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五年级 英语 下

BJ 版

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吉林教育出版社

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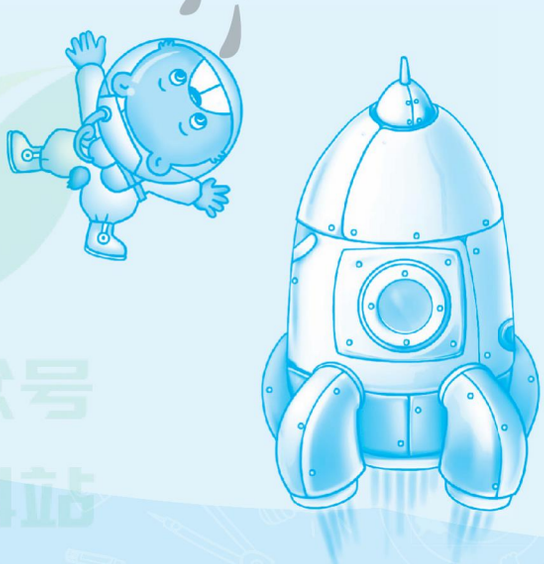

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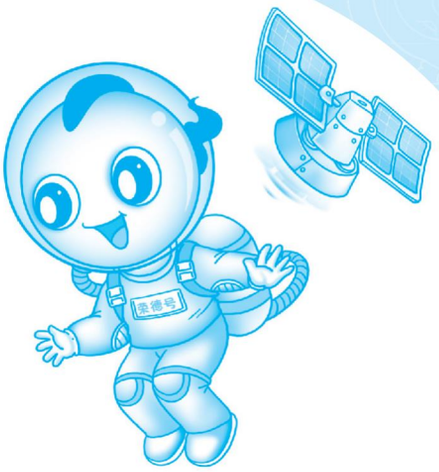

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Unit 1 WHAT ARE YOU DOING?

Lesson 1 ☞（答案见 105 页）

听力部分

听力训练

一、听句子，选出你所听到的单词。

（　　）1. A. sings　B. songs　C. speaks

（　　）2. A. notebook　B. textbook　C. e-book

（　　）3. A. water　B. wash　C. wish

（　　）4. A. important　B. aloud　C. interesting

二、听句子，判断下列图片正（T）误（F）。





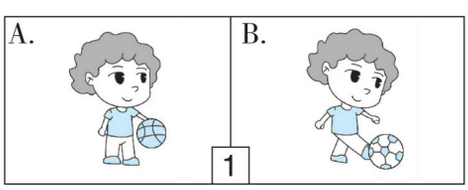
1.（　　）　2.（　　）　3.（　　）






4.（　　）　5.（　　）　6.（　　）

三、听对话，根据所听内容选择相应的图片。



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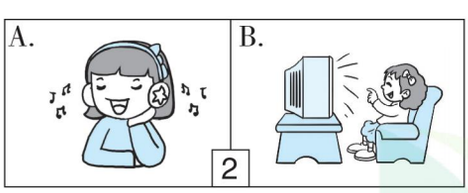

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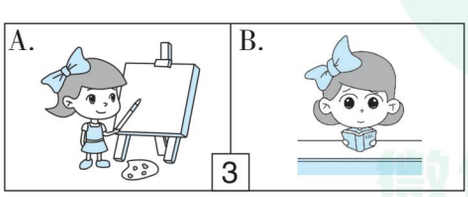

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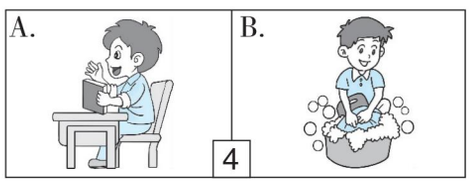

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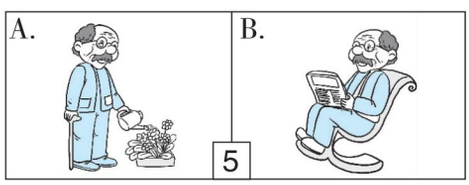

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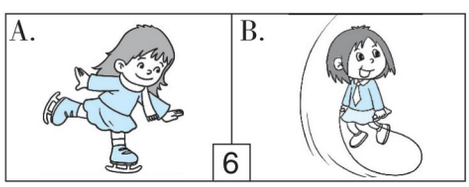

（　　）

笔试部分

四、从下列每组单词中找出一个不同类的，将其序号填入题前括号内。

（　　）1. A. English　B. Chinese　C. China

（　　）2. A. reading　B. speak　C. listening

（　　）3. A. textbook　B. bag　C. big

（　　）4. A. dancing　B. football　C. basketball

（　　）5. A. shorts　B. book　C. T-shirt

五、将词组与相应的图片连线。




reading the textbook

doing crafts




playing basketball

drawing pictures




washing clothes

listening to music

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六、选词填空。

1. She is _____ (practice/practicing) her English.
2. Mike is chatting with _____ (he/his) friends.
3. Reading is fun. I like _____ (reading/reads) very much. 【导学号 46216001】
4. Guoguo _____ (speaking/speaks) English well.
5. What are you _____ (do/doing)?

七、给下列句子选择合适的答语。

( ) 1. What are you doing?
( ) 2. What is the girl doing?
( ) 3. Are you reading your textbook?
( ) 4. I wish I could speak French very well.
( ) 5. What am I doing now? Guess.

A. No. I am reading a storybook.
B. I'm doing my homework.
C. She is chatting with her friends.
D. Maybe you are doing crafts.
E. Sure you will.

八、读短文,用所给单词将短文补充完整。

songs playing park fine important

It's a _____ day today. Mike and his friends are in the _____. Mike is _____ basketball. Guoguo is practicing her English. Reading aloud is very _____. Lingling is listening to English _____. She thinks it's a good way (方法) to learn English.

九、读上面的短文,从中找出三种学习英语的方法写出来,还有其他好方法也写下来。(写句子或者词组都可以)

1. _____ every day is a good way to learn English.
2. _____ is very important.
3. _____ is also a good way to learn English.
4. _____
5. _____

十、阅读短文,判断正 (T) 误 (F)。

【信息定位法】

It is sunny on Sunday morning. There are many people in the park.

Some boys are playing football over there. Ann and Sara are very excited. They are dancing with their friends. Peter is crying. His left leg hurts. May is helping him. John is too tired. He is sleeping under a big tree. Where are Lucy and Sally? They are flying a kite. Who is fishing? Oh, it's Ken. Mike is practicing Chinese. There are many beautiful flowers in the park. Kate is drawing them. Lingling likes taking photos very much. She is taking photos of everyone.

( ) 1. It's windy on Sunday morning.
( ) 2. Peter's right leg hurts.
( ) 3. John is sleeping under a big tree.
( ) 4. Kate and Lucy are flying a kite.
( ) 5. Ken is fishing.
( ) 6. May is helping Mike.
( ) 7. There are a lot of beautiful flowers in the park.

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Lesson 2 ☞（答案见 105 页）

听力部分

听力训练

一、听对话，给图片标序号。





（　　）　（　　）　（　　）




（　　）　（　　）

二、听问句，选出与之相对应的答语。

（　　）1. A. He is listening to music.
B. He likes listening to music.

（　　）2. A. No, it isn't.
B. Sure.

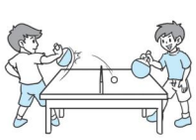
（　　）3. A. I am practicing my English.
B. She is playing chess with Jack.

（　　）4. A. Yes, she is.
B. He is making a birthday cake.

（　　）5. A. She is watching a basketball match.
B. He is watching a football match.

三、听短文，选出与人物所做活动相符的选项。






A　　B　　C　　D

（　　）1. Mary　　（　　）2. Tom

（　　）3. Amy　　（　　）4. Tim

笔试部分

四、写出一个同类词。

1. basketball　baseball　badminton _____

2. talking　playing　watching _____

3. piano　guitar　flute _____

4. textbook　ruler　eraser _____

5. French　Japanese　English _____

五、根据图片选择词组填空。

1. They are _____.



2. Kevin is _____.



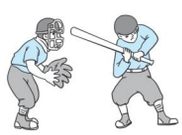
3. Pat is _____.



4. My sister is _____ with her teacher.

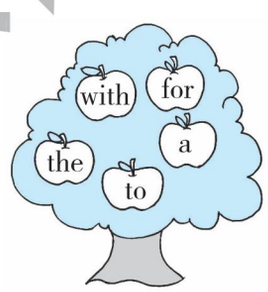


5. The boys are _____.



practicing *kung fu*	playing baseball
playing the piano	playing chess
making a model plane	

六、选词填空。



1. She's listening _____ beautiful songs.

2. Mike is talking _____ his father.

3. Reading aloud is important _____ English study.

4. Maomao is playing _____ violin.

5. I'm watching _____ football game.

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七、单项选择。

( ) 1. What _____ you doing?
A. am B. is C. are

( ) 2. What _____ Lingling doing?
A. am B. is C. are

( ) 3. —What is Baobao doing?
—_____is fishing.
A. I B. She C. He

( ) 4. Look! Lucy _____ doing _____ homework. 【导学号 46216002】
A. is; his B. is; her C. are; her

( ) 5. My favourite _____ is playing now. So I'm watching a basketball game.
A. team B. game C. match

八、选择合适的句子补全对话。

Tina, Jack, and Kevin are in Hainan for their holiday. Now Tina is calling to her mum.

Mum: Hello. 1. _____

Tina: This is Tina speaking.

Mum: Hi, Tina. 2. _____

Tina: Very well, Mum. I'm enjoying sunshine on the beach.

Mum: 3. _____

Tina: Jack is swimming. Kevin is playing volleyball with his new friends.

Mum: Is it very hot there?

Tina: Yes, it's very hot and the sun is shining. 4. _____ His favourite team is playing now.

Mum: No, he is playing chess with your grandpa.

Tina: What is my grandma doing now?

Mum: 5. _____Take good care of yourselves, please.

Tina: OK. We will.

A. How are you today?
B. Who's that?
C. She is talking with the parrot.
D. What are Jack and Kevin doing?
E. Is my dad watching the basketball game?

九、阅读短文,选择答案。

Saturday is a sunny day. Mike's family are all at home. Mike's grandpa is watering the flowers. Mike's grandma is cooking. Mike's father is watching a basketball game on TV. Playing basketball is his hobby. Mike's mother is cleaning the house. She always cleans the house on weekends. Where's Mike? What's he doing? Look! He's chatting with his Chinese pen pal in his room. He looks very happy.

( ) 1. It is a sunny day on _____.
A. Sunday B. Saturday
C. Monday

( ) 2. Mike's grandpa is _____ .
A. cooking B. watching TV
C. watering the flowers

( ) 3. Playing basketball is Mike's _____ hobby.
A. father's B. mother's
C. grandma's

( ) 4. Mike's mother often cleans the rooms on _____.
A. Saturday B. Sunday
C. Both A and B.

( ) 5. Mike's family are all _____.
A. at school B. at home
C. in the park

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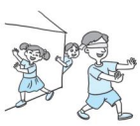
Lesson 3 ☞（答案见 106 页）

听力部分

听力训练

一、听对话，选出所听到的图片标号。

（　　）1. What are the children doing?

A. 　B. 

（　　）2. What are the old people doing?

A. 　B. 

（　　）3. What are the young people doing?

A. 　B. 

（　　）4. What are Bob and Mr Black doing?

A. 　B. 

（　　）5. What are Betty and her parents doing?

A. 　B. 

二、听对话，根据所听内容判断图片正（√）误（×）。

1.（　　）　2.（　　）　3.（　　）

4.（　　）　5.（　　）　6.（　　）

三、听对话，选择正确答案。

（　　）1. —What is Jim doing?

—He is _____.

A. washing his socks

B. reading fairy tales

C. playing computer games

（　　）2. —Where is Jane?

—She is in the _____.

A. washing room　B. living room

C. bedroom

（　　）3. —What is Jane reading?

—_____.

A. A textbook　B. Fairy tales

C. A storybook

笔试部分

四、根据所给单词选出同类词并写在横线上。

fishing _____

badminton _____

they _____

sing _____

she	practicing	baseball	speak
he	rugby	you	chatting
volleyball	make	putting	listen

五、选词填空，并与相应的图片连线。

dancing　putting　playing　fishing　cake

1. 

2. 

3. 

4. 

A. They are singing and _____.

B. They are _____ hide-and-seek.

C. They are _____ beside the river.

D. They are _____ candles on the _____.

根据单元测试

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六、读短文，根据短文内容选择正确的选项。

【导学号 46216003】

It's Saturday evening. Sally's family stay 1. _____ home. Her grandpa is 2. _____ a newspaper. Her grandma is practicing English. Her brother is chatting with 3. _____ friends on the computer. Her little sister is very lovely. 4. _____ is playing her toys. They 5. _____ very happy.

( ) 1. A. in B. at C. on

( ) 2. A. reads B. read C. reading

( ) 3. A. her B. his C. my

( ) 4. A. She B. He C. I

( ) 5. A. am B. is C. are

七、选择合适的句子补全对话。

Yangyang: Can you go to the park with me, Guoguo?

Guoguo: 1. _____

Yangyang: Look! There are so many people in the park.

Guoguo: 2. _____

Yangyang: They are my uncle, my grandma and my brother Dongdong.

Guoguo: What is your uncle doing?

Yangyang: 3. _____

Guoguo: 4. _____

Yangyang: She is dancing.

Guoguo: 5. _____

A. What is your grandma doing?

B. He is fishing.

C. Who are they?

D. They're having a good time.

E. OK, let's go.

八、阅读短文，完成表格。【找关键词法】

Today is children's Day. Many children are in the zoo.

Can monkeys ride bikes? Yes, of course! Four monkeys are riding bikes! Amazing! The birds are flying and singing in the sky. They are beautiful. The dogs are so clever. They are doing maths exercises. The children can touch them. The pandas are climbing trees. They are good climbers. Look! What are the lions doing? They are playing with a ball. The kangaroos are jumping. There are two elephants. They are drinking water. The children are so happy to see these animals.

Animals	Actions
Four monkeys	_____
_____	Flying and singing
The dogs	_____
The pandas	_____
The lions	Playing with a ball
The _____	Jumping
Two _____	Drinking water

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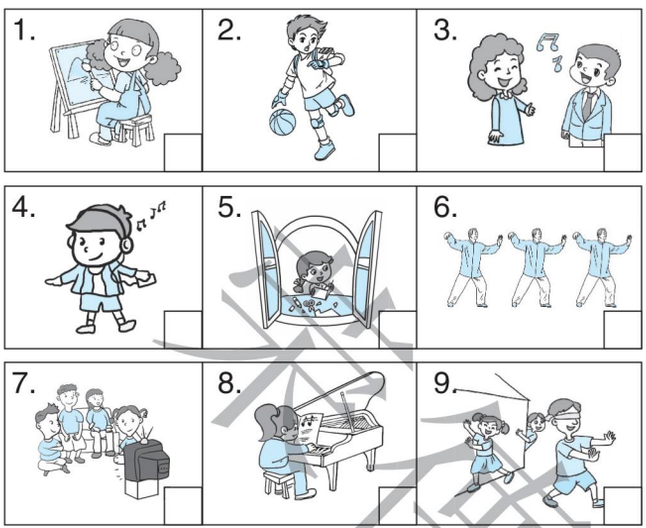
Lesson 4 ☞（答案见 106 页）

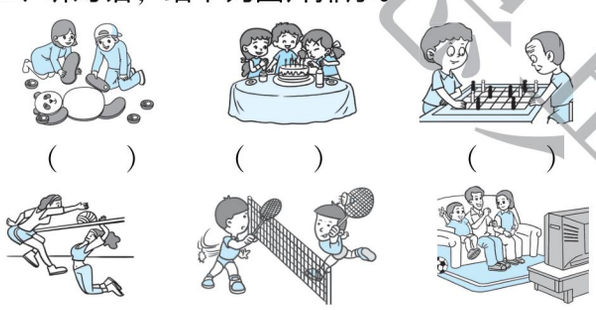
听力部分

听力训练

一、听句子，判断下列图片正（T）误（F）。



二、听对话，给下列图片排序。



（　　）（　　）（　　）

（　　）（　　）（　　）

三、听短文，连线。

1. Mary
2. Tim
3. Tom
4. Jack
5. Amy



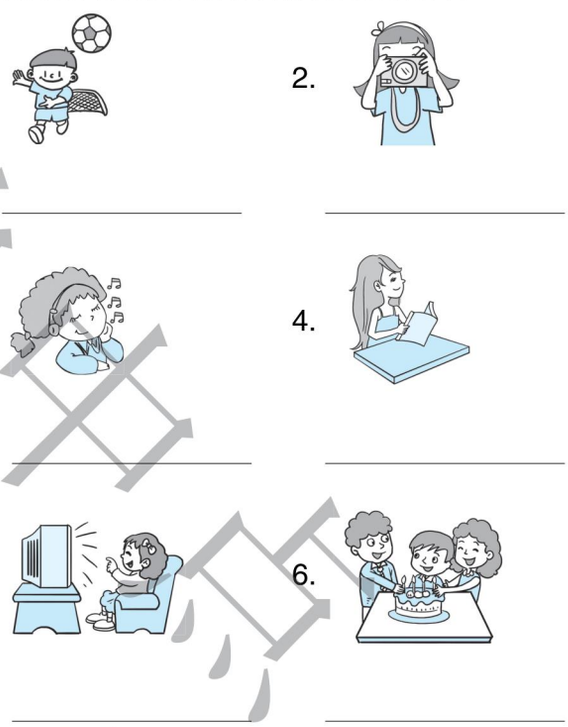
笔试部分

四、按类别写出所给词包含的三个词。

1. food _____ _____ _____
2. clothes _____ _____ _____
3. subject _____ _____ _____
4. ball _____ _____ _____

五、选择词组抄写在相应的图片下。

listening to music	reading a book
watching TV	taking photos
putting candles	playing football



六、看图填空完成句子，并圈出单词。

Q	P	I	T	M	O	S	Q
Q	U	E	E	N	C	Q	U
H	C	I	K	B	A	U	I
Q	D	I	E	O	T	A	C
Q	U	A	R	T	E	R	K
U	W	I	H	F	G	E	L
V	R	S	L	V	Y	Z	Y
Q	U	E	S	T	I	O	N

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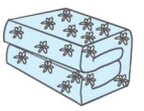
1. I have a new _____. 

2. Please be _____.

Mum is sleeping. 

3. Do you have any _____s? 

4. The _____ is kind. 

七、阅读对话，选择正确答案。

Sara: Hi, Lingling. There are no students in the classroom. Where are they?

Lingling: They are on the playground.

Sara: What are they doing there?

Lingling: They're watching a football game.

Sara: Is Mike playing football now?

Lingling: No, he's taking photos.

Sara: What about Maomao? He can't play football.

Lingling: He's watching and cheering.

Sara: Let's go and have a look. I can't wait.

Lingling: Me, neither. Let's go.

( ) 1. Where are the students?

A. In the classroom.

B. On the playground.

( ) 2. What are the students doing?

A. They're watching a football game.

B. They're watching TV.

( ) 3. Can Maomao play football?

A. Yes, he can.

B. No, he can't.

( ) 4. What's Mike doing?

A. He's playing football.

B. He's taking photos.

( ) 5. Who wants to watch the football game right now?

A. Mike. B. Sara and Lingling.

八、阅读短文，回答问题。

On the playground there are so many children. They are having a PE class. Look! Yangyang is playing football. The boy in a blue T-shirt is doing the high jump. The girl is doing the long jump. What about Mike? He is playing table tennis with his friends. They are very happy.

1. What is Yangyang doing?

_____

2. Are the children having a PE class on the playground?

_____

3. What is Mike doing?

_____

4. Is the girl doing the high jump?

_____

九、根据情境提示完成短文。

今天是周日，毛毛和父母到公园玩。

Today is _____. It's a _____ (晴朗的) day. _____ and _____ are in the _____. There are so many people in it. Some boys are _____. Some girls are _____. Maomao is _____ with his parents. They are _____ (玩得愉快).

荣德集中站 微信公众号 教辅资料站

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单元知识集中营

项目	内　容	
语音	qu /kw/　quiet　quarter　queen　question　quick　square　earthquake	
重点单词	practice 练习　read 阅读　textbook 教科书，课本　TV 电视 talk 谈话，交谈　chess 国际象棋　photo 相片，照片　picture 照片，图片　have 有，享受	
重点短语	practicing my English 练习我的英语 drawing a picture 画画 listening to English songs 听英文歌 watching a basketball game 观看篮球比赛 doing crafts 做手工 putting candles on the cake 把蜡烛插在蛋糕上 playing chess with... 和……下国际象棋 reading aloud 大声朗读 so many people 好多人	practicing *kung fu* 练习武术 chatting with my friends 和我的朋友聊天 over there 在那边 making a model 做模型 playing the piano 弹钢琴 playing hide-and-seek 玩捉迷藏 having a birthday party 举行生日派对 speak English very well 英语说得非常好
重点句型	1. — What are you doing? 你正在干什么? — I'm practicing my English. 我正在练习我的英语。 2. — What is Mike doing? 迈克正在做什么? — He is watching a basketball game. 他正在看篮球比赛。 3. — What are they doing? 他们正在干什么? — They are putting candles on the cake. 他们正在把蜡烛插在蛋糕上。	
素养提升	必备方法	信息定位法　找关键词法
	必备能力	能询问、 回答或表达自己或他人正在做的事情并发表简单的看法。

单元口语PK台

口语测评



Peter: Hello. This is Peter speaking. Who's that?

Mum: This is Mum. What are you doing?

Peter: I'm doing my homework.

Mum: What is Tina doing?

Peter: She is practicing her English.

Mum: And how about Tim? Is he watching TV?

Peter: No, he isn't. He is chatting with Grandma.

Mum: Oh, that's good! Please take care of your grandparents.

Peter: I will, Mum.

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Unit 2 WHAT DO FLOWERS DO?

Lesson 5 ☞(答案见107页)

听力部分

听力训练

一、听句子,选出你所听到的单词或短语。【听关键词法】

( ) 1. A. different jobs B. different parts C. different classes

( ) 2. A. everyone B. everything C. everyday

( ) 3. A. come on B. come in C. come out

( ) 4. A. follow me B. follow him C. follow her

( ) 5. A. happen B. happy C. hand

二、听句子,给下列图片排序。





( ) ( ) ( )




( ) ( )

三、听句子,补全所缺的内容。

1. What's the English for the different parts of a _____?

2. The _____, the _____ hand, the _____ hand are the different parts of a clock.

3. The different parts of a computer have different _____.

4. The leaves and the grass will _____ _____ in spring.

笔试部分

四、短语分类。

the face the screen the mouse the roots
the long hand the leaves

1. computer: _____

_____

2. clock: _____

_____

3. plant: _____

_____

五、看图读句子,用短语的正确形式填空。

beautiful flowers the keyboard the stem
the short hand some seeds



1. _____ is a part of the computer.



2. When we are learning the time, we should see _____ first.



3. There are some _____.

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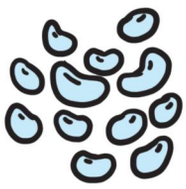
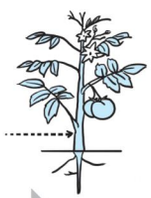


4. Yesterday I bought _____.



5. _____ is very important.

六、一把钥匙开一把锁，请为下面五个句子解锁。

to　out　in　for　of

1. What will happen _____ spring?
2. The grass will come _____.
3. Here's a picture _____ a plant.
4. What's the English _____ the different parts of a computer?
5. Listen _____ me, please.

七、单项选择。

(　　) 1. We're from different _____.
A. class　B. a class　C. classes

(　　) 2. Spring is coming. Everything _____ green.　【导学号 46216004】
A. will be　B. will　C. are

(　　) 3. Follow _____, please.
A. I　B. we　C. me

(　　) 4. The plant has five _____ now.
A. the leaf　B. leaves　C. leaf

(　　) 5. Write the _____ of your classmates here, please.
A. name　B. names　C. name's

八、为下列句子选择正确答语。

(　　) 1. What will happen in autumn?
A. The leaves will be green again.
B. The leaves will fall down.

(　　) 2. How many hands does the clock have?
A. It only has one hand.
B. It has three hands.

(　　) 3. What is the body of a plant?
A. The stem.
B. The roots.

(　　) 4. Is the screen one part of the computer?
A. Yes, it is.
B. No, it isn't.

(　　) 5. What does the long hand of the clock do?
A. It tells us the minute.
B. It tells us the hour.

九、选择合适的句子补全对话，把序号写在相应的横线上。

Lingling: Hi, Maomao. 1. _____

Maomao: 2. _____ I like playing with snow. How about you?

Lingling: I like spring. 3. _____ I like green.

Maomao: Look at the plant. 4. _____

Lingling: They're the roots, the stem and the leaves.

Maomao: 5. _____

Lingling: No. But it will have flowers one day.

A. Everything will be green again.
B. Does the plant have any flowers now?
C. What's your favorite season?
D. What's the English for the different parts of the plant?
E. I like winter best.

未经单中证

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Lesson 6 ☞(答案见107页)

听力部分

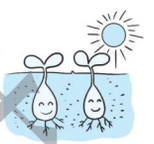
听力训练

一、听句子，根据所听内容给下列图片排序。

1. 
( )

2. 
( )

3. 
( )

4. 
( )

二、听问句，选出与你所听内容相对应的答语。

( ) 1. A. They grow up to be plants and trees.
B. They make food.

( ) 2. A. They will be yellow in spring.
B. They make food for the plant.

( ) 3. A. They are beautiful.
B. They make seeds.

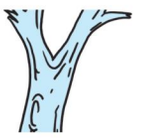
( ) 4. A. They carry food and water to the leaves.
B. They hold the trees in the ground.

( ) 5. A. They are the seeds, the stems, the leaves, the roots and the flowers.
B. They are the screen, the keyboard and the mouse.

三、听对话，选出与你所听内容相对应的图片。

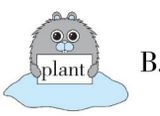
( ) 1. A. 
B. 

( ) 2. A. 
B. 

( ) 3. A. 
B. 

笔试部分

四、打地鼠。有一只不同类的地鼠混入了地鼠家族，请你把它打掉“×”。【分类记忆法】

1. A. 

B. 

C. 

2. A. 

B. 

C. 

3. A. 

B. 

C. 

4. A. 

B. 

C. 

5. A. 

B. 

C. 

五、根据图片提示及句意写单词。



1. Roots hold the _____ in the ground.



2. The stems _____ food and water to the leaves.



3. What do _____ do?

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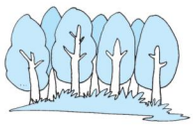


4. The trunks hold the _____ above the ground.



5. They make _____.

六、把 A、B 两栏单词组成词组并抄写在横线上。

A	B	
1. grow	me	_____
2. make	out	_____
3. come	the trees	_____
4. follow	up	_____
5. hold	food	_____

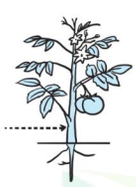
七、请把植物各部分相应的功能与图片配对。

1.  (　　)

2.  (　　)

3.  (　　)

4.  (　　)

5.  (　　)

A. hold the plant in the ground
B. make food for the plant
C. make seeds
D. carry food and water to the leaves
E. grow up to be plants

八、读句子，选择问句或答语。

(　　) 1. —What do roots do?
—_____

(　　) 2. —_____
—They make seeds.

(　　) 3. —What do leaves do?
—_____

(　　) 4. —_____
—I'm a student.

(　　) 5. —_____
—They carry food and water to the leaves.

A. They make food for the plant.
B. What do you do, Mike?
C. What do flowers do?
D. They hold the plant in the ground.
E. What do stems do?

九、选词填空。　　【导学号 46216005】

A. to　B. in　C. up　D. have
E. make　F. carefully　G. for

The different parts of a plant 1. _____ different jobs. Please follow me and listen 2. _____. The roots hold the plant 3. _____ the ground. The stem carries food and water 4. _____ the leaves. And the leaves make food 5. _____ the plant. Well, what do flowers do? Do they grow 6. _____ to be plants? Do they hold the plant in the ground? Oh, no, they 7. _____ seeds.

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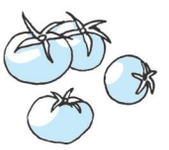
Lesson 7 ☞(答案见107页)

听力部分

听力训练

一、听句子，判断下列图片与你所听内容是 (T) 否 (F) 相符。

1. 
( )

2. 
( )

3. 
( )

4. 
( )

二、听对话，选择正确答案。

听第一段对话，回答1－2小题。

( ) 1. What would Mike like for dinner?

A. Noodles. B. Rice and potatoes.

( ) 2. What does Mike's mother need to cook dinner?

A. She needs two potatoes, four eggs and some noodles.

B. She needs two potatoes, two eggs and some rice.

听第二段对话，回答3－4小题。

( ) 3. When is Lucy's birthday?

A. Next Saturday.

B. Next Sunday.

( ) 4. What do they need to hold a party?

A. They need a birthday cake, some flowers, some candies and drinks.

B. They need a birthday cake, some toys and candies.

三、听句子，写单词补全句子。

1. The _____ are like little factories.
2. Leaves need _____, air and _____ to make food.
3. _____ on the earth can live without the sun.
4. We need _____ and _____ to cook lunch.

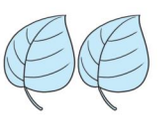
笔试部分

四、根据图片提示，补全单词。

1. 
s __nl __ght

2. 
__ __ __th

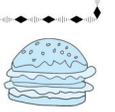
3. 
w __t __ __

4. 
l __ __ves

5. 
pl __ __t

五、能工巧匠。(选择合适的选项组成图片中的内容)

A. beef	B. milk	C. ice cream	D. water
E. stems	F. screen	G. noodles	H. mouse
I. chicken	J. vegetables	K. roots	L. fruit
M. leaves	N. bread	O. keyboard	

1. ( ) + ( ) + ( ) = 

2. ( ) + ( ) + ( ) = 

3. ( ) + ( ) + ( ) = 

4. ( ) + ( ) + ( ) = 

5. ( ) + ( ) + ( ) = 

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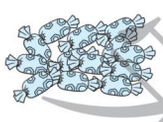
六、读句子，选择相符的图片。

( ) 1. I want to cook lunch. I need some vegetables and chicken.

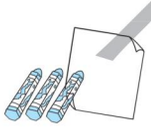
( ) 2. She wants to draw a picture. She needs some crayons and a piece of paper.

( ) 3. My sister wants to hold a party. She needs some candies.

( ) 4. The leaves need sunlight, air and water to make food.

A. 

B. 

C. 

D. 

七、单项选择。

( ) 1. You can take _____ from my bag. It's empty. 【导学号 46216006】

A. nothing B. everything

C. anything

( ) 2. Plants can make food _____ their own leaves.

A. in B. by C. at

( ) 3. They need a _____ and a _____ to cook dinner.

A. potato; tomato

B. potatoes; tomatoes

C. potatos; tomatos

( ) 4. People can't live _____ water.

A. with B. of C. without

( ) 5. —_____ do you need?

—Shoes and trousers.

A. What B. How C. Where

八、给下列问句选择适当的答语。

( ) 1. What do we need for breakfast?

( ) 2. Can plants live without the sun?

( ) 3. What do leaves need to make food?

( ) 4. What do seeds do?

A. They grow up to be plants.

B. They need sunlight, air, and water.

C. No, they can't.

D. We need milk, eggs and bread.

九、阅读短文，选择正确的答案。

Hello, everyone! I'm Helen. I'm a ten-year-old girl. My parents are both teachers. They are always busy with their work. I'm helpful at home. I can sweep the floor. I can tidy my room. I can cook noodles by myself, too. What do we need to cook noodles? Of course, noodles, water, eggs and tomatoes. When the water boils, I add the noodles. When it's boiling again, I put in some cold water. After a while, I put the eggs and tomatoes in it. What delicious noodles!

( ) 1. What does Helen's father do? 【寻读法】

A. He's a teacher. B. He's a doctor.

C. He's a farmer.

( ) 2. Is Helen helpful at home?

A. Yes, she is. B. No, she isn't.

C. Yes, he is.

( ) 3. How old is Helen?

A. She's 11 years old.

B. She's 10 years old.

C. She's 12 years old.

( ) 4. Can Helen cook noodles?

A. Yes, she can't. B. Yes, she can.

C. No, she can't.

( ) 5. What do we need to cook noodles?

A. Noodles and water.

B. Eggs and tomatoes.

C. Both A and B.

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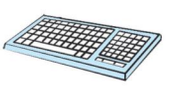
Lesson 8 ☞(答案见108页)

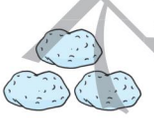
听力部分

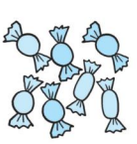
听力训练

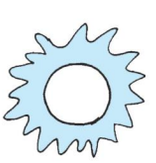
一、听录音，选择与你所听内容相符的图片。

( ) 1. A.  B. 

( ) 2. A.  B. 

( ) 3. A.  B. 

( ) 4. A.  B. 

( ) 5. A.  B. 

二、听问句，选出与之相对应的答语。

( ) 1. A. They are the face, the long hand and the short hand.

B. They are the screen, the keyboard and the mouse.

( ) 2. A. The leaves will come out.

B. The leaves will be yellow.

( ) 3. A. They make seeds.

B. They grow up to be plants and trees.

( ) 4. A. I need some potatoes.

B. I will cook the lunch.

三、听短文，根据所听内容写出空白处所缺的词。

Spring is 1. _____. The leaves and the grass are coming out. 2. _____ are a part of a plant. They make food for the 3. _____. And what do the leaves 4. _____ to make food? They need 5. _____, air and 6. _____ to make food. The roots, the stems , the flowers and the 7. _____ are also the different parts of a plant. They have different 8. _____ for a plant.

笔试部分

四、读句子，找出含有例词画线部分读音的单词，写在横线上。

A. A boy is running in the rain.

1. rabbit _____ _____

B. The nurse in a skirt is my aunt.

2. girl _____ _____

C. We are having an English class.

3. arm _____

D. My sister is practicing English with that teacher.

4. driver _____ _____

E. I was born in the morning.

5. horse _____ _____

五、根据所给单词写出一个同类词。

1. glue eraser crayon _____

2. seed root stem _____

3. tomato potato carrot _____

4. apple grapes orange _____

5. grow make hold _____

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六、选择恰当的词，补全句子。

1. _____ (Both/Each) part of our body has a job.
2. We have _____ (difference/different) hobbies.
3. When spring _____ (come/comes), the grass will _____ (come/comes) out.
4. _____ (Everything/Nothing) will be green in spring.
5. Green leaves _____ (is/are) like little _____ (factorys/ factories).

七、单项选择。

( ) 1. What _____ you do next?
A. are B. will C. is

( ) 2. Each of them _____ a different job.
A. have B. has C. having

( ) 3. My sister _____ my pen and _____ it to her friend.
A. carry; give B. carries; to give
C. carries; gives

( ) 4. We should be friendly (友好的) to the animals _____ the earth.
A. in B. on C. to

( ) 5. What _____ your mother need _____ ice cream? 【导学号 46216007】
A. do; make B. does; to make
C. do; to make

八、对话配对。

( ) 1. What does your mother do?
( ) 2. What are you doing now?
( ) 3. What do we need to do crafts?
( ) 4. What do leaves need to make food?
( ) 5. What's that?

A. It's an egg.
B. I'm watering the flowers.
C. Some paper and scissors.
D. She is a farmer.
E. They need sunlight, air and water.

九、阅读短文，选择正确的答案。

Tomorrow is New Year's Day. We will have a big party tomorrow afternoon. Now we're busy preparing (准备) for it. Look! Lingling is practicingsinging. She will sing an English song at the party. Mike is playing the guitar. He plays it very well. What are they doing over there? Oh, they're decorating (装饰) our classroom. Kevin is cleaning the windows. Maomao is drawing balloons on the blackboard. He likes drawing. What else do we need? Some candies and toys. Each of us will get some candies. The students who act well at the party will get the toys. How happy we are!

( ) 1. When will we have a big party?
A. Next week.
B. Tomorrow afternoon.
C. This afternoon.

( ) 2. What's Maomao's hobby?
A. Drawing. B. Dancing.
C. Reading.

( ) 3. What will Lingling do at the party?
A. Dance.
B. Sing an English song.
C. Sing a Chinese song.

( ) 4. What else do we need to hold the party?
A. Candies. B. Toys.
C. Both A and B.

( ) 5. Can Mike play the guitar well?
A. Yes, he can. B. No, he can't.
C. Sorry, we don't know.

来源集中识
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单元知识集中营

项目	内　容	
语音	r/r/ rabbit　rain　read　ready　red　rice　ride　room　run　borrow　tomorrow ar/aː/ arm　art　　ir, ur/ɜ/ bird　girl　nurse　turn or/ɔː/ born　morning　　er/ə/ mother　worker　driver	
重点单词	will (过去式 would) 将，愿意　different 不同的　job 工作　follow 跟随 listen 听　plant 植物　up 向上　carry 搬运，携带　nothing 没有一样，没有东西 earth 地球　without 没有，无　sun 太阳，阳光　their 他们的，她们的，它们的	
重点短语	make seeds 产生种子　grow up 长大　make food 制造食物　hold the party 举行派对 cook the dinner 做晚饭　come out 出现，开花　carry food and water 运送食物和水 how wonderful 多么精彩　what about 怎么样　in the ground 在地下	
重点句子	1. What's the English for the different parts of a plant? 植物的各部位用英语怎么表达? 2. —What do flowers do? 花儿做什么? —They make seeds. 它们产生种子。 3. —What do leaves need to make food? 叶子制造食物需要什么? —They need sunlight, air, and water. 它们需要阳光、 空气和水。	
素养提升	必备方法	听关键词法　分类记忆法　寻读法
	必备能力	能够听懂、 指认并说出植物各部分名称以及它们的作用的词汇，能在情景中运用。

单元口语PK台


口语测评

快来当配音小演员啊，看看你的口语能得多少分。

宝宝和萨拉在讨论植物。

Baobao: What's the English for the different parts of a plant?

Sara: They are the roots, the stem, the leaves, the flowers, and the seeds.

Baobao: They must have different jobs.

Sara: Yes. Let's follow our teacher and listen carefully.

宝宝和萨拉继续跟老师一起讨论植物。

Sara: What do flowers do?

Teacher: They make our room beautiful and make seeds.

Baobao: What do seeds do?

Teacher: Little seeds grow up to be plants.

Baobao: How about leaves?

Teacher: They make food for the plant.

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Unit 3 HOW DO SEEDS TRAVEL?

Lesson 9 ☞（答案见 108 页）

听力部分

听力训练

一、听句子，选出你所听到的单词。

（　　）1. A. forest　　B. fruits　　C. flower

（　　）2. A. jacket　　B. shirt　　C. skirt

（　　）3. A. help　　B. hope　　C. enjoy

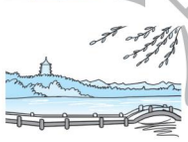
（　　）4. A. newspapers　　B. water　　C. trees

二、听对话，选出与你所听内容相符的图片。

（　　）1. A. 　　B. 

（　　）2. A. 　　B. 

（　　）3. A. 

　　B. 

（　　）4. A. 　　B. 

三、听问句，选出与之相应的答语。

（　　）1. A. We can make desks and tables.

B. We can water the flowers.

（　　）2. A. Yes, we can.

B. No, we can't.

（　　）3. A. Yes, I do.

B. I like fruits.

（　　）4. A. We can build houses.

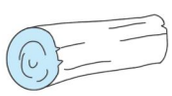
B. We can make a paper boat.

笔试部分

四、给下列图片选择相应的选项。

（　　）1. 　　A. fruits　　B. flowers

（　　）2. 　　A. forest　　B. school

（　　）3. 　　A. tree　　B. wood

（　　）4. 　　A. horse　　B. house

（　　）5. 　　A. newspaper　　B. jacket

五、选词填空。

from　with　of　in　at

1. How can we make use _____ computers?

2. We can get help _____ the teacher.

3. I can use water _____ lots of ways.

4. We make pencils _____ the wood from trees.

5. Look _____ my new jacket.

六、单项选择。

（　　）1. —_____ can we make use of trees?

—We can get fruits.

A. What　　B. How

C. Why

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( ) 2. —_____ do we celebrate Tree-planting Day?
—Because trees help us.
A. What B. How C. Why

( ) 3. I enjoy _____ my friends.
A. chat with B. chatting with
C. chatting at

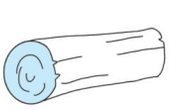
( ) 4. We can use the newspaper _____ a lot of _____.
A. in; ways B. of; ways
C. in; way

( ) 5. Our teacher can help _____ to learn English. 【导学号46216008】
A. us B. we C. our

( ) 6. —I will go to the farm to pick pears.
—That _____ good.
A. sound B. sounds C. sounding

( ) 7. I like _____. I enjoy _____ books in the library.
A. reading; to read
B. to read; reading
C. reading; to reading

七、读句子，选择相对应的选项。

A.  B.  C. 

D.  E. 

How can we make use of them?

( ) 1. We can decorate (装饰) our rooms.
( ) 2. We can make paper caps.
( ) 3. We can make chairs and tables.
( ) 4. We can make a bag.
( ) 5. We can wash our face.

八、选择正确的句子完成对话，将序号抄写在相应横线上。

A. We can cook meals (饭) and drink water.
B. Let's save it together.
C. Because we can't live without water.
D. you're right.

A: Why do we need water?

B: 1. _____

A: How do we make use of water?

B: 2. _____

A: Water is so important that we should save it.

B: Yes, 3. _____

A: 4. _____

B: OK.

九、阅读短文，判断正 (T) 误 (F)。

Trees are very important to humans. We can use trees in many ways. We can make chairs and desks with the wood from the trees. We can get fruits from trees. The trees also clean the air and bring us enough oxygen (氧气). With the green leaves and the colourful flowers of trees, our world gets more beautiful. Trees are so useful. I like trees. There is a big tree near my house. I often read books under the tree. It's so cool.

( ) 1. Trees aren't useful.
( ) 2. The trees can get our world more beautiful.
( ) 3. The trees can't clean the air or bring us enough oxygen.
( ) 4. It's cool to read a book under a tree.

未经集中录

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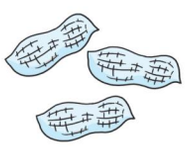
Lesson 10 ☞（答案见 108 页）

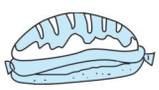
听力部分

听力训练

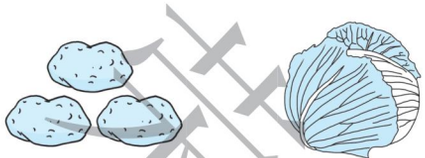
一、听句子，给下列图片排序。

【三步两遍听音法】





（　　）　（　　）　（　　）



（　　）　（　　）

二、听问句，选择与之相对应的答语。

（　　）1. A. For example, football, basketball and badminton.
B. For example, pencils, erasers, pens and rulers.

（　　）2. A. Yes, they are.
B. No, they aren't.

（　　）3. A. For example, peaches, apples, pears and watermelons.
B. For example, carrots, tomatoes, cabbages and green beans.

（　　）4. A. Yes, they are.
B. No, they aren't.

三、听对话，选择正确答案。

（　　）1. Where is John?
A. In the park.　　B. In the gym.

（　　）2. Does John like sports?
A. Yes, he does.
B. No, he doesn't.

（　　）3. Which sports does John like best?
A. Football.
B. Basketball.

（　　）4. Does Amy like ping-pong?
A. Yes, she does.
B. No, she doesn't.

笔试部分

四、选出下列各组单词中不同类的一项。

（　　）1. A. potatoes　　B. bananas
C. tomatoes

（　　）2. A. apples　　B. fruit
C. peaches

（　　）3. A. vegetable　　B. tomatoes
C. carrots

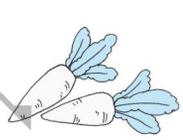
（　　）4. A. hamburgers　　B. hot dog
C. fast food

（　　）5. A. seed　　B. stem
C. plant

五、根据图片选择单词，并将它们的复数形式写在横线上。

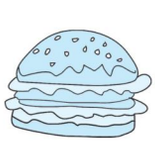
carrot　cabbage　hamburger
tomato　peach

1. 
_____

2. 
_____

3. 
_____

4. 
_____

5. 
_____

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六、单项选择。

( ) 1. _____ do we get our food?

A. Where B. What C. Who

( ) 2. Can you give us _____ the food?

A. a example of

B. an example of

C. example of

( ) 3. _____ are seeds, and potatoes are _____. 【导学号 46216009】

A. Tomatoes; stems

B. Peanuts; fruit

C. Peanuts; stems

( ) 4. We get most of our food _____ plants.

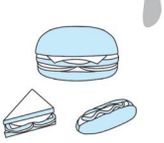
A. from B. at C. to

( ) 5. These foods come _____ different parts of plants.

A. from B. at C. of

七、给图片选择相应的选项。

1.  2. 

3. 

( ) ( ) ( )

4.  5. 

( ) ( )

A. —Do you see many animals in the zoo?

—Yes, I do.

B. —Is the peanut a kind of seeds?

—Yes. Some nuts are seeds, too.

C. We have many classes from Monday to Friday. For example, Chinese, math, music and English.

D. —Can you give me an example of ball games?

—For example, football, basketball and ping-pong.

E. —Can you give me an example of the fast food?

—For example, hamburgers, hot dogs and sandwiches.

八、给下列句子排序，组成一段合理的对话。

( ) For example, apples, bananas, and oranges.

(1) Where do we get our fruits, Mum?

( ) Can you give me an example of the fruits?

( ) We get most of our fruits from plants.

( ) Oh, I see.

九、读短文，判断正 “T” 误 “F”。

Everybody wants to be healthy. You know food is very important. There are many healthy foods. You can have more bananas, apples, oranges, and tomatoes. Because fruits and vegetables are good for you. But don't eat too much chocolate. It's not healthy food. Healthy food can make you grow strong and make you happy. Remember there is a saying, “An apple a day keeps the doctor away.” Sports can also keep you healthy. Get up early and do some sports every day. Don't be lazy ! You will be healthy and happy.

( ) 1. Bananas are healthy food.

( ) 2. Chocolate is a kind of fruit.

( ) 3. Chocolate can make you grow well.

( ) 4. “An apple a day keeps the doctor away.” means apples are very good.

( ) 5. Sports are also very important to help keep you healthy.

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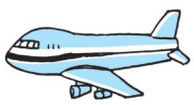
Lesson 11 ☞（答案见109页）

听力部分

听力训练

一、听句子，选出与你所听内容相对应的图片选项。

（　　）1. A.  B. 

（　　）2. A.  B. 

（　　）3. A.  B. 

（　　）4. A.  B. 

二、听问句，选出与之相对应的答语。

（　　）1. A. Some people travel by plane, and some travel by train.
B. I go there by plane.

（　　）2. A. Yes, they are.
B. No, they aren't.

（　　）3. A. Some seeds travel in water, and some travel with wind.
B. Wheat and rice are both seeds.

（　　）4. A. I enjoy travelling by bus.
B. I go there by bus.

三、听短文，选词填空。

up	wind	corn	seeds
nuts	water	plant	travel

Seeds are a part of a 1. _____. They grow 2. _____ to be plants and trees. Some seeds can be eaten（吃）as food. For example, 3. _____, wheat and rice are 4. _____. 5. _____ is also a kind of seeds. And do you know how do seeds 6. _____? Some seeds travel with 7. _____. Some seeds travel with people and animals, and others travel in 8. _____.

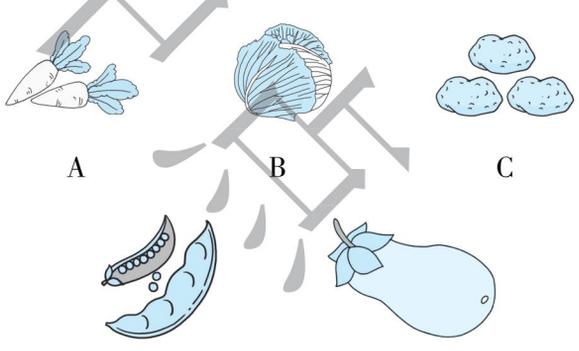
笔试部分

四、选出同类词。

（　　）1. plane	A. bus	B. toy
（　　）2. tomato	A. wind	B. cabbage
（　　）3. seeds	A. travel	B. roots
（　　）4. tiger	A. elephant	B. apple
（　　）5. rice	A. ruler	B. corn

五、看图片，完成句子，把序号写在横线上。

1. We eat the stem of _____.
2. We eat the leaves of _____.
3. We eat the roots of _____.
4. We eat the fruits of _____.
5. We eat the seeds of _____.



A　　B　　C

D　　E

六、单项选择。

（　　）1. — Is the tomato a kind of vegetable?
— _____
A. Yes, it is.
B. No, it is.
C. No, it isn't.

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( ) 2. —_____ do seeds travel?

【比较辨析法】

—They travel in many ways.

A. How B. What C. Why

( ) 3. The apple _____ fruit. Hamburgers _____ fast food.

A. are; are B. is; is

C. is; are

( ) 4. Some seeds travel _____ water, and others travel _____ birds.

A. at; with B. in; with

C. in; in

( ) 5. What else _____ seeds?

A. is B. are C. am

七、选词填空。

with in from of at

1. Peas are a kind _____seeds.
2. Look _____the flowers.
3. We can go there _____many ways.
4. They come _____China.
5. Some seeds travel _____wind.

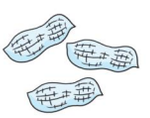
八、选择与句意相符的图片。



A



B



C



D



E

( ) 1. He gives me some sweet fruits.

( ) 2. Many foods come from leaves.

( ) 3. Some seeds travel with people and animals.

( ) 4. I travel with my parents by plane.

( ) 5. There are some peanuts for you.

九、根据对话内容判断正(T)误(F)。

A: Uncle, are peanuts a kind of seeds?

B: Yes, they are.

A: What else are seeds?

B: Corn is a kind of seeds, too.

A: Are wheat and rice seeds?

B: Yes.

A: How do these seeds travel, Uncle?

B: Some seeds travel with wind. Some seeds travel in water, and others travel with people and animals.

( ) 1. Peanuts aren't a kind of seeds.

( ) 2. Corn is a kind of seeds.

( ) 3. Wheat and rice are both seeds.

( ) 4. Some seeds travel in buses.

( ) 5. Some seeds travel with wind. Some seeds travel in water, and others travel with people and animals.

十、阅读一颗种子的成长故事,选词填空。

seed stems leaves flowers plant

I am a 1. _____.

But what kind of seed am I?

How should I know? Wait and see.

My 2. _____ go sideways.

My 3. _____ are big and hairy.

My 4. _____ are hiding under my leaves.

My petals (花瓣) died. I'm round and green.

I am a pumpkin (南瓜) 5. _____!

I have grown six pumpkins! They are beautiful.

Do you know what's inside of us?

Seeds.

When my seeds are planted, they will become new pumpkins (南瓜).

There should be a name for it.

There is. It's called life.

荣德基中小

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Lesson 12 ☞（答案见 109 页）

听力部分

听力训练

一、听句子，选出你所听到的单词。

（　　）1. A. wood　　B. forest　　C. tree

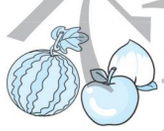
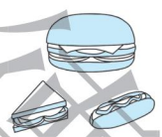
（　　）2. A. plants　　B. trees　　C. tables

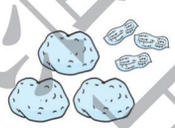
（　　）3. A. example　　B. eggs　　C. carrots

（　　）4. A. where　　B. wind　　C. travel

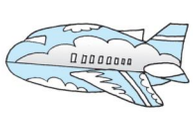
（　　）5. A. carrots　　B. tomatoes　　C. cake

二、听对话，根据所听内容选择正确的图片选项。

（　　）1. A. 　　B. 

（　　）2. A. 　　B. 

（　　）3. A. 　　B. 

（　　）4. A. 　　B. 

（　　）5. A. 　　B. 

三、听问句，根据所听到的内容选择与之相对应的答语。

（　　）1. A. We can make plastic houses.

B. We can get fruits from trees.

C. We can make paper caps.

（　　）2. A. We get most of our food from plants.

B. Wheat and rice are both seeds.

C. Some nuts are seeds, too.

（　　）3. A. For example, peanuts, tomatoes, potatoes, cabbages and carrots.

B. For example, hamburgers, hot dogs and sandwiches.

C. For example, peaches, apples and watermelons.

（　　）4. A. Yes, it is.

B. No, it isn't.

C. Yes, it isn't.

（　　）5. A. No, I enjoy walking in a forest.

B. Yes, I enjoy walking in a forest.

C. I like walking.

笔试部分

四、判断下列每组单词画线部分读音是“√”否“×”相同。

（　　）1. A. story　　B. forest　　C. visit

（　　）2. A. dress　　B. hot dogs　　C. slow

（　　）3. A. vase　　B. Chinese　　C. use

（　　）4. A. carrots　　B. nuts　　C. choose

五、小蝌蚪找妈妈。

badminton	hot dog	baseball
potato	pear	celery
pizza	mango	

1. Fast food: _____ _____

2. Fruit: _____ _____

3. Sports: _____ _____

4. Vegetables: _____ _____

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六、单项选择。

( ) 1. — _____ do people travel?
—Some people travel _____, and others travel by plane.
A. How; by bus
B. How; by the bus
C. What; by ship

( ) 2. We get _____ of our foods from plants. 【导学号 46216010】
A. more B. lot
C. most

( ) 3. Corn, wheat and rice _____ vegetables.
A. are B. aren't
C. isn't

( ) 4. I went to the _____ and I saw a lot of _____.
A. forest; animals
B. park; fast food
C. zoo; newspapers

( ) 5. Dad used _____ to make salad.
A. wood B. hot dog
C. tomatoes

七、根据句子描述的内容,选择相应图片并把字母填写在括号内。

( ) 1. It's a place. We can see many trees there.

( ) 2. The fruit is big and round. What fruit is it?

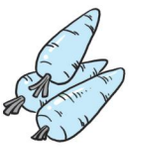
( ) 3. They're a kind of food. Rabbits love to eat them.

( ) 4. It's a kind of materials. We can use it to make chairs and tables.

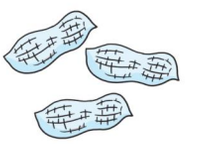
( ) 5. They come from the plant. They are the seeds.


A


B


C

D. 

E. 

八、根据所给问句选择与之相对应的答语。

( ) 1. How can we make use of water?

( ) 2. How do seeds travel?

( ) 3. What do seeds do?

( ) 4. Can you give me an example of the fast food?

( ) 5. How does your father go to America?

A. He goes to America by plane.
B. Seeds grow up to be plants and trees.
C. Some seeds travel with wind.
D. For example, hamburgers, hot dogs and sandwiches.
E. We can drink water.

九、完形填空。 【导学号 46216011】

We can get fruits from trees. But we get most of our foods from __1__. Our foods come from different __2__ of plants. Peanuts are seeds, potatoes are __3__, and __4__ are fruits.

Corn, wheat and rice are all seeds. Some nuts are seeds, too. Seeds travel in many ways. Some travel __5__ wind, some in water, and others with people and animals.

( ) 1. A. trees B. wood C. plants
( ) 2. A. part B. parts C. parting
( ) 3. A. seeds B. fruits C. stems
( ) 4. A. tomatoes B. carrots C. peas
( ) 5. A. to B. from C. with

荣德基中学

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单元知识集中营

项目	内容								
语音	s/s/ sad	safe	salty	say	slow	small	snow	sweet	swim
		lesson	dress	house					
	s/z/visit	choose	vase	use	Chinese				
重点单词	forest 森林	wood 木头；木材		example 实例，例子			tomato 西红柿		
	carrot 胡萝卜	corn 玉米		nut 坚果			else 别的；其他的		
	both 都	travel 旅行							
重点短语	make use of 使用，利用			a kind of 一种					
	in many ways 用多种方式			an example of ... ……的一个例子					
	come from 来自			get fruits from trees 从树上得到水果					
	make a bag 制作包			make paper caps 制作纸帽子					
重点句子	1. —How can we make use of trees? 我们如何利用树？ —We can get fruits from trees. 我们可以从树上得到水果。 2. —Can you give me an example of the food? 你能给我举个食物的例子吗？ —For example, peanuts, tomatoes, potatoes, cabbages, and carrots. 例如，花生，西红柿，土豆，卷心菜和胡萝卜。 3. —How do seeds travel? 种子是怎么传播的？ —Some seeds travel in water, and others travel with people and animals. 一些种子通过水来传播，其他的通过人和动物传播。								
素养提升	必备方法	三步两遍听音法　比较辨析法							
	必备能力	能围绕有关植物的相关知识进行交流，如简单介绍树的作用、 种子的传播等。							

单元口语PK台

口语测评

快来当配音小演员啊，看看你的口语能得多少分。



·Dad. Is sweet potato a kind of roots?



·Yes. Carrots are roots, too.



·How about potatoes?

·Potatoes are stems. The little bumps on a potato's skin are its "eyes". An eye can grow into a new potato plant.



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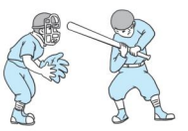
Unit 4 REVISION

Lesson 13 ☞(答案见109页)

听力部分

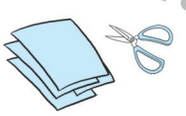
听力训练

一、听对话,选择与之相对应的图片。

( ) 1. A.  B. 

( ) 2. A.  B. 

( ) 3. A.  B. 

( ) 4. A.  B. 

二、听问句,选出与你所听内容相对应的答语。

( ) 1. A. He is fishing.

B. She is drawing a picture.

( ) 2. A. The leaves will come out.

B. The grass will be yellow again.

( ) 3. A. We can make furniture.

B. We can grow vegetables.

( ) 4. A. For example, carrots, tomatoes and cabbages.

B. For example, peaches, mangos and oranges.

三、听对话,完成下列各题。

( ) 1. What is the boy's dad doing?

A. Cooking the lunch.

B. Cooking the dinner.

C. Sleeping.

( ) 2. What do they need to cook the meal?

A. Fish and eggs.

B. Fish, eggs and rice.

C. Fish, eggplants and rice.

( ) 3. Is the cucumber a kind of fruits?

A. Yes, it is.

B. No, it isn't.

C. I don't know.

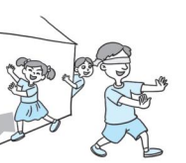
笔试部分

四、判断下列图片与句意是否相符,相符的打"√",不相符的打"×"。

( ) 1. Tim and Jack are playing table tennis.



( ) 2. They are dancing.



( ) 3. Reading books is very important.



( ) 4. I am drawing pictures.



( ) 5. He is putting candles on the cake.



未经典中评

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五、根据图片补全句子。

1. —Is Jack _____?
   —Yes, he is.



2. My sister is _____ .



3. —What is Mary doing?
   —She is _____.



4. Tim is _____.



5. She is _____ in the kitchen.



六、单项选择。

( ) 1. Some trees can grow _____ than 100 metres. 【导学号46216012】
A. taller B. tall C. the tallest

( ) 2. Would you like _____ look _____ my new bike?
A. to; to B. to; at C. /; at

( ) 3. We can tell the age of a tree _____ growth rings in the wood.
A. by B. with C. at

( ) 4. We can use wood _____ trees in a number of different ways.
A. with B. at C. from

( ) 5. —What are you _____?
— I'm _____ with my friends.
A. doing; chatting B. do; chat
C. doing; chating

七、读句子，选择正确的问句或答语。

A. I go there by train.
B. What does your sister like to eat?
C. We can make a bag.
D. How do you enjoy your weekend?
E. They are playing hide-and-seek.

( ) 1. —_____
—I go to the park.

( ) 2. —How can we make use of the old jeans?
—_____

( ) 3. —_____
—She likes to eat oranges.

( ) 4. —How do you go to Hainan?
—_____

( ) 5. —What are they doing?
—_____

八、阅读短文，判断正 （T） 误 （F）。

Today is Sunday. Guoguo's family are very busy. Look! Guoguo is practicing her English. She speaks English very well. Her father is watching a basketball game. He likes playing basketball. Guoguo's mother is chatting with her friends. Her pet dog is drinking water.

( ) 1. Today is Saturday.

( ) 2. Guoguo is doing her homework.

( ) 3. Guoguo's father likes playing football.

( ) 4. Guoguo's mother is chatting with her friends.

( ) 5. Guoguo's family are very unhappy.

九、写作。

我们身边有很多植物，人们的生活离不开植物，请你想一想哪些地方会用到植物？然后写一写。至少写五句话。

_____

_____

_____

_____

荣德基中考

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Lesson 14 ☞(答案见110页)

听力部分

听力训练

一、听录音，排序。

1. 
( )

2. 
( )

3. 
( )

4. 
( )

二、听录音，选出与所听内容相符的图片。

( ) 1. A.  B. 

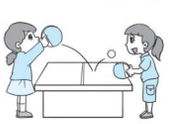
( ) 2. A.  B. 

( ) 3. A.  B. 

( ) 4. A.  B. 

三、听录音，选图片。

( ) 1. Tom A. 

( ) 2. Lucy B. 

( ) 3. Amy C. 

( ) 4. Tim D. 

笔试部分

四、从下列各组中选择不同类的一项。

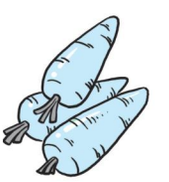
( ) 1.	A. leaves	B. seeds	C. flower
( ) 2.	A. photo	B. picture	C. make
( ) 3.	A. celery	B. take	C. carry
( ) 4.	A. carrot	B. root	C. tomato
( ) 5.	A. sandwich	B. wheat	C. rice

五、根据图片补全句子。

1. The boy is _____ in the yard.



2. _____ are roots.



3. I go to London _____ with my parents.



4. —What is Lingling doing?

—She is _____.



5. We can _____ from the trees.



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六、单项选择。

( ) 1. — _____ do leaves get water?
—The stem of a plant carries water from the roots to the leaves.
A. Why B. What C. How

( ) 2. —What do you like _____?
— Hamburgers.
A. to eat B. eat C. eats

( ) 3. Paper is a _____ material.
A. soft B. hard C. heavy

( ) 4. There _____ different kinds of cloth. 【导学号 46216013】
A. is B. are C. am

( ) 5. We get metal from _____.
A. desert B. water C. stone

七、读对话，选择合适的图片。

( ) 1. —How can we make use of trees?
—We can make chairs with the wood from trees.

( ) 2. —How do you enjoy your weekend?
—I draw pictures.

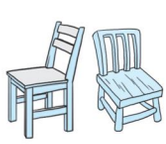
( ) 3. —How do people travel?
—Some people travel by train.

( ) 4. —What are they doing?
—They are playing chess.

( ) 5. —What does he like to eat?
—He likes to eat peaches and carrots.


A


B


C


D


E

八、读句子，选择恰当的问句或答语。

A. They are dancing.
B. How do people travel?
C. They carry food and water to the leaves.
D. How can we make use of cloth?
E. What do we need to make fruit salad?

1. —_____
—We can make T-shirts and jeans.
2. —What do stems do?
—_____
3. —_____
—We need apples, bananas and oranges.
4. —What are they doing?
—_____
5. —_____
—Some travel by plane, and others travel by train.

九、阅读短文，判断下列句子正（√）误（×）。

When spring comes, everything will be green again. Little seeds grow up to be plants. Every plant has many different parts. And each part of a plant has a different job. Roots hold the plant in the ground. The stem of the plant carries water from the roots to the leaves. And leaves are like little factories. They make food for the plant. They need sunlight, air and water to make food. The plant can make food for itself.

( ) 1. Little seeds grow up to be plants.
( ) 2. The stem of the plant cannot carry water from the roots to the leaves.
( ) 3. Leaves need sunlight, air and water to make food.
( ) 4. The plant can't make food for itself.
( ) 5. Leaves are like little factories.

未经典电子版

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期末复习训练

Unit 1 复习训练 ☞（答案见115页）

一、连线。

1.  A. listening to music
2.  B. making a model plane
3.  C. drawing pictures
4.  D. practicing *kung fu*
5.  E. watching TV

二、选词填空。

1. Mike often _____ (watch/watches) TV on Friday evening.
2. There are so many _____ (peoples/people) in the house.
3. What _____ (does/do) Sarah often do after school?
4. _____ (He/His) favourite team is playing.
5. They're _____ (puts/putting) books on the desk.

【导学号46216028】

三、读句子，选择正确的问句或答语。

A. What are you doing, Tom?
B. Are they talking?
C. They are dancing.
D. Yes, we do.
E. He often plays a game on Sunday.

( ) 1. —_____
—Yes, they are.

( ) 2. —What are Lingling and Sara doing?
—_____

( ) 3. —_____
—I'm chatting with my brother.

( ) 4. —What does Joe often do on Sunday?
—_____

( ) 5. —Do you like playing basketball?
—_____

四、阅读对话，判断正（T）误（F）。

Sara: Hi, Lingling. There are no students in the classroom. Where are they?
Lingling: They are on the playground.
Sara: What are they doing there?
Lingling: They're watching a football game.
Sara: Is Mike playing football now?
Lingling: No, he's taking photos.
Sara: What about Maomao? He can't play football.
Lingling: He's watching and cheering.
Sara: Let's go and have a look. I can't wait.
Lingling: Me, either. Let's go.

( ) 1. The students are in the classroom.
( ) 2. The students are watching a football game.
( ) 3. Maomao can play football.
( ) 4. Mike is taking photos.
( ) 5. Sara and Lingling want to watch the football game right now.

荣德集电话

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Unit 2 复习训练 ☞(答案见115页)

一、读单词，再写出两个同类词。

1. moon　earth　_____　_____

2. seeds　trunks　_____　_____

3. screen　keyboard　_____　_____

4. long　small　_____　_____

5. green　red　_____　_____

二、单项选择。

(　　) 1. _____ hold (s) the plant in the ground.

A. The stem　　B. The leaves

C. The roots

(　　) 2. What's the English _____ the different parts _____ a computer?

A. of; with　　B. for; at

C. for; of

(　　) 3. What will you _____ when you grow _____?

A. doing; up　　B. do; up

C. do; in

(　　) 4. What _____ the leaves _____ for the plant?　【导学号46216029】

A. do; do　　B. does; does

C. does; do

(　　) 5. My mother _____ some milk _____ ice cream.

A. need; to make

B. needs; making

C. needs; to make

三、选词填空，完成对话。

A. in	B. Nothing	C. to do
D. that	E. from	

A: Hi, Lingling. What's 1. _____ over there?

B: Oh, it's a gift 2. _____ my mother for my twelfth birthday. It's a plant.

A: What do you need 3. _____ every day?

B: Every morning, I water it and then I put it 4. _____ the sun.

A: 5. _____ on the earth can live without the sun, air and water.

B: You're right.

四、阅读理解，判断正 (T) 误 (F)。

It is known to all that plants are of great important to our lives. Human beings (人类) can't live without plants.

First, the plants make our air clean and make the environment (环境) better. Second, plants can bring happiness (幸福) to us. Take flowers for example, they not only make us feel relaxed but also give us a sense of beauty. Third, they offer us food and provide us with the resources that we need.

In a word, plants are our friends. They do good to humans, so all of us should take care of them.

(　　) 1. Human beings can live without plants.

(　　) 2. Plants make our air clean and make the environment (环境) better.

(　　) 3. Plants can bring happiness to us.

(　　) 4. Flowers can't make us feel relaxed.

(　　) 5. Plants are our friends. They do good to humans, so all of us should take care of them.

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Unit 3 复习训练 ☞（答案见115页）

一、读单词，再写出一个同类词。

1. seeds roots flowers _____
2. pear peach apple _____
3. potatoes carrots eggplants _____
4. cap dress skirt _____
5. hamburger pie sandwich _____

二、读句子，选择正确的单词或短语填写在横线上。

seeds　in water　a lot of fruit
by train　water the flowers

1. I use water to _____.
2. Peanuts, rice and wheat are all _____.
3. Some people travel by plane and others travel _____.
4. We prepare _____ for the party.
5. The seeds of these plants travel _____.

三、单项选择。

（　　）1. We can get apples _____ that tree.
A. from　B. to　C. at

（　　）2. They enjoy _____ in a park.
A. playing　B. play　C. plays

（　　）3. His father and mother are _____ doctors.　【导学号46216030】
A. both　B. all　C. too

（　　）4. —Are peaches a kind of sweet fruit?
—_____
A. Yes, it is.　B. No, they aren't.
C. Yes, they are.

（　　）5. —_____ do we get our fruits?
—We get most of our fruits from trees.
A. When　B. Where　C. What

四、读句子，选择正确的问句或答语。

A. How can we make use of trees?
B. How do seeds travel?
C. Why do we plant trees?
D. We get most of our food from plants.
E. Emails travel through the Internet.

（　　）1. —Where do we get our food?
—_____

（　　）2. —_____
—Because trees help us.

（　　）3. —How do emails travel?
—_____

（　　）4. —_____
—We build things with the wood from trees.

（　　）5. —_____
—Seeds travel in many ways.

五、阅读短文，判断正（T）误（F）。

It's a sunny day. I'm very happy. I'm going to plant trees in my garden. How can I do that? First, I can go to the plant shop to buy some seeds. Second, I go to the garden and dig the soil. Then I put the seeds in the soil. Next, I water it. I am so excited and I wait for it to grow.

I should plant more trees. They make our world beautiful.

（　　）1. It's a fine day.

（　　）2. I will plant trees in the forest.

（　　）3. I can dig the soil and then put the seeds in the soil.

（　　）4. Next, I water it, then it grows up to be a big tree at once.

（　　）5. We should plant more trees.

课课通书业

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Unit 5 复习训练 ☞(答案见115页)

一、写出一个与所给单词同类的词。

1. taller older _____

2. twelve fifteen _____

3. see visit _____

4. niece aunt _____

5. how who _____

二、选词填空。

of in than from on

1. Mrs White comes _____ the USA.

2. They live _____ the big city.

3. I have more photos _____ you.

4. This is a photo _____ my sister.

5. We have a big reunion _____ Christmas.

三、单项选择。

( ) 1. Baobao is _____ son.
A. he B. his C. him

( ) 2. My parents _____ two daughters.
A. has B. have C. is

( ) 3. I'm _____ younger than he is.
A. much B. many C. more

( ) 4. Jack is _____ than you.
A. short B. tall C. taller

( ) 5. Six is my _____ number.
A. luck B. lucky C. luckily

四、判断下列句子与图片是(T)否(F)相符。

( ) 1. That woman is one of Meimei's aunts.



( ) 2. The old lady is her nice neighbour.



( ) 3. My nephew is in high school.



( ) 4. Her daughter will have a baby soon.



( ) 5. This lovely girl is older than I am.



五、阅读短文,判断对(√)错(×)。

Leo is sixty-six. But he looks young. He has two children—a son and a daughter. He has 10 tennis rackets(球拍), 8 baseballs, 6 basketballs, 12 soccer balls and 18 volleyballs. But he never(从不) plays sports. He only likes collecting(收集) sports things. His son, Nick, likes playing soccer. Nick is a member of the city's soccer club. He plays soccer every day. And Leo's daughter, Nancy, likes volleyball. But she doesn't play it. She watches matches on TV.

( ) 1. Leo has three daughters.

( ) 2. Nick likes playing soccer.

( ) 3. Leo is 66.

( ) 4. Nancy plays soccer every day.

( ) 5. Leo is a member of the city's soccer club.

荣德基图书

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姓名 学号 密 班级 线 学校

Unit 1过关检测卷

时间：40 分钟　满分：100 分

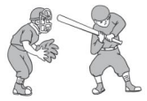
	听力（30 分）				笔试（70 分）							总分
题　号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	
得　分												

第一部分　听力（30 分）

听力测试

一 听录音，判断下列图片与你所听内容是（√）否（×）相符。（5 分）

1. （　　）

2. （　　）

3. （　　）

4. （　　）

5. （　　）

二 听录音，选出与你所听内容相符的图片。（5 分）

（　　）1. A. 　B. 

（　　）2. A. 　B. 

（　　）3. A. 　B. 

（　　）4. A. 　B. 

（　　）5. A. 　B. 

三 听录音，根据所听内容排序。（10 分）

（　　）Are you watching TV?

（　　）Reading aloud is important.

（　　）He is reading a book.

（　　）What are these kids doing?

（　　）I'm chatting with my friends.

四 听录音，连线。（10 分）

1. Lily	A. playing basketball
2. Tom	B. playing the violin
3. Jerry	C. drawing pictures
4. Coco	D. practicing English
5. Owen	E. running

第二部分　笔试（70 分）

五 根据所给单词写同类词。（10 分）

1. English　math　music　_____
2. grandpa　mother　uncle　_____
3. dance　sing　play　_____
4. baseball　basketball　football　_____
5. good　important　old　_____

六 单项选择。（10 分）

（　　）1. My parents _____ watching TV in the living room.

A. am　　B. is　　C. are

（　　）2. Lingling likes playing _____ piano. Maomao likes playing _____ football.

A. /；/　　B. the；/　　C. /；the

（　　）3. Look! Who _____ there?

A. dance　　B. dancing　　C. is dancing

（　　）4. Welcome _____ my _____ birthday party.

A. to；twelve　　B. to；twelfth　　C. /；twelve

（　　）5. Here's a picture _____ my family.

A. by　　B. of　　C. to

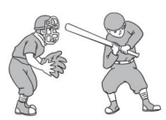
七 根据图片提示选择正确的句子填空。（10 分）

1. —What is your father doing?

—_____

2. —What does your brother like doing?

—_____





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3. —What are you doing, Jack?
—_____



4. —What is Lily doing?
—_____



5. —What are they doing?
—_____



A. They are having a birthday party.
B. He likes fishing.
C. She is playing badminton.
D. I'm reading a book.
E. He is playing baseball.

八 选词填空。(10 分)

playing	practicing	songs	important	listening

It's Friday afternoon. Sara and her classmates (同学) are in the playground. Sara is 1. _____ badminton with Lily. Guoguo is 2. _____ to English 3. _____. She thinks it's a good way to learn English. Lingling is 4. _____ her English. Reading aloud is very 5. _____.

九 阅读短文，完成下列各题。(10 分)

It's 7:30 in the evening. Mary's family are all at home. Look, Mary is doing homework in the study. Her father is reading a book. Her mother is washing the dishes in the kitchen. Her brother Jack is making a model plane in his room. Her sister Linda is listening to English songs.

( ) 1. What time is it now?
A. 7:30 a.m. B. 7:00 p.m. C. 7:30 p.m.

( ) 2. How many people are there in Mary's family?
A. Three. B. Four. C. Five.

( ) 3. What is Mary's brother doing?
A. Making a model plane. B. Doing homework. C. Listening to music.

( ) 4. What is Mary doing?
A. Reading a book. B. Washing the dishes. C. Doing homework.

( ) 5. What is Mary's mother doing?
A. Watching TV. B. Washing the dishes. C. Washing clothes.

十 根据短文信息，选择正确答案。(10 分)

My name is Jeremy. I'm from Canada. I am 13 years old. I like music best. Because it's relaxing. I eat lunch at school. I usually play computer games and surf the Internet after school. It's fantastic. I love China.

My name is Tina. I'm from Tokyo. I can speak English very well. But I can't speak Chinese. I like maths very much. It's interesting. But I don't like science. I think it is boring. I want to visit China and the USA because they are beautiful.

I am Joe. I am from New Zealand. I like science and art. They are exciting. I don't like maths. I think it's boring. My good friend is Jackie. China is a very beautiful country. And Chinese food is delicious. I don't know any Chinese. That's why I want to learn Chinese. I hope I can visit China someday in the future.

( ) 1. _____ likes science and art, but he doesn't like maths.
A. Jeremy B. Tina C. Joe

( ) 2. _____ is from Japan.
A. Jeremy B. Tina C. Joe

( ) 3. The phrase "in the future" means "_____".
A. 在过去 B. 在将来 C. 在这时

( ) 4. Tina and Joe want to visit _____.
A. Canada B. China C. Japan and New Zealand

( ) 5. Tina doesn't like _____, but _____ likes science.
A. science; Joe B. maths; Jeremy C. English; Jeremy

十一 我是小作家。(10 分)

请你以"In the playground"为题，写一篇小作文，介绍下同学们都在操场上做什么。

要求：(1) 语句通顺，书写工整；(2) 50 词左右。

In the playground

Class is over. Students are in the playground. _____

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密 封 线

Unit 2过关检测卷

时间：40 分钟　满分：100 分

	听力（30 分）				笔试（70 分）							总分
题　号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	
得　分												

姓名 学号 班级 学校

第一部分　听力（30 分）

听力测试

一 听录音，给下列图片排序。（5 分）







（　　）　（　　）　（　　）　（　　）　（　　）

二 听录音，选出与所听内容相符的图片。（5 分）

（　　）1. A. 　B. 

（　　）2. A. 　B. 

（　　）3. A. 　B. 

（　　）4. A. 　B. 

（　　）5. A. 　B. 

三 听录音，选出与你所听内容相符的一项。（10 分）

（　　）1. A. They make seeds.　B. They grow up to be plants and trees.
C. They make our room beautiful.

（　　）2. A. He is reading newspapers.　B. He is watching TV.
C. He is playing chess.

（　　）3. A. She needs candies, drinks and toys.　B. She needs drinks, fruits and toys.
C. She needs cakes, candies and toys.

（　　）4. A. No, he isn't.　B. Yes, he is.
C. Yes, he does.

（　　）5. A. Everything will be yellow.　B. Leaves will turn yellow and red.
C. It will be cool.

四 听录音，选词填空。（10 分）

A. grow up　B. water　C. roots　D. flowers　E. jobs

The 1. _____, the stem, the leaves, the 2. _____ and the seeds are the different parts of a plant. They have different 3. _____. Flowers make seeds. Seeds 4. _____ to be plants and trees. Roots hold the plant in the ground. The stem carries food and 5. _____ to the leaves. Leaves make food for the plant.

第二部分　笔试（70 分）

五 选出与所给词同类的一项。（10 分）

（　　）1. flower	A. trunk	B. toy	C. face
（　　）2. the mouse	A. the face	B. the long hand	C. the screen
（　　）3. sun	A. water	B. earth	C. egg
（　　）4. grow	A. swim	B. singing	C. dancing
（　　）5. potato	A. air	B. dinner	C. tomato

六 单项选择。（10 分）

（　　）1. What's the English _____ the different parts of a plant?
A. to　B. with　C. for

（　　）2. The leaves and the grass _____ come out in spring.
A. does　B. is　C. will

（　　）3. _____ hold the plant in the ground.
A. Trunks　B. Seeds　C. Roots

（　　）4. —What do flowers do?
—They _____ seeds.
A. make　B. making　C. makes

（　　）5. _____ on the earth can live without the sun.
A. Everything　B. Nothing　C. Something

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七 选词填空。（10 分）

will　factories　spring　come out　sunlight

When 1. _____ comes, everything 2. _____ be green again. The leaves will 3. _____. Green leaves are like little 4. _____. They can make food for plants. They need 5. _____, air and water to make food.

八 读句子，选择与句子相符的图片。（10 分）

A. 　B. 　C. 　D. 　E. 

(　　) 1. We need flowers to make tea.

(　　) 2. Trunks hold the trees above the ground.

(　　) 3. They need paper, crayons and glue to do crafts.

(　　) 4. The parts of the computer are the screen, the keyboard and the mouse.

(　　) 5. Green leaves are good for our eyes.

九 阅读短文，判断正（T）误（F）。（10 分）

Plants are very important. Life could not go on if there were no plants. This is because plants can make food from air, sunlight and water. Man and animals cannot make food from air, sunlight and water. Animals get their food by eating plants and other animals. Therefore animals and man need plants to live.

There are two kinds of plants: flowering plants and nonflowering（不开花的）plants. Flowering plants can make seeds. Some fruits have one seed, some have two, three or four, and some have many seeds. But a few fruits have no seeds at all. An example of（例子）a fruit without seeds is the banana. Most nonflowering plants do not grow from seeds. They grow from germs（胚芽）.

(　　) 1. Life could go on if there were no plants.

(　　) 2. Man and animals can make food from air, sunlight and water.

(　　) 3. Flowering plants can make seeds.

(　　) 4. The banana is a fruit without seeds.

(　　) 5. Plants are very important to us.

十 阅读短文，选择正确答案。（10 分）

I'm Mike. Today is Sunday. My friends Li Ning, Wang Xiaoming, Bai Feng and other two boys ask me to go swimming with them. Soon we get to the river. They swim in it. I can't swim, so I sit under a big tree. Then I see a little girl playing with a ball by the river. But the ball falls into the river and soon she falls into the river, too.

I stand up and call for help, but my friends are far from me and they can't hear. So I jump into the river. I don't know how to swim in it, but I take the girl out of the river.

Her parents thank me very much. They say, "You are a good boy and a good young pioneer（少先队员）."

When my friends know this, they all smile and say, "You can swim now."

(　　) 1. How many friends go to swim with Mike?

A. Four.　B. Five.　C. Six.　D. Seven.

(　　) 2. It is _____ today.

A. Monday　B. Sunday　C. Saturday　D. Friday

(　　) 3. Mike is _____.

A. a young teacher　B. the little girl's brother

C. a student　D. the little girl's friend

(　　) 4. What does Mike do first after the girl falls into the river?

A. He swims in the river.　B. He stands up and calls for help.

C. He runs by the river.　D. He sits under a big tree.

(　　) 5. Mike calls for help because _____.

A. he can't swim　B. the girl is in danger

C. he falls into the river, too　D. Both A and B.

十一 同学们，你们喜欢春天吗？一年之计在于春，春天是美丽的。请你写一篇关于春天的小作文吧。（10 分）

要求：（1）语句通顺，书写工整；（2）50 词左右。

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Unit 3过关检测卷

时间：40 分钟　满分：100 分

	听力（30 分）				笔试（70 分）							总分
题　号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	
得　分												

姓名 学号 班级 学校 密 封 线

第一部分　听力（30 分）

听力测试

一　听录音，判断正（√）误（×）。（5 分）

1. 
（　　）

2. 
（　　）

3. 
（　　）

4. 
（　　）

5. 
（　　）

二　听录音，给下列图片排序。（5 分）


（　　）


（　　）


（　　）


（　　）


（　　）

三　听录音，选出句子中所包含的信息。（10 分）

（　　）1.	A. to drink	B. to water flowers	C. to wash clothes
（　　）2.	A. pandas and bears	B. tigers and lions	C. monkeys and zebras
（　　）3.	A. water	B. people and animals	C. wind
（　　）4.	A. make chairs	B. get fruits	C. build houses
（　　）5.	A. the green beans	B. the potatoes	C. the carrots

四　听录音，写单词，把句子补充完整。（10 分）

1. We can make chairs and tables with the _____ from trees.
2. For example, potatoes, tomatoes, _____ cabbages, and peanuts.
3. Is the _____ a kind of seeds?
4. I enjoy walking in the _____.
5. Some seeds travel in _____.

第二部分　笔试（70 分）

五　单词分类。（10 分）

tomato　cucumber　cabbage　lettuce　corn
pepper　onion　cauliflower　pumpkin　bean

1. Fruits：_____ _____ _____ _____
2. Seeds：_____ _____
3. Stems：_____
4. Leaves：_____ _____
5. Flowers：_____

六　看图写单词，补全句子。（10 分）



1. We can make desks and _____ with the wood from trees.



2. —Can you give me an example of ball games?
—For example, badminton, _____, and _____.



3. Some seeds travel with wind and others travel with _____.



4. —Can you give me an example of the vegetables?
—For example, potatoes , green beans and _____.

七　单项选择。（10 分）

（　　）1. — _____ do we plant trees?
— Because trees help us in many ways.
A. What　　B. When　　C. Why

（　　）2. Can you give me an example _____ the vegetables?
A. on　　B. in　　C. of

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( ) 3. Seeds travel _____ many ways.

A. in B. at C. of

( ) 4. Some seeds travel in water, and others travel _____ people and animals.

A. of B. in C. with

( ) 5. We get most of our foods _____ plants.

A. by B. to C. from

八 给下列问句选择恰当的答语。(10 分)

( ) 1. How can we make use of wood?

( ) 2. Do you like flowers?

( ) 3. Can you give me an example of the Chinese food?

( ) 4. How do people travel?

( ) 5. Where do we get our foods?

A. Yes, I do.

B. We get most of our foods from plants.

C. We can make chairs and tables with the wood.

D. Some people travel by plane, and others travel by train.

E. For example, *jiaozi*, *baozi* and noodles.

九 阅读短文，判断正（T）误（F）。(10 分)

Trees are important in our everyday life. Trees help clean the air. They give us oxygen (氧气) so we can breathe (呼吸) fresh air every day. The green leaves need sunshine to make food for trees. Because of trees, we can have fruits like apples, bananas and oranges. We can also make and build things with trees, such as chairs, beds and houses. The most important thing is that plants cover (覆盖) the soil. They can stop the wind from blowing (吹) the soil away.

Trees are very important. We need trees and we should plant more.

( ) 1. Trees aren't important in our life.

( ) 2. The green leaves need sunshine to make food for trees.

( ) 3. We can have fruits like apples, bananas and watermelons from trees.

( ) 4. Trees can stop the wind from blowing (吹) the soil away.

( ) 5. We should love trees and plant more.

十 阅读短文，完成下列各题。(10 分)

My name is Li Lei. I'm eleven. I'm from China. My mum and dad work in a big factory (工厂). They go to work every day but rest (休息) two days in a week. I have a sister. We look like each other very much and we like to help each other. She is a middle school student, and she comes home in the afternoon. Everyone in my family likes to look after (照顾) me.

My sister and I are in the same school. I'm a good student in my class. There are forty-two students in our class, twenty boys and twenty-two girls. We have our lessons from eight o'clock in the morning to four o'clock in the afternoon. My English teacher, Miss Green, is from England. She is a good teacher. We have five English classes a week. Now we can say a hundred words, and play games in English. We like English. We like our English teacher, too.

( ) 1. Li Lei's family has _____ people.

A. three B. four C. five D. six

( ) 2. Li Lei's father and mother work _____ a week.

A. four days B. five days C. six days D. seven days

( ) 3. Li Lei's English teacher is _____.

A. American B. Japanese C. English D. Chinese

( ) 4. Li Lei's English teacher is _____.

A. a good teacher B. a good man

C. a bad student D. a good worker

( ) 5. Li Lei has _____ a week.

A. one English class B. six English classes

C. no English classes D. five English classes

十一 小作文。(10 分)

在生活中我们离不开水，想一想我们在哪些地方要利用水？请你写几句话。

要求：(1) 语句通顺，书写工整；(2) 50 词左右。

We can use water in many ways.

_____

_____

_____

_____

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姓名 学号 班级 学校 密 封 线

期中检测卷

时间：60 分钟　满分：100 分

	听力（30 分）				笔试（70 分）						总分
题　号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	
得　分											

第一部分　听力（30 分）

听力测试

一 听录音，给下列图片排序。（5 分）


（　　）


（　　）


（　　）


（　　）


（　　）

二 听录音，选出你所听到的句子。（5 分）

（　　）1. A. They hold the trees above the ground.　B. They hold the plant in the ground.

（　　）2. A. My father is watching a football game.　B. My father is playing football.

（　　）3. A. How can we make use of trees?　B. How can we make use of water?

（　　）4. A. My brother is making a model plane.　B. His brother is practicing English.

（　　）5. A. What's the English for the different parts of a clock?

B. What's the English for the different parts of a computer?

三 听录音，选择与对话内容相符的图片。（10 分）

（　　）1. A. 　B. 

（　　）2. A. 　B. 

（　　）3. A. 　B. 

（　　）4. A. 　B. 

（　　）5. A. 　B. 

四 听录音，补全对话。（10 分）

W：What are you 1. _____, Mike?

M：I'm watching 2. _____, Mum.

W：What are you watching?

M：I'm watching a 3. _____ game. My favourite team is 4. _____.

What is my dad doing?

W：Oh, he is 5. _____ with your uncle.

第二部分　笔试（70 分）

五 根据所给词写同类词。（10 分）

1. reading　singing　listening　_____
2. badminton　football　basketball　_____
3. rice　wheat　peanut　_____
4. spring　winter　summer　_____
5. blue　yellow　white　_____

六 单项选择。（10 分）

（　　）1. I'm _____ with my friends.

A. chat　B. chatting　C. chats

（　　）2. The trunks _____ the trees _____ the ground.

A. hold; above　B. holds; under　C. holds; above

（　　）3. I wish I could _____ English well.

A. speaking　B. speaks　C. speak

（　　）4. I enjoy _____ in a forest.

A. walk　B. walking　C. walks

（　　）5. Dad tells me that rice and corn _____ seeds.

A. are both　B. are all　C. is both

七 读对话，选择正确的图片。（10 分）

A. 　B. 　C. 

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D. 　　E. 

( ) 1. —What are you doing?
—I'm playing football.

( ) 2. —What's the English for the different parts of a computer?
—The screen, the keyboard and the mouse.

( ) 3. —What is your brother doing?
—He is drawing a picture.

( ) 4. —What are they talking about?
—They are talking about a picture of my family.

( ) 5. —Is your sister watching TV?
—Yes, she is.

八 根据短文内容选出正确答案。(10 分)

I'm Lily. I am a schoolgirl. I'm going to have a busy weekend. On Saturday morning, I'm going to the People's Park with my sister Lucy by bike. In the afternoon, we are going to visit my grandparents. In the evening, I'm going to visit my aunt with my mother. On Sunday morning, I'm going to the bookstore with my good friend, Tom. I'm going to buy some storybooks. After lunch, I'm going to dance with Amy. In the evening, I'm going to watch TV and clean my room. How busy I am!

( ) 1. Lily is going to _____ on Saturday morning.
A. the bookstore　　B. the zoo　　C. the park

( ) 2. How is Lily going to the People's Park?
A. On foot.　　B. By bike.　　C. By bus.

( ) 3. —What is Lily going to do in the bookstore?
—She is going to _____.
A. buy a pen　　B. buy a ball　　C. buy storybooks

( ) 4. Lily is going to the bookstore with _____.
A. Tom　　B. Amy　　C. her sister

( ) 5. Lily is going to clean her room on _____.
A. Saturday evening　　B. Sunday morning　　C. Sunday evening

九 根据短文内容判断正误，正确的写“T”，错误的写“F”。(15 分)

It's a Sunday afternoon. It's a sunny day. There is a basketball match (比赛) between Class 1 and Class 2. Many students are watching, and they are happy. Look! Mike has the ball and passes it to Tom. He throws the ball. It's a goal! Now John has the ball. He throws it hard. The ball flies to Tim's face. Tim's nose hurts. He feels a little angry. John says sorry to Tim and throws it again. Another goal! Tim and John are so happy. Class 1 wins the game. But Class 2 is not bad. They are laughing at John's goal.

( ) 1. The weather is fine.

( ) 2. There is a football match between Class 1 and Class 2.

( ) 3. John throws the ball to Tom's face.

( ) 4. Class 2 wins the game.

( ) 5. At the end of the match, Class 2 feels so sad.

十 写作。(15 分)

假设今天你和你的小伙伴们相约去公园，大家在公园玩得可开心了，请你用几句话写一写你和小伙伴们都在做什么。


fishing


drawing a picture


playing hide-and-seek


dancing


playing football

Today is Sunday. It's very nice. My friends and I go to the park. Look!

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检测卷部分

Unit 1 过关检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. He is reading a textbook.
2. They are playing baseball.
3. He is taking photos in the park.
4. My mother is cooking.
5. We are having a birthday party.

二、1. —What are you doing?
—I'm playing football.
2. —What is the girl doing over there?
—She is drawing.
3. —What are you doing?
—I'm listening to music.
4. —What is your brother doing?
—He is washing his clothes.
5. —What are they doing?
—They are fishing.

三、1. —Hi, Lingling, are you reading your textbook?
—Yes. Reading aloud is important.
2. —What are you doing?
—I'm chatting with my friends.
3. —Are you watching TV?
—Yes. I'm watching a football game.
4. —What is your father doing?
—He is reading a book.
5. —What are these kids doing?
—They are playing hide-and-seek.

四、My friends are doing something in the park. Look! Lily is playing the violin. Tom is drawing pictures. Jerry is playing basketball. Coco is running. What is Owen doing? He is practicing his English now.

答案：

一、1. × 2. √ 3. √ 4. × 5. √
二、1. B 2. B 3. B 4. A 5. A
三、3 1 4 5 2
四、1—B 2—C 3—A 4—E 5—D
五、1. Chinese 2. father 3. practice 4. tennis 5. nice（答案不唯一）
六、1. C 2. B 3. C 4. B 5. B
七、1. E 2. B 3. D 4. C 5. A
八、1. playing 2. listening 3. songs
4. practicing 5. important
九、1. C 2. C 3. A 4. C 5. B
十、1. C 2. B 3. B 4. B 5. A
十一、范文： **In the playground**

Class is over. Students are in the playground. Baobao is doing the long jump. Mike is playing ping-pong with Maomao. Mary likes playing badminton. She is playing it with Guoguo. What is Yangyang doing? He is playing basketball over there.

Unit 2 过关检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. Nothing on the earth can live without the sun.
2. The grass will come out in spring.
3. What do you need to make breakfast?
4. The trunk holds the tree above the ground.
5. What's the English for the different parts of a computer?

二、1. Everything needs the sun.
2. We need eggs and tomatoes to cook dinner.
3. Little seeds can grow up to be plants.
4. Children need fruits and toys to hold the party.
5. —What's the English for this one?
—It's a computer.

三、1. —What do flowers do?
—They make our room beautiful.
2. —What's Mike's father doing?
—He is playing chess.
3. —What does Guoguo need to hold a party?
—She needs drinks, fruits and toys.
4. —Is Maomao making a model ship?
—Yes, he is.
5. —What will happen in autumn?
—It will be cool.

四、The roots, the stem, the leaves, the flowers and the seeds are the different parts of a plant. They have different jobs. Flowers make seeds. Seeds grow up to be plants and trees. Roots hold the plant in the ground. The stem carries food and water to the leaves. Leaves make food for the plant.

答案：

一、2 5 4 1 3
二、1. B 2. B 3. B 4. B 5. A
三、1. C 2. C 3. B 4. B 5. C
四、1. C 2. D 3. E 4. A 5. B
五、1. A 2. C 3. B 4. A 5. C
六、1. C 2. C 3. C 4. A 5. B
七、1. spring 2. will 3. come out
4. factories 5. sunlight
八、1. B 2. E 3. D 4. C 5. A
九、1. F 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. T
十、1. B 2. B 3. C 4. B 5. D
十一、范文： **Spring**

Spring is the first season in a year. When spring comes, the leaves and the grass will come out. Everything will be green again. It's always sunny and warm in spring. We can go hiking with our parents. We can see beautiful flowers, green grass and trees. We can hear birds singing. I love spring.

Unit 3 过关检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. The old people enjoy walking in a park.
2. Some seeds travel with wind.
3. We can grow the vegetables on the land.
4. I like to make a paper plane with newspapers.
5. We can cook the meals with the sunlight.

二、1. I like trees. I enjoy walking in a forest.
2. —How can we make use of the old jacket?
—We can make a bag.
3. We can get fruits from trees.
4. —Can you give me an example of sweet fruits?
—For example, apples, peaches and watermelons.
5. —Miss Wang, is corn a kind of seeds?
—Yes, and some peanuts are seeds, too.

三、1. —How can we make use of water?
—We can use it to drink.
2. —Can you give me an example of animals?
—For example, tigers and lions.
3. —How do seeds travel?
—Some seeds travel with wind.
4. —Why do you plant trees, Lala?
—Because I can get fruits from the trees.
5. The potatoes are stems.

四、1. —How can we make use of trees?
—We can get fruits from trees.
—We can make chairs and tables with the wood from trees.
—We can also build houses.
2. —Where do we get our food, Dad?
—We get most of our foods from plants.
—Can you give me an example of the foods?
—For example, potatoes, tomatoes, carrots, cabbages, and peanuts.
3. —Is the corn a kind of seeds?
—Yes, and some nuts are seeds, too.
4. —Do you know trees are very useful to us?
—Yes, they can clean the air. I enjoy walking in the forest.
5. —How do seeds travel, Mum?
—They travel in many ways. Some seeds travel in water.

答案：

一、1. √ 2. × 3. √ 4. × 5. √
二、2 4 3 5 1
三、1. A 2. B 3. C 4. B 5. B
四、1. wood 2. carrots 3. corn
4. forest 5. water
五、1. Fruits: tomato cucumber pepper pumpkin
2. Seeds: corn bean 3. Stems: onion
4. Leaves: cabbage lettuce
5. Flowers: cauliflower
六、1. chairs 2. football; basketball
3. birds 4. tomatoes
七、1. C 2. C 3. A 4. C 5. C
八、1. C 2. A 3. E 4. D 5. B
九、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T
十、1. B 2. B 3. C 4. A 5. D
十一、范文：

We can use water in many ways. We can water the plants with water. We can drink water. We can wash the clothes with water.

We can keep the fish in water. We can swim in the water.

期中检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. —What are you doing, Mary?
—I'm drawing a picture.
2. —Are they holding a birthday party?
—Yes, they are.
3. —What do flowers do?
—They make seeds. Little seeds grow up to be plants.
4. —How can we make use of trees?
—We can get fruits from trees.
5. —Can you give me an example of the sweet fruits?
—For example, apples, peaches, and watermelons.

二、1. They hold the trees above the ground.
2. My father is playing football.
3. How can we make use of trees?
4. My brother is making a model plane.
5. What's the English for the different parts of a computer?

三、1. —How do seeds travel?
—Some seeds travel in water.
2. —How can we make use of newspapers?
—We can make paper caps.
3. We need rice and vegetables to cook lunch.
4. Nothing on the earth can live without the sun.
5. —What is she doing?
—She is drawing.

四、W: What are you doing, Mike?
M: I'm watching TV, Mum.
W: What are you watching?
M: I'm watching a basketball game. My favourite team is playing.
What is my dad doing?
W: Oh, he is talking with your uncle.

答案：

一、5 1 4 2 3
二、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. A 5. B
三、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. B
四、1. doing 2. TV 3. basketball
4. playing 5. talking
五、1. practicing 2. baseball 3. corn
4. autumn 5. green
（答案不唯一）
六、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. A
七、1. C 2. E 3. A 4. D 5. B
八、1. C 2. B 3. C 4. A 5. C
九、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. F 5. F
十、范文：Today is Sunday. It's very nice. My friends and I go to the park. Look! Lingling is dancing. Mike is drawing a picture. Maomao is fishing. Baobao is playing football. I'm playing hide-and-seek with Guoguo.

Unit 5 过关检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. —Who's that boy?
—He is my cousin. He likes playing football.
2. —Who's that lady? —She is my mom.
3. I have three cousins. We usually have a big family reunion every Christmas.

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4. —Who's that old man?
—He is Mr Wang, my neighbour.
5. —How often do you see your grandparents?
—Every summer.

二、1. —Who's that girl?
—She's Lily, my niece.
2. —How old is your cousin?
—I'm 8. He is twenty years older than I am.
3. —Who's that old man?
—He is my grandpa.
4. —How often do you hold a party?
—Every month.
5. —Do you often climb mountains in autumn?
—Yes, I do.

三、1. —Who's that girl in the picture, Lily?
—She is my cousin. She is 14 years old, 5 years older than me.
2. —Is that old lady your grandma?
—No, she is my neighbour.
3. —Who's that boy?
—He is Jack, one of my cousins.
4. —How often do you see your cousins?
—Every Spring Festival.
5. —Here is the photo of my family.
—Who's that little girl?
—She's my niece.
—Who's the baby boy then? He's so cute!
—He is Jim, my nephew.

四、1. —Who's that man in the picture?
—He's my cousin, Ben. He's the son of my aunt, my mother's sister.
2. My brother is three years older than I am.
3. —Who's that man?
—He's Andy, one of my uncles.
4. —Do you often see your grandparents?
—Yes, because we live in the same city.
5. —Who's that kid?
—He's Liangliang, my nephew.

答案：
一、3 1 5 2 4
二、1. B 2. B 3. B 4. A 5. B
三、1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T
四、1. cousin 2. older 3. uncles
4. same 5. kid
五、1. nephew 2. aunt 3. cousin
4. niece 5. uncle
六、1. C 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. C
七、1. B 2. D 3. A 4. E 5. C
八、1. E 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. D
九、1. cousin 2. aunt 3. niece
4. two 5. 34/thirty-four
十、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T
十一、范文：Mike is my best friend. He's 12. He lives in Shanghai. He likes playing football. He doesn't like playing computer games. He often goes hiking on the weekend. He always goes to school on foot. I like him very much.

Unit 6 过关检测卷

听力材料：
一、1. My uncle is a dentist.
2. He's a cook. He works at a restaurant.
3. My grandpa is an artist.
4. My aunt is a dancer. She can dance well.
5. My brother is a basketball player.

二、1. My father is a painter, and I will be a painter, too.
2. I want to be a barber in the future.
3. —What will you be in the future, Mingming?
—I will be a basketball player.
4. —What does your father do, Lily?
—He is a doctor.
5. —Do you enjoy making things?
—Yes, I do. I want to be an engineer.

三、1. —What does your mother do, Cindy?
—She is a writer. She writes stories.
2. —What will you be in the future, Mingming?
—I will be a pilot.
3. —Will you be a football player in the future, Tim?
—I hope so.
4. —Do you enjoy playing the piano, Guoguo?
—Yes, I do.
5. —Is your father an engineer, Yuanyuan?
—No, he is a doctor.

四、There are five people in Jack's family. Jack's grandfather is an artist. His father is a doctor and his mother is a nurse. Jack will be a pilot in the future. His sister likes playing the piano. She wants to be a pianist.

答案：
一、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. A
二、2 3 5 1 4
三、1. B 2. A 3. A 4. A 5. B
四、1—D 2—A 3—B 4—E 5—C
五、1. football coach 2. writer 3. pilot
4. engineer 5. tailor
六、1. A 2. B 3. D 4. C 5. D
七、1. D 2. A 3. C 4. E 5. B
八、1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. F
九、1. F 2. T 3. T 4. T 5. F
十、1. She is from Beijing. 2. He is a doctor.
3. She is a dress designer. 4. Yes, she does.
5. She needs to practice playing basketball and do a lot of exercise.
十一、范文：Someone wants to be a basketball player because they're good at sports. Someone wants to be a writer, because they like writing stories. I like playing the piano and I am good at it. It's very interesting. So I want to be a pianist. I should practise hard. I believe I can do it.

Unit 7 过关检测卷

听力材料：
一、1. Are you going to New York during the summer holiday?
2. How long does it take to the West Lake by bus?
3. Why don't you take the train Tianjin?
4. My friends and I email each other very often.
5. Sanya is famous for its sandy beaches.

二、1. —How long does it take to get to Xi'an?
—It takes more than five hours by train.
2. —How long does it take to go to visit your grandparents?
—It takes more than forty minutes by bus.
3. —Why don't you take the subway to the airport? It's easier.
—I enjoy taking the taxi.
4. —What is Sanya famous for?
—It's famous for its sandy beaches.
5. I live in Chengdu. My city is famous for the pandas.

三、1. My father will fly to New York City. It takes about nine hours by plane.
2. —Tom, how do you go to school every day?
—I go to school by bike. It's near my home.
—How long does it take to get there?
—About fifteen minutes.
3. Why don't you go to the Great Wall by car? It's convenient.
4. —How do you go to the cinema?
—I go there by bus.
5. —Will you go to the library by bus?
—No, I enjoy walking.

四、Hi, I am Peter. I will go to London this summer vacation. My parents and I will go there by plane. It will take us about twelve hours. London is a big city. There are many famous places, such as Big Ben, the Tower Bridge and the River Thames. I can't wait.

答案：
一、1. A 2. B 3. B 4. A 5. A
二、3 1 5 2 4
三、1—C 2—A 3—B 4—E 5—D
四、1. plane 2. twelve hours 3. big
4. Big Ben 5. Tower Bridge
五、1. plane subway taxi train bike
2. comfortable exciting fast excited famous
六、1. bus; walking 2. camera 3. flowers 4. plane
七、1. exciting 2. enjoy 3. excited
4. email 5. hours
八、1. B 2. C 3. A 4. D 5. E
九、1. A 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. B
十、1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. T
十一、范文：We are going to Hainan this summer holiday. It's really a good place. It's famous for its sandy beaches. We will play with sand and swim in the sea. We are going to the Monkey Island. We will have a good time in Hainan.

期末检测卷

听力材料：
一、1. —What will you be in the future, Andy?
—I will be an artist.
2. —What do trunks do?
—They hold the trees above the ground.
3. —What's the English for the different parts of a clock?
—They are the face, the long hand, and the short hand.
4. —What is she doing?
—She is playing the violin.
5. —Who's that old lady?
—She is Mrs Liu, my neighbour.

二、1. —Will you be an artist in the future, Tom?
—I hope so.
2. —How long does it take to get to the U. S. A., Sara?
—It takes more than ten hours by plane.
3. —Where will you go this holiday, Amy?
—I will go to Sanya.
—What is Sanya famous for?
—It's famous for its sandy beaches.
4. —What are you doing, Mike?
—I'm playing basketball.
5. —Do you enjoy playing the piano, Mary?
—Yes, I want to be a pianist.

三、第一段对话
W: Who's that boy over there, Li Ming?
M: He is my nephew, Yangyang.
W: What is he doing?
M: He is playing football.
W: Will he be a football player in the future?
M: Yes, he likes playing football.
听第二段对话
W: Are you going away for the summer vacation, John?
M: Yes, I'm going to Hainan with my parents.
W: How will you go there?
M: We will go there by bullet train.
W: Why don't you go there by plane? It's faster.
M: I enjoy travelling by train.
W: What will you do there?
M: We will swim in the sea and take many pictures. Hainan is famous for its sandy beaches.
W: Sounds exciting! Have a good time.
M: Thank you!

四、I'm Lily. These are some photos of my family. There are four people in my family. Look at this photo. He is my father. He is an engineer. The woman in a blue dress is my mother. She is playing the piano. She is a pianist. Look at that photo. That is my sister. She is fifteen years old. She is five years older than me.

答案：
一、4 3 5 2 1
二、1—D 2—A 3—B 4—C 5—E
三、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. A
四、1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T
五、1. nephew cousin niece
2. writer barber pianist
3. trunk seed stem leaf
六、1. flowers; seeds 2. trees; fruits from
3. watching TV 4. pilot 5. beaches
七、1. C 2. D 3. D 4. A 5. C
八、1. E 2. C 3. B 4. A 5. D
九、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. F
十、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. A
十一、范文： **My friend**
She's Sally. She is 11 years old. Her hobby is playing the piano. She wants to be a pianist in the future. She goes to school by subway. She's my best friend.

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课时部分

Unit 1 WHAT ARE YOU DOING?

Lesson 1

听力材料：

一、1. She speaks English very well.
2. I'm reading my textbook.
3. I wish I could speak Chinese well.
4. Reading English is important.

二、1. The girl is doing crafts.
2. She is reading an English book.
3. My little sister is dancing.
4. My aunt is chatting with her friends on the computer.
5. I am practicing my English.
6. My mum is watering the flowers.

三、1. —What are you doing, Mike?
—I'm playing basketball.
2. —What are you doing, Nancy?
—I'm watching TV.
3. —What are you doing, Guoguo?
—I'm practicing my English.
4. —What are you doing, Dad?
—I'm washing clothes.
5. —What are you doing, Grandpa?
—I'm watering the flowers.
6. —What are you doing, Mary?
—I'm jumping rope.

答案：

一、1. C 2. B 3. C 4. A
二、1. F 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T 6. F
三、1. A 2. B 3. B 4. B 5. A 6. B
四、1. C **点拨**：A、B是语言，C是国家。
2. B
3. C **点拨**：A B是学习工具类，名词，C是形容词，故选择C。
4. A
5. B

五、



六、1. practicing **点拨**：be + 动词的现在分词表示动作正在进行。
2. his **点拨**：he 他，人称代词，放在动词前作主语，his 他的，物主代词，放在名词前作定语，friends 是名词，故选择 his。
3. reading **点拨**：reading 是动名词，reads 是动词单三形式，like 后要加动名词，或 to do 形式，故选择 reading。
4. speaks **点拨**：说英语是经常发生的动作，因此本句子用一般现在时，而主语 Guoguo 为第三人称单数，故动词后加-s。
5. doing

七、1. B 2. C 3. A 4. E 5. D
八、fine park playing important songs
九、1. Practicing English 2. Reading aloud
3. Listening to English songs **点拨**：这三个答案均是从文章中筛选出来的词组。
4. Listening to English every day is a good way to learn English. **点拨**：可以仿照上面的句子进行改写。
5. Watching English cartoons is a good way to learn English.

十、1. F 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T
6. F 7. T
方法点拨：做阅读判断题时可用**信息定位法**，抓住题干的关键信息，代入短文中找到与之相似的句子，再仔细阅读句子，判断正误。

Lesson 2

听力材料：

一、1. —What is Lily doing?
—She is making a model with her teacher.
2. —What is your uncle doing?
—He is watching a basketball game on TV.
3. —What is the girl doing?
—She is playing the piano.
4. —What is your brother doing?
—He is playing chess with Jenny.
5. —What is the old man doing?
—He is practicing *kung fu*.

二、1. What is Baobao doing?
2. Would you like to watch a football match?
3. What are you doing?
4. Is Lucy's mother cooking dinner?
5. What is Mike watching?

三、Class is over. Students are on the playground. Mary is playing tennis. Tom is listening to English songs. Amy likes Chinese. She is reading her Chinese book. Oh, where is John? He is playing ping-pong with Tim over there.

答案：

一、3 2 5 1 4
二、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. A 5. B
三、1. D 2. A 3. B 4. C
四、1. football 2. listening 3. drum 4. book
5. Chinese
（答案不唯一）
五、1. playing chess 2. playing the piano
3. practicing *kung fu* 4. making a model plane
5. playing baseball
六、1. to 2. with 3. for 4. the 5. a
七、1. C **点拨**：be 动词 am，is，are，我用 am，你用 are，is 跟着他她它，单数 is，复数 are。主语是 you 你，因此选择 C。
2. B **点拨**：主语是 Lingling，是她 she，因此选择 is。
3. C **点拨**：Baobao 是男生，因此选择 He。
4. B **点拨**：此题要找到关键词 Lucy，是她，用 is，相对应的物主代词是 her 她的。
5. A **点拨**：我最喜欢的_____现在正在比赛，因此我正在看篮球比赛。可知是最喜欢的篮球队，因此选择 A。

八、1. B 2. A 3. D 4. E 5. C
九、1. B 2. C 3. A
4. C **点拨**：weekend 包括 Sunday 和 Saturday，因此选择 C。
5. B

Lesson 3

听力材料：

一、1. —Hi, Lingling. What are the children doing?
—They are playing hide-and-seek.
2. —Look at the old men. What are they doing over there?
—They are fishing.
3. —Look at the young people. Are they dancing?
—No, they are singing.
4. —Hi, Lisa. Who's the boy over there?
—That's Bob.
—And who's that man? Is he Mr Black?
—Yes, he is.
—What are they doing?
—Oh, they are playing chess.
5. —Hi, Betty. What are you doing?
—I'm watching TV.
—Are your parents watching TV, too?
—Yes, they are.

二、1. —What are they doing?
—They are dancing.
2. —What are they doing?
— They are keeping birds.
3. —What are your parents doing?
—They are putting candles on the cake.
4. —What are you doing with your uncle?
—We are going swimming.
5. —What are the boys doing?
—They are playing hide-and-seek.
6. —What are they doing now?
—They are looking at the photos.

三、A: Where is Jim?
B: He is in the washing room.
A: What is he doing?
B: He is washing his socks.
A: What is Jane doing? Is she playing computer games?
B: No. She is reading fairy tales in the bedroom.

答案：

一、1. B 2. B 3. B 4. A 5. B
二、1. × 2. × 3. √ 4. × 5. √ 6. √
三、1. A 2. C 3. B
四、practicing chatting putting
baseball rugby volleyball
she he you
speak make listen
五、A. dancing B. playing C. fishing D. putting; table
1—A 2—C 3—B 4—D
六、1. B **点拨**：stay at home 是固定词组。
2. C **点拨**：现在进行时构成是 be + doing，这里有 be 动词 is，因此后面选择 reading。
3. B **点拨**：主语 Her brother 是男生，后面应该是和他的朋友聊天，因此选择 his。
4. A **点拨**：前面说她的妹妹可爱，后面接着说她妹妹正在玩玩具，因此选择 She。
5. C **点拨**：be 动词根据主语变化而变化，主语是 They，是复数，所以 be 动词要用 are。

七、1. E 2. C 3. B 4. A 5. D

八、**方法点拨**：此题可用**找关键词法**解答，根据表格中给的关键信息，（左边是动物词汇，右边是与其对应的活动信息）在文章中找到关键词，并把信息选出来，填写在表格相应的位置上。

Animals	Actions
Four monkeys	Riding bikes
The birds	Flying and singing
The dogs	Doing maths exercises
The pandas	Climbing trees
The lions	Playing with a ball
The kangaroos	Jumping
Two elephants	Drinking water

Lesson 4

听力材料：

一、1. Amy is drawing.
2. Sam is playing football.
3. They are singing happily.
4. The man is fishing.
5. The girl is doing crafts.
6. These old men are practicing *kung fu*.
7. The boy and his grandparents are in the park.
8. The young woman is playing the piano.
9. The children are playing computer games.

二、1. —Mary, what are you doing now?
—I am having a birthday party with my friends.
2. —What are the children doing?
—They are playing volleyball.
3. —Look! What are they doing?
—They are watching cartoons on TV.
4. —What are your friends doing?
—They are doing crafts together.
5. —Are you playing badminton?
—No, I am playing chess with my brother.
6. —What are the boys doing?
—They are playing badminton.

三、Today is Sunday. The children have no class. They are doing their things. Mary is climbing the mountain. Tim is keeping birds. Tom is chatting with his friends. Jack is practicing his English at home. How about Amy? Oh, she is having a piano lesson. They are very busy.

答案：

一、1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T
6. T 7. F 8. T 9. F
二、4 1 5 2 6 3
三、1—C 2—D 3—B 4—E 5—A
四、1. rice egg pizza 2. T-shirt shirt skirt
3. Chinese English music
4. football basketball baseball
（答案不唯一）
五、1. playing football 2. taking photos
3. listening to music 4. reading a book
5. watching TV 6. putting candles

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六、**点拨**：此题是字母组合 qu 在单词中发音的语音题，运用找关键字母组合 qu 就可以找到表格里的单词。

1. quilt 2. quiet 3. question 4. queen

Q	P	I	T	M	O	S	Q
Q	U	E	E	N	C	Q	U
H	C	I	K	B	A	U	I
Q	D	I	E	O	T	A	C
Q	U	A	R	T	E	R	K
U	W	I	H	F	G	E	L
V	R	S	L	V	Y	Z	Y
Q	U	E	S	T	I	O	N

七、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. B

八、1. He is playing football. 2. Yes, they are.
3. He is playing table tennis with his friends.
4. No, she isn't.

九、范文：

Today is Sunday. It's a sunny day. Maomao and his parents are in the park. There are so many people in it. Some boys are playing football. Some girls are playing badminton. Maomao is flying a kite with his parents. They are having a good time.

点拨：本题中的 playing football，playing badminton，flying a kite 可以写别的，学生可以根据自己在公园里所看到的生活情境，也可以想象，只要语法没有错误，符合公园情景就行。

Unit 2 WHAT DO FLOWERS DO?

Lesson 5

听力材料：

一、1. What's the English for the different parts of a plant?
2. Everything is OK.
3. The leaves and the grass will come out.
4. Please follow me!
5. What will happen in winter?

二、1. The keyboard is new.
2. This is the screen of a computer.
3. The leaves will be yellow in autumn.
4. There are some seeds.
5. How beautiful the flowers are!

三、1. What's the English for the different parts of a plant?
2. The face, the long hand, the short hand are the different parts of a clock.
3. The different parts of a computer have different jobs.
4. The leaves and the grass will come out in spring.

答案：

一、1. B 2. B 3. C 4. A 5. A

方法点拨：此题用**听关键词法**解答，先观察选项，大致确定关键词，如第 1 题中，A、B、C 三个选项只有 different 后面的词不同，故 different 后面的词是做题的关键，最后集中精神听 different 后的词，即可得出答案。

二、4 1 5 3 2

三、1. plant 2. face; long; short 3. jobs 4. come out

四、1. the screen the mouse 2. the face the long hand
3. the roots the leaves

五、1. The keyboard 2. the short hand 3. beautiful flowers
4. some seeds 5. The stem

六、1. in 2. out 3. of 4. for 5. to

七、1. C 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. B

八、1. B 2. B 3. A 4. A 5. A

九、1. C 2. E 3. A 4. D 5. B

Lesson 6

听力材料：

一、1. The flowers make seeds.
2. The trunks hold the trees above the ground.
3. The roots hold the plants in the ground.
4. The leaves make food for the plant.

二、1. What do seeds do?
2. What do leaves do?
3. What do flowers do?
4. What do stems do?
5. What's the English for the different parts of a computer?

三、1. —What do roots do ?
—The roots hold the plants in the ground.
2. —What will happen in spring?
—The leaves will come out.
3. —What do the seeds do?
—They grow up to be plants and trees.

答案：

一、2 1 4 3

二、1. A 2. B 3. B 4. A 5. B

三、1. A 2. A 3. B

四、1. A 2. C 3. A 4. A 5. C

方法点拨：分类记忆法。 本题是考查单词类别的，需要找出某方面同类的单词，如第 2 题中，有两个选项是动词，一个选项是名词，所以不同类的单词为 C 选项。

五、1. plant 2. carry 3. flowers
4. trees 5. seeds

六、1. grow up 2. make food
3. come out 4. follow me
5. hold the trees

七、1. B 2. C 3. E 4. A 5. D

八、1. D 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. E

九、1. D 2. F 3. B 4. A 5. G 6. C 7. E

Lesson 7

听力材料：

一、1. I'd like some water.
2. The potatoes are yummy.
3. We have a big party.
4. I have some candies.

二、第一段对话：

Mom：Hi, Mike! It's time to cook dinner. What would you like for dinner?

Mike：I would like to eat some noodles.

Mom：OK. I need two potatoes, four eggs and some noodles to cook dinner.

Mike：Let me help you.

第二段对话：

Mom：Lucy! Next Sunday is your birthday. I will hold a party for you.

Lucy：Cool, Mom! What do we need to hold the party?

Mom：We need a birthday cake, some flowers, some candies and drinks.

三、1. The leaves are like little factories.
2. Leaves need sunlight, air and water to make food.
3. Nothing on the earth can live without the sun.
4. We need tomatoes and eggs to cook lunch.

答案：

一、1. F 2. F 3. T 4. F

二、1. A 2. A 3. B 4. A

三、1. leaves 2. sunlight; water 3. Nothing
4. tomatoes; eggs

四、1. sunlight 2. earth 3. water 4. leaves 5. plant

五、1. I J N 2. B C L 3. F H O 4. A D G 5. E K M

六、1. D 2. C 3. A 4. B

七、1. A
2. B **点拨**：by 意为“依靠，通过”，故选 B。
3. A 4. C 5. A

八、1. D 2. C 3. B 4. A

九、1. A **方法点拨**：此题用**寻读法**解答。首先要仔细看问题，明确问题，这一题是问“海伦的父亲是做什么的”，确定关键词为职业类名词，再按照题意进行寻读，找出文中的重要事实或细节，得出答案。
2. A 3. B 4. B 5. C

Lesson 8

听力材料：

一、1. The keyboard is a part of a computer.
2. The roots hold the plant in the ground.
3. I need some tomatoes.
4. There are some toys.
5. Nothing on the earth can live without the sun.

二、1. What's the English for the different parts of a clock?
2. What will happen in spring?
3. What do seeds do?
4. What do you need to cook the lunch?

三、Spring is coming. The leaves and the grass are coming out. Leaves are a part of a plant. They make food for the plant. And what do the leaves need to make food? They need sunlight, air and water to make food. The roots, the stems , the flowers and the seeds are also the different parts of a plant. They have different jobs for a plant.

答案：

一、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. A

二、1. A 2. A 3. B 4. A

三、1. coming 2. Leaves 3. plant 4. need
5. sunlight 6. water 7. seeds 8. jobs

四、1. running rain 2. nurse shirt 3. are class
4. sister teacher 5. born morning

五、1. pen 2. flower 3. onion 4. banana 5. live
（答案不唯一）

六、1. Each 2. different 3. comes; come
4. Everything 5. are; factories

七、1. B **点拨**：will + 动词原形表将来。
2. B **点拨**：each of…强调个体，看作单三形式，故用 has。
3. C 4. B
5. B **点拨**： your mother 为第三人称单数，所以用助动词 does，故选 B。

八、1. D 2. B 3. C 4. E 5. A

九、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. A

Unit 3 HOW DO SEEDS TRAVEL?

Lesson 9

听力材料：

一、1. We can get fruits from trees.
2. How can we make use of the old jacket?
3. I enjoy playing the piano.
4. We can use water in many ways.

二、1. —How can we make use of trees?
—We can build houses.
2. —How can we make use of water?
—We can wash the clothes.
3. —Do you like walking?
—Yes, I do. I like walking in a park.
4. —How can we make use of the old pants?
—We can make a bag.

三、1. How can we make use of water?
2. Can we get fruits from trees?
3. Do you like fruits?
4. How can we make use of newspapers?

答案：

一、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. B

二、1. A 2. A 3. B 4. A

三、1. B 2. A 3. A 4. B

四、1. A 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. A

五、1. of 2. from 3. in 4. with 5. at

六、1. B
2. C **点拨**：由 Because 可知是回答原因，故用 why 提问。
3. B 4. A 5. A 6. B 7. B

七、1. D 2. B 3. C 4. A 5. E

八、1. C 2. A 3. D 4. B

九、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T

Lesson 10

听力材料：

一、1. Watermelons are sweet fruits.
2. Hot dogs are fast food.
3. Cabbages are vegetables.
4. Peanuts are seeds.
5. Potatoes are stems.

二、1. Can you give me an example of the sports?
2. Look at the potatoes. Are these a kind of flowers?
3. Can you give me an example of the fruits?
4. The hamburgers are yummy. Are these a kind of the fast food?

三、**Amy**：Hi, John. This is Amy. What are you doing?

John：I'm playing sports in the gym.

Amy：Do you like sports?

John：Yes, I do.

Amy：Which sports do you like best?

John：I like playing basketball best.

Amy：Can you give me an example of the sports?

John：For example, football, ping-pong and badminton.

Amy：Oh, I see. I like ping-pong best. It's interesting.

答案：

一、4 1 2 5 3

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方法点拨：此题用**三步两遍听音法**。第一步：快速浏览题目内容，仔细看图，做到心中有数。第二步：第一遍听音，边听边做题，注意捕捉录音中的关键信息，并根据关键信息对图片进行编号。第三步：第二遍听音，边听边检查，得到最后的答案。

二、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. A
三、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. A
四、1. B 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. C
五、1. tomatoes 2. carrots 3. peaches
4. cabbages 5. hamburgers
六、1. A
2. B **点拨**：example 是以元音音素开头，故选 B。
3. C 4. A 5. A
七、1. B 2. C 3. E 4. D 5. A
八、4 1 3 2 5
九、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T

Lesson 11

听力材料：

一、1. Some people travel by plane.
2. Some seeds travel with wind.
3. Corn is a kind of seeds.
4. We go to school by bus.
二、1. How do people travel?
2. Are the nuts a kind of seeds?
3. How do seeds travel?
4. How do you go to the park?
三、Seeds are a part of a plant. They grow up to be plants and trees. Some seeds can be eaten（吃）as food. For example, nuts, wheat and rice are seeds. Corn is also a kind of seeds. And do you know how do seeds travel? Some seeds travel with wind. Some seeds travel with people and animals, and others travel in water.

答案：

一、1. B 2. B 3. A 4. B
二、1. A 2. A 3. A 4. B
三、1. plant 2. up 3. nuts 4. seeds 5. Corn
6. travel 7. wind 8. water
四、1. A 2. B 3. B 4. A 5. B
五、1. C 2. B 3. A 4. E 5. D
六、1. A
2. A **方法点拨**：此题用**比较辨析法**解答。比较选项 ABC 可知，分别是询问方式，询问是什么，询问原因，再通过阅读题干可知是询问种子传播的方式，故选 A。
3. C 4. B 5. B
七、1. of 2. at 3. in 4. from 5. with
八、1. E 2. D 3. A 4. B 5. C
九、1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. T
十、1. seed 2. leaves 3. flowers 4. stems 5. plant

Lesson 12

听力材料：

一、1. I enjoy running in a forest.
2. We can get fruits from trees.
3. Can you give me an example of the fast food?
4. How do seeds travel?
5. I like carrots.
二、1. —Can you give me an example of fast food?
—For example, hot dogs, hamburgers and sandwiches.
2. —Do any foods come from different parts of plants?
—Yes, for example, peanuts are seeds and tomatoes are fruits.
3. —How do seeds travel?
—Some seeds travel with wind.
4. —How do people travel?
—Some people travel by car.
5. —Are carrots a kind of roots?
—Yes, they are.
三、1. How can we make use of trees?
2. Where do we get our food?
3. Can you give me an example of sweet fruits?
4. Is corn a kind of seeds?
5. Do you like walking?

答案：

一、1. B 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. A
二、1. B 2. A 3. A 4. A 5. B
三、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. A 5. B
四、1. × 2. × 3. √ 4. ×
五、1. hot dog; pizza 2. pear; mango
3. badminton; baseball 4. potato; celery
六、1. A 2. C 3. B 4. A 5. C
七、1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D 5. E
八、1. E 2. C 3. B 4. D 5. A
九、1. C
2. B **点拨**：由 different 可知要用复数 parts。
3. C 4. A 5. C

Unit 4 REVISION

Lesson 13

听力材料：

一、1. —What are they doing? —They are playing baseball.
2. —What do seeds do? —They grow up to be plants.
3. —How can we make use of paper?
—We can make a paper boat.
4. —What do we need to do crafts?
—We need paper and scissors.
二、1. What is your sister doing?
2. What will happen in spring?
3. How can we make use of the land?
4. Can you give me an example of vegetables?
三、**Sam**: What are you doing, Dad?
Dad: I'm cooking the lunch.
Sam: What do we need to cook the lunch?
Dad: We need fish, eggplants and rice.
Sam: Dad, is the eggplant a kind of fruits?
Dad: Yes, and tomatoes and cucumbers are fruits, too.

答案：

一、1. B 2. B 3. A 4. A
二、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. A
三、1. A 2. C 3. A
四、1. √ 2. × 3. √ 4. × 5. ×
五、1. playing the piano 2. drawing a picture
3. planting flowers 4. practicing English
5. cooking dinner
六、1. A
2. B **点拨**：Would you like to ＋动词原形＋其他？意为“你愿意/想要做……吗？” look at 为固定搭配。
3. A **点拨**：通过某种方式用介词 by。
4. C 5. A
七、1. D 2. C 3. B 4. A 5. E
八、1. F 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. F
九、范文

We can make chairs and desks and build houses with the wood from the trees. We get most of our food from plants. These foods come from different parts of plants. I like plants. They are our friends. We should take care of them.

Lesson 14

听力材料：

一、1. Stone is a hard, heavy material.
2. Please look at my family photo.
3. We water the flowers with water.
4. Nothing on the earth can live without the sun.
二、1. Shanghai is too far from Beijing. We have to take a plane to go there.
2. Look! They are watching a football game.
3. —Can you give me an example of fruits?
—For example, grapes and bananas.
4. —How can we make use of the cloth?
—We can make T-shirts.
三、Tom and his friends are in the park. Tom is fishing near the lake. Lily and Lucy are playing ping-pong. Amy is reading her storybook. Oh, where is Tim? He is playing hide-and-seek with John.

答案：

一、1 3 4 2
二、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. B
三、1. C 2. B 3. D 4. A
四、1. C 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. A
五、1. watering the tree 2. Carrots 3. by ship
4. playing badminton 5. get fruits
六、1. C 2. A
3. A **点拨**：纸是柔软的材料。故选 A。
4. B 5. C
七、1. C 2. D 3. A 4. B 5. E
八、1. D 2. C 3. E 4. A 5. B
九、1. √
2. × **点拨**：由短文第 6 句可知，茎可以把水从根部运到叶子上。
3. √ 4. × 5. √

Unit 5 WHO'S THAT BABY BOY?

Lesson 15

听力材料：

一、1. This is Helen, my cousin. She is the daughter of Aunt Lucy, my father's sister.
2. —How old is your cousin? —He is eighteen.
3. She has a lovely kid.
4. Here is a photo of Sam's family.
二、**Peter**: What are you doing, Mary?
Mary: I'm making a birthday cake for Jordan.
Peter: Who's Jordan?
Mary: Oh, he is my cousin. He is the son of Uncle Jack.
Peter: When is his birthday?
Mary: It's tomorrow. It's on November 20th. He will be twenty-six years old.
Peter: He is much older than you.
Mary: Yes, he's fourteen years older than I am.
三、Hello! I'm Lisa. I'm 11 years old. My mother is twenty years older than I am. My father is thirty-three years old. My grandpa is fifty-eight years old. My grandma is two years younger than my grandpa is.

答案：

一、1. B 2. A 3. A 4. B
二、1. A 2. A 3. B 4. B
三、1. 31 2. 33 3. 58
4. 56 **方法点拨**：此题用**听前预测法**解答。即在听录音之前，快速浏览题干及选项，对听力材料的大意进行预测，做到心中有数。如本题通过观察题干可知，听力内容为不同家庭成员和他们的年龄，在听的过程中注意听家庭成员及其年龄即可。
四、1. eighteen 2. two 3. twenty-one
4. seventeen 5. twelve
五、1. son 2. sister 3. lovely 4. kid
六、1. A **点拨**：本题主语是 The rabbit，是第三人称单数。其后动词应是第三人称单数形式。
2. C **点拨**：“祖父母的花园”是“grandparents' garden”当所有格前的名词以 s 结尾时，直接加“'”即可。
3. B **点拨**：much 修饰比较级。
4. A **点拨**：the first day of a week “一周的第一天”。
5. C **点拨**：on the bike 骑自行车；“by＋交通工具”表示“乘……交通工具”。
七、1. B 2. A 3. D 4. C
八、1. B 2. D 3. E 4. A 5. C
九、1. × 2. √ 3. × 4. × 5. √

Lesson 16

听力材料：

一、1. That old lady is Ms Liu, my neighbour.
2. Sally is a baby girl. She's cute.
3. She is my mother.
4. My aunt has a little baby.
二、1. —Who's that old gentleman? —He's my grandpa.
2. —Is this boy your nephew?
—Yes, he is.
3. —Is that woman your cousin?
—Yes, she's my big cousin.
4. —Who's this baby girl?
—She's my uncle's daughter.
三、第一段对话：
Mingming: How old are you, Yangyang?
Yangyang: I'm ten years old. What about you, Mingming?
Mingming: I'm nine years old.
Yangyang: I'm one year older than you are.
第二段对话：
Lily: Hello, Ellen. Do you have any cousins?
Ellen: Yes, I have three cousins. They are Jack, Mary and Cindy.
Lily: Is Jack your big cousin?
Ellen: Yes, he is five years older than me. Mary and Cindy were born in the same year. They are younger than me.

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答案：
一、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. B
二、1. A 2. B 3. B 4. B
三、1. A 2. A 3. B 4. B
四、1. C 2. B 3. B 4. A 5. C
五、1. nephew 2. niece 3. brother
4. grandparents 5. uncle
方法点拨：此题用**逻辑推理法**解答。先阅读题干，充分理解题意，再根据题干描述，结合生活常识，推理猜测出答案。
六、1. photo 2. woman 3. girl 4. man 5. boy
七、1. B **点拨：**pencils 是复数，故 be 动词用 are。
2. C **点拨：**be born 出生，主语 They 是复数，be 动词应用过去式 were。
3. A 4. A 5. B 6. A
八、1. same 2. lovely 3. nephew 4. sister 5. soon
九、1. D 2. C 3. E 4. B 5. A
十、1. F 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. F

Lesson 17

听力材料：
一、1. My cousins are in high school.
2. How often do you see your grandparents?
3. We live in Beijing.
4. My sister has piano lessons every Friday.
二、1. I see my cousins every Spring Festival.
2. My brother has chess lessons every Sunday.
3. We often have a big family reunion.
4. I can see my niece on New Year's Day.
三、1. My name is Tiantian. I have dancing lessons every Saturday.
2. I am Owen. I have football lessons every summer.
3. My name is Mark. I have a birthday party every four years.

答案：
一、1. A 2. B 3. C 4. B
二、1. × 2. √ 3. √ 4. ×
三、1. dancing lessons 2. every Saturday
3. football lessons 4. every summer 5. every four years
四、1. Sunday 2. often 3. nephew 4. love 5. two
（答案不唯一）
五、1. see your cousin 2. a photo of
3. have piano lessons 4. visit my grandparents
六、1. C **点拨：**介词 of 后跟宾格 them。
2. B **点拨：**句中有 than，表示比较级。many 修饰可数名词复数。many 的比较级是 more。故选 B。
3. B 4. A
5. B **点拨：**same 相同的，前面要用“the”。
七、1. How old 2. How often 3. Who 4. How
八、1. × 2. √ 3. × 4. √
九、1. D 2. E 3. B 4. A 5. C
十、1. A 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. A

Lesson 18

听力材料：
一、1. The boy on the horse is my brother.
2. That old lady is my neighbour.
3. I see my cousin every summer.
4. Lingling has dancing lessons every Friday.
二、1. Who's that man?
2. Is Sally your niece?
3. Do you often see your cousins?
4. How often do you see your grandparents?
三、I have two cousins, Lanlan and Xiaofang. Lanlan is older than I am. She is in high school. Xiaofang is eight years younger than I am. She is a kid. We see each other quite often.

答案：
一、2 3 1 4
二、1. A 2. B 3. B 4. A
三、1. cousins 2. older 3. eight 4. kid 5. often
四、1. B 2. A 3. A 4. B
五、1. thirty six twenty 2. go see have
3. sister cousin niece 4. same lovely big
六、1. baby boy 2. the same city 3. my grandparents
4. play football 5. playing chess
七、1. have **点拨：**will + 动词原形，表示将来。
2. has
3. are **点拨：**Both of them 他们两个，是复数，be 动词用 are。
4. Sara's **点拨：**表示 Sara 的朋友，应用所有格 Sara's。
5. taller **点拨：**than 是比较级的标志词。tall 的比较级是 taller。
6. more
7. was **点拨：**我出生在 2003 年。句子是过去的时间。I 后面用 am，am 的过去式是 was。
8. play **点拨：**由 every day 可知此句是一般现在时，she 是第三人称单数，故借用 does 引导一般疑问句，动词还原为原形。
9. younger 10. His
八、1. B 2. D 3. C 4. A
九、1. big 2. four 3. uncles 4. cousins
5. Christmas 6. see
十、1. Betty and Dick's 2. sister 3. brother; sister
4. policeman 5. wife

Unit 6 WHAT WILL YOU DO IN THE FUTURE?

Lesson 19

听力材料：
一、1. Mike has a model plane.
2. I will be a pilot in the future.
3. You should study hard to be a professor.
4. I think I can do it.
二、1. —What will you be in the future?
—I will be a pilot.
2. —What does your father do?
—He is a dentist.
3. —What does your mother do?
—She is an artist.
4. —What will your brother be in the future?
—He will be a barber.
三、I have four friends. What will they do in the future? Bob will be a doctor. Cici will be an artist. Andy will be a professor. How about Kate? She will be a pilot.

答案：
一、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. B
二、1. √ 2. × 3. √ 4. ×
三、1—B 2—C 3—D 4—A
四、1. B 2. B 3. A 4. A
五、1. a barber 2. a dentist 3. a farmer
4. a pilot 5. a nurse
六、1. C **点拨：**本题考查不定冠词 a，an 的用法。an 用于元音音素开头的单词前，a 用于辅音音素开头的单词前，故选 C。
2. B **点拨：**本题考查一般将来时，will 后加动词原形，be 是动词原形，故选 B。
3. C
4. A **点拨：**由句中时间状语“in the future”可知，本句要用一般将来时，故选 A。
5. B **点拨：**前后为转折关系，故选 but。
七、1. dancer 2. teacher
3. artist 4. basketball player
5. worker
八、1. making **点拨：**like doing sth. 意为“喜欢干某事”。
2. study **点拨：**情态动词 should 后跟动词原形。
3. artist 4. father's
5. professors **点拨：**parents 父母是复数名词，故 professor 要用复数形式。
九、1. B 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. A
十、**范文：**
My father is a policeman. My mother is a nurse. I'm a student. I like making model planes. I want to be a pilot. Then I will fly a plane or a spaceship. I should be strong and fit to be a pilot.

Lesson 20

听力材料：
一、1. I will be a football player in the future.
2. My aunt is a doctor.
3. I don't know how to play baseball.
4. This is my birthday present.
二、1. I'll ask my mum to teach you.
2. I don't know how to play golf.
3. This cap is a birthday gift from my uncle.
4. Will you be a pilot in the future?
三、My friends will have different jobs in the future. Jack likes playing football. He will be a football player. Joe likes playing basketball. He will be a basketball player. Mary will be a coach. Lee will be an engineer.

答案：
一、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. B
二、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. A
三、

	coach	football player	basketball player	engineer
Jack		√		
Joe			√	
Mary	√			
Lee				√

四、1. badminton 2. doctor 3. speak 4. cousin
5. Friday
（答案不唯一）
五、1. C 2. D 3. E 4. A 5. B
六、1. B **点拨：**“your mother”为第三人称单数，故助动词应用 does。
2. B
3. C **点拨：**“have to”意为“必须，不得不”。第二句的主语 he 为第三人称单数，谓语动词应与之一致。
4. A **点拨：**be from 意为“来自”。
5. C **点拨：**want to do sth. 意为“想要做某事”。
七、1. C 2. E 3. B 4. A 5. D
八、1. C 2. D 3. A 4. B
九、1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T

Lesson 21

听力材料：
一、1. Do you enjoy writing stories?
2. I enjoy playing the piano.
3. I will be a tailor.
4. I need to study hard to be an engineer.
二、1. —Do you enjoy playing football?
—Yes, I do. I want to be a football player.
2. —What do you enjoy doing?
—I enjoy playing the violin.
3. —Will you be a writer in the future?
—No. I will be a doctor.
4. —Do you enjoy drawing pictures?
—No, I don't. I enjoy dancing.
三、Sally likes reading and writing stories. She wants to be a writer. Jack enjoys making things. He will be an engineer. Tom likes playing basketball. He wants to be a basketball player. He has to exercise a lot. John can make model planes. He wants to be a pilot.

答案：
一、2 3 1 4
二、1. A 2. B 3. B 4. A
三、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. B
四、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. A 5. C
五、1. B 2. E 3. C 4. A 5. D
六、1. C **点拨：**enjoy doing sth. 意为“喜欢干某事”。
2. B **点拨：**“be good at doing sth.”意为“擅长干某事”，介词 at 后面接动词的-ing 形式。
3. C **点拨：**need 在这里是实义动词，后面接动词不定式，故选 C。
4. A **点拨：**莫言是一位非常著名的作家。
5. C
七、1. I will be an engineer in the future. 2. Yes, I will.
3. Yes, I do. 4. No, I don't. I want to be a pilot.
5. No, he's a basketball player.
八、1. C 2. A 3. B 4. D
九、1. an engineer 2. a pianist 3. a footballer
4. a writer 5. a pilot

Lesson 22

听力材料：
一、1. My father is a dentist.
2. Lingling's mother is an engineer.
3. —Is your aunt a tailor? —Yes, she is.
4. I want to be a pianist in the future.
5. —Will you be a barber? —Yes, I will.
二、1. What will you do in the future?
2. Will you be an engineer in the future?
3. Is your father a dentist?
4. What does your sister want to be?

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5. Do you enjoy playing the piano?

三、 Wang Bin is an engineer. He works in a car factory. He likes drawing pictures, but he doesn't like playing football. He goes to work by bus.

答案：

一、2 4 5 1 3

二、1. C 2. B 3. C 4. A 5. C

三、1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. T

四、1. 圈 favourite 2. 圈 baseball 3. 圈 at 4. 圈 much

方法点拨：此题用**读音记忆法**解答。先读出例词，确定例词中画线字母的发音是什么。如第 2 小题，例词 study 中字母 s 发/s/的音，再阅读后面的句子，根据读音记忆法找出有发/s/的单词。

五、1. pilot pianist dentist 2. baseball basketball football

3. play study teach 4. niece uncle nephew

六、1. in 2. from 3. at 4. of 5. by

七、1. E 2. B 3. D 4. C 5. A

八、1. E 2. A 3. D 4. B 5. C

九、1. C 2. D 3. B 4. E 5. A

方法点拨：此题用**逻辑推理法**解答，先整体阅读一遍短文，根据已知信息简单了解一下短文的主题，再逐字逐句结合着题干和上下文的逻辑，推理得出具体的答案。

十、1. F 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. F

Unit 7 ARE YOU GOING AWAY FOR THE HOLIDAY?

Lesson 23

听力材料：

一、1. —Where are you going for the holiday?
—I'm going to Xi'an by train.

2. —How do you go to the library?
—By bus.

3. —How long does it take to get to your school?
—Ten minutes on foot.

4. —Are you going away for the holiday, Xiao Hua?
—Yes. We are going to Shandong by car.

二、 Lily goes to school by bus. It takes 20 minutes to get to school. She often goes to the library by bike. There is a park near her home. She goes to the park on foot. On Sunday, she will go to the cinema by subway.

三、 The summer vacation is coming. My friends are going away for the holiday. Lanlan is going to Sydney by plane. It takes more than 12 hours. Li Tao is going to Hangzhou. It takes more than three hours by plane. Ma Hong is going to Hainan by plane. It takes more than three hours, too.

答案：

一、1. A 2. B 3. B 4. B

二、1—D 2—C 3—A 4—B

三、1. 12 hours 2. Hangzhou 3. 3 hours 4. Hainan

5. 3 hours

四、1. B 2. A 3. D 4. C 5. C

五、1. by train 2. write emails 3. by plane 4. school

六、1. C

2. B **点拨：**给谁写信或写邮件用介词 to。

3. A **点拨：**单词 hour 以元音音素开头，故选 A。

4. C **点拨：**本题考查 exciting 与 excited 的用法。excited 用来修饰人。而 exciting 则多修饰事或物。

5. B **点拨：**对别人的祝福应表示感谢。

七、1. emails 2. fly 3. takes 4. plane 5. hours

八、1. B 2. A 3. E 4. C 5. D

方法点拨：此题用**图文结合法**解答，先从简单的图片着手，理解图意后再阅读句子，根据句意结合图片选项，找出能和该句意匹配的图片即可。

九、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. F

十、1. are 2. working 3. plane 4. hours 5. excited

Lesson 24

听力材料：

一、1. easier 2. walking 3. airport 4. weekend

二、1. —How do you go to school every day?
—I go to school on foot.

2. I'm going to visit my grandparents this weekend.

3. I enjoy travelling by ship.

4. Why don't you take the taxi to the Summer Palace?
It's faster.

三、第一段对话：

Jack：Hi, Sam, are you going away for the holiday?

Sam：Yes, my mother and I are going to London. My father is working there. How about you, Jack?

Jack：My parents and I are going to New York.

第二段对话：

Tingting：My parents and I are going to Suzhou for the weekend.

Xiao Bao：How will you go, Tingting?

Tingting：We'll go there by bullet train. It takes about 5 hours.

Xiao Bao：Why don't you take the plane? It's faster.

Tingting：We enjoy travelling by train.

答案：

一、1. B 2. C 3. A 4. C

二、1. √ 2. × 3. √ 4. ×

三、1. B 2. C 3. C 4. B

四、1. B 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. B

五、1. C 2. E 3. A 4. B 5. D

六、1. C 2. A 3. B 4. A 5. B

七、1. are **点拨：**句子主语 My parents and I 是复数形式，be 动词要用 are。

2. exciting **点拨：**句子主语 My last trip 意为“我的上次旅行”是一件事，故填 exciting。

3. to take **点拨：**want to do sth. 意为：想要做某事。

4. emails **点拨：**email 是可数名词，在这里使用其复数形式。write emails 意为“写邮件”。

5. faster **点拨：**由句中 than 可知，要用比较级，故填 faster。

八、1. D 2. A 3. B 4. E 5. C

九、1. In Shanghai. 2. Sichuan.

3. It will take more than 3 hours to get there by plane.

4. In Sichuan.

5. They will see the pandas, visit Dujiangyan and taste the delicious spicy Sichuan cuisine.

Lesson 25

一、1. I will take my camera with me.

2. Dalian is famous for its public squares.

3. We'll go boating in the sea.

4. Are you going away for the summer vacation?

二、1. —What is Kunming famous for?
—It is famous for its flowers.

2. I'll visit Sanya this winter vacation. It's famous for its sandy beaches.

3. —What's Beijing famous for?
—It's famous for its Beijing Roast Duck.

4. Lingling is going to Suzhou this weekend. It's famous for its gardens.

三、1. I'll take my camera with me.

2. It's famous for its beaches.

3. I'm sure you'll enjoy the tour.

4. My city is famous for its flowers.

5. I'll go swimming in the sea.

参考答案

一、1. √ 2. × 3. × 4. √

二、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. B

三、1. camera 2. beaches 3. enjoy

4. flowers 5. sea

四、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. A 5. B

五、1—E 2—D 3—A 4—B 5—C

六、1. B 2. C 3. C

4. C **点拨：**“TFBOYS”是三位小歌手组成的一个组合，故选 C。

5. A **点拨：**句子主语是 This story。故选 exciting。

七、1. in 2. with 3. to 4. by 5. on

八、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T

九、1. D 2. B 3. A 4. C

十、1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. T

Lesson 26

听力材料：

一、1. Suzhou is famous for its gardens.

2. This is my new camera.

3. I'll go to Sichuan to see the pandas.

4. It takes me five hours to Xi'an by train.

5. Xixi will take the plane to Shanghai.

二、1. How long does it take to get to New York by plane?

2. Why do you take the plane to Hainan?

3. How will you go?

4. What's Sanya famous for?

5. What can Yangyang do every day in Sanya?

三、第一段对话：

W：Are you going away for the holiday?

M：Yes. My parents and I are going to Hainan. My grandparents are living there now. What about you?

W：We will fly to Xi'an.

第二段对话：

W：We will go to Guangzhou for the holiday.

M：How will you go there?

W：We'll go by bullet train. It takes about nine hours.

M：Why don't you take the plane? It's faster.

W：I enjoy travelling by train. It's interesting.

参考答案

一、4 5 1 2 3

二、1. C 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. A

三、1. B 2. C 3. B 4. B 5. C

四、1. plane 2. faster 3. Beijing

4. travelling 5. airport

（答案不唯一）

方法点拨：此题用**分类记忆法**解答。即把同一类的单词归纳总结在一起记忆的方法，如第 1 小题中给出来的提示词都是交通工具类的单词，所以再写出一个交通工具类的单词即可。

五、1. B 2. C 3. A 4. D 5. E

六、1. C **点拨：**by email 意为“通过电子邮件”，固定搭配。

2. B **点拨：**be interested in…固定搭配，意为“对……感兴趣”。

3. A **点拨：**coconut tree 的复数形式只需在中心词 tree 后面加 s 即可。

4. B **点拨：**Yangyang 是第三人称单数，谓语动词应用单三形式。

5. A **点拨：**from…to…意为“从……到……”。

七、1. E 2. C 3. B 4. D 5. A

八、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. A 5. C

Unit 8 REVISION

Lesson 27

一、1. Xiao Mei is drawing a picture.

2. Leaves make food for the plant.

3. We can make a bag with the old jacket.

4. I'm a tailor. I enjoy making clothes.

二、1. —What can you see in Chinatown?
—We can see Peking Opera.

2. —Will you be a footballer in the future?
—I hope so.

3. —What does your uncle do?
—He is a cook.

4. —Can you give me an example of the fast food?
—For example, hot dogs.

三、1. What are they doing?

2. How can we make use of wood?

3. How often do you have the piano lessons?

4. Do you enjoy making things?

参考答案：

一、1. × 2. √ 3. × 4. ×

二、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. A

三、1. B 2. B 3. A 4. B

四、1. thirteen seven twelve 2. nephew mother niece

3. subway train plane 4. pilot writer engineer

五、1—c 2—d 3—e 4—a 5—b

六、1. A

2. C **点拨：**fast 的比较级是直接在词尾加-er。故选 C。

3. B **点拨：**enjoy“喜爱”，后跟动词的-ing 形式。

4. C **点拨：**“How long”多长，对时间长短提问，故选 C。

5. C **点拨：**“be famous for”因……而著名。

七、1. a dentist 2. a basketball player

3. play the piano 4. making clothes

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5. visit our grandparents

八、1. D 2. E 3. A 4. C 5. B

九、1. B 2. A 3. A 4. B 5. C

Lesson 28

一、1. —Will you be a driver in the future?
—No, I will be a doctor.
2. —Is corn a kind of seeds?
—Yes, you're right.
3. —Why don't you take the train to Qingdao?
It's faster. —I enjoy travelling by bus.
4. I should be good at maths to be an engineer.

二、1. —What will you do in Sanya?
—I will go swimming in the sea.
2. —How do seeds travel?
—Some seeds travel in water.
3. —How long does it take to get to Dalian by ship?
—It takes more than twenty hours by ship.
4. —Where do we get our food?
—We get most food from plants.

三、第一段对话：
M：Who's this girl in the picture, Kate?
W：She's my cousin, Jenny. She's the daughter of Aunt Susan, my mother's sister. I'm eleven. She is 9 years older than I am.
第二段对话：
M：What does your mother do, Kate?
W：She's a teacher.
M：Will you be a teacher in the future?
W：No, I will be a professor.
M：You should work hard to be a professor.
W：I think so.

答案：

一、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. A

二、2 4 1 3

三、1. C 2. C 3. A 4. C 5. B

四、1. writer 2. pianist 3. engineer 4. artist 5. singer

五、1. C **点拨**：teach 是动词，其后跟代词的宾格形式。
2. B **点拨**：should 是情态动词，后跟动词原形。
3. C **点拨**：be good at…“擅长……”，at 是介词，后跟动词的-ing 形式。
4. C **点拨**：excited 修饰人，表示某人是兴奋的。exciting 修饰物，表示某事情是令人兴奋的。
5. A **点拨**：write an email to sb. 给某人写一封电子邮件。

六、Is；isn't；does；teacher；How long；by plane

七、1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. F

八、1. F 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. F

期末复习训练

Unit 1 复习训练

一、1—E 2—A 3—C 4—B 5—D

二、1. watches 2. people 3. does 4. His 5. putting

三、1. B 2. C 3. A 4. E 5. D

四、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T

Unit 2 复习训练

一、1. sun star 2. stems roots 3. mouse camera
4. short fat 5. yellow blue
（答案不唯一）

二、1. C 2. C 3. B 4. A
5. C **点拨**：My mother 为第三人称单数，need 为实义动词，后加-s。第二空处用不定式表目的，所以选 C。

三、1. D 2. E 3. C 4. A 5. B

四、1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. T

Unit 3 复习训练

一、1. stems 2. banana 3. peas 4. T-shirt 5. hot dog
（答案不唯一）

二、1. water the flowers 2. seeds 3. by train
4. a lot of fruit 5. in water

三、1. A
2. A **点拨**：enjoy 后接动词的-ing 形式。
3. A **点拨**：表示二者用 both。
4. C 5. B

四、1. D 2. C 3. E 4. A 5. B

五、1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T

Unit 5 复习训练

一、1. shorter 2. five 3. play 4. father 5. what
（答案不唯一）

二、1. from 2. in 3. than 4. of 5. on

三、1. B **点拨**：son 是名词。需要形容词性物主代词修饰，故用 his。
2. B **点拨**：主语 My parents 是复数。故其后动词用 have。
3. A **点拨**：much 修饰比较级。
4. C **点拨**：than 是比较级的标志词。故选 C。
5. B **点拨**：number 是名词，需用形容词修饰。luck 是名词“运气”，lucky 是形容词“幸运的”。

四、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. F

五、1. × 2. √ 3. √ 4. × 5. ×

Unit 6 复习训练

一、1. teacher 2. train 3. mother
4. ping-pong 5. have
（答案不唯一）

二、1. pilot 2. footballer 3. coach
4. teacher 5. engineer

三、1. B
2. C **点拨**：“want to be…”意为“想成为……”。
3. A 4. C 5. C

四、1. E 2. A 3. D 4. C 5. G 6. B 7. I
8. F 9. H 10. J

五、1. √ 2. √ 3. √ 4. × 5. ×

Unit 7 复习训练

一、1. faster 2. Xi'an 3. plane 4. brother 5. library
（答案不唯一）

二、1. C；B 2. A；E 3. D

三、1. C 2. C 3. A 4. C 5. A

四、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. F

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Unit 1 WHAT ARE YOU DOING?

Lesson 1

扫码听读

考点直通车

一、我要掌握的词汇

1. practicing my English 练习我的英语
2. chatting with my friends 和我的朋友聊天
3. drawing a picture 画画
4. doing crafts 做手工
5. read 读，阅读
6. textbook 教科书，课本

二、我要掌握的句型

—What are you doing? 你在干什么？

—I'm practicing my English. 我正在练习英语。

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

Listen and say

原文	译文
Mike: What are you doing, Guoguo?	**迈克**：你在干什么，果果？
Guoguo: Hi, Mike. I'm practicing my English.	**果果**：嘿，迈克。我正在练习英语。
Mike: Are you reading your textbook?	**迈克**：你在读课本吗？
Guoguo: Yes. Reading aloud is important.	**果果**：是的。大声朗读很重要。
Mike: What is Lingling doing over there?	**迈克**：玲玲在那儿干什么？
Guoguo: She is listening to English songs.	**果果**：她在听英文歌曲。
Mike: Lingling speaks English very well. I wish I could speak Chinese very well.	**迈克**：玲玲英语说得很好。我希望我的汉语可以说得很好。
Guoguo: Sure you will.	**果果**：你当然可以。

考点突破营

1. —What are you doing? 你在干什么？

—I'm practicing my English. 我正在练习英语。

解析：这是现在进行时的特殊疑问句及其回答的句子。问句用于询问你/你们正在进行的活动，其句型结构为："What + be 动词 + 主语 + 动词的-ing 形式?" 若此问句仅针对一个人发问时，则回答："I'm..."。若同时问两个或两个以上的人时，则回答："We are..."。

例句：—What are you doing? 你们在做什么？

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—We are doing crafts. 我们正在做手工。

2. I wish I could speak Chinese very well. 我希望我的汉语可以说得很好。

解析： I wish…用来表述自己的某种愿望，句中的 wish 意为“希望”，这种希望对说话人来说通常不太可能实现。句中的 speak 意为“说……”其通常指的是说某种语言。

Lesson 2

考点直通车

扫码听读

一、我要掌握的词汇

1. watching a basketball game 看篮球比赛
2. playing the piano 弹钢琴
3. making a model 做模型
4. practicing *kung fu* 练功夫
5. TV 电视
6. talk 谈话，交谈
7. chess 国际象棋

二、我要掌握的句型

1. My favourite team is playing. 我最喜欢的队正在打比赛。
2. —What is Mike doing? 迈克在干什么？
   —He is watching a basketball game. 他在看篮球比赛。

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

Listen and say

原 文	译 文
Mum: What are you doing, Mike?	**妈妈**：你在干什么，迈克？
Mike: I'm watching TV.	**迈克**：我正在看电视。
Mum: What are you watching?	**妈妈**：你在看什么？
Mike: I'm watching a basketball game. My favourite team is playing.	**迈克**：我在看篮球比赛。我最喜欢的队正在打比赛。
Dad: What is Mike doing?	**爸爸**：迈克在干什么？
Mum: He is watching a basketball game.	**妈妈**：他在看篮球比赛。
Dad: What is Kevin doing?	**爸爸**：凯文在干什么？
Mum: He's talking and playing chess with Jane.	**妈妈**：他在和简一边聊天一边下国际象棋。

考点突破营

1. —What is Mike doing? 迈克在干什么？
   —He is watching a basketball game. 他在看篮球比赛。

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解析：这是现在进行时的特殊疑问句及其回答的句子。问句用于询问某人正在做的活动。问句中的 Mike 是男孩，所以答语的主语要用 he（他），若问句中问的是女孩儿，那么答语要用 she（她）来回答。

例句：—What is Lingling doing？玲玲正在做什么？

—She is playing the piano. 她正在弹钢琴。

2. My favourite team is playing. 我最喜欢的队正在打比赛。

解析：这是介绍某人最喜欢的事物的句型。句中的 favourite 意为“最喜欢的”。

【知识拓展】favourite 的用法

（1）favourite 作形容词，其后跟名词或名词短语。

例句：My favourite food is fish. 我最喜欢的食物是鱼。

此句中的 favourite 修饰名词 food，意为“最喜爱的”，在此句中它是形容词。

（2）favourite 作名词。其后不能直接跟名词，除非用逗号隔开，和名词作同位语。

例句：Fish is my favourite. 鱼肉是我最爱吃的东西。

Lesson 3

考点直通车

扫码听读

一、我要掌握的词汇

1. putting candles 插蜡烛
2. fishing 钓鱼
3. dancing 跳舞
4. playing hide-and-seek 捉迷藏
5. photo 相片，照片
6. picture 照片；图片
7. have 有；享受

二、我要掌握的句型

—What are they doing? 他们在做什么？

—They are putting candles on the cake. 他们在往蛋糕上插蜡烛。

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

Listen and say

原 文	译 文
Maomao: Lingling, would you like to look at my family photos?	**毛毛**：玲玲，你想看看我的全家福吗？
Lingling: Sure. There are so many people in this picture. What are you doing?	**玲玲**：当然。在这张照片上有如此多的人。你们在干什么？

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Maomao：We are having a birthday party for my grandma.	**毛毛**：我们在给我的奶奶办生日聚会。
Maomao：These are my parents.	**毛毛**：这些是我的父母。
Lingling：What are they doing?	**玲玲**：他们在做什么？
Maomao：They are putting candles on the cake.	**毛毛**：他们在往蛋糕上插蜡烛。
Lingling：You are having a good time.	**玲玲**：你们玩得很开心。

考点突破营

1. —What are they doing? 他们在做什么？

   —They are putting candles on the cake. 他们在往蛋糕上插蜡烛。

   解析：这是现在进行时的特殊疑问句及其回答的句子。问句用于询问他们正在做的活动。句中的 they 为人称代词的复数形式，所以句中的 be 动词是 are。

   例句：—What are they doing？他们正在做什么？

   —They are playing chess. 他们正在下国际象棋。

2. Would you like to look at my family photo? 你想看看我的全家福吗？

   解析：Would you like...？是用来礼貌地询问对方的意愿，是否“想要……”或委婉地提出请求、建议或者陈述个人的想法。would like 与动词 want 同义，但语气比 want 更委婉，更礼貌。

我是小作家

如何写他人正在进行的活动的小作文

一、思维步骤：

1. 明确时态：一般描写人物正在进行的活动，需要用一般现在进行时（be ＋*v.* -ing 形式）。
2. 写作思路。第一步：介绍时间、地点、人物。第二步：描述人物正在进行的活动。

二、精彩词句

drawing a picture 画画　　doing crafts 做手工　　chatting with my friends 和朋友聊天

playing the piano 弹钢琴　　making a model 做模型　　fishing 钓鱼

They are having a good time. 他们正玩得高兴。

三、经典范文

Today is May 10th. It's Wang Lin's birthday. He has a birthday party in his house. Look! His mother is putting candles on the cake. His father is cooking in the kitchen. His sister is wearing a nice dress. She is singing and dancing. Wang Lin is talking with his friends. They are having a good time.

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Unit 2 WHAT DO FLOWERS DO?

Lesson 5

扫码听读

考点直通车

一、我要掌握的词汇

1. root 根
2. leaf（复数形式 leaves）叶子
3. flower 花
4. seed 种子
5. stem 茎
6. will 将，愿意
7. different 不同的
8. job 工作
9. follow 跟随
10. listen 听

二、我要掌握的句型

—What's the English for the different parts of a plant? 植物的各个部分用英语怎么说？

—They are the roots, the stem, the leaves , the flowers, and the seeds.

它们是根、茎、叶、花和种子。

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

Listen and say

原 文	译 文
Sara: What will happen in spring?	**萨拉**：春天会发生什么？
Baobao: The leaves and the grass will come out.	**宝宝**：叶子和草会长出来。
Narrator: Yes. Everything will be green again.	**解说员**：是的。所有的东西都会又变绿。
Baobao: What's the English for the different parts of a plant?	**宝宝**：植物的各个部分用英语怎么说？
Sara: They are the roots, the stem, the leaves , the flowers, and the seeds.	**萨拉**：它们是根、茎、叶、花和种子。
Baobao: They must have different jobs.	**宝宝**：它们肯定有不同的分工。
Narrator: Yes. Please follow me and listen to the next part.	**解说员**：是的。请跟我来听下一部分。

考点突破营

1. —What's the English for the different parts of a plant? 植物的各个部分用英语怎么说？

—They are the roots, the stem, the leaves , the flowers, and the seeds.

它们是根、茎、叶、花和种子。

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解析：这是询问某物用英语怎么说及其回答的句型。问句中 the different parts of 意为“……的不同部分”。其问句句型结构：“What + be 动词 + the English for ＋某物?”其答语句型结构：“They are ＋各部分名称.”。

例句：—What's the English for the different parts of a clock? 钟的各部分用英语怎么说?

—They are the face, the long hand and the short hand. 它们是钟面、长针和短针。

2. —What will happen in spring? 春天会发生什么?

—The leaves and the grass will come out. 叶子和草会长出来。

解析：这是一般将来时的特殊疑问句及其回答的句子。答语表示将要发生的动作或存在的状态及打算，计划或准备做某事。问句中一般有表示将来的时间状语：tomorrow, next day (week, month, year...), soon, the day after tomorrow, in the future 等。

Lesson 6

考点直通车

扫码听读

一、我要掌握的词汇

1. plant 植物　　2. up 向上　　3. carry 搬运；携带　　4. trunk 树干

二、我要掌握的句型

—What do flowers do? 花的作用是什么?

—They make seeds. 它们结种子。

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

Listen and say

原 文	译 文
Narrator: Roots hold the plant in the ground.	**解说员**：根把植物固定在土里。
Sara: What do flowers do?	**萨拉**：花的作用是什么?
Narrator: They make seeds. Little seeds grow up to be plants.	**解说员**：它们结种子。小小的种子长成植物。
Baobao: What do stems do ?	**宝宝**：茎的作用是什么?
Narrator: They carry food and water to the leaves.	**解说员**：它们给叶子运送养料和水。
Sara: What about the leaves?	**萨拉**：叶子的作用呢?
Narrator: They make food for the plant.	**解说员**：它们给植物制造养料。

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考点突破营

1. —What do flowers do? 花的作用是什么？

—They make seeds. 它们结种子。

解析：这是询问某物起什么作用及其回答的句型。其问句句型结构为：“What + 助动词 + 主语 + do?”此问句还可用于询问某人职业。

例句：—What do you do? 你是做什么的？

—I'm a student. 我是一个学生。

2. They carry food and water to the leaves. 它们给叶子运送养料和水。

解析：此句中的 carry... to 意为“给……运送/搬运……”。

例句：They carry the books to the library. 他们把书搬去图书馆。

【知识拓展】辨析：carry，bring，take

单词	用法	例句
carry	搬运；携带，没有方向性。	They carry food and water to the leaves. 它们给叶子运送养料和水。
bring	带来，拿来。指把某物或某人从另一个地方带到说话的地方来，也可以说是“由远及近”。	He brought a new book for her. 他给她拿来了一本新书。
take	带走。指把某物或某人从说话的地方带到另一个地方，也可以说是“由近及远”，常和介词 to 构成搭配 。	Please take the letter to the post office. 请把信带去邮局。

Lesson 7

考点直通车

扫码听读

一、我要掌握的词汇

1. earth 地球
2. sun 太阳；阳光
3. nothing 没有一样；没有东西
4. without 没有，无
5. sunlight 阳光
6. air 空气
7. their 他们的；她们的；它们的
8. water 水

二、我要掌握的句型

—What do leaves need to make food? 叶子需要什么制造养料？

—They need sunlight, air, and water. 它们需要阳光、空气和水。

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翻译达人秀

Listen and say

课文朗读

原 文	译 文
Baobao：What do leaves need to make food?	**宝宝**：叶子需要什么制造养料？
Narrator：They need sunlight, air, and water.	**解说员**：它们需要阳光、空气和水。
Sara：Nothing on the earth can live without the sun.	**萨拉**：地球上任何生物没有太阳都不能生存。
Baobao：You are right.	**宝宝**：你说得对。
Narrator：Plants make food for themselves.	**解说员**：植物们自己制造养料。
Sara：They make food by their own leaves.	**萨拉**：它们通过自己的叶子制造养料。
Baobao：So leaves are like little factories.	**宝宝**：所以叶子就像是一个个小型工厂。
Sara：How wonderful!	**萨拉**：多么奇妙啊！

考点突破营

—What do leaves need to make food? 叶子需要什么制造养料？

—They need sunlight, air, and water. 它们需要阳光、空气和水。

解析：这是由 what 引导的特殊疑问句及其答语。问句用于询问做某事需要何物，其句型结构为："What + 助动词 + 主语 + need to do sth. ?" 其答语句型结构为："主语 + need（s） + 其他."。

例句：—What do you need to cook dinner? 你做晚餐需要什么？

—I need potatoes, tomatoes and eggs. 我需要土豆、西红柿和鸡蛋。

我是小作家

如何描述植物及植物生长的小作文

一、思维步骤

写作思路。第一步：介绍植物的各部分名称。第二步：介绍植物各部分的作用。

二、精彩词句

grow up 长大　make the seeds 结出种子

… are the different parts of a plant. ……是植物的不同部分。

The different parts of a plant have different jobs. 植物不同的部分有不同的工作。

三、经典范文

The roots, the stem, the leaves, the flowers and the seeds are the different parts of a plant. The flowers make the seeds. The seeds grow up to be a plant. The stem carries food and water to the leaves. The leaves make food for the plant. They are like little factories. The roots hold the plant in the ground. The different parts of a plant have different jobs.

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Unit 3 HOW DO SEEDS TRAVEL?

Lesson 9

扫码听读

考点直通车

一、我要掌握的词汇

1. newspaper 报纸
2. make paper caps 制作纸帽
3. jacket 夹克衫
4. make a bag 做一个包
5. wood 木头；木材
6. forest 森林
7. make use of 使用；利用
8. get fruits 获得水果

二、我要掌握的句型

—How can we make use of trees? 我们能够怎样利用树木?

—We can get fruits from trees. 我们可以从树上获得水果。

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

Listen and say

原 文	译 文
Miss Wang: Do you like trees?	**王老师**：你们喜欢树吗?
Lingling: Yes. I enjoy walking in a forest.	**玲玲**：是的。我喜欢在森林里散步。
Mike: I like trees, too. Trees help us.	**迈克**：我也喜欢树，树会帮助我们。
Miss Wang: How can we make use of trees?	**王老师**：我们能够怎样利用树木?
Baobao: We can make chairs and tables with the wood.	**宝宝**：我们可以用木头制作椅子和桌子。
Mike: We can build houses.	**迈克**：我们能建造房子。
Sara: We can also get fruits from trees.	**萨拉**：我们也可以从树上获得水果。

考点突破营

1. —How can we make use of trees? 我们能够怎样利用树木?

—We can get fruits from trees. 我们可以从树上获得水果。

解析：这是询问如何利用某物及其回答的句型。其问句句型结构为："How + can + 主语 + make use of + 某物?" 其答语句型结构为："主语 + can + 其他."。

例句：—How can we make use of newspapers? 我们可以怎样利用报纸?

—We can make paper caps. 我们可以用来做纸帽。

易错点提示 can 是情态动词，没有人称和数的变化，后面跟动词原形。

例句：He can play badminton. 他会打羽毛球。

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2. I enjoy walking in a forest. 我喜欢在森林里散步。

解析：此句用于表达自己的喜好。句中的 enjoy 是“喜欢；享受”的意思，其后一般接动词的-ing 形式。

【知识拓展】enjoy 的用法。

（1）enjoy 后接名词或代词。

例句：Do you enjoy the film? 你喜欢这部电影吗？

（2）enjoy 后面可接动词的-ing 形式。

例句：I enjoy listening to light music. 我喜欢听轻音乐。

（3）enjoy 后面可接反身代词（oneself），构成固定搭配 enjoy oneself，意为“过得愉快、玩得高兴”，相当于 have a good time。

例句：Did you enjoy yourself at the party? 你在聚会时玩得高兴吗？

易错点提示 enjoy 后接动词时必须接动词的-ing 形式，不能接动词原形或动词不定式(to do)。

Lesson 10

扫码听读

考点直通车

一、我要掌握的词汇

1. tomato 西红柿　2. carrot 胡萝卜　3. cabbage 卷心菜
4. peanut 花生　5. sweet fruit 甜水果　6. fast food 快餐
7. peach 桃子　8. apple 苹果　9. watermelon 西瓜
10. hot dog 热狗　11. hamburger 汉堡　12. sandwich 三明治
13. example 实例；例子

二、我要掌握的句型

—Can you give me an example of the food? 你能给我列举一个食物的例子吗？

—For example, peanuts, tomatoes, potatoes, cabbages, and carrots.

比如：花生、西红柿、土豆、卷心菜和胡萝卜。

课文朗读

翻译达人秀

Listen and say

原 文	译 文
Lingling: Where do we get our food, Uncle?	**玲玲：**我们从哪里得到我们的食物，叔叔？
Uncle: We get most of our food from plants.	**叔叔：**我们从植物上得到我们的大多数食物。

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Lingling: Can you give me an example of the food?

Uncle: For example, peanuts, tomatoes, potatoes, cabbages, and carrots.

Uncle: These foods come from different parts of plants.

Lingling: Can you give me an example?

Uncle: Peanuts are seeds, and potatoes are stems.

Lingling: Oh, I see. Tomatoes are fruits.

玲玲：你能给我列举一个食物的例子吗？

叔叔：比如：花生、西红柿、土豆、卷心菜和胡萝卜。

叔叔：这些食物来自植物的不同部分。

玲玲：你能给我列举一个例子吗？

叔叔：花生是种子，土豆是茎。

玲玲：哦，我知道了。西红柿是果实。

考点突破营

—Can you give me an example of the food? 你能给我列举一个食物的例子吗？

—For example, peanuts, tomatoes, potatoes, cabbages, and carrots. 比如：花生、西红柿、土豆、卷心菜和胡萝卜。

解析：问句是由 can 引导的一般疑问句，通常由它引导的一般疑问句翻译为“……能够……吗？”问句用于询问某人能否就某物举例。答语中的 for example 意为“例如，比如”，用于描述示例。

例句：—Can you give me an example of the fast food? 你能举一个快餐的例子吗？

—For example, hot dogs, hamburgers, sandwiches. 比如热狗、汉堡、三明治。

Lesson 11

考点直通车

扫码听读

一、我要掌握的词汇

1. travel 旅行
2. nut 坚果
3. corn 玉米
4. else 别的；其他的
5. both 都
6. water 水
7. wind 风
8. bird 鸟
9. animal 动物
10. people 人

二、我要掌握的句型

—How do seeds travel? 种子是怎样旅行的？

—Some seeds travel in water, and others travel with people and animals.

一些种子在水里旅行，其他的通过人和动物旅行。

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翻译达人秀

Listen and say

课文朗读

原 文	译 文
Baobao：Dad, is corn a kind of seeds?	宝宝：爸爸，玉米是一种种子吗？
Dad：Yes, and some nuts are seeds, too.	爸爸：是的，一些坚果也是种子。
Baobao：What else are seeds?	宝宝：还有其他的什么是种子？
Mum：Wheat and rice are both seeds.	妈妈：小麦和大米都是种子。
Baobao：How do seeds travel, Mum?	宝宝：种子是怎样旅行的，妈妈？
Mum：Seeds travel in many ways. Some travel with wind.	妈妈：种子旅行有很多方式。一些通过风旅行。
Dad：Some seeds travel in water, and others travel with people and animals.	爸爸：一些种子在水里旅行，其他的通过人和动物旅行。

考点突破营

How do seeds travel? 种子是怎样旅行的？

解析：这是由 how 引导的特殊疑问句，用于询问某人或某物通过什么方式旅行，其句型结构为："How + 助动词 + 主语 + travel?" 其答语句型结构为："主语 + travel（s） + 出行方式."。

例句：—How do you travel? 你是怎么旅行的？—I travel by train. 我乘火车旅行。

我是小作家

如何写植物的重要性及保护植物的小作文

一、思维步骤

写作思路。第一步：介绍植物的重要性。第二步：介绍植物的用途。第三步：表达对植物的喜爱及呼吁保护植物。

二、精彩词句

in many ways 在许多方面

We can use plants in many ways. 我们可以在许多方面使用植物。

Plants are our friends. 植物是我们的朋友。

Protecting plants is protecting ourselves. 保护植物就是保护我们自己。

三、经典范文

Plants are important to us. We can use plants in many ways. We can make chairs and desks and build houses with the wood. We get most of our foods from plants. These foods come from different parts of plants. I like plants. Plants are our friends. We should take care of them. Protecting plants is protecting ourselves.

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