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六年级英语上

（KP版）三年级起点

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经典好题·精妙点拨

陕西新华出版传媒集团
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上（KP版）

本册主编：张晓娜

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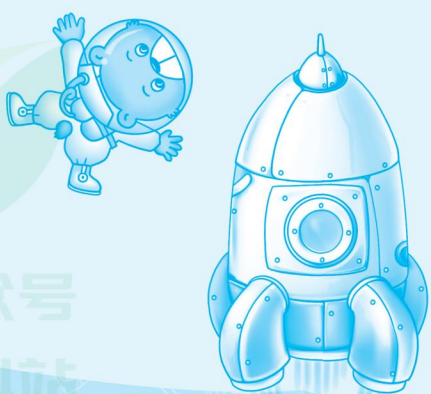

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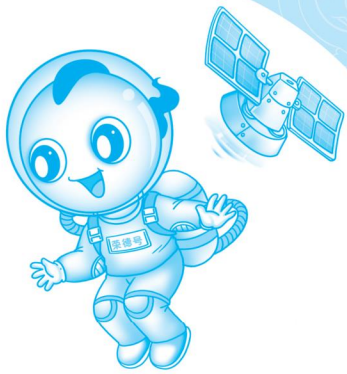

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书面表达

综合能力题

阅读理解
完形填空
补全对话

七、阅读短文,回答问题。【逻辑推理法】

It was the last day of May yesterday. It was Grandma's birthday. Father, Mother and I went to see her.

( ) 1. Grandma's birthday was _____.
A.tomorrow B.in June
C.on May 31st

方法点拨：此题用逻辑推理法解答。

做此阅读理解时要学会从文中给出的已知信息推导出正确答案。如第1小题，文中原句为“It was the last day of May yesterday.”根据已知信息推断五月份最后一天为5月31日，故答案选C。

词汇题

一、选出下列每组单词中不同类的一项。【归类记忆法】

( ) 1. A.date B.day C.make
( ) 2. A.breakfast B.today C.dinner
( ) 3. A.seven B.first C.eight
( ) 4. A.beautiful B.bright C.older
( ) 5. A.January B.April C.Saturday

方法点拨：此题用归类记忆法解答。

即通过分析单词的词义或词性分类。如第1题的A、B都是名词，C项属于动词，因此答案为C项。

句子题

改写句子
句子翻译
句意填空
单项选择

五、选词填空，完成短文。【语境理解法】

A.cold B.winter C.summer
D.nice E.hotter

It's June 30th.The 1. _____ holiday is coming.The weather is getting 2. _____ in China.But it's snowy and 3. _____ in Australia. It's 4. _____ in Australia now. Li Hua is going to Australia with his parents this summer holiday. They will put on their coats and scarves there. They are going to ski.They will have a 5. _____ holiday.

方法点拨：此题用语境理解法解答。

根据上下文意思选择合适的词填空，如第1小题，要理解holiday是“假期”的意思，再根据上下语境判断应填入“summer”。

听力题

二、听录音，给下列图片标序号。每小题读两遍。【听关键词法】



( ) ( ) ( )
( ) ( )

方法点拨：此题用听关键词法解答。

做此题时，要听清音频中的关键词。如第3幅图，要听清是否有English book，这样就会迅速找到相应的图片。

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Lesson 1 Are you going to have a birthday party?

课时 1 基础巩固练 ☞(答案见 96 页)

一、找出不属于同一类的单词。

( )1. A. love B. have C. Sunday

( )2. A. noodles B. cakes C. water

( )3. A. watch B. pretty C. clever

( )4. A. visit B. sunny C. help

( )5. A. him B. we C. us

二、单项选择。

( )1. —Are you going to ____ noodles?
—Yes, I am. 【导学号 2540559】
A. eats B. eating C. eat

( )2. We are playing a game ____ my house.
A. of B. at C. for

( )3. This is her plan ____ this weekend.
A. for B. in C. to

( )4. You can help your mum do some ____.
A. wash B. washing C. washes

( )5. Would you like ____ to his party?
A. come B. to come C. coming

三、看图填空，完成句子。

1. I'm going to _____ _____ _____ this afternoon.



2. My brother is _____ _____ at home.



3. —Are you going to _____ your grandma?
—Yes, I am.



4. —Are you going to _____ and _____?
—Yes, I am.



5. We are going to have a _____ _____.



四、给下列问句选择相应的答语。

( )1. What day is it today?

( )2. When is your birthday?

( )3. Are you going to play football?

( )4. Would you like to go with me?

( )5. What are you going to do?

A. Yes, I am.
B. I'm going to do some washing.
C. Next Saturday.
D. It's Tuesday.
E. Sure, I'd love to.

五、根据表格内容填空，补全句子。

Eve's plan for Sunday

7:30 am	get up	1:00 pm	see a film
9:10 am	play the piano	3:00 pm	do her homework
10:30 am	read a storybook	6:00 pm	go shopping
11:00 am	make a cake	9:30 pm	go to bed

1. Eve will _____ _____ at seven thirty on Sunday morning.
2. Eve will play the piano at _____ _____.
3. —Can Eve make a cake?
—Yes, _____ _____.
4. —What will Eve do at six o'clock?
—She will _____ _____.
5. —Is Eve going to visit her friends?
—_____, she _____.

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课时2 综合提升练 ☞(答案见97页)

一、在句中圈出与所给单词画线部分有相同发音的单词。

1. day　Next week is his birthday.
2. bed　I'm going to have a party next Sunday.
3. park　Please come to the party at 6:00 pm.
4. meat　I'm going to clean my room.
5. make　I'm going to take art lessons.

二、用所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. Today is my _____(father) birthday.
2. The party will _____(begin) at four o'clock.
3. You can bring _____(she) to the party.
4. I am going to invite some _____(friend).
5. I'm going to take _____(swim) lessons.

三、按要求完成下列各题。

1. I'm going to make a cake.(改为一般疑问句)

   _____ _____ going to make a cake?
2. Next Sunday is my birthday.(对画线部分提问)

   _____ is _____ birthday?
3. What are you going to do?(用 clean my room 回答)

   I _____ going to _____ _____ _____.
4. They are having a birthday party.(对画线部分提问)

   _____ are they _____?
5. What day is it today?(用 Sunday 回答)

   It _____ _____.

四、选择合适的句子补全对话。

A:Hi, Tim, you look excited. 1. _____

B: Yeah, exciting news(振奋人心的消息). Zhou Jielun is going to give a concert(音乐会) in Luoyang.

A:Really? 2. _____

B:I am going to ask my uncle to help me.

A: 3. _____

B:Sure. I'm going to call him as soon as possible.

A:Thank you. By the way, 4. _____

B:We are going to the park to do some cleaning after school.

A: 5. _____

B:Of course. Welcome! We are going to meet at the school gate at 5:00.

A:OK. See you.

A. Can you help me buy a ticket?
B. What's up?
C. Can I join you?
D. what are you going to do after school?
E. How to get the tickets?

五、根据首字母提示补全单词,完成短文。

It's F_____ today. The w_____ is good. It is Tom's birthday. He is going to have a birthday p_____ this evening. The party will b_____ at six o'clock. His mother is going to do some s_____ in the morning. She w_____ make a birthday cake for Tom. They will have a good time tonight.

六、阅读理解,选择正确的答案。

【抓关键信息法】

Tom is an American boy. He's thirteen years old. He's very tall and strong. He likes reading comic books. He likes playing basketball, too. He is good at maths and music. He has a lot of friends at school. They often chat with each other on the Internet. Tomorrow is Tom's birthday. His mother

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buys a lot of food for him. His classmates bring him lots of wonderful things. They are going to have a birthday party at school.

( )1. Tom is a ____ of ____ in the USA.
A. girl; 13 B. student; 14
C. boy; 13

( )2. He _____ maths and music.
A. be bad at B. do bad in
C. is good at

( )3. He has _____ friends at school.
A. much B. many C. a little

( )4. He often talks _____ his friends on the Internet.
A. to B. of C. about

( )5. —Where are they going to have the party?
—_____.
A. At home B. At school
C. At the hotel

小升初预备营

一、找出与画线部分意思相同的选项。

( )1. Look out, don't break(打破) the glasses.
A. Look out of the window
B. Look after
C. Take care

( )2. They can speak a little Japanese.
A. They have a few Japanese friends.
B. They can speak Japanese very well.
C. They can't speak Japanese very well.

( )3. It's six o'clock. The party is going to begin in thirty minutes.
A. The party is going to begin at 5:30.
B. The party will begin at 6:00.
C. The party will begin at 6:30.

( )4. I want to have a word with you.
A. tell B. write to C. talk to

( )5. Which apple do you want?
A. do you like B. would you like
C. would you want

二、选择合适的选项，补全短文，其中有两个选项是多余的。

Tom and Tim are twins(双胞胎). They're four years old. It's difficult for people to tell who is Tom and who is Tim. 1. _____ The two boys like to jump, draw pictures and play ball games. 2. _____ But they don't like to take a shower(洗澡).

Today, Tom and Tim come back from outside. 3. _____ After twenty minutes, Tom goes out. 4. _____ Their mother takes Tim into the bathroom. But the boy doesn't want to go in.

"No! No! Mom, I'm Tom. 5. _____"

"Shut up(闭嘴)! I know you are Tim."

At that time, the boy out of the bathroom(洗澡间) is so happy, because he doesn't need to take a shower today.

A. I don't want to take a shower again.
B. It's Tim's turn to take a shower.
C. Sometimes even their parents can't tell, either.
D. The twins like taking a shower very much.
E. Tim likes playing basketball but Tom doesn't.
F. And they often make themselves dirty(脏的).
G. Their mother takes Tom into the bathroom.

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Lesson 1 听说读写训练营

☞(答案见 97 页)

听说专练

一、听录音，判断下列图片与所听内容是（√）否（×）相符。 每小题读两遍。【听关键词法】

听力训练

1.  (　　)

2.  (　　)

3.  (　　)

4.  (　　)

5.  (　　)

二、听录音，补全句子。 每小题读两遍。

1. I'm going to have a birthday _____ next Sunday.
2. The _____ is good.
3. The English class will _____ at three o'clock.
4. Could I _____ him to the party?
5. It's _____ today. Let's go swimming, OK?

三、听对话，判断下列句子是否正确，用“√”或“×”表示。 每小题读两遍。

(　　)1. Amy is going to have a party at her house.

(　　)2. Jack is going to give a hat to Amy.

(　　)3. Sally is going to give Amy a beautiful dress.

(　　)4. Amy is going to play the guitar.

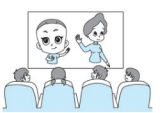
(　　)5. They will have a good time.

四、根据图片提示，说一说孩子们明天都打算做些什么。

口语测评

1.  do some shopping

Jack——Tom

2.  see a film

Anna

读写专练

一、根据句意将句子补充完整。

1. Today is Tuesday. Tomorrow is _____.
2. We are going to have a _____ time at my birthday party.
3. National Day is coming. I'm going to make a _____ for my holiday.
4. Mother is going to buy some apples. I'm going to buy some bananas. So we are going to buy some _____.
5. She is a woman. She is my uncle's wife. She is my _____.

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二、根据图片内容及答语提示，写出问句，完成对话。

1. 

A：_____?

B：Yes, I am.

2. 

A：_____?

B：No, I'm going to play basketball.

3. 

A：_____?

B：No, he likes eating rice.

4. 

A：_____?

B：I'm going to clean my room.

三、阅读短文，按要求完成下列各题。

Hello! I'm Lily. I'm going to have a busy weekend. On Saturday morning, I'm going to the park with my sister by bus. In the afternoon, we are going to visit my grandparents. In the evening, I'm going to $\underset{\text{A}}{\underline{\text{visits}}}$ $\underset{\text{B}}{\underline{\text{my}}}$ aunt $\underset{\text{C}}{\underline{\text{with}}}$ my mother. On Sunday morning, I'm going to the bookshop with Tom. _____ After lunch, I'm going to do sports with Amy. In the evening, I'm going to wash clothes. How busy I am!

1. 选择合适的句子。(　　)

A. I'm going to visit my aunt.

B. I'm going to buy some storybooks.

C. I'm going to wash clothes.

2. 在A、B、C三处找出错误的一项并改正。

(　　)_____

3. 仿照例句写句子。

例：How busy I am!

_____

4. 根据短文内容，完成句子。

Lily is going to _____ on Saturday morning.

She is going to _____ in the evening.

四、看图，写一篇短文。开头已给出。

要求：1. 意思连贯，语句通顺，用上词语"first, next, then, finally"。

2. 50词左右。






I'm Lucy. It's Sunday tomorrow. First, ____

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Lesson 2 What are you going to do tomorrow?

课时 1 基础巩固练 ☞(答案见 98 页)

一、选出每组单词中画线部分读音不同的一项。

( )1. A. never B. begin C. leg

( )2. A. school B. China C. chicken

( )3. A. sure B. nurse C. Saturday

( )4. A. another B. son C. tomorrow

( )5. A. map B. crayon C. cake

二、选词填空，完成句子。

A. to B. next C. of D. after E. on

1. What are you going to do _____ Sunday?
2. I'm going to visit my friends _____ school.
3. She likes listening _____ music.
4. I often do my homework _____ Saturday.
5. This is a picture _____ my family.

三、看图填空，补全对话。

1. —What is he going to do tomorrow?

—He _____ _____ to _____ _____.

2. —What is Mary going to do?

—She is going to _____ _____ _____.

3. —What's she going to do this afternoon?

—She is _____ _____ _____ clothes.

4. —Is he going to play games after school?

—No, he is going to _____ _____ _____.

5. —What are you going to do tomorrow, Linda?

—I'm going to _____ _____ _____.

四、阅读短文，选择正确的答案。

Today is Friday. Tom is going to the supermarket this afternoon. He is going to buy some food and a storybook. Tomorrow morning he is going to Luoyang for a trip. He is going there by train. He is going to read his new storybook on the train. The day after tomorrow he is going to Beijing by plane from Luoyang. In Beijing, he is going to visit the Summer Palace and eat good food there. He will be very happy this holiday.

( )1. What is Tom going to do on Friday?

A. He is going to do some shopping.

B. He is going to read a storybook.

C. He is going to buy some books.

( )2. How does Tom get to Luoyang?

A. By bus. B. By train.

C. By plane.

( )3. Tom is going to Beijing _____ .

A. on Friday B. on Saturday

C. on Sunday

( )4. What is Tom going to do in Beijing?

A. He is going to the Summer Palace and eat good food.

B. He is going to the Great Wall and eat good food.

C. He is going to the Summer Palace with his friends.

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课时 2 综合提升练 ☞(答案见 98 页)

一、将下列单词改变一个字母，使其变成一个新单词。

1. but →□ 2. sun →□ 3. plan →□

4. call →□ 5. cap →□

二、用所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. I _____ (go) to the park next Sunday.
2. Who are they _____ (wait) for?
3. _____(this) animals are rare(稀有的) in China.
4. He buys some school _____(thing) for his friend.
5. John is going to Mr Smith's house and he will talk with _____(he).

三、单项选择。

( )1. I'm going to buy a map _____ the UK.
A. for B. with C. of

( )2. He never _____ his homework at six o'clock.
A. do B. does C. doing

( )3. —Is Tom going to wash his clothes _____ his car?
—His car.
A. and B. or C. but

( )4. This coat is big. Please give me _____ one.
A. other B. the other C. another

( )5. We will go to Moscow _____ plane.
A. on B. by C. in

四、给下列句子排序，使其成为一段完整、通顺的对话。【情景推理法】

1. Can I go with you?
2. What are you going to do tomorrow?
3. Are you going to go there with your parents?
4. I'm going to the park to fly a kite.
5. No, I will go there with my friends.
6. Of course.
7. We can go there by bike, OK?
8. How can we get there?
9. OK. See you.

_2_ _____ _____ _____

_1_ _____ _8_ _____

_9_

五、阅读理解。

A

My name is Liu Jun. I live in Shanghai. Now my family and I are driving to our new home. It's in Pudong.

Our new home is on the eighteenth floor(第十八层). My bedroom is big and bright. From the window I can see many cars and people down in the streets. They look very small. The cars look like toys.

At night we watch the lights go on over the city. The lights look like stars in the sky. And the city is very beautiful. I like my new home.

阅读短文,完成句子。

1. Our new _____ is in Pudong, Shanghai.
2. We are _____ to our new home.
3. Our new home is _____ the eighteenth floor.
4. I can see many _____ and people down in the streets.
5. The lights look like _____ in the sky.

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B

Aunt Judy's birthday is coming. She will be 38 years old. Dad and Mum are going to take me to her house. She lives in Guangzhou. We are going there by train. Her birthday party will be on Saturday.

We are leaving on Friday afternoon. And we are coming back on Sunday evening. I am going to give my aunt a picture. I am drawing it now. I am drawing some beautiful flowers. I am drawing a small dog, too. That's because she likes dogs. The picture will be very nice.

阅读短文,判断正(T)误(F)。

( )1. Aunt Judy's birthday party will be on Saturday.

( )2. Aunt Judy will be thirty-nine years old.

( )3. We are going to Guangzhou by plane.

( )4. I'm going to give a picture to Aunt Judy.

( )5. We will come back on Sunday evening.

小升初 预备营

一、你会用词典吗? 有些词在不同的地方会有不同的含义。读下列句子中的画线词,选择相应的词义填空。

1. water

A. 作为名词,意为"水"

B. 作为动词,意为"浇水,洒水"

①The fish live in the water. ( )

②I'm going to water the flowers this afternoon. ( )

2. watch

A. 作为名词,意为"手表"

B. 作为动词,意为"观看,观察"

C. 作为名词,意为"看守人"

①The policeman puts a watch on the house. ( )

②Are you going to play or will you just watch? ( )

③What time is it by your watch? ( )

二、阅读短文,按要求完成下列各题。

The summer holiday is coming. My parents and I are going to take a trip around the world. First, we'll go to the USA. We'll visit its largest city, New York. We are going to visit Columbia University(哥伦比亚大学), the famous (著名的) university in the USA. Then, we'll fly to England, and visit Big Ben in London. Do you know the London Eye? It's very beautiful. After that, we'll go to France and visit its capital, Paris. _____. Next, we'll fly to Beijing, the capital of China. We're going to climb the Great Wall there. At last, my holiday will come to an end(结束). I will enjoy my trip.

1. 为画线处选择合适的选项。( )

A. We're going to stay in Paris for three days.

B. I'll get ready for the new term.

2. 仿照例句写句子。

例: Do you know the London Eye? It's very beautiful.

Do you know _____? It's very _____.

3. 根据短文内容将句子补充完整。

①We'll visit its _____ city, New York.

②Then we'll go to Beijing by _____.

③I will _____ my trip.

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Lesson 2 听说读写训练营 ☞(答案见98页)

听说专练

一、听录音，判断下列图片与所听内容是（√）否（×）相符。 每小题读两遍。

听力训练

1.  (　　)

2.  (　　)

3.  (　　)

4.  (　　)

5.  (　　)

二、听录音，选择正确的问句。 每小题读两遍。【问答结合法】

(　　) 1. A. What are you going to buy after school?
B. What are you going to do after school?
C. What are you going to read after school?

(　　) 2. A. Are you going to buy any crayons?
B. What day is it today?
C. Can I go with you?

(　　) 3. A. Are you John?
B. Where are you going?
C. How can I get there?

(　　) 4. A. Do you like to listen to music?
B. Excuse me, is this your pen?
C. How are you?

(　　) 5. A. Where is your basketball?
B. What's this in English?
C. Do they live in China?

三、听录音，补全句子。 每小题读两遍。

1. I'm going to buy a _____ of Henan.
2. I want to use these _____.
3. Every _____, John goes to the park.
4. Mr Smith often says to his _____, "Please be quick."
5. Do you like to live in _____?

口语测评

四、朗读下列短文。

Tomorrow is Sunday. I'm going to visit my grandparents. Mum is going to the store. Dad is going to buy jackets. My sister is going to eat snacks at home.

读写专练

一、选择适当的单词或短语完成句子。

A. get there　B. another　C. this evening
D. with　E. clean my house

1. Can I go _____ you?
2. How can we _____?
3. I'm going to _____ tomorrow.
4. Don't be _____ "Mr Going-to-do".
5. I will meet my friends _____.

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二、阅读短文，选择正确的答案。

Welcome to our school library

Our library is in the south(南面) of our school. The library is open to every student and the library card is free. You can borrow(借) five books, one CD and four videos(录像)—three weeks for books, one week for CDs and videos at the same time.

Books

①You can borrow picture books for children and all kinds of storybooks.

②You can read newspapers and magazines in the reading room.

③You can't take any newspapers(报纸) or magazines(杂志) out of the library.

Videos

①You can borrow all kinds of film videos, TV plays and music videos.

②You can't watch videos here.

(　　)1. The library is open to _____.
A. all the boys　B. every student
C. all the teachers

(　　)2. The library card is _____.
A. not free
B. expensive(昂贵的)
C. free

(　　)3. You can borrow _____ at a time.
A. five videos　B. only one CD
C. six books

(　　)4. You can read _____ and magazines in the reading room.
A. newspapers　B. videos
C. loudly

(　　)5. You _____ watch videos here.
A. can't　B. can　C. don't

三、根据句意及首字母提示完成下列短文。

It is Sunday tomorrow and my parents and I are g_____ to the park. In the park there is a river, and I want to s_____ there, because it is very h_____ in summer. But I am not g_____ at swimming. My father will teach me how to swim. I think I w_____ have a good time there.

四、**Tom** 为自己做了一份计划，根据图片和提示词完成这份计划。


after school


this evening


tomorrow


this Sunday


next week

My name is Tom. This is my plan for these days. After school, 1. _____. This evening, 2. _____. 3. _____ tomorrow. This Sunday 4. _____. Next week 5. _____.

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Lesson 3 It will be sunny this Sunday

课时 1 基础巩固练 ☞(答案见 98 页)

一、写出下列单词的相应形式。

1. sun(形容词)_____
2. cloud(形容词)_____
3. hot(反义词)_____
4. warm(反义词)_____
5. come(动名词)_____
6. winter(对应词)_____

二、根据句意及首字母提示补全单词，完成句子。

1. What will the w_____ be like this weekend?
2. It's sunny today. But it will be r_____ tomorrow.
3. The weather is c_____ and w_____ now. It will be rainy.
4. I think it w_____ be warm tomorrow.
5. I'm going to s_____ my grandparents.

三、单项选择。

( )1. —It's warm outside, _____ it?
—Yes, it is. 【导学号 2540559】
A. is B. isn't C. does

( )2. The dry weather is bad _____ people.
A. for B. of C. with

( )3. —Will it be _____?
—No, it won't.
A. cloud B. rain C. cool

( )4. The earth is _____ warmer.
A. get B. getting C. gets

四、连词成句。

1. will, the, what, weather, like, be, tomorrow
_____?
2. will, she, to, go, Beijing, with, me
_____.
3. will, think, it, be, I, hot
_____.
4. in Beijing, it, be, windy, cool, and, will
_____.

五、为下列问句选择相应的答语。

( )1. Will it be rainy tomorrow?
( )2. What is Tom going to do?
( )3. What day is it today?
( )4. Would you like to come?
( )5. What will she do tomorrow?

A. She'll buy some books.
B. It's Monday.
C. Yes, it will.
D. He is going to play football.
E. Yes, I'd like to.

六、阅读短文，判断句子正(√)误(×)。

Hello! I'm Ken. Tomorrow is Sunday. It'll be a sunny day. In the morning, I will go to the supermarket with my parents. We will buy some food. In the afternoon, I will walk to the park. It's not far from my home. I will take some photos there. In the evening, my parents will take me to the cinema. We will see a film. I think I will have a great time tomorrow.

( )1. The weather will be good tomorrow.
( )2. Ken will go shopping with his parents tomorrow morning.
( )3. Ken will go to the park by bike.
( )4. The park is near Ken's house.
( )5. Ken will take some photos in the cinema.

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课时2 综合提升练 ☞(答案见98页)

一、判断下列每组单词画线部分的发音是(√)否(×)相同。

( )1. weather / sea　　( )2. ground / flower

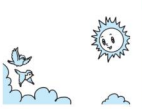
( )3. way / day　　( )4. football / too

( )5. like / with

二、用所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. It will _____ (rainy) next week.
2. She is going to _____ (swim).
3. The summer holiday is _____ (come).
4. In some _____ (place), the weather will be very dry.
5. The dog will _____ (stand) up.

三、看图填空,补全对话。



1. —What will the weather _____ like tomorrow?
   —It'll be _____.



2. —What are you going to _____ this Sunday, Tom?
   —I'm going to see a _____.



3. The heavy _____ falls on trees and on the ground.



4. There will be _____ _____ next Monday.

5. There is a small _____ in the park.

四、按要求完成句子。

1. It will be warm tomorrow. (对画线部分提问)

_____

2. It will be cold. (变为一般疑问句,并做肯定回答)

_____

3. She is going to play ping-pong this Sunday. (对画线部分提问)

_____

4. What are you going to do this evening? (用 make a kite 回答)

_____

5. 你可以在海里游泳。(译为英文)

_____

五、选词填空,完成短文。【语境理解法】

A. cold　B. winter　C. summer
D. nice　E. hotter

It's June 30th. The 1. _____ holiday is coming. The weather is getting 2. _____ in China. But it's snowy and 3. _____ in Australia. It's 4. _____ in Australia now. Li Hua is going to Australia with his parents this summer holiday. They will put on their coats and scarves there. They are going to ski. They will have a 5. _____ holiday.

六、阅读短文,判断句子正(√)误(×)。

In China, spring is usually short. It usually comes in March and ends in May. Summer is often very hot. It is from June to August. Autumn begins in September and ends in November. The weather is cool in autumn. Winter is from December to February, and it is very cold. You must wear lots of warm clothes.

The seasons of the year in England and

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America are nearly (几乎) the same. But the weather in England never gets too hot or too cold. The seasons in Australia are different from the ones in China. Its summer is from December to February. And winter is in June, July and August. So when it is spring in China, it is autumn in Australia.

( )1. Autumn is from September to November in China.

( )2. In China, spring is usually short.

( )3. When it is spring in China, it is winter in Australia.

( )4. The weather in England never gets too hot or too cold.

( )5. The seasons in England and America are different.

小升初预备营

一、根据情境和首字母提示补全单词，完成对话。

A: Do you have any hobbies, David?

B: Yes, I like travelling.

A: Where are you going this winter?

B: I'm going to Beijing. I'll v_____ the Great Wall with my parents.

A: What's the weather like there in winter? Is it as warm as that in Kunming?

B: No, it's much c_____ than in Kunming. We n_____ some warm clothes for winter in Beijing.

A: What do people usually do in Beijing?

B: They o_____ go skating and skiing. And the children like m_____ snowmen.

A: It's great fun.

二、阅读短文，按要求完成各题。

Betty is an American girl. She is thirteen. She is in Beijing with her parents. She doesn't know much Chinese. She can't speak Chinese well. Sometimes her friends don't understand her.

It's Sunday morning. She is going to the zoo to see pandas. She is waiting at a bus stop. At the bus stop she asks a boy how to go to the zoo. But the boy can't understand her. Then she takes out a pen and some paper. She draws a panda on the paper and shows the picture to the boy. The boy smiles and then shows her the way to the zoo.

A. 根据短文内容，完成下列句子。

1. Betty is from _____.

2. Betty _____ know much Chinese.

3. Betty is going to the zoo by _____.

4. Betty doesn't know how to _____ to the zoo.

5. Betty _____ the picture of a panda to the boy.

B. 判断句子正(√)误(×)。

( )1. Betty lives in Beijing with her parents.

( )2. Betty's friends can understand her Chinese well.

( )3. Betty is going to the zoo on foot.

( )4. A boy helps Betty to go to the zoo.

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Lesson 3 听说读写训练营

☞(答案见99页)

听说专练

一、听录音，看图，判断对“√”错“×”。每小题读两遍。【图文结合法】

听力训练

1.  (　　)

2.  (　　)

3.  (　　)

4.  (　　)

5.  (　　)

二、听录音，选择正确的答语。每小题读两遍。

(　　)1. A. Yes, it will.　B. It will be cold.

(　　)2. A. I'm going to do my homework.
　　B. Yes, I am.

(　　)3. A. It will be hot and sunny.
　　B. No, it won't.

(　　)4. A. Yes, we will.
　　B. Have a nice holiday.

(　　)5. A. He's going to do sports.
　　B. Yes, it is.

三、听录音，补全句子。每小题读两遍。

1. It will be _____ tomorrow.

2. Hainan is a beautiful _____.

3. It is _____ now.

4. There will be _____ wind this afternoon.

5. There is a big _____ in my town.

四、根据表格内容，说一说各城市天气如何。

City	Date/Weather	
Harbin	 June 12, windy	 June 13, sunny
Beijing	 June 12, cloudy	 June 13, rainy
Sanya	 June 12, sunny	 June 13, cloudy

—Today is June 12th. What's the weather like today in …?

—It's …

—What will the weather be like tomorrow in …?

—It will be …

口语测评

读写专练

一、写出一个与下列句子中画线单词同类的词。

1. There are many ducks in the lake. _____

2. That bottle is full of milk. _____

3. It will be cloudy in Luoyang. _____

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4. That boy is very strong. _____

5. Will it be windy tomorrow? _____

二、将下列句子排序，使其成为一段完整、通顺的对话。

1. We are going to visit Beijing.
2. It will be sunny and hot.
3. What are you going to do in the winter holiday?
4. No, we're going there by plane.
5. What will the weather be like in Beijing?
6. Are you going there by train?
7. Have a nice holiday!
8. Thank you!

3 _____ _____ 5 _____

6 _____ _____ _____ _____

三、阅读短文，选择正确的答案。

Here is the weather report. It is going to rain on the morning of Saturday. The wind is not very strong. In the afternoon, the rain will be very heavy. And the wind will be strong. It is going to be cold. In the evening, the rain will stop. It will be sunny and warm on the morning of Sunday. And in the afternoon it is going to be very hot. The good weather is coming.

( )1. It will be _____ on the morning of Saturday.

A. rainy B. sunny C. cloudy

( )2. The wind will be _____ on the afternoon of Saturday.

A. small B. strong C. stop

( )3. The rain will stop _____.

A. on Saturday afternoon

B. on Saturday evening

C. on Sunday morning

( )4. What will the weather be like on Sunday afternoon?

A. It will be rainy and cold.

B. It will be sunny and warm.

C. It will be hot.

四、阅读短文，回答下列问题。

Tom wants to go to the park with his friends tomorrow. They want to fly a kite. But it will be rainy tomorrow. So they won't fly a kite tomorrow. They are going to the cinema. They want to see a film. They are going to fly a kite next Sunday. I hope that day will be a sunny day.

1. Will Tom go to the park with his friends tomorrow at last?

_____

2. What will the weather be like tomorrow?

_____

3. Will they fly a kite tomorrow?

_____

4. When are they going to fly a kite?

_____

5. Why are they going to the cinema?

_____

五、请以"English party"为题写一篇小作文。不少于6句话。

English party

Today is Children's Day. It's sunny. We are going to have an English party on the playground.

_____

_____

_____

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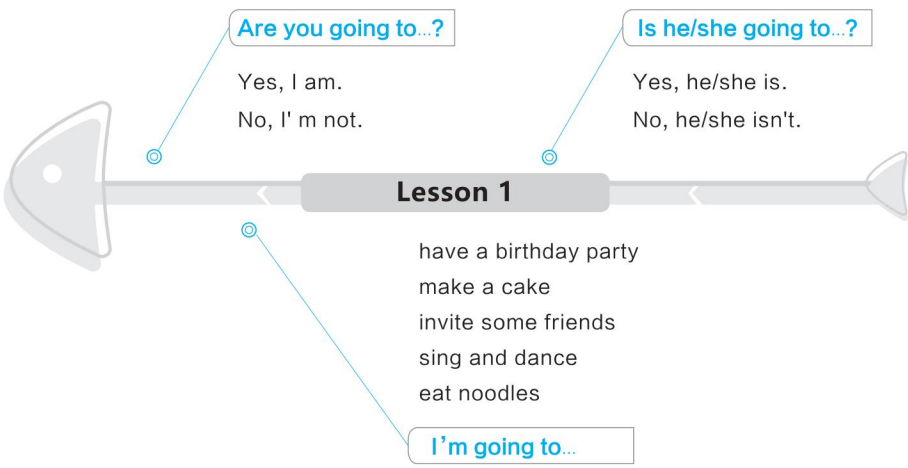
期末复习训练 » Lesson 1 复习训练

课时知识导图



本课时重难点、易错点提醒

1. 一般将来时的一般疑问句问答。—Are you going to...? —Yes, I am./No, I'm not.
2. 用I'm going to...描述自己即将进行的活动或计划。

课时重难点过关检测 ☞(答案见105页)

词汇过关

一、用所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. Could I bring _____(he) to the party?
2. The party will _____(begin) at 4:00.
3. The weather is good. It's _____(sun).
4. My mother and I _____(be) going to buy some things.
5. Are you going to ask Eve _____(come)?

二、单项选择。

( )1. I'm _____ my friends to come to my party.
A. ask B. asking
C. to asking

( )2. _____ the way, how can we get there?
A. On B. At C. By

( )3. He is going to visit his friend _____ Saturday.
A. at B. in C. next

( )4. Lulu is going to help her mum do some _____.
A. wash B. washing
C. washes

( )5. Are you going to take _____ lessons this weekend?
A. swim B. swimming
C. to swim

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句型语法过关

三、看图填空，补全句子。

1. —Are you going to _____ _____ _____?
—Yes, I am.



2. —What are you going to do?
—I'm going to _____ _____.



3. He is going to _____ _____ on his birthday.



4. Please come to my _____ _____ at 6:00 p. m.



四、连词成句。

1. you, to, sing, dance, are, going, and (?)

_____

2. is, birthday, my, today, father's (.)

_____

3. going, buy, eggs, some, to, is, she (.)

_____

4. you, like, would, come, to, party, the, to (?)

_____

综合运用过关

五、为下列问句选择相应的答语。

( )1. What day is it today?

( )2. Would you like to go with me?

( )3. What are the children going to do tomorrow?

( )4. Are you going to make a cake?

( )5. When is your birthday?

A. Sure, I'd love to.
B. They are going to do sports.
C. It's in October.
D. It's Saturday.
E. No, I'm not.

六、阅读短文，判断句子正(T)误(F)。

I am Lily. I am a schoolgirl. I'm going to have a busy weekend. On Saturday morning, I'm going to the park with my sister, Lucy. We're going there by bike. In the afternoon, we're going to visit our grandparents. In the evening, I'm going to read books. On Sunday morning, I'm going to the bookstore. I'm going to buy a dictionary. After lunch, I'm going to dance with Lucy. In the evening, I'm going to do my homework. How busy I am!

( ) 1. Lily is going to the bookstore on Saturday morning.

( ) 2. Lily and Lucy are going to visit their grandparents on Saturday afternoon.

( ) 3. Lily is going to buy a storybook on Sunday morning.

( ) 4. Lily is going to dance with her mother on Sunday afternoon.

( ) 5. Lily is very busy on the weekend.

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Lesson 2 复习训练

课时知识导图



本课时重难点、易错点提醒

1. What引导的一般将来时的特殊疑问句的问答。
   (1) —What are you going to do? —I'm going to...
   (2) —What is he/she going to do? —He/She is going to...
2. 与将来时间相关的时间状语：tomorrow, this evening, next Sunday, after school

课时重难点过关检测 ☞(答案见105页)

词汇过关

一、选出下列每组单词中不同类的一项。

( )1. A. China B. England C. American
( )2. A. son B. sun C. father
( )3. A. next B. usually C. never
( )4. A. Sunday B. today C. Monday
( )5. A. eraser B. crayon C. school

二、用所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. Every Saturday, John _____(go) to Mr Smith's house and _____(talk) with him.
2. I'm going to _____(do) some shopping.
3. What are you going to _____(buy)?
4. How can we _____(get) there?
5. Do you want _____(know) why?

句型语法过关

三、看图填空，补全句子。

1. She is going to buy _____ _____ _____ _____.



2. Tom and Jack are going to _____ _____ after school.



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3. —How can we go there?

—We can go there _____ _____.



4. I am going to _____ _____ _____ at the hotel.



5. She will do his homework on _____.



四、按要求完成下列句子。

1. He is going to play football. (对画线部分提问)

_____ _____ he _____ to do?

2. I'm going to do some shopping. (改为一般疑问句)

_____ _____ _____ _____ do some shopping?

3. I live in a small village. (将 I 改为 Tom 改写)

_____ _____ _____ a small village.

4. are, going, buy, what, to, you (?) (连词成句)

_____

5. is, clean, she, going, after, her, to, school, room (.) (连词成句)

_____

综合运用过关

五、给下列问句选择相应的答语。

(　　)1. Can I go with you?

(　　)2. When are you going?

(　　)3. What are you going to do?

(　　)4. Are you going to see a film?

(　　)5. What is Lingling going to buy?

A. We are going to read some books.

B. She's going to buy some bananas.

C. Sure.

D. Tomorrow morning.

E. Yes, I am.

六、阅读短文，完成表格。

My name is Lanlan. Next weekend, I'm going to visit my friend, Lulu. My mother is going to see a film. My father is going to play table tennis. My brother is going to draw pictures. My sister is going to have a picnic with her classmates. We will have a busy weekend.

Name	Going to do…
Lanlan	
her mother	
her father	
her brother	
her sister	

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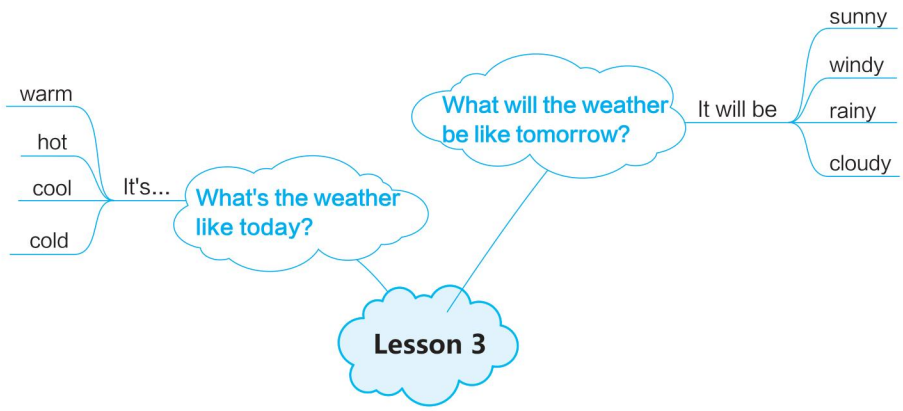
Lesson 3 复习训练

课时知识导图



本课时重难点、易错点提醒

1. 询问与表达将来天气情况的句型。
   —What will the weather be like? —It will be...
2. 与天气相关的形容词：sunny, windy, rainy, cloudy, hot, cold, warm, cool

课时重难点过关检测 ☞(答案见105页)

词汇过关

一、根据句意及首字母提示补全单词，完成句子。

1. It's r_____ outside. Please put on your raincoat.
2. It's w_____ and warm. You can fly your kite.
3. I'm going to s_____ my grandpa this Sunday.
4. In some p_____, there is no snow all the year.
5. You can swim in the sea in s_____.

二、单项选择。

(　　)1. It's summer in China. But it is _____ in Australia now.
A. summer　B. winter　C. spring

(　　)2. I'm going to play football _____ my friends.
A. with　B. and　C. or

(　　)3. _____ it be rainy and cold tomorrow?
A. Is　B. Does　C. Will

(　　)4. I think it'll be sunny, _____.
A. too　B. either　C. also

(　　)5. The rain _____ on trees and on the ground.
A. fall　B. falling　C. falls

句型语法过关

三、判断下列句子与图片是（√）否（×）相符。

(　　)1. It will be windy tomorrow.



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( )2. The weather will be cloudy next Sunday.



( )3. It is raining all around.



( )4. I think it'll be warm tomorrow.



( )5. It will bring heavy rain to some places.



四、按要求完成下列各题

1. What are you going to do tomorrow? (改为同义句)

What _____ you _____ tomorrow?

2. Will you play basketball? (做肯定回答)

Yes, _____ _____.

3. It's cold outside, isn't it? (做肯定回答)

_____.

4. What will the weather be like in Australia? (用 sunny 和 hot 回答)

It _____ be _____ and _____.

5. I'm going to read a book. (对画线部分提问)

_____ are you _____ to do?

综合运用过关

五、选词填空,补全对话。(有一项是多余的)

going will coming take summer weather

A: Hi, Jack! The winter holiday is 1. _____. What are you 2. _____ to do?

B: We're going to Australia.

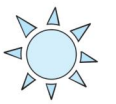
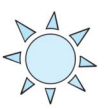
A: What will the 3. _____ be like in Australia?

B: It 4. _____ be hot. It's 5. _____ in Australia.

A: That's great! Have a nice holiday!

B: Thank you.

六、看表格,仿照例句写句子。

	Tomorrow	Next week
Harbin		
Beijing		
Sanya		

例:—What will the weather be like in Harbin tomorrow?

—It will be windy.

—Will it be sunny next week?

—Yes, it will.

1. _____

_____

_____

_____

2. _____

_____

_____

_____

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专项复习 ☞(答案见107页)

听力专项

一、听录音，选出你所听到的单词。 每小题读两遍。

听力专项

( )1. A. birthday B. Wednesday C. today

( )2. A. shop B. shopping C. fishing

( )3. A. warm B. wind C. cold

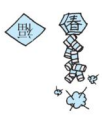
( )4. A. hill B. wet C. air

( )5. A. first B. second C. third

二、听录音，选出与你所听内容相符的图片。 每小题读两遍。

( )1. A.  B. 

( )2. A.  B. 

( )3. A.  B. 

( )4. A.  B. 

( )5. A.  B. 

三、听录音，选出你所听到的句子。 每小题读两遍。

( )1. A. She is going to sing a song.
B. She is going to sing and dance.

( )2. A. It will be cloudy and windy tomorrow.
B. It will be windy and cool tomorrow.

( )3. A. It's summer in China now.
B. It's summer in Australia now.

( )4. A. The lab is on the first floor.
B. The lab is on the fourth floor.

( )5. A. My birthday is on May 20th.
B. My birthday is on March 20th.

四、听录音，给下列图片排序。 每小题读两遍。





( ) ( ) ( )




( ) ( )

五、听录音，选择正确的答语。 每小题读两遍。

( )1. A. He is going to clean his room.
B. He likes playing basketball.
C. He often cleans his room on the weekend.

( )2. A. My classroom is new.
B. There are many desks and chairs in my classroom.
C. My classroom is on the second floor.

( )3. A. It's on June 1st.
B. It's on July 1st.
C. It's on September 10th.

( )4. A. It's snowy and cold.
B. It will be windy and cool.
C. It's winter now.

( )5. A. It was April 5th.
B. It is December 25th.
C. It was Sunday.

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六、听录音，判断句子正（T）误（F）。 每小题读两遍。

(　　)1. Lulu is going to do her homework after school.

(　　)2. Tom's birthday party will begin at 7:00 in the evening.

(　　)3. Qiqi is going to buy a book about science.

(　　)4. It will be rainy and cool tomorrow.

(　　)5. Lucy's birthday is in November.

七、听录音，完成下列各题。 每小题读两遍。

听第一段对话，回答1～3小题。

(　　)1. What is the weather like today?

A. It's sunny and warm.

B. It's windy and cool.

C. It's windy and cold.

(　　)2. What is Kate going to do this Sunday?

A. She is going to the bookstore.

B. She is going to the cinema.

C. She is going to the park.

(　　)3. Is John going to buy any school things this Sunday?

A. Yes, he is.

B. No, he isn't.

C. We don't know.

听第二段对话，回答4～6小题。

(　　)4. When is Mike's birthday?

A. It's on August 7th.

B. It's on August 8th.

C. It's on August 9th.

(　　)5. What's the date today?

A. It's August 8th.

B. It's August 10th.

C. It's August 9th.

(　　)6. What did Mike do yesterday?

A. He had a birthday party.

B. He played football.

C. He ate some noodles.

八、听录音，补全句子。 每小题读两遍。

1. The _____ is good. It's _____.

2. I'm going to buy a _____ _____ _____.

3. Is Class 5 on the _____ _____?

4. My birthday is on _____ 20th.

5. Here is some _____ for you.

九、听录音，将人物与相应的日期连起来。 每小题读两遍。

1. Grandfather　　A. 7月 25

2. Grandmother　　B. 9月 15

3. Father　　C. 3月 12

4. Mother　　D. 9月 5

5. Lingling　　E. 5月 10

十、听录音，判断句子正（T）误（F）。 每小题读两遍。

(　　)1. It's June. The summer vacation is coming.

(　　)2. Eve is going to Beijing this summer vacation.

(　　)3. Eve is going to Beijing by plane.

(　　)4. Eve is going to visit her uncle in Beijing.

(　　)5. Eve is going to stay in Beijing for two months.

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语法专项

一、用所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. How can we _____ (get) there?
2. What kind of _____ (book) will you buy?
3. We must plant more _____ (tree).
4. Would you like to _____ (come)?
5. The reading room is on the _____ (five) floor.
6. You're ten _____ (year) old.
7. She said _____ (slow) with a smile.
8. They dress up like _____ (ghost).
9. We _____ (have) a good time yesterday.
10. Now my family and I are _____ (drive) to our new home.

二、选词填空，补全句子。

does　was　don't　are　doesn't

1. My mother _____ like watching TV at all.
2. _____ John wash his car every day?
3. _____ you going to buy any fruit tomorrow?
4. It _____ Children's Day yesterday.
5. Lucy and Lily _____ like singing.

三、单项选择。

(　　)1. I'm going to visit my grandparents _____.
A. Sundays　　B. next week
C. yesterday

(　　)2. Let's say "Hello" _____ Jack.
A. to　　B. of　　C. on

(　　)3. They knock at the door and _____, "Trick or treat!"
A. cries　　B. crying
C. cry

(　　)4. At last we stopped _____ a tall building.
A. on　　B. in front of
C. of

(　　)5. Then I am _____ than you.
A. oldder　　B. old
C. older

(　　)6. The cars _____ toys.
A. looks like　　B. look like
C. looks

(　　)7. —What will you do when you grow up?
—_____
A. I will be a nurse.
B. He will be a teacher.
C. It will be sunny.

(　　)8. —What class is she in?
—_____
A. It's on the second floor.
B. She's in Grade Five.
C. She's in Class Three.

(　　)9. —Will you buy any pens?
—_____
A. No, I don't.
B. Yes, I am.
C. Yes, I will.

(　　)10. —_____
—Yes, it's difficult.
A. Is it difficult?
B. Is it interesting?
C. Is it easy?

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四、填入适当的介词补全句子。

1. It's _____ the second floor.
2. It will be too hot or too dry _____ other places.
3. The cup is full _____ water.
4. What kind _____ books will you buy?
5. My mother went to the cinema _____ last.

五、按要求完成下列各题。

1. It was June 1st yesterday.(对画线部分提问)
   What _____ the _____ yesterday?
2. It's on the third floor.(改为一般疑问句)
   _____ _____ on the third floor?
3. Will it be sunny tomorrow?(作肯定回答)
   _____, it _____.
4. Would you like to come to the party?(写出同义句)
   _____ you _____ to come to the party?
5. My brother has PE class this afternoon.(改为否定句)
   My brother _____ _____ PE class this afternoon.

六、找出下列句子中错误的一项并改正。

(　　)1. Here's a card on you. _____
A　B　C

(　　)2. When was your birthday? _____
A　B　C

(　　)3. They lives in the same building in Beijing. _____
A　B　C

(　　)4. I'm going to doing some shopping. _____
A　B　C

(　　)5. Will you buys any books? _____
A　B　C

七、根据对话内容,用 be 动词的适当形式填空。

A: What is the date today, Ann?
B: It 1. _____ May 31st.
A: Tomorrow 2. _____ June 1st. It is Children's Day.
B: What 3. _____ you going to do on Children's Day?
A: I 4. _____ going to the park with my friends. How about you?
B: I 5. _____ in the park yesterday. I will go shopping with my friends tomorrow.

八、完形填空。

Tomorrow is Sunday. Wang Jie 1. _____ going to school. He is going to 2. _____ early tomorrow. In the morning, he is going to 3. _____ a science museum(科学博物馆). At 4. _____ 3:30, he is going to do his homework. He's going to cook the meal 5. _____ his father and mother in the evening.

(　　) 1. A. is　B. isn't　C. doesn't
(　　) 2. A. get up　B. go to school　C. have supper
(　　) 3. A. visits　B. watch　C. visit
(　　) 4. A. on　B. in　C. about
(　　) 5. A. for　B. about　C. from

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阅读专项

一、阅读短文，完成下列各题。

I'm going to the nature park with my friends tomorrow. But Tina is sad. Her mother is ill. She will stay at home and take care of her mother. She can't go with us. And we are going to do some things in the park. Amy and Mary are going to draw pictures there. John and Tom are going to fly kites. Sarah will take photos. I'm going to go fishing with Jack. We are going there by bus together. I think we will have a happy day. And I hope Tina can go with us next time.

(1)选出与短文活动相关的图片并在括号里画"√"。

A. 　( )

B. 　( )

C. 　( )

D. 　( )

E. 　( )

F. 　( )

(2)判断句子正(T)误(F)。

( )1. Tina is going to the nature park with her friends.

( )2. Amy and Mary are going to draw pictures tomorrow.

( )3. John is going to take photos with Tom.

( )4. Jack is going to go fishing in the nature park.

( )5. I can't go to the nature park tomorrow.

二、阅读短文，回答问题。

Spring is the best season in a year. The days get longer and the weather gets warmer. Grass and trees turn green. The flowers are beautiful, too. Children like to fly kites.

Summer comes after spring. It's sunny and hot. It is from June to August in China. People like to find a cool place to spend the summer vacation. They can swim in the pool, lake or sea.

Autumn is the harvest(收获) season. It's from September to November. Farmers are very busy in autumn. They are also happy to have a good harvest.

Winter is a very cold season. It's from December to February. The days are short and the nights are long. Sometimes it is snowy. People can play with snow and go skating.

( )1. The days get _____ and the weather gets _____ in spring.
A. shorter; warmer　B. longer; warmer
C. longer; hotter

( )2. Spring is from _____ in China.
A. March to May　B. April to June
C. February to April

( )3. People like swimming in the pool, lake or sea in _____.
A. spring　B. summer　C. winter

( )4. _____ comes after autumn. People can go skating in this season.
A. Spring　B. Summer　C. Winter

( )5. Farmers are very busy from _____.
A. September to November
B. August to September
C. October to November

三、阅读短文，判断句子正(T)误(F)。

Halloween comes every October 31st. Children like this festival very much. Every autumn, when people are ready to harvest the crops, chil-

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dren pick large orange pumpkins. Then they cut faces in the pumpkins and put a burning candle inside. They are called Jack-o'-lanterns.

Children like to paint their faces and they look like monsters(鬼怪) on Halloween. And they also like to dress up like ghosts. They carry boxes and bags from house to house. They knock at the door and say"Trick or treat!"People in the house will open the door and give some candy to them. If people in the house don't give them anything, the children may play tricks on them. They always have a lot of fun on that day.

( )1. Halloween is in autumn.

( )2. Children like to cut faces in the pumpkins and put a burning candle inside on Halloween.

( )3. There are some real ghosts in the evening on Halloween.

( )4. Children may play tricks on people if they get some candy.

( )5. Children like Halloween because they always have a good time on that day.

四、完形填空。

(一)

It was October 2nd yesterday. It was 1. _____ and warm. I 2. _____ very busy that day. I went to Shandong by plane with my family. At first, we 3. _____ my uncle. We bought some presents for him. Then, we 4. _____ to Mount Tai. We climbed the mountain at one o'clock in the 5. _____. We helped each other. An hour later, we had a rest. We 6. _____ some food and drinks. We chatted and walked together. We had a wonderful time that day.

( )1.	A. snowy	B. sunny	C. cold
( )2.	A. was	B. were	C. am
( )3.	A. visit	B. visited	C. visiting
( )4.	A. go	B. will go	C. went
( )5.	A. morning	B. night	C. afternoon
( )6.	A. had	B. have	C. has

(二)

Tom and Fred are students. They are both 1. _____ years old. And they are in the 2. _____ class in their school. One day, they have a fight in class, and their teacher becomes very 3. _____. She says 4. _____ both of the boys,"Stay here 5. _____ school this afternoon, and write your names fifty times."

After the last lesson, all the other students go 6. _____, but Tom and Fred stay in the classroom. They 7. _____ to write their names on the paper and wait for the teacher. When the teacher 8. _____, Fred is crying. The teacher looks 9. _____ him and says,"Why are you crying?"

"Because his name is King Tom, and my name is Frederick Hamilton."Fred says with tears in his eyes."It's too bad that I have a very, very 10. _____ name."

( )1.	A. the twelve	B. twelve	C. twelfth
( )2.	A. different	B. first	C. same
( )3.	A. angry	B. happy	C. sad
( )4.	A. in	B. to	C. on
( )5.	A. before	B. in	C. after
( )6.	A. home	B. fishing	C. hiking
( )7.	A. begins	B. to begin	C. begin
( )8.	A. come	B. coming	C. comes
( )9.	A. at	B. on	C. after
( )10.	A. short	B. long	C. big

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月考卷一：Lessons 1～3 过关检测卷

时间：40 分钟　满分：100 分

题号	听力（30 分）				笔试（70 分）							总分
	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	
得分												

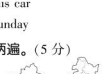
第一部分　听力（30 分）

听力测试

一 听录音，选择所听到的短语。每小题读两遍。（5 分）

（　）1. A. go shopping　　B. buy some fruit　　C. do some shopping
（　）2. A. full of　　B. bring about　　C. fill with
（　）3. A. sunny and warm　　B. hot and sunny　　C. cold and windy
（　）4. A. clean his house　　B. clean her house　　C. wash his car
（　）5. A. this Sunday　　B. next time　　C. next Sunday

二 听录音，判断所听内容与图片是（T）否（F）相符。每小题读两遍。（5 分）

1. （　）
2. （　）
3. （　）
4. （　）
5. （　）

三 听录音，选择正确的答语。每小题读两遍。（10 分）

（　）1. A. I'm going to the library.　　B. I'm going to buy some English books.
　　C. I'm going to read English books.
（　）2. A. Go to the bus stop.　　B. By bus.　　C. Buy some toy buses.
（　）3. A. Yes, I am.　　B. Yes, he is.　　C. Yes, she is.
（　）4. A. It will be cool.　　B. It's in May.　　C. It's Sunday.
（　）5. A. I am having a party.　　B. I'm going to have a party.
　　C. She's going to have a party.

四 听录音，将句子补充完整。每小题读两遍。（10 分）

1. My birthday party will _____ at four o'clock.
2. Every _____ , John goes to Mr Smith's house and talks with him.
3. It will be _____ in Luoyang tomorrow.
4. There is a _____ of China on the wall.
5. What will the _____ be like in Sanya on June 1st?

第二部分　笔试（70 分）

五 选出每组单词中不同类的一项。（5 分）

（　）1. A. today　　B. Monday　　C. Sunday
（　）2. A. clean　　B. buy　　C. film
（　）3. A. sunny　　B. weather　　C. windy
（　）4. A. England　　B. Japan　　C. Chinese
（　）5. A. warm　　B. winter　　C. summer

六 单项选择。（5 分）

（　）1. Are you going to ask Eve _____ ?
　　A. to come　　B. come　　C. comes
（　）2. People often call _____ "Mr Going-to-do".
　　A. he　　B. him　　C. his
（　）3. —Will it be cold tomorrow? — _____.
　　A. Yes, it is　　B. No, it will　　C. Yes, it will
（　）4. I'm going to see a film _____.
　　A. next week　　B. last night　　C. yesterday
（　）5. Our party begins _____ four o'clock.
　　A. on　　B. in　　C. at

七 用所给单词的适当形式填空。（10 分）

1. It will be _____ (rain) tomorrow.
2. He is going to _____ (see) his grandma this weekend.
3. Today is _____ (Tom) birthday.
4. The strong wind will _____ (bring) heavy rain to some places.
5. The winter holiday is _____ (come).

八 看图填空，补全句子。（10 分）



1. — What will Tom do this Sunday?
　— He will _____.



2. — How do you usually go home?
　— I usually go home _____.

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3. — What are you going to buy?
— I'm going to _____ some _____.



4. — What will the weather be like tomorrow?
— It will _____.



5. — What's the time?
— It's 7:30. It's time _____.



九 将下列句子排序，组成一段完整、通顺的对话，第一句话已经给出。（10分）

(　) It will be cloudy and warm.
(1) Hi, John! Where are you going during（在……期间）your winter holiday?
(　) Thank you.
(　) Wow! What will the weather be like there?
(　) That's great! Have a nice day!
(　) We're going to Thailand.

十 阅读理解。（20分）

（建议用时：10分钟）

A

David: What are you going to do this weekend?

John: I'm going to play sports with my classmates on Saturday morning. I'm going to buy some books on Saturday afternoon. On Saturday evening, I'm going to visit my grandparents. I'm going to do my homework on Sunday morning. I'm going to read some books on Sunday afternoon. On Sunday evening, I'm going to watch TV with my parents.

David: Wow! You're very busy.

John: Yes.

根据对话内容，完成调查表。

John's weekend

What to do	When
Play sports	Saturday morning
Buy some books	1. _____
2. _____	Saturday evening
Do homework	3. _____
4. _____	Sunday afternoon
Watch TV	5. _____

B

Today is Sunday. Lily is going to the zoo（动物园）. She puts on her new white dress and yellow hat. She says goodbye to her parents and goes to the bus stop. The bus stop is near her home. She is going to meet her classmates there. The zoo is very far, but the No. 103 bus is going to take them there. The children are going to see many animals at the zoo and they are going to have a good time.

根据短文内容选择正确答案。

(　) 1. What day is it today?
A. It is Saturday.　B. It is Sunday.　C. It is a fine day.

(　) 2. Lily is going to the zoo with her _____.
A. parents　B. brother　C. classmates

(　) 3. Lily wears her _____.
A. white dress and yellow hat　B. yellow dress and white cap
C. white skirt and yellow hat

(　) 4. Lily is going to the zoo _____.
A. by bike　B. by bus　C. by car

(　) 5. Where is the bus stop?
A. It is near Lily's school.　B. It's behind the zoo.
C. It is near Lily's home.

十一 根据下面的表格写一段天气预报。词数：50词左右。（10分）

City	Weather
Beijing	cloudy
Luoyang	sunny, cool
Hong Kong	sunny, windy
New York	rainy

Good morning! Here's the weather report. _____

密　封　线

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参考答案及点拨

六年级 英语 上（KP版）

检测卷部分

月考卷一：Lessons 1～3

过关检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. I'm going to do some shopping after school.
2. In some dry places the rain makes lakes full of water.
3. It will be hot and sunny tomorrow.
4. —What is he going to do this Saturday?
—He is going to clean his house.
5. Lucy will have a birthday party next Sunday.

二、1. —What will the weather be like tomorrow in Beijing?
—It will be sunny and hot.
2. —Are you going to see a film this afternoon?
—No, I'm going to wash my clothes.
3. —What is Lucy going to do after school?
—She is going to do her homework.
4. —Will it be windy tomorrow?
—Yes, it will.
5. —What are you going to buy?
—I'm going to buy a map of China.

三、1. What are you going to do in the library?
2. How do you go to the zoo?
3. Is he going to eat noodles for lunch?
4. What will the weather be like tomorrow?
5. What are you going to do this Saturday?

四、1. My birthday party will begin at four o'clock.
2. Every Saturday, John goes to Mr Smith's house and talks with him.
3. It will be cloudy in Luoyang tomorrow.
4. There is a map of China on the wall.
5. What will the weather be like in Sanya on June 1st?

答案：

一、1. C　2. A　3. B　4. A　5. C

二、1. F　2. F　3. T　4. T　5. T

三、1. C　2. B　3. B　4. A　5. B

四、1. begin　2. Saturday　3. cloudy　4. map　5. weather

五、1. A　**点拨**：Monday 星期一；Sunday 星期日。
2. C　**点拨**：clean 弄干净；buy 买，这两个词都是动词，而 film 是名词。
3. B　**点拨**：sunny 晴朗的；windy 有风的，都是表示天气的词汇。
4. C　**点拨**：England 英国；Japan 日本，都是国家名，Chinese 中国人的，中国人。
5. A　**点拨**：winter 冬天；summer 夏天，都属于季节的范畴。

六、1. A　**点拨**：ask sb. to do sth. 固定搭配，意为邀请某人做某事。
2. B　**点拨**：him 是 he 的宾格形式，动词后的人称代词用宾格。
3. C　**点拨**：考查 will 引导的一般将来时的一般疑问句。
4. A　**点拨**：be going to 引导的一般将来时的句子，表示动作即将发生，要和表示将来的时间连用，next week 下周；last night 昨晚；yesterday 昨天。
5. C　**点拨**：在时间点前面用 at。

七、1. rainy　2. see　3. Tom's　4. bring　5. coming

八、1. play basketball　2. by bike　3. buy；candy
4. be sunny　5. for breakfast /to have breakfast

九、4　1　6　3　5　2

十、A

What to do	When
Play sports	Saturday morning
Buy some books	1. Saturday afternoon
2. Visit grandparents	Saturday evening
Do homework	3. Sunday morning
4. Read some books	Sunday afternoon
Watch TV	5. Sunday evening

B　1. B　2. C　3. A　4. B　5. C

十一、范文：Good morning! Here's the weather report. The weather in Beijing will be cloudy. In Luoyang, it will be sunny. People will feel cool in the daytime. It will be sunny in Hong Kong, and it will be windy in the afternoon. It will be rainy in New York. This is the weather report. Thank you very much.

月考卷二：Lessons 4～5

过关检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. around　2. May　3. air　4. see a film　5. go back

二、1. The children will go up to hills and plant trees.
2. She will take some photos in the park.
3. He will be a driver when he grows up.
4. —Will he play basketball tomorrow?
—Yes, he will.
5. —What will she do this Sunday?
—She will fly a kite.

三、1. What kind of books will you buy?
2. Will you go fishing there?
3. Do you have science class this term?
4. What are you going to do tomorrow?
5. What will Tom do this Sunday?

四、**A**：What are you going to do?
B：I'm going to buy some books in the bookshop.
A：When are you going?
B：This afternoon.
A：What kind of books will you buy?
B：About science.

答案：

一、1. B　2. C　3. A　4. B　5. B

二、2　4　3　1　5

三、1. C　2. C　3. A　4. B　5. C

四、1. What　2. books　3. bookshop　4. afternoon　5. kind

五、1. C　**点拨**：country 和 windy 中画线字母读音为 /ɪ/，而 fly 中画线字母读音为 /aɪ/。
2. A　**点拨**：hill 和 difficult 中画线字母读音为 /ɪ/，而 drive 中画线字母读音为 /aɪ/。
3. A　**点拨**：healthy 和 head 中画线部分读音为 /e/，而 easy 中画线部分读音为 /iː/。
4. B　**点拨**：chair 和 bear 中画线部分读音为 /eə/，而 here 中画线部分读音为 /ɪə/。
5. C　**点拨**：that 和 them 中画线部分读音为 /ð/，而 three 中画线部分读音为 /θ/。

六、1. driver　2. sunny　3. books　4. China　5. cold

七、1. A　**点拨**：will 后跟动词原形。
2. A　**点拨**：此句为现在进行时态，be + V. -ing。
3. B　**点拨**：be bad for…对……有害。
4. B　**点拨**：此处用名词 worker。
5. C　**点拨**：根据 will 可知句子为一般将来时态，故用 tomorrow。
6. C　**点拨**：此句为一般现在时态，主语为 it，所以动词要用第三人称单数形式。
7. C　**点拨**：主语为两个人，故 be 动词用 are。
8. C　**点拨**：根据句意可知，此句为转折，故用 but。
9. B　**点拨**：根据答句得知应用疑问词 what。
10. B　**点拨**：would like to do sth. 想要做某事。

八、C　B　D　E　A

九、1. I'm not　2. kind of　3. comes from　4. Are you
5. No；won't

十、1. like　2. sunny　3. do　4. buy　5. my

十一、1. do my homework　2. ten　3. do some shopping
4. train　5. January 20th

十二、

Peg	I
See a film	Do my homework
Clean my room	Visit my friends
See my grandma	Go to Beijing
Read books	Read books
Do some sports	Take part in an English contest

The winter holiday is coming. I'm going to do my homework first. Then I will visit my friends. We are going to Beijing together. During the holiday, I will read books in the reading room. I am going to take part in an English contest. I will do my best. Come on!

期中检测卷

听力材料：

一、1. My birthday is on January 3rd.
2. I will go to the bookshop to buy some books.
3. In some other places, the weather will be very dry.
4. It will be cloudy and windy in Luoyang tomorrow.
5. His son's name is Tom.

二、1. The strong wind will bring heavy rain to Beijing tomorrow.
2. —Are you going to play football after school?
—Yes, I am.
3. —What day is it today?
—It's Wednesday.
4. I'm going to buy some books about science.
5. Xiao Mei will be a singer when she grows up.

三、1. Is she going to see a film after school?
2. How will you go to the park?
3. What will you do tomorrow?
4. What will the weather be like tomorrow?
5. When will you have your party?

四、1. It's difficult, but it's interesting.
2. There are many birds on the lake.
3. He comes from China. He likes playing football.
4. They will have a good time this Saturday.
5. Could I bring him to the party?

答案：

一、1. B　2. C　3. A　4. B　5. C

二、1. A　2. B　3. A　4. A　5. A

三、1. B　2. C　3. A　4. B　5. A

四、1. difficult　2. lake　3. China　4. Saturday　5. bring

五、1. C　**点拨**：health 和 weather 中画线部分读音为 /e/，please 中画线部分读音为 e/iː/。
2. C　**点拨**：cloudy 和 windy 中的 y 发 /ɪ/，dry 中的 y 发 /aɪ/。
3. B　**点拨**：map 和 bad 中的 a 发 /æ/，place 中的 a 发 /eɪ/。
4. C　**点拨**：China 和 chair 中的字母组合 ch 发 /tʃ/，school 中的 ch 发 /k/。
5. A　**点拨**：play 和 crayon 中的字母组合 ay 发 /eɪ/，says 中的字母组合 ay 发 /e/。

六、1. rainy　2. sun　3. wet　4. countries　5. cutting

七、1. B　**点拨**：bring about 带来。
2. C　**点拨**：第一个空是"正在种树"用现在进行时，be + V. -ing，第二个空是"将要种树"用一般将来时 will + 动词原形。
3. B　**点拨**：全球正在变暖，这是一个现在进行时的句子。
4. C　**点拨**：will 后用动词原形。
5. B　**点拨**：be good for…对……好。

八、1. strong　2. party　3. map　4. weather；sunny
5. crayons

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九、1. Are you going to invite your friends?
2. I will do some shopping in the supermarket.
3. What kind of books will you buy?
4. What are you going to do after school?
5. It will be sunny this Sunday.
十、1. B 2. D 3. A 4. E 5. C
十一、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. C
十二、范文：Tomorrow I'm going to have breakfast at 7:30. I'm going to play football at 10:00 o'clock. I'm going to read books at 11:20. In the afternoon, I will listen to music at 3:20. Then I will watch TV at about 4:00. At last, I will do my homework at 4:30.

月考卷三：Lessons 6 ~ 8

过关检测卷

听力材料：
一、1. floor 2. candy 3. age 4. same 5. kid
6. This doll is for you.
7. He lives on the Fifth Street.
8. I'm younger than you.
9. You have a good rest.
10. I'm going to do some cleaning.
二、1. —When is your birthday, Eve?
—It's on May 20th.
2. —Is your birthday in July, Tom?
—Yes, it's on July 1st.
3. I'm Feifei. My birthday is on August 8th.
4. Qiqi's birthday is on April 9th.
5. —When is Lulu's birthday?
—Her birthday is on June 2nd.
三、1. They are making Jack-o'-lanterns.
2. Happy Mother's Day, Mum! Here are some flowers for you.
3. —What's the date today? —It's April 12th.
4. —When is New Year's Day?
—It's on January 1st.
5. —Where is the teachers' office?
—It's on the fifth floor.
四、1. This toy bear is for you, Amy.
2. Is your birthday in winter or summer?
3. What class is she in?
4. When is Children's Day?
5. Is the lab on the first floor?
答案：
一、1. A 2. B 3. C 4. B 5. A 6. C 7. A 8. C 9. A 10. C
二、B C D E A
三、3 1 5 2 4
四、1. C 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. B
五、1. second 2. October 31st 3. years 4. slowly 5. China
六、1. C 2. D 3. A 4. E 5. B
七、1. C **点拨**：date 问的是日期，因此选 C。
2. C **点拨**：say...to...“问……说……”。
3. C **点拨**：在美国和英国，一些人认为 13 是个不吉利的数字，因此选 C。
4. C **点拨**：run away 逃跑，走掉。
5. B **点拨**：问什么时候用 when，在具体的某一天用 on。
八、1. Where is 2. When is 3. Are you 4. comes from
5. I want to make some cards for my friends.
九、1. C 2. B 3. D 4. E 5. A
十、1. on **点拨**：具体的某一天前用 on。
2. at **点拨**：在时间点前用 at。
3. in **点拨**：in the afternoon 在下午。
4. at 5. on
6. in **点拨**：in the evening 在晚上。
7. on **点拨**：11 月 2 日是具体的某一天，前用 on。
8. On **点拨**：在星期六，具体的某一天前用 on。
9. for 10. by
十一、1. A 2. B 3. C 4. C 5. C

月考卷四：Lessons 9 ~ 10

过关检测卷

听力材料：
一、1. bright 2. candy 3. May 12th
4. We will plant trees tomorrow.
5. —Did you do sports yesterday morning?
—Yes, I did.
二、1. Children's Day is on June 1st.
2. Merry Christmas!
3. They had a sports meeting yesterday.
4. It was May 9th yesterday.
5. January 1st is New Year's Day.
三、1. What's the date today?
2. When is your birthday?
3. Was it Children's Day yesterday?
4. Do you always have lunch at 7:00?
5. Are you good at fishing?
四、1. There are twelve months in a year.
2. From the window, I can see many cars and people.
3. We had a sports meeting yesterday.
4. June 1st is my birthday.
5. Luoyang is a clean and beautiful city.
答案：
一、1. C 2. A 3. A 4. C 5. C
二、5 3 1 4 2
三、1. A 2. C 3. C 4. B 5. B
四、1. months 2. window 3. yesterday 4. June 5. city
五、1. C 2. E 3. A 4. B 5. D
六、1. was 2. have 3. her 4. start 5. street
七、1. C **点拨**：具体的某一天前用 on。
2. C **点拨**：问句中主语为 you，时态为过去时，故 be 动词用 were。答句中主语为 I，故用 wasn't。
3. B **点拨**：9 月 10 日为教师节。
4. A **点拨**：let's 后跟动词原形。
5. C **点拨**：bread 是不可数名词，故 be 动词用 is。
6. B **点拨**：此句为选择疑问句，故用 or。
7. B **点拨**：母亲节在 5 月的第 2 个周日，正确表达为“the second Sunday in May”。
8. A **点拨**：want to do sth. 想要做某事。
9. C **点拨**：此句为反意疑问句，前面肯定，后面否定，故用 isn't it。
10. B **点拨**：此句为一般将来时，主语为 we，故用 are going to。
八、1. date；June 2. When；May
3. had；meeting 4. reading；fifth
5. Class One
九、1. What did 2. will buy 3. Where；your
4. How was 5. wasn't it
十、1. C 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. B
十一、A 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F
B 5. is on June 28th

期末检测卷

听力材料：
一、1. We must plant more trees.
2. It's on the third floor.
3. There is a cake on the table.
4. We stopped in front of a tall building.
5. It'll be sunny this Sunday.
6. I'm going to do some shopping.
7. By the way, where is the music room?
8. Go to the sitting room and find your presents.
9. They dress up like ghosts.
10. We are the same age.
二、1. It will be cold tomorrow.
2. Lucy is going to wash clothes this afternoon.
3. Class One, Grade Six is on the fourth floor.
4. —What was the date yesterday?
—It was August 8th.
5. Halloween is on October 31st.
三、1. Is it on the second floor?
2. She comes out and gives them some candy.
3. They had a good time that night.
4. Could I bring him to the party?
5. Every Saturday, he goes to Mr Smith's house.
四、 Hi, My name is Li Ming. I'm a Chinese boy. My school is very big and beautiful. Now let me introduce my school to you. Look at this building. It's our teaching building. There are many rooms in it. The computer rooms are on the third floor. In front of the building, there is a big playground. We often play games on the playground after class. I like my school.
答案：
一、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. C
6. A 7. B 8. C 9. B 10. A
二、1. A 2. A 3. B 4. A 5. A
三、1. second 2. candy 3. night 4. party 5. Saturday
四、1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T
五、1. C **点拨**：police 和 friend 同属于名词，而 swim 为动词。
2. B **点拨**：windy 和 sunny 同属于描述天气的形容词，football 属于球类名词。
3. A **点拨**：always 和 often 同属于频率副词，island 属于名词。
4. B **点拨**：went 和 wrote 都属于动词过去式，stop 属于动词原形。
5. A **点拨**：May 和 October 同属于月份类名词，fifth 属于序数词。
六、1. had **点拨**：此句为一般过去时，故动词 have 用过去式 had。
2. Children's
3. cried **点拨**：and 前后的动词时态应一致。
4. beautiful 5. like
七、1. A **点拨**：be going to do sth. 打算做某事。
2. C **点拨**：will 后跟动词原形，be bad for 对……有坏处。
3. C **点拨**：由 tomorrow 可知此句为一般将来时，故用 will。
4. A **点拨**：in three months 三个月后。
5. B **点拨**：in Beijing 在北京。
八、1. B cloudy **点拨**：此处应用形容词。
2. B play **点拨**：be going to 后跟动词原形。
3. A is **点拨**：a lake 为单数，故 be 动词用 is。
4. B are **点拨**：the boys 为复数，故 be 动词用 are。
5. B washes **点拨**：主语为第三人称单数，故动词 wash 用单三形式。
九、1. D 2. A 3. C 4. E 5. B
十、1. B 2. A 3. A 4. A 5. B
十一、1. His name is Bill. /Bill.
2. Because he always did things dully.
3. His wife told him to buy an umbrella. /An umbrella.
4. No, he didn't. 5. Yes, he is.

课时部分

Lesson 1 Are you going to have a birthday party?

课时 1 基础巩固练

一、1. C **点拨**：love 和 have 同属于动词。
2. C **点拨**：noodles 和 cakes 同属于名词复数。
3. A **点拨**：pretty 和 clever 同属于形容词。
4. B **点拨**：visit 和 help 同属于动词。
5. B **点拨**：him 和 us 同属于人称代词宾格，而 we 属于主格。
二、1. C **点拨**：be going to 后跟动词原形。
2. B **点拨**：根据句意；我们在我家做游戏。
3. A **点拨**：for 为，给；in 在……里；to 到…… 根据句意应选 A 项。

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4. B　点拨：do some washing 洗衣服。
5. B　点拨：would you like 后跟不定式 to do sth.，故选 B 项。

三、1. do my homework　2. watching TV
3. visit　4. sing；dance
5. birthday party

四、1. D　2. C　3. A　4. E　5. B

五、1. get up　2. nine ten
3. she can　4. go shopping
5. No；isn't

课时 2　综合提升练

一、1. birthday　点拨：day 和 birthday 中 ay 有共同发音 /eɪ/。
2. next　点拨：bed 和 next 中 e 有共同发音 /e/。
3. party　点拨：park 和 party 中 ar 有共同发音 /ɑː/。
4. clean　点拨：meat 和 clean 中 ea 有共同发音 /iː/。
5. take　点拨：make 和 take 中 a 有共同发音 /eɪ/。

二、1. father's　点拨：此处应用所有格形式。
2. begin　点拨：will 后跟动词原形。
3. her　点拨：bring 作为动词，后面跟人称代词的宾格形式。
4. friends　点拨：some 后可跟可数名词复数或不可数名词，friend 为可数名词，应用名词的复数形式。
5. swimming　点拨：此处用到短语 take swimming lessons 上游泳课。

三、1. Are you　2. When；your　3. am；clean my room
4. What；doing　5. is Sunday

四、1. B　2. E　3. A　4. D　5. C

五、Friday　weather　party　begin　shopping　will

六、方法点拨：此题用抓关键信息法解答。做阅读理解的细节选择题时，用抓关键信息法，抓住原句中所提供的关键信息稍作提炼，即可选出答案。如本题中的第 1 小题，可从文章前两句提炼出关键信息：boy 和 thirteen，答案就很明确了。
1. C　点拨：从文中第一句和第二句可知。
2. C　点拨：由文中句子：He is good at maths and music 可知答案。
3. B　点拨：从文中 a lot of friends 得知他有许多朋友，故选 B 项。
4. A　点拨：文中用到 chat with…意为与……聊天，而短语 talk to sb. 意为与……说话，聊天，故选 A 项。
5. B　点拨：从文中最后一句话可知选 B。

小升初预备营

一、1. C　点拨：此处 Look out 意为“小心点”，故选 C 项。
2. C　点拨：原句意为“他们会说一点日语”，故选 C 项。
3. C　点拨：原句中 in thirty minutes 意为“30 分钟后”，故为 6∶30，选 C 项。
4. C　点拨：have a word with sb. 意为“与……说话，交谈”。故选 C 项，talk to sb. “与……谈话”。
5. B　点拨：want 意为“想要”，would like 也意为“想要”，故选 B 项。

二、1. C　2. F　3. G　4. B　5. A

Lesson 1　听说读写训练营

听说专练

听力材料：

一、1. —Are you going to go shopping this Saturday?
—No, I'm going to visit my grandma.
2. Please come to the party at 6∶00 pm.
3. —I'm going to do my homework this evening. What about you, Tom?
—Me too.
4. —Are you going to make a cake after class?
—Yes, I am.
5. —Is Lucy going to have a party this Sunday?
—Yes, she is going to have a birthday party.

二、1. I'm going to have a birthday party next Sunday.
2. The weather is good.
3. The English class will begin at three o'clock.
4. Could I bring him to the party?
5. It's sunny today. Let's go swimming., OK?

三、Amy is going to another city with her family. She is going to have a party at her house. Her friends are going to give some gifts to her. Jack is going to give a hat to her. Sally is going to give Amy a beautiful doll. Jack and Sally are going to sing a song together. Sally is going to dance and Amy is going to play the piano. They will have a good time.

答案：

一、方法点拨：此题用听关键词法解答，要完成此题，需听清楚录音内容与配图是否一致。第 2 小题需确认“时间”是否一致。

1. ×　2. ×　3. √　4. √　5. ×

二、1. party　2. weather　3. begin　4. bring　5. sunny

三、1. √　2. √　3. ×　4. ×　5. √

四、示例：1. Jack and Tom are going to do some shopping tomorrow. They will buy some food and fruit.
2. Tomorrow is Sunday. Anna is going to the cinema with her friends. They are going to see a film together.

读写专练

一、1. Wednesday　2. good/great　3. plan　4. fruits
5. aunt

二、1. Are you going to fly a kite
2. Are you going to play football
3. Does he like eating noodles
4. What are you going to do

三、1. B
2. A　visit　点拨：be going to 后跟动词原形。
3. How beautiful she is!
4. the park；visit her aunt

四、范文：I'm Lucy. It's Sunday tomorrow. First, I'm going to do my homework. Next, I will clean my room. Then, I'm going to visit my grandparents. Finally, I will watch TV for a short time. I will go to bed at 9∶30.

Lesson 2　What are you going to do tomorrow?

课时 1　基础巩固练

一、1. B　2. A　3. A　4. C
5. A　点拨：B 项和 C 项字母 a 的发音为 /eɪ/，A 项发音为 /æ/。

二、1. B　2. D　3. A　4. E　5. C

三、1. is going；play football　2. see a film
3. going to wash　4. do some shopping
5. clean my room

四、1. A　2. B　3. C　4. A

课时 2　综合提升练

一、1. buy　2. son　3. play　4. ball　5. map

二、1. will go　2. waiting　3. These
4. things　5. him

三、1. C　2. B　3. B　4. C　5. B

四、方法点拨：此题用情景推理法解答。先确定整篇对话之间的情景关系，再利用已给顺序推理出一整段对话。
2　4　3　5　1　6　8　7　9

五、A. 1. home　2. driving　3. on　4. cars　5. stars
B. 1. T　2. F　3. F　4. T　5. T

小升初预备营

一、1. ①　A　②　B　2. ①　C　②　B　③　A

二、1. A
2. 示例：Do you know Wangcheng Park? It's very nice.
3. ①largest　②plane　③enjoy

Lesson 2　听说读写训练营

听说专练

听力材料：

一、1. They are going to see a film this evening.
2. —What's Tom going to do tomorrow?
—He's going to play basketball.
3. —Is Lucy going to clean her bike after school?
—No, she's going to wash clothes.
4. Jack is going to swim this Sunday afternoon.
5. —What are they doing now?
—They're making a kite.

二、1. I'm going to do my homework after school.
2. Yes, we are.
3. We are going to the classroom.
4. No, it isn't.
5. It's a ship.

三、1. I'm going to buy a map of Henan.
2. I want to use these crayons.
3. Every Saturday, John goes to the park.
4. Mr Smith often says to his son, “Please be quick.”
5. Do you like to live in China?

答案：

一、1. √　2. ×　3. √　4. √　5. ×

二、方法点拨：此题用问答结合法解答。根据听到的答语，结合实际，做到问句与答语相匹配。
1. B　2. A　3. B　4. B　5. B

三、1. map　2. crayons　3. Saturday　4. son　5. China

四、略

读写专练

一、1. D　2. A　3. E　4. B　5. C

二、1. B　2. C　3. B　4. A　5. A

三、going　swim　hot　good　will

四、1. I will do my homework　2. I'm going to wash clothes
3. I will play football
4. I'm going to plant trees with my friend
5. I will have a picnic

Lesson 3　It will be sunny this Sunday

课时 1　基础巩固练

一、1. sunny　2. cloudy　3. cold　4. cool　5. coming
6. summer

二、1. weather　2. rainy　3. cloudy；windy　4. will　5. see

三、1. B　点拨：此处用到反意疑问句，前半句是肯定，故后半句用否定。
2. A　点拨：be bad for…意为对……有害。
3. C　点拨：此处 be 动词后应用形容词，cloud 和 rain 都为名词，cool 意为“凉爽的”，为形容词。
4. B　点拨：此处句意为“全球正在变暖。”故用现在进行时态。

四、1. What will the weather be like tomorrow
2. She will go to Beijing with me
3. I think it will be hot
4. It will be windy and cool in Beijing
或：It will be cool and windy in Beijing

五、1. C　2. D　3. B　4. E　5. A

六、1. √　2. √　3. ×　4. √　5. ×

课时 2　综合提升练

一、1. ×　点拨：weather 中的字母组合 ea 发 /e/，而 sea 中的组合 ea 发 /iː/。
2. √　点拨：两个词中画线部分发音相同，都发 /aʊ/。
3. √　点拨：way 和 day 中的字母组合 ay 发 /eɪ/。
4. ×　点拨：football 中的字母组合 oo 发 /ʊ/，而 too 中的组合 oo 发 /uː/。
5. ×　点拨：like 中的字母 i 发 /aɪ/，而 with 中的字母 i 发 /ɪ/。

二、1. rain　点拨：will 后跟动词，而 rainy 是形容词。
2. swim　点拨：be going to 后跟动词原形。
3. coming　点拨：此处 be coming 意为“将要来了”。
4. places　点拨：some 后可跟可数名词复数形式。
5. stand　点拨：will 后跟动词原形。

三、1. be；sunny　2. do；film　3. rain　4. strong wind
5. lake

四、1. What will the weather be like tomorrow?

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2. Will it be cold? Yes, it will.
3. What is she going to do this Sunday?
4. I'm going to make a kite.
或:We're going to make a kite.
5. You can swim in the sea.

五、方法点拨:此题用**语境理解法**解答,根据上下文意思选择合适的词填空,如第1小题,要理解 holiday 是"假期"的意思,再根据上下语境判断应填入"summer"。

1. C 2. E 3. A 4. B 5. D

六、1. √ **点拨:**从文中"Autumn begins in September and ends in November."可知。
2. √ **点拨:**从第一句可知。
3. × **点拨:**从文中"So when it is spring in China, it is autumn in Australia."可知。
4. √ **点拨:**从第二段第二句可知。
5. × **点拨:**文中第二段第一句可知"…are nearly the same."。

小升初预备营

一、visit colder need often making

二、A 1. America 2. doesn't 3. bus 4. go/get 5. shows
B 1. √ 2. × 3. × 4. √

Lesson 3 听说读写训练营

听说专练

听力材料:

一、1. —What's the weather like today?
—It's sunny.
2. —Will it be cold tomorrow?
—No, it will be warm.
3. —What will the weather be like tomorrow?
—It will be warm.
4. It will be rainy tomorrow. Please take your umbrella.
5. —Will it be cloudy this Sunday?
—Yes, it will.

二、1. What will the weather be like tomorrow?
2. Are you going to do your homework this evening?
3. Will it be hot this Saturday?
4. Will you go to Hainan this summer holiday?
5. It's nice outside, isn't it?

三、1. It will be cloudy tomorrow.
2. Hainan is a beautiful place.
3. It is windy now.
4. There will be strong wind this afternoon.
5. There is a big lake in my town.

答案:

一、方法点拨:此题用**听关键词法**解答。根据所听句子结合题目中的图片,来判断两者是否一致。

1. √ 2. × 3. √ 4. × 5. √

二、1. B 2. B 3. B 4. A 5. B

三、1. cloudy 2. place 3. windy 4. strong 5. lake

四、1. —Today is June 12th. What's the weather like today in Harbin?
—It's windy.
—What will the weather be like tomorrow in Harbin?
—It will be sunny.
2. —Today is June 12th. What's the weather like today in Beijing?
—It's cloudy.
—What will the weather be like tomorrow in Beijing?
—It will be rainy.
3. —Today is June 12th. What's the weather like today in Sanya?
—It's sunny.
—What will the weather be like tomorrow in Sanya?
—It will be cloudy.

读写专练

一、1. river(名词即可) 2. happy(形容词即可)
3. windy(天气类即可) 4. high(形容词即可)
5. this evening(表将来的时间即可)

二、3 1 5 2 6 4 7 8

三、1. A 2. B 3. B 4. C

四、1. No, he won't. 2. It will be rainy tomorrow.
3. No, they won't.
4. They are going to fly a kite next Sunday.
5. Because it will be rainy tomorrow. They won't fly a kite.

五、范文: **English party**

Today is Children's Day. It's sunny. We are going to have an English party on the playground. Tom is going to sing an English song at the party. Lulu is going to tell an English story to us. What is Mary going to do? She will draw a picture for us. I am going to make a card. I will send it to Miss Li.

Lesson 4 What kind of books will you buy?

课时 1 基础巩固练

一、1. B 2. C 3. B 4. A 5. C

二、方法点拨:此题用**提炼关键词法**和**图文匹配法**解答。做此题时,先要提炼出每小题中的关键词,再去寻找与之相匹配的图片。如第2小题,先提炼出"cook"这个关键词,再选出与之相匹配的"厨师"图片。

1. C 2. A 3. D 4. B 5. E

三、1. B **点拨:**kind of 表示种类,后加名词复数。
2. C **点拨:**any books 一些书;any 常用于一般疑问句中。
3. A **点拨:**根据句意,此处应选 about,关于科学的书。
4. A **点拨:**will 后面跟动词原形,故选 do。
5. B **点拨:**see a film 看电影。

四、1. C 2. D 3. A 4. E 5. B

五、1. √ 2. × 3. √ 4. × 5. √

课时 2 综合提升练

一、1. difficult 2. healthy 3. hills 4. air 5. country

二、1. books 2. go 3. like 4. any 5. cutting

三、1. won't play 2. Do you
3. it isn't 4. What; you
5. Does your father like reading?

四、1. B 2. D 3. F 4. A 5. C

五、1. C 2. D 3. C 4. A 5. A

小升初预备营

一、1. C H J 2. A D 3. B E 4. F G I

二、1. are; going 2. will; basketball 3. writing; letter
4. have; next 5. good at

三、1. A **点拨:**根据句意:白天我们可以看到太阳,可知选 A 项。
2. D **点拨:**此处用到比较级,big→bigger,根据句意:太阳比月亮大得多,应用 big 的比较级 bigger。
3. A **点拨:**此处 gives 用的是第三人称单数,可排除复数的 C 项和 D 项,根据句意可知发出光和热的是 sun 太阳,故选 A 项。
4. C **点拨:**由短语 in fact 得知事实上月亮比星星大,故选 C 项。
5. A **点拨:**根据上下文得知月亮之所以看起来大是因为它离地球更近,故选 A 项。

Lesson 4 听说读写训练营

听说专练

听力材料:

一、1. What are you going to do tomorrow?
2. I'm going to buy some books about science.
3. Do you have English classes this term?
4. What will you do when you grow up?
5. Animals and people can get food from them.

二、1. —Will you take any photos tomorrow?
—Yes, we will.
2. —What will he do when he grows up?
—He will be a doctor.
3. —Will you buy any books about English?
—Yes, I will.
4. —What is Mary doing?
—She's writing a letter.
5. —What will the weather be like tomorrow?
—It will be rainy.

三、1. Will you see a film this Sunday?
2. Are you going to the cinema this afternoon?
3. What will she do when she grows up?
4. What will he do tomorrow?
5. Do you like your Chinese teacher?

答案:

一、1. √ 2. × 3. √ 4. × 5. ×

二、方法点拨:此题用**听关键词法**解答。做此题时,要听清音频中的关键词,如第3幅图,要听清是否有 English book。这样就会迅速找到相应的图片。

5 2 3 1 4

三、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. A

四、1. He will read books this Sunday.
2. Yes, he will.
3. She is going to fly a kite this Sunday.

五、略

读写专练

一、1. speak 2. clever 3. hat 4. fun 5. big

二、5 3 8 2 6 1 7 4

三、1. √ 2. × 3. √ 4. × 5. √

四、teacher; she grows up; teach students; singer; he grows up; sing songs; driver; drive cars

五、1. March 12th 2. July 1st 3. protect
4. make; clean 5. best; plant

Lesson 5 Revision
Lessons 1 ~ 4 阶段过关练

答案:

一、1. party 2. lake 3. weather 4. healthy 5. China

二、1. has **点拨:**此句为一般现在时态,主语为第三人称单数,故动词 have 用第三人称单数形式 has。
2. sunny **点拨:**此处 be 后跟形容词,而非名词。
3. playing **点拨:**like 后跟动词-ing 形式。
4. have **点拨:**will 后跟动词原形。
5. to buy **点拨:**want 后跟 to do sth.。

三、1. will; be rainy 2. grow; nurse
3. clean her room 4. eat noodles

四、1. B **点拨:**ask sb. to do sth. 让(要求)某人去做某事。
2. A **点拨:**by the way 顺便问一下。
3. C **点拨:**由答语 Next Sunday. 可知是对时间提问。
4. B **点拨:**Would you like to…? 答语:Sure, I'd love to. /Sure, I'd like to.。

五、1. am going 2. weather; like 3. will clean
4. Yes, I am 5. What; do

六、1. day 2. do 3. with 4. be 5. do

七、方法点拨:此题用**逻辑推理法**解答。做此题时要学会利用文中已知信息,推导出正确答案。如第5小题,文中用到"fly"这个词,根据词意推断出"by plane"这个答案。第2小题,原文提到 I'm studying in China,抓住 studying in China 这个关键信息,可得知答案为"China"。

1. B 2. A 3. A 4. B 5. A

八、1. to 2. your 3. about 4. teacher 5. loves
6. are 7. teachers 8. big 9. playground 10. play

九、范文:Dear Tom,

I'm happy to see your letter. Tomorrow is Saturday. I will be busy, too. Tomorrow morning, I'm going to have a math class for two hours. I'm not very good at math. In the afternoon, I will go to the supermarket with my mother. We're going to buy some school things. On Sunday, I'm going to visit my grandmother with my parents. We will have lunch with my grandma. In the evening, I am going to clean my room. How busy I am!

Best wishes!

Lucy

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Lesson 6 It's on the fifth floor

课时 1 基础巩固练

一、1. first 2. second 3. third 4. fifth 5. seventh
6. eighth 7. ninth 8. twelfth 9. twenty-first/21st
10. eleventh/11th
二、1. Is 2. Where 3. What 4. in 5. on
三、1. lab; first 2. China 3. Three; Six
4. Do; reading 5. Can; book
四、1. I think she's in the reading room.
2. Where is the lab?
3. Can I read this one?
4. Is it on the third floor?
5. Come and have a look.
五、方法点拨:此题用**抓关键信息**法解答。此题需从文中找寻关键信息,根据句子内容填入所缺词汇。如第 1 小题,文中第一句找到关键信息"seven days"第 1 小题答案就很明了了。
1. seven 2. Sunday 3. do my homework 4. Thursday
5. have fun

课时 2 综合提升练

一、1. where 2. second 3. How 4. Sunday 5. will
二、1. comes 2. fifth 3. reading 4. Six 5. have
三、1. B **点拨**:she 做,her 地,她的,his 他的。
2. C **点拨**:third 第三,在第几层要用序数词。
3. B **点拨**:what 和 how 引导的感叹句,其中 what + 名词,how + 形容词。
4. B **点拨**:built 是动词 build 的过去式,建筑;building 名词,建筑物。
5. C
6. A **点拨**:the same as…和……一样。
7. A
8. B **点拨**:只有 UK 前可用 the,China 和 England 前不加 the。
四、1. Where is 2. I'm from China.
3. Is it on the fourth floor? 4. Yes, she is.
5. I live on the first floor.
五、F—E —G—A—D—B—C
六、1. T 2. F 3. F 4. F 5. F

小升初预备营

一、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. C
二、(一)1. Mike 2. bus 3. first 4. see a film
5. third
(二)1. √ 2. × 3. × 4. × 5. ×

Lesson 6 听说读写训练营

听说专练

听力材料:

一、1. floor 2. same 3. third 4. ground 5. first
二、1. —Where is the art room?
—It's on the second floor.
2. —Where is Class Two, Grade Six?
—It's on the fourth floor.
3. —Where is the lab?
—It's on the third floor.
4. —Where is the teachers' office?
—It's on the first floor.
5. —Where is the reading room?
—It's on the fifth floor.
三、1. Where is Jim?
2. Eve, is the lab on the fifth floor?
3. What class is Jack in?
4. Is Kate in the reading room?
5. Where is the teachers' office?

答案:

一、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. A 5. B
二、方法点拨:此题用**听关键词法**解答,做题时需听清音频中关键词"哪个楼层"和相对应的地点名称,然后将图片与对应的楼层连起来。
1—D 2—E 3—A 4—B 5—C
三、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. C 5. B
四、1. —Where is the shoes shop?
—It's on the first floor.
2. —Where is the women's clothes shop?
—It's on the second floor.
3. —Where is the men's clothes shop?
—It's on the third floor.
4. —Where are the restaurants?
—They are on the fourth floor.
5. —Where is the children's clothes shop?
—It's on the fifth floor.

读写专练

一、1. second 2. reading 3. building 4. teachers' 5. windy
二、1. C 2. A 3. E 4. B 5. D
三、1. C 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. C
四、**范文**:The teachers' office is on the first floor. The labs are on the first floor, too. Class One is on the second floor. The music rooms are on the fourth floor. The art room is on the fourth floor, too. The reading room is on the fifth floor. The computer rooms are on the fifth floor, too.
(任写五句,只要句子符合表格内容即可)

Lesson 7 What's the date today?

课时 1 基础巩固练

一、1. A 2. B 3. C 4. C 5. C
二、1. than 2. on 3. before 4. in 5. for
三、方法点拨:此题采用**图文匹配**法解答,将题与图片结合起来。如第 2 小题和第 4 小题,都考到月份,只要将 May—五月,September—九月结合并匹配就能快速找到答案。
1. C 2. E 3. D 4. A 5. B
四、1. B
2. C **点拨**:bread 为不可数名词,be 动词要用 is。
3. C
4. A **点拨**:or 或者,还是,这句话的意思是问现在是春天还是夏天,因此用 or。
5. B **点拨**:older 是 old 的比较级。
6. B **点拨**:9 月 10 日的正确写法为 September the tenth。
7. A **点拨**:month 的复数后加 s。
五、1. F 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. F

课时 2 综合提升练

一、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. A 5. C
二、1. friends 2. fourteenth 3. years 4. around 5. Jim's
三、1. ten years 2. eat dinner 3. May 5th
4. date; July 2nd 5. months 6. hungry 7. June
8. April
四、1. What's the date today?
2. People don't think 13 is a good number.
3. When is her birthday?
4. She's going to have a baby in three months.
5. We are the same age.
五、1. E 2. D 3. C 4. A 5. B
六、方法点拨:此题用**关键词法**解答。先读懂问题的意思,从文中找到关键词,然后解答问题。如第 2 小题,关键词为"When",从文中找到与之相对应的关键信息为"in June"。
1. He is twenty years old.
2. He would take part in this year's NBA draft in June.
3. He is thin. 4. He comes from Henan.
5. Now he plays for Xinjiang Basketball Team.

小升初预备营

一、1. B **点拨**:date 和 age 中的 a 都发/eɪ/,than 中的 a 发/æ/。
2. B **点拨**:year 和 near 中的 ear 都发/ɪə/,bear 中的 ear 发/eə/。
3. C **点拨**:April 中 i 发/ə/,dinner 中 i 发/ɪ/,kite 中 i 发/aɪ/。
4. C **点拨**:month 中 o 发/ʌ/,old 中 o 发/əʊ/,today 中 o 发/ə/。
5. B **点拨**:bread 中 ea 发/e/,eat 和 meat 中 ea 都发/iː/。
二、1. A **点拨**:make friends with sb. 意为和某人交朋友。
2. C **点拨**:talk 作名词,意为"交谈,谈话"。
3. C 4. A
5. C **点拨**:problem 麻烦,问题,指疑难问题;question 指需要回答的问题;topic 话题。
6. C **点拨**:talk about 谈论。
7. A **点拨**:此处填 women 与前面的 men 相对应。
8. C **点拨**:前后句子是并列关系,此句句首有 never,因此应选择 or。
9. A
10. C **点拨**:as 像……一样。When in Rome, do as the Romans do. 意为"入乡随俗"。

Lesson 7 听说读写训练营

听说专练

听力材料:

一、1. May 2. night 3. date 4. have a good time
5. next year
二、1. When is her birthday?
2. What's the date today?
3. How old is your brother?
4. Is it in August?
5. When is your birthday?
三、1. Lulu's birthday is coming. It's on April 15th.
2. —What's the date today?
—It's September 2nd.
3. —Is it August 8th tomorrow?
—No, it's August 9th tomorrow.
4. —Is it Children's Day today?
—Yes, it is. Today is June 1st.
5. — What are you going to do this Sunday?
—I'm going to have a birthday party.
6. —When is your birthday?
—My birthday is in May.
四、 Today is April 15th. Tom's birthday is next month. He will have a birthday party. He will invite some of his friends for dinner. He is going to do some shopping in the supermarket. He wants to buy a cake and some fruit. They will have a good time.

答案:

一、1. A 2. C 3. C 4. B 5. C
二、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. A 5. B
三、4 1 5 3 6 2
四、1. April 2. month 3. dinner
4. shopping 5. cake
五、1. —When is Eve's birthday?
—It's on May 8th.
2. —When is her father's birthday?
—It's on July 5th.
3. —When is her grandmother's birthday?
—It's on August 10th.
4. —When is her mother's birthday?
—It's on April 21st.
5. —When is her grandfather's birthday?
—It's on May 15th.

读写专练

一、1. March 1st 2. in three years 3. the same age
4. enjoy the nice food 5. some of her friends
二、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. B 6. A 7. C 8. A
三、1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. F
四、1. She lives in China now.
2. Yes, they are.
3. It's November 11th.

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4. Because things are cheaper on November 11th.
5. Real shops usually close at nine o'clock in the evening.

五、范文：Tomorrow is December 1st. It's my birthday. I'm going to have a birthday party tomorrow. I will invite some of my friends to the party. So I'm going to go shopping after class. I will buy a birthday cake and some food. I'd like to buy some juice, too. I think we will have a good time tomorrow.

Lesson 8 Merry Christmas!

课时 1 基础巩固练

一、1. A 点拨：B、C、D 选项均属于基数词，A 选项属于序数词。
2. D 点拨：A、B、C 选项均属于月份词汇，D 选项属于星期词汇。
3. A 点拨：B、C、D 选项均属于食物类词汇，A 选项属于学习用品类词汇。
4. B 点拨：A、C、D 选项均属于星期类词汇，B 选项属于球类词汇。
5. C 点拨：A、B、D 选项均属于动词，C 选项属于介词。

二、1. B 2. B 3. A 4. B

三、1. for 2. January 3. December 4. to 5. October

四、方法点拨：此题用**情境推理法**解答，根据情境选择合适的答案。如第 1 小题，关于教师节的题目，根据事实和情境选择“Happy Teachers' Day”最合适。
1. D 2. E 3. A 4. C 5. B

五、1. A 2. B 3. C 4. B 5. A

课时 2 综合提升练

一、1. say 2. under 3. kids 4. present 5. door

二、1. sitting 点拨：sitting room 固定搭配，意思是客厅，起居室。
2. make
3. are 点拨：you 后用 be 动词 are。
4. cleaning 点拨：此处应用 clean 的名词形式 cleaning。
5. second 点拨：此处应用序数词。

三、1. B 点拨：此处 for 表示理由或原因，意为“因为，由于”。
2. A 点拨：此感叹句中心词是名词 day，故用 what 引导。
3. B 点拨：外来物飞到树上用 in the tree。
4. B 点拨：此句是现在进行时态，用 be + *V.*-ing 形式。
5. C 点拨：具体某一天前用介词 on。

四、1. When is 2. What; do 3. making masks 4. she 改为 her; goes 改为 go 5. How; is

五、1. day 2. When 3. on 4. for 5. in

六、1. A 2. B 3. C 4. C 5. B

小升初预备营

一、1. B 2. C 3. A 4. A 5. B

二、1. F 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T

Lesson 8 听说读写训练营

听说专练

听力材料：

一、1. Merry Christmas!
2. Halloween is on October 31st.
3. This toy dog is for you, Mary.
4. Happy Mother's Day, Mum!
5. The presents are under the tree.

二、1. Here is a card for you.
2. You're a good boy.
3. A man comes out and gives him a box.
4. Thank you for your love.
5. Let's say “Happy New Year” to Mum.

三、1. When is Christmas?
2. When is Halloween?
3. When is Mother's Day?
4. When is New Year's Day?
5. When is Children's Day?

四、Bess: Hello, Eve. This is Bess speaking.
Eve: Hi, Bess.
Bess: It's December 20th. New Year's Day is coming.
Eve: Yes. We will have a party on New Year's Day.
Bess: What are you going to do for the party, Eve?
Eve: I'm going to sing and dance. What about you?
Bess: I will take some photos for you.
Eve: Cool. I think we will have a good time on that day.

答案：
一、1. × 2. √ 3. × 4. √ 5. √
二、1. A 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. B
三、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. C 5. C

四、方法点拨：此题用**听关键词法**解答，要完成此题，必须清楚录音内容所涉及的关键词与所给句子中的关键词是否一致。
1. F 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T

五、 It's October 31st. Tom and his friends are making masks. They are making Jack-o'-lanterns. In the evening they go from door to door. They knock at the door and cry, “Trick or treat!” Tom and his friends all have a good time.

读写专练

一、1. What; tree 2. Mother's; card 3. candy
4. Christmas 5. Children's Day

二、1. tree 2. house 3. presents 4. say 5. dinner

三、1. C—A—D—B 2. October 3. ghosts
4. neighbours 5. 恶作剧

四、 Christmas is on December 25th. It's an important festival in Western countries. There is a Christmas tree in each family. People often exchange presents. Children like the festival because they can get many beautiful presents. On that day, each family has a great dinner. They talk and laugh together. They all have a good time on Christmas Day.

Lesson 9 Were you at school yesterday?

课时 1 基础巩固练

一、1. C 2. A 3. E 4. B 5. D

二、1. on 2. to 3. with 4. after 5. at

三、1. E 2. B 3. C 4. A 5. D

四、1. C 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. B

课时 2 综合提升练

一、1. C 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. A

二、1. ① had ② have; have ③ has
2. ① was ② were ③ is ④ are

三、1. fishing 2. to start 3. meeting 4. driver; drives
5. Did; have

四、1. C 点拨：at school 在学校。
2. B 点拨：How 怎样。
3. A
4. C 点拨：much better 好多了。
5. C 点拨：反意疑问句，前肯定后否定。
6. B

五、1. Women's Day 2. go shopping 3. had a party
4. April 1st 5. second Sunday

六、方法点拨：此题用**情境推理法**解答。做题时需要通读全文，了解对话情境，再选择合适的句子。
1. E 2. C 3. A 4. D 5. B

七、方法点拨：此题用**逻辑推理法**解答。做此阅读理解时要学会从文中给出的已知信息推导出正确答案。如第 1 小题，文中原句为“It was the last day of May yesterday.”根据已知信息推断五月份最后一天为 5 月 31 日，故答案选 C。
1. C 2. B 3. C 4. B 5. B

小升初预备营

1. C 点拨：Chinese 本身是形容词，可以用来修饰名词，Chinese people“中国人”。
2. B 点拨：the Year of Sheep“羊年”，of 表示所属关系。
3. B 点拨：根据文意可知，这里指在过节前，应用 before。
4. C 点拨：be busy doing sth. “忙于做某事”。
5. C 点拨：there be 句型中 be 动词的形式根据 be 后的名词判断，这里的名词是 a big family dinner 是单数，而且是经常存在的状态，故用 is。
6. C 点拨：after dinner“晚饭后”。
7. B 点拨：看电视节目用 watch。
8. B 点拨：具体某一天前用介词 on。
9. B 点拨：“穿”衣服用 wear。
10. C 点拨：get 在这里表示“得到”。

Lesson 9 听说读写训练营

听说专练

听力材料：

一、1. The bus slowed down and stopped.
2. He always works hard.
3. I went fishing with my father yesterday.
4. It was June 1st yesterday.
5. I had to look after my sister.

二、1. When is New Year's Day?
2. —What was the date yesterday?
—It was September 10th. It was Teachers' Day.
3. —Was it Women's Day yesterday?
—Yes, it was.
4. Linda watched TV at home yesterday.
5. My father and I went fishing last weekend.

三、1. How was your weekend?
2. What was the date yesterday?
3. Was it Mother's Day yesterday?
4. When is Children's Day?
5. Is she much better now?

四、1. It was Sunday yesterday. We were not at school.
2. A bus was going down a country road.
3. His father is a driver.
4. I don't know how to spell this word.
5. We are going to have a sports meeting tomorrow.

答案：
一、1. C 2. C 3. A 4. A 5. C
二、1. C 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. B
三、1. B 2. C 3. A 4. A 5. B
四、1. yesterday 2. road 3. driver 4. word
5. sports meeting

五、 I had a busy weekend. On Saturday morning, I did my homework. Then I went fishing with my friends. I read books in the afternoon. On Sunday morning, I visited my grandma. In the afternoon, I helped my mother do some washing. In the evening, I watched TV for a while.

读写专练

一、E—A—C—F—D—B

二、(1)1. studied 2. great 3. swimming 4. boring
5. interesting
(2)1. Linda studied last weekend.
2. Yes, she did.
3. He was at home.
4. He saw an old film.
5. He stayed at home on Saturday.

三、范文：It was Sunday yesterday. It was June 1st. It was Children's Day. Mary and Sam were at school. They had a sports meeting on the playground. In the evening, they went back home and then did their homework.

Lesson 10 Revision

Lessons 6 ~ 9 阶段过关练

答案：

一、方法点拨：此题用**归类记忆法**解答。即通过分析单词的词义或词性分类。如第 1 题的 A、B 都是名词，C 项属于动词，因此答案为 C 项。

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1. C 点拨:date 和 day 同属于名词,make 属于动词。
2. B 点拨:breakfast 和 dinner 同属于用餐类名词,today 属于时间类名词。
3. B 点拨:seven 和 eight 同属于基数词,first 属于序数词。
4. C 点拨:beautiful 和 bright 同属于形容词原形,older 属于形容词的比较级。
5. C 点拨:January 和 April 同属于月份词汇,Saturday 属于星期词汇。

二、1. cards 点拨:some 后面跟可数名词的复数形式。
2. was 点拨:由 yesterday 得知此句动词应用过去式,又因主语是单数,故用 was。
3. taller 点拨:由 than 得知此句为比较级句型,tall 应用比较级形式。
4. drove 点拨:由 last week 得知此句应用过去时态,动词 drive 应用过去式 drove。
5. eighth 点拨:此句应用序数词而非基数词。

三、1. B 点拨:此句为现在进行时态。
2. B 点拨:由 last Saturday 可知此句为过去时态,动词应用过去式。
3. A
4. C 点拨:want to do sth. 想要去做某事。
5. B 点拨:由 yesterday 知道此句为过去时态,be 动词要用过去式。

四、1. after 2. with 3. for 4. at 5. to 6. on 7. in
8. down 9. of 10. by

五、1. C 2. E 3. A 4. B 5. D

六、1. C 点拨:从"Once"可知此句是过去时态,故动词用过去式。
2. B 3. A
4. B 点拨:此处用"for",表示一段时间。
5. A 点拨:根据上下文得知是"又一次"去看医生,故用"again"。
6. C 点拨:How are you? 你好吗?
7. B 点拨:此处用 much 修饰比较级。
8. C 点拨:help 作为动词,后跟人称代词宾格形式,故用 me。
9. A 点拨:根据上下文得知此处意为"早"睡,故用"early"
10. B 点拨:several months 几个月。

七、1. C 2. B 3. C 4. C 5. C

八、范文: **My favourite festival**

My favourite festival is the Spring Festival. It is the most important festival in China. It lasts about 15 days.

In the evening before the Spring Festival, families get together and have a big meal. I like to eat dumplings. I like the festival very much, because I can have delicious food and wear new clothes. I can also get some money from my parents. People put New Year pictures on the wall for good fortune. I visit my friends and relatives. I enjoy the Spring Festival, because during this time I can have a good rest.

期末复习训练部分

Lesson 1 复习训练

课时重难点过关检测

词汇过关

一、1. him 点拨:动词后跟人称代词宾格形式。
2. begin 点拨:will 后跟动词原形。
3. sunny 点拨:此处描述天气情况,应用形容词 sunny。
4. are 点拨:主语为复数,所以 be 动词用 are。
5. to come 点拨:ask sb. to do sth. 让某人去做某事。

二、1. B 2. C 3. C 4. B 5. B

句型语法过关

三、1. make a cake 2. play football 3. eat noodles
4. birthday party

四、1. Are you going to sing and dance?
2. Today is my father's birthday.
3. She is going to buy some eggs.
4. Would you like to come to the party?

综合运用过关

五、1. D 2. A 3. B 4. E 5. C

六、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. T

Lesson 2 复习训练

课时重难点过关检测

词汇过关

一、1. C 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. C

二、1. goes;talks 2. do 3. buy 4. get 5. to know

句型语法过关

三、1. a map of China 2. play football 3. by bike
4. listen to music 5. Saturday

四、1. What is; going 2. Are you going to
3. Tom lives in 4. What are you going to buy?
5. She is going to clean her room after school.

综合运用过关

五、1. C 2. D 3. A 4. E 5. B

六、

Name	Going to do…
Lanlan	visit her friend
her mother	see a film
her father	play table tennis
her brother	draw pictures
her sister	have a picnic

Lesson 3 复习训练

课时重难点过关检测

词汇过关

一、1. rainy/raining 2. windy 3. see 4. places
5. summer

二、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. A 5. C

句型语法过关

三、1. × 2. × 3. × 4. √ 5. √

四、1. will;do 2. I/we will 3. Yes, it is
4. will;sunny;hot 5. What;going

综合运用过关

五、1. coming 2. going 3. weather 4. will 5. summer

六、1. —What will the weather be like in Beijing tomorrow?
—It will be snowy.
—Will it be rainy next week?
—Yes, it will.
2. —What will the weather be like in Sanya tomorrow?
—It will be sunny.
—Will it be cloudy next week?
—Yes, it will.

Lesson 4 复习训练

课时重难点过关检测

词汇过关

一、1. books 2. down 3. difficult 4. about 5. in

二、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. C 5. A

句型语法过关

三、1. do; bookshop 2. science class 3. grow; teacher
4. do; read 5. play basketball

综合运用过关

四、1. C 2. A 3. D 4. E 5. B

五、A—D—F—C—E—B

六、1. T 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. F

Lesson 6 复习训练

课时重难点过关检测

词汇过关

一、1. thirteen; eleven; eight
2. bedroom; classroom; study
3. fifth; twelfth; second

二、1. fifth 2. What 3. lives 4. Do 5. Class

句型语法过关

三、1. third floor 2. Class Three 3. the UK 4. music room
5. first; same

四、1. B;on 2. B;same 3. C;have 4. B;read
5. C;fourth

综合运用过关

五、1. C 2. D 3. A 4. E 5. B

六、1. C 2. B 3. A 4. A 5. C

Lesson 7 复习训练

课时重难点过关检测

词汇过关

一、1. C 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. A

二、1. thirteen 2. dinner 3. night 4. August
5. thirteenth

句型语法过关

三、1. What;date 2. When;your
3. Yes;it is 4. We are the same age.

综合运用过关

四、1. B 2. D 3. A 4. E 5. C

五、1. date 2. April 3. birthday 4. May 5. about
6. age

六、1. C 2. B 3. B 4. A 5. A

Lesson 8 复习训练

课时重难点过关检测

词汇过关

一、1. Christmas; December 25th
2. card 3. presents
4. candy 5. do the cleaning

句型语法过关

二、1. are making 2. sitting 3. second 4. me
5. Children's

三、1. What a beautiful tree!
2. This toy dog is for you.
3. Let's say Happy New Year's Day to them.
4. The kid is making a mask.

四、1. D 2. E 3. A 4. B 5. C

综合运用过关

五、1. October 2. kids 3. make 4. dress 5. from
6. candy

六、1. F 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. T

Lesson 9 复习训练

课时重难点过关检测

词汇过关

一、1. had 2. was 3. said 4. began 5. turned
6. tried 7. could 8. started 9. heard 10. were

二、1. March 8th 2. Children's 3. Teachers' Day
4. did;had

三、1. C 2. C 3. B 4. C 5. A

句型语法过关

四、1. the date 2. How;your 3. Were you
4. Yes;did 5. I had to look after her.

综合运用过关

五、1. C 2. E 3. B 4. A 5. D

六、1. C 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. A

专项复习

听力专项

听力材料

一、1. My birthday is coming.
2. I'm going to do some shopping.
3. I think it will be warm.
4. Trees can make the air clean.
5. The teachers' office is on the second floor.

二、1. I'm going to make a cake.
2. Yesterday was June 7th.
3. Happy New Year's Day, children!
4. Tom is in the reading room.
5. He is going to see a film.

三、1. She is going to sing and dance.
2. It will be cloudy and windy tomorrow.
3. It's summer in China now.
4. The lab is on the fourth floor.
5. My birthday is on May 20th.

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荣德基 主编

典中点

综合应用创新题 典中点

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名师划重点



六年级 英语

上（KP版）

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Lesson 1 Are you going to have a birthday party?

考点直通车


扫码听读

一、我要掌握的词汇

1. party 聚会　2. weather 天气　3. sunny 晴朗的　4. will 将要
5. begin 开始　6. bring 带来　7. do some shopping 买东西

二、我要掌握的句型

1. Are you going to make a cake?
   你准备做一个蛋糕吗?
2. I'm going to have a party at home next Sunday evening.
   下周日晚上我打算在家里举办一个聚会。
3. The party will begin at four o'clock.
   聚会将在四点开始。
4. I'm asking my uncle and aunt to come to the party.
   我正在邀请我叔叔和阿姨来参加聚会。
5. Would you like to come to the party?
   你愿意来参加这个聚会吗?

翻译达人秀


课文朗读

Let's talk

原 文	译 文
(L = Lulu, T = Tom)	(L = 露露, T = 汤姆)
L: What day is it today?	L: 今天星期几?
T: It's Wednesday.	T: 今天星期三。
L: My birthday is coming.	L: 我的生日快到了。
T: When is your birthday?	T: 你的生日是什么时候?
L: Next Sunday.	L: 下个星期日。
T: Are you going to have a birthday party?	T: 你打算举办一次生日聚会吗?
L: Yes, I am. I'm going to have a party at home next Sunday evening. Would you like to come?	L: 是的, 我打算。我准备下周日晚上在家里举办个聚会。你愿意来参加吗?
T: Sure, I'd love to. Are you going to ask Eve to come?	T: 当然愿意, 我很乐意去。你打算让伊芙也来参加吗?
L: Certainly.	L: 当然。

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Read

原 文	译 文
Father's birthday party	爸爸的生日聚会
I'm Mary. Today is my father's birthday. The weather is good. It's sunny. We are going to have a birthday party for him. Now my mother and I are doing some shopping.	我是玛丽。今天是我爸爸的生日。天气很好。阳光充足。我们打算为他举办生日聚会。现在我和我妈妈在买东西。
I'm going to buy some fruit. Mother is going to buy some eggs. She is going to make a birthday cake for my father.	我打算买一些水果。妈妈打算买一些鸡蛋。她打算为我爸爸做一个生日蛋糕。
The party will begin at four o'clock. It's one o'clock now and I'm asking my uncle and aunt to come to the party.	聚会将在四点开始。现在是一点，我正在邀请我叔叔和婶婶来参加聚会。
"Hi, Aunt Lucy! Today is my father's birthday. Would you like to come to his party?"	"嗨，露西婶婶！今天是我爸爸的生日。你愿意来参加他的聚会吗？"
"Oh, I'd love to. Today is also Tim's birthday. Could I bring him to the party?"	"噢，我愿意。今天也是蒂姆的生日。我可以带他去参加聚会吗？"
"Of course, you can. By the way, who is Tim?"	"当然可以。顺便问一下，谁是蒂姆？"
"Ha-ha! Tim is my little dog."	"哈哈！蒂姆是我的小狗。"

考点突破营

1. —Are you going to make a cake? 你准备做一个蛋糕吗？
   —Yes, I am. /No, I'm not. 是的，我准备做。/不，我不准备做。
   解析：此问句是由 be 动词 are 引导的一般将来时的一般疑问句，常用于询问某人是否打算做某事，其句型结构为：Be + 主语 + going to + 动词短语？其答语通常有肯定和否定两种形式。
   例句：—Is she going to sing and dance? 她打算唱歌和跳舞吗？
   —Yes, she is. 是的，她打算。
2. Would you like to come? 你愿意来吗？
   解析：此句常用于邀请某人做某事，它是表示有礼貌地请求、提议或邀请，而不是提出疑问。would like 意为"想要；愿意"。
   例句：Would you like some juice? 你想要一些果汁吗？

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我是小作家

如何写计划类小作文？

一、思维步骤

1. 首先介绍计划。
2. 然后描述在这几天中的主要活动。
3. 最后描述在计划的活动中的心情和感受。
4. 连词成句，连句成篇。

二、精彩词句

1. 开篇句：...is coming. I am going to...
2. 用 first，next，then，finally 来衔接上下句。
3. 结束语：It will be... I will have a great time.

三、经典范文

I'm Dongdong. The National Day is coming. I am going to Sanya with my parents. First, we are going to visit my uncle there. Then we will swim in the sea and eat coconuts. There are many coconut trees. Finally we are going to visit Wuzhi Mountain.

It will be a nice travel! And I will have a great time.

Lesson 2 What are you going to do tomorrow?

考点直通车


扫码听读

一、我要掌握的词汇

1. map 地图　2. China 中国　3. crayon 蜡笔　4. Saturday 星期六
5. son 儿子　6. never 从不　7. another 另一个

二、我要掌握的句型

1. What are you going to do tomorrow?
   明天你打算做什么？
2. I'm going to do some shopping.
   我打算去买东西。
3. What's he going to do?
   他打算做什么？
4. He's going to buy some school things.
   他打算买一些学习用品。

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翻译达人秀

课文朗读

Let's talk

原 文	译 文
(E = Eve, D = Dongdong)	(E = 伊芙，D = 东东)
E: What are you going to do tomorrow?	E: 明天你打算做什么？
D: I'm going to do some shopping.	D: 我打算买东西。
E: What are you going to buy?	E: 你打算买什么？
D: I'm going to buy a map of China.	D: 我打算买一张中国地图。
E: I want to buy some crayons. Can I go with you?	E: 我想要买一些蜡笔。我可以和你一起去吗？
D: Sure!	D: 当然！
E: How can we get there?	E: 我们如何到达那里？
D: By bike, OK?	D: 骑自行车，好吗？
E: OK.	E: 好的。

Read

原 文	译 文
Mr Going-to-do	将要先生
John lives in a village. But people often call him "Mr Going-to-do". Do you want to know why? John always says, "I'm going to do..." But he never does it.	约翰住在一个村庄里。但人们常常叫他"将要先生"。你想知道为什么吗？约翰总是说："我将要做……"但是他从来没有做。
Every Saturday, John goes to Mr Smith's house and talks with him. "I'm going to clean my house tomorrow," he says, or "I'm going to wash my car next week."	每个星期六，约翰去史密斯先生家和他交谈。"我明天将要打扫我的房子，"他说，或者"我下星期要洗我的车。"
Mr Smith usually says, "Are you, John?" John isn't going to clean his house or wash his car. Mr Smith knows that.	史密斯先生通常说："是吗，约翰？"约翰将不会打扫他的房子和洗他的车。史密斯先生知道。
Then he says, "Excuse me, John. I'm going to do some work now." And he goes into his house.	然后他说："对不起，约翰。我现在要做些工作。"然后他就进房子了。

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Mr Smith often says to his son, "If you say you are going to do something, then do it. Don't be another 'Mr Going-to-do'."	史密斯先生经常对他儿子说："如果你说你要做一些事情，那么就去做。不要成为另一个'将要先生'。"

考点突破营

1. —What are you going to do tomorrow?
明天你打算做什么？
—I'm going to do some shopping.
我打算去买东西。

解析：此问句是由 what 引导的特殊疑问句，用于询问某人的计划或打算，其句型结构为：What + be + 主语 + going to + 做某事（do sth）+ 表示将来的时间？其答语的句型结构为：主语 + be going to + 计划或打算做的事.

例句：—What is he going to do this weekend? 这周末他打算做什么？
—He is going to see a film. 他将要去看一场电影。

2. I want to buy some crayons.
我想买一些蜡笔。

解析：此句句型结构为：主语 + want（s）+ to do sth. 用于表达某人想要做某事，want 后一般接动词的不定式形式。

例句：I want to play football. 我想要踢足球。

3. How can we get there? 我们如何到达那里？

解析：此句是由 how 引导的特殊疑问句，用于询问某人用何种方式去某地，其句型结构为：How can + 主语 + get/go + （to）+ 某地？

例句：—How can we get home? 我们怎么回家？
—We can go by bus. 我们可以乘公交车。

Lesson 3 It will be sunny this Sunday

考点直通车

扫码听读

一、我要掌握的词汇

1. cloudy 多云的　2. windy 有风的　3. place 地方　4. strong 强壮的，强烈的
5. rain 雨；下雨　6. lake 湖　7. earth 地球　8. change 改变
9. wind 风　10. dry 干的　11. full 满的
12. bring about 带来，引起　13. be bad for 对……有害　14. full of 充满

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二、我要掌握的句型

1. What will the weather be like tomorrow?
   明天的天气将会怎么样？
2. It'll be sunny.
   天气将是晴朗的。
3. Will it be cold?
   天气会很冷吗？
4. What about you?
   你呢？

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

Let's talk

原 文	译 文
(D = Dongdong, L = Lulu)	(D = 东东，L = 露露)
D: It's nice outside, isn't it?	**D**：外面天气很好，不是吗？
L: Yes, it is.	**L**：是的，天气很好。
D: What will the weather be like tomorrow?	**D**：明天的天气将会怎样？
L: It will be cloudy and windy.	**L**：天气将是多云且有风。
D: Will it be cold?	**D**：天气会很冷吗？
L: Yes, it will. But it'll be sunny this Sunday.	**L**：是的，天气将会很冷。但是这个星期日天气将会晴朗。
D: That's good. I think it'll be warm, too.	**D**：那很好。我想天气也会很暖和。
L: Yes, I think so.	**L**：是的，我认为是这样的。
D: What are you going to do this Sunday?	**D**：这个星期日你打算做什么？
L: I'm going to see my grandpa. And you?	**L**：我打算看望我爷爷。你呢？
D: I'm going to play football.	**D**：我打算踢足球。

Read

原 文	译 文
Changes in the weather The earth is getting warmer. In some places, the water in the sea will be hotter, and this will bring about great changes in the weather.	天气上的变化 地球正变得更温暖。在一些地方，海水会更热，这会带来天气上的巨大变化。

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There will be strong wind, and it will bring heavy rain to some places. And in some other places, the weather will be very dry. That will be bad for the people there.

But it isn't always bad. In some dry places the rain makes lakes full of water. Then birds come back again, and the people are very happy.

将会有强风，强风会给一些地方带来暴雨。在其他一些地方，天气会很干燥。那会对那里的人们有害。

但是这并不都是坏事。在一些干旱的地方，雨水使湖泊充满了水。然后鸟儿又回来了，人们很高兴。

考点突破营

1. —What will the weather be like tomorrow? 明天的天气怎么样？

   —It'll be sunny. 天气将会是晴天。

   解析：此问句是由 what 引导的一般将来时的特殊疑问句，用于询问将来的天气情况，其句型结构为：What will + 主语 + be like + 表示将来的时间？其答语的句型结构为：It + will be + 天气情况.

   例句：—What will the weather be like this Saturday? 周六的天气将会怎么样？

   —It will be rainy. 将会下雨。

2. —Will it be cold? 天气将会很冷吗？

   —Yes, it will. 是的，将会很冷。

   解析：此问句是由 will 引导的一般将来时的一般疑问句，用于询问某物将怎么样，其句型结构为：Will + 主语 + be + 天气情况？其答语有肯定 Yes, it will. 和否定 No, it won't. 两种形式。

   例句：—Will it be warm tomorrow? 明天天气暖和吗？

   —No, it won't. 不，不暖和。

3. What about you? 你呢？

   解析：此句是一个常用句型，表示征求对方的看法或意见，也可表示向某人提出建议或请求。

   例句：What about this bike? 这辆自行车呢？

英美文化角

厄尔尼诺

厄尔尼诺，又称“圣婴现象”。主要指太平洋东部和中部的热带海洋的海水温度异常地持续变暖，使整个世界气候模式发生变化，造成一些地区干旱而另一些地区又降雨量过多。

厄尔尼诺事件导致全球降水量比正常年份明显增多。这导致太平洋中东部及南美太平洋沿岸国家洪涝灾害频繁，同时印度、印度尼西亚、澳大利亚一带则严重干旱，世界多种农作

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物将受影响。

对于中国来说，厄尔尼诺易导致暖冬，南方易出现暴雨洪涝，北方易出现高温干旱，东北易出现冷夏。比起单纯的气温变化，极端天气更容易引发危险。

Lesson 4 What kind of books will you buy?

扫码听读

考点直通车

一、我要掌握的词汇

1. difficult 困难的　2. healthy 健康的　3. bookshop 书店　4. hill 小山　5. air 空气
6. wet 湿的　7. more 较多的；更　8. country 国家　9. cut down 砍倒

二、我要掌握的句型

1. What are you going to do tomorrow?
   明天你打算做什么？
2. What kind of books will you buy?
   你要买什么种类的书？
3. We will have science class next term.
   我们下学期会有科学课。
4. Is it difficult?
   它难吗？
5. What will you do tomorrow?
   明天你将做什么？

翻译达人秀

课文朗读

Let's talk

原 文	译 文
(L = Lulu, H = Henry)	(L = 露露，H = 亨利)
L: What are you going to do tomorrow?	**L**：明天你打算做什么？
H: I'm going to the bookshop.	**H**：我打算去书店。
L: What kind of books will you buy?	**L**：你要买什么种类的书？
H: I'm going to buy some books about science.	**H**：我打算买一些关于科学的书。
L: Science? Do you have science class this term?	**L**：科学？这学期你们有科学课吗？
H: No, we will have it next term. It's new. Is it difficult?	**H**：不，我们下学期会有科学课。它是新的。它难吗？

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课时同步知识梳理

Lesson 1 Are you going to have a birthday party?

一、根据音标或汉语写出单词。

1. /wɪl/ _____ 2. 带来 _____ 3. 天气 _____

4. /ˈsʌnɪ/ _____ 5. 开始 _____ 6. 聚会 _____

二、翻译下列短语。

1. make a cake _____ 2. eat noodles _____

3. sing and dance _____ 4. invite some friends _____

5. 买东西 _____

三、按要求写出下列单词的适当形式。

1. come（-ing 形式）_____ 2. you（形容词性物主代词）_____

3. I would（缩略形式）_____ 4. sunny（名词形式）_____

5. friend（复数形式）_____ 6. swim（-ing 形式）_____

7. Tom（所有格形式）_____ 8. he（宾格形式）_____

9. big（反义词）_____ 10. egg（复数形式）_____

四、翻译下列句子。

1. 今天是我爸爸的生日。

_____

2. 我打算明天去拜访我的朋友们。

_____

3. Would you like to come to my house?

_____

4. I'm asking my uncle and aunt to come to the party.

_____

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Lesson 2 What are you going to do tomorrow?

一、根据音标和汉语写出下列单词。

1. /mæp/_____　2. /ˈtʃaɪnə/_____　3. 蜡笔_____

4. 星期六_____　5. /sʌn/_____　6. /ˈnevə/_____

7. 另一个_____

二、英汉互译。

1. school things _____　2. 一张中国地图_____

3. do some shopping _____　4. 做运动_____

5. see a film _____　6. 今天晚上_____

7. play football _____　8. 下周_____

9. on Saturday _____　10. 听音乐_____

三、按要求写出下列单词的适当形式。

1. Chinese（名词）_____　2. shop（-ing 形式）_____

3. live（第三人称单数形式）_____　4. do（第三人称单数形式）_____

5. sun（同音词）_____

四、翻译下列句子。

1. 我明天打算去购物。

_____

2. 他明天打算去做什么？

_____

3. I want to buy some crayons.

_____

4. Do you want to know why?

_____

5. She isn't going to clean her house tomorrow.

_____

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Lesson 3 It will be sunny this Sunday

一、英汉互译。

1. 带来，引起_____ 2. dry _____ 3. 对……有害_____
4. change _____ 5. 充满_____ 6. earth _____
7. wind _____ 8. full _____ 9. 地方_____
10. 强壮的，强烈的_____

二、按要求写出下列单词的适当形式。

1. cloudy（名词形式）_____ 2. wind（形容词形式）_____
3. inside（反义词）_____ 4. too（同音词）_____
5. see（同音词）_____ 6. come（-ing 形式）_____
7. good（反义词）_____ 8. warm（比较级）_____
9. hot（比较级）_____ 10. hot（反义词）_____

三、翻译下列句子。

1. 明天天气将会怎样？

_____

2. 明天我打算和父母一起去海南。

_____

3. It will be cloudy and windy this Sunday.

_____

4. The winter holiday is coming.

_____

5. What's the weather like today?

_____

6. What are you going to do this Sunday?

_____

7. Have a nice holiday!

_____

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参考答案

课时同步知识梳理

Lesson 1 Are you going to have a birthday party?

一、1. will 2. bring 3. weather 4. sunny
5. begin 6. party

二、1. 做蛋糕 2. 吃面条 3. 唱歌跳舞
4. 邀请一些朋友 5. do some shopping

三、1. coming 2. your 3. I'd 4. sun
5. friends 6. swimming 7. Tom's
8. him 9. small 10. eggs

四、1. Today is my father's birthday.
2. I'm going to visit my friends tomorrow.
3. 你愿意来我家吗?
4. 我正在邀请我叔叔和婶婶来参加聚会。

Lesson 2 What are you going to do tomorrow?

一、1. map 2. China 3. crayon 4. Saturday
5. son 6. never 7. another

二、1. 学习用品 2. a map of China
3. 买东西 4. do sports
5. 看电影 6. this evening
7. 踢足球 8. next week
9. 在周六 10. listen to music

三、1. China 2. shopping 3. lives 4. does
5. son

四、1. I'm going to do some shopping tomorrow.
2. What's he going to do tomorrow?
3. 我想买一些蜡笔。
4. 你想知道为什么吗?
5. 明天她将不会打扫她的房子。

Lesson 3 It will be sunny this Sunday

一、1. bring about 2. 干的 3. be bad for
4. 改变 5. full of 6. 地球
7. 风 8. 满的 9. place 10. strong

二、1. cloud 2. windy 3. outside 4. to/two
5. sea 6. coming 7. bad 8. warmer
9. hotter 10. cold

三、1. What will the weather be like tomorrow?
2. I'm going to go to Hainan with my parents.
3. 这周日天气将是多云且有风。
4. 寒假将要来啦。
5. 今天天气怎么样?
6. 这周日你打算做什么?
7. 假期愉快!

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Lesson 4 What kind of books will you buy?

一、1. difficult　2. healthy　3. bookshop
4. country　5. hill　6. wet　7. more　8. air

二、1. 去书店　2. 有科学课　3. 净化空气
4. 砍树　5. 在其他地方

三、1. wet　2. cutting　3. places　4. changes
5. difficult　6. interesting　7. photos
8. grows　9. more beautiful　10. hot

四、1. must；more　2. will play basketball；his
3. do；grows up　4. too hot；places
5. When；you；China

Lesson 6 It's on the fifth floor

一、1. first　2. same　3. second　4. building
5. fifth　6. floor　7. third　8. ground

二、1. 在二楼　2. the reading room
3. 在同一栋楼里　4. come in　5. 来自
6. on the fifth floor　7. 看一看
8. in her classroom　9. 和……一样
10. teachers' office

三、1. third　2. fifth　3. first　4. second
5. different　6. building　7. 4th　8. 21st

四、1. Where is the reading room?
2. It is on the fifth floor.
3. Is it on the third floor?
4. 多么漂亮的房子啊！
5. 因为英国的“一楼”和美国“二楼”是一样的。

Lesson 7 What's the date today?

一、1. May　2. April　3. night　4. dinner
5. year

二、1. older　2. thirteen　3. there　4. months
5. became

三、1. have a good time　2. 坐在桌子旁
3. for example　4. 三个月后　5. in May
6. 他的一些朋友　7. the same age
8. 数人数　9. older than you
10. 在冰箱里

四、1. What's the date today?
2. When is your birthday?
3. My birthday is on June 2nd.
4. 在五月二十号之前食用。
5. 他们认为13不是一个好数字。
6. 他邀请了他的一些朋友来吃晚餐。

Lesson 8 Merry Christmas!

一、1. kid　2. candy　3. 十二月　4. 圣诞节
5. 十月　6. 礼物　7. 正好，仅仅　8. 笑

二、1. 打扮　2. 挨家挨户　3. 逃跑
4. 做面具　5. 出来

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三、1. kids 2. cries 3. making 4. runs
5. cleaning

四、1. When is Christmas?
2. Let's say Merry Christmas to Dad and Mum.
3. 多么漂亮的树啊!
4. 晚上他们挨家挨户地去。
5. 新年在元月1日。
6. 你好好休息。

Lesson 9 Were you at school yesterday?

一、1. June 2. road 3. yesterday 4. word
5. stop 6. turn 7. hard 8. start

二、1. 向前倾 2. sports meeting
3. look after 4. slow down
5. turn to

三、1. were 2. was 3. had 4. did 5. went
6. stopped 7. tried 8. said 9. heard
10. started

四、1. —What was the date yesterday?
—It was June 1st.
2. 那天是4月1日。一辆公共汽车沿着一条乡村小路在行驶。
3. 今天是9月11日,因此昨天是教师节。
4. —What did you do yesterday?
—We had a sports meeting.
5. —It was Children's Day yesterday, wasn't it?
—Yes, it was.

期末复习知识梳理

Lessons 1 ~4 基础知识回顾复习

一、1. weather 2. windy 3. difficult
4. healthy 5. begin 6. Saturday
7. will 8. place 9. party 10. bring
11. lake 12. China 13. sunny 14. map
15. rain 16. 满的 17. 从不
18. 小山 19. 国家 20. 地球
21. 另一个 22. 较多的;更 23. 湿的
24. 干的 25. strong

二、1. do some shopping 2. bring about
3. be bad for 4. full of 5. cut down
6. see films 7. wash clothes
8. visit friends
9. make a cake/ make cakes
10. clean the room 11. watch TV
12. by the way 13. a map of China
14. next term 15. take photos

三、1. photos 2. interesting 3. difficult
4. dry 5. bad 6. warmer 7. coming
8. sunny 9. goes 10. says

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四、1. 我打算去买些学习用品。

2. 如果你说要去做什么事，就去做。

3. 澳大利亚的天气怎样呢？

4. 我长大想成为一名护士。

5. 树可以净化空气。

6. 天气将会很冷吗？

7. day；today　8. like；birthday

9. will；sunny　10. Will；books

11. have science

12. difficult；interesting

13. am asking；come to the party

14. What kind of books will you buy?

15. What will you do tomorrow?

Lessons 6 ~9 基础知识回顾复习

一、1. floor　2. April　3. dinner　4. candy

5. fifth　6. year　7. kid　8. yesterday

9. window　10. June　11. driver

12. word　13. river　14. second

15. night　16. month　17. star

18. city　19. become　20. third　21. 笑

22. 桥　23. 地面　24. 在周围

25. 愉快的　26. 正好，仅仅　27. 数

28. 十二月　29. 大楼　30. 天空

二、1. for example　2. have a good time

3. dress up　4. at last　5. run away

6. from door to door　7. sports meeting

8. in three months　9. the reading room

10. in the fridge　11. the same as

12. at home　13. be good at　14. 看一看

15. 好多了

三、1. eighth　2. older　3. said　4. began

5. better　6. had　7. making　8. masks

9. present　10. first

四、1. 我住在三层。

2. 教师办公室在哪儿呢？

3. 他们正在做南瓜灯。

4. 昨天你（们）在学校吗？

5. 昨天是几号？

6. 昨天是儿童节，不是吗？

7. 今天我能为你做什么呢？

8. 你周末过得怎么样？

9. make；cards　10. When；birthday

11. same building　12. think；reading

13. in；Grade　14. older than

15. 多么漂亮的楼啊！

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