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荣德典中点



五年级 英语

下（R-精通版）

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吉林教育出版社

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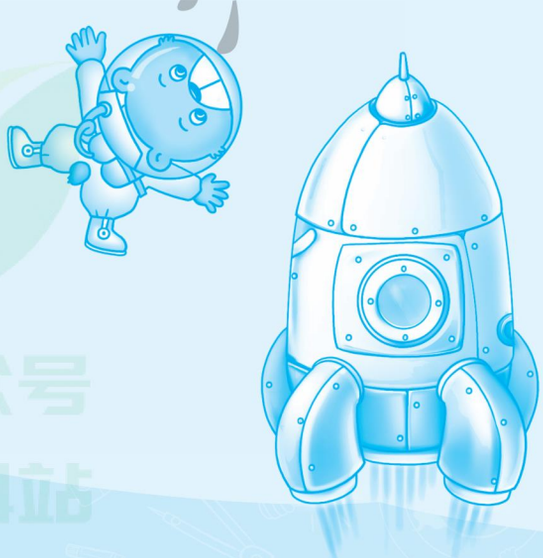

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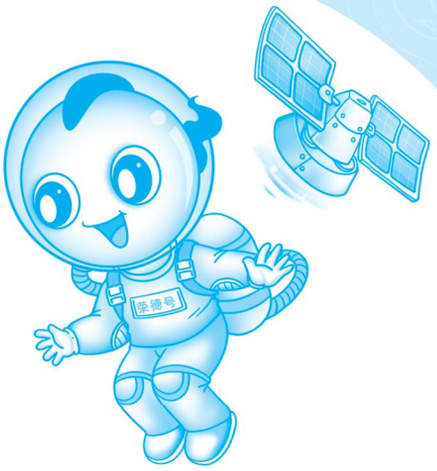

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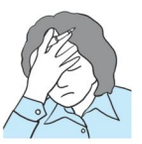
Unit 4 What's wrong with you?

Lesson 19 ☞(答案见109页)

一、根据图片提示选词填空。

ill of go headache

1. I'm _____ today. 

2. The woman has a _____. 

3. You should _____ to a doctor. 

4. Take good care _____ your grandpa. 

二、用所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. May I _____ (speak) to Miss Lu?
2. Lily is ill. She _____(call) her teacher.
3. Peter _____ (be) ill today.
4. I should _____ (take) good care of my dog.
5. Mary can't _____(go) to school today.

三、单项选择。 【抓关键词法】

( )1. This is Kate _____.
A. speak B. speaking C. speaks

( )2. —Do you have a cold?
—_____
A. Yes, I do. B. No, I do.
C. Yes, I have.

( )3. Don't worry _____ your lessons.
A. of B. in C. about

( )4. Take good care of _____.
A. you B. your C. yourself

( )5. I'm ill today. I'm _____I can't go shopping with you.
A. worry B. think C. afraid

四、补全对话。

Betty: May I speak to Miss Hu, please?
Miss Hu: 1. _____
Betty: Good morning, Miss Hu. This is Betty. 2. _____ I have a headache.
Miss Hu: Oh dear! Do you have a cold?
Betty: 3. _____ I'm afraid I can't go to school today.
Miss Hu: Don't worry about your lessons. 4. _____
Betty: Yes. My father will take me to the hospital.
Miss Hu: OK. 5. _____
Betty: Thank you.

A. I'm ill today.
B. Yes, I have a bad cold.
C. You should go to a doctor.
D. This is Miss Hu speaking.
E. Take good care of yourself.

五、核心素养练

同学们,Betty 患了感冒,头痛不能去上学,她打电话向李老师请了病假,李老师告诉她不用担心她的功课,要照顾好自己。她的妈妈带她去看了医生。

请大家根据首字母提示帮助 Betty 完成今天的日记(diary)。

Monday Fine

Today, I have a bad 1. c_____. I have a 2. h_____. I'm afraid I can't go to 3. s_____. I call Miss Li. She says, "Don't 4. w_____ about your lessons. 5. T_____good care of yourself. "Mum takes me to the 6. d_____.

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Lesson 20 ☞(答案见109页)

一、为下列图片选择恰当的短语。

A. have a headache　　B. have a cough
C. have a bad cold　　D. have a fever

1. 

(　　)

2. 
(　　)

3. 
(　　)

4. 
(　　)

二、根据首字母提示完成句子。

1. I'm i_____ today. I have a cough.
2. Hello, everyone! This is my d_____ daughter.
3. Don't w_____ about your lessons.
4. Good morning, Miss Qi. I have a b_____ fever.

三、单项选择。

(　　)1. _____ you ill today?
A. Are　　B. Am　　C. Is

(　　)2. —Is that Bob speaking?
—_____　　【导学号5037632】
A. Yes, I'm Bob.　　B. This is Bob.
C. Yes, it's Bob speaking.

(　　)3. He often _____ about his lessons.
A. afraid　　B. worry　　C. worries

(　　)4. We'll help you _____ your English.
A. in　　B. on　　C. with

(　　)5. —Can you fly a kite with me?
—_____, I can't.
A. Sorry　　B. Yes　　C. Great

四、情景交际。

(　　)1. 当你打电话想跟李老师说话时,你应该说:
A. May I speak to Miss Li?
B. Can I talk to Miss Lin?

(　　)2. 假如你是小明,当你打电话表明你是谁时,你应该说:
A. This is Xiaoming speaking.
B. My name is Xiaoming.

(　　)3. 老师知道你生病不能来上学,希望你去看医生,他可能会说:
A. You should go to a doctor.
B. You must go to school.

(　　)4. 在你生病时,你的朋友可能会说:
A. Let's play football.
B. Take good care of yourself.

五、核心素养练

同学们,通讯工具早已成为我们生活中的必需品,本课中我们练习了通过打电话的方式邀请朋友一起做事情。

请大家把下面的句子用1-6排列成一段完整的对话。

(　　)Is that Wang Ming speaking?
(　　)I have a bad cold.
(　　)Yes, it's Wang Ming speaking.
(　　)Can you go to the theme park with me?
(　　)What's wrong with you?
(　　)Sorry, I can't. I'm ill today.

六、根据短文内容判断正(T)误(F)。

My father is a doctor. He works in No. 4 Hospital. He is very busy. He is friendly to his patients(患者). My mother works in the hospital too. She is a nurse. She often helps doctors actively in her work. They both work hard. When they come back from their work, they look very tired. I want to help them, so I often do some housework. I want to be a doctor like my father in the future. And I want to help sick people like him.

(　　)1. My father works in No. 4 Hospital.
(　　)2. My mother is a doctor.
(　　)3. My parents work hard.
(　　)4. I never do housework.
(　　)5. Doctors help sick people in their work.

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Lesson 21 ☞(答案见 109 页)

一、为下列图片选择恰当的短语。

A. stay in bed　B. open your mouth
C. drink more water　D. take some medicine
E. go to the doctor
F. wait outside the doctor's room

1. 　(　　)
2. 　(　　)
3. 　(　　)
4. 　(　　)
5. 　(　　)
6. 　(　　)

二、从下列每组单词中选出不同类的单词。

(　　)1. A. fever　B. cough　C. ill
(　　)2. A. see　B. drink　C. room
(　　)3. A. wait　B. stay　C. head
(　　)4. A. you　B. your　C. they
(　　)5. A. take　B. medicine　C. doctor

三、单项选择。

(　　)1. What's wrong _____ your mother?
A. in　B. at　C. with
(　　)2. You should _____ a good rest.
A. takes　B. taking　C. take
(　　)3. There _____ some medicine for Ben.
A. are　B. is　C. am
(　　)4. Lisa has a fever. She should drink more _____.
A. Coke　B. water　C. coffee

四、核心素养练

在日常生活中,我们要多关注自己及家人、朋友、同学的身体健康。对于生病的亲友、同学,我们要对他们说些什么呢?

在下列句子中选一选并练一练吧!

A. You should drink more water.
B. I hope you will get well soon.
C. You should take a good rest.
D. Let's drink some Coke.
E. You should go to a doctor.

五、连词成句。　【六步法】

1. John, goes, doctor, to, the, his, with, mum (.)

_____

2. wrong, with, what's, sister, his (?)

_____

3. will, get, soon, well, hopes, she, you (.)

_____

4. of, them, some, have, a, bad, cough (.)

_____

六、阅读对话,判断正(T)误(F)。

Billy has a bad stomachache. So his mother takes him to the hospital.

Doctor: May I have your name?
Billy: My name is Billy.
Doctor: How old are you, Billy?
Billy: I'm twelve.
Doctor: What's wrong with you?
Billy: I have a bad stomachache.
Doctor: What do you eat today?
Billy: I eat a lot of ice cream.
Doctor: Oh dear! Too much ice cream is bad for you! You should take some medicine and take a good rest. Then you can go to school.
Billy: I will. Thank you, Doctor.

(　　)1. Billy's mum takes him to the doctor.
(　　)2. Billy is twelve years old.
(　　)3. Billy eats a lot of hamburgers.
(　　)4. The doctor says that too much ice cream is not good for Billy.
(　　)5. Billy should go to school soon.

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Lesson 22 ☞(答案见109页)

一、核心素养练

同学们,同样的字母在不同的单词中发音是不一定相同的。

请把下列单词中字母 o 发音相同的单词写在一起。

hot stone old home not dog Rome lot

/əʊ/ _____

/ɒ/ _____

二、根据图片提示填写正确的字母组合补全单词。

1. __ __r 

2. __ __m 

3. f__ __t 

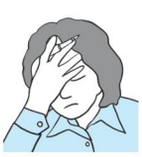
4. f__ __e 

5. h__ __d 

三、给句子选择合适的图片。

A. 

B. 

C. 

D. 

E. 

( )1. She has a bad toothache.

( )2. Lily has a bad headache.

( )3. I should take a good rest.

( )4. My dad takes some medicine.

( )5. The girl has a stomachache.

四、单项选择。

( )1. —_____is the Central Hospital?
—It's over there.
A. What B. Where C. How

( )2. Jim eats lots of candy. So he _____.
A. have a headache B. has a fever
C. has a toothache

( )3. My friend _____ a stomachache.
A. having B. have C. has

( )4. What's wrong with _____?
A. she B. he C. him

( )5. —Can Lisa _____ to school tomorrow?
—No, she should _____ a good rest.
A. go; takes B. goes; taking
C. go; take

五、情景交际。

( )1. 你去医院看病时,医生通常会问:
A. How are you?
B. What's wrong with you?
C. You don't look well.

( )2. 你牙痛时会说:
A. I have a headache.
B. I have a toothache.
C. I have a stomachache.

( )3. 当你问医生你明天是否可以去上学时,你会说:
A. Am I OK?
B. Can I go to school tomorrow?
C. Can I have classes?

( )4. 医生建议病人好好休息,不会说:
A. You should stay in bed.
B. You should take a good rest.
C. You should work tomorrow.

六、根据首字母提示,补全短文。

Mary is ill. She has a 1. c_____. So she can't go to 2. s_____ today. She goes to the doctor 3. w_____ her mother. She sees many 4. c_____ there. Some of them 5. h_____ a fever and some have a cough. They are 6. w_____ outside the doctor's room. The doctor says Mary should 7. t_____ some medicine and 8. s_____ in bed. She should take a good 9. r_____.

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Lesson 23 ☞(答案见 109 页)

一、看图，根据首字母提示完成句子。



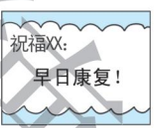
1. What's w_____ with you?



2. I f_____ very happy.



3. We'll help you with your l_____.



4. Here is a g_____ for you.

二、单项选择。

(　　)1. My friends come _____ me today.
A. seeing　B. to see　C. see

(　　)2. Here _____ some chocolates for you.
A. am　B. is　C. are

(　　)3. My friends bring _____ many books.
A. I　B. my　C. me

(　　)4. How are you _____ today, Lisa?
A. feels　B. feeling　C. feel

(　　)5. He _____worried about his feet.
A. has　B. is　C. does

三、按要求完成句子。

1. feeling, are, today, how, you (?)(连词成句)

_____

2. get-well card, you, here, is, for, a (.)
(连词成句)

_____

3. my, me, lots, of, bring, friends, things (.)
(连词成句)

_____

4. He worries about his English. (改为否定句)
He _____ worry about _____ English.

四、核心素养练

你的朋友 Peter 胃痛很严重，不能来上学，相信你一定想让他尽快康复。

请选择合适的词汇，完成下面这张康复卡片，安慰生病的 Peter。

A. worry　B. bed　C. sorry
D. medicine　E. stomachache

Dear Peter,
I know you have a bad 1. _____. I'm 2. _____ to hear that. You should take some 3. _____ and stay in 4. _____. Don't 5. _____ about your lessons. I'll help you. I hope you'll get well soon!
Your friend

五、阅读理解。

I have a good friend. His name is Jim. He is from England. He has black hair and big eyes. He is happy every day. But he is ill today. He has a bad cold and he can't go to school. I go to see him after school.

I bring some fruit and flowers for him. He feels much better now. Jim says, "I'm afraid I can't play football with you on Friday." So I tell him, "That's OK. You should take a good rest." But he is worried about his lessons. "Don't worry. I'll help you with your Chinese," I say to him.

(一) 根据短文内容选择正确的答案。

(　　)1. Jim is my _____.
A. friend　B. teacher　C. classmate

(　　)2. He has a bad _____.
A. cold　B. toothache　C. stomachache

(　　)3. I'll help Jim with his _____.
A. maths　B. English　C. Chinese

(二) 根据短文内容判断正(T)误(F)。

(　　)4. Jim has black hair and small eyes.

(　　)5. Jim goes to school today.

(　　)6. I go to see Jim after school.

(　　)7. I bring Jim some fruit and flowers.

(　　)8. Jim and I will play football on Friday.

【逻辑推理法】

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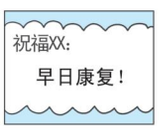
Lesson 24 ☞(答案见110页)

一、看图连线。

1. 

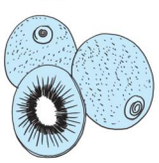
A. a teddy bear

2. 

B. kiwi fruit

3. 
C. a get-well card

4. 
D. a piece of chocolate

5. 
E. dragon fruit

二、核心素养练

图片中往往隐藏着许多信息,我们需要认真观察,关注细节,才能发现这些信息,这种方法叫作图片阅读(picture reading)。

请大家根据图片提示,将下列句子组成一个完整的故事。并互相讲一讲。





A. My dog Otto is ill. Otto can't eat any food.
B. Otto takes some medicine.
C. Otto gets well soon.
D. The vet checks Otto.
E. The vet gives Otto some medicine.
F. Otto plays happily with us.
G. I'm worried about my dog Otto.
H. My parents and I take Otto to the vet.

_____

三、给下列句子选择合适的应答语。

( )1. What's wrong with you?
( )2. How are you feeling today, Kate?
( )3. Can you go and fly a kite with me?
( )4. I'll help you with your English.
( )5. Here are some chocolates for you.

A. Sorry, I can't. I have a bad cold.
B. I have a bad cough.
C. I feel much better.
D. Thank you very much.
E. Wow! I like chocolates best. Thanks.

四、完形填空。 【通篇考虑法】

Susan doesn't 1. _____ very well. She doesn't go to school in the morning. Her mother takes 2. _____ to the doctor. She has a bad cold. The doctor 3. _____ her to take some medicine and drink more 4. _____. She takes a good 5. _____ in the afternoon.

In the evening, she feels much 6. _____. Her friends come 7. _____ her, and they bring her a lot 8. _____ things. Ann brings her some kiwi fruit. Ann thinks kiwi fruit can help Susan get well soon. Lucy brings some chocolates for her. Jim brings a get-well card for her. Susan is very happy to see them. 9. _____ Susan is worried about her lessons. They say, "Don't worry. We'll help you." Susan feels very 10. _____.

( )1.	A. sing	B. run	C. feel
( )2.	A. she	B. her	C. hers
( )3.	A. tells	B. telling	C. tell
( )4.	A. Coke	B. water	C. tea
( )5.	A. nest	B. rest	C. best
( )6.	A. good	B. well	C. better
( )7.	A. see	B. seeing	C. to see
( )8.	A. of	B. at	C. for
( )9.	A. And	B. But	C. Or
( )10.	A. sad	B. happy	C. angry

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Revision & Fun Facts ☞(答案见110页)

听说专练

听力训练

一、听录音，根据所听内容用数字给下列图片排序。


( )



( )


( )


( )


( )


( )

二、听录音，选出你所听到的单词或短语。

( )1. A. near B. dear C. hear

( )2. A. worry B. hurry C. furry

( )3. A. hill B. ill C. will

( )4. A. ear B. bear C. hair

( )5. A. stay in bed B. drink more water C. take a good rest

三、听录音，选择合适的答语。

( )1. A. That is Miss Li. B. I'm Miss Li. C. This is Miss Li speaking.

( )2. A. Yes, I do. B. No, I am. C. Yes, I have a toothache.

( )3. A. Yes, you do. B. No, you can. C. No, you should take a good rest.

( )4. A. Yes, I am. B. I'm fine. Thank you. C. I'm eleven.

( )5. A. I feel much better. B. Thank you very much. C. I'm sorry to hear that.

四、听录音，判断句子正(T)误(F)。

( )1. Jane has a bad fever.

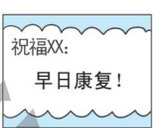
( )2. Miss Liu asks Jane to go to a doctor.

( )3. Jane can go to school tomorrow.

( )4. Jane will go to the park with her friends.

五、看图片，说短语。

口语测评









六、看图片，回答问题。

1. What's wrong with the boy?



2. Can he go and fly a kite?



3. What do they bring?



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读写专练

七、阅读教材 P55 "Reading for knowledge" 完成下列各题。

A. 根据短文内容判断正(T)误(F)。

(　　)1. Wang Li was the first woman doctor.

(　　)2. Elizabeth wanted to be a doctor.

(　　)3. No university gave Elizabeth a chance.

(　　)4. Elizabeth was the top student in her class.

(　　)5. The first doctor is Elizabeth in the world.

B. 根据短文内容回答问题。

6. What does Wang Li want to be?

_____

_____

7. Why was it not easy for a woman to be a doctor in the past?

_____

_____

8. Did Elizabeth work hard in her class? Why?

_____

_____

八、选词或短语填空，完成短文。

hospital, look, stomachache, ice cream, any, feel, So, But, again, medicine

Mimi doesn't 1. _____ very well. She has a bad 2. _____. Micky takes Mimi to the 3. _____. The doctor thinks it isn't serious. He tells Mimi to take some 4. _____ and take a good rest. 5. _____ Mimi doesn't want to take 6. _____ medicine. On their way home, they see an ice cream shop. Mimi eats a lot of 7. _____. Mimi has a stomachache 8. _____. Ice cream is bad for Mimi now. 9. _____ they go to the hospital again.

九、根据对话内容完成任务。

Bob and his friends are all ill. They are all going to the hospital to see the doctor.

Doctor: May I have your name?

Bob: My name is Bob.

Doctor: What's wrong with you?

Bob: My ears hurt(疼).

Doctor: Take this medicine. Then you will feel better.

Bob: Thank you, Doctor.

Now, it's Ann's turn.

Doctor: What's wrong with you?

Ann: I have a bad stomachache. I can't eat anything.

Doctor: Oh, you should have an injection.

Ann: I'm afraid of needles(针).

Doctor: Don't worry. It won't hurt.

Then, it's May's turn.

Doctor: What's the matter with you?

May: My throat hurts and I have a cough.

Doctor: You should take some cough medicine and have a good rest.

May: Thank you, Doctor.

(一) 根据对话内容,完成表格。

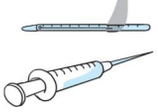
Names	What's wrong?	Doctor's advice
Bob	1. _____	2. _____
Ann	3. _____	4. _____
May	5. _____	6. _____

(二)选择正确答案。

(　　)1. Which picture is the injection?

A. 

B. 

C. 

(　　)2. Does Ann like needles?

A. Yes, she does.

B. No, she doesn't.

C. We don't know.

(　　)3. "Throat" in Chinese is "_____".

【联系上下文猜词法】

A. 舌头　　B. 咽喉　　C. 手指

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Unit 5 I'm cleaning my room.

Lesson 25 ☞(答案见 110 页)

一、用所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. I want _____(make) a call to Peter.
2. What are you _____(do)?
3. Mum always _____(wash) the clothes for us on weekends. We should help her.
4. I am _____(clean) my room now.
5. Let's _____(write) emails to our good friends.

二、单项选择。

( )1. This is Lisa _____.
A. speak B. speak to C. speaking

( )2. Hold _____, please.
A. to B. on C. in

( )3. _____ they coming here _____ their parents this morning?
A. Are; and B. Are; with C. Do; with

( )4. —_____
—They're writing emails.
A. What are you doing?
B. What is Dick doing?
C. What are Dick and Tom doing?

( )5. Can I speak _____ Grandma?
A. to B. at C. in

( )6. —What is Kate doing now?
—She _____ a call to her classmate.
A. is make B. makes C. is making

( )7. I'm busy today. I'm sorry I _____ go to the theme park with you.
A. will B. can C. can't

( )8. May I _____ to Miss Liu, please?
A. speaking B. speak C. speaks

三、连词成句。

1. mum, washing, my, is, clothes, the (.)
_____
2. that, speaking, is, Lucy (?)
_____
3. coming, are, here, with, you, your, parents(?)
_____
4. home, Lily, grandpa, calling, is, her, at (.)
_____
5. computer, an, dad, is, writing, email, on, the (.)
_____

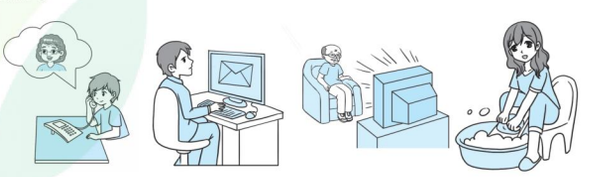
四、用 A—H 给下列句子排序。

( ) Are you coming here with your parents this morning?
( ) Hello! This is Lily speaking.
( ) Sorry, Grandpa.
( ) We are all very busy today.
( ) May I speak to Grandpa, please?
( ) My parents are cleaning the room.
( ) Hi, Lily. This is Grandpa speaking.
( ) We'll come to visit you tomorrow.

五、核心素养练

同学们,我们每一天的生活都是忙碌而充实的。假设今天是愉快的星期六,下面四幅图是你和家人的生活照片。

请你用四句话向我们介绍你和家人星期六的生活。



_____
_____
_____
_____

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Lesson 26 ☞(答案见110页)

一、核心素养练

同学们,单词的分类是对我们学习能力的提升与锻炼。

请在下面每个小题中找出不同类的单词,将选项填在题前括号内。

( )1. A. speak B. come C. busy D. go

( )2. A. morning B. calling C. washing D. writing

( )3. A. here B. to C. on D. at

( )4. A. they B. her C. we D. she

( )5. A. grandma B. dad C. mum D. email

二、为下列图片选择恰当的短语。

A. write an email B. clean the room

C. wash the clothes D. call my friend

1.  ( )

2.  ( )

3.  ( )

4.  ( )

三、按要求完成句子。

1. My grandma is watching TV at home.

(对画线部分提问)

_____ _____ _____ grandma doing?

2. I'm cleaning my room. (改为一般疑问句)

_____ you _____ _____ room?

3. What is Peter doing? (用 make a call 回答)

He _____ _____ _____ _____.

4. My sister is washing the clothes. (改为一般疑问句)

_____ your sister _____ the clothes?

5. Is Micky eating ice cream? (作否定回答)

_____, he _____.

四、阅读短文,回答问题。

It's Saturday morning. The Greens are at home. Mrs Green is in the dining room. She's making breakfast for her family. The salad she makes is very delicious. Mr Green isn't in the house. He is outside. He is cleaning the yard. His yard is full of beautiful flowers and grass. He looks after them very well. Jim is in the living room. He is playing the piano for his friends. Where is his little sister, Lisa? She is in her bedroom with her friend, Lucy. They are reading some books about plants.

1. How many people are there in Mr Green's family?

_____

2. Where is Mrs Green?

_____

3. What is Mr Green doing?

_____

4. Who is playing the piano in the living room?

_____

5. Is Lisa singing songs in the bedroom?

_____

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Lesson 27 ☞(答案见110页)

一、用所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. Tom is wearing a _____ (fun) hat.
2. What _____ (be) Li Yan doing?
3. I like _____ (sing), too.
4. The child _____ (prepare) for an English party now.
5. Look! My mum _____ (tell) a story about the book.

二、单项选择。

( )1. —What does Peter like doing?
—He likes _____.
A. playing the piano B. play the piano
C. playing piano

( )2. My sister _____ a yellow skirt.
A. wear B. to wear C. is wearing

( )3. _____ beautiful they are!
A. How B. What C. What a

( )4. —Good morning, Lisa. What are you doing now?
—I _____ a cake _____ my mum.
A. make; for B. am making; with
C. makes; with

( )5. Lucy often _____ with her friends on weekends.
A. go shopping B. goes shop
C. goes shopping

三、看图完成句子。

1. Tina's mother is _____ _____ _____ to her.



2. —What's Li Yan doing?
—She's _____ a very famous English _____.



3. —Who's he?
—He's Tom. He's _____ _____ _____ on the computer.



4. Jack is _____ a call to his mother.



5. Lily likes _____ _____ _____ on weekends.



四、核心素养练

同学们，我们每天晚上都整理好已完成的作业，第二天早上将它们带到学校。可是小明在整理作业时发现自己写的英语作业被淘气的弟弟弄脏了。

请仔细分析文段，帮助小明把看不清的单词补充完整。

It's Saturday morning. I get 1. _____ at 7 o'clock. The weather is fine. My mum has prepared breakfast 2. _____ me. Now she 3. _____ the clothes. My mum always does a lot of housework. So I want 4. _____ a card for her. Where is my father? He 5. _____ an email 6. _____ the computer. They 7. _____ both busy. Let me help them 8. _____ our room. My mum says I 9. _____ a 10. _____ boy.

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Lesson 28 ☞(答案见111页)

一、根据图片提示及句意，补全对话。

1. **A**：_____ is your father _____?
   B：He is writing an email to his friend.



2. **A**：Look! Peter is _____ the _____.
   B：Wow! He's good at music.



3. **A**：May I speak to my mum?
   B：She is _____ _____. Please hold on.



4. **A**：What _____ Xiao Yan doing?
   B：She's _____ a _____ to us.



5. **A**：What _____ your classmates doing?
   B：They are _____ a _____.



二、单项选择。

(　　)1. The puppy _____ run and join in all the fun.
A. wants　B. wants to　C. want to

(　　)2. My mum always _____ me a story in the evening.
A. telling　B. tell　C. tells

(　　)3. Look! My sister is playing _____ over there.
A. guitar　B. violin　C. the violin

(　　)4. —Is he singing?
—No, he _____.
A. doesn't　B. is singing　C. is talking

三、核心素养练

同学们，在实际生活中用英语与他人进行交流是我们学习英语的主要用途之一。它可以检验我们中英文的运用能力。

请你写出下面情景中需要的用语。

1. 小明想询问 Li Yan 正在干什么，他应该说：

_____

2. Peter 想告诉刘老师，Lisa 正在演唱一首非常著名的英文歌曲，他应该说：

_____

3. 今天是星期六，Tom 的同学们正在为英语聚会做准备，Tom 想把这一消息告诉妈妈，他应该说：

_____

四、按要求完成句子。

1. I'm going to the theme park with my parents this morning.（改为一般疑问句）
_____ _____ going to the theme park with _____ parents this morning?

2. What is your aunt doing?
（用 play the guitar 回答）
She _____ _____ the _____.

3. Does Li Yan like singing?（作否定回答）
No, _____ _____.

4. students, the, songs, are, in, the, club, singing, music (.)（连词成句）

_____

五、阅读理解，根据短文内容判断正(T)误(F)。

It's Sunday morning. We go to the park near our school. We can see a hill in the park. At the foot of the hill, we can see a river. There are many people rowing boats on it. Children like to go there. There are many students in the park. Some are singing and dancing. Some are flying kites. All of them are having a good time.

(　　)1. Children like to go to the park.
(　　)2. There is a river in the park.
(　　)3. There isn't a hill in the park.
(　　)4. Many students are playing in the park.
(　　)5. Students don't have a good time.

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Lesson 29 ☞(答案见111页)

一、朗读左右两栏的内容并连线，将它们组成完整的句子。

1. Is he looking	A. my cousin.
2. He's just	B. think so.
3. We're talking	C. at the sun?
4. I don't	D. about our kitchen.
5. This is	E. standing there.

二、单项选择。

( )1. What are you doing _____ here?
A. in B. at C. /

( )2. —Are you looking at this picture?
—No, I _____.
A. aren't B. isn't C. am not

( )3. There is a man _____ the picture.
A. on B. about C. in

( )4. The old man is just _____ there.
A. stands B. standing C. stand

( )5. —Is that the moon in the picture?
—I _____ think so. It's the _____.
A. /; sun B. don't; sun
C. don't; moon

三、从方框中选择适当的词完成句子。

so, over, about, at, in

1. The students are talking _____ their school.
2. There is a man _____ the picture.
3. I don't think _____.
4. The man standing there is looking _____ the moon.
5. My little brother is playing the guitar _____ there.

四、用A—G给下列句子按正确的逻辑排序。

( )Hello, Lisa! What are you doing here?
( )Is she looking at the sun?
( )It's not the sun.
( )I think she's just standing there.
( )Look at the woman in it.
( )I'm looking at the picture over there.
( )No, I don't think so.

五、根据首字母提示完成短文。

It's 7 o'clock in the 1. m_____. Lily is 2. c_____ her grandpa at home. Grandpa asks Lily what her mother is 3. d_____ now. Lily says she 4. i_____ 5. w_____ the clothes. "How about your dad?" Grandpa asks. "He is 6. l_____ at the 7. p_____ on the wall." The picture is about a little girl singing a very 8. f_____ English 9. s_____. Lily's dad likes the picture very 10. m_____.

六、核心素养练

同学们，口语交际是我们学习英语的一项重要用途。我们应该将自己所学灵活运用到平常的生活交流中。

下面有一些日常交流中的常用语，请用我们所学知识进行回答。

1. How many people are there in your family?
_____
2. What's your favourite subject?
_____
3. Can you play the violin?
_____
4. What's your mother doing now?
_____
5. How do you like your school life?
_____

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Lesson 30 ☞(答案见111页)

一、核心素养练

同学们,熟知单词的不同变形对于我们的日常交际及书面表达有着重要意义。我们在日常学习中也了解到了部分单词在特定时态中的变形。

你能写出与所给单词变形相同的词吗?让我们来试试吧!

1. sitting(双写末尾字母加-ing) _____
2. coming(去e加-ing) _____
3. boxes(名词加-es变复数) _____

二、用所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. This is Dick _____(speak).
2. Lily often _____(go) to the science lab on weekends. 【导学号5037632】
3. Is your friend _____(tell) a story now?
4. My aunt is _____(look) at the picture.
5. They are talking about these _____(picture).

三、给下列句子选择适当的应答语。

( )1. How are you feeling today?
( )2. The girl is telling a story.
( )3. Is your father cleaning the room?
( )4. What is your mother doing?
( )5. Are your parents waiting for the green light?

A. I don't think so. She's singing a song.
B. No, he's writing an email on the computer.
C. She is looking at the beautiful picture.
D. I feel much better. E. Yes, they are.

四、根据图片补全对话。

1. —Are you _____ there?
—Yes, I _____.



2. —What _____ the girl doing?
— She is _____ a _____.



3. —Is your father _____ housework?
—_____, he is. He's very busy.



4. —What is your mum doing?
—She is _____the _____.



五、阅读理解,根据短文判断正(T)误(F)。

Hello, I'm Zhang Ming. I'm at home. It's seven o'clock in the evening. My grandpa is reading a book. He's wearing a black sweater. My grandma is telling me a story about a famous actress. My mum is in the kitchen. She is preparing food for the family. My dad is helping her. My sister is watching TV in the living room. My brother is playing the violin in his room. How about you? Are you drawing pictures?

( )1. Zhang Ming is listening to a story.
( )2. Zhang Ming's grandpa is a writer. He's writing a book.
( )3. Zhang Ming's grandma is preparing food for the family.
( )4. Zhang Ming's sister is helping their parents in the kitchen.
( )5. Zhang Ming's brother is playing the violin in his room.

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Revision & Fun Facts ☞(答案见111页)

听说专练

听力训练

一、听录音，选出你所听到的单词。

( )1. A. guitar B. piano C. violin

( )2. A. sun B. fun C. run

( )3. A. sitting B. standing C. speaking

( )4. A. clothes B. cousin C. call

( )5. A. sing B. story C. song

二、听句子，选择正确的应答语。

( )1. A. No, I'm doing my homework.
B. I'm doing my homework.

( )2. A. Sorry, I'm not Peter.
B. Yes. Hold on, please.

( )3. A. Yes, he is.
B. He's looking at the moon.

( )4. A. Wow! How cool!
B. He's wearing a funny hat.

( )5. A. I am cleaning my room.
B. She is singing a song.

三、听短文，判断句子正(T)误(F)。

( )1. It's Saturday afternoon.

( )2. Peter's father is washing the clothes.

( )3. Peter's mother is cooking dinner.

( )4. Peter is doing his homework.

( )5. Peter's grandma is calling Peter's sister.

口语测评

四、看图，回答问题。

1. What is she doing now?



2. Is she singing a song?



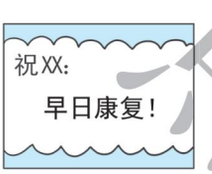
3. What are they doing?



4. What's wrong with him?



5. What's that?



读写专练

五、阅读教材P67，“Reading for knowledge”，完成下列各题。

(一)判断正(T)误(F)。

( )1. There are five animals in the circus show.

( )2. Two bears are walking on a wooden stick.

( )3. One monkey is painting a picture.

(二)选择正确的选项。

( ) 4. Some scientists think the circus show _____.

A. is good for children and animals

B. is fun

C. is bad for animals and children

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(　　)5. The wild animals should _____.

A. work for us this way

B. go back to nature

C. enjoy the show

六、按要求完成句子。

1. He's talking about the picture.(改为一般疑问句)

_____ he _____ about the picture?

2. I'm looking at the flowers.(改为一般疑问句并作肯定回答)

_____ _____ _____ at the flowers?

_____, _____ _____.

3. They are standing near the window.(对画线部分提问)

_____ _____ they _____ near the window?

4. doing, you, Peter, are, what (, ?)(连词成句)

_____

5. She is painting a picture in the classroom.(改为否定句)

She _____ _____ a picture in the classroom.

七、选择适当的句子补全对话。

Lily: Hello, this is Lily speaking. 1. _____

Kate: Hello, Lily. This is Kate speaking.

Lily: 2. _____

Kate: Sorry. 3. _____ I'm afraid I can't go with you.

Lily: 4. _____

Kate: I have a bad cold.

Lily: I'm sorry to hear that. What are you doing now?

Kate: 5. _____ But I'm worried about my lessons.

Lily: Don't worry. I'll help you with your lessons.

Kate: Thank you very much.

A. I don't feel well today.

B. What's wrong with you?

C. I'm staying in bed now.

D. May I speak to Kate, please?

E. Can you go shopping with me this afternoon?

八、阅读理解，根据短文判断正(T)误(F)。

Miss Smith is an art teacher. She is young and pretty. She works very well and her students all like her. There are twenty boys and nineteen girls in her class. She is standing by the window and looking at her students now. Johnson and Mike are sitting under a tall tree. Linda is telling a story. Rick is running after his friend, Frank. Some of the students are playing games on the playground. Some boys and girls are singing and dancing with their PE teacher. They are having a good time.

(　　)1. Miss Smith is a pretty art teacher.

(　　)2. There are forty students in her class.

(　　)3. Johnson and Mike are telling a story.

(　　)4. Rick and Frank are running.

(　　)5. The PE teacher is playing games with the students.

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Unit 6 We're watching the games.

Lesson 31 ☞(答案见111页)

一、单项选择。

( )1. My friend likes playing _____ volleyball.

A. a B. / C. the

( )2. —What are _____ doing?

—_____ playing basketball.

A. they; We're B. you; They're

C. they; They're

( )3. —Look at those teachers!

—Wow! _____ playing very well.

A. There're B. They're C. We're

( )4. —What are you doing _____?

—We are watching the games.

A. at here B. in here C. here

( )5. —You are a good player.

—_____

A. That's OK. B. Thank you!

C. You are welcome.

二、选词填空。

about, doing, watch, playing, those

1. Look at _____ girls.
2. Wow! They're _____ very well.
3. What are they _____?
4. How _____ the boys?
5. Let's go and _____ the games on the playground.

三、看图,补全对话。

1. —What _____ _____ doing?



—They are _____ _____.

2. —Let's go and watch the _____ on the playground!



—OK. Let's go!

3. —How about the teachers?



—They are _____ _____.

4. —Look! The girls are _____ _____ over there.



—Wow! They are playing very well.

四、核心素养练

作为一名小学生,归纳总结能力是学习过程中的基本能力之一,也是我们在未来学习、生活、工作中不可或缺的重要能力。假如你是一名小记者,你今天采访了Tom和Ted。

请你根据采访内容,将这篇报道补充完整。

Tom and Ted are good 1. f_____. They 2. a_____ in Class Four, Grade Five. There are thirty-six students in their class. Tom and Ted 3. b_____ like sports very much. Tom 4. l_____ playing basketball, and he's good at 5. i_____. Ted likes playing 6. f_____ very much. He's a good football 7. p_____. They often play together after 8. s_____.

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Lesson 32 ☞(答案见111页)

一、根据首字母提示完成句子。

1. —Look! The boys are playing f_____.
   —Wow! They're playing very well.
2. Today is Sunday. My parents will take me to w_____ the basketball game.
3. Wow! The teachers are playing volleyball on the p_____.
4. —What a_____ you doing here?
   —We are playing.
5. —Is she p_____ basketball?
   —No, she isn't.

二、用所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. Let's _____ (go) and watch the games on the playground.
2. Look at _____ (that) boys. They are playing football.
3. —What are you doing here?
   —We _____ (watch) the games.
4. Look! They're _____(play) volleyball.
5. What _____ (be) Li Yan and Lisa doing?

三、按要求完成句子。

1. They are playing football. (对画线部分提问)
   _____ are they _____?
2. The girls are dancing. (改为一般疑问句)
   _____ _____ _____ dancing?
3. How about the teachers? (改为同义句)
   _____ _____ the teachers?
4. We're watching the games. (改为否定句)
   _____ _____ _____watching the games.

四、给下列句子选择合适的应答语。

(　　)1. What are you doing, Lily?
(　　)2. Hello! Let's go and play football.
(　　)3. Are they playing basketball?
(　　)4. Wow! They're playing very well.
(　　)5. Is he telling a story?

A. No, they aren't.　B. OK. Let's go.
C. I'm cleaning my room.
D. You're right.　E. No, he's talking.

五、核心素养练

在日常生活中了解中西方文化的差异对我们英语的学习有很大的好处。

以下是一篇关于中西方文化差异的小短文,请你读一读,完成以下各题。

There are many differences(不同) between China and Western(西方的) countries. Firstly, Chinese people eat rice, noodles and dumplings(饺子). But in England and other Western countries, people like eating hamburgers, chips and pizza. Secondly, when we eat food, Chinese people use chopsticks(筷子) while Western people use forks(叉子) and knives(刀). We should know the differences between our country and other countries, and we should respect(尊重) the habits(习惯), not only the habits of our country, but also the habits of other countries.

(一)单项选择。

(　　)1. People in Western countries like eating _____.
A. rice and noodles
B. hamburgers and chips
C. dumplings and chips

(　　)2. People in China eat food with _____.
A. chopsticks　B. forks　C. knives

(二)判断正(T)误(F)。

(　　)3. People eat the same food in China and Western countries.
(　　)4. We shouldn't respect the habits of other countries.

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Lesson 33 ☞(答案见112页)

一、读句子，判断句子与图片是（T）否（F）相符。

(　　)1. — What are they doing?
—They're playing tennis.



(　　)2. The students are watching the games.



(　　)3. My favourite sport is ping-pong.



(　　)4. —What are you doing?
—I'm playing baseball.



二、单项选择。

(　　)1. —What _____ Zhou Pei and Kate doing?
—They are _____ ping-pong.
A. are; play　B. is; playing
C. are; playing

(　　)2. —Let's _____ tennis with Lisa.
—OK. Great!
A. play　B. playing　C. to play

(　　)3. —Can I _____ it _____ you?
—Yes, of course.
A. play; and　B. play; with
C. playing; with

(　　)4. _____ those boys over there! They are great.
A. Look out　B. Look　C. Look at

(　　)5. —Hi, Li Yan! You are a good player.
—_____.
A. Thank you　B. Not at all
C. I'm not so good

三、补全对话。

A: Hi, Li Yan! Look at our Chinese teacher!
B: 1. _____
A: She's playing badminton.
B: How about our maths teacher?
A: 2. _____
B: 3. _____
A: Wow! They're playing ping-pong. That's my favourite sport!
B: 4. _____
A: Certainly!

A. He's playing tennis.
B. Really? Can I play it with you?
C. What is she doing?
D. Look at our English teacher and music teacher!

四、核心素养练

能够准确地定位自己，知道自己的优势是学生必备的能力。学校的春季运动会马上就要开始了，同学们和老师们都在积极地参加。

请你根据图片，完成运动会的志愿申报。



I want to play 1. _____, because it's my favourite 2. _____. 3. _____ Wang is my PE teacher. He teaches me to play it. I often 4. _____ ping-pong with my parents after school. We should do more exercise, because it's 5. _____ for our health.

禁止复印

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Lesson 34 ☞(答案见112页)

一、核心素养练

在英语学习中,相同的字母在不同的单词中往往发音不同,比如字母i就是这样。

读一读下列单词,找出字母i读音相同的单词抄在横线上,并试着写出几个其他含有此读音的单词。

like, pig, sit, big, bird, it

1. 找出字母i发音相同的单词。

_____

2. 写出其他字母i发/ɪ/音的单词。(至少写出两个)

_____

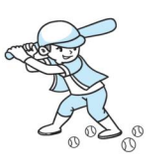
二、选词填空。(每词限用一次)

Miss, Ms, Mr, Mrs

1. _____ Xu is our English teacher. We all like her very much.
2. _____ Green has a child. But we don't know how old she is.
3. _____ and _____ Brown are Tommy's parents.

三、给下列句子选择正确的图片。

A.  B.  C. 

D.  E. 

( )1. The students are running. They are running so fast!

( )2. Look! Peter is doing the high jump.

( )3. I like sports very much, and my favourite sport is running.

( )4. The children are watching the games. They are very happy.

( )5. Baseball is my favourite sport.

四、按要求完成句子。

1. Baseball is my favourite sport. (改为同义句)
I like _____ best.
2. The boys are playing tennis. (改为一般疑问句)
_____ the boys _____ tennis?
3. That's my favourite sport. (改为一般疑问句)
_____ _____ _____ favourite sport?
4. I like playing ping-pong. I like playing baseball. (合并成一句话)
I like playing _____ _____ _____.
5. badminton, girls, playing, the, are(.)
(连词成句)
_____

五、阅读短文,完成下列各题。

Hello, I'm Bob. I have a happy family. My father and my mother are both good players. My father is good at basketball. My mother is a volleyball player. My brother and I both like sports very much. My brother likes playing tennis. After school, he often plays it with his friends. How about me? Can you guess? Badminton is my favourite sport. It brings me a lot of fun. Doing exercise is good for our health. Come on and join us!

(一)单项选择。

( )1. My brother likes playing _____.
A. basketball B. volleyball C. tennis

( )2. I like playing _____.
A. tennis B. badminton C. basketball

(二)判断正(T)误(F)。

( )3. Bob's father is a basketball player.

( )4. Bob's mother is good at playing volleyball.

( )5. Doing exercise is not good for us.

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Lesson 35 ☞(答案见112页)

一、单项选择。

( )1. _____ Wang is our PE teacher. He looks handsome.
A. Mrs B. Miss C. Mr

( )2. —Let's go and play basketball!
—_____
A. OK. But I don't like playing basketball.
B. I'm afraid I can't play baseball.
C. OK. Let's go!

( )3. —_____
—They're doing the long jump.
A. What are you doing?
B. What are Mr Cui and Miss Liu doing?
C. What is Peter doing?

( )4. —Look! Five boys are running.
—Wow! They _____ good runners!
A. both are B. are all
C. are both

( )5. I don't like playing _____ piano, but I like playing _____ ping-pong.
A. the; / B. a; the C. the; the

二、用所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. I like _____ (play) ping-pong.
2. —What are you doing?
—We _____ (play) tennis.
3. What are Li Yan and Zhou Pei _____ (do)?
4. _____ (I) favourite sport is badminton.
5. The students are running so fast. They are all good _____ (run).【导学号5037632】

三、看图补全对话。

1. —_____ _____watching the _____?
—Yes, we are.



2. Peter can _____ _____.



3. —Are they playing tennis?
—_____, _____ _____.



4. Look! The children _____ _____.



四、核心素养练

人与人之间都需要关心和鼓励,懂得主动地去关心和鼓励别人,也要珍惜别人的关心和鼓励。学校的运动会开始了,同学们在赛场中奔跑着,我们要对他们说些什么?

请你从下面的句子里选一选并练一练吧!

A. Go! Go! Go!
B. Come on!
C. You're all good runners!
D. You're a bad runner!
E. Don't give up(放弃)!

_____
_____

五、给下列句子选择合适的应答语。

( )1. Are they good runners?
( )2. Look! What are the boys doing?
( )3. Hello, are you watching the high jump?
( )4. Can you run with us together?
( )5. Hi, everyone. Let's go and watch the games on the playground.

A. Sure. B. They're doing the long jump.
C. Yes, they are. D. OK. Let's go.
E. No, we aren't.

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Lesson 36 ☞(答案见112页)

一、填字母，组单词，并选择相应的图片。

A.  B.  C. 

D.  E. 

(　　)1. r ____ ____

(　　)2. h ____ ____ h　j ____ ____ p

(　　)3. l ____ ____ g ____ um ____

(　　)4. f ____ ____ tb ____ ____ l

(　　)5. b ____ sk ____ tba ____ ____

二、核心素养练

同学们，自然拼读法在欧美国家的应用已有数百年的历史，它要求我们在学习单词的过程中，先要对单词的发音形式有了解并可以正确读出，然后再根据单词发音及拼写形式的联系，联想出单词的拼写。

在本单元我们学习了有关球类运动的单词，并且有的单词的拼写很相似，例如：football，basketball。你能想出其他拼写相似的单词吗？试着把它们写出来吧！

_____

_____

三、连词成句。

1. the，boys，look，young，are，running (！.)

_____

2. doing，are，high，you，jump，too，the (，?)

_____

3. watching，he，the，is，jump，long (.)

_____

4. are，running，fast，so，they (.)

_____

5. good，are，we，runners，all (.)

_____

四、补全对话。

A：Look at those girls. 1. _____ They're running.

B：Are they running fast?

A：2. _____ They're all good runners.

B：What are the boys doing over there?

A：3. _____

B：Are they going to do the high jump?

A：No，they aren't. 4. _____

B：5. _____ Thank you.

A. Oh，I see.

B. They're watching the high jump.

C. Yes，they are.

D. They're going to do the long jump.

E. They're girls of Grade One.

五、阅读表格，判断正（T）误（F）。

Name	Age	Job	Favourite sport
Li Yan	11	student	tennis
Peter	13	student	badminton
Mr Wang	36	teacher	basketball
Miss Xu	28	teacher	ping-pong

(　　)1. Peter is thirty years old. He's a student.

(　　)2. Mr Wang is a teacher. His favourite sport is basketball.

(　　)3. Li Yan likes playing tennis very much.

(　　)4. Ping-pong is Miss Xu's favourite sport.

(　　)5. Peter and Mr Wang are both teachers.

未经审批

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Revision & Fun Facts

☞(答案见 112 页)

听说专练

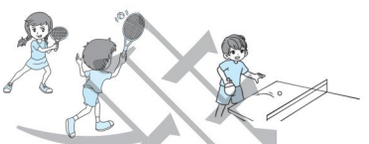
一、听录音，给下列图片排序。

听力训练





(　　)　(　　)　(　　)



(　　)　(　　)

二、听录音，选答语。

(　　)1. A. I'm playing basketball.
B. I like playing basketball.

(　　)2. A. Yes, they are.
B. They're playing volleyball.

(　　)3. A. No, I'm not.　　B. Thank you!

(　　)4. A. Certainly!
B. Sorry, I don't know.

(　　)5. A. Goodbye!　　B. Glad to meet you!

三、听录音，在相应的位置画“√”。

	Dick	Lucy	Mike	Sam	Lisa
tennis					
volleyball					
basketball					
ping-pong					
the long jump					

四、听录音，写单词，补全短文。

On the 1. _____, some boys are playing 2. _____. Some girls are doing the 3. _____ jump. And the teachers are playing 4. _____. Look at the girl over there. She is 5. _____. She 6. _____ very fast. My 7. _____ 8. _____ is doing the 9. _____ jump. I also like 10. _____ the games very much.

五、跟读下列单词，注意单词画线部分的发音。

口语测评

1. name　game　make　bad
2. run　sun　duke　fun
3. sport　for　short　doctor
4. dear　near　bear　hear

六、根据图片，仿照例句说一说。

例 1:— What's your favourite sport?
— My favourite sport is ping-pong.

1. 

_____
_____

例 2:— Can I play baseball with you?
— Certainly!

2. 

_____
_____

读写专练

七、根据教材 P79 “Reading for knowledge”内容，完成下列各题。

(　　) 1. Who are the world's best badminton players today?
A. The English badminton team.
B. The Chinese badminton team.
C. The American badminton team.

(　　)2. Who were the first to play badminton?
A. The English.　　B. The Chinese.
C. The American.

禁止售卖

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(　　)3. Who lived in Badminton House?

A. A duck.　　B. A duke.

C. Li Wen and Zhang Ming.

(　　)4. Which kind of exercise can't you do in badminton?

A. Shooting at the basket.

B. Running.

C. Jumping.

5. _____ wrote down the rules of the game at Badminton House.

6. Who are playing badminton in the park?

_____

7. Did the duke and his friends enjoy playing badminton?

_____

八、根据句意及首字母提示填空。

Today is Saturday. I go to the 1. p_____ with my parents. It's very big and beautiful. There are so many children 2. i_____ the park. Some of them are 3. p_____ basketball. Some of them are playing 4. t_____. They are all 5. g_____ players. I'm playing badminton 6. w_____ my father. And how 7. a_____ my mother? She is dancing 8. o_____ there.

九、阅读短文，完成任务。

Hello, everyone! My name is Gao Wei. My friends and I all like ball games very much. I like playing football best and I'm good at it. My parents and I often watch the football games together at the gym. That's so exciting. Yang Ming's favourite sport is basketball. He likes Yao Ming very much. He's a basketball fan. Li Yan is interested in playing tennis. Tennis is very hard for me, but Li Yan thinks it is very easy. She often plays tennis after school. She wants to be a famous tennis player like Li Na in the future. Playing ball games is very good for us. We should do more exercise every day.

(一)判断正(T)误(F)。

(　　) 1. Gao Wei often watches the football games with his grandparents.

(　　)2. Yang Ming is a basketball fan. And he is interested in basketball.

(　　)3. Li Yan thinks tennis is not hard. She likes it very much.

(　　)4. Li Na is a very famous baseball player in the world.

(　　)5. Everyone should do more exercise. It is good for us.

(二)选择正确答案。

(　　)1. Gao Wei likes _____ best.

A. playing football

B. playing basketball

C. playing tennis

(　　)2. Li Yan wants to be a famous tennis player like _____ in the future.

A. Yao Ming　B. Li Na

C. Yang Ming

(　　)3. Yang Ming's favourite sport is basketball. And he likes _____ very much.

A. Li Na　　B. Yang Ming

C. Yao Ming

(　　)4. Tennis is very hard for _____.

A. Li Yan　　B. Gao Wei

C. Yang Ming

(　　)5. Gao Wei and his parents often _____ at the gym.

A. watch the football games

B. play basketball

C. play tennis

荣德集中招

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Fun Time 2

Recycle 1 & Recycle 2 ☞(答案见 113 页)

一、判断下列各组单词是(T)否(F)属于同类名词。

( )1. toothache fever
( )2. medicine stomachache
( )3. guitar cough
( )4. badminton tennis
( )5. volleyball chocolate
( )6. train ship

二、根据图片完成句子。



1. The girl _____ _____ a call now.



2. Listen! She _____ _____ a song.



3. I _____ _____ very fast now.



4. Look! They _____ _____ basketball.



5. The boy _____ _____ an email now.

三、单项选择。

( )1. —What are you _____?
—I'm reading an email.
A. do B. does C. doing

( )2. Kate's father _____ feel _____ today.
A. is; nice B. don't; good
C. doesn't; well

( )3. —Can I speak _____ Grandpa?
—Hold _____, please.
A. at; on B. to; on C. on; to

( )4. Can you write _____ email for me?
A. a B. an C. two

( )5. Take some _____ when you are ill.
A. medicine B. a medicine
C. medicine's

( )6. Don't _____ noise. They _____ an English lesson.【逻辑推断法】
A. make; have
B. make; are having
C. making; having

( )7. _____ Zhang is singing a song to his students.
A. Mrs B. Miss C. Mr

( )8. _____ famous the song is!
A. What B. What a C. How

( )9. —_____ he looking at the moon?
—Yes, he is.
A. Do B. Is C. Does

( )10. I feel _____ better.
A. many B. much C. so

四、用所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. Peter is _____ (worry) about his lessons.
2. Li Yan's mother will _____ (take) her to the hospital.
3. Are you _____ (play) football now?
4. Mr Black plays volleyball _____ (good).
5. Peter has a _____ (fun) hat.
6. Some of _____ (we) have a fever.

荣德典中点

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五、按要求完成句子。

1. I have a headache.（改为一般疑问句）

_____ _____ have a headache?

2. Be late for school.（改为否定句）

_____ _____ late for school.

3. We are playing ping-pong.（对画线部分提问）

_____ _____ you _____?

4. Kate feels well today.（改为否定句）

Kate _____ _____ well today.

5. Are the boys playing baseball?（作否定回答）

_____, _____ _____.

六、选择正确的 be 动词，并将其写在横线上。

1. That girl _____ (is/are) singing a beautiful song.
2. My father _____ (is/are) cleaning the floor.
3. Miss Zhang _____ (is/are) telling us a funny story.
4. Kate's classmates _____ (is/are) coming to see her.
5. Gao Wei and I _____ (am/are) doing the high jump.

七、根据问句选择合适的答句。

A. No, you should stay in bed.
B. Yes, she is. C. I'm writing an email.
D. Yes, we are. E. Yes, I have a bad cold.
F. I have a fever and a headache.

( )1. What's wrong with you?
( )2. Do you have a cold?
( )3. What are you doing?
( )4. Can I go to school tomorrow?
( )5. Are you watching the games?
( )6. Is the girl running fast?

八、阅读短文，完成下列各题。

A woman is going shopping by boat. When the boat is going to cross the river（河流）, her basket drops into the water. "Oh, dear! Look! My basket is in the river!" she shouts. "Don't worry! I can help you! I am good at swimming." A boy takes off（脱下）his shirt and shoes. "Look after them, please," he says and jumps into the river. A duck is swimming and jumping into the basket. The boy can't find the basket and he shouts, "Where is the basket?" "It's over there! Just behind you. Look! A duck is sitting in the basket." The boy gets to the basket and says to the duck, "Go away. It's not your playground." The duck is afraid of the boy and jumps out of the basket. So the boy takes the basket to the woman. The woman is very happy and says thanks to the boy. "Where are my shirt and shoes?" the boy asks. "Here you are. Oh, look! What's in my basket? It's a duck's egg!"

A. 判断正(T)误(F)。

( )1. A woman is going shopping by car.
( )2. The woman's basket drops into the river.
( )3. The woman is good at swimming.
( )4. A duck is swimming and jumping into the basket.
( )5. The woman finds a little duck in the basket at last.

B. 根据短文内容回答问题。

What is in the basket when the boy takes the basket to the woman?

_____

_____

关注微信公众号"教辅资料站"获取更多学习资料

Fun Reading ☞(答案见 113 页)

一、阅读教材 P84 “Fun Reading”,根据短文内容选择正确的答案。

( )1. Who is the King of all the animals?
A. The lion. B. The tiger.
C. The elephant.

( )2. Mr Elephant must _____.
A. clean the house B. cook food
C. wash the clothes

( )3. Don't _____ when Tiger King is in his car.
A. play on the street
B. get on the car
C. cross the road

( )4. —Does the tiger obey the rules?
— _____
A. Yes, he does.
B. No, he doesn't.
C. Yes, he is.

( )5. —Who must cook food for Tiger King?
— _____.
A. Miss Mouse B. Mr Elephant
C. Miss Rabbit

二、阅读教材 P84 “Fun Reading”,选择合适的词填空,将句子补充完整。

ate	big	animals	wash
work	housework		

1. The tiger is a _____ animal.
2. Everyone must do the _____ for Tiger King.
3. Miss Rabbit must _____ the clothes.
4. All the other _____ must obey his rules.
5. You must _____ hard.
6. Don't get up _____.

三、阅读短文,完成任务。

Do you know there are two kinds of football games? One is American football, and the other is soccer. In China, many young men like playing soccer. It is very popular. But the Chinese don't call it soccer. We call it football. There are eleven players in a team. And the ball is round. Only the goalkeeper(守门员) can touch the ball with his hands. The other players can't touch the ball with their hands.

In America, soccer is not very popular. They like playing American football. It is very different. The ball is not round. It looks like a big egg. There are also eleven players in a team. All the players can touch the ball with their feet and hands.

(一)阅读短文,选择正确答案。

( )1. How many kinds of football games are there?
A. Three. B. Two. C. Four.

( )2. What do the American people like very much?
A. Playing American football.
B. Playing ping-pong.
C. Watching TV.

( )3. Who can touch the ball with his hands in American football?
A. Only the goalkeeper.
B. Some of the players.
C. All the players.

(二)判断正(T)误(F)。

( )4. There are eleven players in a soccer team.

( )5. The American football is round.

( )6. In China, many young men like playing soccer.

荣德集中注

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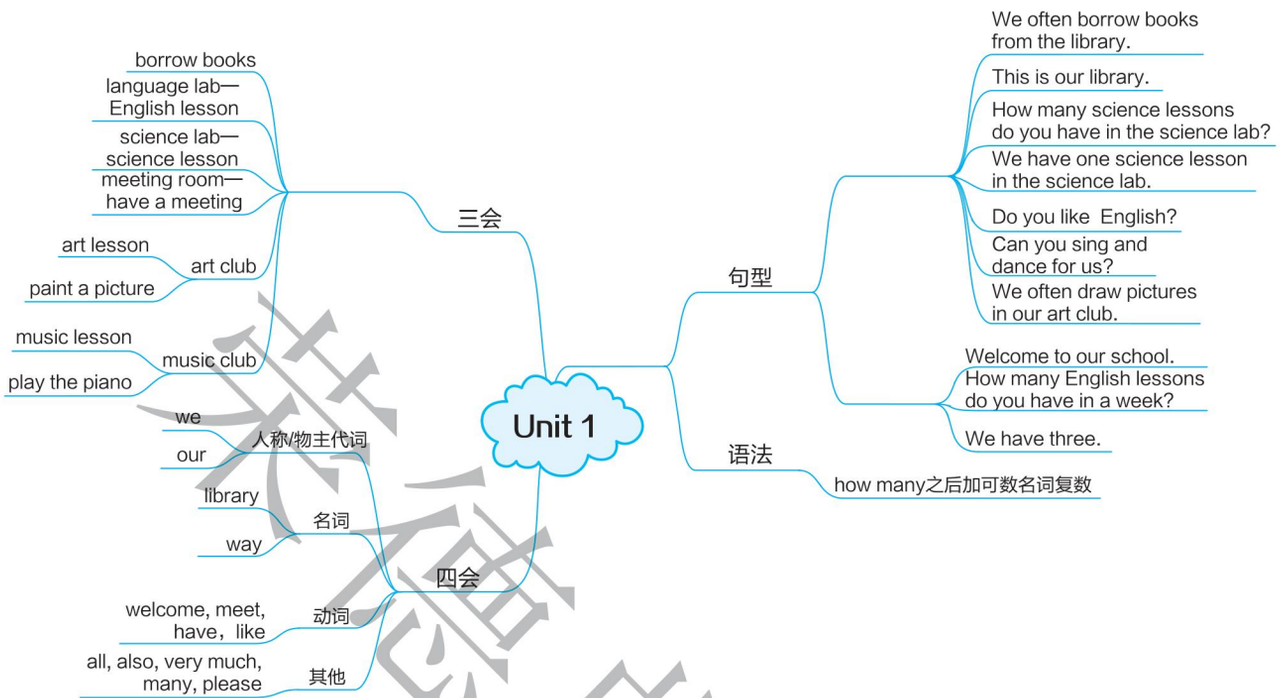
期末复习训练 » Unit 1 复习训练

知识导图



本单元重难、易错点提醒

1. 介绍地点的表达：This is... 这是……；That is... 那是……
2. 描述我们经常做某事：We often + 动词原形 + 其他. 我们经常……
3. 询问对方有多少节课程的表达：How many + 课程(复数) + do you have? 你们有多少节……课?

重难点过关检测 ☞(答案见113页)

词汇过关

一、根据首字母提示，补全句子。

1. Lin Tao and I like English v_____ m_____.
2. W_____ to our school.
3. Nice to m_____ you.
4. This w_____, p_____.
5. We a_____ like PE.

句型语法过关

二、选择合适的词填空。

in around from to for

1. We'll show you _____ our home.
2. Can you sing and dance _____ us?
3. Do you often come _____ the library?
4. He often borrows books _____ the library.
5. We'll have a meeting _____ the meeting room.

三、单项选择。

( )1. We often _____ in the language lab.
A. draw pictures B. play the piano
C. have English lessons

( )2. _____ you like _____?
A. Are; dancing B. Do; dancing
C. Does; dancing

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( )3. How many _____ do you have in the science lab?
A. science lesson B. a science lesson
C. science lessons

( )4. Li Yan often has music lessons _____.
A. about here B. here C. to here

( )5. Peter _____ English very _____.
A. speaks; well B. says; well
C. tells; good

四、用所给词的适当形式填空。

1. I often play the piano in _____ (we) music club.
2. Can you _____ (paint) a picture for me?
3. We'll _____ (have) a party this afternoon.
4. _____ you often _____ (come) to the park?
5. Gao Wei often _____ (read) books in the library.

五、按要求完成句子。

1. How many maths lessons do you have in a week? (作相应回答)
_____ _____ five.
2. This is my library. (改为复数句)
_____ _____ _____ _____.
3. Dick has one art lesson in the art club. (对画线部分提问)
_____ _____ art _____ does Dick _____ in the art club?
4. We often play the piano. (改为一般疑问句)
_____ _____ _____ _____the piano?
5. Gao Wei, all, very, Li Yan, Peter, and, like, much, English (, .) (连词成句)
_____

综合运用过关

六、补全对话。

A: Hi, I'm Jane. Nice to meet you.
B: I'm Lucy. 1. _____
A: Welcome to our school. 2. _____
B: Thank you.
A: 3. _____ Look! This is our library.
B: Do you often come to the library?
A: 4. _____ 5. _____

A. Yes, I do.
B. Nice to meet you, too.
C. I'll show you around our school.
D. I often read in the library.
E. This way, please.

七、阅读短文，判断对（T）错（F）。

Today is Monday. In the morning, we do all kinds of things in English in our English lesson. We do "listen and do" and "play and act". We all like English games very much. We read Chinese stories in the Chinese lesson. I like music best. We have one music lesson in the morning too. We often sing and dance. We have one science lesson in the science lab. In the afternoon, we have PE and art. We play basketball in the PE lesson. I like painting in the art lesson. After class we go to the music club and the art club. I like my school. I like my teachers and classmates.

( )1. We do "listen and do" and "play and act" in our English lesson.
( )2. We borrow books in the Chinese lesson.
( )3. We also have an art lesson in the morning.
( )4. I play football in the PE lesson in the afternoon.
( )5. We have six lessons today.

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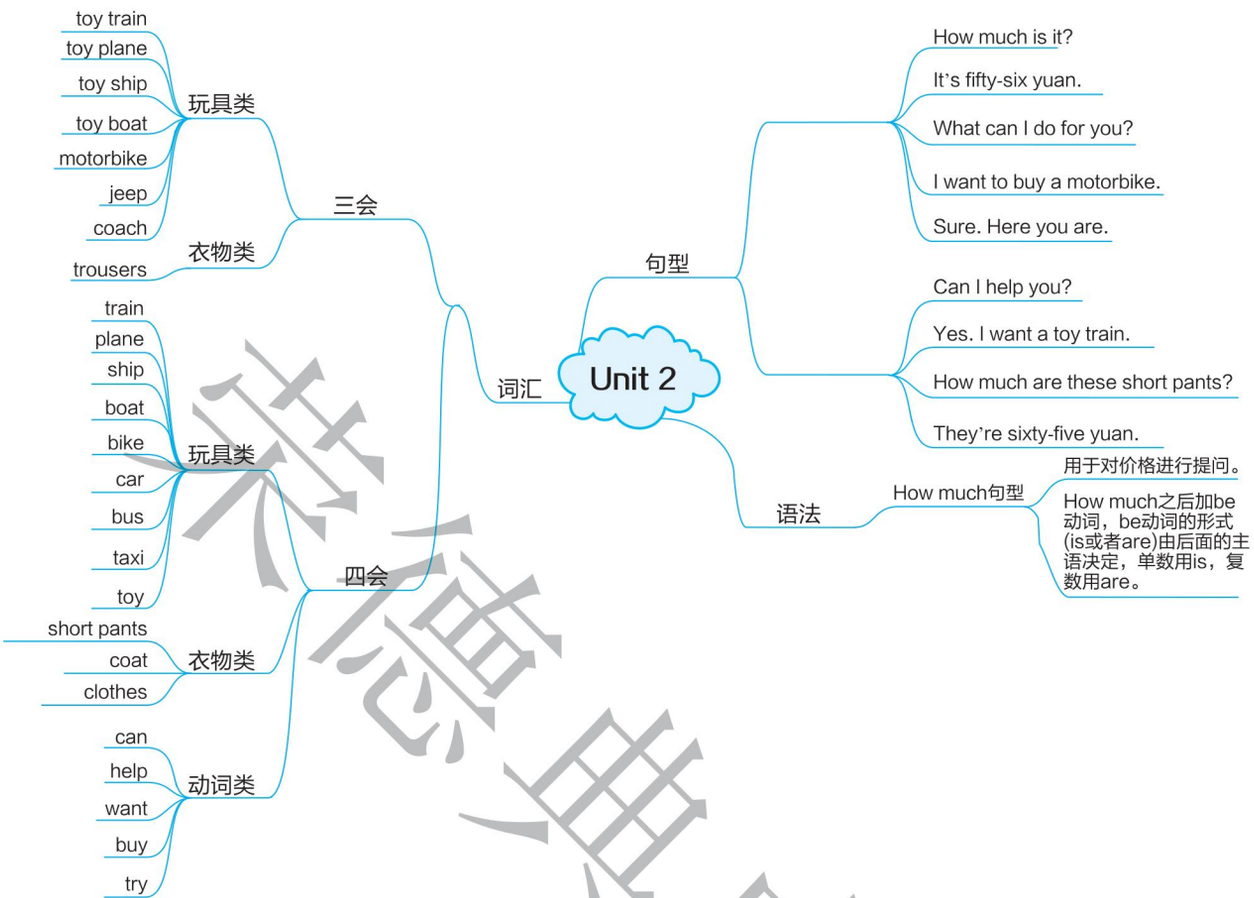
Unit 2 复习训练

知识导图



本单元重难、易错点提醒

1. how much 结构的用法：① 用于对价格进行提问。② how much 之后加 be 动词，be 动词的形式(is 或者 are)由后面的主语决定，单数用 is，复数用 are。
2. 购物时售货员的礼貌用语：Can I help you? 和 What can I do for you?
3. 一条……的表达方式：a pair of...
4. 试穿某件衣服：try...on，小口诀：try on，try on 不一般，试穿衣物放中间，单数 it 来相助，复数 them 去代班。

重难点过关检测 ☞(答案见 113 页)

词汇过关

一、根据句意把括号里的字母组成单词，并选择相应的图片。

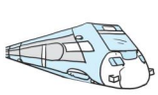
(　　)1. Can I have a new _____? (epaln)

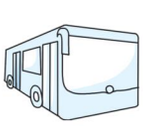
(　　)2. I want two _____. (suseb)

(　　)3. Please put your _____ away. (olchset)

(　　)4. Do you like the blue _____? (nrtia)

A. 

B. 

C. 

D. 

禁德典中乐

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二、根据首字母提示写出正确的单词完成句子。

1. The c_____ is good. I like it.
2. I w_____ to buy a car.
3. How m_____ is it?
4. I go to school on my b_____.
5. How a_____ this pair?

句型语法过关

三、用所给词的适当形式填空。

1. These _____ (coach) are Lucy's.
2. We'll _____ (take) it.
3. Choose one Mary _____ (like).
4. Let me try _____ (they) on.
5. Would you show _____ (I) that one?

四、从方框中选出合适的词填空。

is, are, Which, them, for

1. They are too big _____ me.
2. _____ one do you like?
3. How much _____ these trousers?
4. How much _____ this pair of short pants?
5. I'll take _____.

五、单项选择。

( )1. —What can I do for you?
—_____.
A. Thank you B. I want a toy boat
C. No, you can't

( )2. The dress is very beautiful. Can I _____?
A. try it on B. try on it
C. try them on

( )3. _____ this toy ship?
A. How much B. How about
C. How nice

( )4. The T-shirt _____ good.
A. looks B. look C. looking

( )5. I want _____.
A. a short pants B. a short pant
C. a pair of short pants

综合运用过关

六、从方框中选择合适的应答语。

( )1. Can I help you?
( )2. Which one do you like?
( )3. How much are they?
( )4. We'll take it.
( )5. How about this one?

A. It looks nice. B. They are eighty-five yuan. C. Yes. I want a coach. D. Here you are. E. I like the red one.

七、按要求完成句子。

1. What can I do for you? (改为同义句)
_____ I _____ you?
2. They're sixty-five yuan. (对画线部分提问)
_____ _____ are they?
3. It's eighty-five yuan. (改为否定句)
It _____ eighty-five yuan.

八、阅读对话并判断正(T)误(F)。

A: Can I help you?
B: Yes, I'd like to buy some tomatoes.
A: These tomatoes are fresh.
B: They look nice. How much are they?
A: Five yuan a kilo.
B: Five yuan a kilo? They're too expensive. What about four yuan a kilo?
A: Mmm, let me see. OK. How many do you want?
B: Two kilos, please.
A: Here you are. Anything else?
B: That's all, and here's the money.
A: Thank you.

( )1. B wants to buy some tomatoes.
( )2. The tomatoes aren't fresh.
( )3. B wants to buy four kilos of tomatoes.
( )4. The tomatoes cost 8 yuan.

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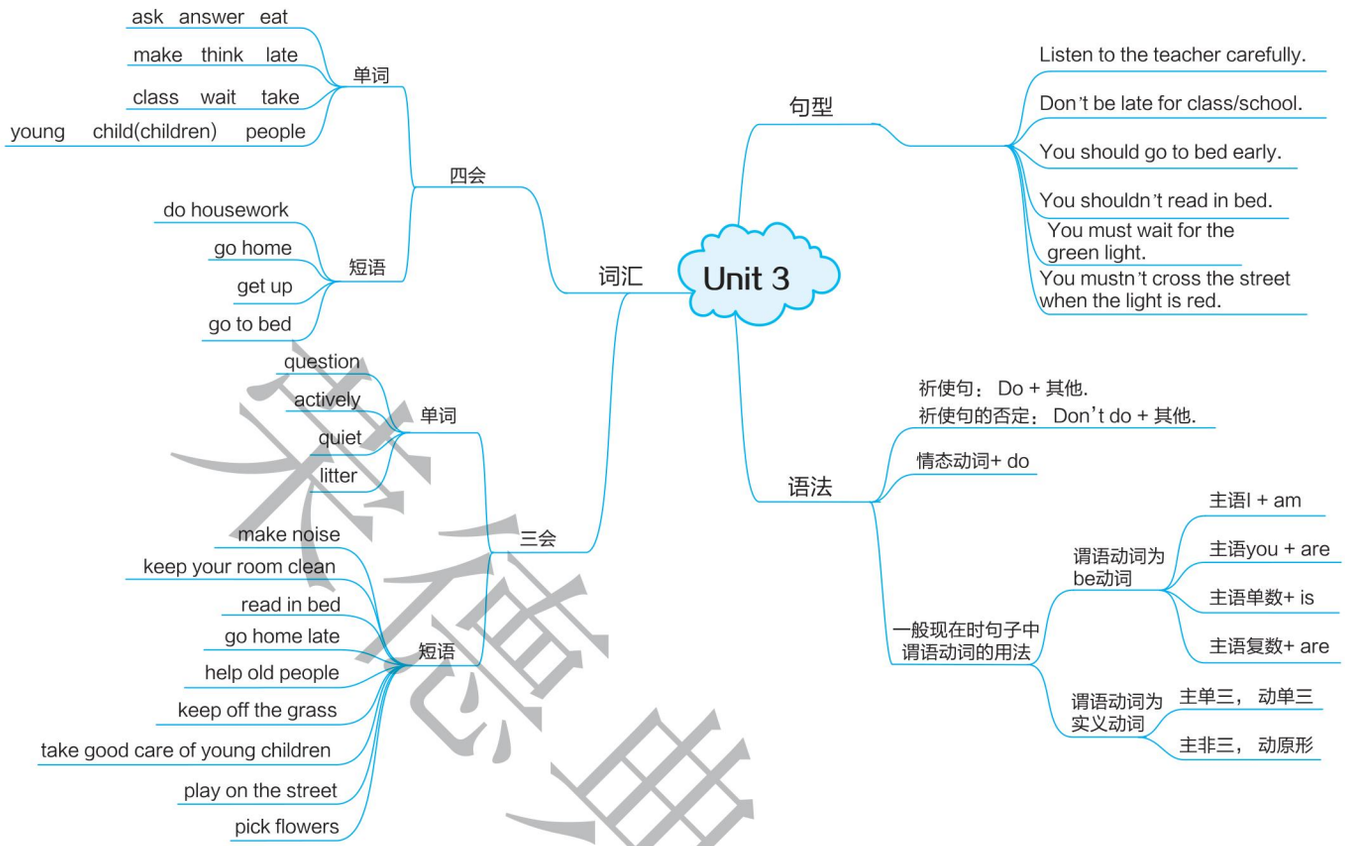
Unit 3 复习训练

知识导图



本单元重难、易错点提醒

1. 祈使句：动词原形开头，无主语。Do + 其他. ；祈使句的否定：Don't do + 其他. 。
2. 情态动词的用法：should/ shouldn't + do 应该做某事/不应该做某事；must/ mustn't + do 必须做某事/禁止做某事。
3. 一般现在时句子中谓语动词的用法：谓语动词为 be 动词时，根据主语的不同选用 am，is，are。谓语动词为实义动词时，遵循“主单三，动单三；主非三，动原形”的口诀。

重难点过关检测 ☞（答案见 114 页）

词汇过关

一、选择合适的词完成句子。

eat, ask, think, wait, answer, make

1. Don't cross the street now. You should _____ for the green light.
2. Peter doesn't study well, because he doesn't _____ or _____ questions actively.
3. Class begins. You mustn't _____ in class.
4. There are many people in the library. Please don't _____ noise.
5. You should _____ carefully. This question is not difficult.

二、用适当的词填空。

1. Jane's little brother watches TV _____ often.
2. I will be late. I can't wait _____ you.

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3. It's an English class. You shouldn't play _____ the playground.

4. You should take good care _____ yourself.

5. Look at this picture. Who is reading _____ bed?

句型语法过关

三、单项选择。

(　　)1. —Jack, it's time to go to bed.
—_____.
A. I'm sorry　　B. No, thanks
C. OK, Mum

(　　)2. Mary _____ like to do homework on weekends.
A. don't　B. doesn't　C. isn't

(　　)3. Micky points to his sign to tell people, "No _____!"
A. spit　B. spitting　C. spits

(　　)4. Don't _____ late for school.
A. be　B. are　C. is

(　　)5. Peter plays basketball well. He is a _____ player.
A. well　B. fine　C. good

(　　)6. —Can you wash your clothes by yourself?
—Sure, _____.
A. I like to do housework
B. I can clean the floor
C. I often help old people

四、用所给单词的正确形式填空。

1. The _____ (child) are playing baseball.

2. We are having a meeting, so you _____ (should) make noise.

3. Let's _____ (do) homework together.

4. I have a fever. My sister _____ (take) me to the doctor.

5. How many _____ (people) are there in your family?

五、按要求完成句子。

1. The young child is picking flowers.
(改为否定句)
The young child _____ _____ picking flowers.

2. She should talk actively in class.
(对画线部分提问)
_____ _____ she _____ in class?

3. obey, school, should, rules, students (.)
(连词成句)
_____

4. Peter often does his homework at home.
(改为一般疑问句)
_____ Peter often _____ his homework at home?

综合运用过关

六、从方框中选择合适的应答语。

A. They are cleaning the rooms.
B. It's only fifteen yuan.
C. You shouldn't pick flowers.
D. She has a fever.　　E. OK, we won't.

(　　)1. What are your parents doing?
(　　)2. What's wrong with her?
(　　)3. The flowers are so beautiful.
(　　)4. How much is the toy motorbike?
(　　)5. Don't talk about computer games in class.

七、阅读短文，判断正(T)误(F)。

Every school has its own rules, and so does our school. For example, we can bring drinks to school. But we mustn't bring mobile phones to school. I think this rule is great, because the mobile phones are not good for our study. We can also play basketball and football. We must wear school uniforms. We should study hard. These are our school rules.

(　　)1. Every school has its rules.
(　　)2. We can't drink drinks at school.
(　　)3. We mustn't use our own mobile phones at school.
(　　)4. In our school, each student should study hard.
(　　)5. We can wear the clothes that we like at school.

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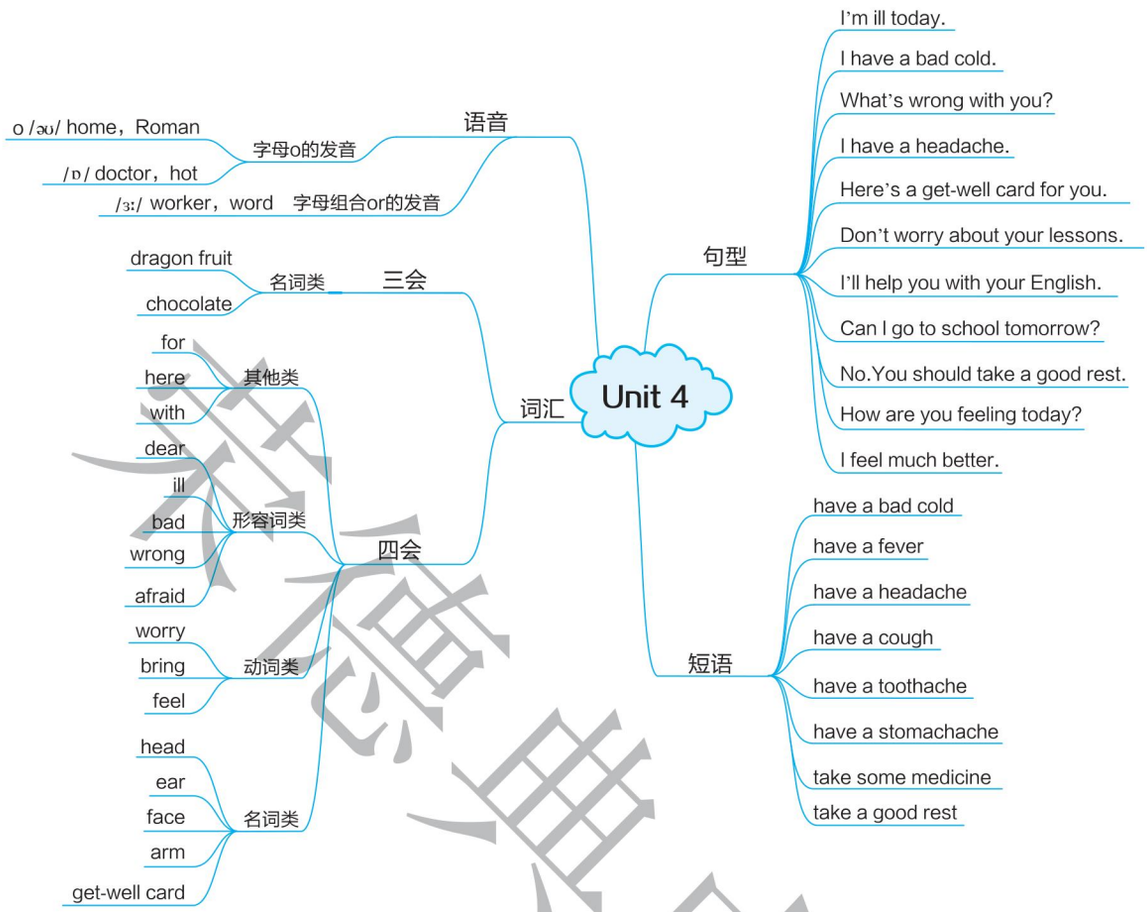
Unit 4 复习训练

知识导图



本单元重难、易错点提醒

1. 打电话时介绍自己，用“This is... speaking.”。
2. may，should，can 等情态动词后用动词原形。
3. 担心……“worry about...”，不要担心…… “don't worry about...”。
4. 询问他人病情的句型：What's wrong with you?

重难点过关检测 ☞(答案见 114 页)

词汇过关

一、选出不同类的单词。

( )1. A. feel B. arm C. ear
( )2. A. ill B. fever C. bad
( )3. A. afraid B. bring C. worry
( )4. A. for B. with C. wrong
( )5. A. face B. head C. football

二、选词填空。

with，of，to，turn，take

1. We want to help her _____ her lessons.
2. Let me take you _____ the zoo.
3. She should _____ some medicine.
4. Now it's Kate's _____.
5. Take good care _____ yourself.

三、读句子，找出与句子相符的图片。

( )1. Jenny has a headache.
( )2. Lily has a fever.
( )3. John has a toothache.
( )4. Li Feng has a cough.
( )5. Mary has a stomachache.
( )6. Mary takes some medicine.

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A.  B.  C. 

D.  E.  F. 

句型语法过关

四、单项选择。

( )1. _____ she ill today?
A. Am B. Are C. Is

( )2. Here _____ some dragon fruit for you.
A. am B. are C. is

( )3. What's wrong _____ you?
A. to B. on C. with

( )4. Here's a get-well card _____ my friend.
A. in B. to C. for

( )5. You should _____ good care of your pet.
A. take B. have C. help

( )6. How does she _____ today?
A. feel B. feels C. feeling

( )7. They are _____ about their children.
A. worry B. worried C. worries

( )8. My friends hope _____ will get well soon.
A. I B. me C. my

五、用所给单词的正确形式填空。

1. She's _____ (worry) about her lessons.
2. How is Peter _____ (feel) today?
3. Many children are _____ (wait) outside the doctor's room.
4. Some of _____ (they) have a cough.
5. Miss Li feels much _____ (well).

六、按要求完成句子。

1. I have a fever. (对画线部分提问)
_____ _____ with you?
2. Jimmy feels well today. (改为否定句)
Jimmy _____ _____ well today.
3. I can go swimming with you. (改为否定句)
I _____ _____ swimming with you.
4. is, get-well card, here, for, him, a (.) (连词成句)
_____
5. bring, her, we, a lot of, fruit(.)(连词成句)
_____

综合运用过关

七、请在方框中选出合适的词帮助 Cindy 完成请假条。

A. soon	B. think	C. Dear	D. can't
E. takes	F. ill	G. bad	H. medicine
I. rest	J. about		

1. _____ Miss Li.

I'm sorry I 2. _____ go to school today. I am 3. _____. I have a 4. _____ cold. My mother 5. _____ me to the hospital. The doctor says I should take some 6. _____ and have a good 7. _____. Don't worry 8. _____ me. I 9. _____ I will get well 10. _____.

Yours,
Cindy

八、阅读短文，判断正(T)误(F)。

My friend Flora is ill. She doesn't go to school today. I go to her home to see her with my classmates. We bring her some fruit and milk. And we also make a get-well card together. We think these things can help her get well soon.

Flora looks better. She is very happy to see us. She says thanks to us. But she is worried about her lessons. We ask her to have a good rest and not to worry. We all will help her. She smiles happily and asks us to eat fruit together. We all hope she will get well soon and have a sports meet with us on Friday.

( )1. Flora goes to school today.
( )2. We bring Flora some fruit and Coke.
( )3. Flora looks better.
( )4. We are worried about Flora's lessons.
( )5. We will have a sports meet on Friday.

答案典点

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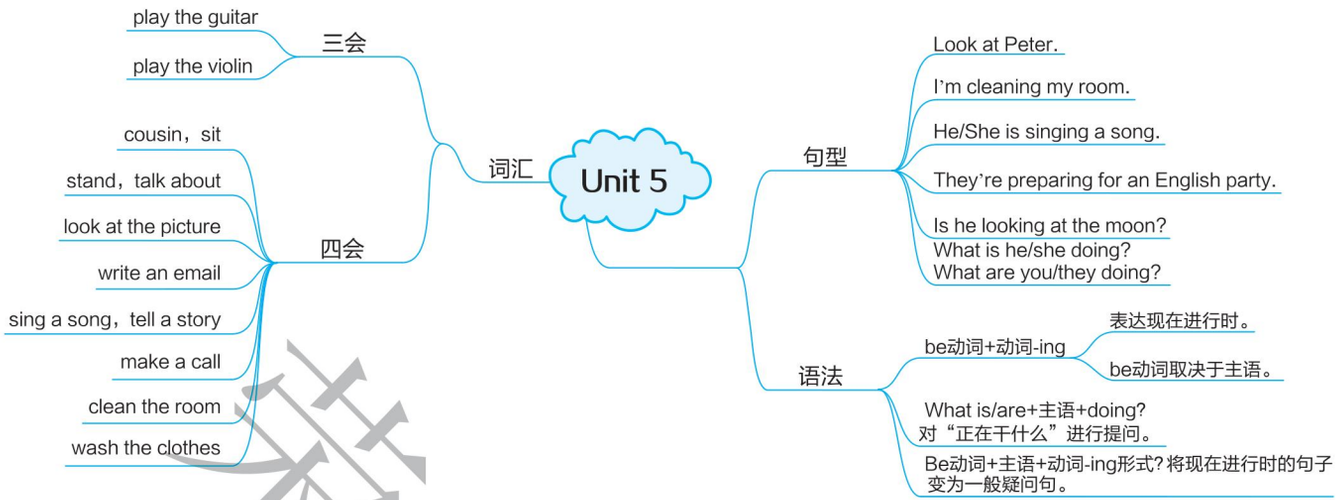
Unit 5 复习训练

知识导图



本单元重难、易错点提醒

1. 现在进行时的表达及 be 动词的用法：Lily is calling her grandpa at home.
   Peter and his classmates are preparing for an English party.
2. 询问某人正在干什么：What + be + 主语 + doing?
3. 感叹句的表达：What + a / an + 形容词 + 名词！/ How + 形容词！

重难点过关检测 ☞（答案见 114 页）

词汇过关

一、选出不同类的一项。

( )1. A. make a call　B. write an email
　　C. tell a story　D. be ill

( )2. A. to　B. a
　　C. at　D. in

( )3. A. famous　B. beautiful
　　C. funny　D. song

( )4. A. coming　B. look
　　C. making　D. writing

( )5. A. sitting　B. swimming
　　C. cutting　D. interesting

二、看图补全对话。

1. **A**：What's Lily doing?
   B：She is _____ _____ _____.



2. **A**：Is Mary reading a book?
   B：_____, she _____.



3. **A**：What's your dad doing?
   B：He is _____ _____.



4. **A**：Is Gao Wei standing on the ground?
   B：No, he's _____ on the sofa.



三、选择合适的词填空。

for, on, so, with, about, in, to, over

1. —Can I speak _____ Grandpa?
   —Yes. Hold on, please.

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2. I will go to see my grandma _____ my parents this morning.
3. Here's a get-well card _____ you.
4. Let's talk _____ our school life.
5. My classmates are playing football _____ there.
6. Look at the man _____ the picture.
7. Dad is writing an email _____ the computer.
8. I don't think _____.

句型语法过关

四、单项选择。

( )1. —What do you like doing?
—I like _____.
A. play the violin B. play violin
C. playing the violin

( )2. What's wrong _____ your mum?
A. with B. in C. at

( )3. —What's he doing?
—He _____ a call.
A. makes B. is making C. making

( )4. —Is he looking at the sun?
—No, _____.
A. he is B. she isn't C. he isn't

( )5. I want _____ with my mum.
A. to go shopping B. go shopping
C. to go shop

综合运用过关

五、从方框中选择合适的应答语。

A. Yes, she is.
B. Thank you.
C. He is telling a story.
D. Yes. Hold on, please.
E. Wow! What a beautiful song!

( )1. Lucy is singing a very famous English song.
( )2. Here you are.
( )3. May I speak to Lily, please?
( )4. What is Peter doing?
( )5. Is she singing a song?

六、按要求改写句子。

1. Tom is writing an email. (改为否定句)
Tom _____ _____ an email.

2. My mum is washing the clothes.
(对画线部分提问)
_____ _____ mum doing?

3. Are you looking at the man in the picture?
(作否定回答)
No, _____ _____.

4. They are playing on the ground.
(对画线部分提问)
_____ _____ _____ _____?

5. I'm coming here with my parents this morning.
(改为一般疑问句)
_____ _____ coming here with _____ parents this morning?

七、阅读短文，判断正(T)误(F)。

I'm Zhao Xu. It's Saturday morning. My family are busy now. Look! My father is making a call. My mother is doing housework. My brother and sister are playing computer games in the living room. Wang Dong is my best friend. We are singing together in the study. We're very happy.

( )1. It's Saturday afternoon.
( )2. Zhao Xu's mother is making a call now.
( )3. Zhao Xu's brother is doing housework with his dad.
( )4. Zhao Xu's brother and sister aren't in the living room.
( )5. Zhao Xu and Wang Dong are doing their homework.

英德典点

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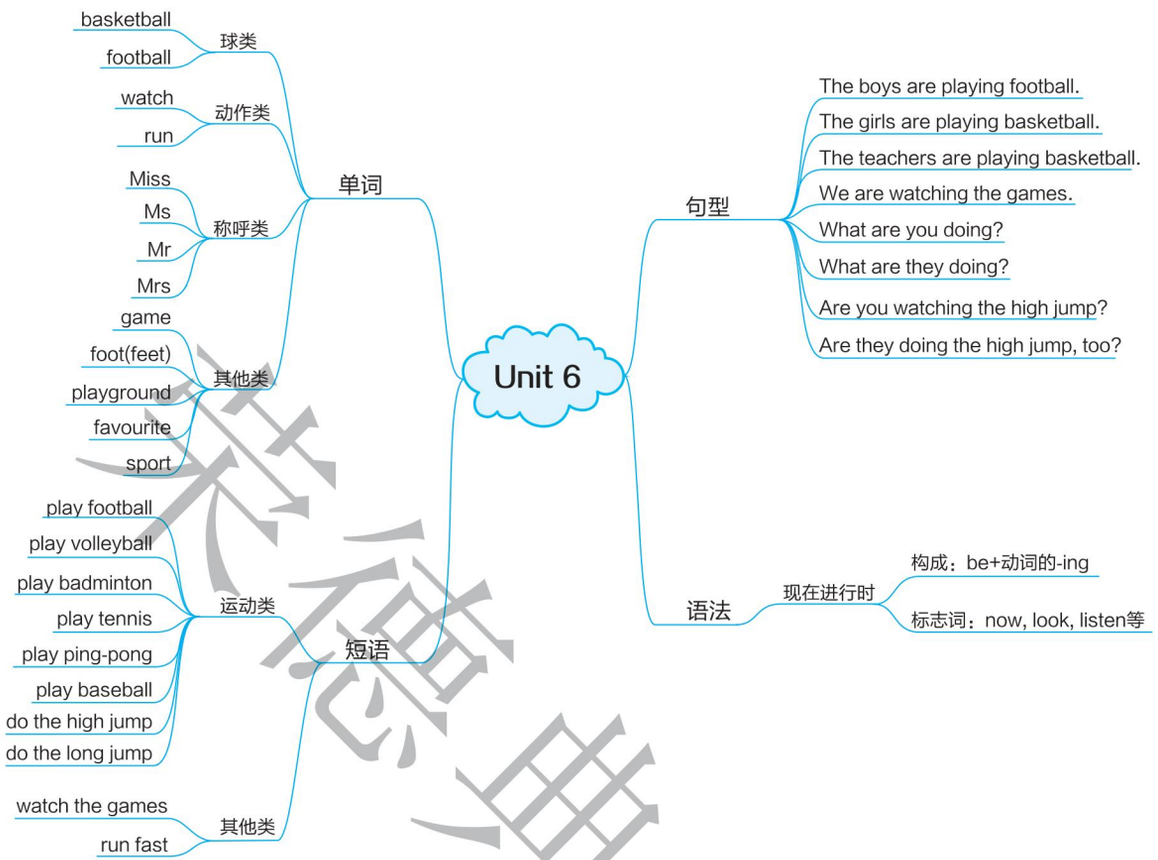
Unit 6 复习训练

知识导图



本单元重难、易错点提醒

1. 现在进行时构成：be + 动词的-ing 形式，标志词有 now，look，listen 等。
2. 进行球类运动“play + 球类名词”。

重难点过关检测 ☞(答案见 115 页)

词汇过关

一、选出不同类的词。

( )1. A. football B. basketball C. tennis D. run

( )2. A. runner B. player C. singer D. dance

( )3. A. watch B. play C. run D. sport

( )4. A. Miss B. music C. Mrs D. Mr

( )5. A. playground B. classroom C. bedroom D. library

二、选择适当的词完成句子。

A. with B. here C. sport D. at E. about

( )1. What are you doing _____?

( )2. Look _____ Mr Zhang and Miss Liu.

( )3. Can I play it _____ you?

( )4. I like playing football. How _____ you?

( )5. My favourite _____ is ping-pong.

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句型语法过关

三、用所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. Look! Zhou Pei and Kate _____ (watch) the games.
2. Can you _____ (play) football well?
3. Look at _____ (that) boys.
4. Let's _____ (go) and watch the games.
5. We are all good _____ (play).

四、单项选择。

( )1. They are running _____ fast.
A. to B. or C. so

( )2. We often play _____ baseball after school.
A. / B. the C. a

( )3. How about _____ the games?
A. watch B. to watch C. watching

( )4. Look! What _____ the students _____ over there?
A. do; do B. are; doing C. are; do

( )5. —Are you watching the long jump now?
—_____
A. Yes, I do. B. Yes, I can.
C. Yes, I am.

综合运用过关

五、按要求完成句子。

1. We're watching the games. (改为一般疑问句)
_____ _____ watching the games?
2. The teachers are playing basketball. (对画线部分提问)
_____ _____ the teachers _____?
3. How about the students? (改为同义句)
_____ _____the students?
4. We are playing ping-pong now. (对画线部分提问)
_____ _____ you _____ now?
5. Are the girls doing the high jump? (作否定回答)
_____, they _____.

六、补全对话。

Li Yan: Hi, Peter! 1. _____
Peter: Nice to meet you, too. 2. _____
Li Yan: OK. Let's go.
Peter: Wow! The students are playing ping-pong.
Li Yan: 3. _____
Peter: What's your favourite sport, Li Yan?
Li Yan: My favourite sport is baseball. 4. _____
Peter: Me, too. Let's play baseball together.
Li Yan: 5. _____

A. Yes. They are playing very well.
B. How about you?
C. OK. Let's go.
D. Nice to meet you.
E. Let's go to the playground.

七、根据首字母提示补全短文。

Hello! I'm Tom. I'm eleven years old. I'm a primary school student. My favourite 1. s_____ is 2. f_____. I have 3. t_____ friends in my class. They are Gao Wei and Yang Ming. They both like sports, 4. t_____. Gao Wei likes playing 5. t_____. And Yang Ming likes playing ping-pong. We often play together after school.

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全书听力专练(一)

☞(答案见115页)

听力训练（一）

一、听录音，选出你所听到的单词或短语。

( )1. A. library B. meeting room C. art club

( )2. A. plane B. boat C. coach

( )3. A. taxi B. trousers C. short pants

( )4. A. very much B. so much C. very well

( )5. A. make B. stand C. quiet

( )6. A. volleyball B. football C. badminton

二、听录音，根据所听内容用A－E给下列图片排序。





( ) ( ) ( )




( ) ( )

三、听录音，根据所听到的对话内容选择正确答案。

( )1. Kate's friend will bring some _____ for her.

A. chocolates B. dragon fruit C. get-well cards

( )2. We should _____ in class.

A. eat B. make noise C. listen carefully

( )3. He wants to buy a _____.

A. motorbike B. toy train C. ship

( )4. Lucy has a _____.

A. toothache B. fever C. bad cold

( )5. Peter's mum is _____.

A. washing the clothes

B. making a call

C. cleaning the room

四、听录音，选择合适的答语。

( )1. A. No, I can't.

B. Yes. I want a toy ship.

C. Yes, she can.

( )2. A. We have three.

B. Yes, we have three English lessons.

C. This way, please.

( )3. A. Thank you very much.

B. Yes, we are. C. Here you are.

( )4. A. It's 65 yuan. B. It's 75 yuan.

C. They're 75 yuan.

( )5. A. We usually draw and paint in our art club.

B. We sing and dance there.

C. We have English lessons in it.

五、听录音，补全短文。

Hello! 1. _____ to our school! Let me 2. _____ you around our school. Look! This is our 3. _____. We often 4. _____ books from it. This way, please. That is our language lab. We often have 5. _____ 6. _____ there.

六、听录音，判断句子正(T)误(F)。

( )1. Lisa is ten years old.

( )2. Lisa is in Class Five, Grade Six.

( )3. Peter likes art best.

( )4. Peter has three lessons a day.

( )5. Peter often draws and paints in the music club.

未经典中环

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全书听力专练(二)

☞(答案见 115 页)

听力训练(二)

一、听录音,判断下列句子与所听内容是(T)否(F)相符。

( )1. How does she feel today?

( )2. Mum is playing computer games.

( )3. The teachers are playing basketball.

( )4. Are they doing the high jump, too?

( )5. You must wait for the green light.

二、听录音,选出与所听内容不相符的选项。

( )1. Look(A) at(B) these(C) boys(D).

( )2. I'm making(A) a call(B) to my(C) grandparents(D).

( )3. How many science(A) lessons(B) do you(C) have on Monday(D)?

( )4. How much(A) is(B) that blue(C) toy plane(D)?

( )5. You must(A) cross the street(B) when the light(C) is red(D).

三、听录音,选出你所听到的句子。

( )1. A. Welcome to our school!
B. Welcome to our library!
C. Welcome to my home!

( )2. A. We have four lessons.
B. How many art lessons do you have in a week?
C. How many English lessons do you have in the language lab?

( )3. A. Listen to the teacher carefully.
B. Listen to your teacher carefully.
C. Listen to our teacher carefully.

( )4. A. Don't be late for class.
B. Don't be late for school.
C. Don't be late for work.

( )5. A. I have a headache.
B. I have a toothache.
C. I have a stomachache.

四、听录音,根据你所听到的对话和问题,选择正确的答案。

( )1. A. He likes playing basketball.
B. His favourite sport is tennis.
C. He likes basketball best.

( )2. A. Blue. B. Red. C. Yellow.

( )3. A. Eighty-five yuan.
B. Ninety-five yuan.
C. Ninety yuan.

( )4. A. Yes, he can. B. No, he can't.
C. He's ill today.

( )5. A. He's cleaning the room.
B. He's writing an email.
C. She's writing an email.

五、听录音,补全短文。

Hello, everyone. Let me show you around our school. That is our 1. _____. Some boys are playing 2. _____. Some girls are doing the 3. _____ jump. How about the teachers? They are playing 4. _____. Look at the girl over there. She's 5. _____. She 6. _____ very fast. 7. _____ is my 8. _____ 9. _____. I also like 10. _____ computer games.

六、听录音,补全表格。

Name	Age	Job	Favourite sport
Gao Wei	1. _____	student	tennis
Li Yan	12	student	2. _____
Mr Zhang	3. _____	maths teacher	football
Miss Liu	35	4. _____	5. _____

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Unit 4 过关检测卷

时间：40 分钟　满分：100 分

	听力（30 分）				笔试（70 分）								总分
题　号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	十二	
得　分													

第一部分　听力（30 分）

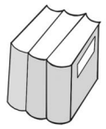
听力测试

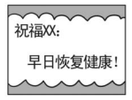
一 听录音，选择与你听到的内容不符的部分。（5 分）

（　　）1. What's / wrong / with / you?
（　　）2. Lily / has / a / bad / fever.
（　　）3. Can / I / go to school / tomorrow?
（　　）4. May / I / speak / to / Miss Liu?
（　　）5. I'm / worried about / my / lessons.

二 听录音，给下列图片排序。（5 分）





（　　）　（　　）　（　　）　（　　）　（　　）

三 听录音，选择正确的答语。（10 分）

（　　）1. A. I'm ill.　B. I feel much better.　C. Thank you.
（　　）2. A. Yes, you should stay in bed.
　　B. No, you can.　C. No, you should take a good rest.
（　　）3. A. Yes, I do.　B. No, I can.　C. Yes, I am.
（　　）4. A. Stay in bed.　B. Drink more water.　C. Go to the zoo.
（　　）5. A. Thank you.　B. You're welcome.　C. OK.

四 听短文填空。（10 分）

Jimmy has a 1. _____ cold. He can't go to school. His classmates come to see him. They 2. _____him a lot of things. Peter has some chocolates for him. Lisa has a 3. _____ card for him. But he's worried about his lessons. His friends say they will help him 4. _____ his lessons. He 5. _____very happy.

第二部分　笔试（70 分）

五 将下列图片与相应的短语连线。（5 分）

1. 
2. 
3. 

4. 
5. 

A. have a fever　B. have a cough　C. have a cold　D. have a headache　E. have a stomachache

六 根据首字母提示完成句子。（5 分）

1. My d_____ friend has a cold today.
2. Here is a g_____ card for you!
3. You don't look well. What's w_____ with you?
4. Look at my f_____. It's red.
5. I have a teddy bear f_____ you.

七 用所给单词的适当形式填空。（10 分）

1. May I _____ （speak）to Miss Zhang, please?
2. Mimi _____ （have）a toothache today.
3. How do you _____ （feel）today?
4. I'm afraid he can't _____ （go）to school today.
5. I will help my mum with _____ （she）housework.

八 单项选择。（10 分）

（　　）1. You should _____ a rest.
　　A. taking　B. takes　C. take
（　　）2. Tom wants to help me _____ my English.
　　A. from　B. with　C. of
（　　）3. This is Peter _____.
　　A. speaking　B. speak　C. speaks
（　　）4. The sick man doesn't feel _____.
　　A. health　B. well　C. badly
（　　）5. What's wrong _____ your hands?
　　A. at　B. of　C. with

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( ) 6. My brother has a toy boat _____ me.
A. at B. for C. off

( ) 7. Many children are _____ outside the doctor's room.
A. waits B. wait C. waiting

( ) 8. Here _____ some dragon fruit for you.
A. is B. am C. are

( ) 9. —How are you _____ today?
—Much better.
A. feel B. feeling C. feels

( ) 10. My grandma will _____ me _____ the hospital.
A. taking; in B. take; in C. take; to

九 按要求完成句子。(10 分)

1. What's your name? (改为同义句)
_____ I _____ your name?

2. I'll help you with your homework. (改为否定句)
I _____ _____ you with your homework.

3. The Green Hospital is over there. (对画线部分提问)
_____ _____ the Green Hospital?

4. —Can you go to school with me? (作否定回答)
—_____, I _____.

5. you, will, get, soon, well, hope, I (.) (连词成句)
_____

十 看图补全对话。(10 分)



1. —How are you feeling today?
—I _____ _____ better.



2. —What's wrong with the boy?
—He _____ a _____.



3. —Can you go swimming with me?
—I have a stomachache. I'm _____ I _____ go with you.

4. —Do you have a bad cold, dear?
—_____, I have a _____ cold.



5. —I have a fever. What should I do?
—Don't _____. You should take a good _____.



十一 选出正确的应答语。(10 分)

( ) 1. How do you feel today?
( ) 2. What's wrong with John?
( ) 3. Here's a toy bear for you.
( ) 4. Does she have a fever?
( ) 5. Can you help me with my Chinese?

A. Sorry, I can't.
B. Thank you.
C. I feel much better.
D. Yes, she does.
E. He has a toothache.

十二 阅读短文,完成下列各题。(10 分)

(建议用时: 6 分钟)

Kate is ill. She has a bad cold. She can't go to school today. She's worried about her lessons. She has to stay in bed and take some medicine. She has to take a good rest and drink more water. Her classmates want to see her. Now they are in a shop. They want to buy something for her. Peter takes the apples. They're 10 yuan. Bob takes the bananas. They're 5 yuan. Li Yan takes the flowers. They're 10 yuan. Gao Wei takes a teddy bear. It's 12 yuan. After that, they come to Kate's home. They bring a lot of fruit, some flowers and a teddy bear. They want to help her with her lessons. Gao Wei will help her with her maths. Bob will help her with her science. Li Yan will help her with her Chinese. Kate feels very happy.

A. 判断句子正 (T) 误 (F)。
( ) 1. Kate can go to school today.
( ) 2. Kate's classmates buy her something in a shop.
( ) 3. Kate feels very sad.

B. 选择正确答案。
( ) 4. Kate has to stay in bed and _____.
A. take some medicine B. take a good rest and drink more water
C. Both A and B.

( ) 5. How much are the fruit and the teddy bear?
A. They're 15 yuan. B. They're 27 yuan. C. They're 37 yuan.

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Unit 5 过关检测卷

时间：40 分钟　满分：100 分

	听力（30 分）			笔试（70 分）								总分
题　号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	
得　分												

第一部分　听力（30 分）

听力测试

一 听录音，完成短文。（10 分）

This is our classroom. Now we're not having 1. _____. Gao Wei is telling a 2. _____. His friend Peter is listening to him. May is 3. _____ a song. Li Yan is writing an 4. _____. Two students are looking at the 5. _____. Guess! What is Cathy doing?

二 听录音，选出你所听到问句的正确答语。（10 分）

（　　）1. A. Yes, I do.　　B. No, I'm not.　　C. No, she isn't.

（　　）2. A. She's telling a story.　　B. I'm singing.　　C. He's making a call.

（　　）3. A. I have a fever.　　B. Thanks.　　C. Yes, I am.

（　　）4. A. Yes. Hold on, please.　　B. I'm not Lisa.　　C. No, I can't.

（　　）5. A. I'm watching TV.　　B. He's watching TV.　　C. They're watching TV.

三 听录音，在相应的位置画“√”。（10 分）

					
Lily					
Father					
Mother					
Tom					
Lucy					

第二部分　笔试（70 分）

四 根据首字母提示完成句子。（5 分）

1. Look! Peter is w_____ a funny hat.
2. They are talking a_____ the picture over there.
3. My classmate is s_____ a very famous English song.
4. Do you like c_____ the room on weekends?
5. She is l_____ at the moon.

五 用所给单词的适当形式填空。（5 分）

1. Lisa will go _____ (shop) with her parents this Friday.
2. Let's _____ (talk) about our math lessons.
3. —Is he _____ (sit) on the sofa?　— No, he _____ (is).
4. I want _____ (wash) the clothes.

六 单项选择。（10 分）

（　　）1. Look _____ those flowers. They are so nice!
A. to　　B. at　　C. in

（　　）2. It's Saturday morning. Lily _____ her grandpa at home.
A. call　　B. is calling　　C. called

（　　）3. I'll go to see my grandparents _____ my dad this morning.
A. and　　B. with　　C. for

（　　）4. Our English teacher is _____ a cake _____.
A. make; to I　　B. making; for I　　C. making; for me

（　　）5. _____ beautiful bird it is!
A. How　　B. What　　C. What a

（　　）6. Don't worry _____ your lessons.
A. on　　B. about　　C. for

（　　）7. It's hot today. Some children _____ in the river.
A. swims　　B. swimming　　C. are swimming

（　　）8. I don't think _____.
A. to　　B. too　　C. so

（　　）9. She is telling a story _____ her cute pet.
A. at　　B. with　　C. about

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(　　) 10. Lily is going to watch TV _____ afternoon.

A. at this　　B. this　　C. /

七 给下列句子选择合适的应答语。(10 分)

(　　) 1. Are you washing the clothes?
(　　) 2. What are they doing?
(　　) 3. Look at Mr Liu over there!
(　　) 4. Let's go and play the guitar.
(　　) 5. What's your favourite sport, Peter?

A. OK. Let's go.
B. My favourite sport is baseball.
C. Yes, we are.
D. Oh, he is looking at the picture.
E. They're watching the talent show.

八 按要求完成句子。(10 分)

1. —What's Li Yan doing? (用 make a call 回答)
—_____ _____ a call.
2. Kate is telling a story to her classmates. (对画线部分提问)
_____ _____ Kate _____?
3. Are you looking at this picture? (作肯定回答)
Yes, _____ _____.
4. I'm going to visit my grandpa with my parents this Saturday. (改为一般疑问句)
_____ _____ going to visit _____ grandpa with your parents this Saturday?

九 选择合适的句子，补全对话。(其中有一项是多余的)(10 分)

A. What are the girls doing?
B. Are they looking at the moon?
C. No, I'm not.
D. What are you doing?
E. They are singing and dancing on the grass.
F. Yes, he is looking at it carefully.

Betty: Look at this picture. There are five people in the picture.
Peter: Yes. Look! 1. _____
Betty: Yes, they are.
Peter: 2. _____ Are they looking at the moon, too?
Betty: No, they aren't. 3. _____
Peter: Is this little boy looking at the moon?
Betty: 4. _____ Maybe he wants to be an astronaut (宇航员).
Peter: That's great. 5. _____
Betty: I'm talking about this picture with you!

十 看图片，完成句子或对话。(10 分)



1. —What are they _____?
—They're _____ pictures.



2. —Is he singing?
—_____. He's _____ a _____.



3. The boy is writing _____ _____ on the computer.



4. —_____ your sister _____ the clothes?
—Yes, she is.

十一 阅读短文，回答问题。(10 分)

(建议用时：6 分钟)

The Whites are at home. Mr White is sitting on a chair. He isn't looking at the flowers. He's reading a book. Mrs White is washing the clothes. She's busy. Tom and Dick are cleaning the motorbike. They like it very much. Jane and Mary are in Jane's bedroom. They are listening to music. Jane's grandpa and grandma will come to Jane's house. They will have a party this evening.

1. Where is Mr White?
_____
2. What is Mrs White doing?
_____
3. Are Tom and Dick cleaning the motorbike?
_____
4. Who will come to Jane's house?
_____
5. What will they do this evening?
_____

密 封 线

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姓名 学号 班级 学校 密 封 线

Unit 6 过关检测卷

时间：40 分钟　满分：100 分

	听力（30 分）				笔试（70 分）							总分
题　号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	
得　分												

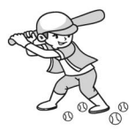
第一部分　听力（30 分）

听力测试

一　听录音，给下列图片排序。（5 分）


（　　）


（　　）


（　　）


（　　）


（　　）

二　听录音，选答语。（5 分）

（　　）1. A. No. You're wrong.　　B. That's right.　　C. OK. Let's go.

（　　）2. A. They're playing volleyball.　　B. We're watching the games.
C. He's standing there.

（　　）3. A. Yes, he is.　　B. No, they aren't.　　C. Yes, we are.

（　　）4. A. Certainly.　　B. I'm playing ping-pong.
C. No, I'm not.

（　　）5. A. Yes, they're playing tennis.　　B. No, they're playing tennis.
C. They're playing tennis.

三　听录音，根据短文内容在相应的空格内画“√”。（10 分）

	play basketball	play football	play baseball	play badminton	play ping-pong
Bob					
Bill					
Peter					
Kate					
Li Yan					

四　听录音，补全短文。（10 分）

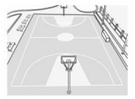
Look at the picture of our class. We all like 1. _____ very much. Some of the boys are playing 2. _____. Some of the boys are playing 3. _____. We also play other 4. _____. 5. _____ Wang is our PE teacher. He teaches us a lot. We have a happy class.

第二部分　笔试（70 分）

五　根据图片，补全下列短语。（10 分）

1. 
_____fast

2. 
_____the games

3. 
on the _____

4. 
play _____

5. 
play _____

六　用所给单词的适当形式填空。（10 分）

1. Look! The animals _____ (run).
2. Look at _____ (that) girls. They are doing the high jump.
3. It's 12 o'clock. We're _____ (have) lunch.
4. They're all good _____ (run).
5. We are _____ (watch) the games now.

七　根据首字母提示，补全句子。（5 分）

1. My f_____ sport is basketball.
2. What are you d_____?
3. The boys are watching the games over t_____.
4. Wow! Peter is running so f_____.
5. The giraffe is a_____ doing the high jump.

八　单项选择。（10 分）

（　　）1. Look _____ those boys over there!
A. at　　B. out　　C. for

（　　）2. —Do you often play badminton?　—Yes, _____.
A. I am　　B. we are　　C. we do

（　　）3. Can I play ping-pong _____ you?
A. and　　B. for　　C. with

（　　）4. _____ baseball is good for our health.
A. Playing　　B. Play　　C. Plays

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( ) 5. —_____ we play tennis together? —Certainly.
A. Should B. Must C. Can

( ) 6. —_____ they doing the high jump, too?
—No, they _____.
A. Are; are B. Are; aren't C. Do; don't

( ) 7. —_____ —We are playing ping-pong.
A. What do you do? B. What are you doing? C. What are you?

( ) 8. —How about _____ the long jump, Linda? —Great!
A. do B. does C. doing

( ) 9. Wow! The students can speak English very _____.
A. well B. good C. much

( ) 10. —The students are going on a sports meet. —_____
A. Yes, you're wrong. B. Yes, you're right. C. No, you're right.

九 按要求完成句子。(10 分)

1. The students often play volleyball. (用 now 改写句子)
The students _____ _____ volleyball now.
2. The boys are watching the games. (改为一般疑问句)
_____ the boys _____ the games?
3. The teachers are playing basketball. (对画线部分提问)
_____ are the teachers _____?
4. Are the girls doing the high jump? (作肯定回答)
_____, they _____.
5. How about the animals? (改为同义句)
_____ _____ the animals?

十 选择合适的句子，补全对话。(10 分)

A: Hello, Gao Wei. 1. _____
B: OK. Let's go!
A: Look at the boys! 2. _____
B: They are playing basketball.
A: 3. _____
B: They are playing volleyball.
A: Look! Are the teachers running?
B: 4. _____
A: 5. _____

A. Wow! They're running so fast.
B. How about these girls?
C. What are they doing?
D. Let's go and watch the games on the playground.
E. Yes, they are.

十一 阅读理解。(15 分)

(建议用时：8 分钟)

Hello! My name is David. I have a big family. Now we are in China. My family all like sports very much. Today is Sunday. It's a fine day. We're having a family sports meet in the park. Look! My grandfather and grandmother are playing ping-pong. They're old but they look very young. They're playing well. My father and mother are playing badminton. They're both good players. My brother, my sister and I are running now. Who will win? Can you guess? Ha-Ha! It's me. How happy we are!

(一) 根据短文内容及首字母提示补全下列句子。(5 分)

1. David has a big family. Now they are in C_____.
2. David's family all like s_____.
3. It's S_____ today. It's fun.
4. They are h_____ a family sports meet.
5. David's grandparents are old but they look very y_____.

(二) 根据短文内容选择正确选项。(10 分)

( ) 1. David's family are having a family sports meet _____.
A. at the zoo B. in the park C. on the street

( ) 2. His grandparents are _____.
A. playing badminton B. playing volleyball C. playing ping-pong

( ) 3. David's father and mother are good _____ players.
A. football B. basketball C. badminton

( ) 4. How many people are there in David's family?
A. Five. B. Six. C. Seven.

( ) 5. David _____ with his brother and sister.
A. is running B. are running C. is jumping

密 封 线

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期末检测卷

时间：60 分钟　满分：100 分

	听力（30 分）				笔试（70 分）								总分
题　号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	十二	
得　分													

第一部分　听力（30 分）

听力测试

一　听句子，选择你所听到的单词。（5 分）

（　　）1. A. what　　B. want　　C. watch

（　　）2. A. bad　　B. bed　　C. better

（　　）3. A. all　　B. small　　C. tall

（　　）4. A. Miss　　B. Mrs　　C. Ms

（　　）5. A. worry　　B. wrong　　C. right

二　听对话，判断图片与你所听到的内容是（T）否（F）相符。（10 分）

1. 　（　　）

2. 　（　　）

3. 　（　　）

4. 　（　　）

5. 　（　　）

三　听问句，选答句。（10 分）

（　　）1. A. Yes, it is.　　B. I have a fever.　　C. Yes, I am.

（　　）2. A. Yes, they are.　　B. They are singing.　　C. They're grapes.

（　　）3. A. It's ten yuan.　　B. We have one.　　C. He's twelve.

（　　）4. A. No, we don't.　　B. Yes, we are.　　C. We often have meetings.

（　　）5. A. She is dancing.　　B. She's telling a story.　　C. Yes, she is.

四　听短文，判断正（T）误（F）。（5 分）

（　　）1. Peter will go to the zoo.

（　　）2. Peter wants a hat.

（　　）3. The yellow hat is too big for Peter.

（　　）4. He buys the blue hat.

（　　）5. The hat is sixty-five yuan.

第二部分　笔试（70 分）

五　根据首字母提示写单词，完成句子。（5 分）

1. The students w_____ the visitors.

2. My dad is w_____ an email on the computer now.

3. My f_____ sport is playing ping-pong.

4. Look! Miss Zhang and Mr Liu are s_____ on the sofa.

5. Some boys are doing the high jump on the p_____.

六　单项选择。（10 分）

（　　）1. We often borrow books _____ the library.

A. of　　B. on　　C. from

（　　）2. _____ beautiful flowers!

A. How　　B. What　　C. What a

（　　）3. You are ill. You should take some _____.

A. medicine　　B. a medicine　　C. medicine's

（　　）4. Can I play tennis _____ you?

A. to　　B. with　　C. in

（　　）5. Let's go shopping _____ this afternoon.

A. /　　B. in　　C. on

（　　）6. We often _____ here.

A. sing and dance　　B. singing and dancing　　C. sings and dances

（　　）7. The sports shoes are _____ small _____ me.

A. to; for　　B. too; for　　C. to; to

（　　）8. We should keep our room _____.

A. to clean　　B. cleaning　　C. clean

（　　）9. —_____ you like art?　—No, I _____.

A. Do; don't　　B. Are; am not　　C. Would; can't

（　　）10. Don't play _____ guitar! Let's play _____ volleyball together.

A. the; /　　B. /; the　　C. the; the

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七 用所给单词的适当形式填空。(5 分)

1. I want _____ (buy) a motorbike.
2. Gao Wei is _____ (worry) about this lesson.
3. Look! That girl _____ (run).
4. You should _____ (go) home early.
5. Ask questions _____ (active).

八 给下列句子选择正确的答语。(10 分)

( ) 1. What are they doing?
( ) 2. Do you like art?
( ) 3. How are you feeling today?
( ) 4. Are you looking at the picture?
( ) 5. What can I do for you?

A. Yes, we are.
B. They're doing the high jump.
C. I want a pair of short pants.
D. I feel much better.
E. No. I like music.

九 按要求改写句子。(10 分)

1. We often draw pictures in our art club. (改为一般疑问句)
_____ _____ often draw pictures in your art club?
2. The toy car is sixty yuan. (对画线部分提问)
_____ _____ is the toy car?
3. Li Yan is singing a song. (对画线部分提问)
_____ is Li Yan _____?
4. Are Peter and Kate looking at the picture? (作否定回答)
No, _____ _____.
5. Be late for school. (改为否定句)
_____ _____ late for school.

十 选择句子补全对话,并将选项写在横线上。(12 分)

Kate: 1
Miss Liu: This is Miss Liu speaking.
Kate: Good morning, Miss Liu. 2 I'm not feeling well today. I have a headache.
Miss Liu: Oh dear! 3
Kate: Yes, I have a bad cold. 4
Miss Liu: 5 You should go and see a doctor.
Kate: Yes. My mum will take me to the doctor.
Miss Liu: OK. 6
Kate: Thank you.

A. Do you have a cold?
B. Take good care of yourself.
C. I'm afraid I can't go to school today.
D. This is Kate.
E. May I speak to Miss Liu, please?
F. Don't worry about your lessons.

十一 阅读短文,完成任务。(10 分) (建议用时: 6 分钟)

Today is Sunday. It's a nice day. Mr Black and his family are in the park. There are four people in his family. They are Mr Black, Mrs Black, Mary and Tom. Mr Black and Mrs Black are walking on the bridge (桥) now! There are some boats on the river. They are looking at them. Mary is not looking at the boats. She is flying a kite. Tom is playing with a Frisbee. They have a good time.

(一) 根据短文完成句子。
1. There are _____ people in Mr Black's family.
2. There are _____ _____ on the river.

(二) 判断正 (T) 误 (F)。
( ) 3. Today is Saturday.
( ) 4. Mr Black, Mrs Black and their children are all on the bridge.
( ) 5. They're all very happy.

十二 根据首字母提示,补全单词完成短文。(8 分)

My name 1. i_____ Jim. I'm in Class Two, 2. G_____ Five. Now let me tell you something about my 3. f_____. My father is a doctor. He is 4. w_____ an email on the computer. My mother is a teacher. She is 5. c_____ the room. My sister is 6. m_____ a call. My little brother and I are 7. w_____ the games. We are 8. a_____ very busy today.

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参考答案及点拨

五年级 英语 下 R-精通版

检测卷部分

Unit 1 过关检测卷

听力材料：
一、1. also 2. borrow 3. lesson 4. we 5. science
二、1. Mary often plays the piano in the music club.
2. Gao Wei likes painting pictures in the art club.
3. We often have science lessons in the science lab.
4. They have meetings in the meeting room.
5. We often have English lessons in the language lab.
三、1. What do you do in your English lessons?
2. Where do you read books?
3. Do you often draw and paint here?
4. How many art lessons do you have in a week?
5. Is this your library?
四、Hello, everyone! I'm Billy. Look! This is our music room. It's big and clean. On Monday and Thursday we have music lessons here. In class, we sing and dance. Our teacher Miss Li is very beautiful. Her lessons are very interesting. We all like music lessons very much.

答案：
一、1. A 2. B 3. C 4. A 5. B
二、2 3 4 1 5
三、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. A
四、1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T
五、1. books 点拨：how many 后面加可数名词复数。
2. me 点拨：for 是介词，后面用人称代词宾格。
3. pictures 4. go
5. well 点拨：very well 非常好。
六、1. B 点拨：说某种语言用动词 speak。
2. C 点拨：对可数名词的数量进行提问用“how many”。
3. B 点拨：今天下午为 this afternoon。
4. C 5. A 点拨：西洋乐器类名词与 play 搭配时其前用定冠词“the”。
七、1. C 2. B 3. E 4. A 5. D
八、1. B 2. C 3. C 4. A 5. B
九、1. How many; do 2. No; don't 3. don't often; or
4. has many 5. Can the girl make a cake?
十、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. C
十一、1. America 2. Chinese 3. Sunday morning
4. monkeys; pandas 5. boy

Unit 2 过关检测卷

听力材料：
一、1. I like the red toy train.
2. It's Peter's toy boat.
3. I want a pair of trousers.
4. The T-shirt is too small for me.
5. My mother buys a new toy plane for me.
二、1. Mum, can I have a car?
2. How much are they?
3. Can I try it on?
4. How about this one?
5. Can I help you?
三、1. Would you show me that pair of trousers?
2. I want to buy a coat.
3. Which one do you like?
4. It's good. But I don't like the colour.
5. Sure. Here you are.
四、Peter's mother wants to buy a pair of short pants for Peter. She comes to a clothes shop in the afternoon. She sees many short pants there. Blue is Peter's favourite colour. So she buys a blue pair for him. There are also many other clothes in the shop. The T-shirts and the sports shoes are also very good. So she buys a red T-shirt and a pair of black shoes, too. The T-shirt is fifty yuan, and the shoes are ninety yuan. Peter likes them very much.

答案：
一、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. F 5. T
二、1. A 2. A 3. B 4. A 5. A
三、3 1 4 2 5
四、1. F 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T
五、1. toys 2. coat 3. toy boat 4. taxi 5. bus
六、1. A
2. C 点拨：too big for me 对我来说太大了。
3. A 点拨：try on 意为试穿，试穿的衣物如用代词表示，代词要放在 try on 中间，用宾格形式。本题中主语 This coat 为单数，故选择 A。
4. A 点拨：句意为“你喜欢哪一个？”主语是 you，所以用助动词 do。
5. C 点拨：句意为“我想要一个玩具轮船”。
6. A 点拨：show 为动词，动词之后要用人称代词的宾格形式。
7. A
8. B 点拨：句意为“这一双怎么样？”
9. C 点拨：本题中主语为 these，故 be 动词用 are。
10. B
七、1. it 点拨：try 为动词，动词后面要用人称代词的宾格形式，it 的宾格为 it。
2. doesn't look 点拨：主语 It 为单三形式，括号中 not 表示否定，单三的否定句形式用 doesn't look。
3. to buy 点拨：want 后面加 to + 动词原形，所以为 to buy。
4. is 点拨：How much 后面的 be 动词由句子的主语决定，本题中主语 the motorbike 为单数，故 be 动词用 is。
5. help 点拨：can 后面加动词原形，故用 help。
八、1. C 2. E 3. B 4. D 5. A
九、1. can; do for 2. How much 3. toy planes 4. Do; like
5. can't speak
十、1. help 2. pants 3. colour 4. How 5. pair
6. try 7. on 8. big 9. much 10. take
十一、(一)1. B 2. B 3. B
(二)4. F 5. F

Unit 3 过关检测卷

听力材料：
一、1. think 2. quiet 3. homework 4. ask 5. litter
二、1. Peter wakes up late, so he is late for school.
2. As a good child, I shouldn't spit on the grass.
3. Tom, you speak too loudly. Please don't make noise in the library.
4. Jack often goes home late. His parents are very worried about him.
5. Micky puts his sign near the street to tell people, “No littering!”
三、1. Kate, your room is so dirty. Please do housework and keep it clean.
2. What must you do in public places?
3. What must you do when the light is red?
4. Do you often go home late?
5. Does your mother do housework at home?
四、Nancy is a good student at school. She is also a good girl at home. She never makes a mess in her room. She often helps her mother to do the housework. But her brother Jim isn't a good boy at home. He often watches TV in the evening. He reads in bed and goes to bed very late. And he always makes a mess in his room. What should we tell him? We should say to him, “Don't make a mess in your room. You should keep it clean.”

答案：
一、1. A 2. B 3. C 4. A 5. C
二、1. A 2. A 3. B 4. A 5. B
三、1. C 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. A
四、1. F 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. F
五、1. D 2. E 3. A 4. B 5. C
六、1. C 点拨：句意为“你能帮助我打扫房间吗？”help 为动词，后跟人称代词要用其宾格形式。
2. B 点拨：句意为“当交通灯是红色的时候，大家都不能穿过马路”。故选择 mustn't。
3. B 点拨：keep your room clean 保持你的房间整洁。
4. A 点拨：watch TV 通常是家庭活动。
5. A 点拨：read in bed 在床上看书；go to bed late 睡觉晚。
6. A 点拨：本题的时态为现在进行时，因此谓语动词应用 be doing 形式。
7. B 点拨：play on the street 在街道上玩耍。
8. B 点拨：本题要求选出好学生不应该做的事情，故选择 pick the flowers 摘花。
9. C 点拨：根据句意，可知此处应用复数形式。
10. B 点拨：句意为“王涛看电视太多。他不戴眼镜看不清东西”。题目为一般现在时，Wang Tao 是第三人称单数，动词 watch 用单三形式 watches。
七、1. Don't be 点拨：此题为祈使句，祈使句的否定形式为 Don't + 动词原形。。句子开头单词首字母要大写，故填写 Don't be。
2. (to) do 点拨：help sb. (to) do sth. 帮助某人做某事。
3. throws 点拨：本题为一般现在时，He 是第三人称单数，动词 throw 用单三形式 throws。
4. people
5. child 点拨：由“A”可知是一个儿童，因此此处用单数形式，children 的单数是 child。
八、1. isn't a 点拨：is 为 be 动词，be 动词的否定形式为 be 动词加 not。因第二个空需要填写 a，因此 is not 用缩写形式 isn't。
2. Does; any
3. late for 点拨：原句句意为“我们来学校晚了。”可以用短语 be late for 来改写同义句。
4. How does 点拨：very well 用副词 how 提问。
5. Don't make 点拨：shouldn't 为否定形式。改为祈使句后也需要用祈使句的否定形式 Don't do sth.。
九、1. E 2. D 3. B 4. C 5. A
十、1. has 点拨：本文为一般现在时，Every school 是第三人称单数，用 has。
2. rules 点拨：how many 后加可数名词复数。
3. must 4. don't 5. clothes 6. mustn't 7. uniforms
8. are 点拨：主语 students 为复数，因此 be 动词也要用复数。
9. obey 10. like
十一、(一)1. T 2. F (二)3. B 4. B
5. C 点拨：由“If you come to my home, you should put on slippers(拖鞋).”可知。

期中检测卷

听力材料：
一、1. My mum will take me to the doctor.
2. You must wait for the green light.
3. Do you like music?
4. We often draw in the art club.
5. Thank you very much.
二、1. Li Yan often draws pictures on Mondays.
2. You should take good care of the young child.
3. Amy, don't read in bed.
4. I like playing the piano very much.
5. We often have meetings in the meeting room.
6. Don't pick flowers.
三、1. How much is this coat?
2. How old are you?
3. How many art lessons do you have in a week?
4. Can you sing and dance for me?
5. Where do you often sing and dance?
四、Hello! My name is Harry. I study in No. 2 Primary School. I have six subjects. I like music best. Today is Saturday. I don't go to school. I go shopping with my parents in the morning. I want to buy a new bike. My parents want to buy some beef and chicken for my grandma. My new bike is four hundred yuan and the food is ninety yuan. We go to the park in the afternoon. A man puts up a sign on the grass. It says, “Keep off the grass!” We mustn't litter, spit on the ground or pick the flowers in the park, either.

答案：
一、1. A 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. C
二、4 5 1 6 2 3
三、1. A 2. C 3. C 4. C 5. B
四、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T
五、1. library 2. taxi 3. short pants 4. plane 5. train
6. bike
六、1. A 点拨：show...around “带……参观”，故选择 A。
2. A 点拨：this morning“今天上午”，故选择 A。
3. B 点拨：art club“美术俱乐部”，句意为“我们经常在我们的美术俱乐部里画画”。故选 B。
4. A 点拨：keep off the grass “不要进入草地”，故选择 A。
5. C
6. A 点拨：too“非常”，修饰形容词；for“对于”，故选择 A。
7. B
8. C 点拨：listen 和 talk 为动词，修饰动词用副词 carefully 和 actively，故选择 C。
9. C 点拨：keep...clean“保持……干净”，故选择 C。
10. C 点拨：第三人称单数作主语时，动词用第三人称单数形式，故选择 C。
七、1. well 2. us 3. them
4. watches; goes 点拨：Lisa 为第三人称单数，作主语时动词用第三人称单数形式。
5. wait 点拨：must 后加动词原形。
八、1. B 2. D 3. E 4. F 5. C 6. A
九、1. Do; borrow
2. How much 点拨：sixty-five yuan 是价格，对价格提问用 How much。
3. can; do 4. doesn't make
5. Don't make 点拨：祈使句变否定句，句子开头加 Don't，再加动词原形。
6. many; lessons
十、1. F 点拨：推断题，本题由短文中“Mr Green is a teacher in Australia. He comes to Wang Fang's school.”可推断出王芳的学校不在澳大利亚。
2. T
3. T 点拨：本题由短文中“Do your students have Chinese lessons? Can they speak Chinese well?”及下文的肯定回答可知。
4. F 点拨：本题由短文中“What are the rules? Would you please show us?”可知。
5. T 点拨：本题由短文中“Hand in your homework on time.”可知。
十一、1. teaches 2. tall 3. black 4. speaks 5. well
6. like/love 7. to 8. same 9. with 10. calls

Unit 4 过关检测卷

听力材料：
一、1. What's wrong with him?
2. Lily has a bad cold.
3. Can she go to school tomorrow?
4. May I speak to Mr Liu?
5. My mother's worried about my lessons.
二、1. Her friends bring her a lot of things.
2. I'll help you with your lessons.
3. John has a bad fever.
4. Here is a get-well card for you.
5. I like chocolates very much.
三、1. How are you feeling today?
2. Can I go to school tomorrow?
3. Are you ill?
4. Peter has a bad cold. What shouldn't he do?
5. Here is a get-well card for you.
四、Jimmy has a bad cold. He can't go to school. His classmates come to see him. They bring him a lot of things. Peter has some chocolates for him. Lisa has a get-well card for him. But he's worried about his lessons. His friends say they will help him with his lessons. He feels very happy.

答案：
一、1. C 2. C 3. A 4. C 5. A
二、3 1 2 5 4
三、1. B 2. C 3. C 4. C 5. A
四、1. bad 2. bring 3. get-well 4. with 5. feels

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五、1—A　2—D　3—B　4—E　5—C
六、1. dear　2. get-well　3. wrong　4. face　5. for
七、1. speak
2. has　**点拨**：Mimi 为主语并且是第三人称单数，本句是一般现在时，所以谓语动词 have 要变成 has。
3. feel　**点拨**：本句中有助动词 do，所以用动词原形 feel。
4. go　5. her
八、1. C　**点拨**：should 为情态动词，后面要用动词原形，故答案为 C。
2. B　**点拨**：help sb. with sth. 意为“在某方面帮助某人”。
3. A
4. B　**点拨**：feel well “感觉好”。
5. C　6. B　7. C
8. A　**点拨**：dragon fruit 是不可数名词，所以用 be 动词 is，故选 A。
9. B　10. C
九、1. May; have　2. won't help　3. Where is　4. No; can't
5. I hope you will get well soon.
十、1. feel much　2. has; headache　3. afraid; can't
4. Yes; bad　5. worry; rest
十一、1. C　2. E　3. B　4. D　5. A
十二、A. 1. F　2. T　3. F
B. 4. C　5. B

Unit 5　过关检测卷

听力材料：
一、This is our classroom. Now we're not having lessons. Gao Wei is telling a story. His friend Peter is listening to him. May is singing a song. Li Yan is writing an email. Two students are looking at the picture. Guess! What is Cathy doing?
二、1. Are you looking at the picture?
2. What's he doing?
3. What's wrong with you?
4. Can I speak to Lily, please?
5. What are they doing?
三、Good morning, my name is Lily. I'm eleven. It's Saturday morning. My family are all very busy. Look! My dad is making a call in the living room. My mother is washing the clothes. That is my brother Tom. He's in the bedroom. What is he doing? Oh, he's writing an email to his best friend. I'm cleaning my room now. Who's that girl? She's Lucy. She's telling a story to her little sister. Oh, what a busy day!

答案：
一、1. lessons　2. story　3. singing　4. email　5. picture
二、1. B　2. C　3. A　4. A　5. C
三、

					
Lily			√		
Father		√			
Mother				√	
Tom	√				
Lucy					√

四、1. wearing　2. about　3. singing　4. cleaning　5. looking
五、1. shopping　**点拨**：去购物“go shopping”。
2. talk　**点拨**：let's 后跟动词原形。
3. sitting; isn't　**点拨**：be 动词加动词的-ing 形式，表示“正在……”，sit 变-ing 形式时要双写末尾的 t 再加-ing。作否定回答，be 动词 is 后加 not，为 isn't。
4. to wash　**点拨**：want to do sth. “想做某事”。
六、1. B　**点拨**：look at... “看……”。
2. B　**点拨**：“be 动词加动词-ing 形式”表示正在干某事。
3. B　**点拨**：with 表示“和……一起”。
4. C　**点拨**：is making 表示“正在制作……”，介词 for 后面要用宾格。
5. C　**点拨**：感叹句句型为“What + a/an + 形容词 + 名词 + it is!”。
6. B　**点拨**：worry about ... “担心……”。
7. C　**点拨**：are swimming “正在游泳”，swim 要注意双写末尾的 m 再加-ing。
8. C　**点拨**：I don't think so. “我不这样认为”。
9. C　**点拨**：about... “关于……”。
10. B
七、1. C　2. E　3. D　4. A　5. B
八、1. She's making　**点拨**：要注意把 She is 缩写。
2. What is; doing　3. I am
4. Are you; your　**点拨**：变一般疑问句将 be 动词提前，将原句的 I 变成 you，my 变成 your。
九、1. B　2. A　3. E　4. F　5. D
十、1. doing; drawing　**点拨**：图中的小朋友们在画画。
2. No; making; call　**点拨**：图中的男生正在打电话。
3. an email　**点拨**：图中的男生正在写电子邮件。
4. Is; washing
十一、1. He is sitting on a chair.
2. She is washing the clothes.　**点拨**：本题由短文第五句“Mrs White is washing the clothes.”可知。
3. Yes, they are.　**点拨**：本题由短文第七句“Tom and Dick are cleaning the motorbike.”可知。
4. Jane's grandpa and grandma.　**点拨**：本题由短文第十一句“Jane's grandpa and grandma will come to Jane's house.”可知。
5. They will have a party this evening.　**点拨**：本题由短文最后一句“They will have a party this evening.”可知。

Unit 6　过关检测卷

听力材料：
一、1. play baseball　2. do the high jump　3. go swimming
4. do the long jump　5. play badminton
二、1. Let's go and play football.
2. What are you doing now?
3. Are the boys playing basketball?
4. Can I play it with you?
5. What are Mr Black and Mrs Black doing?
三、Hello! I'm Bob. My favourite sport is football. I have four good friends in my class. They are Bill, Peter, Kate and Li Yan. They all like sports very much. Bill likes playing basketball. Peter's favourite sport is ping-pong. Kate likes playing baseball very much. Li Yan is good at playing badminton. How happy we are!
四、Look at the picture of our class. We all like sports very much. Some of the boys are playing basketball. Some of the boys are playing baseball. We also play other games. Mr Wang is our PE teacher. He teaches us a lot. We have a happy class.

答案：
一、2　3　1　5　4
二、1. C　2. B　3. B　4. A　5. C
三、

	play basketball	play football	play baseball	play badminton	play ping-pong
Bob		√			
Bill	√				
Peter					√
Kate			√		
Li Yan				√	

四、1. sports　2. basketball　3. baseball　4. games　5. Mr
五、1. run　2. watch　3. playground　4. basketball
5. volleyball
六、1. are running　**点拨**：由句子开头的 Look 可知，本句应为现在进行时。现在进行时的构成为“be 动词 + 动词的-ing 形式”，故填 are running。
2. those　**点拨**：由 girls 可知此空应为复数，that 要变成 those。
3. having　**点拨**：have 要去 e 再加-ing。
4. runners　**点拨**：此空应填“跑步者”，由 They're 可知应用复数。
5. watching　**点拨**：由 now 可知本句为现在进行时，故填 watching。
七、1. favourite　2. doing　3. there　4. fast　5. also
八、1. A　**点拨**：look at...“看……”。
2. C　3. C　**点拨**：play...with...“和……玩……”。
4. A　5. C　6. B　7. B
8. C　**点拨**：how about 后加动词的-ing 形式。
9. A　10. B
九、1. are playing　2. Are; watching　3. What; doing
4. Yes; are　5. What about
十、1. D　2. C　3. B　4. E　5. A
十一、(一)1. China　2. sports　3. Sunday　4. having
5. young
(二)1. B　2. C　3. C　4. C　5. A

期末检测卷

听力材料：
一、1. I want to buy a bike.
2. You should go to bed early.
3. They are all good runners.
4. What is Miss Liu doing?
5. What's wrong with you?
二、1. —What are the boys doing?
—They are playing baseball.
2. —What do you often do in the art club?
—I often draw and paint here.
3. —Is Peter doing the high jump?
—No, he is doing the long jump.
4. —What's wrong with you?
—I have a fever.
5. —Would you please show me that pair of shoes?
—Sure. Here you are.
三、1. Are you ill today?
2. What are they doing over there?
3. How many science lessons do you have in a week?
4. What do you often do here?
5. Is Miss Qi dancing now?
四、Peter will go on a trip this Saturday. He has no hat and he wants to buy one. So he goes to the shop. There are many kinds of hats in the shop. He likes the blue hat, but it is too big for him. The yellow one is good and he buys it. It is fifty-six yuan.

答案：
一、1. B　2. B　3. A　4. A　5. B
二、1. F　2. T　3. F　4. T　5. F
三、1. C　2. B　3. B　4. C　5. C
四、1. F　2. T　3. F　4. F　5. F
五、1. welcome　2. writing　3. favourite　4. sitting
5. playground
六、1. C　**点拨**：borrow...from “从……借”，故选择 C。
2. B　**点拨**：本题中 beautiful flowers 为名词词组，应用 What 引导感叹句，故选择 B。
3. A
4. B　**点拨**：play...with “和……玩……”，故选择 B。
5. A　**点拨**：this afternoon “今天下午”，故选择 A。
6. A　**点拨**：本题中 We 是主语，动词用原形，故选择 A。
7. B　**点拨**：too“太”，修饰形容词；for“对于”，故选择 B。
8. C　**点拨**：keep...clean “保持……干净”，故选择 C。
9. A
10. A　**点拨**：play the guitar“弹吉他”；play volleyball“打排球”，故选择 A。
七、1. to buy　**点拨**：want to do sth. “想要做某事”。
2. worried　**点拨**：be worried about sb./sth. “担心某人/物”。
3. is running　4. go　**点拨**：should + 动词原形。
5. actively　**点拨**：修饰动词 Ask 用副词 actively。
八、1. B　2. E　3. D　4. A　5. C
九、1. Do you
2. How much　**点拨**：sixty yuan 是价格，询问价格用 How much。
3. What; doing
4. they aren't
5. Don't be　**点拨**：祈使句变否定句，句子开头加 Don't，再加动词原形。
十、1. E　2. D　3. A　4. C　5. F　6. B
十一、(一)1. four　**点拨**：本题由短文中第四句 There are four people in his family. 可知。
2. some boats　**点拨**：本题由短文中第七句 There are some boats on the river. 可知。
(二)3. F　**点拨**：本题由短文中第一句 Today is Sunday. 可知。
4. F　**点拨**：本题由短文中第六句 Mr Black and Mrs Black are walking on the bridge(桥) now! 可知。
5. T　**点拨**：本题由短文中最后一句 They have a good time. 可知。
十二、1. is　2. Grade　3. family　4. writing
5. cleaning　6. making　7. watching　8. all

课时部分

Unit 1　Welcome to our school!

Lesson 1

一、1. Welcome; our　2. meet　3. books; library
4. have a meeting
二、B　C　A
三、1. our　**点拨**：形容词性物主代词修饰名词 city。
2. borrow　**点拨**：will + 动词原形。
3. him　**点拨**：动词后用人称代词宾格。
4. meeting
5. come　**点拨**：do 后的动词用原形。
四、1. B　2. B　3. B　4. A
五、1. T　2. T　3. T　4. F　5. T

Lesson 2

一、1—A　2—D　3—B　4—C
二、1. C　2. A　3. C　4. C　5. B
三、1. to　2. around　3. from　4. in　5. at
四、1. Welcome to our beautiful Tianjin.
2. don't often read
3. I'll show you around our school.
4. Yes, I do.
五、1. D　2. A　3. C　4. E　5. B

Lesson 3

一、1. B　2. F　3. E　4. A　5. D　6. C
二、1. A　2. C　3. C　4. B
三、1. well　2. Chinese lessons　3. have　4. don't have　5. like
四、1. B　2. C　3. D　4. A
五、1. He has six./Six.　2. No, he doesn't.
3. Yes, she does.　4. He has four./Four.

Lesson 4

一、1. A　2. C　3. D　4. B
二、1. all　**点拨**：“三者或三者以上都”，全部，用“all”。
2. very much　3. like　4. How many　5. We have
三、1. How many
2. Do you often
3. We/I have
4. These are our language labs.
四、1. A　2. D　3. C　4. B
五、1. F　2. T　3. F　4. T　5. F
方法点拨：此题用**细节理解法**解答。先阅读短文，然后做题的时候根据题目的关键信息再回到原文中找到原句，仔细对比，确定正误。例如第三小题，原文中原句为“Their science teacher is Mr Jones. He is a kind teacher. He is knowledgeable (知识渊博的).”但是题目是“Mr Jones is a kind and interesting teacher.”与原文不符，故填“F”。

Lesson 5

一、Art club: draw pictures; paint a picture
Music club: play the piano; sing and dance
二、1. C　**点拨**：“为……”用介词 for。
2. A　3. B
4. C　**点拨**：球类名词前不用冠词，乐器类名词前用定冠词“the”。
三、1. D　2. A　3. C　4. B　5. E
四、1. This way, please.

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2. We have four art lessons in a week.
3. Do you like music?
4. Can you sing and dance for us?

五、1. many 2. music 3. sing 4. art 5. also

Lesson 6

一、1. many 2. way; please 3. likes; also
4. music lessons; week

二、1. B 2. D 3. C 4. A
方法点拨:此题用**抓关键信息法**解答。做题之前先看图片,了解图片表达的内容,再根据句子中的关键词确定答案。例如第一张图片为 paint pictures 在 B 中能找到关键词;第二张图片为 music club,第三张图片为 art club,第四张图片为 play the piano。通过观察图片,迅速找到句子当中的关键词,然后进行匹配。

三、1. A many **点拨**:有多少节课用 how many 进行提问。
2. C lessons **点拨**:two 表示两节,所以 lesson 后应加“s”。
3. A draws
4. C dancing **点拨**:首先 like + 动词的-ing 形式,又因为 and 连接两个并列成分,应用 dancing。

四、1. They have six. **点拨**:how many 为“多少”。
2. Yes, they do. **点拨**:根据表格可知早上有“English”。
3. In the art club. **点拨**:Where 意为“在哪里”,对地点进行提问。
4. Maths and Class Meeting.

五、(答案不唯一)
1. I often go to the library on weekends.
I can borrow books from it. I can read books in it, too.
2. I often have English lessons on Sundays.
In the English lesson, I play English games.
3. I often have music lessons. I like singing.

Revision & Fun Facts

听说专练

听力材料:

一、Hi, I'm Lily. Today is Monday. In the morning, I have an English lesson and a science lesson. I'll have a meeting this afternoon.

二、1. How many Chinese lessons do you have in a week?
2. This way, please.
3. Do you like English?
4. Can you sing and dance for us?
5. Nice to meet you.

三、Hello, everyone. I'm Gao Wei. I come from China. I study in Sunny School. There is a big library in our school. We often borrow books from the library. I often come to the library on Tuesdays and Thursdays. Look! This is our art club. On Wednesdays, we can paint pictures in it. On Fridays, we can play the piano in the music club. We are very happy every day.

答案:

一、English lesson science lesson have a meeting
二、1. A 2. B 3. C 4. A 5. C
三、1. F 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T
四、1. We often borrow books from the library.
2. We often have meetings in the meeting room.
3. We often paint pictures in the art club.
4. We often play the piano in the music club.
五、1. —How many Chinese lessons do you have in a week?
—We have seven.
2. —How many PE lessons do you have in a week?
—We have three.
3. —How many music lessons do you have in a week?
—We have two.
4. —How many maths lessons do you have in a week?
—We have six.

读写专练

六、(一)1. B 2. A 3. B
(二)4. T 5. F 6. T
(三)7. read 8. books; maps
七、1. A 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. A
八、1. This is our(big) library.
2. We have five English lessons in the language lab.
(答案不唯一)

Unit 2 Can I help you?

Lesson 7

一、1. have 2. Which 3. is 4. take 5. Here
方法点拨:此题用**找关键词法**解答。即先找出关键词,根据关键词的相关用法,选出所缺答案,补全句子。如第 1 题中情态动词 Can 是关键,情态动词后面要加动词原形,所以 have 为正确答案。第 3 题关键在于 How much,其后 be 动词的选择由后面的词决定,it 表单数,故选 is。第 4 题抓住 will 这个关键词,will 后面要加动词原形,故选 take。

二、1. A 2. C 3. B
三、1. E 2. A 3. C 4. D 5. B
四、1. —Can I help you? —Yes. I want a toy ship.
2. —How much is it? —It's sixty-eight yuan.
五、1. help 2. dress 3. one 4. pink 5. How
6. much 7. It's 8. eighty 9. take (答案不唯一)

Lesson 8

一、1. Can; help; toy train 2. toy ship 3. toy plane
4. toy boat 5. want

二、1. Yes; want 2. How much
方法点拨:此题用**三步变换法**解答。第一步:将句子变为一般疑问句。在本题中,原句变一般疑问句为:Is it fifty-six yuan? 第二步:加疑问词。画线部分为价格,对价格提问用疑问词组 how much,所以将 how much 加在一般疑问句的句首,变成 How much is it fifty-six yuan? 第三步:去掉画线部分。在第二步的基础上将画线部分去掉,就变成了目标句子:How much is it?
3. Which one 4. Can I have a toy ship?

三、1. D 2. C 3. B 4. A
四、1. F 2. F
3. F **点拨**:原文原句为 The saleswoman shows a green one to him. But he doesn't like the colour. He chooses a blue one. 售货员给他展示了一个绿色的,但他不喜欢这个颜色,他挑了一个蓝色的。
4. F **点拨**:原文原句为 It's fifty yuan. 它 50 元。
5. T **点拨**:原文原句为 Peter is very happy today. 彼得今天非常开心。

五、a toy plane; two rulers; a pencil
(答案不唯一)

Lesson 9

一、1. B **方法点拨**:此题用**加法记忆法**解答。本题中的 motorbike 一词可用加法来记忆,motor + bike = motorbike,将这个词一分为二,而且 motor 的发音与中文非常相似,方便记忆。
2. C 3. A 4. B

二、1. C 2. A 3. D 4. E 5. B
三、1. to buy 2. those buses 3. doesn't look
4. How much 5. Do you
四、1 2 6 4 3 7 5
五、toy jeep; thirty; T-shirt; fifty

things	price	things	price
	thirty yuan		fifty yuan
	fifty yuan		five yuan
	thirty-five yuan		ninety yuan

以上为参考答案,同学们可根据实际情况填写。

Lesson 10

一、Toys: toy train, toy bike, toy bus, toy car, toy taxi, toy plane
Stationeries: pencil, ruler, eraser

二、1. buy 2. bus 3. car 4. one 5. How much
三、1. do **点拨**:can 情态动词后跟动词原形。
2. to buy **点拨**:want 后要用 to do 结构。
3. take **点拨**:will 后面跟动词原形。
4. looks **点拨**:主语 It 为第三人称单数,谓语动词用 look 的单三形式 looks。
5. likes **点拨**:在 he likes 这个结构中,he 为主语,谓语动词用 likes。

四、1. B 2. E 3. C 4. A 5. D
五、1. What can I do for you?
2. are these coaches
方法点拨:本题用**原则记忆法**解答。将单数句改成复数句有一条原则,就是对应词都变成复数,用之前学过的名词变复数的方法即可。
3. don't want 4. She likes

六、1. A **点拨**:原文原句为 She is in a red dress today. 她今天穿着红色连衣裙。
2. C **点拨**:原文原句为 He is a policeman. 他是个警察。
3. C **点拨**:原文原句为 The boy is Tina's brother, Jim. 这个男孩是 Tina 的哥哥,Jim。所以,Tina 是 Jim 的妹妹。
4. B **点拨**:原文原句为 She is a nurse. 她是个护士。
5. A

Lesson 11

一、1. pants **点拨**:此题考查固定词组 short pants。
2. them **点拨**:try 后面跟人称代词宾格。
3. pairs **点拨**:these 意为这些,表示复数,故 pair 用复数形式。
4. are
5. takes **点拨**:Li Yan 为第三人称单数,动词变为单三形式。

二、1. B 2. B
3. B **方法点拨**:此题用**口诀法**解答。try on 词组小口诀:try on, try on 不一般,试穿衣物放中间,单数 it 来相助,复数 them 去代班。
4. A **点拨**:take 是动词,后面的人称代词要用宾格形式。
5. C **点拨**:此题考查 would you 后面用动词原形这一用法。

三、1. C pairs/B that 2. C for 3. C of
四、1. B 2. D 3. C 4. A
五、1. What can I do for you? 2. I want...please.
3. Would you please show me that pair of short pants?
4. Here you are.

Lesson 12

一、例如:mother, father, clever, computer, writer, singer, teacher, worker

二、1. try 2. coat 3. pants 4. too
5. pair **方法点拨**:此题用**同音异形记忆法**解答。pair 与 pear 同音,当看到 pair 一词时,先想到 pear,两个词对比记忆,那么 pair 的读音和拼写就容易多了。

三、1. C 2. A 3. D 4. B
四、1. C 2. A 3. B 4. D
五、1. B **点拨**:原文原句为 My father is a worker. 我爸爸是个工人。
2. A **点拨**:原文原句为 He often plays basketball with me. 他经常跟我一起打篮球。
3. B
4. B **点拨**:原文原句为 My mother is a teacher. 我妈妈是个老师。
5. C **点拨**:原文原句为 She often does housework. I often help her. 她经常做家务活。我经常帮助她。

Revision & Fun Facts

听说专练

听力材料:

一、1. I want to buy a motorbike.
2. Can I have some toys?
3. I like the blue toy train.
4. Do you want to play with the toy bus with me?
5. The coat is too big for me.

二、1. Can I help you?
2. How much are they?
3. How about this one?
4. Can I try them on?
5. I'll take them.

三、My friends Yang Ming and Gao Wei go to a sports shop. They want to buy something for themselves. Yang Ming needs a pair of shoes. Gao Wei wants a new T-shirt and a pair of shorts. There are T-shirts, shorts, trousers, and sports shoes in the shop. Yang Ming takes a pair of brown shoes. They are 75 yuan. Gao Wei buys a pair of blue shorts and a yellow T-shirt. They are very happy.

答案:

一、1. A 2. C 3. C 4. A 5. B
二、1. A 2. B 3. C 4. A 5. B
三、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. F 5. T
方法点拨:此题用**抓关键信息法**解答。即从众多的听力信息中抓住题目中所需要的信息进行重点理解。在做这类题之前一定要先将题目所需要的信息熟记于心,在听的过程中注意排除干扰,认真揣摩、对比,从而对所给的句子做出正确判断。如题目中的关键信息为 shop, Yang Ming, Gao Wei, 以及这两个人所买东西的颜色和价钱,在听的时候将听力信息与题目对比,即可判断对错。

四、单数形式:
Saleswoman: Can I help you?
Lily: Yes. I want a toy train.
Saleswoman: How about this one?
Lily: It's good. How much is it?
Saleswoman: It's fifty yuan.
Lily: I'll take it.
复数形式:
Saleswoman: Can I help you?
Lily: Yes. I want a pair of trousers.
Saleswoman: How about this pair?
Lily: They're good. How much are they?
Saleswoman: They're forty-five yuan.
Lily: I'll take them.

读写专练

五、(一)1. C **点拨**:原文中原句为 Wu Di's grandma doesn't like green tea or black tea. She only likes Wulong tea. 吴迪的奶奶不喜欢绿茶也不喜欢红茶。她只喜欢乌龙茶。
2. C **点拨**:原文中原句为 Wu Di wants to buy some good tea for her, so he goes to a nice teashop in Beijing. 吴迪想要为她买一些好茶叶,所以他去了北京的一个好茶店。
3. B **点拨**:原文中原句为 Jane likes chocolates very much, so she goes to the best chocolate shop in London. 简非常喜欢巧克力,所以她去了伦敦最好的巧克力店。
4. C **点拨**:原文中原句为 Elaine is very interested in looking at the chocolate rabbits, cows, elephants, horses, and even hens. 伊莱恩对于看着那些巧克力兔子,奶牛,大象,马,甚至是母鸡非常感兴趣。以上未提到巧克力绵羊。
(二)1. F **点拨**:原文中原句为 The salesgirl makes a pot of hot Wulong tea for him. 女售货员为他泡了一壶热乌龙茶。
2. T **点拨**:原文中原句为 It is very nice, so he buys two boxes for his grandma. 味道不错,所以他给奶奶买了两盒。
3. F **点拨**:原文中原句为 Next Sunday is Jane's birthday. 下周日是简的生日。
4. T **点拨**:原文中原句为 Elaine is very interested in looking at the chocolate rabbits, cows, elephants, horses, and even hens. 伊莱恩对于看着那些巧克力兔子,奶牛,大象,马,甚至是母鸡非常感兴趣。

六、(A)1. B **点拨**:原文中原句为 One day Mr and Mrs Brown go shopping by car. 一天,布朗先生和布朗太太开车去购物。
2. C **点拨**:原文中原句为 They stop their car near a store. 他们把车停在了商店的旁边。
3. B **点拨**:原文中原句为 They buy a lot of things and they want to put the things in the car. 他们买了很多东西,并想把东西放在车里。
4. B **点拨**:原文中原句为 But Mr Brown can't open the

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door of the car, so they ask a policeman to help them. 布朗先生打不开车门,所以他们找警察来帮助他们。

(B)1. They are at a station. **点拨**:原文原句为 A train stops at a station(车站). A young man wants to come out, but it is raining. A boy is standing under a big umbrella. 火车停在车站。一个年轻人想要下车,可是下雨了,一个男孩站在一个大雨伞下。由此可知,他们在车站。

2. It's rainy. **点拨**:原文原句为 A young man wants to come out, but it is raining. 一个年轻人想要下车,可是下雨了。由此可知为下雨天。

3. One dollar.

4. The boy buys one. **点拨**:原文原句为 Oh, there is only one hot dog left. So I'm eating mine. Here is your dollar. 哦,只剩下一个热狗了,所以我吃的是我的,这是你的一美元。由此可知,男孩只买了一个热狗,把剩下的钱拿了回来。

Unit 3 We should obey the rules.

Lesson 13

一、1. D **点拨**:本题考查学生的识图识句能力。从句子中捕捉重点信息,再对比图片,选出正确答案。

2. A 3. E 4. F 5. C 6. B

二、1. well **点拨**:句意为"他们非常了解学校规则"。此空需要一个副词修饰动词 know,而 good 是形容词,因此要用副词 well。

2. Don't make **点拨**:考查祈使句的否定形式 Don't do…同时注意句子开头单词首字母需大写。

3. His **点拨**:句意为"他的小组正在认真地读书"。此空缺少一个物主代词"他的",因其后有名词 group,因此填写形容词性物主代词 His。同时注意句子开头首字母需大写。

4. obey **点拨**:should 为情态动词,后加动词原形。

三、1. B **点拨**:good 是形容词,修饰名词词组 group leader。

2. C **点拨**:本题为现在进行时,运用 be + 动词的-ing 形式。

3. C **点拨**:本题为一般现在时,She 是第三人称单数,动词 come 用单三形式 comes。come to school 意思为"来学校"。

4. B **点拨**:hand in 上交; on time 按时。

5. A **点拨**:active 积极的;活跃的(形容词),actively 积极地;活跃地(副词)。句意为"安娜是活跃的。她在课堂上积极地讨论"。

四、1. A C E F 2. B D

五、1. Is he a group leader? **点拨**:本题需要先确定是疑问句还是陈述句,题目给出的标点符号是问号,因此要用 Is he 开头,而不能用 He is。

2. Don't be late for school.

3. He never makes noise in class.

六、1. good 2. rules 3. early 4. for

5. well 6. carefully 7. his 8. of

Lesson 14

一、1. A **点拨**:根据 Kate 起晚了,可知不能按时来学校,故选 on time。

2. C

3. B **点拨**:考查祈使句的否定形式"Don't do…"。

4. C **点拨**:根据"我们应该保持安静"。可推出在图书馆制造噪音是不好的。故选 C。

5. A **点拨**:根据"我吃饱了"。可推出问句为"你想要吃些什么吗"?故选 A。

二、1. A **点拨**:句意为"——学生们应该在课上积极回答问题。——是的,我也这么认为"。

2. A **点拨**:句意为"——看!这个婴儿正在睡觉。请保持安静。——哦,抱歉"。

3. A **点拨**:句意为"——开始上课了,比尔,上课不要吃东西。——好的,我不会再吃了"。

三、(一)1. F 2. T

(二)3. late

4. answers **点拨**:and 表示并列,前后并列部分语法需保持一致,此处也需用单三形式。

5. helps

四、keep our classroom clean; eat in class; litter

Lesson 15

一、1. T

2. F **点拨**:句意为"彼得有时候看电视太频繁"。而图片中的男孩在玩电脑。

3. T

二、1. makes **点拨**:本题为一般现在时,Peter 是第三人称单数,动词 make 用单三形式 makes。

2. goes **点拨**:and 表示并列,前后并列部分语法需保持一致,此处 go 也需用单三形式 goes。

3. to do 4. read

5. me **点拨**:此空应填"我",for 为介词,后加人称代词宾格 me。

三、1. doesn't like

2. Does; go **点拨**:题目中的谓语动词为实义动词 goes,含有实义动词单三形式的一般疑问句用 Does 提问,谓语动词要用原形。

3. No; isn't **点拨**:题目要求作否定回答,因此第一个空填 No;be 动词引导的一般疑问句要用 be 动词的某种形式回答,因此第二个空填写 isn't。

4. shouldn't make

四、1. home

2. her **点拨**:根据提示可知此空填写"her",for 为介词,后加人称代词宾格。

3. get

4. shouldn't **点拨**:go home late 是不应该做的事情。

5. likes **点拨**:本文为一般现在时,She 是第三人称单数,动词 like 用单三形式 likes。

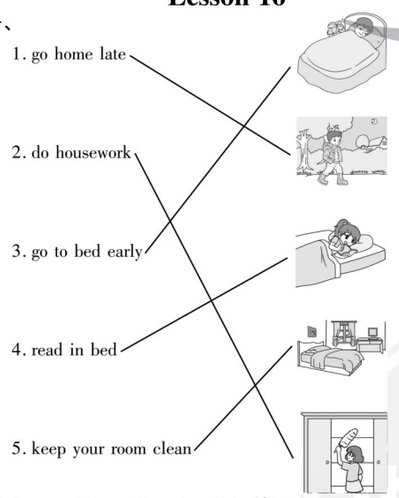
6. does **点拨**:本文为一般现在时,Cathy 是第三人称单数,动词 do 用单三形式 does。

五、1. ①T ②F ③F

2. ①should ②should ③shouldn't ④should

Lesson 16

一、



二、1. gets 2. too 3. make 4. 不填 5. for

三、(一)1. F 2. F

(二)3. C **点拨**:根据文章中的"There are also some rules for us when we leave or come back home. "可知答案。

4. C **点拨**:根据文章中的"When dinner is ready, we shouldn't eat first before our parents tell us to eat. "可知答案。

四、1. living room 2. bedroom 3. kitchen

Lesson 17

一、1. A D

2. B C E F

二、1. C **点拨**:look after 照顾; look at 看一看; look out 小心。

2. A **点拨**:wait for 等待。

3. C **点拨**:spit on the ground 在地上吐痰。

4. B 5. A

三、1. needn't to be **点拨**:must 为情态动词,must 的否定形式为 needn't to。

2. take good care of **点拨**:look after…well 照顾好; take good care of 照顾好。

3. Don't 4. children; flowers

四、1. B 2. D 3. C 4. E 5. A

五、cross the street; green light; red light

Lesson 18

一、1. C 2. A 3. F 4. D 5. E 6. B

二、1. B **点拨**:on a busy road 在一条繁忙的马路上面,road 搭配介词 on。

2. A **点拨**:句意为"小心!红灯的时候不可穿过街道"。

3. A **点拨**:take good care of 照看好,must 为情态动词,后加动词原形。

4. C **点拨**:talk about 讨论。

5. B **点拨**:No doing. 不要做。

三、1. wait **点拨**:must 为情态动词,后加动词原形。

2. mustn't **点拨**:"当交通灯为红色的时候",不可以穿过街道。因此应填"mustn't"。

3. children **点拨**:根据句意可知此处应填复数"孩子们",child 的复数为 children。

4. spitting **点拨**:No doing. 为固定用法。spit 变为 doing 形式为 spitting。

5. people **点拨**:此处应填复数"人们",people 单复数同形。

四、1. Be quiet 2. Don't pick flowers

五、1. B **点拨**:本文为一般现在时,Our mother 是第三人称单数,动词 take 用单三形式 takes。

2. B **点拨**:一支美丽的花,因此 flower 要用单数形式。

3. A

4. B **点拨**:keep off the grass 不要进入草坪。

5. A **点拨**:your love 你的爱。

6. A **点拨**:But 但是,表示转折。

Revision & Fun Facts

听说专练

听力材料:

一、1. **A**: Jim, keep off the grass. You mustn't pick the flowers.
B: Oh, sorry.

2. **A**: Listen! The bell is ringing.
B: Let's hurry up! Don't be late for class.

3. **A**: Peter, let's play football.
B: Sorry, I must do homework first.

4. **A**: Your room is so dirty. There are so many things on your desk. Please keep your desk clean.
B: OK, Dad. I will.

5. **A**: It's ten o'clock. You should go to bed early.
B: OK.

二、1. Bob, please don't eat in class.

2. Mary is a good girl. She often helps her mother to do housework.

3. We must listen to the teacher carefully.

4. Peter never goes to bed late.

5. You should take good care of young children.

6. Yang Ming often helps old people.

三、1. Is Peter a good group leader?

2. You mustn't eat in class.

3. Mum, can I pick the flowers?

4. What should we do at home?

5. What must we do in class?

四、Bob and Peter are playing football on the street. They are in danger. A policeman comes here and says to them, "Look out! Boys!" He takes them to the pavement. "You mustn't play on the street," says the policeman. Bob and Peter say, "Oh, sorry, sir. We won't." The policeman says, "You can go and play in the park next time." "Thanks, sir!" And then, Bob and Peter go to the park, and they have a good time.

答案:

一、1. A 2. B 3. B 4. B 5. A

二、1 4 3 5 6 2

三、1. B 2. B 3. C 4. B 5. C

四、1. F 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T

五、1. **点拨**:A /aɪ/, B /ɪ/。

2. **点拨**:A /ɜ:/, B /ə(r)/。

3. **点拨**:A /eɪ/, B /æ/。

4. **点拨**:A /k/, B /s/。

六、1. We should/ must:
A. do housework B. ask and answer questions actively
C. go home early D. keep our rooms clean

2. We shouldn't/ mustn't:
A. litter B. read in bed C. make noise D. play on the street

读写专练

七、(一)1. T **点拨**:根据文章中的"In our daily life, so many people throw litter into the sea."可知。

2. F **点拨**:根据文章中的"The litter island is now six times as big as England."可知为 England 英国。

3. F **点拨**:根据文章中的"These waste things get together in the sea and they become an island on the water!"可知为 on the water 在水上。

(二)4. C **点拨**:根据文章中的"These waste things are bad for fish and birds. It is bad for our health, too."可知。

5. C **点拨**:根据文章中的"We should recycle cans, glass and paper."可知。

八、1. B **点拨**:for us 给我们。

2. A **点拨**:take our student cards with 带着我们的学生卡。

3. C **点拨**:borrow books 借书。

4. B **点拨**:be quiet 保持安静。

5. A **点拨**:keep… for… 保留……多少时间。

6. A **点拨**:on time 按时。

7. B **点拨**:shouldn't eat here 不应该在这里吃东西。

8. B **点拨**:obey all the rules 遵守所有的规则。

九、1. B **点拨**:根据文章中的"My name is Sandy. My parents are very strict."可知。

2. C **点拨**:根据文章中的"I can't play computer games too often."可知可以玩电脑游戏,但是不能玩得太频繁。

3. A **点拨**:根据文章中的"I have to get up at six o'clock every morning and go to bed at nine o'clock every evening. So I am never late for school."可知。

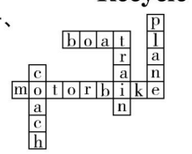
4. B **点拨**:根据文章中的"I can live healthily."这句话可知。

5. A **点拨**:本文讲述的是 Sandy 的父母为 Sandy 制作了很多规则,Sandy 依照规则养成了良好的生活习惯,有一个很健康的生活,故选 A。

Fun Time 1

Recycle 1 & Recycle 2

一、



二、1. does housework 2. make noise 3. young children

4. read; bed 5. old people

三、1. A **点拨**:welcome to 欢迎来到。

2. B **点拨**:art club "美术俱乐部",故选择 B。

3. C **点拨**:本题考查固定搭配词组,how old 多大年龄;how many 多少;how much 多少钱。根据答句 It's fifty-six yuan,故选择 C。

4. C

5. A **点拨**:too "非常",修饰形容词 big;for "对于"。故

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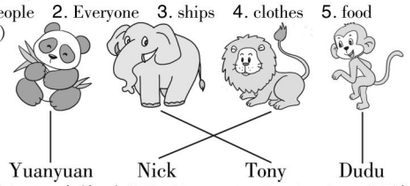
选择 A。
四、1. spitting　2. borrow　3. to do　4. rules; him
5. watches; goes
6. good; well
方法点拨:此题用**抓关键词法**。例如:题目 5 中抓到关键词 often,表示动作经常发生,时态是一般现在时,第三人称单数作主语时,watch 变为 watches。同类标志词还有:always 总是;usually 通常;sometimes 有时等。
五、1. Li Yan likes singing and dancing.
2. You must wait for the green light.
3. Don't be late for class.
4. We have two art lessons in a week.
5. We all like English very much.
六、1. A　2. D　3. E　4. C　5. F　6. B
七、1. B　2. C　3. C　4. A　5. C　6. B　7. B　8. A
八、1. some toy ships　**点拨**:由"I want to buy some toy ships."可知。
2. Yes; are　**点拨**:由"There are many kinds of toy ships."可知。
3. It's forty　**点拨**:由"And the big one is forty yuan."可知。
4. They're seventy　**点拨**:由"It's thirty yuan. And the big one is forty yuan."可知。
5. He; two　**点拨**:由"I'll take them."可知。

Fun Reading

一、1. C　**点拨**:由原文第一句"Shan Shan often goes to the library to read books."可知。
2. B
3. A　**点拨**:由原文"He was from Nanjing, China."可知,故选择 A。
4. C　**点拨**:由"He went to many places of the world in a fleet of ships."可知。故选择 C。
5. B　**点拨**:由"Shan Shan tells the story to her friends, Li Chun."可知,故选择 B。
6. A　**点拨**:由"Zheng He was a great explorer."可知,故选择 A。
二、1. people　2. Everyone　3. ships　4. clothes　5. food
三、(一)



(二)1. B　**点拨**:由"She likes eating bamboo best."可知,故选 B。
2. C　**点拨**:由"He is from Australia."可知,故选择 C。
3. A　**点拨**:由"He often lives in the trees."可知。故选择 A。
(三)4. She is black and white.　**点拨**:由原文"She is black and white."可知。
5. Meat is his favourite food.　**点拨**:由原文"Meat is his favourite food."可知。

Unit 4　What's wrong with you?

Lesson 19

一、1. ill　2. headache　3. go　4. of
二、1. speak　**点拨**:情态动词 May 后要用动词原形。
2. calls　3. is　4. take　5. go
三、1. B　2. A　3. C　4. C　5. C
方法点拨:此题用**抓关键词法**解答。在完成此类题目时,一定要注意通读题目内容并抓住关键词,以此来判断句子的时态、单复数以及是否为固定搭配。
四、1. D　2. A　3. B　4. C　5. E
五、1. cold　2. headache　3. school　4. worry　5. Take
6. doctor

Lesson 20

一、1. B　2. C　3. A　4. D
二、1. ill　2. dear　3. worry　4. bad
三、1. A　2. C
3. C　**点拨**:worry about 担心,是固定搭配。本题中有 often,可判断本句是一般现在时并且主语是第三人称单数,因此 worry 要变成 worries,故选 C。
4. C　**点拨**:help sb. with sth. 意为"在某方面帮助某人",本题的句意是"我们将帮助你学习英语"。故选 C。
5. A
四、1. A　2. A　3. A　4. B
五、1　6　2　3　5　4
六、1. T　**点拨**:本题对应原文中第二句,由原文可知正确。
2. F
3. T
4. F　**点拨**:原文中用的是 often 经常,题目中换成了 never 从不,故本题错误。在题目中遇到生词可以与原文中词汇进行对比,根据上下文猜测词义。
5. T　**点拨**:通过整合最后两句信息可知,本题句意与原文相符。

Lesson 21

一、1. E　2. F　3. A　4. D　5. C　6. B
二、1. C　2. C　3. C　4. B　5. A
三、1. C
2. C　**点拨**:should 是情态动词,后面要用动词原形。
3. B　**点拨**:medicine 此处为不可数名词,be 动词用 is,故本题选 B。
4. B　**点拨**:本题是生活常识题,喝水可以缓解发烧的症状。
四、A　B　C　E
五、1. John goes to the doctor with his mum.
2. What's wrong with his sister?
3. She hopes you will get well soon.
4. Some of them have a bad cough.
方法点拨:本题用**六步法**解答。
1. 先明白每一个单词意思,再组合成一句话。
2. 要注意英、汉语语序的不同。
3. 注意组合成句子单词数量不能多也不能少。
4. 抄写时要特别注意不能抄错单词。
5. 特别注意使用标点符号要正确。
6. 句子开头首字母一定要大写。
六、1. T　2. T　3. F　4. T　5. F

Lesson 22

一、/ əʊ / stone, old, home , Rome
/ ɒ / hot , not , dog , lot
二、1. ea　2. ar　3. oo　4. ac　5. ea
三、1. E　2. C　3. B　4. D　5. A
四、1. B
2. C　**点拨**:根据生活经验可知吃多了糖会引起牙痛。故选 C。
3. C　**点拨**:本句时态是一般现在时,主语是第三人称单数,谓语动词用单三形式,故选 C。
4. C　**点拨**:with 是介词,介词后面接宾语要用人称代词的宾格形式,故选 C。
5. C　**点拨**:can 和 should 是情态动词,后面都要用动词原形,因此 C 选项正确。
五、1. B　2. B　3. B　4. C
六、1. cold　2. school　3. with　4. children　5. have
6. waiting　7. take　8. stay　9. rest

Lesson 23

一、1. wrong　2. feel　3. lessons　4. get-well card
二、1. B　2. C
3. C　**点拨**:bring 拿来,是动词,动词后面接宾语,人称代词用宾格,故选 C。
4. B　**点拨**:本句是现在进行时的问句,因此 feel 要加-ing 变成 feeling,故选 B。
5. B
三、1. How are you feeling today?
2. Here is a get-well card for you.
3. My friends bring me lots of things.
4. doesn't; his
四、1. E　2. C　3. D　4. B　5. A
五、(一)1. A　2. A　3. C
(二)4. F　5. F　6. T　7. T　8. F
方法点拨:本题用**逻辑推理法**解答,在阅读题中,可能会出现需要根据文章内容进行推理的题目,这就需要同学们仔细理解短文信息。文中 Jim 生病了,需要休息,所以肯定不能去踢足球。由此判断本题是错的。

Lesson 24

一、1—D　2—C　3—E　4—A　5—B
二、A　G　H　D　E　B　C　F
三、1. B　2. C　3. A　4. D　5. E
四、1. C　2. B　3. A　4. B　5. B　6. C　7. C　8. A　9. B　10. B
方法点拨:本题用**通篇考虑法**,在做完形填空题时,一定要纵观全文,通篇考虑,不能看到空格就急于选出答案。充分利用文章的上下文和前后句,找到对选择有提示作用的词或句。如第 1 小题,选择哪个选项,语法上都没有问题,联系下文可知 Susan 是生病了,所以答案为 C。

Revision & Fun Facts

听说专练

听力材料:
一、have a stomachache, have a bad cold, have a toothache, have a fever, have a cough, have a headache
二、1. Oh dear! You have a fever.
2. Don't worry. Let me help you.
3. My brother is ill. He can't go to school.
4. The bear has a short tail.
5. You should stay in bed and have a good rest.
三、1. May I speak to Miss Li?
2. Do you have a headache?
3. Can I go to school today?
4. How old are you?
5. How are you feeling today?
四、Jane has a bad fever. She can't go to school today. She calls her teacher Mr Liu. He asks her to go to a doctor. Mr Liu hopes Jane will get well soon. Jane says thanks to Mr Liu. Jane goes to the doctor with her mother. The doctor says she should take a good rest. So she won't go to school tomorrow.
答案:
一、2　5　4　3　6　1
二、1. B　2. A　3. B　4. B　5. A
三、1. C　2. A　3. C　4. C　5. A
四、1. T　2. F　3. F　4. F
五、1. a get-well card　2. take some medicine
3. take a good rest　4. drink more water
六、1. He has a fever.　2. No, he can't.
3. They bring a get-well card, some chocolates and some kiwi fruit.

读写专练

七、A. 1. F　2. T　3. F　4. T
5. F　**点拨**:本题故意设置陷阱,把原文中限定范围的 woman 去掉,导致句子意思与原文不符,做题时要关注句子中的细节信息。
B. 6. Wang Li wants to be a doctor.
7. Because no university wanted a girl student.
8. Yes, she did. Because it was the only chance.
八、1. feel　2. stomachache　3. hospital　4. medicine　5. But
6. any　7. ice cream　8. again　9. So
九、(一)1. ears hurt　2. take some medicine
3. have a stomachache　4. have an injection
5. her throat hurts and have a cough
6. take some cough medicine and have a good rest
点拨:表格题考查对文章细节的理解,完成题目时一定要认真对比原文进行填空。
(二)1. C　2. B
3. B　**方法点拨**:在英语阅读理解中如何猜测词义?可以通过上、下文语义的线索来猜测词义,文中 throat 是与 cough 同时出现的,由此可推断 throat 与咳嗽相关,因此选 B。

Unit 5　I'm cleaning my room.

Lesson 25

一、1. to make　**点拨**:want to do sth. 表示"想要做某事"。
2. doing
3. washes　**点拨**:本句的主语 mum 为第三人称单数,谓语动词要用单三形式,wash 需要加-es。
4. cleaning　**点拨**:本句的时间状语为 now,因此谓语动词要用 be 动词加动词的-ing 形式。
5. write　**点拨**:let's 后加动词时要加动词原形。
二、1. C　**点拨**:打电话时"This is…speaking."意为"我是……"。
2. B　**点拨**:Hold on, please. 意为"请稍等"。
3. B　**点拨**:正在进行时用 be 动词,"和……一起"用 with。
4. C　**点拨**:根据答语可知,问句应该是提问他们正在干什么。
5. A　**点拨**:speak to…意为"和……通话"。
6. C　**点拨**:正在进行时用 be 动词加动词的-ing 形式。
7. C　**点拨**:根据句意可知我不能去主题公园。
8. B　**点拨**:may 是情态动词,后加动词原形。
三、1. My mum is washing the clothes.
2. Is that Lucy speaking?
3. Are you coming here with your parents?
4. Lily is calling her grandpa at home.
5. Dad is writing an email on the computer.
四、D　A　E　F　B　G　C　H
点拨:本题解题思路与课文相关,先是 Lily 与 Grandpa 之间的问候语,紧接着 Grandpa 询问 Lily 是否能来家里,Lily 说明原因,并向 Grandpa 表明明天去看望他。
五、　It is Saturday. I'm calling my grandma at home. Mum is washing the clothes. Dad is writing an email on the computer. My grandpa is watching TV. We are all busy today.
(答案不唯一)

Lesson 26

一、1. C　**点拨**:busy"忙碌的"为形容词,其余三个均为动词。
2. A　**点拨**:morning"上午;早晨",其余三个均为动词的-ing形式。
3. A　4. B
5. D　**点拨**:email"电子邮件",其余三个均为家庭成员称呼。
二、1. C　2. A　3. B　4. D
三、1. What is your　2. Are; cleaning your　3. is making a call
4. Is; washing　5. No; isn't
四、1. Four.　**点拨**:Mr Green 的家里有四口人,他们分别是"Mr Green, Mrs Green, Jim and Lisa"。
2. She is in the dining room.　**点拨**:本题由短文第三句"Mrs Green is in the dining room."可知。
3. He is cleaning the yard.　**点拨**:本题由短文第八句"He is cleaning the yard."可知。
4. Jim.　**点拨**:本题由短文第十一、十二句"Tim is in the living room. He is playing the piano for his friends."可知。
5. No, she isn't. She's reading some books.　**点拨**:本题由短文第十四、十五句"She is in her bedroom with her friend, Lucy. They are reading some books about plants."可知。

Lesson 27

一、1. funny　**点拨**:hat"帽子",修饰名词要用 fun 的形容词 funny。
2. is　**点拨**:Li Yan 是第三人称单数,因此 be 动词要用 is。
3. singing　**点拨**: like 后接动词时,动词要用-ing 形式。
4. is preparing　**点拨**:本题有时间状语 now,因此要用现在进行时结构"be 动词加动词的-ing 形式"。因为 child 为第三人称单数,因此 be 动词选择 is,prepare 变成-ing 形式时, 需要去 e 再加-ing。
5. is telling　**点拨**:题中有 look,表明描述的是正在发生的事情,因此要用 be 动词加动词的-ing 形式。又因为 my mum 为第三人称单数,因此 be 动词用 is。
二、1. A　2. C　3. A　4. B　5. C
三、1. telling a story　2. singing; song　3. writing an email
4. making　5. cleaning the room
四、1. up　**点拨**:"起床"的固定表达是"get up"。
2. for　**点拨**:为我"for me"。
3. is washing
4. to make　**点拨**:want to do sth."想要做某事"。制作卡片为"make a card"。
5. is writing　**点拨**:"正在写",write 变-ing 形式时需要去 e

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再加-ing。
6. on　点拨:“在电脑上”用介词 on。
7. are　点拨:they 后用 be 动词 are。
8. to clean/ clean　点拨:帮助某人做某事为“help + 人 + do/ to do sth.”。
9. am　点拨:I 后用 be 动词 am。
10. good　点拨:根据文意可知是“good boy”。

Lesson 28

一、1. What; doing　2. playing; guitar　3. washing the clothes
4. is; telling; story　5. are; singing; song
二、1. B　点拨:主语为第三人称单数,want 应变成 wants,want to do sth.“想要做某事”。
2. C　点拨:主语 my mum 为第三人称单数,谓语动词 tell 应变为 tells。
3. C　点拨:拉小提琴的固定表达为“play the violin”。
4. C
三、1. What's Li Yan doing?
2. Lisa is singing a very famous English song.
3. My classmates are preparing for an English party.
四、1. Are you; your　点拨:变一般疑问句时,将 be 动词提前,剩下的内容抄下来,要注意将第一人称变为第二人称。
2. is playing; guitar
3. she doesn't　点拨:does 提问要用 does 回答。
4. The students are singing songs in the music club.
五、1. T　点拨:本题由短文第六句“Children like to go there.”可知。
2. T　点拨:本题由短文第四句“At the foot of the hill, we can see a river.”可知。
3. F　点拨:本题由短文第三句“We can see a hill in the park.”可知。
4. T　点拨:本题由短文第七句“There are many students in the park.”可知。
5. F　点拨:本题由短文最后一句“All of them are having a good time.”可知。

Lesson 29

一、1—C　2—E　3—D　4—B　5—A
二、1. C　点拨:here 前面不加任何介词。
2. C　3. C
4. B　点拨:有 be 动词,因此要用现在进行时,动词变为-ing形式。
5. B
三、1. about　2. in　3. so　4. at　5. over
四、A　D　F　G　C　B　E
五、1. morning　2. calling　3. doing　4. is　5. washing
6. looking　7. picture　8. famous　9. song　10. much
六、1. There are three people in my family.
2. I like English best.　点拨:favourite“最喜欢的”,因此回答要注意使用 best。也可以用“My favourite subject is…”来回答。
3. Yes, I can.
4. My mother is cooking now.　点拨:要注意 be 动词后面的动词要用-ing 形式。
5. It's very funny.　(答案不唯一)点拨:可以充分运用所学知识来描述你的校园生活。

Lesson 30

一、1. putting cutting swimming dropping
2. writing driving giving taking
3. classes buses watches dishes glasses
二、1. speaking　2. goes　3. telling　4. looking
5. pictures　点拨:these“这些”,picture 用复数。
三、1. D　2. A　3. B　4. C　5. E
四、1. sitting; am　2. is; singing; song　3. doing; Yes
4. washing; clothes
五、1. T　点拨:本题由短文第六句“My grandma is telling me a story about a famous actress.”可知。
2. F　点拨:本题由短文第四句“My grandpa is reading a book.”可知。
3. F　点拨:本题由短文第六句“My grandma is telling me a story about a famous actress.”可知。
4. F　点拨:本题由短文第十句“My sister is watching TV in the living room.”可知。
5. T　点拨:本题由短文第十一句“My brother is playing the violin in his room.”可知。

Revision & Fun Facts

听说专练

一、1. guitar　2. fun　3. sitting　4. cousin　5. story
二、1. What are you doing?
2. May I speak to Linda, please?
3. Is your dad looking at the moon?
4. Look! Peter is wearing a funny hat.
5. What is Lisa doing?
三、It's Sunday afternoon. Peter is doing his homework in his bedroom. His parents are both busy today. His father is writing an email in his study. His mother is washing the clothes. Now his grandma is calling Peter's sister. She says Grandpa is cooking dinner in the kitchen.

答案:
一、1. A　2. B　3. A　4. B　5. B
二、1. B　2. B　3. A　4. A　5. B
三、1. F　2. F　3. F　4. T　5. T
四、1. She is playing the violin.　2. Yes, she is.
3. They are talking.　4. He has a cold.
5. It is a get-well card.

读写专练

五、(一)1. F　点拨:本题由短文第二段“two elephants, a bear, three monkeys and another monkey”可知不是5只动物。
2. F　点拨:本题由短文第二段五、六句“Here is a bear. It is walking on a wooden stick.”可知。
3. T　点拨:本题由短文第二段最后一句“Another monkey is painting a picture.”可知。
(二)4. C　点拨:本题由短文第四段第一句“Some scientists do not think it is good for animals and children.”可知。
5. B　点拨:本题由短文最后一段第二句“They think wild animals should go back to the mountains or the forests.”可知。
六、1. Is; talking
2. Are you looking; Yes; I am
3. What are; doing
4. What are you doing, Peter?
5. isn't painting
七、1. D　2. E　3. A　4. B　5. C
八、1. T　点拨:本题由短文第一、二句“Miss Smith is an art teacher. She is young and pretty.”可知。
2. F　点拨:本题由短文第四句“There are twenty boys and nineteen girls in her class.”可知。
3. F　点拨:本题由短文第六句“Johnson and Mike are sitting under a tall tree.”可知。
4. T　点拨:本题由短文第八句“Rick is running after his friend, Frank.”可知。
5. F　点拨:本题由短文第十句“Some boys and girls are singing and dancing with their PE teacher.”可知。

Unit 6　We're watching the games.

Lesson 31

一、1. B　点拨:play volleyball 打排球,中间不加冠词。
2. C　3. B
4. C　点拨:here“在这里”,前面不加介词。
5. B
二、1. those　2. playing　3. doing　4. about　5. watch
三、1. are they; playing football　2. games
3. playing basketball　4. playing volleyball
四、1. friends　2. are　3. both　4. likes
5. it　6. football　7. player　8. school

Lesson 32

一、1. football　2. watch　3. playground　4. are　5. playing
二、1. go　点拨:Let's 后跟动词原形。
2. those　点拨:boys 为复数,故 that 要变成 those。
3. are watching　点拨:问句用现在进行时,答语也应该用现在进行时,现在进行时构成为“be 动词 + 动词的-ing形式”,故填 are watching。
4. playing　点拨:前有“look”,故时态为现在进行时,填 playing。
5. are　点拨:主语是 Li Yan and Lisa,be 动词要用复数 are。
三、1. What; doing　2. Are the girls　3. What about
4. We are not
四、1. C　2. B　3. A　4. D　5. E
五、(一)1. B　2. A　(二)3. F　4. F

Lesson 33

一、1. T　2. T　3. T　4. T
二、1. C　点拨:问句主语为 Zhou Pei and Kate,故 be 动词用 are。答句时态为现在进行时,play 要加-ing。
2. A　点拨:Let's 后跟动词原形。
3. B　点拨:play…with…意为“和……玩……”;can 后跟动词原形。
4. C　5. A
三、1. C　2. A　3. D　4. B
四、1. ping-pong　2. sport　3. Mr　4. play　5. good

Lesson 34

一、1. pig, sit, big, it　2. six, city, fish
二、1. Miss　点拨:Miss 可以用来称呼未婚女性或女教师。
2. Ms
3. Mr; Mrs　点拨:Mr 和 Mrs 分别为先生和太太。
三、1. A　2. B　3. D　4. C　5. E
四、1. baseball　2. Are; playing　3. Is that your
4. ping-pong and baseball
5. The girls are playing badminton.
五、(一)1. C　2. B　(二)3. T　4. T　5. F

Lesson 35

一、1. C　点拨:由 He 可知此人为男性,故选 Mr。
2. C
3. B　点拨:答语的主语为 They,故问句的主语也应该为复数,应选 B。
4. B　点拨:both 表示“两者都”;all 表示“三者或三者以上都”。
5. A　点拨:play + the + 乐器,play + 球类运动。
二、1. playing　点拨:like + doing sth. 表示“喜欢做某事”。
2. are playing　3. doing
4. My　点拨:根据句意,可知此处应该填“我的”,故为 my。
5. runners
三、1. Are you; high jump　2. run fast　3. Yes; they are
4. are running
四、A　B　C　E
五、1. C　2. B　3. E　4. A　5. D

Lesson 36

一、1. D; u n　2. C; i g; u, m　3. E; o n; j; p
4. B; o o; a l　5. A; a; e; l l
二、baseball, volleyball, handball …
三、1. Look! The young boys are running.
2. Are you doing the high jump, too?
3. He is watching the long jump.
4. They are running so fast.
5. We are all good runners.
四、1. E　2. C　3. B　4. D　5. A
五、1. F　点拨:Peter 的年龄应为 thirteen。
2. T　3. T　4. T
5. F　点拨:Peter 是一名学生。

Revision & Fun Facts

听说专练

听力材料:
一、1. Look! The girl is doing the long jump.
2. I like playing ping-pong.
3. Peter and Lucy are playing tennis.
4. Baseball is my favourite sport.
5. I am doing the high jump.
二、1. What are you doing?
2. Are they playing volleyball?
3. You are a good player!
4. Can I play football with you?
5. Hello, Peter! This is my cousin.
三、W: What are you doing, Dick?
M: I'm playing basketball.
W: Is playing basketball your favourite sport?
M: Yes. Do you like playing basketball, Lucy?
W: No. I like playing tennis.
M: Oh, I see. Look! Is Mike playing ping-pong?
W: Yes, he is.
M: What's Sam doing?
W: He's playing volleyball.
M: Is Lisa playing volleyball with him?
W: No, she is doing the long jump.
四、On the playground, some boys are playing football. Some girls are doing the long jump. And the teachers are playing basketball. Look at the girl over there. She is running. She runs very fast. My favourite sport is doing the high jump. I also like watching the games very much.

答案:
一、5　1　4　3　2
二、1. A　2. A　3. B　4. A　5. B
三、

	Dick	Lucy	Mike	Sam	Lisa
tennis		√			
volleyball				√	
basketball	√				
ping-pong			√		
the long jump					√

四、1. playground　2. football　3. long　4. basketball　5. running
6. runs　7. favourite　8. sport　9. high　10. watching
五、略。
六、1. —What's your favourite sport?
—My favourite sport is the long jump.
2. —Can I play badminton with you?
—Certainly!

读写专练

七、1. B　点拨:由文章中的“Who are the world's best badminton players today? The Chinese badminton team is.”可知。
2. A　点拨:由文章中的“So the English were the first to play the game!”可知。
3. B　点拨:由文章中的“A duke lived there.”可知。
4. A　点拨:shooting at the basket“投篮”,在打羽毛球中没有。
5. A duke and his friends
6. Li Wen and Zhang Ming.　7. Yes, they did.
八、1. park　2. in　3. playing　4. tennis　5. good　6. with
7. about　8. over
九、(一)1. F　点拨:由文中“My parents and I often watch the football games together at the gym.”可知,是和父母亲去看足球赛,而不是祖父母。
2. T　点拨:由文中“Yang Ming's favourite sport is basketball. 和 He's a basketball fan.”可知。
3. T　点拨:由文中“Tennis is very hard for me, but Li Yan thinks it is very easy.”可知。
4. F　点拨:由文中“She wants to be a famous tennis player like Li Na in the future.”可知李娜是网球运动员而不是棒球运动员。
5. T　点拨:由文中“Playing ball games is very good for us. We should do more exercise every day.”可知。
(二)1. A　点拨:由文中“I like playing football best and I'm good at it.”可知。
2. B　点拨:由文中“She wants to be a famous tennis player like Li Na in the future.”可知。
3. C　点拨:由文中“Yang Ming's favourite sport is basketball. He likes Yao Ming very much.”可知。
4. B　点拨:由文中“Tennis is very hard for me …”可知,此题应选 Gao Wei。

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5. A 点拨:由文中“My parents and I often watch the football games together at the gym.”可知。

Fun Time 2
Recycle 1 & Recycle 2

一、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. F 6. T
二、1. is making 2. is singing 3. am running 4. are playing 5. is writing
三、1. C
2. C 点拨:Kate's father 是第三人称单数,变否定句要在主语后加 doesn't, feel well“感觉好”,故选择 C。
3. B 点拨:本题考查固定搭配,speak to“和……说话”,hold on“稍等”,故选择 B。
4. B
5. A 点拨:本题考查名词的单复数,medicine“药”可作不可数名词,故选择 A。
6. B
7. C 点拨: Mrs“太太”;Miss“小姐”;Mr“先生”,由 his students“他的学生们”知道张老师是男性,故选择 C。
8. C 点拨: 感叹句由 How 和 What 来引导,结构:How + 形容词/副词 + 主语 + 谓语! 或 What + 名词或名词词组 + 主语 + 谓语! 故选择 C。
9. B
10. B 点拨: better 更好,是比较级,修饰比较级用 much,故选择 B。
四、1. worried 点拨: is + 形容词, worried 为形容词“担心的”,词组“be worried about”。
2. take 点拨:will + 动词原形。
3. playing 点拨: 本题考查现在进行时。now“现在”,正在踢“be + playing”。
4. well 点拨: play 是动词,修饰动词用副词“well”。
5. funny 点拨:句意为“彼得有一顶有趣的帽子”。funny“有趣的”。
6. us
五、1. Do you 2. Don't be 3. What are;doing 4. doesn't feel 5. No; they aren't
六、1. is 2. is 3. is 4. are 5. are
七、1. F 2. E 3. C 4. A 5. D 6. B
八、A. 1. F 点拨:由文中“A woman is going shopping by boat.”可知。
2. T
3. F 点拨:逻辑推理题,由文中“Oh, dear! Look! My basket is in the river!” she shouts. “Don't worry! I can help you!”可推断出女人不会游泳。
4. T 点拨:由文中“A duck is swimming and jumping into the basket.”可知。
5. F 点拨:由文中“What's in my basket? It's a duck's egg!”可知。
B. It's a duck's egg. 点拨:由文中最后“What's in my basket? It's a duck's egg!”可知。

Fun Reading

一、1. B
2. A 点拨:由原文“Mr Elephant must clean the house.”可知,选择 A。
3. C 点拨:由原文“Don't cross the road when Tiger King is in his car.”可知选择 C。
4. B 点拨:由“He does not obey any rules.”可知选择 B。
5. A 点拨:由“Miss Mouse must cook food for him.”可知选 A。
二、1. big 2. housework 3. wash 4. animals 5. work 6. late
三、(一)1. B 点拨:由原文第一句话“Do you know there are two kinds of football games?”可知选 B。
2. A 点拨:由第二段前两句“In America, soccer is not very popular. They like playing American football.”可知选 A。
3. C
(二)4. T 点拨:由“There are eleven players in a team.”可知。
5. F 点拨:由“The ball is not round. It looks like a big egg.”可知。
6. T 点拨:由“In China, many young men like playing soccer.”可知。

期末复习训练部分

Unit 1 复习训练
重难点过关检测

词汇过关
一、1. very much 2. Welcome 3. meet 4. way; please 5. all

句型语法过关
二、1. around 2. for 3. to 4. from 5. in
三、1. C
2. B
3. C 点拨:how many + 可数名词复数。
4. B 5. A 点拨:说某种语言用 speak。
四、1. our 2. paint 点拨:情态动词 + 动词原形。
3. have 点拨:will + 动词原形。
4. Do; come
5. reads 点拨:主语为第三人称单数,谓语动词用单三形式。
五、1. We/I have
2. These are our libraries
3. How many; lessons; have
4. Do you often play
5. Gao Wei, Li Yan and Peter all like English very much.

综合运用过关
六、1. B 2. C 3. E 4. A 5. D
七、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. F 5. T

Unit 2 复习训练
重难点过关检测

词汇过关
一、1. A plane
2. C buses 点拨:由句中 two 可知,空处为复数,注意 bus 的复数形式为 buses。
3. D clothes 4. B train
二、1. coat 2. want 3. much 4. bike 5. about

句型语法过关
三、1. coaches 点拨:本题中 these 和 are 都是表示复数的词,故 coach 要用复数形式 coaches。
2. take 点拨:will 后面要加动词原形。
3. likes 点拨:主语是 Mary, 为第三人称单数。
4. them 点拨:try 为动词,动词后面的人称代词要用宾格形式。
5. me 点拨:show 为动词,动词后面的人称代词要用宾格形式。
四、1. for 点拨:for me 对我来说。
2. Which 点拨:which one 哪一个。
3. are 点拨:how much 之后加 be 动词,be 动词的形式(is 或者 are)由后面的主语决定,单数用 is,复数用 are。本题中主语为 these trousers,是复数,be 动词用 are。
4. is 点拨:How much 之后加 be 动词,be 动词的形式(is 或者 are)由后面的主语决定,单数用 is,复数用 are。本题中主语为 this pair of short pants, pair 是单数,be 动词用 is。
5. them 点拨:take 为动词,动词后面的人称代词要用宾格形式。
五、1. B
2. A 点拨:小口诀:try on, try on 不一般,试穿衣物放中间,单数 it 来相助,复数 them 去代班。本题中提到的衣服为单数,故选择 A。
3. B 点拨:本题中 this toy ship 之前没有 be 动词,故只能用 B 选项构成句子:这个玩具轮船怎么样?
4. A 点拨:本题主语为 The T-shirt,为第三人称单数,后面的动词也相应变成单三形式。
5. C 点拨:a pair of short pants 表示“一条短裤”。

综合运用过关
六、1. C 2. E 3. B 4. D 5. A
七、1. Can; help 2. How much 3. isn't
八、1. T 点拨:由对话第二句 Yes, I'd like to buy some tomatoes. 可知。
2. F 点拨:由对话第三句 These tomatoes are fresh. 可知。
3. F 点拨:由对话中 **B**:Two kilos, please. 可知。
4. T 点拨:由对话中
B: Five yuan a kilo? They're too expensive. What about four yuan a kilo?
A: Mmm, let me see. OK. How many do you want?
B: Two kilos, please. 可知 B 想要以 4 元一公斤的价格买两公斤,经过计算,一共是 8 元。

Unit 3 复习训练
重难点过关检测

词汇过关
一、1. wait 点拨:wait for the green light 等待绿灯。
2. ask; answer 点拨: ask or answer questions actively 积极地问答问题。
3. eat 点拨:eat in class 在课上吃东西。
4. make 点拨:make noise 制造噪音。
5. think 点拨:think carefully 认真思考。
二、1. too 点拨:watch TV too often 看电视太频繁。
2. for 点拨: wait for 等待。
3. on 点拨:play on the playground 在操场上玩耍。
4. of 点拨:take good care of yourself 照顾好你自己。
5. in 点拨:read in bed 在床上读书。

句型语法过关
三、1. C 点拨:上句句意为“杰克,到了该睡觉的时间了。”,杰克应回答“好的,妈妈”。
2. B 点拨: 本题为一般现在时,主语 Mary 是第三人称单数,否定句中助动词用 doesn't。
3. B 点拨:No doing. 不要做……,spit 变为 doing 形式为 spitting。
4. A 点拨:祈使句的否定形式为 Don't do, 因此需要用原形 be。
5. C 点拨: a good player 一位好运动员,形容词 good 修饰名词 player。
6. A
四、1. children 点拨:be 动词为 are,所以主语为复数,child 变复数为 children。
2. shouldn't 点拨:句意为“我们正在开会,所以你不应该制造噪音”。
3. do 4. takes 5. people
五、1. is not 点拨:原句谓语动词为 be 动词 is, be 动词的否定在 be 动词后加 not。根据两个空可知填写 is not。
2. What should; do 点拨:画线部分为动词词组,因此用 what 提问,句子开头单词首字母要大写。第三空,因 talk 已在画线部分,不能写入问句,因此用动词原形 do 代替。
3. Students should obey school rules.
4. Does; do 点拨:原句谓语动词为实义动词 do 的单三形式 does, 谓语动词为实义动词单三形式的句子改成一般疑问句时,要用 Does 提问,主语后的实义动词要用动词原形。

综合运用过关
六、1. A 2. D 3. C 4. B 5. E
七、1. T 点拨:根据文章中的“Every school has its own rules …”可知。
2. F 点拨: 根据文章中的“… we can bring drinks to school.”可知我们可以带饮料到学校,与题目冲突。
3. T 点拨: 根据文章中的“But we mustn't bring mobile phones to school.”可知。
4. T 点拨:根据文章中的“ We should study hard.”可知。
5. F 点拨: 根据文章中的“We must wear school uniforms.”可知在我们学校里,学生们必须穿校服。而题目则说可以穿自己喜欢的衣服,因此冲突。

Unit 4 复习训练
重难点过关检测

词汇过关
一、1. A 点拨:B、C 为名词,A 为动词。
2. B 点拨:A、C 为形容词,B 为名词。
3. A 点拨:B、C 为动词,A 为形容词。
4. C 点拨:A、B 为介词,C 为形容词。
5. C 点拨:A、B 为表示身体部位的名词,C 为球类名词。
二、1. with 2. to 3. take 4. turn 5. of
三、1. D 2. E 3. B 4. C 5. A 6. F

句型语法过关
四、1. C
2. C 点拨:dragon fruit 是不可数名词,所以 be 动词用 is。
3. C 4. C 5. A
6. A 点拨:本题中有助动词 does , 所以 feel 用原形。
7. B 8. A
五、1. worried 2. feeling
3. waiting 点拨:由本题中的 be 动词 are 可知,本题时态为现在进行时,所以要用 waiting。
4. them
5. better 点拨:much better“更好一些”。
六、1. What's wrong 2. doesn't feel 3. can't go
4. Here is a get-well card for him.
5. We bring her a lot of fruit.

综合运用过关
七、1. C 2. D 3. F 4. G 5. E
6. H 7. I 8. J 9. B 10. A
八、1. F 点拨:本题由短文第一段第一、二句可知。
2. F 点拨:本题由短文第一段第四句“We bring her some fruit and milk.”可知。
3. T 点拨:本题由短文第二段第一句话可知。
4. F 点拨:本题由短文第二段第四句可知担心的人是 Flora。
5. T 点拨:本题由短文中第二段最后一句可知。

Unit 5 复习训练
重难点过关检测

词汇过关
一、1. D
2. B 点拨:除 B 选项剩余选项都是介词,B 选项为冠词。
3. D 点拨:除 D 选项剩余选项都是形容词,D 选项为名词。
4. B 5. D
二、1. singing a song 2. No; isn't 3. writing an email 4. sitting
三、1. to
2. with 点拨:和……一起用“with”。
3. for 点拨:给……“for…”。
4. about 点拨:talk about“谈论”。
5. over 点拨:over there“在那里”。
6. in 点拨:in the picture“在图片里”。
7. on
8. so 点拨:I don't think so.“我不这么认为”。

句型语法过关
四、1. C 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. A

综合运用过关
五、1. E 2. B 3. D 4. C 5. A
六、1. isn't writing 点拨:变否定句在 be 动词后面加 not, 注意 is not 的缩写形式。
2. What's your 3. I'm not
4. What are they doing
5. Are you; your 点拨:变一般疑问句将 be 动词提前,首字母大写。把 I 变为 you, my 变为 your。
七、1. F 点拨:本题由短文第二句“It's Saturday morning.”可知。
2. F 点拨: 本题由短文第五句“My father is making a call.”可知。
3. F 点拨:本题由短文第七句“My brother and sister are playing computer games in the living room.”可知。
4. F 点拨:本题由短文第七句“My brother and sister are playing computer games in the living room.”可知。
5. F 点拨: 本题由短文倒数第二句“We are singing together in the study.” 可知。

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Unit 6　复习训练

重难点过关检测

词汇过关

一、1. D　2. D　3. D　4. B　5. C

二、1. B　点拨：here“在这里”。
2. D　点拨：look at …“看……”。
3. A　点拨：play…with…“和……玩……”。
4. E　点拨：How about you?“你呢?”。
5. C

句型语法过关

三、1. are watching
2. play　点拨：can 为情态动词，后加动词原形，故填 play。
3. those　点拨：由 boys 可知此题应该用复数，that 变 those。
4. go　点拨：Let's 后面的动词应该用原形，故填 go。
5. players　点拨：由题意可知本题应该填“运动员”，主语是 We，此题应该用复数。

四、1. C
2. A　点拨：play baseball“打棒球”。
3. C　点拨：How about doing sth.?“做某事怎么样?”。
4. B　点拨：由 Look! 可知本题应为现在进行时。
5. C

综合运用过关

五、1. Are you　2. What are; doing　3. What about
4. What are; doing　5. No; aren't

六、1. D　2. E　3. A　4. B　5. C

七、1. sport　2. football　3. two　4. too　5. tennis

全书听力专练(一)

听力材料：

一、1. meeting room　2. coach　3. trousers　4. very much
5. stand　6. volleyball

二、1. I like that toy jeep.
2. I want a pair of short pants.
3. Would you like to buy that motorbike?
4. How much is that pink coat?
5. Look at that beautiful toy train. How much is it?

三、1. **A**: Kate is ill today. Let's go and see her.
B: OK. I will bring her some chocolates.
2. **A**: Good morning, boys and girls. We should listen carefully in class.
B: OK, Miss Wu.
3. **A**: Can I help you?
B: Yes. I want a toy train.
4. **A**: What's wrong with you, Lucy?
B: I have a bad cold.
5. **A**: Good afternoon, Peter. What is your mother doing?
B: She is washing the clothes.

四、1. Can I help you?
2. How many English lessons do you have on Monday?
3. Welcome to our school!
4. How much are these shoes?
5. What do you usually do in your art club?

五、Hello! Welcome to our school! Let me show you around our school. Look! This is our library. We often borrow books from it. This way, please. That is our language lab. We often have English lessons there.

六、Hello! My name is Lisa. I'm eleven. I'm in Class Five, Grade Five. I have three lessons a day. I like PE best. This is my good friend. His name is Peter. He is eleven years old. He likes art best. He has five lessons a day. He often draws and paints in the art club.

答案：

一、1. B　2. C　3. B　4. A　5. B　6. A

二、E　B　D　C　A

三、1. A　2. C　3. B　4. C　5. A

四、1. B　2. A　3. A　4. C　5. A

五、1. Welcome　2. show　3. library　4. borrow　5. English
6. lessons

六、1. F　2. F　3. T　4. F　5. F

全书听力专练(二)

听力材料：

一、1. How are you feeling today?
2. Mum is washing the clothes.
3. The teachers are playing basketball.
4. Are they doing the long jump, too?
5. You must wait for the green light.

二、1. Look at those boys.
2. I'm making a call to my parents.
3. How many English lessons do you have on Monday?
4. How much is that blue toy train?
5. You mustn't cross the street when the light is red.

三、1. Welcome to my home!
2. How many English lessons do you have in the language lab?
3. Listen to the teacher carefully.
4. Don't be late for school.
5. I have a stomachache.

四、1. **A**: Look at Peter! He's playing tennis over there.
B: Yes, that's his favourite sport.
Question: What's Peter's favourite sport?
2. **A**: Can I help you?
B: Yes. I want that red jacket.
Question: What colour does she want?
3. **A**: Can I have a look at that pair of short pants?
B: Sure. Here you are.
A: How much are they?
B: They're ninety-five yuan.
Question: How much is that pair of short pants?
4. **A**: You have a bad cold, Peter. You should take some medicine and stay in bed.
B: Can I go to school tomorrow?
A: No, you can't. You should take a good rest.
Question: Can Peter go to school tomorrow?
5. **A**: Hi, Li Yan. What is your mother doing?
B: She's writing an email.
Question: What's Li Yan's mother doing?

五、Hello, everyone. Let me show you around our school. That is our playground. Some boys are playing basketball. Some girls are doing the high jump. How about the teachers? They are playing tennis. Look at the girl over there. She's running. She runs very fast. Football is my favourite sport. I also like playing computer games.

六、Good morning, everyone! My name is Gao Wei. I'm eleven years old. I'm a student in Class Five, Grade Six. I like playing tennis. This is my classmate, Li Yan. She's twelve years old. She likes playing ping-pong. She always plays it on Saturdays. Look at that man on the playground. He's my maths teacher, Mr Zhang. He's twenty-eight years old. He likes playing football very much. The woman next to him is Miss Liu, our English teacher. She is thirty-five years old. I like her lessons very much. Basketball is her favourite sport.

答案：

一、1. F　2. F　3. T　4. F　5. T

二、1. C　2. D　3. A　4. D　5. A

三、1. C　2. C　3. A　4. B　5. C

四、1. B　2. B　3. B　4. B　5. C

五、1. playground　2. basketball　3. high　4. tennis　5. running
6. runs　7. Football　8. favourite　9. sport　10. playing

六、1. 11　2. ping-pong　3. 28　4. English teacher
5. basketball

荣德基 主编

活页检测卷

后附全书参考答案及点拨

五年级 英语 下

R-精通版

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考点突破营

1. I have a bad cold. 我得了重感冒。

解析:实义动词 have 与表示疾病的名词连用,意为得某种疾病。如:have a headache。

2. Don't worry about your lessons. 不要担心你的课。

解析:本句为祈使句的否定形式,Don't 后面要用动词原形 worry。

Lesson 21 & 22

扫码听读

考点直通车

一、我要掌握的词汇

1. wait 等待　2. soon 快;不久　3. turn(依次轮到的)机会　4. open 打开　5. medicine 药
6. stay 停留　7. rest 休息　8. more 更多的　9. hope 希望　10. outside 在……外面
11. wrong 错的　12. with 和……一起　13. head 头　14. face 脸　15. ear 耳朵
16. arm 胳膊　17. have a toothache 牙痛　18. have a stomachache 胃痛
19. take some medicine 吃点儿药　20. take a good rest 好好休息　21. stay in bed 待在床上
22. some of... ……中的一些

二、我要掌握的句型

1. What's wrong with you? 你怎么了?
2. Can I go to school tomorrow? 我明天能去上学吗?

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

Just talk

原文	译文
Kate goes to the doctor with her mother. She sees many children there. Some of them have a fever. Some of them have a headache. They are waiting outside the doctor's room. Now it's Kate's turn.	凯特和她妈妈去看医生。她在那里看见了许多孩子。他们中的一些人发烧了。他们中的一些人头痛。他们正在医生的房间外等候。现在轮到凯特了。
Doctor: May I have your name?	**医生**:我可以知道你的名字吗?
Kate: My name is Kate.	**凯特**:我的名字是凯特。
Doctor: How old are you, Kate?	**医生**:你多大了,凯特?
Kate: I'm eleven.	**凯特**:我十一岁。
Doctor: What's wrong with you?	**医生**:你怎么了?
Kate: I have a fever and a headache.	**凯特**:我发烧并且头痛。

未经单中授权

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Doctor: Open your mouth. Say, "Ah..."	**医生**:张开你的嘴,说:"啊……"
Kate: Ah...	**凯特**:啊……
Doctor: You have a bad cold. You should take some medicine and stay in bed. You should drink more water.	**医生**:你得了重感冒。你应该吃点药并待在床上。你应该多喝水。
Kate: Can I go to school tomorrow?	**凯特**:我明天能去上学吗?
Doctor: No. You should take a good rest. I hope you will get well soon.	**医生**:不能。你应该好好休息。我希望你早日康复。
Kate: Thank you, Doctor.	**凯特**:谢谢你,医生。

考点突破营

1. What's wrong with you? 你怎么了?

解析:此句型用来询问对方身体出现了什么状况。"wrong"在此句子中意为"不正常"。

例句:—What's wrong with you? 你怎么了? —I have a toothache. 我牙痛。

2. Can I go to school tomorrow? 我明天能去上学吗?

解析:这是征求对方意见的句型。can 与 may 都可以表示"许可"。may 语气更委婉。句型结构:May / Can I + 动词原形 + 其他?

例句:May I go to the zoo, Mum? 我可以去动物园吗,妈妈?

Lesson 23&24

考点直通车

扫码听读

一、我要掌握的词汇

1. classmate 同班同学
2. chocolate 巧克力
3. dragon fruit 火龙果
4. better 更好的
5. bring 带来
6. feel 感觉
7. get-well card 康复卡
8. here 这里;在这里
9. for 为了……
10. a lot of 许多
11. help... with... 在……方面帮助……
12. feel much better 感觉好多了
13. be worried about... 担心……

二、我要掌握的句型

1. Here's a get-well card for you. 这是一张给你的康复卡。
2. How are you feeling today, Kate? 你今天感觉怎么样,凯特?

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翻译达人秀

课文朗读

Just talk

原文	译文
Kate is ill. Her classmates come to see her. They bring her a lot of things. They want to help her with her lessons. Kate feels very happy.	凯特病了。她的同班同学来看她。他们给她带来许多东西。他们想帮助她补习功课。凯特感到非常高兴。
Peter: How are you feeling today, Kate?	**彼得**:你今天感觉怎么样,凯特?
Kate: I feel much better.	**凯特**:我感觉好多了。
Gao Wei: Here is some kiwi fruit for you.	**高伟**:这是一些给你的猕猴桃。
Li Yan: I have some chocolates for you, too.	**李燕**:我还有一些巧克力送给你。
Lisa: Look, here's a get-well card for you.	**莉萨**:看,这是一张给你的康复卡。
Kate: Oh, thank you! But I'm worried about my lessons.	**凯特**:哦,谢谢你们! 但是我担心我的功课。
Gao Wei: Don't worry. I'll help you with your maths.	**高伟**:别担心。我将帮助你补习数学。
Bob: I'll help you with your English.	**鲍勃**:我将帮助你补习英语。
Li Yan: I'll help you with your Chinese.	**李燕**:我将帮助你补习语文。
Kate: Thank you very much.	**凯特**:非常感谢你们。

考点突破营

1. Here's a get-well card for you. 这是一张给你的康复卡。

解析:本句是倒装句,主语 a get-well card 放在 be 动词之后。倒装句是为了强调、突出等目的而颠倒原有语序的句式。

2. How are you feeling today, Kate? 你今天感觉怎么样,凯特?

解析:这是由 how 引导的特殊疑问句,询问对方的身体状况。同义句:How do you feel today?

Revision

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

Fun story

原文	译文
Micky: You don't look well, Mimi.	**米奇**:你看起来不太好,咪咪。
Mimi: I have a bad stomachache.	**咪咪**:我胃痛得厉害。
Micky: Let me take you to the hospital.	**米奇**:让我带你去医院吧。

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Doctor: What's wrong with you?	医生:你怎么了?
Mimi: I have a bad stomachache.	咪咪:我胃痛得厉害。
Mimi: Is it serious?	咪咪:很严重吗?
Doctor: No. You should take some medicine and have a good rest.	医生:不。你应该吃点药并好好休息。
Mimi: I don't want to take any medicine.	咪咪:我不想吃药。
Micky: Look! Here's an ice cream shop.	米奇:看!这是一家冰淇淋店。
Mimi: Your ice cream is bad for me!	咪咪:你的冰淇淋对我有害!
Micky: Why?	米奇:为什么?
Doctor: What did Mimi eat?	医生:咪咪吃了什么?
Micky: She ate a lot of ice cream.	米奇:她吃了很多冰淇淋。
Doctor: Oh, that's not good.	医生:哦,那不好。

Fun Facts

翻译达人秀

Reading for knowledge

课文朗读

原文	译文
Elizabeth Blackwell	**伊丽莎白·布莱克威尔**
Wang Li is a student. She wants to be a doctor. She often tells her friends the story about the first woman doctor. Her name was Elizabeth Blackwell.	王丽是一名学生。她想成为一名医生。她经常给她的朋友们讲关于第一位女医生的故事。她的名字是伊丽莎白·布莱克威尔。
Elizabeth had a great dream. She wanted to be a doctor. But in the past, it was not easy. No woman could be a doctor. No university wanted a girl student. But one school gave her a chance. It was the only chance, so she worked very hard. She became the top student in her class and she became the first woman doctor in the world.	伊丽莎白有一个伟大的梦想。她想成为一名医生。但是在过去,这是不容易的。没有女性可以成为医生。没有大学想要一名女学生。但是一所学校给了她一个机会。 这是唯一的机会,因此她非常努力地学习。她成为了她班级里的尖子生,并且她成为世界上第一位女医生。

采德集中点

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Unit 5 I'm cleaning my room.

Lesson 25 & 26

考点直通车

扫码听读

一、我要掌握的词汇

1. at home 在家　2. come here 来这里　3. this morning 今天上午　4. make a call 打电话
5. write an email 写电子邮件　6. wash the clothes 洗衣服　7. clean the room 打扫房间

二、我要掌握的句型

1. This is Lily speaking. 我是莉莉。
2. Can I speak to Grandpa? 我可以和(外)祖父通话吗?

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

Just talk

原文	译文
It is Saturday morning. Lily is calling her grandpa at home.	这是星期六上午。莉莉正在家给她(外)祖父打电话。
Lily: Hello! This is Lily speaking. Can I speak to Grandpa?	**莉莉**: 你好! 我是莉莉。我可以和(外)祖父通话吗?
Aunt: Yes. Hold on, please.	**婶婶**: 好的。请稍等。
Grandpa: Hi, Lily. This is Grandpa speaking. Are you coming here with your parents this morning?	**(外)祖父**: 你好,莉莉。我是(外)祖父。今天上午你和你父母会来这里吗?
Lily: Sorry, Grandpa. We're all very busy today. Dad is writing an email on the computer. Mum is washing the clothes.	**莉莉**: 抱歉,(外)祖父。我们今天都非常忙。爸爸正在用电脑写电子邮件。妈妈正在洗衣服。
Grandpa: Oh, dear! And what are you doing, Lily?	**(外)祖父**: 哦,天哪! 你正在做什么,莉莉?
Lily: I'm cleaning my room.	**莉莉**: 我正在打扫我的房间。
Grandpa: You're a good girl!	**(外)祖父**: 你是一个好女孩儿!

未经单中允

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考点突破营

1. This is Lily speaking. 我是莉莉。

解析:此句型是打电话用语。“This is...”意为“我是……”,打电话时用于介绍自己,speaking可以省略。句型结构:This is + 某人(+ speaking). 我是……

2. Can I speak to Grandpa? 我可以和(外)祖父通话吗?

解析:此句型是打电话用语。“Can I speak to...?”意为“我可以和……通话吗?”或“……在吗?”。情态动词 can 也可以换为 may。句型结构:Can/May I speak to + 某人? 我可以和……通话吗?

Lesson 27 & 28

考点直通车

扫码听读

一、我要掌握的词汇

1. prepare 使做好准备　2. famous 著名的　3. look at 看　4. tell a story 讲故事
5. a beautiful song 一首动听的歌曲　6. sing a song 唱歌　7. play the guitar 弹吉他
8. play the violin 拉小提琴

二、我要掌握的句子

1. He's telling a story about the funny hat. 他正在讲关于这顶滑稽帽子的一个故事。
2. What's Li Yan doing? 李燕正在干什么?
3. What a beautiful song! 多么动听的歌曲啊!

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

Just talk

原 文	译 文
Peter and his classmates are preparing for an English party. Yang Ming and Mary are watching them.	彼得和他的同班同学们正在准备一个英语聚会。杨明和玛丽正在看他们。
Yang Ming: Look at Peter! He's wearing a funny hat.	**杨明**:看彼得! 他正戴着一顶滑稽的帽子。
Mary: Wow! How cool! What's he doing?	**玛丽**:哇! 多么酷啊! 他正在做什么?

荣德集中点

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Yang Ming: He's telling a story about the funny hat.	**杨明**:他正在讲关于这顶滑稽帽子的一个故事。
Mary: What's Li Yan doing?	**玛丽**:李燕正在干什么?
Yang Ming: She's singing a very famous English song.	**杨明**:她正在唱一首非常著名的英语歌曲。
Mary: Wow! What a beautiful song! What are you doing, Yang Ming?	**玛丽**:哇! 多么动听的歌曲啊! 你正在做什么,杨明?
Yang Ming: I'm singing, too.	**杨明**:我也在唱歌。

考点突破营

1. He's telling a story about the funny hat. 他正在讲关于这顶滑稽帽子的一个故事。

解析:此句型用于表达某人正在做某事,是一个现在进行时的句子。he's 是 he is 的缩写形式。

句型结构:主语 + be + 动词的-ing 形式 + 其他. 某人正在……

2. What's Li Yan doing? 李燕正在干什么?

解析:此句型用于询问某人正在做什么,动作发生的时间是"现在",动作的状态是"正在进行"。

句型结构:What + be + 主语 + doing? ……正在做什么?

3. What a beautiful song! 多么动听的歌曲啊!

解析:感叹句是用来表示人的喜、怒、哀、乐等强烈情感的句子,句末通常用感叹号,用 what 或 how 引导。

句型结构:What(+ a / an) + 形容词 + 名词! 相当于 How + 形容词(+ a / an) + 名词!

例句:What a beautiful kite! = How beautiful a kite! 多么漂亮的风筝啊!

Lesson 29 & 30

考点直通车

扫码听读

一、我要掌握的词汇

1. cousin 表(堂)兄弟;表(堂)姐妹
2. stand 站立
3. sit 坐下
4. look at the picture 看图片
5. in the picture 在图片里
6. talk about 谈论……

二、我要掌握的句子

Is he looking at the moon? 他正在看月亮吗?

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翻译达人秀


课文朗读

Just talk

原文	译文
Peter: Hi, Kate! What are you doing here?	彼得:你好,凯特!你正在这里做什么?
Kate: I'm looking at the picture. Look at the man in it. Is he looking at the moon?	凯特:我正在看这张图片。看图片里的这个男人。他正在看月亮吗?
Peter: No, he isn't. He's looking at the sun.	彼得:不,他没有。他正在看太阳。
Kate: I don't think so. He's looking at the moon. It's not the sun.	凯特:我认为不是这样。他正在看月亮。那不是太阳。
Li Yan: Hi, Peter and Kate. This is my cousin.	李燕:你们好,彼得和凯特。这是我的表妹。
Cousin: Hello! Glad to meet you.	表妹:你们好!见到你们很高兴。
Li Yan: What are you doing here?	李燕:你们正在这里做什么?
Peter: We are talking about this picture.	彼得:我们正在谈论这张照片。
Kate: Li Yan, look at the man in the picture. Is he looking at the moon?	凯特:李燕,看这张图片里的这个男人。他正在看月亮吗?
Peter: Is he looking at the sun?	彼得:他正在看太阳吗?
Li Yan: No, he isn't. He is just standing there.	李燕:不,他没有。他只是站在那里。
Cousin: No. He's only singing over there.	表妹:不。他只是在那里唱歌。

考点突破营

Is he looking at the moon? 他正在看月亮吗?

解析:此句型为现在进行时的一般疑问句,询问他人是否正在做某事,主语是第三人称单数时,be动词用 is。句型结构:Be + 主语 + 动词的-ing 形式 + 其他? ……正在……吗?

Revision

翻译达人秀


课文朗读

Fun story

原文	译文
Mimi: Hello, Rabbit! What are you doing now?	咪咪:你好,兔子!你现在正在干什么呢?

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Rabbit: Hi, Mimi! I'm cleaning my room. How about you?

Mimi: I'm having my breakfast. Then I'm going for a walk in the park.

Rabbit: I can see Micky standing outside. Hold on, please.

Rabbit: Hey, Micky! What are you doing? What are you looking at?

Micky: I'm _____ in the sky.

兔子:你好,咪咪!我正在打扫我的房间。你呢?

咪咪:我正在吃早餐。之后我要去公园里散步。

兔子:我能看到米奇正站在外面。请稍等。

兔子:你好,米奇!你正在干什么?你正在看什么?

米奇:我正在_____天空中的。

Fun Facts

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

Reading for knowledge

原文	译文
Animals in a Circus Show	**马戏团表演的动物们**
All children like to watch circus shows. Now the show begins.	所有的孩子都喜欢观看马戏团表演。现在表演开始。
Music plays. Two elephants are dancing. One is standing up on two legs. The other is sitting on a small chair. Here is a bear. It is walking on a wooden stick. Then, three monkeys run in. They are climbing up a ladder. Another monkey is painting a picture.	音乐响起。两只大象正在跳舞。一只用双腿站立。另一只坐在一张小椅子上面。这儿有一只熊。它正在木棍上走路。然后,三只猴子跑进来了。它们正在爬梯子。另一只猴子正在画画。
The people are laughing and enjoying the show. Many people like to see circus shows. They are good fun. But, is it good fun for the animals? Some scientists do not think it is good for animals and children. They think wild animals should go back to the mountains or the forests. They should not work for us this way.	人们正在大笑并享受着这场表演。许多人喜欢观看马戏团表演。它们非常有趣。但是,这对于动物们来说真的有趣吗? 一些科学家认为这对动物和孩子们是没有好处的。他们认为野生动物应该回归大山或森林。他们不应该这样为我们工作。

未经典中点

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Unit 6 We're watching the games.

Lesson 31 & 32

考点直通车

扫码听读

一、我要掌握的词汇

1. those 那些
2. well 令人满意的;好
3. football 足球
4. basketball 篮球
5. game 比赛;游戏
6. foot(feet)脚(复数)
7. playground 操场

二、我要掌握的句型

1. How about the teachers? 老师们呢?
2. They're playing basketball. 他们正在打篮球。

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

Just talk

原文	译文
Gao Wei: Hello, everyone. Let's go and watch the games on the playground!	高伟:大家好。让我们去操场上观看比赛吧!
Students: OK. Let's go!	学生们:好的。让我们走吧!
Gao Wei: Look at those boys. They are playing football.	高伟:看看那些男孩们。他们正在踢足球。
Li Yan: And the girls are playing volleyball.	李燕:并且这些女孩们正在打排球。
Gao Wei: How about the teachers?	高伟:老师们呢?
Peter: Look! They're playing basketball.	彼得:看!他们正在打篮球。
Students: Wow! They're playing very well.	学生们:哇!他们打得非常好。
PE teacher: Hi, boys and girls! What are you doing here?	体育老师:同学们好!你们在这里做什么呢?
Students: Oh, we're watching the games!	学生们:哦,我们正在观看比赛!

考点突破营

1. How about the teachers? 老师们呢?

解析:此句型用来对谈论的事物进行补充或问候,也可用"What about...?"表达。

句型结构:How about + 某人或某物? 某人或某物呢?

例句:How about the boys? 男孩们呢?

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2. They're playing basketball. 他们正在打篮球。

解析:此句型表示某些人在此刻或目前这段时间内正在做某事,时态是现在进行时。此句型中,主语是复数 They,be 动词用 are。

句型结构:主语(复数形式) + are + 动词的-ing 形式(+ 其他).

Lesson 33 & 34

考点直通车

扫码听读

一、我要掌握的词汇

1. with 和……一起　2. really 确实,的确　3. Miss 小姐　4. Ms 女士
5. Mr 先生　6. Mrs 太太　7. favourite 最喜欢的　8. sport 运动

二、我要掌握的句子

1. Look at Mr Zhang and Miss Liu! 看看张老师和刘老师!
2. That's my favourite sport! 那是我最喜欢的运动!
3. Can I play it with you? 我能和你一起玩它吗?

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

Just talk

原 文	译 文
Peter: Hi, Li Yan! Look at Mr Zhang and Miss Liu!	**彼得**:嗨,李燕! 看看张老师和刘老师!
Li Yan: What are they doing?	**李燕**:他们正在干什么?
Peter: They're playing badminton.	**彼得**:他们正在打羽毛球。
Li Yan: How about Mr Liu and Miss Qi?	**李燕**:刘老师和齐老师呢?
Peter: They're playing tennis.	**彼得**:他们正在打网球。
Li Yan: Look at Zhou Pei and Kate!	**李燕**:看看周培和凯特!
Peter: Wow! They're playing ping-pong. That's my favourite sport!	**彼得**:哇! 他们正在打乒乓球。那是我最喜欢的运动!
Li Yan: Really? Can I play it with you?	**李燕**:真的吗? 我能和你一起玩它吗?
Peter: Certainly!	**彼得**:当然!

未经典中许

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考点突破营

1. Look at Mr Zhang and Miss Liu! 看看张老师和刘老师!

解析:look 意为"看",当表示具体看的内容时,要在 look 后面加上介词 at, at 后面如果接人称代词,人称代词用宾格形式。句型结构:Look at + 其他. 看看……

2. That's my favourite sport! 那是我最喜欢的运动!

解析:此句型用于表达某人最喜欢的运动,因为主语为指示代词,所以 be 动词用 is。

句型结构:指示代词 + is my favourite sport. ……是我最喜欢的运动。

3. Can I play it with you? 我能和你一起玩它吗?

解析:此句型用于询问自己是否能和对方一起做某事。can 意为"可以,能",是情态动词,引导的一般疑问句可以表示向对方提出请求。

句型结构: Can + I + 动词 + 名词/代词 + with you? 我能和你一起……吗?

Lesson 35 & 36

考点直通车

扫码听读

一、我要掌握的词汇

1. runner 跑步者　2. fast 快速　3. run 跑;跑步　4. do the high jump 跳高
5. do the long jump 跳远　6. high jump 跳高　7. long jump 跳远　8. run fast 跑得快

二、我要掌握的句型

1. Are you watching the high jump? 你正在观看跳高吗?
2. Are they doing the high jump, too? 他们也正在跳高吗?

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

Just talk

原 文	译 文
Zhou Pei: Hi, Peter! Are you watching the high jump?	**周培:**你好,彼得! 你正在观看跳高吗?

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Peter: Yes, I am. Look! The girls are doing the high jump.	**彼得**:是的,我在看。看!这些女孩们正在跳高。
Zhou Pei: Look at the boys! Are they doing the high jump, too?	**周培**:看这些男孩们!他们也正在跳高吗?
Peter: No, they aren't. They're doing the long jump.	**彼得**:不,他们没有。他们正在跳远。
Zhou Pei: Look! The young girls are running.	**周培**:看!这些年轻的女孩们正在跑步。
Peter and Zhou Pei: GO! GO! GO!	**彼得和周培**:加油!加油!加油!
Peter: Wow! They're running so fast.	**彼得**:哇!她们跑得真快!
Zhou Pei and Peter: Hooray! They're all good runners!	**周培和彼得**:太棒了!他们都是好的跑步者!

考点突破营

1. Are you watching the high jump? 你正在观看跳高吗?

解析:此句型是一个现在进行时的一般疑问句,询问对方是否正在做某事,因为句中主语是you,所以 be 动词用 are。句型结构:Are you + 动词的-ing 形式 + 其他? 你正在……吗?

例句:Are you doing the high jump? 你们正在跳高吗?

2. Are they doing the high jump, too? 他们也正在跳高吗?

解析:此句型是一个现在进行时的一般疑问句,询问……是否也正在做某事。too 意为"也",位于句末。句型结构:Are they + 动词的-ing 形式 + 其他, too? 他们也正在……吗?

Revision

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

Fun story

原 文	译 文
Mimi: Where are you going, Micky?	**咪咪**:米奇,你要去哪儿呀?
Micky: I'm going to the Animals' Olympic Games.	**米奇**:我要去动物们的奥林匹克运动会。
Mimi: I want to go, too.	**咪咪**:我也想去。
Micky: The animals are watching the games over there.	**米奇**:动物们正在那边观看比赛。
Mimi: Look at the elephants. They are playing basketball. Are they going to win?	**咪咪**:看看这些大象。他们正在打篮球。他们会赢吗?

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Micky: Come on, dolphins! The seals are swimming fast. Come on, dolphins!

Mimi: The animals are running very fast. Who will win, the lion, the deer or the camel?

Micky: The horse is doing the high jump. The giraffe is also going to do the high jump. Who will win? Can you guess?

米奇:加油,海豚们! 海豹们正在快速地游泳。加油,海豚们!

咪咪:动物们跑得非常快。谁会赢呢,狮子,鹿,还是骆驼?

米奇:这匹马正在跳高。这只长颈鹿也将要去跳高。谁会赢呢? 你能猜一猜吗?

Fun Facts

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

Reading for knowledge

原文	译文
Badminton	**羽毛球**
Who are the world's best badminton players today? The Chinese badminton team is. Li Wen and Zhang Ming are playing badminton in the park.	谁是当今世界最好的羽毛球运动员? 中国的羽毛球队是。李文和张明正在公园里打羽毛球。
Zhang Ming: Why is this game called badminton?	**张明**:为什么这项运动被称为羽毛球?
Li Wen: It is the name of a house in England.	**李文**:它是英国的一所房子的名称。
Zhang Ming: A house? Really?	**张明**:一所房子? 真的吗?
Li Wen: That's right. It was called Badminton House. A duke lived there. He and his friends enjoyed playing the game. So they wrote down the rules of the game at Badminton House. After that, other people followed the rules to play the game. It was a popular game to play in their gardens.	**李文**:对。它被称为"羽毛球房子"。一位公爵住在那里。他和他的朋友们喜欢做这项运动。所以他们在羽毛球房子写下了这项运动的规则。从那以后,其他人遵守这些规则来做这项运动。在他们的花园里做这项运动也是很流行的。
Zhang Ming: So the English were the first to play the game!	**张明**:因此英国人是最早做这项运动的人。
Li Wen: That's true. But today, England is not a badminton champion.	**李文**:对。但是当今英国不是羽毛球冠军国家。

荣德基作业

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Fun Time 2

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

Let's read and act

原文	译文
The tiger is a big animal. He is the King of all the animals. He does not obey any rules. All the other animals must obey his rules. Who didn't obey my rules today? The duck, Great Tiger King. What are the rules of the Tiger King? ①Everyone must do the housework for Tiger King. Mr Elephant must clean the house. Miss Mouse must cook food for him. Miss Rabbit must wash his clothes. ②You must work hard. Don't get up late. ③Don't cross the road when Tiger King is in his car. Honk! Honk!	老虎是一只大动物。他是所有的动物之王。他不遵守任何规则。所有的其他动物都必须遵守他的规则。 今天谁没遵守规则？鸭子，伟大的老虎大王。 老虎大王的规则是什么？ ①每个人必须为老虎大王做家务。大象先生必须打扫房子。老鼠小姐必须为他做饭。兔子小姐必须洗他的衣服。 ②你必须努力工作。不要很晚起床。 ③当老虎大王坐在车里的时候，不要过马路。嘟嘟！嘟嘟！

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

Cultural link

原文	译文
National sports around the world Ping-pong is the national sport of China. Today, China is the world champion in ping-pong in the Olympics and in nearly all other world competitions. Cricket is the national sport of Britain. English people played cricket 400 years ago. Now many people in Australia, New Zealand and many other countries play it, too. Baseball is the national sport of America. Many children, both boys and girls, enjoy playing the game. Rugby is the national sport of Australia and New Zealand. Rugby is a tough game. Only big and strong men or boys play it. The national sport of Canada is ice hockey. They sometimes also call it "Canadian hockey". It is a popular game for both boys and girls all over the country.	**世界各地的国家运动** 乒乓球是中国的国家运动。当今，中国是奥运会和几乎所有其他的世界比赛的乒乓球世界冠军。 板球是英国的国家运动。英国人四百年前就玩板球了。现在许多澳大利亚人、新西兰人和许多其他国家的人也玩板球。 棒球是美国的国家运动。许多孩子，包括男孩和女孩，都喜欢玩这种游戏。 橄榄球是澳大利亚和新西兰的国家运动。橄榄球是一种粗暴的游戏。只有高大并且强壮的男人或男孩玩这种游戏。 加拿大的国家运动是冰球。他们有时也称它为"加拿大冰球"。对全国的男孩和女孩来说，它是一种受欢迎的游戏。

英德典点

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Unit 1 Welcome to our school!

Lesson 1 & Lesson 2

一、英汉互译。

1. 图书馆_____ 2. borrow _____ 3. 欢迎_____

4. 相遇;开会_____ 5. 我们的_____

二、重点短语。

1. borrow books _____ 2. have a meeting _____ 3. meeting room _____

三、英汉互译。

1. 欢迎来到我们学校! _____

2. We often borrow books from the library.

_____

Lesson 3 & Lesson 4

一、汉译英。

1. 我们_____ 2. 有_____

3. 喜欢_____ 4. 所有;全部_____

二、重点短语。

1. science lesson _____ 2. 非常;很_____ 3. science lab _____

4. language lab _____ 5. English lesson _____ 6. how many _____

7. in a week _____

三、英汉互译。

1. 你们一周有多少节英语课? _____

2. 我们有三节。_____

3. How many science lessons do you have in the science lab?

_____

4. We have one science lesson in the science lab.

_____

Lesson 5 & Lesson 6

一、汉译英。

1. 许多_____ 2. 路;道路_____

3. 请_____ 4. 也;同样_____

二、重点短语。

1. art club _____ 2. paint a picture _____

3. music club _____ 4. play the piano _____

三、英汉互译。

1. 你们一周有多少节音乐课? _____

2. 我们有两节。_____

3. We often draw pictures in our art club.

_____

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Unit 2 Can I help you?

Lesson 7 & Lesson 8

一、汉译英。

1. 能_____　2. 帮助_____　3. 想;想要_____
4. 玩具_____　5. 火车_____　6. 飞机_____
7. 轮船_____　8. 小船_____

二、重点短语。

1. toy train _____　2. toy plane _____
3. toy boat _____　4. toy ship _____

三、英汉互译。

1. 我能帮你(们)吗? _____
2. 好的。我想要一个玩具火车。_____
3. How much is it? _____
4. It's fifty-six yuan. _____

Lesson 9 & Lesson 10

一、英汉互译。

1. motorbike _____　2. jeep _____　3. coach _____
4. 买_____　5. 自行车_____　6. 小汽车_____
7. 公共汽车_____　8. 出租车_____

二、英汉互译。

1. What can I do for you? _____
2. I want to buy a motorbike. _____
3. 它多少钱? _____
4. 它八十五元。_____

Lesson 11 & Lesson 12

一、英汉互译。

1. trousers _____　2. 试_____
3. 大衣_____　4. 衣服_____

二、重点短语。

短裤_____

三、英汉互译。

1. 这些短裤多少钱? _____
2. 它们六十五元。_____
3. Would you show me that pair of short pants?

_____

4. Sure. Here you are.

_____

未德集中点

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Unit 3 We should obey the rules.

Lesson 13 & Lesson 14

一、英汉互译。

1. 问_____ 2. 回答_____ 3. 吃_____
4. 制造;做_____ 5. 想_____ 6. 晚;迟到_____
7. 班_____ 8. question _____ 9. actively _____
10. quiet _____

二、重点短语。

1. school rules _____ 2. make noise _____
3. on time _____ 4. in class _____

三、英汉互译。

1. 积极地问并回答问题。_____
2. 保持安静。_____
3. 不要制造噪音。_____
4. 不要在课堂上吃东西。_____
5. Listen to the teacher carefully. _____
6. Don't be late for class/school. _____

Lesson 15 & Lesson 16

一、重点短语。

1. keep your room clean _____ 2. 做家务_____
3. read in bed _____ 4. go home late _____
5. 回家_____ 6. 起床_____
7. 去睡觉_____

二、英译汉。

1. You should go to bed early. _____
2. You shouldn't read in bed. _____

Lesson 17 & Lesson 18

一、英汉互译。

1. 等待_____ 2. 拿;乘坐_____ 3. 年轻的_____
4. 人;人们_____ 5. litter _____ 6. 孩子(单数)_____
7. 孩子(复数)_____

二、重点短语。

1. pick flowers _____ 2. play on the street _____
3. take good care of young children _____ 4. keep off the grass _____
5. help old people _____

三、英译汉。

1. You must wait for the green light. _____
2. You mustn't cross the street when the light is red.

_____

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Unit 4 What's wrong with you?

Lesson 19 & Lesson 20

一、汉译英。

1. 亲爱的_____　2. 有病的_____　3. 严重的;厉害的_____
4. 害怕_____　5. 担心,着急_____

二、重点短语。

1. have a bad cold _____　2. have a fever _____
3. have a headache _____　4. have a cough _____
5. speak to . . . _____　6. worry about . . . _____
7. go to a doctor _____　8. take good care of. . . _____

三、汉译英。

1. 我今天生病了。_____
2. 我得了重感冒。_____
3. 不要担心你的功课。_____
4. 我将帮你补习功课。_____
5. 照顾好你自己。_____

Lesson 21 & Lesson 22

一、汉译英。

1. 错的_____　2. 和……一起_____　3. 头_____
4. 脸_____　5. 耳朵_____　6. 胳膊_____

二、重点短语。

1. have a toothache _____　2. have a stomachache _____
3. take some medicine _____　4. take a good rest _____
5. stay in bed _____　6. drink more water _____

三、汉译英。

1. 你怎么了?_____
2. 我头痛。_____
3. 我明天能去上学吗?_____
4. 不,你应该好好休息。_____
5. 我希望你早日康复。_____

Lesson 23 & Lesson 24

一、汉译英。

1. 带来_____　2. 感觉_____　3. 康复卡_____
4. 这里;在这里_____　5. 为了……;给……_____

二、英译汉。

1. chocolate _____　2. dragon fruit _____　3. a lot of _____
4. help. . . with. . . _____　5. be worried about. . . _____

三、汉译英。

1. 这是一张给你的康复卡。_____
2. 你今天感觉怎么样?_____
3. 我感觉好多了。_____
4. 他们想帮她补习功课。_____
5. 凯特感觉很开心。_____

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Unit 5 I'm cleaning my room.

Lesson 25 & Lesson 26

一、汉译英。

1. 写电子邮件_____ 2. 打扫房间_____

3. 洗衣服_____ 4. 打电话_____

二、英译汉。

1. this morning _____ 2. come here _____ 3. speak _____

4. busy _____ 5. at home _____ 6. dear _____

三、汉译英。

1. 莉莉正在家给她(外)祖父打电话。_____

2. 爸爸正在用电脑写电子邮件。_____

3. 妈妈正在洗衣服。_____

4. 我正在打扫房间。_____

5. 今天上午你会和你父母来这里吗?_____

Lesson 27 & Lesson 28

一、汉译英。

1. 一首动听的歌曲_____ 2. 讲故事 _____

3. 唱歌_____ 4. 弹吉他_____ 5. 拉小提琴 _____

二、英译汉。

1. look at _____ 2. funny _____ 3. prepare _____

4. classmate _____ 5. an English party _____ 6. wear _____

三、汉译英。

1. 他正在干什么?_____

2. 他正在讲关于这顶滑稽帽子的一个故事。_____

3. 多么动听的歌曲啊!_____

4. 李燕正在做什么?_____

5. 她正在唱歌。_____

Lesson 29 & Lesson 30

一、汉译英。

1. 太阳_____ 2. 看图片_____ 3. 站立_____

4. 谈论……_____ 5. 坐;坐下_____

二、英译汉。

1. over there _____ 2. cousin _____ 3. moon _____

4. in the picture _____ 5. just _____ 6. bird _____

7. only _____

三、汉译英。

1. 他正在看太阳。_____

2. 我们正在谈论这张照片。_____

3. 看这张图片里的这个男人。_____

4. 你正在看这幅图片吗?_____

5. 你(们)正在这里做什么?_____

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Unit 6 We're watching the games.

Lesson 31 & Lesson 32

一、汉译英。

1. 比赛;游戏_____　2. 脚(单数)_____　3. 脚(复数)_____
4. 足球_____　5. 篮球_____　6. 操场_____

二、重点短语。

1. play football _____　2. play volleyball _____
3. play basketball _____　4. watch the games _____

三、汉译英。

1. 让我们去操场上观看比赛吧! _____
2. 他们玩得非常好。_____
3. 我们正在观看比赛。_____
4. 女孩们正在打排球。_____
5. 老师们正在打篮球。_____

Lesson 33 & Lesson 34

一、汉译英。

1. 打乒乓球_____　2. 小姐_____　3. 女士_____
4. 最喜欢的_____　5. 运动_____　6. 先生_____
7. 太太_____

二、重点短语。

1. play badminton _____　2. play tennis _____
3. play baseball _____　4. play... with... _____
5. how about... _____　6. look at... _____

三、汉译英。

1. 我能和你一起玩它吗? _____
2. 你们正在干什么? _____
3. 我们正在打乒乓球。_____
4. 他们正在干什么? _____
5. 他们正在打网球。_____

Lesson 35 & Lesson 36

一、汉译英。

1. 跑;跑步_____　2. 跳高_____　3. 跳远_____

二、重点短语。

1. do the high jump _____　2. run fast _____
3. do the long jump _____　4. watch the high jump _____
5. good runner _____　6. young girl _____

三、汉译英。

1. 他们跑得真快。_____
2. 你正在观看跳高吗? _____
3. 是的,我们正在观看跳高。_____
4. 他们也正在跳远吗? _____
5. 不,他们没在跳远。_____

英德典中点

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参考答案

Unit 1 Welcome to our school!

Lesson 1 & Lesson 2

一、1. library 2.(向某人、从某人)借
3. welcome 4. meet 5. our
二、1. 借书 2. 开会 3. 会议室
三、1. Welcome to our school!
2. 我们经常从图书馆借书。

Lesson 3 & Lesson 4

一、1. we 2. have 3. like 4. all
二、1. 科学课 2. very much 3. 科学实验室
4. 语言实验室 5. 英语课 6. 多少
7. 在一周内
三、1. How many English lessons do you have in a week?
2. We have three.
3. 你们在科学实验室上多少节科学课?
4. 我们在科学实验室上一节科学课。

Lesson 5 & Lesson 6

一、1. many 2. way 3. please 4. also
二、1. 美术(艺术)俱乐部 2.(用颜料)绘画
3. 音乐俱乐部 4. 弹钢琴
三、1. How many music lessons do you have in a week?
2. We have two.
3. 我们经常在我们的美术俱乐部画画。

Unit 2 Can I help you?

Lesson 7 & Lesson 8

一、1. can 2. help 3. want 4. toy 5. train
6. plane 7. ship 8. boat
二、1. 玩具火车 2. 玩具飞机 3. 玩具小船
4. 玩具轮船
三、1. Can I help you?
2. Yes. I want a toy train.
3. 它多少钱?
4. 它五十六元。

Lesson 9 & Lesson 10

一、1. 摩托车 2. 吉普车 3. 长途旅游车
4. buy 5. bike 6. car 7. bus 8. taxi
二、1. 我可以为你(们)做些什么?
2. 我想买一辆(玩具)摩托车。
3. How much is it?
4. It's eighty-five yuan.

Lesson 11 & Lesson 12

一、1. 裤子;长裤 2. try 3. coat 4. clothes
二、short pants
三、1. How much are these short pants?
2. They're sixty-five yuan.
3. 你可以给我看看那条短裤吗?
4. 当然。给你。

Unit 3 We should obey the rules.

Lesson 13 & Lesson 14

一、1. ask 2. answer 3. eat 4. make
5. think 6. late 7. class 8. 问题
9. 积极地 10. 安静的
二、1. 校规 2. 喧闹;制造噪音 3. 准时
4. 在课堂上
三、1. Ask and answer questions actively.
2. Be quiet.
3. Don't make noise.
4. Don't eat in class.
5. 认真听老师讲课。
6. 上课/学不要迟到。

Lesson 15 & Lesson 16

一、1. 保持房间清洁 2. do housework
3. 在床上看书 4. 晚回家
5. go home 6. get up 7. go to bed
二、1. 你应该早点儿去睡觉。
2. 你不应该在床上看书。

Lesson 17 & Lesson 18

一、1. wait 2. take 3. young 4. people
5. 乱丢杂物 6. child 7. children
二、1. 摘花
2. 在街道上玩耍
3. 照看好儿童
4. 不要进入草地
5. 帮助老人
三、1. 你必须等待绿灯。
2. 红灯时,你不能穿过街道。

Unit 4 What's wrong with you?

Lesson 19 & Lesson 20

一、1. dear 2. ill 3. bad 4. afraid 5. worry
二、1. 重感冒 2. 发烧 3. 头痛 4. 咳嗽
5. 与……通电话 6. 担心……
7. 去看医生 8. 照顾好……
三、1. I'm ill today.
2. I have a bad cold.
3. Don't worry about your lessons.

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4. I'll help you with your lessons.
5. Take good care of yourself.

Lesson 21 & Lesson 22

一、1. wrong　2. with　3. head　4. face　5. ear
6. arm
二、1. 牙痛　2. 胃痛　3. 吃点儿药
4. 好好休息　5. 待在床上　6. 多喝水
三、1. What's wrong with you?
2. I have a headache.
3. Can I go to school tomorrow?
4. No, you should take a good rest.
5. I hope you will get well soon.

Lesson 23 & Lesson 24

一、1. bring　2. feel　3. get-well card　4. here　5. for
二、1. 巧克力　2. 火龙果　3. 许多
4. 在……方面帮助……　5. 担心……
三、1. Here's a get-well card for you.
2. How are you feeling today?
3. I feel much better.
4. They want to help her with her lessons.
5. Kate feels very happy.

Unit 5　I'm cleaning my room.

Lesson 25 & Lesson 26

一、1. write an email　2. clean the room
3. wash the clothes　4. make a call
二、1. 今天上午　2. 来这里　3. 谈;谈话
4. 忙碌的　5. 在家　6. 亲爱的
三、1. Lily is calling her grandpa at home.
2. Dad is writing an email on the computer.
3. Mum is washing the clothes.
4. I'm cleaning the room.
5. Are you coming here with your parents this morning?

Lesson 27 & Lesson 28

一、1. a beautiful song
2. tell a story
3. sing a song
4. play the guitar
5. play the violin
二、1. 看……　2. 有趣的　3. 使做好准备
4. 同班同学　5. 一个英语聚会　6. 穿;戴
三、1. What's he doing?
2. He's telling a story about the funny hat.
3. What a beautiful song!
4. What's Li Yan doing?
5. She's singing a song.

Lesson 29 & Lesson 30

一、1. sun　2. look at the picture　3. stand
4. talk about　5. sit
二、1. 在那里　2. 表(堂)兄弟;表(堂)姐妹
3. 月亮　4. 在这张图片里
5. 仅　6. 鸟　7. 只有
三、1. He's looking at the sun.
2. We're talking about the picture.
3. Look at the man in the picture.
4. Are you looking at the picture?
5. What are you doing here?

Unit 6　We're watching the games.

Lesson 31 & Lesson 32

一、1. game　2. foot　3. feet　4. football
5. basketball　6. playground
二、1. 踢足球　2. 打排球　3. 打篮球
4. 观看比赛
三、1. Let's go and watch the games on the playground!
2. They are playing very well.
3. We are watching the games.
4. The girls are playing volleyball.
5. The teachers are playing basketball.

Lesson 33 & Lesson 34

一、1. play ping-pong　2. Miss　3. Ms
4. favourite　5. sport　6. Mr　7. Mrs
二、1. 打羽毛球　2. 打网球　3. 打棒球
4. 和……玩……　5. ……怎么样
6. 看看……
三、1. Can I play it with you?
2. What are you doing?
3. We are playing ping-pong.
4. What are they doing?
5. They are playing tennis.

Lesson 35 & Lesson 36

一、1. run　2. high jump　3. long jump
二、1. 跳高　2. 跑得快　3. 跳远
4. 观看跳高　5. 好的跑步者
6. 年轻的女孩
三、1. They are running so fast.
2. Are you watching the high jump?
3. Yes, we are watching the high jump.
4. Are they doing the long jump, too?
5. No, they aren't doing the long jump.

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