:哈尔滨冬天很冷,适合 go skating。
3. B　4. B; A　5. B
四、1. C　点拨:主语 It 是单数,故 season 后不需要加-s。
2. A　点拨:fly kites 放风筝。
3. A　点拨:主语 Xiaoyong and Xiaoguang 是复数,故助动词应用 do。
4. B　点拨:be 动词后接动词的现在分词,故 rain 后应加-ing。
5. A　点拨:主语 He 为第三人称单数,故谓语动词应用单三形式 plays。
五、1. It's warm in spring. We fly kites in spring.
2. It's cold in winter. They go skating in winter.
3. It's hot and sunny in summer. Sam goes swimming in summer.

综合运用过关

六、1. B　2. C　3. A　4. C　5. B

Module 8　复习训练

重难点过关检测

词汇过关

一、1. park　2. fishing　3. lake
4. flies　5. walks
二、1. B　2. C　3. C　4. A

句型语法过关

三、1. B　点拨:主语 my sister 为第三人称单数,故谓语动词 fly 应用第三人称单数形式 flies。
2. A　点拨:主语 we 为第一人称复数,一般现在时里谓语动词用原形。
3. A　点拨:go fishing 去钓鱼。
4. A　点拨:be 动词 is 是单数,故主语选单数 The panda。
5. B　点拨:主语 the apples 为复数,所以 be 动词用 are。
四、1. Where is　2. What is　3. is
4. my brother swims　5. What is
五、1. In spring, Daming flies a kite in the park.
2. In autumn, my grandpa goes fishing under the tree.
3. In winter, Ann walks in the snow.

综合运用过关

六、1. F　2. T　3. F　4. F　5. T

Module 9　复习训练

重难点过关检测

词汇过关

一、1. sweater　2. coat　3. about
4. got　5. bus
二、1. C　2. B　3. C　4. A　5. A

句型语法过关

三、1. Have; haven't　2. hasn't
3. Has; has　4. is　5. doesn't
四、1. B　点拨:about 关于。
2. C　点拨:a new coat 一件新外套,已有 a,故 coat 不需要加 s。
3. C　点拨:Have you got ...? 句型的肯定回答为:Yes, I have. 否定回答为:No, I haven't. 。
4. B　点拨:has got 意为"有"。
5. B　点拨:haven't got 意为"没有"。
五、1. Where is　2. No; I haven't　3. Has; got
4. Does; go
六、1. Lingling has got a bike.
She goes to school by bike.
2. They have got bikes.
They go to the zoo by bike.

综合运用过关

七、1. T　2. F　3. T　4. F　5. T

Module 10　复习训练

重难点过关检测

词汇过关

一、服装:A H K　交通工具:C F J
季节:B I O　球类:E M N　学科:D G L

句型语法过关

二、1. B　点拨:主语 They 为复数,故 be 动词用 are。
2. B　点拨:shoes 常用其复数形式。

关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

3. A　**点拨**：主语 a green sweater 为单数，故 be 动词用 is。
4. B　**点拨**：名词 turn 前用形容词性物主代词。
5. A　**点拨**：主语 your sister 为女性，人称代词用 she。

三、1. on　2. by　3. for　4. in　5. at

四、1. B　**点拨**：yellow 发音以辅音音素开头，修饰单数可数名词时其前应用 a。
2. B　**点拨**：shoes 为复数，this 为单数，前后不一致。
3. B　**点拨**：主语 your friend 为第三人称单数，“有”应用 has got。
4. B　**点拨**：turn 为名词，前面应用形容词性物主代词。
5. C　**点拨**：trousers 为复数形式，其前面不能用不定冠词 a。

五、1. What；have　2. can't　3. What colour
4. hasn't got

六、1. He's got a brown coat.
2. I've got black trousers.

综合运用过关

七、1. F　2. T　3. T　4. F　5. T

全书听力专练

听力(一)

听力材料：

一、1. Tt　2. pass　3. Sunday　4. clothes　5. back

二、1. She's got big eyes.
2. Look at my shoes.
3. I ride a bike on Sunday.
4. She has Music on Tuesday.
5. This elephant is fat.

三、1. It's a red apple.
2. My favourite colour isn't yellow.
3. We play in the snow in winter.
4. She's got a white skirt.
5. They go to school by bus.

四、1. What's your favourite letter?
2. Does Amy like meat?
3. Is Fangfang at home?
4. Let's put on funny clothes for the party.
5. What does she do on Sundays?

答案：

一、1. C　2. A　3. B　4. C　5. B

二、1. B　2. A　3. A　4. A　5. B

三、1. T　2. F　3. T　4. F　5. T

四、1. A　2. B　3. A　4. B　5. A

听力(二)

听力材料：

一、1. we　2. under　3. music
4. go fishing　5. a blue coat

二、1. Sam likes playing football.
2. It's cool in autumn.
3. I've got a big toy panda.
4. My father goes to work by car.
5. It is a lion.

三、1. It's a tall tree.
2. I like bananas.
3. Today it's warm and sunny.
4. Let's have a party for her birthday.
5. My sister doesn't like skipping.

四、1. —What's that?
—It's an orange.
2. —What's your favourite colour?
—My favourite colour is red.
3. —What does Doudou do on Saturday?
—He plays table tennis.
4. —Do you like tigers?
—Yes，I do.

答案：

一、1. B　2. B　3. C　4. A　5. A

二、3　1　5　2　4

三、1. E　2. A　3. C　4. D　5. B

四、1. √　2. ×　3. √　4. √

听力(三)

听力材料：

一、1. year　2. can't　3. snow
4. on foot　5. behind the tree

二、1. Jerry has got blue trousers.
2. Jack's apple is on the book.
3. Jeff goes to school by bike.
4. Jane flies a kite in spring.
5. Joan likes bananas.

三、1. —Have you got a dress，Lingling?
—Yes，I have.
2. —What colour is your bike，Amy?
—It's blue.
3. —Does Mr Li go to work by car?
—Yes，he does.
4. —What does Daming do on Sundays?
—He plays football on Sundays.
5. —Is the toy under the chair?
—No，it's on the bed.

四、　**W**：Hello! My name is Fangfang. I'm a girl. I like football and table tennis. My favourite colour is yellow. I go to school by bike. My friend Lingling likes swimming and skipping. Her favourite colour is red. She hasn't got a bike. She goes to school by bus. She and I like flying kites. We often fly kites in spring.

答案：

一、1. A　2. A　3. A　4. C　5. B

二、1—E　2—D　3—B　4—C　5—A

三、1. √　2. ×　3. √　4. ×　5. ×

四、1. F　2. T　3. T　4. F　5. T

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

荣德基 典点®
活页检测卷
后附全书参考答案及点拨
三年级英语下
WY版

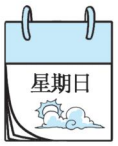
Module 6

Unit 1 What do you do on Sundays?

扫码听读

考点直通车

一、我要掌握的词汇

1. 

Sunday 星期日

2.  swimming 游泳(运动)

3.  eat 吃

4.  sleep 睡觉

5.  watch 观看

6. do 做,干

7. in 在……期间,在……时候

8. TV 电视节目

9. go swimming 去游泳

10. watch TV 看电视

二、我要掌握的句型

1. What do you do on Sundays, Sam? 你星期天做什么,萨姆?
2. I go swimming. 我去游泳。

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

② Listen, point and find "What do you do...?"

原文	译文
What do you do on Sundays, Sam?	你星期天做什么,萨姆?
I go swimming.	我去游泳。
And I play football.	我还踢足球。
Do you play football in the morning?	你上午踢足球吗?
No, I don't.	不,我不踢。
I play football in the afternoon.	我下午踢足球。
What do you do in the morning?	你上午做什么?
I sleep in the morning.	我上午睡觉。
What do you do in the morning?	你上午做什么?
I ride my bike in the morning.	我上午骑自行车。
What do you do in the afternoon?	你下午做什么?
I watch TV in the afternoon.	我下午看电视。

荣德重中点

关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

考点突破营

1. What do you do on Sundays, Sam? 你星期天做什么，萨姆？

解析：这是一个由 what 引导的一般现在时的特殊疑问句，用来询问对方经常性、习惯性的活动。句型中的“星期名词”通常用复数形式。

例句：What do you do in the afternoon? 你下午做什么？

易错点提示 在上面的问句中有两个 do。第一个 do 是助动词，没有实际意义，帮助构成特殊疑问句。第二个 do 是个有实际意义的动词，意为“做，干”。如果就其他人称进行提问，要注意助动词的形式。

(1)对复数人称进行提问，用句型：What do + 复数人称/人名 + do on + 星期名词(复数形式)/in the morning/afternoon/其他时间？ 回答：复数人称/人名 + 动词原形 + 其他. 。

例句：—What do they do on Mondays? 他们星期一做什么？ —They go to school. 他们去上学。

(2)对第三人称单数进行提问，则用句型：What does + he/she/人名 + do on + 星期名词(复数形式)/in the morning/afternoon/其他时间？ 回答：He/She/人名 + 动词第三人称单数形式 + 其他. 。

例句：—What does he do in the morning? 他上午做什么？

—He goes to school. 他去上学。

2. I go swimming. 我去游泳。

解析：句中的 go swimming 意为“去游泳”，像“go + 动词-ing”这样形式的短语还有很多。

例如：go shopping 去购物 go fishing 去钓鱼 go boating 去划船

Unit 2 What does Lingling have at school?

考点直通车

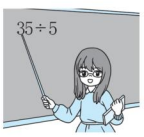
扫码听读

一、我要掌握的词汇

1.  class 课；班级

2.  music 音乐

3.  Chinese 语文，汉语

4. 

maths 数学

5.  art 美术

6.  PE = physical education 体育

7.  science 科学

8. have 做；进行，从事

9. today 今天

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

10. has（have 的第三人称单数形式）做；进行，从事

二、我要掌握的句型

1. I have classes. 我上课。
2. What does Lingling have at school today, Daming? 玲玲今天在学校上什么课，大明？

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

② Listen and say.

原 文	译 文
What does Lingling have at school today, Daming?	玲玲今天在学校上什么课，大明？
In the morning, she has Chinese, English...	她上午上语文课、英语课……
And she has Maths!	她还上数学课！
In the afternoon, she has Art, PE...	她下午上美术课、体育课……
And she has Science!	她还上科学课！

考点突破营

1. I have classes. 我上课。

解析：句中的 have 意为“进行，从事”。在英语中，have 的含义和用法很多，一起来看看吧。

have
- 进行、从事——have + 事项——have classes 上课
- 有——have + 物品——have a pen 有一支钢笔
- 吃——have + 食物——have some meat 吃一些肉
- 喝——have + 饮料——have some milk 喝一些牛奶

2. What does Lingling have at school today, Daming? 玲玲今天在学校上什么课，大明？

解析：该句型用于询问某人某一天的课程，当主语是第三人称单数时，句中的助动词要用 does。does 在句中没有实际意义，用于帮助构成特殊疑问句。主语为其他人称代词时助动词用 do。

例句：—What does Sam have in the morning? 萨姆上午上什么课？

—He has Science, Maths and Music. 他上科学课、数学课和音乐课。

易错点提示 答语中的课程名词可以是一个，也可以是多个，课程名词首字母要大写。

关德典书店

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 7

Unit 1 We fly kites in spring.

扫码听读

考点直通车

一、我要掌握的词汇

1.  we 我们
2.  fly 放(风筝)
3.  spring 春天
4.  summer 夏天
5.  warm 暖和的
6.  hot 热的
7.  autumn 秋天
8.  cool 凉爽的
9.  winter 冬天
10.  cold 寒冷的
11.  skating 滑冰
12. season 季节
13. nice 迷人的,令人愉快的
14. go skating 去滑冰

二、我要掌握的句型

1. It's spring! 现在是春天!
2. It's warm in spring. 春天很暖和。
3. We fly kites in spring. 我们在春天放风筝。

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

② Listen, point and find "We..."

原 文	译 文
It's spring!	现在是春天!
It's warm in spring.	春天很暖和。
We fly kites in spring.	我们在春天放风筝。
It's summer!	现在是夏天!
It's hot in summer.	夏天炎热。

荣德基中点

关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

We go swimming in summer.	我们在夏天去游泳。
It's autumn!	现在是秋天!
It's cool in autumn.	秋天很凉爽。
We play football in autumn.	我们在秋天踢足球。
It's winter!	现在是冬天!
It's cold in winter.	冬天很冷。
We go skating in winter.	我们在冬天去滑冰。

考点突破营

1. It's spring! 现在是春天!

解析:该句型用于介绍季节。it 是代词,可以用来指代天气、季节和时间等。

句型结构:It's + 季节.

例句: It's summer. 现在是夏天。

易错点提示 季节名词前面不加冠词 a/an/the。

2. It's warm in spring. 春天很暖和。

解析:该句型用于描述各季节的天气状况。句型结构:It's + 表示天气状况的形容词 + in + 季节名词.

例句: It's hot in summer. 夏天炎热。

拓展:in 后面可以接年份、季节、月份或上午、下午、晚上等表示时间的名词。

例如:in 2019 在 2019 年　　in winter 在冬天　　in June 在六月　　in the morning 在上午

3. We fly kites in spring. 我们在春天放风筝。

解析:该句是一个一般现在时的肯定句,用于描述我们在某个季节进行某项活动。

例句: We play football in autumn. 我们在秋天踢足球。

Unit 2 It's warm today.

考点直通车

扫码听读

一、我要掌握的词汇

1.  play 玩,玩耍

2.  snow 雪;下雪

3.  rain 雨;下雨

4.  sunny 晴朗的,阳光充足的

关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

5. 三 windy 有风的，刮风的　　6. very 很，非常

二、我要掌握的句型

1. In Harbin, it's cold in winter. 在哈尔滨，冬天很冷。
2. It's warm today, but it's raining. 今天很暖和，但是在下雨。

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

② Listen and say.

原 文	译 文
It's warm today, but it's raining.	今天很暖和，但是在下雨。
It's hot and sunny today.	今天很热且阳光充足。
It's cool and windy today.	今天很凉爽且有风。
It's snowing today. It's very cold.	今天在下雪。天气很冷。

考点突破营

1. In Harbin, it's cold in winter. 在哈尔滨，冬天很冷。

解析：表示在某地，特别是较大的地方，如国家、城市等词前用介词 in。

例句：In Wuhan, it's very hot in summer. 在武汉，夏天非常炎热。

2. It's warm today, but it's raining. 今天很暖和，但是在下雨。

解析：该句型用于介绍天气状况。句型结构：It's + (表示天气状况的)形容词 + 其他.

例句：It's windy today. 今天有风。

拓展：it 在句中指代天气，warm 是形容词，意为“温暖的”。生活中常见的形容天气的单词见下表。

warm 暖和的	cool 凉爽的
hot 热的	cold 寒冷的
sunny 晴朗的，阳光充足的	foggy 有雾的
windy 有风的，刮风的	cloudy 多云的
rainy 多雨的	snowy 下雪多的

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 8

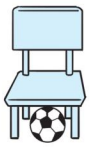
Unit 1 It's on your desk.

扫码听读

考点直通车

一、我要掌握的词汇

1.  toy 玩具

2.  under 在……下面

3.  box 盒子

4.  behind 在……后面

5.  bedroom 卧室

6. for 为,给,对

二、我要掌握的句型

1. It's in the bag. 它在包里。
2. —Where is the bag? 包在哪里?
   —Oh! It's under the cat. 噢! 它在猫下面。
3. Happy birthday to you! 祝你生日快乐!

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

② Listen, point and find "in, on, behind, under".

原 文	译 文
Oh, what's this?	噢,这是什么?
A present for you.	送给你的一件礼物。
It's in the box.	它在盒子里。
It's on your desk.	它在你的书桌上。
It's behind the door.	它在门后面。
It's under your chair.	它在你的椅子下面。
It's in your bedroom.	它在你的卧室里。
Happy birthday to you!	祝你生日快乐!
Wow! Ha ha...	哇! 哈哈……

荣德集中系

关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

考点突破营

1. It's in the bag. 它在包里。

解析:此句用来描述物体的位置。it 意为"它",用于指代上文中提到过的或说话双方都知道的事物。It's = It is,意为"它是"。

例句:It's in the desk. 它在书桌里。

易错点提示 用来表示位置的介词就是方位介词。本单元用到的方位介词有:in,on,behind 和 under。

(1)in"在……里面",指在某物的形体或范围之内。

例如:in the bag 在包里

(2)on"在……上面",指接触物体表面或构成物体表面的一部分。

例如:on the desk 在书桌上面

(3)under"在……下面",指在某个物体的正下方,并且两者之间没有其他物体。

例如:under the chair 在椅子下面

(4)behind"在……后面",指在某个物体的后面。

例如:behind the door 在门后面

2. —Where is the bag? 包在哪里?

—Oh! It's under the cat. 噢! 它在猫下面。

解析:where 意为"在哪里",是特殊疑问词,通常放在句首,构成特殊疑问句。当找不到某个单数事物时,就可以用"Where is ...?"句型提问。

句型结构:问句:Where is + 人/物(单数形式)? 答语:It's + 方位介词 + 其他.

例句:—Where is my pen? 我的钢笔在哪里?

—It's under your book. 它在你的书下面。

拓展:当寻找多个人或物时,需要用句型:"Where are + 人/物(复数形式)?"

例句:—Where are they? 他们在哪里?

—They're in the classroom. 他们在教室里。

3. Happy birthday to you! 祝你生日快乐!

解析:此句用来祝福别人生日快乐。句型 Happy birthday to + 某人! 意为"祝某人生日快乐!",to 后面接要祝福的某个人。

例句:Happy birthday to Daming! 祝大明生日快乐!

关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

Unit 2 Daming flies a kite in the park.

考点直通车

扫码听读

一、我要掌握的词汇

1.  flies（fly 的第三人称单数形式）放（风筝）

2.  park 公园

3.  lake 湖

4.  tree 树

5.  fishing 捕鱼，钓鱼

6.  walk 行走，步行

7. go fishing 去钓鱼

二、我要掌握的句型

In spring, Daming flies a kite in the park. 春天，大明在公园里放风筝。

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

② Listen and say.

原 文	译 文
In spring, Daming flies a kite in the park.	春天，大明在公园里放风筝。
In summer, he swims in the lake.	夏天，他在湖里游泳。
In autumn, he goes fishing under the tree.	秋天，他在树下钓鱼。
In winter, he walks in the snow.	冬天，他在雪地里行走。

考点突破营

In spring, Daming flies a kite in the park. 春天，大明在公园里放风筝。

解析：该句型用于表达某人（第三人称单数）在某个季节里做某事。flies 是 fly 的第三人称单数形式。

例句：In summer, Daming goes swimming with his father. 夏天，大明和爸爸一起游泳。

荣德集中印

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 9

Unit 1 I've got a new book.

考点直通车

扫码听读

一、我要掌握的词汇

1.  sweater 毛线衫　2.  bed 床　3.  line 线，绳，金属丝

4.  animal 动物　5.  sport 运动　6.  dress 连衣裙

7.  coat 外套　8.  T-shirt T恤衫

9. about 关于　10. have got 有

二、我要掌握的句型

1. I've got a new book. 我有一本新书。
2. —Have you got a new book too, Daming? 你也有一本新书吗，大明？
   —Yes, I have. 是的，我有。

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

② Listen, point and find "I've got..."

原文	译文
I've got a new book.	我有一本新书。
It's about animals.	它是关于动物的。
It's a good book.	它是一本好书。
Have you got a new book too, Daming?	你也有一本新书吗，大明？
Yes, I have.	是的，我有。
Look, it's about sport.	看，它是关于运动的。
It's a nice book.	它是一本不错的书。
Have you got a new book, Amy?	你有一本新书吗，埃米？
No, I haven't.	不，我没有。

荣德基书点

关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

I've got a new dress and a new coat.	我有一条新连衣裙和一件新外套。
Have you got a new sweater, Sam?	你有一件新毛线衫吗，萨姆？
Yes, I have.	是的，我有。
Tom, have you got a new sweater too?	汤姆，你也有一件新毛线衫吗？
No, I haven't.	不，我没有。
I've got a blue T-shirt.	我有一件蓝色的T恤衫。
Ha ha...	哈哈……

考点突破营

1. I've got a new book. 我有一本新书。

解析：该句型用来介绍自己拥有某物。I've got 为 I have got 的缩写形式，意为“我有”。have got 和 have 在口语中的意思一样，都表示“有”，后面直接接所拥有的物品。物品名词可以是单数也可以是复数。

拓展：当表达自己没有某物时，用句型“I haven't got + 某物.”来表达。

例句：I haven't got a new dress. 我没有一条新连衣裙。

2. —Have you got a new book too, Daming? 你也有一本新书吗，大明？

—Yes, I have. 是的，我有。

解析：该对话是询问对方是否拥有某物的问句及答语。句中的 have got 意为“有”，当询问对方是否拥有某物时，需把 have 放在句首。该句是一般疑问句，用“Yes.”或“No.”回答。

例句：—Have you got any pencils? 你有一些铅笔吗？　—No, I haven't. 不，我没有。

Unit 2 Has Amy got a bike?

考点直通车

扫码听读

一、我要掌握的词汇

1.  bus 公共汽车　2.  car 汽车，轿车　3. by 乘（交通工具）

4. hasn't（got）= has not（got）没有　　5. has got（have got 的第三人称单数形式）有

二、我要掌握的句型

1. He's got a bike. 他有一辆自行车。
2. —Has Amy got a bike? 埃米有一辆自行车吗？　—Yes, she has. 是的，她有。
3. She goes to school by bike. 她骑自行车去上学。

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

② Listen and say.

原 文	译 文
Has Amy got a bike?	埃米有一辆自行车吗?
Yes, she has.	是的,她有。
She goes to school by bike.	她骑自行车去上学。
Has Sam got a bike?	萨姆有一辆自行车吗?
No, he hasn't.	不,他没有。
He goes to school by bus.	他乘公共汽车去上学。
Mr Smart has got a car.	斯马特先生有一辆汽车。
He goes to work by car.	他开车去上班。
Ms Smart hasn't got a car.	斯马特女士没有一辆汽车。
She walks to school.	她步行去学校。

考点突破营

1. He's got a bike. 他有一辆自行车。

解析:该句型用于介绍他人拥有某物。"He's"是"He has"的缩写形式,意为"他有"。介绍他人拥有某物,当主语为第三人称单数时,"有"需要用 have got 的第三人称单数形式 has got。

例句:Sam has got a new bike. 萨姆有一辆新自行车。

拓展:当表达他人没有某物,主语为第三人称单数时,用句型"主语(第三人称单数) + hasn't got + 某物."来表达。

例句:Ann hasn't got a bike. 安没有一辆自行车。

2. —Has Amy got a bike? 埃米有一辆自行车吗? —Yes, she has. 是的,她有。

解析:该句型是含有 has got 的一般疑问句,用于询问他人(第三人称单数)是否有某物。

句型结构:Has + 主语(第三人称单数) + got + 某物? 肯定回答:Yes, he/she has. 否定回答:No, he/she hasn't.

例句:—Has Li Ming got a new bag? 李明有一个新包吗? —Yes, he has. 是的,他有。

3. She goes to school by bike. 她骑自行车去上学。

解析:该句型用于介绍某人乘坐某种交通工具去某地。by 的意思是"乘(交通工具)",后面接表示交通工具的名词的单数形式,用于表达交通方式。

例句:I go to school by bus. 我乘公共汽车去上学。

关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

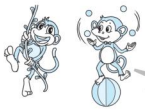
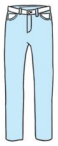
Module 10

Unit 1 Here's a red hat.

扫码听读

考点直通车

一、我要掌握的词汇

1.  hat 帽子
2.  clothes（常复）衣服
3.  open 打开
4.  funny 滑稽的
5.  party 聚会
6.  OK 好的
7.  brown 褐色的，棕色的
8.  trousers（常复）裤子
9.  orange 橙色的，橘黄色的
10.  shirt 衬衫
11.  shoe 鞋子
12. come 来，来到
13. back 回到，返回
14. turn（多人依次轮流时）轮到的机会
15. can't = cannot 不能
16. let's = let us 让我们
17. come back 回来
18. put on 穿上，戴上
19. look at 看，朝……看

二、我要掌握的句型

1. Let's put on funny clothes for the party. 让我们为聚会穿上滑稽的衣服吧。
2. OK. 好的。
3. Here's a red hat. 这里有一顶红色的帽子。

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

② Listen, point and find "Here's..."

原 文	译 文
Open the box.	打开这个箱子。

关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

Let's put on funny clothes for the party.	让我们为聚会穿上滑稽的衣服吧。
OK. What clothes have we got?	好的。我们有什么衣服？
Look! Here's a red hat.	看！这里有一顶红色的帽子。
I've got a brown hat.	我有一顶棕色的帽子。
Wow! I've got a green sweater.	哇！我有一件绿色的毛线衫。
It's green and yellow.	它是绿黄相间的。
I've got funny trousers.	我有滑稽的裤子。
And here's an orange shirt.	这儿还有一件橙色的衬衫。
Look at my big shoes!	看我的大鞋子！
Oh, I can't walk.	噢，我不能走路了！
It's your turn now!	现在轮到你们啦！

考点突破营

1. Let's put on funny clothes for the party. 让我们为聚会穿上滑稽的衣服吧。

解析：该句型主要用于表示建议或邀请对方和自己一起做某事等，意为“让我们……吧。”或“咱们……吧。”。let's 是 let us 的缩写形式，其后接动词原形。肯定回答常用“OK!”、“All right.”等，否定回答常用“Sorry，I...（常说明原因）”。

例句：—Let's go to the park. 让我们去公园吧。

—Sorry，I have to do my homework. 对不起，我得做我的家庭作业。

2. OK. 好的。

解析：OK 是 okay 的缩写形式。在英语中，OK 是一个用得很广泛的单词，它在不同的语境中有着不同的意思和用法。

（1）表示赞同别人的观点，意为“好的。”。

例句：—Let's go swimming. 让我们去游泳吧。 —OK. Let's go. 好的。让我们走吧。

（2）作形容词，表示身体好；事物完好无损；人安然无恙。

例句：I'm OK. Thanks. 我很好，谢谢。

（3）用在句尾，与前面用逗号隔开，后用问号，读的时候用升调，表示征求他人的意见，意为“可以吗？”或“好不好？”。

例句：Pass me the English book, OK? 把英语书递给我，可以吗？

3. Here's a red hat. 这里有一顶红色的帽子。

解析：here 意为“这儿，这里”，here's 是 here is 的缩写形式。该句型是一个倒装句，用于介绍此地有某物，句中的主语是 be 动词后面的“某物”。正常语序为“某物 + be 动词 + here.”。

例句：Here's a new pen. 这里有一支新钢笔。

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

易错点提示 当某物为可数名词复数时，句中的 be 动词 is 应该改为 are。

例句：Here are my friends. 这是我的朋友们。

Unit 2 She's got an orange sweater.

考点直通车

扫码听读

一、我要掌握的词汇

1. 

white 白色的　2.  photo 照片　3.  skirt 女裙，裙子

二、我要掌握的句型

She's got an orange sweater. 她有一件橘黄色的毛线衫。

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

② Listen and say.

原 文	译 文
Look! He's got a green sweater.	看！他有一件绿色的毛线衫。
It's very nice.	它很漂亮。
Has he got trousers?	他有裤子吗？
Yes, he has.	是的，他有。
He's got brown trousers.	他有棕色的裤子。
Has she got a white coat?	她有一件白色的外套吗？
No, she hasn't.	不，她没有。
She's got an orange sweater.	她有一件橘黄色的毛线衫。
And a blue skirt.	和一条蓝色的裙子。
Oh! A nice panda!	噢！一只漂亮的熊猫！

考点突破营

She's got an orange sweater. 她有一件橘黄色的毛线衫。

解析：该句型用于介绍他人拥有某种颜色的某种衣服。he's got = he has got，意为“他有”；she's got = she has got 意为“她有”，后面直接加所拥有的物品。

例句：He's got a brown coat. 他有一件棕色的外套。

荣德图书店

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 1

Unit 1 It's the ABC song.

一、核心词汇。（英汉互译）

1. 歌曲 _____
2. 电视台 _____
3. 最喜欢的 _____
4. my school _____

二、重点句型。（英汉互译）

1. Thank you to School TV! _____
2. 斯马特老师，你最喜欢的歌曲是什么？ _____
3. 它是《字母歌》。 _____

Unit 2 My favourite colour is yellow.

一、在四线三格内抄写下列单词。

1. favourite _____
2. what _____
3. colour _____
4. here _____

二、英汉互译。

1. 我的学校 _____
2. favourite colour _____

三、重点句型。（英汉互译）

1. 给你。 _____
2. 它是一个黄色的 A。 _____
3. What's that? _____
4. It's a ball. _____

课堂集中营

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 2

Unit 1 They're monkeys.

一、核心单词。（英汉互译）

1. 他(她/它)们 _____　2. 猴子 _____　3. 幼兽,幼畜 _____
4. 每个,全体 _____　5. 动物园 _____　6. 老虎 _____
7. 大象 _____　8. lion _____　9. fat _____

二、重点句型。（英汉互译）

1. 看！它是一只熊猫。_____
2. 它们是什么？_____
3. 它们是狮子。_____
4. Here is a monkey, a mother monkey. _____
5. It's fat. _____
6. They are all in the zoo. _____

Unit 2 That man is short.

一、请在四线三格内正确抄写下列字母。

1. Aa _____　2. Bb _____　3. Cc _____
4. Dd _____　5. Ee _____　6. Ff _____

二、核心单词。（汉译英）

1. 人,男人_____　2. 矮的_____　3. 高的_____
4. 小的_____　5. 瘦的_____　6. 大的_____

三、重点句型。（汉译英）

1. 他是高的。_____
2. 这个男人是高的。那个男人是矮的。_____
3. 这只猴子又小又瘦。_____
4. 它们是猴子。它们是小的。_____

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 3

Unit 1 I like football.

一、核心词汇。（英汉互译）

1. 喜欢 _____
2. 足球 _____
3. 他(她/它)们 _____
4. 篮球 _____
5. table tennis _____
6. morning exercises _____

二、重点句型。（英汉互译）

1. I like them all. _____
2. 狮子是大的,猫是小的。_____
3. 我喜欢足球。_____
4. 我不喜欢篮球。_____

Unit 2 I don't like riding my bike.

一、请在四线三格内正确抄写下列字母或单词。

1. Ee _____
2. Ff _____
3. Gg _____
4. bike _____
5. swim _____
6. ride _____

二、重点句型。（英汉互译）

1. 我喜欢跳绳。

_____

2. 我不喜欢游泳。

_____

3. I like cats and they like me.

_____

4. I don't like lions and they don't like me.

_____

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 4

Unit 1 Do you like meat?

一、核心词汇。（英汉互译）

1. 但是 _____　2. 牛奶 _____　3. 米饭;米 _____

4. 妈妈 _____　5. 面条（常复） _____　6. 鱼;鱼肉 _____

7. meat _____　8. pass _____

二、重点句型。（英汉互译）

1. Please pass me the rice. _____
2. 你也喜欢它们吗？ _____
3. 我喜欢黄色。 _____
4. 你喜欢鱼肉吗，埃米？ _____
5. 不，我不喜欢。 _____
6. 但是我喜欢肉。 _____

Unit 2 Does Lingling like oranges?

一、请在四线三格内正确抄写下列单词或字母。

1. Hh _____　2. Ii _____　3. apple _____

4. orange _____　5. pear _____　6. banana _____

二、重点句型。（英汉互译）

1. 你喜欢苹果吗？ _____
2. ——玲玲喜欢橙子吗？——是的，她喜欢。 _____
3. ——萨姆喜欢梨子吗？——不，他不喜欢。 _____
4. Noodles and rice are very, very nice. _____

荣德典中点

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 5

Unit 1 She goes to school on Mondays.

一、核心词汇。（汉译英）

1. 朋友 _____
2. 在…… _____
3. 家 _____
4. 谁 _____
5. 年龄，岁数 _____
6. 参加（体育活动、比赛等） _____
7. 与……在一起 _____
8. 在……的时候 _____
9. （go 的第三人称单数形式）去，到 _____

二、重点句型。（汉译英）

1. 你在星期一踢足球吗？ _____
2. 埃米在家吗？ _____
3. 她星期一去上学。 _____
4. ——那是谁？——是汤姆。 _____
5. 他只有两岁。 _____

Unit 2 Does your mum go to work on Saturdays?

一、请在四线三格内正确抄写下列字母。

1. Jj _____
2. Kk _____

二、核心词汇。（英汉互译）

1. 工作地点 _____
2. 爸爸 _____
3. shopping _____

三、重点句型。（汉译英）

1. 小狗喜欢肉。小猫喜欢鱼。 _____
2. ——你妈妈星期六去上班吗？——不，她不去。 _____
3. 她星期六去购物。 _____

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 6

Unit 1 What do you do on Sundays?

一、核心词汇。（汉译英）

1. 做，干 _____　2. 吃 _____　3. 在……期间，在……时候 _____

4. 睡觉 _____　5. 观看 _____　6. 电视节目 _____

二、重点句型。（汉译英）

1. 我上午睡觉。_____
2. ——你星期一做什么？_____
   ——我去游泳。我还去踢足球。_____
3. 你上午踢足球吗？_____

Unit 2 What does Lingling have at school?

一、请在四线三格内正确抄写下列字母。

1. Ll _____　2. Mm _____　3. Nn _____

二、核心词汇。（汉译英）

1. 做；进行 _____　2. 课；班级 _____　3. 今天 _____

4. 音乐 _____　5. 科学 _____　6. 语文 _____

7. 数学 _____　8. 美术 _____　9. 体育 _____

10. have 的第三人称单数形式 _____

三、重点句型。（汉译英）

1. ——你在学校做什么？　——我上课。_____
2. ——玲玲今天在学校上什么课，大明？_____
   ——上午她上语文课、英语课……_____

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 7

Unit 1 We fly kites in spring.

一、核心词汇。（英汉互译）

1. 放(风筝) _____
2. 暖和的 _____
3. 热的 _____
4. 凉爽的 _____
5. 寒冷的 _____
6. 季节 _____
7. 我们 _____
8. 冬天 _____
9. 迷人的,令人愉快的 _____
10. 春天 _____
11. 夏天 _____
12. 秋天 _____
13. skating _____
14. go skating _____

二、重点句型。（英汉互译）

1. 现在是春天。_____
2. 春天很暖和。_____
3. 我们在春天放风筝。_____
4. 我喜欢夏天,它是我最喜欢的季节。_____
5. What do you do in spring? _____

Unit 2 It's warm today.

一、请在四线三格内正确抄写下列字母。

1. Oo _____
2. Pp _____
3. Qq _____

二、核心词汇。（汉译英）

1. 玩,玩耍 _____
2. 雨;下雨 _____
3. 很,非常 _____
4. 雪;下雪 _____
5. 晴朗的 _____
6. 刮风的 _____

三、重点句型。（汉译英）

1. 我们冬天在雪地里玩。_____
2. 今天很暖和,但是在下雨。_____
3. 今天很热且阳光充足。_____

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 8

Unit 1 It's on your desk.

一、核心词汇。（英汉互译）

1. 玩具 _____　2. 在……下面 _____　3. 为，给，对 _____

4. 盒子 _____　5. 在……后面 _____　6. bedroom _____

二、重点句型。（英汉互译）

1. ——我的玩具在哪里？ _____

   ——它在包里。 _____

2. 它在你的椅子下面。 _____

3. 它在你的书桌上。 _____

4. 它在门后面。 _____

5. 祝你生日快乐！ _____

6. A present for you. It's in the box. _____

Unit 2 Daming flies a kite in the park.

一、请在四线三格内正确抄写下列字母。

1. Rr _____　2. Ss _____　3. Tt _____

二、核心词汇。（英汉互译）

1. 行走，步行 _____　2. 公园 _____　3. 湖 _____

4. 树 _____　5. go fishing _____　6. fishing _____

7. （fly 的第三人称单数形式）放（风筝） _____

三、重点句型。（汉译英）

1. 春天，大明在公园里放风筝。 _____

2. 夏天，他在湖里游泳。 _____

3. 秋天，他在树下钓鱼。 _____

4. 冬天，他在雪地里行走。 _____

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 9

Unit 1 I've got a new book.

一、核心词汇。（英汉互译）

1. 毛线衫 _____
2. 关于 _____
3. 动物 _____
4. 运动 _____
5. 连衣裙 _____
6. 外套 _____
7. 床 _____
8. have got _____
9. line _____
10. haven't(got) _____
11. T-shirt _____

二、重点句型。（汉译英）

1. 它不在椅子下面。_____
2. 我有一本新书。它是关于动物的。_____
3. ——你有一本新书吗，埃米？_____

   ——不，我没有。我有一条新连衣裙和一件新外套。_____

Unit 2 Has Amy got a bike?

一、请在四线三格内正确抄写下列字母。

1. Uu _____
2. Vv _____
3. Ww _____

二、核心词汇。（英汉互译）

1. 乘(交通工具) _____
2. 公共汽车 _____
3. 汽车，轿车 _____
4. has got _____
5. hasn't (got) _____

三、重点句型。（英汉互译）

1. 他有一辆自行车。它是一辆漂亮的自行车。_____
2. ——埃米有一辆自行车吗？——是的，她有。_____
3. 她骑自行车去上学。_____
4. 斯马特女士没有一辆汽车。_____
5. Does your father go to work by car? _____

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

Module 10

Unit 1 Here's a red hat.

一、核心词汇。（汉译英）

1. 来，来到 _____
2. （常复）衣服 _____
3. 打开 _____
4. 聚会 _____
5. 褐色的，棕色的 _____
6. （常复）裤子 _____
7. 回到，返回 _____
8. 橙色的；橘黄色的 _____
9. 衬衫 _____
10. 鞋子 _____
11. （多人依次轮流时）轮到的机会 _____

二、重点句型。（英汉互译）

1. 打开这个箱子。_____
2. 让我们为聚会穿上滑稽的衣服吧。_____
3. 我们有什么衣服？_____
4. 我有滑稽的裤子。_____
5. 这儿还有一件橙色的衬衫。_____
6. 看我的大鞋子！_____
7. It's your turn now! _____

Unit 2 She's got an orange sweater.

一、请在四线三格内正确抄写下列字母。

1. Xx _____
2. Yy _____
3. Zz _____

二、核心词汇。（汉译英）

1. 白色的 _____
2. 照片 _____
3. 女裙，裙子 _____

三、重点句型。（汉译英）

1. 我有一件白色的衬衫。_____
2. 现在我的衬衫是黑白相间的。_____

荣德典中点

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

参考答案

Module 1

Unit 1 It's the ABC song.

一、1. song 2. TV 3. favourite
4. 我的学校
二、1. 感谢学校电视台！
2. What's your favourite song, Ms Smart?
3. It's the ABC song.

Unit 2 My favourite colour is yellow.

二、1. my school 2. 最喜欢的颜色
三、1. Here you are. 2. It's a yellow A.
3. 那是什么？ 4. 它是一个球。

Module 2

Unit 1 They're monkeys.

一、1. they 2. monkey 3. baby 4. all
5. zoo 6. tiger 7. elephant 8. 狮子
9. 胖的
二、1. Look! It's a panda. 2. What are they?
3. They're lions.
4. 这是一只猴子，一只猴妈妈。
5. 它是胖的。 6. 它们都在动物园里。

Unit 2 That man is short.

二、1. man 2. short 3. tall 4. small
5. thin 6. big
三、1. He's tall.
2. This man is tall. That man is short.
3. This monkey is small and thin.
4. They're monkeys. They're small.

Module 3

Unit 1 I like football.

一、1. like 2. football 3. them
4. basketball 5. 乒乓球 6. 早操
二、1. 我喜欢它们全部。
2. Lions are big, cats are small.
3. I like football.
4. I don't like basketball.

Unit 2 I don't like riding my bike.

二、1. I like skipping.
2. I don't like swimming.
3. 我喜欢猫并且它们喜欢我。
4. 我不喜欢狮子并且它们不喜欢我。

Module 4

Unit 1 Do you like meat?

一、1. but 2. milk 3. rice 4. mum
5. noodles 6. fish 7. 肉 8. 传递
二、1. 请把米饭递给我。
2. Do you like them too?
3. I like yellow.
4. Do you like fish, Amy?
5. No, I don't.
6. But I like meat.

Unit 2 Does Lingling like oranges?

二、1. Do you like apples?
2. —Does Lingling like oranges?
—Yes, she does.
3. —Does Sam like pears?
—No, he doesn't.
4. 面条和米饭很好吃。

Module 5

Unit 1 She goes to school on Mondays.

一、1. friend 2. at 3. home 4. who 5. year
6. play 7. with 8. on 9. goes
二、1. Do you play football on Mondays?
2. Is Amy at home?
3. She goes to school on Mondays.
4. —Who's that? —It's Tom.
5. He's only two years old.

Unit 2 Does your mum go to work on Saturdays?

二、1. work 2. dad 3. 购物
三、1. The dog likes meat. The cat likes fish.
2. —Does your mum go to work on Saturdays?
—No, she doesn't.
3. She goes shopping on Saturdays.

Module 6

Unit 1 What do you do on Sundays?

一、1. do 2. eat 3. in 4. sleep 5. watch
6. TV
二、1. I sleep in the morning.

请沿此虚线裁剪下使用

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料

2. —What do you do on Mondays?
—I go swimming. And I play football.
3. Do you play football in the morning?

Unit 2 What does Lingling have at school?

二、1. have　2. class　3. today　4. music
5. science　6. Chinese　7. maths　8. art
9. PE　10. has

三、1. —What do you do at school?
—I have classes.
2. —What does Lingling have at school today, Daming?
—In the morning, she has Chinese, English…

Module 7

Unit 1 We fly kites in spring.

一、1. fly　2. warm　3. hot　4. cool
5. cold　6. season　7. we　8. winter
9. nice　10. spring　11. summer
12. autumn　13. 滑冰　14. 去滑冰

二、1. It's spring.　2. It's warm in spring.
3. We fly kites in spring.
4. I like summer. It's my favourite season.
5. 你在春天做什么？

Unit 2 It's warm today.

二、1. play　2. rain　3. very　4. snow
5. sunny　6. windy

三、1. We play in the snow in winter.
2. It's warm today, but it's raining.
3. It's hot and sunny today.

Module 8

Unit 1 It's on your desk.

一、1. toy　2. under　3. for
4. box　5. behind　6. 卧室

二、1. —Where's my toy?　—It's in the bag.
2. It's under your chair.　3. It's on your desk.
4. It's behind the door.
5. Happy birthday to you!
6. 送给你的一件礼物。它在盒子里。

Unit 2 Daming flies a kite in the park.

二、1. walk　2. park　3. lake　4. tree
5. 去钓鱼　6. 捕鱼，钓鱼　7. flies

三、1. In spring, Daming flies a kite in the park.
2. In summer, he goes swimming in the lake.
3. In autumn, he goes fishing under the tree.
4. In winter, he walks in the snow.

Module 9

Unit 1 I've got a new book.

一、1. sweater　2. about　3. animal　4. sport
5. dress　6. coat　7. bed　8. 有
9. 线，绳，金属丝　10. 没有　11. T恤衫

二、1. It isn't under the chair.
2. I've got a new book. It's about animals.
3. —Have you got a new book, Amy?
—No, I haven't. I've got a new dress and a new coat.

Unit 2 Has Amy got a bike?

二、1. by　2. bus　3. car
4. (have got 的第三人称单数形式)有
5. 没有

三、1. He's got a bike. It's a nice bike.
2. —Has Amy got a bike?
—Yes, she has.
3. She goes to school by bike.
4. Ms Smart hasn't got a car.
5. 你父亲开车去上班吗？

Module 10

Unit 1 Here's a red hat.

一、1. come　2. clothes　3. open　4. party
5. brown　6. trousers　7. back　8. orange
9. shirt　10. shoe　11. turn

二、1. Open the box.
2. Let's put on funny clothes for the party.
3. What clothes have we got?
4. I've got funny trousers.
5. And here's an orange shirt.
6. Look at my big shoes!
7. 现在轮到你们了！

Unit 2 She's got an orange sweater.

二、1. white　2. photo　3. skirt

三、1. I've got a white shirt.
2. Now my shirt is black and white.

请沿此虚线裁剪下使用

关注微信公众号“教辅资料站”获取更多学习资料